

[MS-HTML51]:

Microsoft Edge / Internet Explorer HTML5.1 Standards Support Document

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Revision Summary

Date	Revision History	Revision Class	Comments
4/25/2017	1.0	New	Released new document.
10/3/2017	1.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
1/23/2018	1.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.

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1 Introduction

This document describes the level of support provided by Microsoft Edge for the HTML 5.1 W3C Recommendation, [\[W3C-HTML51\]](#), published 1 November 2016.

This specification defines the first minor revision of the fifth major version of the Hypertext Markup Language (HTML), which is the standard markup language of the World Wide Web.

1.1 Glossary

MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT: These terms (in all caps) are used as defined in [\[RFC2119\]](#). All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

1.2 References

Links to a document in the Microsoft Open Specifications library point to the correct section in the most recently published version of the referenced document. However, because individual documents in the library are not updated at the same time, the section numbers in the documents may not match. You can confirm the correct section numbering by checking the [Errata](#).

1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact dochelp@microsoft.com. We will assist you in finding the relevant information.

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt>

[W3C-HTML51] World Wide Web Consortium, "HTML 5.1", W3C Recommendation 1 November 2016, <https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/p/?linkid=835117>

1.2.2 Informative References

None.

1.3 Microsoft Implementations

The following Microsoft web browsers implement some portion of the [\[W3C-HTML51\]](#) specification:

- Microsoft Edge

Each browser version may implement multiple document rendering modes. The modes vary from one to another in support of the standard. The following table lists the document modes supported by each browser version.

Browser Version	Document Modes Supported
Microsoft Edge	EdgeHTML Mode

For each variation presented in this document there is a list of the document modes and browser versions that exhibit the behavior described by the variation. All combinations of modes and versions that are not listed conform to the specification. For example, the following list for a variation indicates that the variation exists in three document modes in all browser versions that support these modes:

Quirks Mode, IE7 Mode, and IE8 Mode (All Versions)

1.4 Standards Support Requirements

To conform to [\[W3C-HTML51\]](#), a user agent must implement all required portions of the specification. Any optional portions that have been implemented must also be implemented as described by the specification. Normative language is usually used to define both required and optional portions. (For more information, see [\[RFC2119\]](#).)

The following table lists the sections of [W3C-HTML51] and whether they are considered normative or informative.

Sections	Normative/Informative
1	Informative
2-11	Normative
12	Informative

1.5 Notation

The following notations are used in this document to differentiate between notes of clarification, variation from the specification, and points of extensibility.

Notation	Explanation
C####	This identifies a clarification of ambiguity in the target specification. This includes imprecise statements, omitted information, discrepancies, and errata. This does not include data formatting clarifications.
V####	This identifies an intended point of variability in the target specification such as the use of MAY, SHOULD, or RECOMMENDED. (See [RFC2119] .) This does not include extensibility points.
E####	Because the use of extensibility points (such as optional implementation-specific data) can impair interoperability, this profile identifies such points in the target specification.

For document mode and browser version notation, see also section [1.3](#).

2 Standards Support Statements

This section contains all variations, clarifications, and extensions for the Microsoft implementation of [\[W3C-HTML51\]](#).

- Section [2.1](#) describes normative variations from the MUST requirements of the specification.
- Section [2.2](#) describes clarifications of the MAY and SHOULD requirements.
- Section [2.3](#) describes extensions to the requirements.
- Section [2.4](#) considers error handling aspects of the implementation.
- Section [2.5](#) considers security aspects of the implementation.

2.1 Normative Variations

The following subsections describe normative variations from the MUST requirements of [\[W3C-HTML51\]](#).

2.1.1 [W3C-HTML51] Section 2.4.1 Common parser idioms

V0001: The white space character definitions do not include all the code points with Unicode property "White_Space"

The specification states:

```
2.4.1 Common parser idioms
...
The White_Space characters are those that have the Unicode property "White_Space" in
the Unicode PropList.txt data file. [UNICODE]
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The white space character definitions do not include all the code points with Unicode property "White_Space" listed in the Unicode PropList.txt file.

2.1.2 [W3C-HTML51] Section 2.4.4.3 Floating-point numbers

V0374: Characters "d" and "D" can be used in place of "e" and "E" in a floating-point number

The specification states:

```
2.4.4.3 Floating-point numbers

A string is a valid floating-point number if it consists of:
1. Optionally, a U+002D HYPHEN-MINUS character (-).
2. One or both of the following, in the given order:
   1. A series of one or more ASCII digits.
   2. Both of the following, in the given order:
      1. A single U+002E FULL STOP character (.).
      2. A series of one or more ASCII digits.
3. Optionally:
   1. Either a U+0065 LATIN SMALL LETTER E character (e) or a U+0045 LATIN
      CAPITAL LETTER E character (E).
   2. Optionally, a U+002D HYPHEN-MINUS character (-) or U+002B PLUS SIGN
      character (+).
```

3. A series of one or more ASCII digits.

EdgeHTML Mode

Characters "d" and "D" can be used in place of "e" and "E" in a floating-point number.

2.1.3 [W3C-HTML51] Section 2.7.2.2 The HTMLFormControlsCollection interface

V0375: The namedItem function does not return a RadioNodeList

The specification states:

2.7.2.2. The HTMLFormControlsCollection interface

The HTMLFormControlsCollection interface is used for collections of listed elements in form elements.

```
interface HTMLFormControlsCollection : HTMLCollection {
  // inherits length and item()
  getter (RadioNodeList or Element)? namedItem(DOMString name); // shadows ...
}
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The namedItem function does not return a RadioNodeList; instead it returns an HTMLCollection.

```
getter (HTMLCollection or Element)? namedItem(DOMString name);
```

V0376: The RadioNodeList interface is not supported

The specification states:

2.7.2.2. The HTMLFormControlsCollection interface

The HTMLFormControlsCollection interface is used for collections of listed elements in form elements.

```
...
interface RadioNodeList : NodeList {
  attribute DOMString value;
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The RadioNodeList interface is not supported.

2.1.4 [W3C-HTML51] Section 2.7.4 The DOMElementMap interface

V0377: The DOMElementMap interface is not supported

The specification states:

2.7.4. The DOMElementMap interface

The `DOMElementMap` interface represents a set of name-element mappings. It exposes these using the scripting language's native mechanisms for property access.

```
...
interface DOMElementMap {
    getter Element (DOMString name);
    setter creator void (DOMString name, Element value);
    deleter void (DOMString name);
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `DOMElementMap` interface is not supported.

2.1.5 [W3C-HTML51] Section 3.1.1 The Document object

V0015: The `readyState` attribute is type `DOMString`, not `DocumentReadyState`.

The specification states:

3.1.1 The Document object

The DOM specification defines a `Document` interface, which this specification extends significantly:

```
...
partial /*sealed*/ interface Document {
    ...
    readonly attribute DocumentReadyState readyState;
    ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `readyState` attribute is type `DOMString`, not `DocumentReadyState`.

```
    readonly attribute DOMString readyState;
```

V0378: The `location` attribute is not nullable

The specification states:

3.1.1. The Document object

The DOM specification defines a `Document` interface, which this specification extends significantly:

```
...
[OverrideBuiltins]
partial /*sealed*/ interface Document {
    // resource metadata management
    [PutForwards=href, Unforgeable] readonly attribute Location? location;
    ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `location` attribute is not nullable.

[PutForwards=href] readonly attribute Location location;

V0379: The location attribute is not unforgeable

The specification states:

3.1.1.1. The Document object

The DOM specification defines a Document interface, which this specification extends significantly:

```
...
[OverrideBuiltins]
partial /*sealed*/ interface Document {
  // resource metadata management
  [PutForwards=href, Unforgeable] readonly attribute Location? location;
  ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The location attribute is not unforgeable.

```
partial interface Document {
  [PutForwards=href] readonly attribute Location location;
  ...
}
```

V0380: The getter function does not return the correct type

The specification states:

3.1.1.1. The Document object

The DOM specification defines a Document interface, which this specification extends significantly:

```
...
[OverrideBuiltins]
partial /*sealed*/ interface Document {
  ...
  // DOM tree accessors
  getter object (DOMString name);
  ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The getter function does not return the correct type.

```
getter (Window or Element or HTMLCollection) (DOMString name);
```

V0381: The body attribute is not nullable

The specification states:

3.1.1. The Document object

The DOM specification defines a Document interface, which this specification extends significantly:

```
...
[OverrideBuiltins]
partial /*sealed*/ interface Document {
    ...
    // DOM tree accessors
    ...
    attribute HTMLElement? body;
    ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `body` attribute is not nullable.

attribute `HTMLElement body`;

V0382: The head attribute is not nullable

The specification states:

3.1.1. The Document object

The DOM specification defines a Document interface, which this specification extends significantly:

```
...
[OverrideBuiltins]
partial /*sealed*/ interface Document {
    ...
    // DOM tree accessors
    ...
    readonly attribute HTMLHeadElement? head;
    ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `head` attribute is not nullable.

readonly attribute `HTMLHeadElement head`;

V0383: The images, embeds, plugins, links, forms, and scripts collections are not defined as [SameObject] attributes

The specification states:

3.1.1. The Document object

The DOM specification defines a Document interface, which this specification extends significantly:

```
...
[OverrideBuiltins]
partial /*sealed*/ interface Document {
    ...
    // DOM tree accessors
```

```

...
[SameObject] readonly attribute HTMLCollection images;
[SameObject] readonly attribute HTMLCollection embeds;
[SameObject] readonly attribute HTMLCollection plugins;
[SameObject] readonly attribute HTMLCollection links;
[SameObject] readonly attribute HTMLCollection forms;
[SameObject] readonly attribute HTMLCollection scripts;
...
};

```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `images`, `embeds`, `plugins`, `links`, `forms`, and `scripts` collections are not defined as [SameObject] attributes.

```

readonly attribute HTMLCollection images;
readonly attribute HTMLCollection embeds;
readonly attribute HTMLCollection plugins;
readonly attribute HTMLCollection links;
readonly attribute HTMLCollection forms;
readonly attribute HTMLCollection scripts;

```

V0384: The `open` function is not defined as two separate methods

The specification states:

3.1.1. The Document object

The DOM specification defines a Document interface, which this specification extends significantly:

```

...
[OverrideBuiltins]
partial /*sealed*/ interface Document {
...
// dynamic markup insertion
Document open(optional DOMString type = "text/html", optional DOMString
replace = "");
WindowProxy open(DOMString url, DOMString name, DOMString features,
optional boolean replace = false);
...
};

```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `open` function is not defined as two separate methods.

```

(Document or Window) open(optional DOMString url = "text/html", optional DOMString name,
optional DOMString features, optional boolean replace);

```

V0385: The `defaultView` attribute is not nullable and is of type Window

The specification states:

3.1.1. The Document object

The DOM specification defines a Document interface, which this specification extends significantly:

```
...
[OverrideBuiltins]
partial /*sealed*/ interface Document {
    ...
    // user interaction
    readonly attribute WindowProxy? defaultView;
    ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The defaultView attribute is not nullable and is of type Window, not WindowProxy.

readonly attribute Window defaultView;

V0386: The activeElement attribute is not nullable

The specification states:

3.1.1. The Document object

The DOM specification defines a Document interface, which this specification extends significantly:

```
...
[OverrideBuiltins]
partial /*sealed*/ interface Document {
    ...
    // user interaction
    ...
    readonly attribute Element? activeElement;
    ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The activeElement attribute is not nullable.

readonly attribute Element activeElement;

2.1.6 [W3C-HTML51] Section 3.1.4 Loading XML documents

V0387: The load function is not supported

The specification states:

3.1.4. Loading XML documents

```
partial interface XMLDocument {
    boolean load(DOMString url);
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `load` function is not supported.

2.1.7 [W3C-HTML51] Section 3.2.2 Elements in the DOM

V0017: The `translate` attribute is not supported

The specification states:

```
3.2.2 Elements in the DOM
...
interface HTMLElement : Element {
    ...
    attribute boolean translate;
    ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `translate` attribute is not supported.

V0018: The `tabindex` attribute is type short, not long

The specification states:

```
3.2.2 Elements in the DOM
...
interface HTMLElement : Element {
    ...
    attribute long tabIndex;
    ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `tabindex` attribute is type short, not long.

2.1.8 [W3C-HTML51] Section 3.2.5.4 The `translate` attribute

V0020: The `translate` attribute is not supported

The specification states:

3.2.5.4 The `translate` attribute

The `translate` attribute is an enumerated attribute that is used to specify whether an element's attribute values and the values of its Text node children are to be translated when the page is localized, or whether to leave them unchanged.

EdgeHTML Mode

The `translate` attribute is not supported.

2.1.9 [W3C-HTML51] Section 3.2.5.6 The dir attribute

V0021: The auto keyword is not supported

The specification states:

3.2.5.6 The dir attribute

The dir attribute specifies the element's text directionality. The attribute is an enumerated attribute with the following keywords and states:

...

The auto keyword, which maps to the auto state

Indicates that the contents of the element are explicitly directionally isolated text, but that the direction is to be determined programmatically using the contents of the element (as described below).

EdgeHTML Mode

The auto keyword is not supported.

2.1.10 [W3C-HTML51] Section 3.2.5.9 Embedding custom non-visible data with the data-* attributes

V0022: A data- attribute that contains an uppercase letter after a dash does not insert a dash before the character

The specification states:

3.2.5.9 Embedding custom non-visible data with the data-* attributes

...

The algorithm for setting names to certain values

...

4. For each uppercase ASCII letter in name, insert a U+002D HYPHEN-MINUS character (-) before the character and replace the character with the same character converted to ASCII lowercase.

EdgeHTML Mode

A data- attribute that contains an uppercase letter after a dash does not insert a dash before the character.

V0023: A SyntaxError is not thrown when setting a data- attribute that contains a dash in the name

The specification states:

3.2.5.9 Embedding custom non-visible data with the data-* attributes

...

The algorithm for setting names to certain values

...

3. If name contains a "-" (U+002D) character followed by a lowercase ASCII letter, throw a SyntaxError exception and abort these steps.

EdgeHTML Mode

A `SyntaxError` is not thrown when setting a `data-` attribute that contains a dash in the name (e.g. `data-to-string`).

2.1.11 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.2.2 The title element

V0024: The directionality set in the title element does not affect the title used in the window tab

The specification states:

```
4.2.2 The title element
...
User agents should use the document's title when referring to the document in their
user interface. When the contents of a title element are used in this way, the
directionality of that title element should be used to set the directionality of the
document's title in the user interface.
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The directionality set in the `title` element does not affect the title used in the window tab.

V0025: The text attribute of the title element does not remove leading and trailing white space from the returned string.

The specification states:

```
4.2.2 The title element
...
The IDL attribute text must return a concatenation of the contents of all the Text
nodes that are children of the title element (ignoring any other nodes such as
comments or elements), in tree order.
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `text` attribute of the `title` element does not remove leading and trailing white space from the returned string.

2.1.12 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.2.4 The link element

V0029: The `sizes` attribute is not supported

The specification states:

```
4.2.4 The link element
...
The sizes attribute is used with the icon link type. ...
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `sizes` attribute is not supported.

V0030: The relList attribute is not supported

The specification states:

```
4.2.4 The link element
...
interface HTMLLinkElement : HTMLElement {
    ...
    ... readonly attribute DOMTokenList relList;
    ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The relList attribute is not supported.

2.1.13 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.2.6 The style element

V0032: No error event is fired on the style element in the case of a Content-Type mismatch

The specification states:

```
4.2.6 The style element
...
Once the attempts to obtain the style sheet's critical subresources, if any, are complete, or, if the style sheet has no critical subresources, once the style sheet has been parsed and processed, the user agent must, if the loads were successful or there were none, queue a task to fire a simple event named load at the style element, or, if one of the style sheet's critical subresources failed to completely load for any reason (e.g. DNS error, HTTP 404 response, a connection being prematurely closed, unsupported Content-Type), queue a task to fire a simple event named error at the style element.
```

EdgeHTML Mode

No error event is fired on the style element in the case of a Content-Type mismatch.

2.1.14 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.3.1 The body element

V0033: The onerror event handler does not replace the generic event handler

The specification states:

```
4.3.1 The body element
...
The onblur, onerror, onfocus, onload, onresize, and onscroll event handlers of the Window object, exposed on the body element, replace the generic event handlers with the same names normally supported by HTML elements.
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The onerror event handler does not replace the generic event handler.

2.1.15 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.3.10.1 Creating an outline

V0037: There is no graphical outline mechanism

The specification states:

```
4.3.10.1 Creating an outline
...
The outline for a sectioning content element or a sectioning root element consists of
a list of one or more potentially nested sections. ...
```

EdgeHTML Mode

There is no graphical outline mechanism.

2.1.16 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.4.5 The ol element

V0038: The reversed attribute is not supported

The specification states:

```
4.4.5 The ol element
...
The reversed attribute is a boolean attribute. If present, it indicates that the list
is a descending list (... , 3, 2, 1). If the attribute is omitted, the list is an
ascending list (1, 2, 3, ...).
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `reversed` attribute is not supported.

2.1.17 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.5.1 The a element

V0040: The `relList` attribute is not supported

The specification states:

```
4.5.1 The a element
...
interface HTMLAnchorElement : HTMLElement {
    ...
    ... readonly attribute DOMTokenList relList;
    ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `relList` attribute is not supported.

V0388: The `HTMLHyperlinkElementUtils` interface is not implemented for the `HTMLAnchorElement` interface

The specification states:

```
4.5.1 The a element
...
HTMLAnchorElement implements HTMLHyperlinkElementUtils;
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `HTMLHyperlinkElementUtils` interface is not implemented for the `HTMLAnchorElement` interface.

However, some `HTMLHyperlinkElementUtils` attributes are implemented on instances of `HTMLAnchorElement`. They are:

```
href
protocol
host
hostname
port
pathname
search
hash
```

These are not implemented:

```
username
password
searchParams
origin
```

2.1.18 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.5.13 The rtc element

V0045: The `rtc` element is not supported

The specification states:

```
... The rtc element
...
The rtc element marks a ruby text container for ruby text components in a ruby
annotation. ...
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `rtc` element is not supported.

2.1.19 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.5.26 The bdi element

V0046: The bdi element is not supported

The specification states:

```
4.5.26 The bdi element
...
The bdi element represents a span of text that is to be isolated from its
surroundings for the purposes of bidirectional text formatting.
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The bdi element is not supported.

2.1.20 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.7.5 The img element

V0048: The first page of a PDF document is not displayed when set in the img element

The specification states:

```
... The img element
...
... User agents must only display the first page of a multipage resource ...
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The first page of a PDF document is not displayed when set in the img element.

2.1.21 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.7.6 The iframe element

V0049: The srcdoc attribute is not supported

The specification states:

```
... The iframe element
...
interface HTMLIFrameElement : HTMLElement {
    ...
    attribute DOMString srcdoc;
    ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The srcdoc attribute is not supported.

2.1.22 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.7.7 The embed element

V0050: The type attribute is not supported

The specification states:

```
... The embed element
...
DOM interface:
  interface HTMLEmbedElement : HTMLElement {
    ...
    attribute DOMString type;
    ...
  };
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `type` attribute is not supported.

2.1.23 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.7.8 The object element

V0051: The `typeMustMatch` attribute is not supported

The specification states:

```
... The object element
...
DOM interface:
  interface HTMLObjectElement : HTMLElement {
    ...
    attribute boolean typeMustMatch;
    ...
  };
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `typeMustMatch` attribute is not supported.

V0052: The `contentWindow` attribute is not supported

The specification states:

```
... The object element
...
DOM interface:
  interface HTMLObjectElement : HTMLElement {
    ...
    readonly attribute WindowProxy? contentWindow;
    ...
  };
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `contentWindow` attribute is not supported.

2.1.24 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.7.12 The source element

V0054: Appending a source element using appendChild does not invoke the resource selection algorithm when the element is appended

The specification states:

```
... The source element
...
...
If a source element is inserted as a child of a media element that has no src
attribute and whose networkState has the value NETWORK_EMPTY, the user agent must
invoke the media element's resource selection algorithm.
```

EdgeHTML Mode

Appending a source element using appendChild does not invoke the resource selection algorithm when the element is appended.

2.1.25 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.7.14 Media elements

V0059: The getStartDate function is not supported

The specification states:

```
... Media elements
...
interface HTMLMediaElement : HTMLElement {
    ...
    // playback state
    ...
    ... getStartDate();
    ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The getStartDate function is not supported.

V0389: The canPlayType function returns a DOMString, not the specified type

The specification states:

```
4.7.14 Media elements
...
interface HTMLMediaElement : HTMLElement {
    ...
    // network state
    ...
    ... canPlayType(DOMString type);
    ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The canPlayType function returns a DOMString, not the specified type.

```
DOMString canPlayType(DOMString type);
```

V0390: The CanPlayTypeResult enum is not supported

The specification states:

```
4.7.14 Media elements
...
enum CanPlayTypeResult { "" /* empty string */, "maybe", "probably" };
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The CanPlayTypeResult enum is not supported.

2.1.26 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.7.14.1 Error codes

V0068: The return value for the code attribute is a short, not an unsigned short

The specification states:

```
... Error codes
...
interface MediaError {
...
    readonly attribute unsigned short code;
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The return value for the code attribute is a short, not an unsigned short.

2.1.27 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.7.14.2 Location of the media resource

V0069: The resource selection algorithm does not set currentSrc to an absolute URL

The specification states:

```
... Location of the media resource
...
The currentSrc IDL attribute is initially the empty string. Its value is changed by
the resource selection algorithm defined below.
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The resource selection algorithm does not set currentSrc to an absolute URL - the file name is missing.

2.1.28 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.7.14.5 Loading the media resource

V0070: The loadstart event is not fired when a source element is added to a video element

The specification states:

```
... Loading the media resource
...
The resource selection algorithm for a media element is as follows. ...
...
8. Queue a task to fire a simple event named loadstart at the media element.
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The loadstart event is not fired when a source element is added to a video element.

V0071: The suspend event is not fired when preload=none

The specification states:

```
... Loading the media resource
...
The resource fetch algorithm for a media element and a given absolute URL or media
provider object is as follows:
...
4. Run the appropriate steps from the following list:
   If mode is remote
     1. Optionally, run the following substeps. ...
       ...
     2. Queue a task to fire a simple event named suspend at the element
       ...
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The suspend event is not fired when preload=none.

V0075: The src attribute incorrectly resolves invalid data: URLs as valid

The specification states:

```
4.7.14.5 Loading the media resource
...
The resource selection algorithm for a media element is as follows. ...
...
9. Run the appropriate steps from the following list:
   ...
   ... If mode is attribute ...
   ...
   3. If absolute URL was obtained successfully, set the currentSrc
      attribute to absolute URL.
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The src attribute incorrectly resolves invalid data: URLs as valid.

2.1.29 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.7.14.6 Offsets into the media resource

V0076: The `currentTime` attribute returns a negative value if `readyState` is `HAVE_NOTHING`

The specification states:

```
... Offsets into the media resource
...
The currentTime attribute must, on getting, return the media element's default
playback start position, unless that is zero, in which case it must return the
element's official playback position. ...
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `currentTime` attribute returns a negative value if `readyState` is `HAVE_NOTHING`.

2.1.30 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.7.14.9 Seeking

V0077: The `currentTime` attribute updates asynchronously

The specification states:

```
... Seeking
...
When the user agent is required to seek to a particular new playback position in the
media resource, optionally with the approximate-for-speed flag set, it means that the
user agent must run the following steps. ...
...
... Set the current playback position to the ... new playback position.
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `currentTime` attribute updates asynchronously.

2.1.31 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.7.14.10.1 AudioTrackList and VideoTrackList objects

V0078: The `AudioTrack` attributes `kind` and `language` are not readonly

The specification states:

```
... AudioTrackList and VideoTrackList objects
...
interface AudioTrack {
    ...
    readonly attribute DOMString kind;
    ...
    readonly attribute DOMString language;
    ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `AudioTrack` attributes `kind` and `language` are not readonly.

V0082: At least one videoTrack in a videoTrackList must be selected

The specification states:

```
... AudioTrackList and VideoTrackList objects
...
A VideoTrackList object represents a dynamic list of zero or more video tracks, of
which zero or one can be selected at a time. ...
```

EdgeHTML Mode

At least one VideoTrack in a VideoTrackList must be selected.

V0083: Media Fragments URI fragment identifiers are not supported

The specification states:

```
... AudioTrackList and VideoTrackList objects
...
... If the media resource is in a format that supports the Media Fragments URI
fragment identifier syntax, the identifier returned for a particular track must be
the same identifier that would enable the track if used as the name of a track in the
track dimension of such a fragment identifier. ...
```

EdgeHTML Mode

Media Fragments URI fragment identifiers are not supported.

V0084: AudioTrack.kind and VideoTrack.kind do not check that the category is appropriate for the media type

The specification states:

```
... AudioTrackList and VideoTrackList objects
...
... Categories must only be returned for AudioTrack objects if they are appropriate
for audio, and must only be returned for VideoTrack objects if they are appropriate
for video.
```

EdgeHTML Mode

AudioTrack.kind and VideoTrack.kind do not check that the category is appropriate for the media type.

V0085: AudioTrack.language and VideoTrack.language return RFC-1766 language tags

The specification states:

```
... AudioTrackList and VideoTrackList objects
...
The AudioTrack.language and VideoTrack.language attributes must return the BCP 47
```

language tag of the language of the track, if it has one, or the empty string otherwise. ...

EdgeHTML Mode

AudioTrack.language and VideoTrack.language return RFC-1766 language tags.

V0086: The resize event does not fire on a resize

The specification states:

```
... AudioTrackList and VideoTrackList objects
...
Whenever a track in a VideoTrackList that was previously not selected is selected ...
the user agent must queue a task to fire a simple event named change at the
VideoTrackList object. This task must be queued before the task that fires the resize
event, if any.
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `resize` event does not fire on a resize.

2.1.32 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.7.14.10.2 Selecting specific audio and video tracks declaratively

V0087: Declarative selection of tracks is not supported

The specification states:

```
... Selecting specific audio and video tracks declaratively

The audioTracks and videoTracks attributes allow scripts to select which track should
play, but it is also possible to select specific tracks declaratively, by specifying
particular tracks in the fragment identifier of the URL of the media resource. The
format of the fragment identifier depends on the MIME type of the media resource.
```

EdgeHTML Mode

Declarative selection of tracks is not supported.

2.1.33 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.7.14.11.1 Text track model

V0089: The change event is not fired when the text track mode changes

The specification states:

```
... Text track model
...
Whenever a text track that is in a media element's list of text tracks has its text
track mode change value, the user agent must run the following steps for the media
element:
```

- ...
- 3. Queue a task that runs the following substeps:
 - ...
 - 2. Fire a simple event named change at the media element's textTracks attribute's TextTrackList object.

EdgeHTML Mode

The change event is not fired when the text track mode changes.

2.1.34 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.7.14.11.2 Sourcing in-band text tracks

V0090: Ogg files are not supported

The specification states:

```
... Sourcing in-band text tracks
...
When a media resource contains data that the user agent recognises and supports as
being equivalent to a text track, the user agent runs the steps to expose a
media-resource-specific text track with the relevant data, as follows.
...
4. If the new text track's kind is metadata, then set the text track in-band
metadata track dispatch type as follows, based on the type of the media
resource:

    If the media resource is an Ogg file

        The text track in-band metadata track dispatch type must be set to
        the value of the Role header field.
```

EdgeHTML Mode

Ogg files are not supported.

V0091: WebM files are not supported

The specification states:

```
... Sourcing in-band text tracks
...
When a media resource contains data that the user agent recognises and supports as
being equivalent to a text track, the user agent runs the steps to expose a
media-resource-specific text track with the relevant data, as follows.
...
4. If the new text track's kind is metadata, then set the text track in-band
metadata track dispatch type as follows, based on the type of the media
resource:
...
    If the media resource is a WebM file

        The text track in-band metadata track dispatch type must be set to the
        value of the CodecID element.
```

EdgeHTML Mode

WebM files are not supported.

V0092: MPEG-4 metadata is not supported

The specification states:

```
... Sourcing in-band text tracks
...
When a media resource contains data that the user agent recognises and supports as
being equivalent to a text track, the user agent runs the steps to expose a
media-resource-specific text track with the relevant data, as follows.
...
4. If the new text track's kind is metadata, then set the text track in-band
metadata track dispatch type as follows, based on the type of the media
resource:
...
If the media resource is an MPEG-4 file

    Let the first stsd box of the first stbl box of the first minf box of the
    first mdia box of the text track's trak box in the first moov box of the
    file be the stsd box, if any. ...
```

EdgeHTML Mode

MPEG-4 metadata is not supported.

V0093: DASH metadata is not supported

The specification states:

```
... Sourcing in-band text tracks
...
When a media resource contains data that the user agent recognises and supports as
being equivalent to a text track, the user agent runs the steps to expose a
media-resource-specific text track with the relevant data, as follows.
...
4. If the new text track's kind is metadata, then set the text track in-band
metadata track dispatch type as follows, based on the type of the media
resource:
...
If the media resource is a DASH media resource

    The text track in-band metadata track dispatch type must be set to the
    concatenation of the "AdaptationSet" element attributes and all child
    Role descriptors.
```

EdgeHTML Mode

DASH metadata is not supported.

V0094: MPEG-2 support is limited to HLS and ID3 timed metadata

The specification states:

```
... Sourcing in-band text tracks
...
```

When a media resource contains data that the user agent recognises and supports as being equivalent to a text track, the user agent runs the steps to expose a media-resource-specific text track with the relevant data, as follows.

- ...
- 4. If the new text track's kind is metadata, then set the text track in-band metadata track dispatch type as follows, based on the type of the media resource:

- ...
- If the media resource is an MPEG-2 file

- Let stream type be the value of the "stream type" field describing the text track's type in the file's program map section, interpreted as an 8-bit unsigned integer. ...

EdgeHTML Mode

MPEG-2 support is limited to HLS only. MPEG-2 metadata support is limited to ID3 timed metadata.

2.1.35 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.7.14.11.3 Sourcing out-of-band text tracks

V0097: The removetrack event does not fire when a text track is removed

The specification states:

... Sourcing out-of-band text tracks

...
When a track element's parent element changes and the old parent was a media element, then the user agent must remove the track element's corresponding text track from the media element's list of text tracks, and then queue a task to fire a trusted event with the name removetrack, that does not bubble and is not cancelable, and that uses the TrackEvent interface, with the track attribute initialized to the text track's TextTrack object, at the media element's textTracks attribute's TextTrackList object.

EdgeHTML Mode

The removetrack event does not fire when a text track is removed.

V0098: Text track selection is based on the default attribute only

The specification states:

... Sourcing out-of-band text tracks

...
When the steps above say to perform automatic text track selection for one or more text track kinds, it means to run the following steps:

- ...
- 4. If the user has expressed an interest in having a track from candidates enabled based on its text track kind, text track language, and text track label, then set its text track mode to showing.
...
Otherwise, if there are any text tracks in candidates that correspond to track elements with a default attribute set whose text track mode is set to disabled, then set the text track mode of the first such track to showing.

EdgeHTML Mode

Text track selection is based on the `default` attribute only.

2.1.36 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.7.14.11.5 Text track API

V0100: The `TextTrackList` interface does not define the `onchange` or `onremovetrack` event handlers

The specification states:

```
... Text track API
...
interface TextTrackList : EventTarget {
    ...
    attribute EventHandler onchange;
    ...
    attribute EventHandler onremovetrack;
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `TextTrackList` interface does not define the `onchange` or `onremovetrack` event handlers.

V0103: The `TextTrackList` interface does not define the `getTrackById` function

The specification states:

```
... Text track API

interface TextTrackList : EventTarget {
    ...
    TextTrack? getTrackById(DOMString id);
    ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `TextTrackList` interface does not define the `getTrackById` function.

V0104: The `TextTrackMode` and `TextTrackKind` enums are not defined

The specification states:

```
... Text track API
...
enum TextTrackMode { "disabled", "hidden", "showing" };
enum TextTrackKind { "subtitles", "captions", "descriptions", "chapters",
"metadata" };
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `TextTrackMode` and `TextTrackKind` enums are not defined.

V0105: The kind attribute returns a DOMString, not a TextTrackKind

The specification states:

```
... Text track API
...
interface TextTrack : EventTarget {
    readonly attribute TextTrackKind kind;
    ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The kind attribute returns a DOMString, not a TextTrackKind.

V0107: The cues and activeCues attributes are not defined as nullable types

The specification states:

```
... Text track API
...
interface TextTrack : EventTarget {
    ...
    readonly attribute TextTrackCueList? cues;
    readonly attribute TextTrackCueList? activeCues;
    ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The cues and activeCues attributes are not defined as nullable types:

```
    readonly attribute TextTrackCueList cues;
    readonly attribute TextTrackCueList activeCues;
```

V0109: The getCueById function does not return a nullable type

The specification states:

```
... Text track API
...
interface TextTrackCueList {
    ...
    TextTrackCue? getCueById(DOMString id);
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The getCueById function does not return a nullable type.

V0110: The track attribute does not return a nullable type

The specification states:

```

... Text track API
...
interface TextTrackCue : EventTarget {
    readonly attribute TextTrack? track;
    ...
};

```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `track` attribute does not return a nullable type:

```

readonly attribute TextTrack track;

```

V0111: The `onaddtrack` event handler is defined as a nullable `EventHandler`

The specification states:

```

... Text track API
interface TextTrackList : EventTarget {
    ...
    attribute EventHandler onaddtrack;
    ...
};

```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `onaddtrack` event handler is defined as a nullable `EventHandler`.

2.1.37 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.7.14.11.6 Text tracks exposing in-band metadata

V0391: No constructor is defined for the `DataCue` interface

The specification states:

```

4.7.14.11.6. Text tracks exposing in-band metadata
...
[Constructor(double startTime, double endTime, ArrayBuffer data)]
interface DataCue : TextTrackCue {
    attribute ArrayBuffer data;
};

```

EdgeHTML Mode

No constructor is defined for the `DataCue` interface.

2.1.38 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.7.14.13 Time ranges

V0114: The `start` and `end` methods throw an invalid argument exception, not an `IndexSizeError` exception

The specification states:

... Time ranges
...
The start(index) method must return the position of the start of the index'th range represented by the object, in seconds measured from the start of the timeline that the object covers.

The end(index) method must return the position of the end of the index'th range represented by the object, in seconds measured from the start of the timeline that the object covers.

These methods must throw `IndexSizeError` exceptions if called with an index argument greater than or equal to the number of ranges represented by the object.

EdgeHTML Mode

If called with an index argument greater than or equal to the number of ranges represented by the object, `start` and `end` throw an `InvalidArgumentError` exception, not an `IndexSizeError` exception.

2.1.39 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.7.15 The map element

V0116: The areas collection is returned as an `HTMLAreasCollection`, not an `HTMLCollection`

The specification states:

```
... The map element
...
interface HTMLMapElement : HTMLElement {
    ...
    ... readonly attribute HTMLCollection areas;
    ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The areas collection is returned as an `HTMLAreasCollection`, **not an** `HTMLCollection`.

V0117: The images collection is not supported

The specification states:

```
... The map element
...
interface HTMLMapElement : HTMLElement {
    ...
    ... readonly attribute HTMLCollection images;
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The images collection is not supported.

2.1.40 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.7.16 The area element

V0118: The relList attribute is not supported

The specification states:

```
... The area element
...
interface HTMLAreaElement : HTMLElement {
    ...
    readonly attribute DOMTokenList relList;
    ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The relList attribute is not supported.

V0120: The hreflang attribute is not supported

The specification states:

```
... The area element
...
interface HTMLAreaElement : HTMLElement {
    ...
    attribute DOMString hreflang;
    ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The hreflang attribute is not supported.

V0121: The type attribute is not supported

The specification states:

```
... The area element
...
interface HTMLAreaElement : HTMLElement {
    ...
    attribute DOMString type;
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The type attribute is not supported.

V0123: The "default" keyword is not supported for the shape attribute

The specification states:

... The area element

...

The shape attribute is an enumerated attribute. The following table lists the keywords defined for this attribute. The states given in the first cell of the rows with keywords give the states to which those keywords map. Some of the keywords are non-conforming, as noted in the last column.

State	Keywords	Notes
Circle state	circle	
	circ	Non-conforming
Default state	default	
Polygon state	poly	
	polygon	Non-conforming
Rectangle state	rect	
	rectangle	Non-conforming

EdgeHTML Mode

The "default" keyword value is not supported for the `shape` attribute.

V0124: If the radius is negative, the absolute value is used.

The specification states:

... The area element

...

In the circle state, area elements must have a `coords` attribute present, with three integers, the last of which must be non-negative. The first integer must be the distance in CSS pixels from the left edge of the image to the center of the circle, the second integer must be the distance in CSS pixels from the top edge of the image to the center of the circle, and the third integer must be the radius of the circle, again in CSS pixels.

EdgeHTML Mode

If the radius is negative, the absolute value is used.

V0125: For the polygon state, fewer than 6 integers can be provided

The specification states:

... The area element

...

In the polygon state, area elements must have a `coords` attribute with at least six integers, and the number of integers must be even. Each pair of integers must represent a coordinate given as the distances from the left and the top of the image in CSS pixels respectively, and all the coordinates together must represent the points of the polygon, in order.

EdgeHTML Mode

For the polygon state, fewer than 6 integers can be provided. If so, the missing integers are taken to be 0.

V0126: For the rectangle state, fewer than four integers can be provided

The specification states:

```
... The area element
...
In the rectangle state, area elements must have a coords attribute with exactly four
integers, the first of which must be less than the third, and the second of which
must be less than the fourth. The four points must represent, respectively, the
distance from the left edge of the image to the left side of the rectangle, the
distance from the top edge to the top side, the distance from the left edge to the
right side, and the distance from the top edge to the bottom side, all in CSS pixels.
```

EdgeHTML Mode

For the rectangle state, fewer than four integers can be provided. If so, the missing integers are taken to be 0.

V0392: The HTMLHyperlinkElementUtils interface is not implemented for the HTMLAreaElement interface

The specification states:

```
4.7.16 The area element
...
interface HTMLAreaElement : HTMLElement {
    ...
};

HTMLAreaElement implements HTMLHyperlinkElementUtils;
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The HTMLHyperlinkElementUtils interface is not implemented for the HTMLAreaElement interface.

However, some HTMLHyperlinkElementUtils attributes are implemented on instances of HTMLAreaElement. They are:

```
href
protocol
host
hostname
port
pathname
search
hash
```

These are not implemented:

```
username
password
```

searchParams

origin

2.1.41 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.7.17.2 Processing model

V0127: If an image does not load, a valid image map will still be applied to the missing image, and not in a way that associates the image with the text

The specification states:

```
... Processing model
...
If the user agent intends to show the text that the img element represents, then it
must use the following steps.
...
3. Each remaining area element in areas represents a hyperlink. Those hyperlinks
should all be made available to the user in a manner associated with the text
of the img.
```

EdgeHTML Mode

If an image does not load, a valid image map will still be applied to the missing image, and not in a way that associates the image with the text.

V0128: The usemap attribute does not do a case-sensitive match for the appropriate image map

The specification states:

```
... Processing model

If an img element ... has a usemap attribute specified, user agents must process it
as follows:
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The usemap attribute does not do a case-sensitive match for the appropriate image map.

2.1.42 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.7.18 MathML

V0129: The math element is not supported

The specification states:

```
... MathML

The math element from the MathML namespace falls into the embedded content, phrasing
content, ... flow content ... categories for the purposes of the content models in
this specification.
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `math` element is not supported.

2.1.43 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.8.3 API for a and area elements

V0393: The `HTMLHyperlinkElementUtils` interface is not supported

The specification states:

4.8.3. API for a and area elements

```
[NoInterfaceObject]
interface HTMLHyperlinkElementUtils {
  stringifier attribute USVString href;
  readonly attribute USVString origin;
  attribute USVString protocol;
  attribute USVString username;
  attribute USVString password;
  attribute USVString host;
  attribute USVString hostname;
  attribute USVString port;
  attribute USVString pathname;
  attribute USVString search;
  attribute USVString hash;
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `HTMLHyperlinkElementUtils` interface is not supported. However many of the members are defined on the `a` and `area` elements.

2.1.44 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.9.5 The tbody element

V0133: The `deleteRow` function does not require the `index` value

The specification states:

```
4.9.5 The tbody element
DOM interface:
  interface HTMLTableSectionElement : HTMLElement {
    ...
    void deleteRow(long index);
  };
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `deleteRow` function does not require the `index` value.

2.1.45 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.9.8 The tr element

V0135: The `deleteCell` method does not require the `index` argument

The specification states:

4.9.8 The tr element

```
...
DOM interface:
  interface HTMLTableRowElement : HTMLElement {
    ...
    void deleteCell(long index);
  };
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `deleteCell` method does not require the `index` argument.

2.1.46 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.9.10 The th element

V0137: The `abbr` attribute is not defined directly on the `HTMLTableHeaderCellElement` interface

The specification states:

4.9.10 The th element

```
...
DOM interface:
  interface HTMLTableHeaderCellElement : HTMLTableCellElement {
    ...
    attribute DOMString abbr;
  };
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `abbr` attribute is not defined directly on the `HTMLTableHeaderCellElement` interface. Instead, it is abstracted to the base class `HTMLTableCellElement`.

2.1.47 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.4 The label element

V0142: The `control` attribute is not supported

The specification states:

4.10.4 The label element

```
...
interface HTMLLabelElement : HTMLElement {
  ...
  readonly attribute HTMLElement? control;
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `control` attribute is not supported.

2.1.48 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.5 The input element

V0144: The value sanitization algorithm is not invoked when the input type attribute changes state

The specification states:

```
4.10.5 The input element
...
When an input element's type attribute changes state, the user agent must run the
following steps:
...
... Invoke the value sanitization algorithm, if one is defined for the type
attribute's new state.
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The value sanitization algorithm is not invoked when the input type attribute changes state (e.g. from hidden to text).

V0145: The selection interface objects are defined, but selection does not occur on any input controls when called from script

The specification states:

```
4.10.5 The input element
...
interface HTMLInputElement : HTMLElement {
...
void select();
attribute unsigned long selectionStart;
attribute unsigned long selectionEnd;
attribute DOMString selectionDirection;
void setRangeText(DOMString replacement);
void setRangeText(DOMString replacement, unsigned long start, unsigned long end,
...
void setSelectionRange(unsigned long start, unsigned long end, optional DOMString
direction);
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The selection interface objects are defined, but selection does not occur on any input controls when called from script.

V0146: The dirName attribute is not supported

The specification states:

```
4.10.5 The input element
...
interface HTMLInputElement : HTMLElement {
...
attribute DOMString dirName;
...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `dirName` attribute is not supported.

V0147: The labels attribute is not supported

The specification states:

```
4.10.5 The input element
...
interface HTMLInputElement : HTMLElement {
    ...
    ... readonly attribute NodeList labels;
    ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The labels attribute is not supported.

V0148: The minLength attribute is not supported

The specification states:

```
4.10.5 The input element
...
interface HTMLInputElement : HTMLElement {
    ...
    attribute long minLength;
    ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The minLength attribute is not supported.

V0149: The setRangeText functions are not supported

The specification states:

```
4.10.5 The input element
...
interface HTMLInputElement : HTMLElement {
    ...
    void setRangeText(DOMString replacement);
    void setRangeText(DOMString replacement, unsigned long start, unsigned long end,
    ...
    ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The setRangeText functions are not supported.

2.1.49 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.5.1.1 Hidden state (type=hidden)

V0150: The files attribute returns undefined, not null

The specification states:

```
4.10.5.1.1 Hidden state (type=hidden)
...
The following IDL attributes and methods do not apply to the element: checked, files,
list, selectionStart, selectionEnd, selectionDirection, valueAsDate, and
valueAsNumber IDL attributes; select(), setRangeText(), setSelectionRange(),
stepDown(), and stepUp() methods.
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The files attribute returns undefined, not null.

2.1.50 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.5.1.4 URL state (type=url)

V0151: Value sanitization does not strip leading and trailing whitespace from a URL

The specification states:

```
4.10.5.1.4 URL state (type=url)
...
The value sanitization algorithm is as follows: Strip line breaks from the value,
then strip leading and trailing whitespace from the value.
```

EdgeHTML Mode

Value sanitization does not strip leading and trailing whitespace from a URL.

2.1.51 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.5.1.12 Number state (type=number)

V0156: White space in floating-point number values is treated as invalid

The specification states:

```
... Number state (type=number)
...
If the element is mutable, the user agent should allow the user to change the number
represented by its value, as obtained from applying the rules for parsing
floating-point number values to it. ...
```

EdgeHTML Mode

White space in floating-point number values is treated as invalid; it should be ignored.

2.1.52 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.5.1.13 Range state (type=range)

V0157: The min and max attributes allow invalid values to be specified (e.g. "AA")

The specification states:

```
... Range state (type=range)
...
The min attribute, if specified, must have a value that is a valid floating-point
number. The default minimum is 0. The max attribute, if specified, must have a value
that is a valid floating-point number. The default maximum is 100.
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `min` and `max` attributes allow invalid values to be specified (e.g. "AA").

V0158: The default value for the `min` and `max` attributes is the empty string ("").

The specification states:

```
... Range state (type=range)
...
The min attribute, if specified, must have a value that is a valid floating-point
number. The default minimum is 0. The max attribute, if specified, must have a value
that is a valid floating-point number. The default maximum is 100.
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The default value for the `min` and `max` attributes is the empty string ("").

V0159: The default step is incorrect if a non-integer value is specified for the `min` attribute

The specification states:

```
... Range state (type=range)
...
The step scale factor is 1. The default step is 1 (allowing only integers, unless the
min attribute has a non-integer value).
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The default step is incorrect if a non-integer value is specified for the `min` attribute.

2.1.53 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.5.1.15 Checkbox state (type=checkbox)

V0161: The `oninput` event does not fire when the state of the checkbox is changed or when the `click` function is called

The specification states:

```
... Checkbox state (type=checkbox)
...
Bookkeeping details
...
  ■ The input and change events apply.
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `oninput` event does not fire when the state of the checkbox is changed or when the `click` function is called.

V0162: The checked state does not change when the check function is called

The specification states:

```
... Checkbox state (type=checkbox)
...
If the element is mutable, then: The pre-click activation steps consist of setting
the element's checkedness to its opposite value (i.e. true if it is false, false if
it is true), and of setting the element's indeterminate IDL attribute to false. The
canceled activation steps consist of setting the checkedness and the element's
indeterminate IDL attribute back to the values they had before the pre-click
activation steps were run. The activation behavior is to fire a simple event that
bubbles named input at the element and then fire a simple event that bubbles named
change at the element.
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The checked state does not change when the `check` function is called.

2.1.54 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.5.1.16 Radio Button state (type=radio)

V0164: The `oninput` event does not fire if the state of the radio option is changed or the `click` function is called

The specification states:

```
... Radio Button state (type=radio)
...
Bookkeeping details
...
• The input and change events apply.
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `oninput` event does not fire if the state of the radio option is changed or the `click` function is called.

V0166: The comparison of the name attributes is not done in a compatibility caseless manner for all Unicode ranges.

The specification states:

```
... Radio Button state (type=radio)
...
The radio button group that contains an input element a also contains all the other
input elements b that fulfill all of the following conditions:
...
They both have a name attribute, their name attributes are not empty, and the
value of a's name attribute is a compatibility caseless match for the value of
```

b's name attribute.

EdgeHTML Mode

The comparison of the `name` attributes is not done in a compatibility caseless manner for all Unicode ranges; instead the comparison uses ASCII comparison.

V0168: When there are no checked elements, the checkedness values are set to false

The specification states:

```
... Radio Button state (type=radio)
...
Constraint validation: If an element in the radio button group is required, and all
of the input elements in the radio button group have a checkedness that is false,
then the element is suffering from being missing.
```

Note: If none of the radio buttons in a radio button group are checked when they are inserted into the document, then they will all be initially unchecked in the interface, until such time as one of them is checked (either by the user or by script).

EdgeHTML Mode

An input `type=radio` when part of a radio group that has no other checked elements within it, is considered, with all of the other radio group elements, to be in the intermediate state and all elements' checkedness values are set to false.

2.1.55 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.5.1.17 File Upload state (type=file)

V0169: The file type does not properly secure the selected file

The specification states:

```
... File Upload state (type=file)
...
For historical reasons, the value IDL attribute prefixes the file name with the
string "C:\fakepath\". Some legacy user agents actually included the full path (which
was a security vulnerability).
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The input `type=file` does not properly secure the selected file nor obscure the local file location. It obscures the file when it is submitted to the server.

2.1.56 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.5.1.20 Reset Button state (type=reset)

V0170: Form controls linked using the form attribute are not reset

The specification states:

```
... Reset Button state (type=reset)
...
If the element is mutable, then the element's activation behavior, if the element has
a form owner and the element's Document is fully active, is to reset the form owner;
otherwise, it is to do nothing.
```

EdgeHTML Mode

Form controls linked using the `form` attribute are not reset.

2.1.57 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.6 The button element

V0171: The labels attribute is not supported

The specification states:

```
4.10.6 The button element
...
interface HTMLButtonElement : HTMLElement {
    ...
    ... readonly attribute NodeList labels;
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The labels attribute is not supported.

2.1.58 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.7 The select element

V0173: The labels attribute is not supported

The specification states:

```
4.10.7 The select element
...
interface HTMLSelectElement : HTMLElement {
    ...
    ... readonly attribute NodeList labels;
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The labels attribute is not supported.

V0175: The `namedItem` function throws an exception when it receives an empty string

The specification states:

```
4.10.7 The select element
...
interface HTMLSelectElement : HTMLElement {
    ...
```

```
        HTMLOptionElement? namedItem(DOMString name);
        ...
    };
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `namedItem` function throws an exception when it receives an empty string; it should return null.

2.1.59 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.10 The option element

V0177: The text of nested SVG script elements is included in the returned value

The specification states:

```
4.10.10 The option element
...
The text IDL attribute, on getting, must return the result of stripping and
collapsing whitespace from the concatenation of data of all the Text node descendants
of the option element, in tree order, excluding any that are descendants of
descendants of the option element that are themselves script elements in the HTML
namespace or script elements in the SVG namespace.
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The text of nested SVG script elements is included in the returned value.

2.1.60 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.11 The textarea element

V0178: The `labels` attribute is not supported

The specification states:

```
4.10.11 The textarea element
...
interface HTMLTextAreaElement : HTMLElement {
    ...
    readonly attribute NodeList labels;
    ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `labels` attribute is not supported.

V0179: The `textLength` attribute is not supported

The specification states:

```
4.10.11 The textarea element
...
interface HTMLTextAreaElement : HTMLElement {
    ...
```

```
        readonly attribute unsigned long textLength;
        ...
    };
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `textLength` attribute is not supported.

V0180: The `autocomplete` attribute is not supported

The specification states:

```
4.10.11 The textarea element
...
interface HTMLTextAreaElement : HTMLElement {
    attribute DOMString autocomplete;
    ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `autocomplete` attribute is not supported.

V0181: The `dirName` attribute is not supported

The specification states:

```
4.10.11 The textarea element
...
interface HTMLTextAreaElement : HTMLElement {
    ...
    attribute DOMString dirName;
    ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `dirName` attribute is not supported.

V0182: The `minLength` attribute is not supported

The specification states:

```
4.10.11 The textarea element
...
interface HTMLTextAreaElement : HTMLElement {
    ...
    attribute long minLength;
    ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `minLength` attribute is not supported.

2.1.61 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.12 The keygen element

V0183: The keygen element is not supported

The specification states:

```
4.10.12 The keygen element
...
The keygen element represents a key pair generator control. When the control's form
is submitted, the private key is stored in the local keystore, and the public key is
packaged and sent to the server.
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `keygen` element is not supported.

2.1.62 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.13 The output element

V0394: The labels attribute is not supported

The specification states:

```
4.10.13 The output element
...
interface HTMLOutputElement : HTMLElement {
    ...
    [SameObject] readonly attribute NodeList labels;
    ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `labels` attribute is not supported.

2.1.63 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.14 The progress element

V0185: The labels attribute is not supported

The specification states:

```
4.10.14 The progress element
...
interface HTMLProgressElement : HTMLElement {
    ...
    ... readonly attribute NodeList labels;
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `labels` attribute is not supported.

2.1.64 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.15 The meter element

V0395: The `labels` attribute is not supported

The specification states:

```
4.10.15 The meter element
...
interface HTMLMeterElement : HTMLElement {
    ...
    [SameObject] readonly attribute NodeList labels;
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `labels` attribute is not supported.

2.1.65 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.16 The fieldset element

V0187: The `name` attribute is not supported

The specification states:

```
4.10.16 The fieldset element
...
interface HTMLFieldSetElement : HTMLElement {
    ...
    attribute DOMString name;
    ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `name` attribute is not supported.

V0188: The `type` attribute is not supported

The specification states:

```
4.10.16 The fieldset element
...
interface HTMLFieldSetElement : HTMLElement {
    ...
    readonly attribute DOMString type;
    ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `type` attribute is not supported.

V0396: The elements collection is not supported

The specification states:

```
4.10.16 The fieldset element
...
interface HTMLFieldSetElement : HTMLElement {
    ...
    [SameObject] readonly attribute HTMLCollection elements;
    ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `elements` collection is not supported.

2.1.66 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.18.3 Association of controls and forms

V0190: The `form` attribute cannot be used to override the nearest ancestor form element

The specification states:

```
4.10.18.3 Association of controls and forms
...
A form-associated element is, by default, associated with its nearest ancestor form
element (as described below), but, if it is reassociateable, may have a form
attribute specified to override this.
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `form` attribute cannot be used to override the nearest ancestor form element.

2.1.67 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.19.2 Submitting element directionality: the `dirname` attribute

V0191: The `dirname` attribute is not supported

The specification states:

```
4.10.19.2 Submitting element directionality: the dirname attribute

The dirname attribute on a form control element enables the submission of the
directionality of the element, and gives the name of the field that contains this
value during form submission. If such an attribute is specified, its value must not
be the empty string.
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `dirname` attribute is not supported.

2.1.68 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.19.4 Setting minimum input length requirements: the minlength attribute

V0192: The minlength attribute is not supported

The specification states:

4.10.19.4 Setting minimum input length requirements: the minlength attribute

A form control minlength attribute, controlled by a dirty value flag, declares a lower bound on the number of characters a user can input.

EdgeHTML Mode

The minlength attribute is not supported.

2.1.69 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.19.7 Input modalities: the inputmode attribute

V0397: The inputmode attribute is not supported

The specification states:

4.10.19.7. Input modalities: the inputmode attribute

The inputmode content attribute is an enumerated attribute that specifies what kind of input mechanism would be most helpful for users entering content into the form control.

EdgeHTML Mode

The inputmode attribute is not supported.

2.1.70 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.19.8.2 Processing model

V0398: The autocomplete values on and off are not supported

The specification states:

4.10.19.8.2. Processing model

...
These values are defined as the result of running the following algorithm:
...
7. If category is Off, let the element's autofill field name be the string "off", let its autofill hint set be empty, and let its IDL-exposed autofill value be the string "off". Then, abort these steps.

8. If category is Automatic, let the element's autofill field name be the string "on", let its autofill hint set be empty, and let its IDL-exposed autofill value be the string "on". Then, abort these steps.

EdgeHTML Mode

The autocomplete values on and off are not supported.

2.1.71 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.20 APIs for text field selections

V0195: The `setRangeText` functions are not supported

The specification states:

4.10.20 APIs for the text field selections

The `input` and `textarea` elements define the following members in their DOM interfaces for handling their selection: ... `setRangeText(replacement)` ...

EdgeHTML Mode

The `setRangeText` functions are not supported.

2.1.72 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.21.2 Constraint validation

V0197: No list of elements is returned

The specification states:

4.10.21.2 Constraint validation

When the user agent is required to statically validate the constraints of form element form, it must run the following steps, which return either a positive result (all the controls in the form are valid) or a negative result (there are invalid controls) along with a (possibly empty) list of elements that are invalid and for which no script has claimed responsibility:

- ...
7. Return a negative result with the list of elements in the unhandled invalid controls list.

EdgeHTML Mode

No list of elements is returned.

2.1.73 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.21.3 The constraint validation API

V0199: The `tooShort` attribute is not supported

The specification states:

4.10.21.3 The constraint validation API

```
...
interface ValidityState {
  ...
  readonly attribute boolean tooShort;
  ...
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `tooShort` attribute is not supported.

2.1.74 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.22.5 Selecting a form submission encoding

V0204: UTF-8 is used in form submission

The specification states:

```
4.10.22.5 Selecting a form submission encoding
    If the user agent is to pick an encoding for a form ...
```

EdgeHTML Mode

UTF-8 is used in form submission even if `accept-charset` contains other encodings that can encode the entire form data set.

2.1.75 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.22.6 URL-encoded form data

V0205: URL-encoded form data is encoded in UTF-8

The specification states:

```
4.10.22.6 URL-encoded form data
    ...
    The application/x-www-form-urlencoded encoding algorithm is as follows:
```

EdgeHTML Mode

URL-encoded form data is encoded in UTF-8 regardless of what is in `accept-charset`.

V0206: URL-encoded form data includes the full filepath for type `file`, not the file name alone

The specification states:

```
4.10.22.6 URL-encoded form data
    ...
    The application/x-www-form-urlencoded encoding algorithm is as follows:
```

EdgeHTML Mode

URL-encoded form data includes the full file path for type `file`, not the file name alone.

2.1.76 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.22.7 Multipart form data

V0207: Forms are always encoded as UTF-8

The specification states:

4.10.22.7 Multipart form data

The multipart/form-data encoding algorithm is as follows:

- ...
- 2. If the algorithm was invoked with an explicit character encoding, let the selected character encoding be that encoding. ...
- ...
- Otherwise, let the selected character encoding be UTF-8.

EdgeHTML Mode

Forms are always encoded as UTF-8.

2.1.77 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.22.8 Plain text form data

V0208: The submitted data set includes not only the filename but also the full path of the file

The specification states:

4.10.22.8 Plain text form data

The text/plain encoding algorithm is as follows:

- ...
- 5. If the entry's type is "file", replace its value with the file's name only.

EdgeHTML Mode

The submitted data set includes not only the filename but also the full path of the file.

2.1.78 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.11.1 The details element

V0399: The details element is not supported

The specification states:

4.11.1 The details element

The details element represents a disclosure widget from which the user can obtain additional information or controls.

10.5.3 The details element

When the details binding applies to a details element, the element is expected to render as a block box with its padding-left property set to "40px" for left-to-right elements (LTR-specific) and with its padding-right property set to "40px" for right-to-left elements. ...

EdgeHTML Mode

The details element is not supported.

2.1.79 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.11.2 The summary element

V0400: The summary element is not supported

The specification states:

4.11.2 The summary element

The summary element represents a summary, caption, or legend for the rest of the contents of the summary element's parent details element, if any.

EdgeHTML Mode

The `summary` element is not supported.

2.1.80 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.11.3 The menu element

V0401: The menu element is not supported

The specification states:

4.11.3. The menu element

The menu element represents a group of commands.

EdgeHTML Mode

The `menu` element is not supported.

2.1.81 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.11.4 The menuitem element

V0402: The menuitem element is not supported

The specification states:

4.11.4. The menuitem element

The menuitem element represents a command that the user can invoke from a popup menu (a context menu).

4.11.6.6. Using the menuitem element to define a command

A menuitem element always defines a command.

EdgeHTML Mode

The `menuitem` element is not supported.

2.1.82 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.11.5.1 Declaring a context menu

V0403: The `contextmenu` attribute is not supported

The specification states:

4.11.5.1. Declaring a context menu

The `contextmenu` attribute gives the element's context menu. ...

4.11.5.2. Processing model

Each element has an assigned context menu, which can be null. If an element A has a `contextmenu` attribute, ...

EdgeHTML Mode

The `contextmenu` attribute is not supported.

2.1.83 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.11.5.2 Processing model

V0403: The `contextmenu` attribute is not supported

The specification states:

4.11.5.1. Declaring a context menu

The `contextmenu` attribute gives the element's context menu. ...

4.11.5.2. Processing model

Each element has an assigned context menu, which can be null. If an element A has a `contextmenu` attribute, ...

EdgeHTML Mode

The `contextmenu` attribute is not supported.

2.1.84 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.11.5.3 The RelatedEvent interfaces

V0404: The `RelatedEvent` interface is not supported

The specification states:

4.11.5.3. The `RelatedEvent` interfaces

```
[Constructor(DOMString type, optional RelatedEventInit eventInitDict)]  
interface RelatedEvent : Event {  
    readonly attribute EventTarget? relatedTarget;  
};
```

EdgeHTML Mode

The `RelatedEvent` interface is not supported.

2.1.85 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.11.6.6 Using the menuitem element to define a command

V0402: The menuitem element is not supported

The specification states:

4.11.4. The menuitem element

The menuitem element represents a command that the user can invoke from a popup menu(a context menu).

4.11.6.6. Using the menuitem element to define a command

A menuitem element always defines a command.

EdgeHTML Mode

The menuitem element is not supported.

2.1.86 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.12.1.1 Processing model

V0211: If the type attribute is an empty string value, it is not defaulted to text/javascript and JavaScript execution fails

The specification states:

```
... ..
... ..
... ..
To prepare a script, the user agent must act as follows:
... ..
6. If either:

    o the script element has a type attribute and its value is the empty
      string, or

    o the script element has no type attribute but it has a language attribute
      and that attribute's value is the empty string, or

    o the script element has neither a type attribute nor a language attribute,
      then
... let the script block's type for this script element be "text/javascript".
```

EdgeHTML Mode

If the type attribute is an empty string value, it is not defaulted to text/javascript and JavaScript execution fails.

V0212: If the for attribute is not "window", or the event attribute is not "onload", the script is still executed

The specification states:

```
... ..
... ..
... ..
To prepare a script, the user agent must act as follows:
```

- ```
...
```
12. If the script element has an event attribute and a for attribute, ... then run these substeps:

```
...
```

    4. If for is not an ASCII case-insensitive match for the string "window", then the user agent must abort these steps at this point. The script is not executed.
    5. If event is not an ASCII case-insensitive match for either the string "onload" or the string "onload()", then the user agent must abort these steps at this point. The script is not executed.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

If the `for` attribute is not "window", or the `event` attribute is not "onload", the script is still executed.

## **2.1.87 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.12.1.2 Scripting languages**

V0214: Some MIME types are not recognized

The specification states:

```
... Scripting languages
...
The following lists the MIME type strings that user agents must recognize, and the
languages to which they refer:
"application/ecmascript"
...
"text/javascript1.0"
...
"text/javascript1.4"
"text/javascript1.5"
...
"text/x-ecmascript"
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The following MIME types are not recognized:

```
"application/x-ecmascript"
"text/javascript1.0"
"text/javascript1.4"
"text/javascript1.5"
"text/x-ecmascript"
```

V0215: Script language type recognition is based on the type/language type attribute

The specification states:

```
... Scripting languages
...
When examining types to determine if they represent supported languages, user agents
```

must not ignore MIME parameters. Types are to be compared including all parameters.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Determination on whether a script is represented in a supported language is based on the type/language attribute. The attribute is validated against a list of recognized script types.

## **2.1.88 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.12.4 The canvas element**

V0219: The width and height content attribute values truncate the content and do not return the value for `getAttribute`

The specification states:

```
... The canvas element
...
Whenever the width and height content attributes are set, removed, changed, or
redundantly set to the value they already have, if the canvas context mode is ... 2d,
the user agent must set bitmap dimensions to the numeric values of the width and
height content attributes.
```

The width and height IDL attributes must reflect the respective content attributes of the same name, with the same defaults.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The width and height content attribute values truncate the content and do not return the value for `getAttribute`.

## **2.1.89 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.12.4.2 Serializing bitmaps to a file**

V0220: Setting the JPEG quality to an invalid value does not cause the default value to be used

The specification states:

```
... Serializing bitmaps to a file
...
Arguments for serialization methods [table]

Other arguments [column]

The second argument, if it is a number in the range 0.0 to 1.0 inclusive,
must be treated as the desired quality level. If it is not a number or is
outside that range, the user agent must use its default value, as if the
argument had been omitted.
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Setting the JPEG quality to an invalid value does not cause the default value to be used.

## 2.1.90 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.15.2 Pseudo-classes

V0221: The :active pseudo-class does not match appropriate ancestors of an element that matches

The specification states:

```
... Pseudo-classes
...
:active

The :active pseudo-class is defined to match an element "while an element is
being activated by the user". ...
...
... element ... has a descendant that is currently matching the :active
pseudo-class ...
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The :active pseudo-class does not match appropriate ancestors of an element that matches.

V0225: The :valid pseudo-class does not match a form element if the form owns a :valid candidate element

The specification states:

```
... Pseudo-classes
...
:valid

The :valid pseudo-class must match any element falling into one of the following
categories:
...
• form elements that are not the form owner of any elements that themselves
are candidates for constraint validation but do not satisfy their constraints
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The :valid pseudo-class does not match a `form` element if the form owns a :valid candidate element.

V0226: The :valid pseudo-class does not match a fieldset element if that element has a child that is a :valid candidate element

The specification states:

```
... Pseudo-classes
...
:valid

The :valid pseudo-class must match any element falling into one of the following
categories:
...
• fieldset elements that have no descendant elements that themselves are
candidates for constraint validation but do not satisfy their constraints
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `:valid` pseudo-class does not match a `fieldset` element if that element has a child that is a `:valid` candidate element.

V0227: The `:invalid` pseudo-class does not match a `form` element if the form owns an `:invalid` candidate element

The specification states:

```
... Pseudo-classes
...
:invalid
```

The `:invalid` pseudo-class must match any element falling into one of the following categories:

- ...
  - `form` elements that are the form owner of one or more elements that themselves are candidates for constraint validation but do not satisfy their constraints

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `:invalid` pseudo-class does not match a `form` element if the form owns an `:invalid` candidate element.

V0228: The `:invalid` pseudo-class does not match a `fieldset` element if that element has a child that is an `:invalid` candidate element

The specification states:

```
... Pseudo-classes
...
:invalid
```

The `:invalid` pseudo-class must match any element falling into one of the following categories:

- ..
  - `fieldset` elements that have of one or more descendant elements that themselves are candidates for constraint validation but do not satisfy their constraints

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `:invalid` pseudo-class does not match a `fieldset` element if that element has a child that is an `:invalid` candidate element.

V0230: The `:read-only` and `:read-write` pseudo-classes are not supported

The specification states:

```
... Pseudo-classes
...
:read-only
:read-write
```

The `:read-write` pseudo-class must match any element falling into one of the

following categories, which for the purposes of Selectors are thus considered user-alterable:

- ...
- The `:read-only` pseudo-class must match all other HTML elements.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `:read-only` and `:read-write` pseudo-classes are not supported.

V0231: The `:link` pseudo-class does not match `area` or `link` elements with `href` attributes

The specification states:

```
... Pseudo-classes
...
:link
:visited
```

All a elements that have an `href` attribute, all `area` elements that have an `href` attribute, and all `link` elements that have an `href` attribute, must match one of `:link` and `:visited`.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `:link` pseudo-class does not match `area` or `link` elements with `href` attributes.

V0232: The `:indeterminate` pseudo-class does not match an `input[type=radio]` element when no option is selected

The specification states:

```
... Pseudo-classes
...
:indeterminate
```

The `:indeterminate` pseudo-class must match any element falling into one of the following categories:

- ...
- `input` elements whose `type` attribute is in the Radio Button state and whose radio button group contains no `input` elements whose `checkedness` state is true.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `:indeterminate` pseudo-class does not match the an `input` element whose `type` attribute is in the Radio Button state and whose radio button group contains no `input` elements whose `checkedness` state is true.

V0233: The `:valid` and `:invalid` pseudo-classes can match an element even if the constraints are violated by the initial value defined on the element

The specification states:

```
... Pseudo-classes
```

```
...
:valid

 The :valid pseudo-class must match any element falling into one of the following
 categories:
 ...

:invalid

 The :invalid pseudo-class must match any element falling into one of the
 following categories:
 ...
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The :valid and :invalid pseudo-classes can match an element even if the constraints are violated by the initial value defined on the element.

## **2.1.91 [W3C-HTML51] Section 5.3 Activation**

V0019: A synthetic click does not set the isTrusted flag

The specification states:

```
... ...
...
...
When a user agent is to run synthetic click activation steps on an element, the user
agent must run the following steps:
...
4. Fire a click event at the element. If the run synthetic click activation steps
algorithm was invoked because the click() method was invoked, then the
isTrusted attribute must be initialized to false.
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

A synthetic click does not set the isTrusted flag.

## **2.1.92 [W3C-HTML51] Section 5.4.3 The tabIndex attribute**

V0297: tabIndex returns 0 as the default for elements that are not focusable

The specification states:

```
... ...
...
...
The tabIndex IDL attribute must reflect the value of the tabIndex content attribute.
Its default value is 0 for elements that are focusable and -1 for elements that are
not focusable.
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

tabIndex returns 0 as the default for elements that are not focusable.

## 2.1.93 [W3C-HTML51] Section 5.4.4 Processing model

V0183: The keygen element is not supported

The specification states:

```
4.10.12 The keygen element
...
The keygen element represents a key pair generator control. When the control's form
is submitted, the private key is stored in the local keystore, and the public key is
packaged and sent to the server.
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The keygen element is not supported.

## 2.1.94 [W3C-HTML51] Section 5.6.1 Making document regions editable: The contenteditable content attribute

V0298: The contentEditable attribute does not return inherit when its value is set to the empty string

The specification states:

```
... Making document regions editable: The contenteditable content attribute
...
The contenteditable ... attribute is an enumerated attribute whose keywords are the
empty string, true, and false. The empty string and the true keyword map to the true
state. The false keyword maps to the false state. In addition, there is a third
state, the inherit state, which is the missing value default (and the invalid value
default).
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The contentEditable attribute does not return inherit when its value is set to the empty string.

V0299: An invalid value for the contentEditable attribute throws an "Invalid Argument" exception.

The specification states:

```
... Making document regions editable: The contenteditable content attribute
...
The contentEditable IDL attribute, on getting, must return the string "true" if the
content attribute is set to the true state, "false" if the content attribute is set
to the false state, and "inherit" otherwise. On setting, if the new value is an ASCII
case-insensitive match for the string "inherit" then the content attribute must be
removed, if the new value is an ASCII case-insensitive match for the string "true"
then the content attribute must be set to the string "true", if the new value is an
ASCII case-insensitive match for the string "false" then the content attribute must
be set to the string "false", and otherwise the attribute setter must throw a
[SyntaxError exception [5.0]/"SyntaxError" DOMException [5.1]].
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

An invalid value for the contentEditable attribute throws an "Invalid Argument" exception.

## 2.1.95 [W3C-HTML51] Section 5.6.5 Spelling and grammar checking

V0301: The spellcheck attribute cannot be set to override the default when the default is true and the element was created using createElement

The specification states:

```
... Spelling and grammar checking
...
element . spellcheck [= value]

Returns true if the element is to have its spelling and grammar checked;
otherwise, returns false.

Can be set, to override the default and set the spellcheck content attribute.
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The spellcheck attribute cannot be set to override the default when the default is true and the element was created using createElement.

## 2.1.96 [W3C-HTML51] Section 5.7.3 The DataTransfer interface

V0405: The setDragImage function is not supported

The specification states:

```
5.7.3. The DataTransfer interface

DataTransfer objects are used to expose the drag data store that underlies a
drag-and-drop operation.

interface DataTransfer {
 ...
 void setDragImage(Element image, long x, long y);
 ...
};
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The setDragImage function is not supported.

## 2.1.97 [W3C-HTML51] Section 5.7.3.1 The DataTransferItemList interface

V0406: The getter is not properly supported

The specification states:

```
5.7.3.1. The DataTransferItemList interface

Each DataTransfer object is associated with a DataTransferItemList object.
```

```
interface DataTransferItemList {
 ...
 getter DataTransferItem (unsigned long index);
 ...
};
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The getter is not properly supported and is defined as `item`.

```
getter File item(unsigned long index);
```

## **2.1.98 [W3C-HTML51] Section 5.7.4 The DragEvent interface**

V0407: There is no constructor defined for the DragEvent interface

The specification states:

### 5.7.4. The DragEvent interface

The drag-and-drop processing model involves several events. They all use the DragEvent interface.

```
[Constructor(DOMString type, optional DragEventInit eventInitDict)]
interface DragEvent : MouseEvent {
 readonly attribute DataTransfer? dataTransfer;
};
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

There is no constructor defined for the `DragEvent` interface.

V0408: The `dataTransfer` attribute is not defined as nullable

The specification states:

### 5.7.4. The DragEvent interface

The drag-and-drop processing model involves several events. They all use the DragEvent interface.

```
[Constructor(DOMString type, optional DragEventInit eventInitDict)]
interface DragEvent : MouseEvent {
 readonly attribute DataTransfer? dataTransfer;
};
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `dataTransfer` attribute is not defined as nullable.

```
readonly attribute DataTransfer dataTransfer;
```

## 2.1.99 [W3C-HTML51] Section 5.7.5 Drag-and-drop processing model

V0409: The dropzone attribute is not supported

The specification states:

### 5.7.5. Drag-and-drop processing model

When the user attempts to begin a drag operation, the user agent must run the following steps. ...

### 5.7.8 The dropzone attribute

All html elements may have the dropzone content attribute set. ...

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The dropzone attribute is not supported.

## 2.1.100 [W3C-HTML51] Section 5.7.8 The dropzone attribute

V0409: The dropzone attribute is not supported

The specification states:

### 5.7.5. Drag-and-drop processing model

When the user attempts to begin a drag operation, the user agent must run the following steps. ...

### 5.7.8 The dropzone attribute

All html elements may have the dropzone content attribute set. ...

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The dropzone attribute is not supported.

## 2.1.101 [W3C-HTML51] Section 6.1 Browsing contexts

V0410: The first Document is for the home page specified in the preferences, not for about:blank.

The specification states:

### 6.1 Browsing contexts

A browsing context is an environment in which Document objects are presented to the user.

...

To create a new browsing context:

...

3. Let document be a new Document, whose URL is about:blank, which is marked as being an HTML document, whose character encoding is UTF-8, and which is both ready for post-load tasks and completely loaded immediately.

## **EdgeHTML Mode**

The first Document is for the home page specified in the preferences, not for about:blank.

V0411: A newly created browsing context does not change the readyState from loading to complete

The specification states:

### 6.1 Browsing contexts

A browsing context is an environment in which Document objects are presented to the user.

...

To create a new browsing context:

...

3. Let document be a new Document, whose URL is about:blank, which is marked as being an HTML document, whose character encoding is UTF-8, and which is both ready for post-load tasks and completely loaded immediately.

## **EdgeHTML Mode**

A newly created browsing context does not change the readyState from loading to complete.

V0412: The referrer is set to the empty string, not the creator URL

The specification states:

### 6.1 Browsing contexts

A browsing context is an environment in which Document objects are presented to the user.

...

To create a new browsing context:

...

5. If the new browsing context has a creator browsing context, then set document's referrer to the creator URL.

## **EdgeHTML Mode**

The referrer is set to the empty string, not the creator URL.

V0238: The about:blank document does not have a character encoding of UTF-8

The specification states:

### 6.1 Browsing contexts

...

To create a new browsing context:

...

3. Let document be a new Document, whose URL is about:blank, which is marked as being an HTML document, whose character encoding is UTF-8, and which is both ready for post-load tasks and completely loaded immediately.

## **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `about:blank` document does not have a character encoding of UTF-8.

### **2.1.102 [W3C-HTML51] Section 6.1.1.1 Navigating nested browsing contexts in the DOM**

V0413: In a nested browsing context, the `frameElement` attribute returns undefined, not an object

The specification states:

```
6.1.1.1 Navigating nested browsing contexts in the DOM
...
The frameElement IDL attribute, on getting, must run the following algorithm:
1. Let d be the Window object's associated Document.
2. Let context be d's browsing context.
3. If context is not a nested browsing context, return null and abort these steps.
4. Let container be context's browsing context container.
5. If container's node document's origin is not same origin-domain with the entry settings object's origin, then return null and abort these steps.
6. Return container.
```

#### **EdgeHTML Mode**

In a nested browsing context, the `frameElement` attribute returns undefined, not an object.

### **2.1.103 [W3C-HTML51] Section 6.1.5 Browsing context names**

V0241: An empty string for a context name prevents navigation within an `iframe` and attempts to show a popup

The specification states:

```
... Browsing context names
...
The rules for choosing a browsing context given a browsing context name are as follows. The rules assume that they are being applied in the context of a browsing context, as part of the execution of a task.

1. If the given browsing context name is the empty string or self, then the chosen browsing context must be the current one.
```

#### **EdgeHTML Mode**

An empty string for a context name prevents navigation within an `iframe` and attempts to show a popup.

V0242: Links with the `noreferrer` keyword do not create a new browsing context

The specification states:

```
... Browsing context names
...
The rules for choosing a browsing context given a browsing context name are as
```

follows. The rules assume that they are being applied in the context of a browsing context, as part of the execution of a task.

- ...
- 5. Otherwise, a new browsing context is being requested, and what happens depends on the user agent's configuration and abilities – it is determined by the rules given for the first applicable option from the following list:
  - ...
  - If the user agent has been configured such that in this instance it will create a new browsing context, and the browsing context is being requested as part of following a hyperlink whose link types include the `noreferrer` keyword

A new top-level browsing context must be created. If the given browsing context name is not `_blank`, then the new top-level browsing context's name must be the given browsing context name (otherwise, it has no name). The chosen browsing context must be this new browsing context. The creation of such a browsing context is a new start for session storage.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Links with the `noreferrer` keyword do not create a new browsing context.

## **2.1.104 [W3C-HTML51] Section 6.3 The Window object**

V0415: Some attributes and methods do not return a `WindowProxy`

The specification states:

### 6.3. The Window object

```
[PrimaryGlobal, LegacyUnenumerableNamedProperties]
/*sealed*/ interface Window : EventTarget {
 // the current browsing context
 [Unforgeable] readonly attribute WindowProxy window;
 [Replaceable] readonly attribute WindowProxy self;
 ...
 // other browsing contexts
 [Replaceable] readonly attribute WindowProxy frames;
 ...
 [Unforgeable] readonly attribute WindowProxy top;
 ...
 [Replaceable] readonly attribute WindowProxy parent;
 ...
 WindowProxy open(optional DOMString url = "about:blank", optional DOMString
 target = "_blank",
 [TreatNullAs=EmptyString] optional DOMString features = "", optional boolean
 replace = false);
 getter WindowProxy (unsigned long index);
 ...
};
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Some attributes and methods do not return a `WindowProxy`; instead they return a `Window`.

- [ Unforgeable ] readonly attribute Window window;
- [ Replaceable ] readonly attribute Window self;
- [ Replaceable ] readonly attribute Window frames;

[ Unforgeable ] readonly attribute Window top;  
[ Replaceable ] readonly attribute Window parent;  
Window open(optional DOMString url = "about:blank", optional DOMString target = "\_blank",  
[TreatNullAs=EmptyString] optional DOMString features = "", optional boolean replace = false);  
getter Window (unsigned long index);

V0416: The `frameElement` attribute is not nullable

The specification states:

6.3. The Window object

```
[PrimaryGlobal, LegacyUnenumerableNamedProperties]
interface Window : EventTarget {
 ...
 readonly attribute Element? frameElement;
 ...
};
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `frameElement` attribute is not nullable.

readonly attribute Element `frameElement`;

## **2.1.105 [W3C-HTML51] Section 6.3.1 APIs for creating and navigating browsing contexts by name**

V0249: No `InvalidAccessError` exception is thrown when the target argument does not result in a valid browsing context name

The specification states:

```
... APIs for creating and navigating browsing contexts by name
...
If ... [this results] in there not being a chosen browsing context, then throw an
InvalidAccessError exception and abort these steps.
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

No `InvalidAccessError` exception is thrown when the target argument does not result in a valid browsing context name.

## **2.1.106 [W3C-HTML51] Section 6.3.2 Accessing other browsing contexts**

V0251: The `length` attribute does not return the number of child browsing contexts

The specification states:

### 5.2.3 Accessing other browsing contexts

...  
The length IDL attribute['s getter] ... must return the number of child browsing contexts ... .

#### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The length attribute does not return the number of child browsing contexts of the active document.

### **2.1.107 [W3C-HTML51] Section 6.3.3 Named access on the Window object**

V0253: Framesets are not identifiable by name

The specification states:

```
... Named access on the Window object
...
Named objects with the name name, for the purposes of the above algorithm, are those
that are either:
...
a, applet, area, embed, form, frameset, img, or object elements that have a name
content attribute whose value is name, or
...
```

#### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Framesets are not identifiable by name.

### **2.1.108 [W3C-HTML51] Section 6.4.1 Relaxing the same-origin restriction**

V0417: No SecurityError exception is thrown if there is no browsing context et al.

The specification states:

```
6.4.1. Relaxing the same-origin restriction
...
The domain attribute on setting must run these steps:
1. If this Document object has no browsing context, throw a "SecurityError"
 DOMException.
2. If this Document object's active sandboxing flag set has its sandboxed
 document.domain
 browsing context flag set, then throw a "SecurityError" DOMException.
3. If the given value is the empty string, then throw a "SecurityError"
 DOMException.
4. Let host be the result of parsing the given value.
5. If host is failure, then throw a "SecurityError" DOMException.
6. Let effectiveDomain be this Document object's origin's effective domain.
7. If host is not equal to effectiveDomain, then run these substeps:
 1. If host or effectiveDomain is not domain, then throw a "SecurityError"
 DOMException.
 NOTE:
 This is meant to exclude hosts that are an IPv4 address or an IPv6
 address.
 2. If host, prefixed by a U+002E FULL STOP (.), does not exactly match the
 effectiveDomain,
 then throw a "SecurityError" DOMException.
 3. If host matches a suffix in the Public Suffix List, or, if host, prefixed
```

- by a U+002E FULL STOP (.),  
matches the end of a suffix in the Public Suffix List, then throw a  
"SecurityError" DOMException. [PSL]  
Suffixes must be compared after applying the host parser algorithm. [URL]
8. Set origin's domain to host.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

No `SecurityError` exception is thrown if: there is no browsing context, the sandbox flag is set, and the new value is not exactly equal to the current value of `document.domain`.

## **2.1.109 [W3C-HTML51] Section 6.6.1 The session history of browsing contexts**

V0236: Nested browsing contexts share a session history

The specification states:

```
... The session history of browsing contexts
...
The sequence of Documents in a browsing context is its session history. Each browsing
context, including nested browsing contexts, has a distinct session history. ...
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Nested browsing contexts share a session history.

## **2.1.110 [W3C-HTML51] Section 6.6.4 The Location interface**

V0418: The Location interface is not defined as unforgeable

The specification states:

```
6.6.4. The Location interface

Each Window object is associated with a unique instance of a Location object,
allocated when the Window object is created.
...
[Unforgeable]
interface Location {
 ...
};
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `Location` interface is not defined as unforgeable.

V0419: Attributes do not return a `USVString`

The specification states:

```
6.6.4. The Location interface
```

Each Window object is associated with a unique instance of a Location object, allocated when the Window object is created.

```
...
[Unforgeable]
interface Location {
 stringifier attribute USVString href;
 readonly attribute USVString origin;
 attribute USVString protocol;
 attribute USVString host;
 attribute USVString hostname;
 attribute USVString port;
 attribute USVString pathname;
 attribute USVString search;
 attribute USVString hash;
 ...
};
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Attributes do not return a USVString; instead they return a DOMString.

```
stringifier attribute DOMString href;
readonly attribute DOMString origin;
attribute DOMString protocol;
attribute DOMString host;
attribute DOMString hostname;
attribute DOMString port;
attribute DOMString pathname;
attribute DOMString search;
attribute DOMString hash;
```

### **2.1.111 [W3C-HTML51] Section 6.7.6 Page load processing model for media**

V0256: Audio and video media are not loaded into a Document; instead a download is attempted

The specification states:

```
... Page load processing model for media
```

```
When an image, video, or audio resource is to be loaded in a browsing context, the user agent should create a Document object, mark it as being an HTML document, set its content type to the ... MIME type of the resource (type in the navigate algorithm), ... append an html element to the Document, append a head element and a body element to the html element, append an element host element for the media, as described below, to the body element, and set the appropriate attribute of the element host element, as described below, to the address of the image, video, or audio resource.
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Audio and video media are not loaded into a `Document`; instead a download is attempted.

### **2.1.112 [W3C-HTML51] Section 6.7.7 Page load processing model for content that uses plugins**

V0257: Plugins are not loaded into a newly created document; instead a download is attempted

The specification states:

... Page load processing model for content that uses plugins

When a resource that requires an external resource to be rendered is to be loaded in a browsing context, the user agent should create a `Document` object, mark it as being an HTML document and mark it as being a plugin document, set its content type to the ... MIME type of the resource (type in the navigate algorithm), ... append an `html` element to the `Document`, append a head element and a body element to the `html` element, append an `embed` to the body element, and set the `src` attribute of the `embed` element to the address of the resource.

#### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Plugins are not loaded into a newly created document; instead a download is attempted.

### **2.1.113 [W3C-HTML51] Section 6.7.10.3 The HashChangeEvent interface**

V0420: The attributes `oldURL` and `newURL` are defined as nullable

The specification states:

6.7.10.3. The `HashChangeEvent` interface

```
[Constructor(DOMString type, optional HashChangeEventInit eventInitDict),
Exposed=(Window,Worker)]
interface HashChangeEvent : Event {
 readonly attribute DOMString oldURL;
 readonly attribute DOMString newURL;
};

dictionary HashChangeEventInit : EventInit {
 DOMString oldURL;
 DOMString newURL;
};
```

#### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The attributes `oldURL` and `newURL` are defined as nullable.

```
readonly attribute DOMString? oldURL;
readonly attribute DOMString? newURL;
DOMString? oldURL = null;
DOMString? newURL = null;
```

### 2.1.114 [W3C-HTML51] Section 6.7.10.4 The PageTransitionEvent interface

V0261: The PageTransitionEventInit dictionary is not supported

The specification states:

```
... ..
... ..
dictionary PageTransitionEventInit : EventInit {
 ...
};
```

#### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The PageTransitionEventInit dictionary is not supported.

### 2.1.115 [W3C-HTML51] Section 6.7.11 Unloading documents

V0262: The ignore-opens-during-unload counter is not modified

The specification states:

```
... Unloading documents
...
When a user agent is to prompt to unload a document, it must run the following steps.
...
2. Increase the Document's ignore-opens-during-unload counter by one.
```

#### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The ignore-opens-during-unload counter is not modified.

### 2.1.116 [W3C-HTML51] Section 7.1.3.9 Unhandled promise rejections

V0421: The PromiseRejectionEvent interface is not supported

The specification states:

```
7.1.3.9. Unhandled promise rejections
...
In addition to synchronous runtime script errors, scripts may experience asynchronous
promise rejections, tracked via the unhandledrejection and rejectionhandled events.

7.1.3.9.1. The HostPromiseRejectionTracker implementation

ECMAScript contains an implementation-defined HostPromiseRejectionTracker(promise,
operation) abstract operation. User agents must use the following implementation:
[ECMA-262]

7.1.3.9.2. The PromiseRejectionEvent interface

[Constructor(DOMString type, PromiseRejectionEventInit eventInitDict),
Exposed=(Window,Worker)]
interface PromiseRejectionEvent : Event {
 readonly attribute Promise<any> promise;
 readonly attribute any reason;
```

```
};
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `PromiseRejectionEvent` interface is not supported.

## **2.1.117 [W3C-HTML51] Section 7.1.3.9.1 The HostPromiseRejectionTracker implementation**

V0421: The `PromiseRejectionEvent` interface is not supported

The specification states:

### 7.1.3.9. Unhandled promise rejections

...

In addition to synchronous runtime script errors, scripts may experience asynchronous promise rejections, tracked via the `unhandledrejection` and `rejectionhandled` events.

### 7.1.3.9.1. The HostPromiseRejectionTracker implementation

ECMAScript contains an implementation-defined `HostPromiseRejectionTracker`(`promise`, `operation`) abstract operation. User agents must use the following implementation: [ECMA-262]

### 7.1.3.9.2. The `PromiseRejectionEvent` interface

```
[Constructor(DOMString type, PromiseRejectionEventInit eventInitDict),
Exposed=(Window,Worker)]
interface PromiseRejectionEvent : Event {
 readonly attribute Promise<any> promise;
 readonly attribute any reason;
};
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `PromiseRejectionEvent` interface is not supported.

## **2.1.118 [W3C-HTML51] Section 7.1.3.9.2 The `PromiseRejectionEvent` interface**

V0421: The `PromiseRejectionEvent` interface is not supported

The specification states:

### 7.1.3.9. Unhandled promise rejections

...

In addition to synchronous runtime script errors, scripts may experience asynchronous promise rejections, tracked via the `unhandledrejection` and `rejectionhandled` events.

### 7.1.3.9.1. The HostPromiseRejectionTracker implementation

ECMAScript contains an implementation-defined `HostPromiseRejectionTracker`(`promise`, `operation`) abstract operation. User agents must use the following implementation: [ECMA-262]

### 7.1.3.9.2. The `PromiseRejectionEvent` interface

```
[Constructor(DOMString type, PromiseRejectionEventInit eventInitDict),
Exposed=(Window,Worker)]
interface PromiseRejectionEvent : Event {
 readonly attribute Promise<any> promise;
 readonly attribute any reason;
};
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `PromiseRejectionEvent` interface is not supported.

## **2.1.119 [W3C-HTML51] Section 7.1.5.1 Event handlers**

V0268: The `body.onload` event does not overwrite the `window.onload` event

The specification states:

```
... Event handlers
...
If an event handler IDL attribute exposes an event handler of an object that doesn't
exist, it must always return null on getting and must do nothing on setting.
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `body.onload` event does not overwrite the `window.onload` event.

V0270: The `error` argument is not supported on the `OnErrorEventHandlerNonNull` callback function

The specification states:

```
... Event handlers
...
[TreatNonCallableAsNull]
callback OnErrorHandlerNonNull = any ((Event or DOMString) event, optional
DOMString source,
optional unsigned long lineno, optional unsigned long column, optional any error);
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `error` argument is not supported on the `OnErrorEventHandlerNonNull` callback function.

V0271: The `form owner` is not taken into account in events

The specification states:

```
... Event handlers
...
When the user agent is to get the current value of the event handler H, it must run
these steps:
...
1. If H's value is an internal raw uncompiled handler, run these substeps:
...
5. If element is not null and element has a form owner, let form owner be
```

that form owner. Otherwise, let form owner be null.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The form owner is not taken into account in events.

## **2.1.120 [W3C-HTML51] Section 7.1.5.2 Event handlers on elements, Document objects, and Window objects**

V0272: The oncancel event handler is not supported

The specification states:

```
... Event handlers on elements, Document objects, and Window objects
```

```
The following are the event handlers (and their corresponding event handler event types) that must be supported by all HTML elements, as both event handler content attributes and event handler IDL attributes; and that must be supported by all Document and Window objects, as event handler IDL attributes:
```

```
...
oncancel cancel
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The oncancel event handler is not supported.

V0273: The oncuechange event handler is not supported on Document or Window

The specification states:

```
... Event handlers on elements, Document objects, and Window objects
```

```
...
The following are the event handlers (and their corresponding event handler event types) that must be supported by all HTML elements, as both event handler content attributes and event handler IDL attributes; and that must be supported by all Document and Window objects, as event handler IDL attributes:
```

```
...
oncuechange cuechange
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The oncuechange event handler is not supported on Document or Window.

V0276: The onresize event handler is not supported on Document or HTML elements

The specification states:

```
... Event handlers on elements, Document objects, and Window objects
```

```
...
The following are the event handlers (and their corresponding event handler event types) that must be supported by all HTML elements other than body and frameset elements, as both event handler content attributes and event handler IDL attributes;
```

that must be supported by all Document objects, as event handler IDL attributes; and that must be supported by all Window objects, as event handler IDL attributes on the Window objects themselves, and with corresponding event handler content attributes and event handler IDL attributes exposed on all body and frameset elements that are owned by that Window object's Documents:

```
...
onresize resize
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `onresize` event handler is not supported on Document or HTML elements.

### V0277: The `onshow` event handler is not supported

The specification states:

```
... Event handlers on elements, Document objects, and Window objects
...
The following are the event handlers (and their corresponding event handler event
types) that must be supported by all HTML elements, as both event handler content
attributes and event handler IDL attributes; and that must be supported by all
Document and Window objects, as event handler IDL attributes:
...
onshow show
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `onshow` event handler is not supported.

### V0278: The `ontoggle` event handler is not supported

The specification states:

```
... Event handlers on elements, Document objects, and Window objects
...
The following are the event handlers (and their corresponding event handler event
types) that must be supported by all HTML elements, as both event handler content
attributes and event handler IDL attributes; and that must be supported by all
Document and Window objects, as event handler IDL attributes:
...
ontoggle toggle
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `ontoggle` event handler is not supported.

### V0279: The `onopostate` event handler is not supported on the frameset element

The specification states:

```
... Event handlers on elements, Document objects, and Window objects
...
The following are the event handlers (and their corresponding event handler event
types) that must be supported by Window objects, as event handler IDL attributes on
```

the Window objects themselves, and with corresponding event handler content attributes and event handler IDL attributes exposed on all body and frameset elements that are owned by that Window object's Documents:

```
...
onpopstate popstate
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `onpopstate` event handler is not supported on the `frameset` element.

V0373: The `onmouseenter` and `onmouseleave` event handlers are not supported on Document

The specification states:

```
... Event handlers on elements, Document objects, and Window objects
...
The following are the event handlers (and their corresponding event handler event
types) that must be supported by all HTML elements, as both event handler content
attributes and event handler IDL attributes; and that must be supported by all
Document and Window objects, as event handler IDL attributes:
```

```
...
onmouseenter mouseenter
onmouseleave mouseleave
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `onmouseenter` and `onmouseleave` event handlers are not supported on Document.

## **2.1.121 [W3C-HTML51] Section 7.3.1 Opening the input stream**

V0280: The document object is not reused after `window.open` is called

The specification states:

```
... Opening the input stream

The open() method comes in several variants with different numbers of arguments.

document = document . open([type [, replace]])

Causes the Document to be replaced in-place, as if it was a new Document
object, but reusing the previous object, which is then returned.
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The document object is not reused after `window.open` is called.

V0281: The salvageable state of the Document is not set when the Document is unloaded

The specification states:

```
... Opening the input stream
...
```

When called with two arguments ..., the document.open() method must act as follows:  
...  
8. Set the Document's salvageable state to false.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The salvageable state of the Document is not set when the Document is unloaded.

V0282: Singleton objects are not replaced for location, history, navigator, applicationCache, sessionStorage, or localStorage

The specification states:

```
... Opening the input stream
...
When called with two arguments ... , the document.open() method must act as follows:
...
... Replace the Document's singleton objects with new instances of those objects
... . (This includes in particular the Window, Location, History,
ApplicationCache, and Navigator, objects, the various BarProp objects, the two
Storage objects, the various HTMLCollection objects, and objects defined by other
specifications It also includes all the Web IDL prototypes in the
JavaScript binding, including the Document object's prototype.)
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Singleton objects are not replaced for location, history, navigator, applicationCache, sessionStorage, or localStorage.

V0283: The script-created parser is not freed from the script stack

The specification states:

```
... Opening the input stream
...
When called with two arguments ... , the document.open() method must act as follows:
...
... Create a new HTML parser and associate it with the document. This is a
script-created parser (meaning that it can be closed by the document.open() and
document.close() methods, and that the tokenizer will wait for an explicit call
to document.close() before emitting an end-of-file token). The encoding
confidence is irrelevant.
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The script-created parser is not freed from the script stack.

## **2.1.122 [W3C-HTML51] Section 7.3.2 Closing the input stream**

V0284: No InvalidStateError exception is thrown for a Document object not flagged as an HTML document

The specification states:

... Closing the input stream

...

The close() method must run the following steps:

1. If the Document object is not flagged as an HTML document, throw an `InvalidStateException` exception and abort these steps.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

No `InvalidStateException` exception is thrown for a Document object not flagged as an HTML document.

### **2.1.123 [W3C-HTML51] Section 7.3.3 document.write()**

V0285: No `InvalidStateException` exception is thrown for a Document object not flagged as an HTML document

The specification states:

... document.write()

...

The document.write(...) method must act as follows:

1. If the method was invoked on an XML document, throw an `InvalidStateException` exception and abort these steps.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

No `InvalidStateException` exception is thrown for a Document object not flagged as an HTML document.

### **2.1.124 [W3C-HTML51] Section 7.5.3 Dialogs implemented using separate documents with showModalDialog()**

V0422: The showModalDialog method is not supported

The specification states:

7.5.3. Dialogs implemented using separate documents with showModalDialog()

The showModalDialog(url, argument) method, when invoked, must cause the user agent to run the following steps:

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The showModalDialog method is not supported.

### **2.1.125 [W3C-HTML51] Section 7.6.1 The Navigator object**

V0286: The NavigatorLanguage interface is not supported

The specification states:

```
... The Navigator object
...
interface Navigator {
 // objects implementing this interface also implement the interfaces given below
};
...
Navigator implements NavigatorLanguage;
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The NavigatorLanguage interface is not supported.

### **V0287: The NavigatorPlugins interface is not supported**

The specification states:

```
... The Navigator object
...
interface Navigator {
 // objects implementing this interface also implement the interfaces given below
};
...
Navigator implements NavigatorPlugins;
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The NavigatorPlugins interface is not supported.

## **2.1.126 [W3C-HTML51] Section 7.6.1.1 Client identification**

V0289: The appCodeName is implemented directly on the Navigator interface, not on the NavigatorID interface

The specification states:

```
... Client identification

[NoInterfaceObject ...]
interface NavigatorID {
 ... readonly attribute DOMString appCodeName; // constant "Mozilla"
 ...
};
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The appCodeName attribute is implemented directly on the Navigator interface, not on the NavigatorID interface.

## **2.1.127 [W3C-HTML51] Section 7.6.1.2 Language preferences**

V0291: The language attribute is implemented directly on the Navigator interface, not on the NavigatorLanguage interface

The specification states:

```
... Language preferences

[NoInterfaceObject ...]
interface NavigatorLanguage {
 readonly attribute DOMString? language;
 ...
};
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The language attribute is implemented directly on the Navigator interface, not on the NavigatorLanguage interface.

### **2.1.128 [W3C-HTML51] Section 7.6.1.3 Custom scheme handler: the registerProtocolHandler() method**

V0423: The NavigatorContentUtils interface is implemented but does not support any functions

The specification states:

```
7.6.1.3 Custom scheme handler: the registerProtocolHandler() method

[NoInterfaceObject]
interface NavigatorContentUtils {
 // content handler registration
 void registerProtocolHandler(DOMString scheme, DOMString url, DOMString title);
 void unregisterProtocolHandler(DOMString scheme, DOMString url);
};
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The NavigatorContentUtils interface is implemented but does not support any functions.

### **2.1.129 [W3C-HTML51] Section 7.6.1.5 Plugins**

V0295: The NavigatorPlugins interface is not supported

The specification states:

```
... Plugins

[NoInterfaceObject]
interface NavigatorPlugins {
 ...
};
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The NavigatorPlugins interface is not supported.

## 2.1.130 [W3C-HTML51] Section 7.7 Images

V0424: The ImageBitmap interface is not supported

The specification states:

```
7.7. Images

 [Exposed=(Window, Worker)]
 interface ImageBitmap {
 ...
 };
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The ImageBitmap interface is not supported.

V0425: The ImageBitmapFactories interface is not supported

The specification states:

```
7.7. Images
 ...
 [NoInterfaceObject, Exposed=(Window, Worker)]
 interface ImageBitmapFactories {
 ...
 };
Window implements ImageBitmapFactories;
WorkerGlobalScope implements ImageBitmapFactories;
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The ImageBitmapFactories interface is not supported.

## 2.1.131 [W3C-HTML51] Section 8.2 Parsing HTML documents

V0302: Listed parse errors do not properly change states to the data state when an error occurs

The specification states:

```
8.2 Parsing HTML documents
...
This specification defines the parsing rules for HTML documents, whether they are syntactically correct or not. Certain points in the parsing algorithm are said to be parse errors. The error handling for parse errors is well-defined (that's the processing rules described throughout this specification), but user agents, while parsing an HTML document, may abort the parser at the first parse error that they encounter for which they do not wish to apply the rules described in this specification.
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Listed parse errors do not properly change states to the data state when an error occurs.

### 2.1.132 [W3C-HTML51] Section 8.2.3.1 The insertion mode

V0304: There is no check of `last`, and no switch to the "in head" insertion mode

The specification states:

#### 8.2.3.1 The insertion mode

The insertion mode is a state variable that controls the primary operation of the tree construction stage.

...

When the steps below require the UA to reset the insertion mode appropriately, it means the user agent must follow these steps:

...

... If `node` is a head element and `last` is false, then switch the insertion mode to "in head" and abort these steps.

#### **EdgeHTML Mode**

There is no check of `last`, and no switch to the "in head" insertion mode.

### 2.1.133 [W3C-HTML51] Section 8.2.3.2 The stack of open elements

V0305: Non-HTML namespace nested elements do not close table elements of the HTML namespace

The specification states:

#### 8.2.3.2 The stack of open elements

...

The stack of open elements is said to have a particular element in table scope when it has that element in the specific scope consisting of the following element types:

- `html` in the HTML namespace
- `table` in the HTML namespace
- `template` in the HTML namespace

#### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Non-HTML namespace nested elements do not close `table` elements of the HTML namespace.

### 2.1.134 [W3C-HTML51] Section 8.2.4.38 Attribute value (double-quoted) state

V0306: NULL character U+0000 does not produce a parse error prior to changing the character to the replacement character U+FFFD

The specification states:

#### 8.2.4.38 Attribute value (double-quoted) state

Consume the next input character:

...

U+0000 NULL

Parse error. Append a U+FFFD REPLACEMENT CHARACTER character to the current attribute's value.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

NULL character U+0000 does not produce a parse error prior to changing the character to the replacement character U+FFFD.

#### **2.1.135 [W3C-HTML51] Section 8.2.4.39 Attribute value (single-quoted) state**

V0307: NULL character U+0000 does not produce a parse error prior to changing the character to the replacement character U+FFFD

The specification states:

8.2.4.39 Attribute value (single-quoted) state

Consume the next input character:

...  
U+0000 NULL

Parse error. Append a U+FFFD REPLACEMENT CHARACTER character to the current attribute's value.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

NULL character U+0000 does not produce a parse error prior to changing the character to the replacement character U+FFFD.

#### **2.1.136 [W3C-HTML51] Section 8.2.4.45 Markup declaration open state**

V0308: A non-HTML namespace CDATA section is not consumed properly and does not switch state

The specification states:

8.2.4.45 Markup declaration open state

...  
Otherwise, if there is an adjusted current node and it is not an element in the HTML namespace and the next seven characters are a case-sensitive match for the string "[CDATA[" (the five uppercase letters "CDATA" with a U+005B LEFT SQUARE BRACKET character before and after), then consume those characters and switch to the CDATA section state.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

A non-HTML namespace CDATA section is not consumed properly and does not switch state.

#### **2.1.137 [W3C-HTML51] Section 8.2.5 Tree construction**

V0310: MathML is not supported

The specification states:

8.2.5 Tree construction  
...

A node is a MathML text integration point if it is one of the following elements:

- An `mi` element in the MathML namespace
- An `mo` element in the MathML namespace
- An `mn` element in the MathML namespace
- An `ms` element in the MathML namespace
- An `mtext` element in the MathML namespace

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

MathML is not supported.

## **2.1.138 [W3C-HTML51] Section 8.2.5.3 Closing elements that have implied end tags**

V0311: The `rb` and `rtc` elements are not supported and do not cause implied end tags to be generated

The specification states:

### 8.2.5.3 Closing elements that have implied end tags

When the steps below require the user agent to generate implied end tags, then, while the current node is a `dd` element, a `dt` element, an `li` element, an `option` element, an `optgroup` element, a `p` element, an `rb` element, an `rp` element, an `rt` element, or an `rtc` element, the user agent must pop the current node off the stack of open elements.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `rb` and `rtc` elements are not supported and do not cause implied end tags to be generated.

## **2.1.139 [W3C-HTML51] Section 8.2.5.4.7 The "in body" insertion mode**

V0312: `node` is not removed from the list of active formatting elements

The specification states:

### 8.2.5.4.7 The "in body" insertion mode

...

The adoption agency algorithm, which takes as its only argument a tag name subject for which the algorithm is being run, consists of the following steps:

...

13. Let `node` and `last node` be furthest block. Follow these steps:  
...
5. If inner loop counter is greater than three and `node` is in the list of active formatting elements, then remove `node` from the list of active formatting elements.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

`node` is not removed from the list of active formatting elements.

### 2.1.140 [W3C-HTML51] Section 8.2.5.4.9 The "in table" insertion mode

V0313: An input element within a table does not acknowledge the token's self-closing flag for the input element

The specification states:

#### 8.2.5.4.9 The "in table" insertion mode

When the user agent is to apply the rules for the "in table" insertion mode, the user agent must handle the token as follows:

...

A start tag whose tag name is "input"

If the token does not have an attribute with the name "type", or if it does, but that attribute's value is not an ASCII case-insensitive match for the string "hidden", then: act as described in the "anything else" entry below.

Otherwise:

Parse error.

Insert an HTML element for the token.

Pop that input element off the stack of open elements.

Acknowledge the token's self-closing flag, if it is set.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

An `input` element within a table does not acknowledge the token's self-closing flag for the `input` element.

### 2.1.141 [W3C-HTML51] Section 8.2.5.4.11 The "in caption" insertion mode

V0314: Tags in a caption tag do not properly pop elements off the stack, clear the active formatting elements, or switch to "in table" insertion mode

The specification states:

#### 8.2.5.4.11 The "in caption" insertion mode

When the user agent is to apply the rules for the "in caption" insertion mode, the user agent must handle the token as follows:

...

A start tag whose tag name is one of: "caption", "col", "colgroup", "tbody", "td", "tfoot", "th", "thead", "tr"

An end tag whose tag name is "table"

...

Otherwise

...

Pop elements from this stack until a caption element has been popped from the stack.

Clear the list of active formatting elements up to the last marker.

Switch the insertion mode to "in table".

Reprocess the token.

## **EdgeHTML Mode**

The start tags `caption`, `col`, `colgroup`, `tbody`, `td`, `tfoot`, `th`, `thead`, `tr` and the end tag `table` when nested within an open `caption` tag do not properly pop elements off the stack, clear the active formatting elements, or switch to "in table" insertion mode.

### **2.1.142 [W3C-HTML51] Section 8.2.5.4.17 The "in select in table" insertion mode**

V0315: End tags within a select tag within a table are not processed correctly and are ignored

The specification states:

8.2.5.4.17 The "in select in table" insertion mode

When the user agent is to apply the rules for the "in select in table" insertion mode, the user agent must handle the token as follows:

...

An end tag whose tag name is one of: "caption", "table", "tbody", "tfoot", "thead", "tr", "td", "th"

Parse error.

If the stack of open elements does not have an element in table scope that is an HTML element and with the same tag name as that of the token, then ignore the token.

Otherwise:

Pop elements from the stack of open elements until a select element has been popped from the stack.

Reset the insertion mode appropriately.

Reprocess the token.

## **EdgeHTML Mode**

End tags `caption`, `table`, `tbody`, `tfoot`, `thead`, `tr`, `td` and `th` within a `select` tag within a table are not processed correctly and are ignored.

### **2.1.143 [W3C-HTML51] Section 8.2.5.5 The rules for parsing tokens in foreign content**

V0317: A U+0000 NULL character does not generate a parse error

The specification states:

8.2.5.5 The rules for parsing tokens in foreign content

When the user agent is to apply the rules for parsing tokens in foreign content, the user agent must handle the token as follows:

A character token that is U+0000 NULL

Parse error. Insert a U+FFFD REPLACEMENT CHARACTER character.

## **EdgeHTML Mode**

A U+0000 NULL character does not generate a parse error.

## 2.1.144 [W3C-HTML51] Section 10.3.1 Hidden elements

V0318: The area, base, basefont, link, param, rp, source, template, and track elements do not set a default style of display: none

The specification states:

```
10.3.1 Hidden elements
...
[hidden], area, base, basefont, datalist, head, link, ... meta,
noembed, noframes, param, rp, script, source, style, template, track, title {
 display: none;
}
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The area, base, basefont, link, param, rp, source, template, and track elements do not set a default style of display: none.

V0319: The default style of the noframes element is set to display: block, not display: none

The specification states:

```
10.3.1 Hidden elements
...
[hidden], area, base, basefont, datalist, head, link, ... meta,
noembed, noframes, param, rp, script, source, style, template, track, title {
 display: none;
}
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The default style of the noframes element is set to display: block, not display: none.

V0320: The embed element when hidden does not set the default styles

The specification states:

```
10.3.1 Hidden elements
...
embed[hidden] { display: inline; height: 0; width: 0; }
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The embed element when hidden does not set the default styles. (It only hides the element.)

## 2.1.145 [W3C-HTML51] Section 10.3.3 Flow content

V0321: The legend element is not set to display: block

The specification states:

```
10.3.3 Flow content
...
address, blockquote, center, div, figure, figcaption, footer, form, header, hr,
legend, listing, p, plaintext, pre, ..., xmp {
 display: block;
}
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The legend element is not set to display: block.

V0322: The listing, plaintext, and xmp elements do not set top or bottom margins in the default styles

The specification states:

```
10.3.3 Flow content
...
blockquote, figure, listing, p, plaintext, pre, xmp {
 margin-top: 1em; margin-bottom: 1em;
}
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The listing, plaintext, and xmp elements do not set top or bottom margins in the default styles.

V0323: The listing, plaintext, pre, and xmp elements do not set the font-family property to monospace

The specification states:

```
10.3.3 Flow content
...
listing, plaintext, pre, xmp {
 font-family: monospace; white-space: pre;
}
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The listing, plaintext, pre, and xmp elements do not set the font-family property to monospace.

V0324: The pre element, when the wrap attribute is specified, does not set the white-space property to pre-wrap

The specification states:

```
10.3.3 Flow content
...
```

```
pre[wrap] { white-space: pre-wrap; }
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `pre` element, when the `wrap` attribute is specified, does not set the `white-space` property to `pre-wrap`.

## **2.1.146 [W3C-HTML51] Section 10.3.4 Phrasing content**

V0325: The `b` and `strong` elements set `font-weight: bold` instead of `font-weight: bolder`

The specification states:

```
10.3.4 Phrasing content
...
b, strong { font-weight: bolder; }
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `b` and `strong` elements set `font-weight: bold` instead of `font-weight: bolder`.

V0326: The `big` element does not set `font-size: larger` in the default styles

The specification states:

```
10.3.4 Phrasing content
...
big { font-size: larger; }
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `big` element does not set `font-size: larger` in the default styles.

V0327: The elements `small`, `sub`, and `sup` do not set `font-size: smaller` in the default styles

The specification states:

```
10.3.4 Phrasing content
...
small { font-size: smaller; }
...
sub, sup { line-height: normal; font-size: smaller; }
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The elements `small`, `sub`, and `sup` do not set `font-size: smaller` in the default styles.

V0328: The elements `sub` and `sup` do not set `line-height` in the default styles

The specification states:

```
10.3.4 Phrasing content
...
sub, sup { line-height: normal; font-size: smaller; }
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The elements `sub` and `sup` do not set `line-height` in the default styles.

V0329: The `rt` element does not set `white-space`, `font-variant-east-asian`, and `text-emphasis` in the default styles

The specification states:

```
10.3.4 Phrasing content
...
rt {
 display: ruby-text;
 white-space: nowrap;
 font-size: 50%;
 font-variant-east-asian: ruby;
 text-emphasis: none;
}
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `rt` element does not set `white-space`, `font-variant-east-asian`, and `text-emphasis` in the default styles.

V0330: The `ruby`, `rb`, `rt`, `rbc`, and `rtc` elements do not set `unicode-bidi: isolate` in the default styles

The specification states:

```
10.3.4 Phrasing content
...
ruby, rb, rt, rbc, rtc { unicode-bidi: isolate; }
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `ruby`, `rb`, `rt`, `rbc`, and `rtc` elements do not set `unicode-bidi: isolate` in the default styles.

V0331: Styles are not set for the `:link` and `:visited` states in the default styles

The specification states:

```
10.3.4 Phrasing content
...
:link { color: #0000EE; }
:visited { color: #551A8B; }
...
:link, :visited { text-decoration: underline; ... }
a:link[rel~=help], a:visited[rel~=help],
```

```
area:link[rel~=help], area:visited[rel~=help] { cursor: help; }
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The following styles are not set for the `:link` and `:visited` states in the default styles:

```
:link { color: #0000EE; }
:visited { color: #551A8B; }
:link, :visited { text-decoration: underline; ... }
a:link[rel~=help], a:visited[rel~=help],
area:link[rel~=help], area:visited[rel~=help] { cursor: help; }
```

V0332: The `abbr` and `acronym` elements do not set `text-decoration: dotted underline` default styles

The specification states:

```
10.3.4 Phrasing content
...
abbr[title], acronym[title] { text-decoration: dotted underline; }
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `abbr` and `acronym` elements do not set `text-decoration: dotted underline` in default styles.

V0333: The `blink` element does not have a defined default style

The specification states:

```
10.3.4 Phrasing content
...
blink { text-decoration: blink; }
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `blink` element does not have a defined default style.

V0334: The `br`, `nobr`, and `wbr` elements do not set any default styles

The specification states:

```
10.3.4 Phrasing content
...
br { content: '\A'; white-space: pre; }
nobr { white-space: nowrap; }
wbr { content: '\200B'; }
nobr wbr { white-space: normal; }
...
br[clear=left i] { clear: left; }
br[clear=right i] { clear: right; }
```

```
br[clear=all i], br[clear=both i] { clear: both; }
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `br`, `nobr`, and `wbr` elements do not set any default styles.

V0335: The size attribute of the font element sets the font-size property to the wrong value

The specification states:

#### 10.3.4 Phrasing content

...  
When a font element has a size attribute, the user agent is expected to use the following steps, known as the rules for parsing a legacy font size, to treat the attribute as a presentational hint setting the element's 'font-size' property:

- ...  
12. Set 'font-size' to the keyword corresponding to the value of value according to the following table:

| value | 'font-size' keyword | notes     |
|-------|---------------------|-----------|
| 1     | x-small             |           |
| 2     | small               |           |
| 3     | medium              |           |
| 4     | large               |           |
| 5     | x-large             |           |
| 6     | xx-large            |           |
| 7     | xxx-large           | see below |

The 'xxx-large' value is a non-CSS value used here to indicate a font size 50% larger than 'xx-large'.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The size attribute of the font element sets the font-size property to the wrong value:

| value | 'font-size' keyword | notes |
|-------|---------------------|-------|
| 1     | xx-small            |       |
| 2     | x-small             |       |
| 3     | small               |       |
| 4     | medium              |       |
| 5     | large               |       |
| 6     | x-large             |       |
| 7     | xx-large            |       |

## **2.1.147 [W3C-HTML51] Section 10.3.5 Bidirectional text**

V0426: All bidirectional text default styles are set incorrectly

The specification states:

```
10.3.5 Bidirectional text
...
[dir]:dir(ltr), bdi:dir(ltr), input[type=tel i]:dir(ltr) { direction: ltr; }
[dir]:dir rtl), bdi:dir rtl) { direction: rtl; }

address, blockquote, center, div, figure, figcaption, footer, form, header, hr,
legend, listing, main, p, plaintext, pre, summary, xmp, article, aside, h1, h2,
h3, h4, h5, h6, nav, section, table, caption, colgroup, col, thead,
tbody, tfoot, tr, td, th, dir, dd, dl, dt, menu, ol, ul, li, bdi, output,
[dir=ltr i], [dir=rtl i], [dir=auto i] {
 unicode-bidi: isolate;
}

bdo, bdo[dir] { unicode-bidi: isolate-override; }

input[dir=auto i]:matches([type=search i], [type=tel i], [type=url i],
[type=email i]), textarea[dir=auto i], pre[dir=auto i] {
 unicode-bidi: plaintext;
}
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

All bidirectional text default styles are set incorrectly. The CSS `:dir` selector is not supported and `unicode-bidi` values `isolate`, `isolate-override`, and `plaintext` are not supported.

## **2.1.148 [W3C-HTML51] Section 10.3.6 Quotes**

V0337: No quote values are defined in the default styles

The specification states:

```
10.3.6 Quotes
...
User agents are expected to use either the block below (which will be regularly
updated) or to automatically generate their own copy directly from the source
material. ...
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

No quote values are defined in the default styles.

## **2.1.149 [W3C-HTML51] Section 10.3.7 Sections and headings**

V0427: No nesting rules for sections and headings are defined

The specification states:

```
10.3.7 Sections and headings
...
article, aside, h1, h2, h3, h4, h5, h6, nav, section {
 display: block;
}

h1 { margin-top: 0.67em; margin-bottom: 0.67em; font-size: 2.00em; font-weight: bold;
```

```

}
h2 { margin-top: 0.83em; margin-bottom: 0.83em; font-size: 1.50em; font-weight: bold;
}
h3 { margin-top: 1.00em; margin-bottom: 1.00em; font-size: 1.17em; font-weight: bold;
}
h4 { margin-top: 1.33em; margin-bottom: 1.33em; font-size: 1.00em; font-weight: bold;
}
h5 { margin-top: 1.67em; margin-bottom: 1.67em; font-size: 0.83em; font-weight: bold;
}
h6 { margin-top: 2.33em; margin-bottom: 2.33em; font-size: 0.67em; font-weight: bold;
}

```

In the following CSS block, x is shorthand for the following selector:  
:matches(article, aside, nav, section)

```

...
x h1 { margin-top: 0.83em; margin-bottom: 0.83em; font-size: 1.50em; }
x x h1 { margin-top: 1.00em; margin-bottom: 1.00em; font-size: 1.17em; }
x x x h1 { margin-top: 1.33em; margin-bottom: 1.33em; font-size: 1.00em; }
x x x x h1 { margin-top: 1.67em; margin-bottom: 1.67em; font-size: 0.83em; }
x x x x x h1 { margin-top: 2.33em; margin-bottom: 2.33em; font-size: 0.67em; }

```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

No nesting rules for sections and headings are defined.

#### **2.1.150 [W3C-HTML51] Section 10.3.8 Lists**

V0339: The dd element does not properly account for direction for default style margin settings

The specification states:

```

10.3.8 Lists
...
dd { margin-left: 40px; } /* LTR-specific: use 'margin-right' for rtl elements */

```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The dd element does not properly account for direction for default style margin settings.

V0341: The elements ol and li do support the default styles for an attribute value of type=A, upper-alpha

The specification states:

```

10.3.8 Lists
...
ol[type=A], li[type=A] { list-style-type: upper-alpha; }

```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The elements ol and li do not support the default styles for an attribute value of type=A, upper-alpha.

V0428: The dl element does not set margins within the default styles

The specification states:

```
10.3.8 Lists
...
dir, dl, ol, ul { margin-top: 1em; margin-bottom: 1em; }

:matches(dir, dl, menu, ol, ul) :matches(dir, dl, menu, ol, ul) {
 margin-top: 0; margin-bottom: 0;
}
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The dl element does not set margins within the default styles.

## **2.1.151 [W3C-HTML51] Section 10.3.9 Tables**

V0342: The table element does not set the text-indent: initial default style

The specification states:

```
10.3.9 Tables
...
table {
 box-sizing: border-box;
 border-spacing: 2px;
 border-collapse: separate;
 text-indent: initial;
}
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The table element does not set the text-indent: initial default style.

V0343: The table, td, and th elements do not set the correct border colors in the default styles

The specification states:

```
10.3.9 Tables
...
table, td, th { border-color: gray; }
thead, tbody, tfoot, tr { border-color: inherit; }
table[rules=none i], table[rules=groups i], table[rules=rows i],
table[rules=cols i], table[rules=all i], table[frame=void i],
table[frame=above i], table[frame=below i], table[frame=hsides i],
table[frame=lhs i], table[frame=rhs i], table[frame=vsides i],
table[frame=box i], table[frame=border i],
table[rules=none i] > tr > td, table[rules=none i] > tr > th,
table[rules=groups i] > tr > td, table[rules=groups i] > tr > th,
table[rules=rows i] > tr > td, table[rules=rows i] > tr > th,
table[rules=cols i] > tr > td, table[rules=cols i] > tr > th,
table[rules=all i] > tr > td, table[rules=all i] > tr > th,
table[rules=none i] > thead > tr > td, table[rules=none i] > thead > tr > th,
table[rules=groups i] > thead > tr > td, table[rules=groups i] > thead > tr > th,
table[rules=rows i] > thead > tr > td, table[rules=rows i] > thead > tr > th,
table[rules=cols i] > thead > tr > td, table[rules=cols i] > thead > tr > th,
```

```

table[rules=all i] > thead > tr > td, table[rules=all i] > thead > tr > th,
table[rules=none i] > tbody > tr > td, table[rules=none i] > tbody > tr > th,
table[rules=groups i] > tbody > tr > td, table[rules=groups i] > tbody > tr > th,
table[rules=rows i] > tbody > tr > td, table[rules=rows i] > tbody > tr > th,
table[rules=cols i] > tbody > tr > td, table[rules=cols i] > tbody > tr > th,
table[rules=all i] > tbody > tr > td, table[rules=all i] > tbody > tr > th,
table[rules=none i] > tfoot > tr > td, table[rules=none i] > tfoot > tr > th,
table[rules=groups i] > tfoot > tr > td, table[rules=groups i] > tfoot > tr > th,
table[rules=rows i] > tfoot > tr > td, table[rules=rows i] > tfoot > tr > th,
table[rules=cols i] > tfoot > tr > td, table[rules=cols i] > tfoot > tr > th,
table[rules=all i] > tfoot > tr > td, table[rules=all i] > tfoot > tr > th {
 border-color: black;
}

```

## EdgeHTML Mode

The table, td, and th elements do not set the border colors in the default styles. Any border colors that are set are defaulted to gray.

V0345: The default styles for the table element's frame and rules attributes are not properly defined

The specification states:

### 10.3.9 Tables

```

...
table[rules=none i], table[rules=groups i], table[rules=rows i],
table[rules=cols i], table[rules=all i] {
 border-style: hidden;
 border-collapse: collapse;
}
table[border] { border-style: outset; } /* only if border is not equivalent to zero */
table[frame=void i] { border-style: hidden; }
table[frame=above i] { border-style: outset hidden hidden hidden; }
table[frame=below i] { border-style: hidden hidden outset hidden; }
table[frame=hsides i] { border-style: outset hidden outset hidden; }
table[frame=lhs i] { border-style: hidden hidden hidden outset; }
table[frame=rhs i] { border-style: hidden outset hidden hidden; }
table[frame=vsides i] { border-style: hidden outset; }
table[frame=box i], table[frame=border i] { border-style: outset; }

table[border] > tr > td, table[border] > tr > th,
table[border] > thead > tr > td, table[border] > thead > tr > th,
table[border] > tbody > tr > td, table[border] > tbody > tr > th,
table[border] > tfoot > tr > td, table[border] > tfoot > tr > th {
 /* only if border is not equivalent to zero */
 border-width: 1px;
 border-style: inset;
}
table[rules=none i] > tr > td, table[rules=none i] > tr > th,
table[rules=none i] > thead > tr > td, table[rules=none i] > thead > tr > th,
table[rules=none i] > tbody > tr > td, table[rules=none i] > tbody > tr > th,
table[rules=none i] > tfoot > tr > td, table[rules=none i] > tfoot > tr > th,
table[rules=groups i] > tr > td, table[rules=groups i] > tr > th,
table[rules=groups i] > thead > tr > td, table[rules=groups i] > thead > tr > th,
table[rules=groups i] > tbody > tr > td, table[rules=groups i] > tbody > tr > th,
table[rules=groups i] > tfoot > tr > td, table[rules=groups i] > tfoot > tr > th,
table[rules=rows i] > tr > td, table[rules=rows i] > tr > th,
table[rules=rows i] > thead > tr > td, table[rules=rows i] > thead > tr > th,
table[rules=rows i] > tbody > tr > td, table[rules=rows i] > tbody > tr > th,
table[rules=rows i] > tfoot > tr > td, table[rules=rows i] > tfoot > tr > th {
 border-width: 1px;
 border-style: none;
}
table[rules=cols i] > tr > td, table[rules=cols i] > tr > th,

```

```

table[rules=cols i] > thead > tr > td, table[rules=cols i] > thead > tr > th,
table[rules=cols i] > tbody > tr > td, table[rules=cols i] > tbody > tr > th,
table[rules=cols i] > tfoot > tr > td, table[rules=cols i] > tfoot > tr > th {
 border-width: 1px;
 border-style: none solid;
}
}
table[rules=all i] > tr > td, table[rules=all i] > tr > th,
table[rules=all i] > thead > tr > td, table[rules=all i] > thead > tr > th,
table[rules=all i] > tbody > tr > td, table[rules=all i] > tbody > tr > th,
table[rules=all i] > tfoot > tr > td, table[rules=all i] > tfoot > tr > th {
 border-width: 1px;
 border-style: solid;
}
}

table[rules=groups i] > colgroup {
 border-left-width: 1px;
 border-left-style: solid;
 border-right-width: 1px;
 border-right-style: solid;
}
}
table[rules=groups i] > thead,
table[rules=groups i] > tbody,
table[rules=groups i] > tfoot {
 border-top-width: 1px;
 border-top-style: solid;
 border-bottom-width: 1px;
 border-bottom-style: solid;
}
}

table[rules=rows i] > tr, table[rules=rows i] > thead > tr,
table[rules=rows i] > tbody > tr, table[rules=rows i] > tfoot > tr {
 border-top-width: 1px;
 border-top-style: solid;
 border-bottom-width: 1px;
 border-bottom-style: solid;
}
}

```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The default styles for the `table` element's `frame` and `rules` attributes are not properly defined because the case-insensitive matching within the CSS attribute selector is not supported.

V0353: When the `align` attribute is set, the default styles do not set the margin properties

The specification states:

```

10.3.9 Tables
...
table[align=center i] { margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto; }

10.3.12 The hr element
...
hr[align=left] { margin-left: 0; margin-right: auto; }
hr[align=right] { margin-left: auto; margin-right: 0; }
hr[align=center] { margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto; }

```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

When the `align` attribute is set, the default styles do not set the margin properties.

V0429: Background images on table elements are aligned based on the table element, not relative to their respectively applied element

The specification states:

```
10.3.9 Tables
...
When a table, thead, tbody, tfoot, tr, td, or th element has a background attribute set to a non-empty value, the new value is expected to be parsed relative to the element's node document, and if this is successful, the user agent is expected to treat the attribute as a presentational hint setting the element's background-image property to the resulting URL string.
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Background images on `table` elements are aligned based on the `table` element, not relative to their respectively applied element.

## **2.1.152 [W3C-HTML51] Section 10.3.11 Form controls**

V0349: The `input`, `select`, `option`, `optgroup`, `button`, `textarea` and `keygen` elements do not set `text-indent: initial` in default styles

The specification states:

```
10.3.11 Form controls
...
input, select, option, optgroup, button, textarea, keygen {
 text-indent: initial;
}
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `input`, `select`, `option`, `optgroup`, `button`, `textarea`, and `keygen` elements do not set `text-indent: initial` in default styles.

V0430: All input controls are set to `box-sizing: border-box`

The specification states:

```
10.3.11 Form controls
...
input:matches([type=radio i], [type=checkbox i], [type=reset i], [type=button i],
[type=submit i], [type=search i]), select, button {
 box-sizing: border-box;
}
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

All input controls, not just the `radio`, `checkbox`, `reset`, `button`, and `submit` controls, are set to `box-sizing: border-box`.

### 2.1.153 [W3C-HTML51] Section 10.3.12 The hr element

V0352: The color property for the hr element is not set to gray in the default styles

The specification states:

```
10.3.12 The hr element
...
hr { color: gray; border-style: inset; border-width: 1px; margin: 0.5em auto; }
```

#### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The color property for the hr element is not set to gray in the default styles. Instead the color used is `rgb(0, 0, 0)`, which is equivalent to black.

V0353: When the align attribute is set, the default styles do not set the margin properties

The specification states:

```
10.3.9 Tables
...
table[align=center i] { margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto; }

10.3.12 The hr element
...
hr[align=left] { margin-left: 0; margin-right: auto; }
hr[align=right] { margin-left: auto; margin-right: 0; }
hr[align=center] { margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto; }
```

#### **EdgeHTML Mode**

When the align attribute is set, the default styles do not set the margin properties.

### 2.1.154 [W3C-HTML51] Section 10.3.13 The fieldset and legend elements

V0354: The fieldset element does not set the padding values or the border styles correctly in the default styles

The specification states:

```
10.3.13 The fieldset and legend elements
...
fieldset {
 ...
 margin-left: 2px; margin-right: 2px;
 border: groove 2px ThreeDFace;
 padding: 0.35em 0.625em 0.75em;
 ...
}
```

#### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The fieldset element does not set the padding values or the border styles correctly in the default styles; instead it uses the value `groove 2px gray`.

### 2.1.155 [W3C-HTML51] Section 10.4.1 Embedded content

V0355: No default styles are applied to the video element

The specification states:

```
10.4.1 Embedded content
...
The following CSS rules are expected to apply:
...
video { object-fit: contain; }
```

#### **EdgeHTML Mode**

No default styles are applied to the `video` element.

### 2.1.156 [W3C-HTML51] Section 10.4.2 Images

V0357: When the image does not load, the input element of `type=image` does not render as a button

The specification states:

```
10.4.2 Images
...
User agents are expected to render img elements and input elements whose type
attributes are in the Image Button state, according to the first applicable rules
from the following list:
...
If the element is an input element that does not represent an image and the user
agent does not expect this to change

The user agent is expected to treat the element as a replaced element
consisting of a button whose content is the element's alternative text. The
intrinsic dimensions of the button are expected to be about one line in
height and whatever width is necessary to render the text on one line.
```

#### **EdgeHTML Mode**

When the image does not load, the `input` element of `type=image` does not render as a button.

### 2.1.157 [W3C-HTML51] Section 10.4.3 Attributes for embedded content and images

V0358: Default styles are not defined for `align` attributes on replaced elements

The specification states:

```
10.4.3 Attributes for embedded content and images
...
iframe[frameborder=0], iframe[frameborder=no i] { border: none; }

applet[align=left i], embed[align=left i], iframe[align=left i],
img[align=left i], input[type=image i][align=left i], object[align=left i] {
```

```

 float: left;
}

applet[align=right i], embed[align=right i], iframe[align=right i],
img[align=right i], input[type=image i][align=right i], object[align=right i] {
 float: right;
}

applet[align=top i], embed[align=top i], iframe[align=top i],
img[align=top i], input[type=image i][align=top i], object[align=top i] {
 vertical-align: top;
}

applet[align=baseline i], embed[align=baseline i], iframe[align=baseline i],
img[align=baseline i], input[type=image i][align=baseline i], object[align=baseline
i] {
 vertical-align: baseline;
}

applet[align=texttop i], embed[align=texttop i], iframe[align=texttop i],
img[align=texttop i], input[type=image i][align=texttop i], object[align=texttop i] {
 vertical-align: text-top;
}

applet[align=absmiddle i], embed[align=absmiddle i], iframe[align=absmiddle i],
img[align=absmiddle i], input[type=image i][align=absmiddle i],
object[align=absmiddle i],
applet[align=abscenter i], embed[align=abscenter i], iframe[align=abscenter i],
img[align=abscenter i], input[type=image i][align=abscenter i],
object[align=abscenter i] {
 vertical-align: middle;
}

applet[align=bottom i], embed[align=bottom i], iframe[align=bottom i],
img[align=bottom i], input[type=image i][align=bottom i],
object[align=bottom i] {
 vertical-align: bottom;
}

```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Default styles are not defined for `align` attributes on replaced elements.

## **2.1.158 [W3C-HTML51] Section 10.4.4 Image maps**

V0359: A CSS cursor value set on the area element does not override settings on the `img` or `object` elements

The specification states:

### 10.4.4 Image maps

Shapes on an image map are expected to act, for the purpose of the CSS cascade, as elements independent of the original area element that happen to match the same style rules but inherit from the `img` or `object` element.

For the purposes of the rendering, only the 'cursor' property is expected to have any effect on the shape.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

A CSS `cursor` value set on the `area` element does not override settings on the `img` or `object` elements.

## 2.1.159 [W3C-HTML51] Section 10.5.3 The details element

V0399: The details element is not supported

The specification states:

### 4.11.1 The details element

The details element represents a disclosure widget from which the user can obtain additional information or controls.

### 10.5.3 The details element

When the details binding applies to a details element, the element is expected to render as a block box with its `padding-left` property set to "40px" for left-to-right elements (LTR-specific) and with its `padding-right` property set to "40px" for right-to-left elements. ...

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The details element is not supported.

## 2.1.160 [W3C-HTML51] Section 10.5.16 The keygen element

V0183: The keygen element is not supported

The specification states:

### 4.10.12 The keygen element

...  
The keygen element represents a key pair generator control. When the control's form is submitted, the private key is stored in the local keystore, and the public key is packaged and sent to the server.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The keygen element is not supported.

## 2.1.161 [W3C-HTML51] Section 11.3.4.1 Parsing cache manifests

V0263: The settings parse mode is not supported

The specification states:

### ... Parsing cache manifests

...  
When a user agent is to parse a manifest, it means that the user agent must run the following steps:  
...

```
... Process tokens as follows:
...
If mode is "settings"
 If tokens contains a single token, and that token is a case-sensitive
 match for the string "prefer-online", then set cache mode flag to
 prefer-online and jump back to the step labeled start of line.

Otherwise, the line is an unsupported setting: do nothing; the line
is ignored.
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `settings` parse mode is not supported.

## **2.1.162 [W3C-HTML51] Section 11.3.5 Other elements, attributes and APIs**

V0365: The `noHref` attribute of the `area` element incorrectly returns -1 when set to `true`

The specification states:

```
... Other elements, attributes and APIs
...
The noHref IDL attribute of the area element must reflect the element's nohref
content attribute.
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `noHref` attribute of the `area` element incorrectly returns -1 when set to `true`.

V0366: The `align` attribute of the `embed` element is not supported

The specification states:

```
... Other elements, attributes and APIs
...
The name and align IDL attributes of the embed element must reflect the respective
content attributes of the same name.
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `align` attribute of the `embed` element is not supported.

V0368: The `align` attribute of the `input` element does not return the value specified

The specification states:

```
... Other elements, attributes and APIs
...
The align IDL attribute of the input element must reflect the content attribute of
the same name.
```

## **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `align` attribute of the `input` element does not return the value specified.

## **2.2 Clarifications**

The following subsections describe clarifications of the MAY and SHOULD requirements of [\[W3C-HTML51\]](#).

### **2.2.1 [W3C-HTML51] Section 2.2.1 Conformance classes**

C0001: The developer tools preserve the conformance errors and indicate errors either with a message in a console window or with a red underline for the specific error

The specification states:

```
2.2.1 Conformance classes
...
 Authoring tools and markup generators
 ...
 When an authoring tool is used to edit a non-conforming document, it may preserve
 the conformance errors in sections of the document that were not edited during
 the editing session (i.e. an editing tool is allowed to round-trip erroneous
 content). However, an authoring tool must not claim that the output is conformant
 if errors have been so preserved.
```

## **EdgeHTML Mode**

The developer tools preserve the conformance errors and indicate errors either with a message in a console window or with a red underline for the specific error.

C0002: Many platform restrictions are in place to prevent denial of service attacks

The specification states:

```
2.2.1 Conformance classes
...
 User agents may impose implementation-specific limits on otherwise unconstrained
 inputs, e.g. to prevent denial of service attacks, to guard against running out of
 memory, or to work around platform-specific limitations.
```

## **EdgeHTML Mode**

Many platform restrictions are in place to prevent denial of service attacks.

### **2.2.2 [W3C-HTML51] Section 2.2.2 Dependencies**

C0003: The WebVTT specification is a supported text track format for media resources

The specification states:

```
2.2.2 Dependencies
```

...  
WebVTT  
Implementations may support WebVTT as a text track format for subtitles,  
captions, chapter titles, metadata, etc, for media resources. [WEBVTT]

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The WebVTT specification is a supported text track format for media resources.

## **2.2.3 [W3C-HTML51] Section 2.6.3 Encrypted HTTP and related security concerns**

C0004: There is no warning if the user visits a page that uses less secure encryption than it did on a prior visit by that user

The specification states:

2.6.3 Encrypted HTTP and related security concerns  
...  
User agents should warn the user that there is a potential problem whenever the user visits a page that the user has previously visited, if the page uses less secure encryption on the second visit.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

There is no warning if the user visits a page that uses less secure encryption than it did on a prior visit by that user.

## **2.2.4 [W3C-HTML51] Section 3.2.5.2 The title attribute**

C0006: There is no indicator for elements that have a title attribute set

The specification states:

3.2.5.2 The title attribute  
...  
User agents should inform the user when elements have advisory information, otherwise the information would not be discoverable.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

There is no indicator for elements that have a title attribute set.

## **2.2.5 [W3C-HTML51] Section 3.2.5.3 The lang and xml:lang attributes**

C0007: The lang attribute is used to determine which fonts and quotes to use

The specification states:

3.2.5.3 The lang and xml:lang attributes  
...

User agents may use the element's language to determine proper processing or rendering (e.g. in the selection of appropriate fonts or pronunciations, for dictionary selection, or for the user interfaces of form controls such as date pickers).

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `lang` attribute is used to determine which fonts and quotes to use within a document.

## **2.2.6 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.2.4 The link element**

C0008: There is no direct way for the user to access the hyperlinks created by the link element

The specification states:

4.2.4 The link element

...

Interactive user agents may provide users with a means to follow the hyperlinks created using the link element, somewhere within their user interface. ...

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

There is no direct way for the user to access the hyperlinks created by the `link` element. However, there is programmatic access to the information through the `link` element itself.

C0009: Resources are obtained as needed unless a prefetch flag is set

The specification states:

4.2.4 The link element

...

User agents may opt to only try to obtain such resources when they are needed, instead of pro-actively fetching all the external resources that are not applied.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Resources are obtained as needed. Proactive fetching occurs only when a specific `prefetch` flag is set.

C0010: When necessary the image sniffing rules are used to determine the official type

The specification states:

4.2.4 The link element

...

... Otherwise, if the resource is expected to be an image, user agents may apply the image sniffing rules, with the official type being the type determined from the resource's Content-Type metadata, and use the resulting ... type of the resource as if it was the actual type. ...

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

When necessary the image sniffing rules are used to determine the official type.

### 2.2.7 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.2.5.1 Standard metadata names

C0085: The text "This site says..." is used for UI in cases of page-created dialogs

The specification states:

```
4.2.5.1 Standard metadata names
...
application-name
...
User agents may use the application name in UI in preference to the page's title,
since the title might include status messages and the like relevant to the status
of the page at a particular moment in time instead of just being the name of the
application.
```

#### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The text "This site says..." is used for UI in cases of page-created dialogs.

### 2.2.8 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.2.5.3 Pragma directives

C0012: There is no visual representation of timers or redirects, but there are indicators for link destinations

The specification states:

```
4.2.5.3 Pragma directives
...
Refresh state (http-equiv="refresh")

This pragma acts as timed redirect.
...
... Perform one or more of the following steps:
...
In addition, the user agent may, as with anything, inform the user of any
and all aspects of its operation, including the state of any timers, the
destinations of any timed redirects, and so forth.
```

#### **EdgeHTML Mode**

There is no visual representation of timers or redirects. However, there are indicators for destinations when hovering over a link.

### 2.2.9 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.3.9 The address element

C0013: The information within an address element is displayed to the user

The specification states:

```
4.3.9 The address element
...
```

User agents may expose the contact information of a node to the user, or use it for other purposes, such as indexing sections based on the sections' contact information.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The information within an `address` element is displayed to the user.

## **2.2.10 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.4.4 The blockquote element**

C0014: There is no way for the user to follow citation links

The specification states:

4.4.4 The blockquote element

...

... User agents may allow users to follow such citation links, but they are primarily intended for private use (e.g. by server-side scripts collecting statistics about a site's use of quotations), not for readers.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

There is no way for the user to follow citation links.

## **2.2.11 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.4.7 The li element**

C0015: The maximum value of the value attribute is 2,147,483,647

The specification states:

4.4.7 The li element

...

The value attribute, if present, must be a valid integer giving the ordinal value of the list item.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The maximum value of the `value` attribute is 2,147,483,647. Any `li` element values that are larger are set to this maximum.

C0016: The minimum value of the value attribute is -2,147,483,648

The specification states:

4.4.7 The li element

...

The value attribute, if present, must be a valid integer giving the ordinal value of the list item.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The minimum value of the `value` attribute is -2,147,483,648. Any `li` element values that are smaller are set to this minimum.

## 2.2.12 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.6.3 Attributes common to `ins` and `del` elements

C0017: The `datetime` value is not shown to the user

The specification states:

```
4.6.3 Attributes common to ins and del elements
...
The datetime attribute may be used to specify the time and date of the change.
...
This value may be shown to the user, but it is primarily intended for private use.
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `datetime` value is not shown to the user.

C0018: No way is provided for the user to follow citation links

The specification states:

```
4.6.3 Attributes common to ins and del elements
...
If the cite attribute is present, it must be a valid URL potentially surrounded by
spaces that explains the change. ... User agents may allow users to follow such
citation links, but they are primarily intended for private use (e.g. by server-side
scripts collecting statistics about a site's edits), not for readers.
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

No way is provided for the user to follow citation links.

## 2.2.13 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.7.5 The `img` element

C0019: Images are obtained immediately

The specification states:

```
... The img element
...
In a browsing context where scripting is disabled, user agents may obtain images
immediately or on demand. ...
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Images are obtained immediately.

C0021: No image indicator is shown when the image is unavailable

The specification states:

```
... The img element
...
What an img element represents depends on the src attribute and the alt attribute.

If the src attribute is set and the alt attribute is set to the empty string
...
... User agents may provide the user with a notification that an image is
present but has been omitted from the rendering.
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

No image indicator is shown when the image is unavailable. If alt text is available that text will be shown.

## **2.2.14 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.7.7 The embed element**

C0022: The user is not provided an option to override the sandbox and instantiate the plugin anyway

The specification states:

```
... The embed element
...
... The user agent may offer the user the option to override the sandbox and
instantiate the plugin anyway; if the user invokes such an option, the user agent
must act as if the conditions above did not apply for the purposes of this element.
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The user is not provided an option to override the sandbox and instantiate the plugin anyway.

## **2.2.15 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.7.10 The video element**

C0023: Visual indicators provide the state of the video

The specification states:

```
... The video element
...
In addition to the above, the user agent may provide messages to the user (such as
"buffering", "no video loaded", "error", or more detailed information) by overlaying
text or icons on the video or other areas of the element's playback area, or in
another appropriate manner.
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Visual indicators provide the state of the video.

C0024: No external link is provided if the video cannot be rendered

The specification states:

... The video element  
...  
User agents that cannot render the video may instead make the element represent a link to an external video playback utility or to the video data itself.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

No external link is provided if the video cannot be rendered.

C0025: Videos can be played fullscreen

The specification states:

4.7.6 The video element  
...  
User agents may allow users to view the video content in manners more suitable to the user (e.g. fullscreen or in an independent resizable window). ...

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Videos can be played fullscreen.

C0026: Fullscreen videos show controls and ignore the controls attribute

The specification states:

... The video element  
...  
... In such an independent context, however, user agents may make full user interfaces visible ... even if the controls attribute is absent.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Fullscreen videos show controls and ignore the `controls` attribute.

C0027: Screensavers are not disabled for fullscreen videos

The specification states:

... The video element  
...  
User agents may allow video playback to affect system features that could interfere with the user's experience; for example, user agents could disable screensavers while video playback is in progress.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Screensavers are not disabled for fullscreen videos.

## 2.2.16 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.7.14.5 Loading the media resource

C0030: The preload attribute causes preloading of resources

The specification states:

```
... Loading the media resource
...
The preload attribute is intended to provide a hint to the user agent about what the
author thinks will lead to the best user experience. The attribute may be ignored
altogether, for example based on explicit user preferences or based on the available
connectivity.
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `preload` attribute causes preloading of resources.

C0031: Buffered data is discarded only if data becomes invalid

The specification states:

```
... Loading the media resource
...
User agents may discard previously buffered data.
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Buffered data is discarded only if data becomes invalid.

## 2.2.17 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.7.14.8 Playing the media resource

C0032: Pitch adjustments are made when the playback rate is not 1.0

The specification states:

```
... Playing the media resource
...
... If the effective playback rate is not 1.0, the user agent may apply pitch
adjustments to the audio as necessary to render it faithfully.
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Pitch adjustments are made when the playback rate is not 1.0.

## 2.2.18 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.7.14.11.7 Text tracks describing chapters

C0033: Chapters are not presented to the user in any way

The specification states:

```
... Text tracks describing chapters
```

Chapters are segments of a media resource with a given title. Chapters can be nested, in the same way that sections in a document outline can have subsections.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Chapters are not presented to the user in any way.

## **2.2.19 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.7.14.12 User interface**

C0034: Controls are not provided if the controls attribute is absent

The specification states:

```
... User interface
...
... may provide controls to affect playback of the media resource ..., but such
features should not interfere with the page's normal rendering. ...
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Controls are not provided if the `controls` attribute is absent.

C0035: The volume level and mute setting are not retained between navigations

The specification states:

```
... User interface
...
A media element has a playback volume, which is a fraction in the range 0.0 (silent)
to 1.0 (loudest). Initially, the volume should be 1.0, but user agents may remember
the last set value across sessions, on a per-site basis or otherwise, so the volume
may start at other values.
...
... When a media element is created, if the element has a muted content attribute
specified, then the muted IDL attribute should be set to true; otherwise, the user
agents may set the value to the user's preferred value (e.g., remembering the last
set value across sessions, on a per-site basis or otherwise). ...
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The volume level and mute setting are not retained between navigations.

## **2.2.20 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.8.2 Links created by a and area elements**

C0037: The user is not given a choice whether to navigate the hyperlink or download the resource

The specification states:

```
... Links created by a and area elements
...
When an a or area element's activation behavior is invoked, the user agent may allow
```

the user to indicate a preference regarding whether the hyperlink is to be used for navigation or whether the resource it specifies is to be downloaded.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The user is not given a choice whether to navigate the hyperlink or download the resource.

## **2.2.21 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.5.1.5 E-mail state (type=email)**

C0038: Invalid email addresses are not allowed if the multiple attribute is not specified

The specification states:

```
4.10.5.1.5 E-mail state (type=email)
...
How the E-mail state operates depends on whether the multiple attribute is specified
or not.

 When the multiple attribute is not specified on the element
 ...
 ... User agents may allow the user to set the value to a string that is not a
 valid e-mail address. ...
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Invalid email addresses are not allowed if the multiple attribute is not specified; otherwise they are allowed.

C0039: Punycode in a value is not properly converted to IDN

The specification states:

```
4.10.5.1.5 E-mail state (type=email)
...
How the E-mail state operates depends on whether the multiple attribute is specified
or not.

 When the multiple attribute is not specified on the element

 The input element represents a control for editing an e-mail address given in
 the element's value.

 ... User agents may transform the values for display and editing; in
 particular, user agents should convert punycode in the value to IDN in the
 display and vice versa.
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Punycode in a value is not properly converted to IDN.

## **2.2.22 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.5.1.17 File Upload state (type=file)**

C0040: The accept attribute is used to filter the file selection from the file picker

The specification states:

```
... File Upload state (type=file)
...
User agents may use the value of this attribute to display a more appropriate user
interface than a generic file picker. ...
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `accept` attribute is used to filter the file selection from the file picker.

## **2.2.23 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.19.3 Limiting user input length: the `maxlength` attribute**

C0041: A negative `maxlength` value is treated as if it were 0

The specification states:

```
4.10.19.3 Limiting user input length: the maxlength attribute
...
If an element has its form control maxlength attribute specified, the attribute's
value must be a valid non-negative integer. If the attribute is specified and
applying the rules for parsing non-negative integers to its value results in a
number, then that number is the element's maximum allowed value length. If the
attribute is omitted or parsing its value results in an error, then there is no
maximum allowed value length.
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

A negative `maxlength` value is treated as if it were 0. No characters are accepted.

## **2.2.24 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.19.8.2 Processing model**

C0042: Control values are stored and previously stored values are offered to the user

The specification states:

```
...
...
When an element's autofill field name is not "off", the user agent may store the
control's value, and may offer previously stored values to the user.
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Control values are stored and previously stored values are offered to the user.

## **2.2.25 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.21.2 Constraint validation**

C0043: Constraint validation error reporting procedures

The specification states:

#### 4.10.21.2 Constraint validation

...

If a user agent is to interactively validate the constraints of form element form, then the user agent must run the following steps:

...

3. Report the problems with the constraints of at least one of the elements given in unhandled invalid controls to the user. User agents may focus one of those elements in the process, by running the focusing steps for that element, and may change the scrolling position of the document, or perform some other action that brings the element to the user's attention. User agents may report more than one constraint violation. User agents may coalesce related constraint violation reports if appropriate (e.g. if multiple radio buttons in a group are marked as required, only one error need be reported). If one of the controls is not being rendered (e.g. it has the hidden attribute set) then user agents may report a script error.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Constraint validation error reporting procedures include:

- Reporting and marking all constraint violations on the form
- Placing red borders around the input fields
- Changing the scrolling position to the first violation

They do not include:

- Coalescing of related constraint violations
- Reporting of script errors

### **2.2.26 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.10.22.7 Multipart form data**

C0044: Form fields, including filename fields, are encoded in UTF-8 and are not approximated

The specification states:

#### 4.10.22.7 Multipart form data

...

The multipart/form-data encoding algorithm is as follows:

...

5. ...  
File names included in the generated multipart/form-data resource (as part of file fields) must use the character encoding selected above, though the precise name may be approximated if necessary (e.g. newlines could be removed from file names, quotes could be changed to "%22", and characters not expressible in the selected character encoding could be replaced by other characters). ...

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Form fields, including filename fields, are encoded in UTF-8 and are not approximated.

### **2.2.27 [W3C-HTML51] Section 4.12.4.2 Serializing bitmaps to a file**

C0045: Many image formats other than PNG are supported

The specification states:

```
... Serializing bitmaps to a file
...
User agents must support PNG ("image/png"). User agents may support other types. If
the user agent does not support the requested type, it must create the file using the
PNG format.
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Many image formats other than PNG are supported (gif, jpeg, ico, bmp, etc.).

## **2.2.28 [W3C-HTML51] Section 5.1 The hidden attribute**

C0070: Assistive technologies determine what is done with the hidden items

The specification states:

```
... The hidden attribute
...
When such features are available, User Agents may use them to expose the full
semantics of hidden elements to AT when appropriate, if such content is referenced
indirectly by an ID reference or valid hash-name reference. This allows ATs to access
the structure of these hidden elements upon user request, while keeping the content
hidden in all presentations of the normal document flow. Authors who wish to prevent
user-initiated viewing of a hidden element should not reference the element with such
a mechanism.
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Assistive technologies have access to elements that are in the hidden state, and those technologies determine what is done with the hidden items.

## **2.2.29 [W3C-HTML51] Section 5.2 Inert subtrees**

C0072: Selection and find on a page are prevented from working when the page is inert because of a dialog

The specification states:

```
... Inert subtrees

... When a node is inert, then the user agent must act as if the node was absent for
the purposes of targeting user interaction events, may ignore the node for the
purposes of text search user interfaces (commonly known as "find in page"), and may
prevent the user from selecting text in that node. ...
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Selection and find on a page are prevented from working when the page is inert because of a dialog.

## 2.2.30 [W3C-HTML51] Section 5.4.2 Data model

C0086: Focusable elements follow the platform conventions for accessibility

The specification states:

5.4.2. Data model

The term focusable area is used to refer to regions of the interface that can become the target of keyboard input. Focusable areas can be elements, parts of elements, or other regions managed by the user agent.

...

The following table describes what objects can be focusable areas. ...

| Focusable area [column] |
|-------------------------|
|-------------------------|

...

Any other element or part of an element, especially to aid with accessibility or to better match platform conventions.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Focusable elements follow the platform conventions for accessibility.

## 2.2.31 [W3C-HTML51] Section 5.4.6 Focus management APIs

C0074: The blur function is not ignored on elements but is ignored on the window object

The specification states:

... ..

...

The blur() method, when invoked, should run the unfocusing steps for the element on which the method was called ... . User agents may selectively or uniformly ignore calls to this method for usability reasons.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The blur function is not ignored on elements but is ignored on the window object.

## 2.2.32 [W3C-HTML51] Section 5.6.5 Spelling and grammar checking

C0077: The lang attribute defined on an element determines the spellcheck language

The specification states:

... Spelling and grammar checking

...

If the checking is enabled for a word/sentence/text, the user agent should indicate spelling and grammar errors in that text. User agents should take into account the other semantics given in the document when suggesting spelling and grammar corrections. User agents may use the language of the element to determine what spelling and grammar rules to use, or may use the user's preferred language settings. UAs should use input element attributes such as pattern to ensure that the resulting value is valid, where possible.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `lang` attribute defined on an element determines the spellcheck language.

C0078: Spelling and grammar errors on the text preloaded with the page are not reported

The specification states:

```
... Spelling and grammar checking
...
Even when checking is enabled, user agents may opt to not report spelling or grammar
errors in text that the user agent deems the user has no interest in having checked
(e.g. text that was already present when the page was loaded, or that the user did
not type, or text in controls that the user has not focused, or in parts of e-mail
addresses that the user agent is not confident were misspelt).
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Spelling and grammar errors on the text preloaded with the page are not reported.

## **2.2.33 [W3C-HTML51] Section 6.1.5 Browsing context names**

C0048: If the sandboxed auxiliary navigation browsing context flag is set, a new browsing context is created

The specification states:

```
... Browsing context names
...
The rules for choosing a browsing context given a browsing context name are as
follows. The rules assume that they are being applied in the context of a browsing
context, as part of the execution of a task.
...
5. Otherwise, a new browsing context is being requested, and what happens
depends on the user agent's configuration and abilities – it is determined by
the rules given for the first applicable option from the following list:
...
If the current browsing context's active document's active sandboxing
flag set has the sandboxed auxiliary navigation browsing context flag set.

Typically, there is no chosen browsing context.

The user agent may offer to create a new top-level browsing context
or reuse an existing top-level browsing context. ...
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

If the active sandboxing flag set of the current browsing context's active document has the sandboxed auxiliary navigation browsing context flag set, a new browsing context is created.

## **2.2.34 [W3C-HTML51] Section 6.6.1 The session history of browsing contexts**

C0050: Document objects are discarded based on content expiration, disk space usage, and preferences for content storage

The specification states:

... ..  
... ..  
... ..  
User agents may discard the Document objects of entries other than the current entry that are not referenced from any script, reloading the pages afresh when the user or script navigates back to such pages. This specification does not specify when user agents should discard Document objects and when they should cache them.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Document objects are discarded based on content expiration, disk space usage, and preferences for content storage.

## **2.2.35 [W3C-HTML51] Section 6.6.2 The History interface**

C0051: The maximum number of state objects added to the session history for a page is 1,048,576

The specification states:

... The History interface  
...  
User agents may limit the number of state objects added to the session history per page. If a page hits the UA-defined limit, user agents must remove the entry immediately after the first entry for that Document object in the session history after having added the new entry. (Thus the state history acts as a FIFO buffer for eviction, but as a LIFO buffer for navigation.)

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The maximum number of state objects added to the session history for a page is 1,048,576.

## **2.2.36 [W3C-HTML51] Section 6.7.1 Navigating across documents**

C0053: Navigation errors are shown for all document response codes other than code value 200

The specification states:

... Navigating across documents  
...  
When a browsing context is navigated to a new resource, the user agent must run the following steps:  
...  
17. ...  
... The user agent may indicate to the user that the navigation has been aborted for security reasons.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Navigation errors are shown for all document response codes other than code value 200.

### 2.2.37 [W3C-HTML51] Section 6.7.3 Page load processing model for XML files

C0054: The root element performs a namespace-based lookup in order to determine if the content is a feed

The specification states:

```
... Page load processing model for XML files
...
User agents may examine the namespace of the root Element node of this Document
object to perform namespace-based dispatch to alternative processing tools, e.g.
determining that the content is actually a syndication feed and passing it to a feed
handler. If such processing is to take place, abort the steps in this section, and
jump to the next step (labeled non-document content) in the navigate steps above.
```

#### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The root element performs a namespace-based lookup in order to determine if the content is a feed.

### 2.2.38 [W3C-HTML51] Section 6.7.4 Page load processing model for text files

C0055: No content is added to the head element of the document

The specification states:

```
... Page load processing model for text files
...
User agents may add content to the head element of the Document, ...
```

#### **EdgeHTML Mode**

No content is added to the head element of the document.

### 2.2.39 [W3C-HTML51] Section 6.7.6 Page load processing model for media

C0056: A head section is added to the content of a Document

The specification states:

```
... Page load processing model for media
...
User agents may add content to the head element of the Document, or attributes to the
element host element, e.g. to link to a style sheet ..., give the document a title,
make the media autoplay, etc.
```

#### **EdgeHTML Mode**

A head section is added to the content of a Document.

## 2.2.40 [W3C-HTML51] Section 6.7.10 History traversal

C0057: The scroll state is retained for back and forward navigations

The specification states:

```
... History traversal
...
When a user agent is required to traverse the history to a specified entry,
optionally with replacement enabled, and optionally with the [asynchronous /
non-blocking] events flag set, the user agent must act as follows.
...
9. If the entry is an entry with persisted user state, the user agent may ...
update aspects of the document and its rendering
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The scroll state is retained for back and forward navigations.

## 2.2.41 [W3C-HTML51] Section 6.7.11 Unloading documents

C0058: The prompt does not show the returnValue

The specification states:

```
... Unloading documents
...
When a user agent is to prompt to unload a document, it must run the following steps.
...
...
The prompt shown by the user agent may include the string of the returnValue
attribute, or some leading subset thereof. (A user agent may want to truncate
the string to 1024 characters for display, for instance.)
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The prompt does not show the `returnValue`.

## 2.2.42 [W3C-HTML51] Section 6.7.12 Aborting a document load

C0059: A user can invoke the abort a document algorithm by clicking the stop button in the address bar

The specification states:

```
... Aborting a document load
...
User agents may allow users to explicitly invoke the abort a document algorithm for a
Document. ...
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

A user can invoke the abort a document algorithm by clicking the stop button in the address bar.

## 2.2.43 [W3C-HTML51] Section 7.1.2 Enabling and disabling scripting

C0063: The user can set a preference to disable scripting

The specification states:

```
... Enabling and disabling scripting

Scripting is enabled in a browsing context when all of the following conditions are true:
...
The user has not disabled scripting for this browsing context at this time. (User agents may provide users with the option to disable scripting globally, or in a finer-grained manner, e.g. on a per-origin basis.)
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The user can set a preference to disable scripting.

## 2.2.44 [W3C-HTML51] Section 7.1.5.1 Event handlers

C0068: An unparseable body results in an error reported to the user

The specification states:

```
... Event handlers
...
When the user agent is to get the current value of the event handler H, it must run these steps:

1. If H's value is an internal raw uncompiled handler, run these substeps:
...
... If body is not parsable as FunctionBody or if parsing detects an early error, then follow these substeps:
...
2. Report the error for the appropriate script and with the appropriate position (line number and column number) given by location, using the global object specified by script settings as the target. If the error is still not handled after this, then the error may be reported
... .
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

An unparseable body results in an error reported to the user.

## 2.2.45 [W3C-HTML51] Section 7.5.2 Printing

C0069: Printing events do not wait for the user to accept or decline

The specification states:

```
... Printing
...
```

The printing steps are as follows:

- ...
- 4. The user agent should offer the user the opportunity to obtain a physical form (or the representation of a physical form) of the document. The user agent may wait for the user to either accept or decline before returning; if so, the user agent must pause while the method is waiting. Even if the user agent doesn't wait at this point, the user agent must use the state of the relevant documents as they are at this point in the algorithm if and when it eventually creates the alternate form.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Printing events do not wait for the user to accept or decline.

## **2.2.46 [W3C-HTML51] Section 8.2 Parsing HTML documents**

C0079: Parsing continues even if there are parsing errors

The specification states:

### 8.2 Parsing HTML documents

...  
This specification defines the parsing rules for HTML documents, whether they are syntactically correct or not. Certain points in the parsing algorithm are said to be parse errors. The error handling for parse errors is well-defined (that's the processing rules described throughout this specification), but user agents, while parsing an HTML document, may abort the parser at the first parse error that they encounter for which they do not wish to apply the rules described in this specification.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Parsing continues even if there are parsing errors. The errors are reported to the console. An abort does not occur unless there is a catastrophic failure.

## **2.2.47 [W3C-HTML51] Section 8.2.7 Coercing an HTML DOM into an infoset**

C0080: Attributes are dropped if they starts with xmlns in the case of no namespace

The specification states:

### 8.2.7 Coercing an HTML DOM into an infoset

...  
If the XML API doesn't support attributes in no namespace that are named "xmlns", attributes whose names start with "xmlns:", or attributes in the XMLNS namespace, then the tool may drop such attributes.

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Attributes are dropped if they start with xmlns: in the case of no namespace.

C0081: Local names of elements and attributes are limited to the ASCII character range

The specification states:

8.2.7 Coercing an HTML DOM into an infoset

...

If the XML API being used restricts the allowable characters in the local names of elements and attributes, then the tool may map all element and attribute local names that the API wouldn't support to a set of names that are allowed, by replacing any character that isn't supported with the uppercase letter U and the six digits of the character's Unicode code point when expressed in hexadecimal, using digits 0-9 and capital letters A-F as the symbols, in increasing numeric order.

**EdgeHTML Mode**

Local names of elements and attributes are limited to the ASCII character range.

C0082: No space is inserted between consecutive "-" (U+002D) characters or after one that ends a line

The specification states:

8.2.7 Coercing an HTML DOM into an infoset

...

If the XML API restricts comments from having two consecutive U+002D HYPHEN-MINUS characters (--), the tool may insert a single U+0020 SPACE character between any such offending characters.

If the XML API restricts comments from ending in a U+002D HYPHEN-MINUS character (-), the tool may insert a single U+0020 SPACE character at the end of such comments.

**EdgeHTML Mode**

No space is inserted between consecutive "-" (U+002D) characters or after one that ends a line.

**2.2.48 [W3C-HTML51] Section 9.3 Serializing XHTML fragments**

C0083: When XHTML documents are serialized, prefixes and namespace declarations are adjusted as needed

The specification states:

9.3 Serializing XHTML fragments

...

In both cases, the string returned must be XML namespace-well-formed and must be an isomorphic serialization of all of that node's relevant child nodes, in tree order. User agents may adjust prefixes and namespace declarations in the serialization (and indeed might be forced to do so in some cases to obtain namespace-well-formed XML). User agents may use a combination of regular text and character references to represent Text nodes in the DOM.

**EdgeHTML Mode**

When XHTML documents are serialized, prefixes and namespace declarations are adjusted as needed.

## 2.2.49 [W3C-HTML51] Section 11.3.4.2 Downloading or updating an application cache

C0060: Caching progress is not shown

The specification states:

```
... Downloading or updating an application cache
...
Some of these steps have requirements that only apply if the user agent shows caching
progress. Support for this is optional. ...
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Caching progress is not shown.

## 2.2.50 [W3C-HTML51] Section 11.3.4.6 Disk space

C0062: Deletion of specific application caches is not supported

The specification states:

```
... Disk space
...
User agents should allow users to see how much space each domain is using, and may
offer the user the ability to delete specific application caches.
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

Deletion of specific application caches is not supported. The application cache API provides no method to delete specific items.

## 2.2.51 [W3C-HTML51] Section 11.3.5 Other elements, attributes and APIs

C0084: The scheme attribute is not used as an extension of the name attribute

The specification states:

```
... Other elements, attributes and APIs
...
User agents may treat the scheme content attribute on the meta element as an
extension of the element's name content attribute when processing a meta element with
a name attribute whose value is one that the user agent recognizes as supporting the
scheme attribute.
```

### **EdgeHTML Mode**

The `scheme` attribute is not used as an extension of the `name` attribute.

## 2.3 Extensions

There are no extensions to the requirements of [\[W3C-HTML51\]](#).

### **2.3.1 [W3C-HTML51] Section 5.6.2 Making entire documents editable: The designMode IDL attribute**

E0001: If the designMode IDL attribute matches the value "inherit" then designMode is enabled if the parent designMode is enabled

The specification states:

7.6.2 Making entire documents editable: The designMode IDL attribute

...

The designMode IDL attribute on the Document object takes two values, "on" and "off". On setting, the new value must be compared in an ASCII case-insensitive manner to these two values; if it matches the "on" value, then designMode must be enabled, and if it matches the "off" value, then designMode must be disabled. Other values must be ignored.

#### **EdgeHTML Mode**

If the designMode IDL attribute matches the value "inherit" then designMode is enabled if the parent designMode is enabled and disabled if the parent designMode is disabled.

## **2.4 Error Handling**

There are no additional error handling considerations.

## **2.5 Security**

There are no additional security considerations.

### **3 Change Tracking**

No table of changes is available. The document is either new or has had no changes since its last release.

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