[MS-SSP]: Single Sign-On Protocol Specification

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Revision Summary

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06/27/2008	1.0	Major	Revised and edited the technical content
12/12/2008	1.01	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content
07/13/2009	1.02	Major	Changes made for template compliance
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1 Introduction

This document specifies the Single Sign-On Protocol, which protocol clients use to obtain the key that is used to symmetrically encrypt and decrypt credentials and single sign-on (SSO) tickets from the protocol server.

Sections 1.8, 2, and 3 of this specification are normative and can contain the terms MAY, SHOULD, MUST, MUST NOT, and SHOULD NOT as defined in RFC 2119. Sections 1.5 and 1.9 are also normative but cannot contain those terms. All other sections and examples in this specification are informative.

1.1 Glossary

The following terms are defined in [MS-GLOS]:

dynamic endpoint
IDL
opnum
remote procedure call (RPC)
RPC transport
universally unique identifier (UUID)
user object

The following terms are defined in [MS-OFCGLOS]:

master secret master secret server security principal

The following terms are specific to this document:

single sign-on (SSO) administrator: A security principal (2) who is authorized to change a single sign-on (SSO) configuration and to obtain master secrets from a master secret server.

MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT: These terms (in all caps) are used as described in [RFC2119]. All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

1.2 References

References to Microsoft Open Specifications documentation do not include a publishing year because links are to the latest version of the technical documents, which are updated frequently. References to other documents include a publishing year when one is available.

1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact dochelp@microsoft.com. We will assist you in finding the relevant information. Please check the archive site, http://msdn2.microsoft.com/en-us/library/E4BD6494-06AD-4aed-9823-445E921C9624, as an additional source.

[C706] The Open Group, "DCE 1.1: Remote Procedure Call", C706, August 1997, http://www.opengroup.org/public/pubs/catalog/c706.htm

[MS-ERREF] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Error Codes".

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[MS-RPCE] Microsoft Corporation, "Remote Procedure Call Protocol Extensions".

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt

1.2.2 Informative References

[MS-GLOS] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Protocols Master Glossary".

[MS-OFCGLOS] Microsoft Corporation, "Microsoft Office Master Glossary".

1.3 Protocol Overview (Synopsis)

The Single Sign-On Service protocol is a **remote procedure call (RPC)**-based protocol used by protocol clients to obtain a **master secret** from a **master secret** server.

1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols

This protocol depends on remote procedure call (RPC) for its transport.

This protocol uses RPC over TCP/IP as specified in section 2.1.

1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions

The protocol is an RPC interface and therefore uses the common RPC interface prerequisites as described in [MS-RPCE].

The protocol requires the protocol client to obtain the name of the remote computer that supports this protocol before the protocol client calls methods that are associated with the remote computer. How a protocol client accomplishes this is outside of the scope of this specification.

1.6 Applicability Statement

This protocol is designed to be used only by **single sign-on (SSO) administrator security principals (2)**. The information associated with this protocol can contain highly sensitive information, so the protocol client is designed to be used in an environment that is appropriately secured.

1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation

None.

1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields

This protocol uses Win32 error codes. These values are taken from the Windows error number space, as specified in [MS-ERREF] section 2.2. Vendors SHOULD<1> reuse those values with their indicated meanings. Choosing any other value runs the risk of a collision in the future.

1.9 Standards Assignments

Parameter	Value	Reference
RPC interface UUID	9D07CA0D-8F02-4ed5-B727-ACF37FEA5BBC	[C706]

2 Messages

2.1 Transport

This protocol uses RPC **dynamic endpoints** as specified in [C706], part 4.

This protocol allows any **user object** to establish a connection to the RPC server. The protocol server uses RPC as the underlying protocol to retrieve the identity of the caller that made the method call as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 3.3.3.4.3. The protocol server SHOULD<2> use this identity to perform method-specific permission checks as specified in section 3.

2.2 Common Data Types

This section specifies data types, in addition to RPC base types and definitions specified in [C706] and [MS-RPCE].

The following table summarizes the types in this specification.

Data type	Description	
MAX_MASTER_SECRET_BYTES	The maximum number of bytes that the master secret can contain.	
SizeOfMasterSecretInBytes	The size in bytes of the master secret.	
error_status_t	The error code number reported by this protocol.	

2.2.1 MAX_MASTER_SECRET_BYTES

The maximum number of bytes that the master secret can contain.

```
const unsigned long MAX MASTER SECRET BYTES = 16;
```

2.2.2 SizeOfMasterSecretInBytes

The size of the master secret, specified in bytes. It MUST be in a range having 0 as the low allowed value and **MAX_MASTER_SECRET_BYTES** as the high allowed value.

```
typedef [range(MAX_MASTER_SECRET_BYTES, MAX_MASTER_SECRET_BYTES)] unsigned long
SizeOfMasterSecretInBytes;
```

2.2.3 error_status_t

The error code number reported by the protocol.

```
typedef unsigned long error_status_t;
```

This protocol MUST configure the RPC runtime to serialize this data type as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 2.1.



3 Protocol Details

The protocol client is simply a pass-through. That is, no additional timers or other state is required by the protocol client. Calls made by the higher-layer protocol or application are passed directly to the transport and the results returned by the transport are passed directly back to the higher-layer protocol or application.

The protocol method behaves in the same manner, regardless of whether the protocol server or the protocol client is running in a client or server version of the operating system. The protocol method returns the value "0x00000000" if it finishes processing successfully. If it fails, it sends a nonzero, implementation-specific error code. The protocol server uses nonzero Win32 error values to signify error conditions, as specified in section $\underline{1.8}$, unless the application requires other implementation-specific values.

The protocol client MUST NOT take action on the error codes it receives. It MUST send them to the calling application.

3.1 Protocol Server Details

3.1.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of how the protocol behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

A protocol server that implements this RPC interface MUST verify that the protocol client user object is an single sign-on (SSO) administrator and that the protocol server can retrieve the master secret.

3.1.2 Timers

None.

3.1.3 Initialization

Parameters necessary to initialize the RPC protocol are specified in section 2.1.

3.1.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

The protocol server SHOULD<3> enforce security measures to verify that the user object was granted the permissions required to request the following routines.

This interface includes the following method:

Method	Description
RemoteGetMasterSecret	Returns the master secret.
	opnum: 0

3.1.4.1 RemoteGetMasterSecret (Opnum 0)

The **RemoteGetMasterSecret** method returns the master secret. A protocol server that implements this RPC interface MUST verify that the protocol client user object is a single sign-on

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(SSO) administrator before it retrieves the master secret. Calls associated with any other user object MUST fail.

```
error_status_t
RemoteGetMasterSecret(
[in] handle_t hBinding,
[in, out] SizeOfMasterSecretInBytes * pcbSecret,
[size is(*pcbSecret), out] byte * pbSecret);
```

hBinding: Specifies the pointer to the protocol client remote procedure call (RPC) binding handle. The **handle_t** data type represents an explicit remote procedure call (RPC) binding handle, as specified in [C706].

pcbSecret: On input, this parameter points to a value of type **SizeOfMasterSecretInBytes** as specified in section <u>2.2.2</u>. On output, this parameter MUST specify the actual number of bytes that the master secret contains.

pbSecret: A pointer of type SizeOfMasterSecretInBytes that points to the master secret.

Return CodeValues: An unsigned long integer whose values are specified in the following table.

Value	Description	
ERROR_SUCCESS	Contains the value "0x00000000" and specifies that no error encountered.	
SSO_E_ACCESSDENIED	Contains the value "0x80630005" and specifies that the user object is not a single sign-on (SSO) administrator.	
E_OUTOFMEMORY	Contains the value "0x8007000E" and specifies that the input value of the <i>pcbSecret</i> parameter is less than number of bytes needed for the master secret.	
E_INVALIDARG	Contains the value "0x80070057" and specifies that the method parameters are NULL or the <i>pcbSecret</i> parameter points to a value that is less than or equal to 0.	
E_UNEXPECTED	Contains the value "0x8000FFFF" and specifies that the protocol server that processes the call is not properly initialized.	
RPC_S_SERVER_UNAVAILABLE	Contains the value "0xC0020017" and specifies that the protocol server that processes the call it's shutting down.	
SSO_E_EXCEPTION	Contains the value "0x80630428" and specifies that the protocol server that processes the call threw an exception.	
SSO_E_MASTER_SECRET_NOT_EXIST	Contains the value "0x80630002" and specifies that the master secret does not exist.	
SSO_E_SSO_NOT_CONFIGURED	Contains the value "0x8063064A" and specifies that the protocol server that processes the call is not configured.	

Exceptions Thrown: No exceptions are thrown other than those thrown by the underlying protocol.

3.1.5 Timer Events

None.

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3.1.6 Other Local Events

There are no local events used on the protocol server other than the events maintained in the underlying **RPC transport**.

3.2 Protocol Client Details

3.2.1 Abstract Data Model

None.

3.2.2 Timers

None.

3.2.3 Initialization

The protocol client MUST create an RPC connection to the remote computer, using the information specified in section 2.1.

3.2.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

This is a stateless protocol. No sequence of method calls is imposed on this protocol.

When a method finishes processing, the values returned by the underlying protocol server MUST be returned unmodified to the upper layer by the protocol client.

The protocol client MUST ignore errors received from the protocol server and notify the calling application of the errors it received. It MUST also interact with the underlying RPC protocol as specified in [MS-RPCE] for message processing. Otherwise, the protocol client does not perform any special message processing.

3.2.5 Timer Events

None.

3.2.6 Other Local Events

None.



4 Protocol Examples

In this scenario, the protocol client calls the **RemoteGetMasterSecret** method on a protocol server whose URL contains "server.example.com". The protocol client originates the binding information that the protocol server uses to authenticate the protocol client. The protocol client allocates **MAX_MASTER_SECRET_BYTES** bytes for the *pbSecret* parameter before calling the remote method.

```
RemoteGetMasterSecret([in] handle_t hBinding,
[in, out] unsigned long * pcbSecret,
[out] BYTE * pbSecret);
```

On receiving this request the protocol server executes the method locally and returns:

```
Return value is: ERROR_SUCCESS(an error_status_t value)
RemoteGetMasterSecret([in] handle_t hBinding,
[in, out] unsigned long * pcbSecret,
[ out] BYTE * pbSecret);
```



5 Security

5.1 Security Considerations for Implementers

This protocol allows any user object to connect to the protocol server, as specified in section 2.1. The implementation enforces security on the method to reduce exploitable security issues. If the user object is not a single sign-on (SSO) administrator, the protocol fails as specified in section 3.1.4.1.

5.2 Index of Security Parameters

Security Parameter	Section	
Authentication Protocol	2.1	

6 Appendix A: Full IDL

For ease of implementation, the full **IDL** is provided in this section, where "ms-rpce.idl" refers to the IDL found in [MS-RPCE] Appendix A. The syntax uses the IDL syntax extensions defined in [MS-RPCE] Sections 2.2.4 and 3.1.1.5. For example, as noted in [MS-RPCE] section 2.2.4.9, a pointer_default declaration is not required and pointer_default(unique) is assumed.

```
import "ms-rpce.idl";
const unsigned long MAX_MASTER_SECRET_BYTES=16;
typedef [range(MAX_MASTER_SECRET_BYTES, MAX_MASTER_SECRET_BYTES)] unsigned long
SizeOfMasterSecretInBytes;
[
uuid(9D07CA0D-8F02-4ed5-B727-ACF37FEA5BBC),
version(1.0),
pointer_default(unique)
]
interface ISingleSignonRemoteMasterSecret
{
error_status_t RemoteGetMasterSecret(
[in] handle_t hBinding,
[in, out] SizeOfMasterSecretInBytes * pcbSecret,

out] byte * pbSecret);
}
```



7 Appendix B: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include released service packs:

- Microsoft® Office SharePoint® Portal Server 2003
- Microsoft® Office SharePoint® Server 2007
- Microsoft® SQL Server® 2005
- Microsoft® SQL Server® 2008
- Microsoft® SQL Server® 2008 R2
- Microsoft® SQL Server® 2008 R2 SP1
- Microsoft® SQL Server® 2012
- Microsoft® SharePoint® Server 2010
- Microsoft® SharePoint® Server 2013 Preview

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. If a service pack or Quick Fix Engineering (QFE) number appears with the product version, behavior changed in that service pack or QFE. The new behavior also applies to subsequent service packs of the product unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms SHOULD or SHOULD NOT implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term MAY implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

<1> Section 1.8: Windows uses only the values that are described in [MS-ERREF] section 2.2.

<2> Section 2.1: Windows uses the identity of the caller to perform method specific access checks.

<3> Section 3.1.4: Office SharePoint Server 2007 uses the underlying Windows security subsystem to determine the permissions for the caller.



8 Change Tracking

No table of changes is available. The document is either new or has had no changes since its last release.



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