

# [MS-RGSWS]:

## Response Group Service Web Service Protocol

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## Revision Summary

Date	Revision History	Revision Class	Comments
3/31/2010	0.1	Major	Initial Availability
4/30/2010	0.2	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content
6/7/2010	0.3	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content
6/29/2010	0.4	Editorial	Changed language and formatting in the technical content.
7/23/2010	0.4	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
9/27/2010	1.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
11/15/2010	1.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
12/17/2010	1.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
3/18/2011	1.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
6/10/2011	1.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
1/20/2012	2.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
4/11/2012	2.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
7/16/2012	2.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
10/8/2012	2.1	Minor	Clarified the meaning of the technical content.
2/11/2013	2.1	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
7/30/2013	2.1	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
11/18/2013	2.1	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
2/10/2014	2.1	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
4/30/2014	2.2	Minor	Clarified the meaning of the technical content.
7/31/2014	2.2	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
10/30/2014	2.2	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
3/30/2015	3.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
9/4/2015	3.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.

<b>Date</b>	<b>Revision History</b>	<b>Revision Class</b>	<b>Comments</b>
7/15/2016	3.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
9/14/2016	3.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.

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# 1 Introduction

The Response Group Web Service protocol specifies the procedure to access agent information exposed by a protocol server. This protocol enables third parties to build clients for the purpose of sign in or sign out of an agent and find information about which response group an agent belongs to.

The service exposes several methods to enable agents to interact with the system. For example, one method enables the agent to sign in and out of agent groups, enabling control if the service can send the agent calls.

Sections 1.5, 1.8, 1.9, 2, and 3 of this specification are normative. All other sections and examples in this specification are informative.

## 1.1 Glossary

This document uses the following terms:

**agent:** A device that is connected to a computer network. Also referred to as an endpoint.

**authentication:** The act of proving an identity to a server while providing key material that binds the identity to subsequent communications.

**globally unique identifier (GUID):** A term used interchangeably with universally unique identifier (UUID) in Microsoft protocol technical documents (TDs). Interchanging the usage of these terms does not imply or require a specific algorithm or mechanism to generate the value. Specifically, the use of this term does not imply or require that the algorithms described in [\[RFC4122\]](#) or [\[C706\]](#) must be used for generating the **GUID**. See also universally unique identifier (UUID).

**Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP):** An application-level protocol for distributed, collaborative, hypermedia information systems (text, graphic images, sound, video, and other multimedia files) on the World Wide Web.

**Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure (HTTPS):** An extension of HTTP that securely encrypts and decrypts web page requests. In some older protocols, "Hypertext Transfer Protocol over Secure Sockets Layer" is still used (Secure Sockets Layer has been deprecated). For more information, see [\[SSL3\]](#) and [\[RFC5246\]](#).

**in-band provisioning:** A process in which a protocol client obtains configuration information from a protocol server.

**response group:** An object that is used to route and queue incoming calls to a collection of agents who were designated to handle calls from a Response Group Service.

**Secure Sockets Layer (SSL):** A security protocol that supports confidentiality and integrity of messages in client and server applications that communicate over open networks. SSL uses two keys to encrypt data—a public key known to everyone and a private or secret key known only to the recipient of the message. SSL supports server and, optionally, client **authentication** using X.509 certificates (2). For more information, see [\[X509\]](#). The SSL protocol is precursor to Transport Layer Security (TLS). The TLS version 1.0 specification is based on SSL version 3.0 [\[SSL3\]](#).

**security identifier (SID):** An identifier for security principals in Windows that is used to identify an account or a group. Conceptually, the **SID** is composed of an account authority portion (typically a domain) and a smaller integer representing an identity relative to the account authority, termed the relative identifier (RID). The **SID** format is specified in [\[MS-DTYP\]](#) section 2.4.2; a string representation of **SIDs** is specified in [\[MS-DTYP\]](#) section 2.4.2 and [\[MS-AZOD\]](#) section 1.1.1.2.

**Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) address:** A URI that does not include a "sip:" prefix and is used to establish multimedia communications sessions between two or more users over an IP network, as described in [\[RFC3261\]](#).

**SOAP:** A lightweight protocol for exchanging structured information in a decentralized, distributed environment. **SOAP** uses XML technologies to define an extensible messaging framework, which provides a message construct that can be exchanged over a variety of underlying protocols. The framework has been designed to be independent of any particular programming model and other implementation-specific semantics. SOAP 1.2 supersedes SOAP 1.1. See [\[SOAP1.2-1/2003\]](#).

**SOAP body:** A container for the payload data being delivered by a **SOAP message** to its recipient. See [\[SOAP1.2-1/2007\]](#) section 5.3 for more information.

**SOAP envelope:** A container for **SOAP message** information and the root element of a **SOAP** document. See [\[SOAP1.2-1/2007\]](#) section 5.1 for more information.

**SOAP message:** An XML document consisting of a mandatory **SOAP envelope**, an optional SOAP header, and a mandatory **SOAP body**. See [\[SOAP1.2-1/2007\]](#) section 5 for more information.

**Uniform Resource Locator (URL):** A string of characters in a standardized format that identifies a document or resource on the World Wide Web. The format is as specified in [\[RFC1738\]](#).

**web service:** A unit of application logic that provides data and services to other applications and can be called by using standard Internet transport protocols such as **HTTP**, Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP), or File Transfer Protocol (FTP). Web services can perform functions that range from simple requests to complicated business processes.

**Web Services Description Language (WSDL):** An XML format for describing network services as a set of endpoints that operate on messages that contain either document-oriented or procedure-oriented information. The operations and messages are described abstractly and are bound to a concrete network protocol and message format in order to define an endpoint. Related concrete endpoints are combined into abstract endpoints, which describe a network service. WSDL is extensible, which allows the description of endpoints and their messages regardless of the message formats or network protocols that are used.

**XML namespace:** A collection of names that is used to identify elements, types, and attributes in XML documents identified in a URI reference [\[RFC3986\]](#). A combination of XML namespace and local name allows XML documents to use elements, types, and attributes that have the same names but come from different sources. For more information, see [\[XMLNS-2ED\]](#).

**XML namespace prefix:** An abbreviated form of an **XML namespace**, as described in [\[XML\]](#).

**XML schema:** A description of a type of XML document that is typically expressed in terms of constraints on the structure and content of documents of that type, in addition to the basic syntax constraints that are imposed by XML itself. An XML schema provides a view of a document type at a relatively high level of abstraction.

**MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT:** These terms (in all caps) are used as defined in [\[RFC2119\]](#). All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

## 1.2 References

Links to a document in the Microsoft Open Specifications library point to the correct section in the most recently published version of the referenced document. However, because individual documents in the library are not updated at the same time, the section numbers in the documents may not match. You can confirm the correct section numbering by checking the [Errata](#).



### 1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact [dochelp@microsoft.com](mailto:dochelp@microsoft.com). We will assist you in finding the relevant information.

[MS-OAUTHWS] Microsoft Corporation, "[OC Authentication Web Service Protocol](#)".

[MS-SIPREGE] Microsoft Corporation, "[Session Initiation Protocol \(SIP\) Registration Extensions](#)".

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt>

[SOAP1.1] Box, D., Ehnebuske, D., Kakivaya, G., et al., "Simple Object Access Protocol (SOAP) 1.1", May 2000, <http://www.w3.org/TR/2000/NOTE-SOAP-20000508/>

[WSDL] Christensen, E., Curbera, F., Meredith, G., and Weerawarana, S., "Web Services Description Language (WSDL) 1.1", W3C Note, March 2001, <http://www.w3.org/TR/2001/NOTE-wsdl-20010315>

[XMLNS] Bray, T., Hollander, D., Layman, A., et al., Eds., "Namespaces in XML 1.0 (Third Edition)", W3C Recommendation, December 2009, <http://www.w3.org/TR/2009/REC-xml-names-20091208/>

[XMLSCHEMA1] Thompson, H., Beech, D., Maloney, M., and Mendelsohn, N., Eds., "XML Schema Part 1: Structures", W3C Recommendation, May 2001, <http://www.w3.org/TR/2001/REC-xmlschema-1-20010502/>

[XMLSCHEMA2] Biron, P.V., Ed. and Malhotra, A., Ed., "XML Schema Part 2: Datatypes", W3C Recommendation, May 2001, <http://www.w3.org/TR/2001/REC-xmlschema-2-20010502/>

### 1.2.2 Informative References

[RFC2818] Rescorla, E., "HTTP Over TLS", RFC 2818, May 2000, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2818.txt>

[SOAP1.2/1] Gudgin, M., Hadley, M., Mendelsohn, N., Moreau, J., and Nielsen, H.F., "SOAP Version 1.2 Part 1: Messaging Framework", W3C Recommendation, June 2003, <http://www.w3.org/TR/2003/REC-soap12-part1-20030624>

[SOAP1.2/2] Gudgin, M., Hadley, M., Mendelsohn, N., Moreau, J., and Nielsen, H.F., "SOAP Version 1.2 Part 2: Adjuncts", W3C Recommendation, June 2003, <http://www.w3.org/TR/2003/REC-soap12-part2-20030624>

### 1.3 Overview

This protocol enables a protocol client to access **agent** information exposed by a protocol server. The protocol client issues requests to a protocol server. The protocol server receives, processes, and responds to the requests of protocol clients.

This protocol provides the following functionality:

- Indicates if a user is an agent.
- Retrieves agent information.

The protocol client can get information about the current user from the protocol server through the **Web service** described in this protocol.

- Retrieves the list of agent groups.

The protocol client can retrieve the list of agent groups the currently logged-in user is part of. The object obtained contains information about the group.

- Signs in and signs out of agent groups.

The protocol client can send commands to the Web service described in this protocol to sign in and sign out the user from agent groups.

- Retrieves the list of active **response groups**.

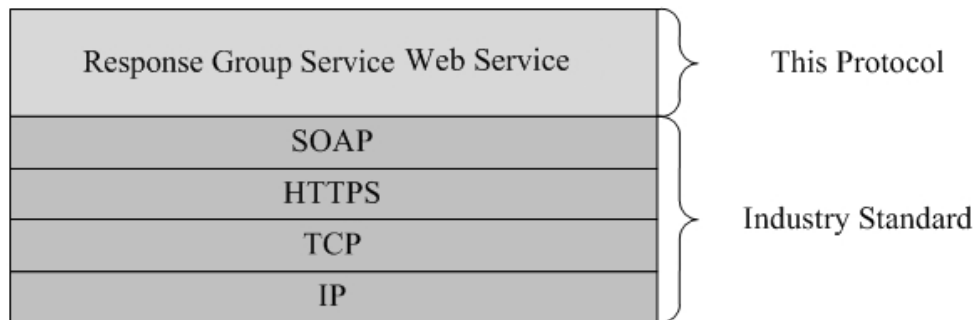
The protocol client can retrieve the list of response groups the user is part of through agent groups. The object obtained contains information about the response groups.

The Web service methods are documented in detail in section [6](#).

## 1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols

This protocol uses the **Simple Object Access Protocol (SOAP)** message protocol for formatting requests and responses, as described in [\[SOAP1.2/1\]](#) and [\[SOAP1.2/2\]](#). It transmits messages using the **Hypertext Transfer Protocol over Secure Sockets Layer (HTTPS)**, as described in [\[RFC2818\]](#).

The following figure shows the underlying messaging and transport stack that the protocol uses.



**Figure 1: Underlying message and transport stack**

## 1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions

The protocol client can obtain the **Uniform Resource Locator (URL)** of the protocol server by using the mechanism described in [\[MS-SIPREGE\]](#) section 2.2.2.

This protocol requires that the protocol client has the correct permissions to call the methods on the protocol server.

The protocol client and server are described in [\[MS-OCAUTHWS\]](#).

This protocol requires **authentication** as described in [\[MS-OCAUTHWS\]](#).

## 1.6 Applicability Statement

This protocol is used to retrieve agent information.

## 1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation

None.

## **1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields**

None.

## **1.9 Standards Assignments**

None.

## 2 Messages

### 2.1 Transport

Protocol servers MUST support SOAP over HTTPS. The client can obtain the address of the protocol server via an **in-band provisioning** response, as specified in [\[MS-SIPREGE\]](#) section 2.2.2.5.1.

### 2.2 Common Message Syntax

This section contains common definitions that are used by this protocol. The syntax of the definitions uses **XML schema**, as specified in [\[XMLSCHEMA1\]](#) and [\[XMLSCHEMA2\]](#), and **WSDL**, as specified in [\[WSDL\]](#).

#### 2.2.1 Namespaces

This protocol specifies and references **XML namespace** using the mechanisms specified in [\[XMLNS\]](#). Although this document associates an **XML namespace prefix** for each XML namespace that is used, the choice of any particular XML namespace prefix is implementation-specific and not significant for interoperability.

The following table specifies which XML namespace prefix is associated with each XML namespace that is used.

Prefix	Namespace URI	Reference
wsdl	<a href="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/">http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/</a>	<a href="#">[WSDL]</a>
s	<a href="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema</a>	<a href="#">[XMLSCHEMA1]</a> <a href="#">[XMLSCHEMA2]</a>
tns	<a href="http://schemas.microsoft.com/acd/2007/12/Microsoft.Rtc.Acd.Clients.Proxy">http://schemas.microsoft.com/acd/2007/12/Microsoft.Rtc.Acd.Clients.Proxy</a>	
soap	<a href="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/">http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/</a>	<a href="#">[SOAP1.1]</a>
s1	<a href="http://microsoft.com/wsdl/types/">http://microsoft.com/wsdl/types/</a>	

#### 2.2.2 Messages

This specification does not define any common WSDL message definitions.

#### 2.2.3 Elements

This specification does not define any common XML schema element definitions.

#### 2.2.4 Complex Types

The following table summarizes the set of common XML schema complex type definitions defined by this specification. XML schema complex type definitions that are specific to a particular operation are described with the operation.

Complex type	Description
<b>AcdAgent</b>	Information about the authenticated user.

Complex type	Description
<b>ArrayOfGuid</b>	A list of <b>GUID</b> instances.

### 2.2.4.1 AcdAgent

The **AcdAgent** complex type contains information related to an authenticated user.

```
<s:complexType name="AcdAgent">
  <s:sequence>
    <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="Id" type="s1:guid" />
    <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="UserSid" type="s:string" />
    <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="SipAddress" type="s:string" />
    <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="DisplayName" type="s:string" />
  </s:sequence>
</s:complexType>
```

**Id:** Unique identifier identifying the user.

**UserSid:** The **security identifier (SID)** of the authenticated user.

**SipAddress:** Is built from the **Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) address** of the authenticated user plus the "sip:" prefix.

**DisplayName:** Display name of the authenticated user.

Elements having *minOccurs="0"* are not present in case the server fails to retrieve the information related to the authenticated user.

### 2.2.4.2 ArrayOfGuid

The **ArrayOfGuid** complex type is a list of GUIDs representing groups.

```
<s:complexType name="ArrayOfGuid">
  <s:sequence>
    <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" name="guid" type="s1:guid" />
  </s:sequence>
</s:complexType>
```

**guid:** Identifier of a group. It is not present in case the server fails to retrieve the information related to the authenticated user.

## 2.2.5 Simple Types

The following table summarizes the set of common XML schema simple type definitions defined by this specification. XML schema simple type definitions that are specific to a particular operation are described with the operation.

Simple type	Description
<b>guid</b>	The <b>guid</b> simple type represents a GUID.

### 2.2.5.1 guid

**Namespace:** http://microsoft.com/wsdl/types/

A GUID that is defined as follows:

```
<s:simpleType name="guid">
  <s:restriction base="s:string">
    <s:pattern value="[0-9a-fA-F]{8}-[0-9a-fA-F]{4}-[0-9a-fA-F]{4}-[0-9a-fA-F]{4}-[0-9a-fA-F]{12}"/>
  </s:restriction>
</s:simpleType>
```

### 2.2.6 Attributes

This specification does not define any common XML schema attribute definitions.

### 2.2.7 Groups

This specification does not define any common XML schema group definitions.

### 2.2.8 Attribute Groups

This specification does not define any common XML schema attribute group definitions.

### 2.2.9 Common Data Structures

This specification does not define any common XML schema data structures.

## 3 Protocol Details

The client side of this protocol is simply a pass-through. That is, no additional timers or other state is required on the client side of this protocol. Calls made by the higher-layer protocol or application are passed directly to the transport, and the results returned by the transport are passed directly back to the higher-layer protocol or application.

There is no order in which methods are required to be called, except that at least one of the sign in methods, **SignIn** (section [3.1.4.5](#)) and **SignInMultiple** (section [3.1.4.6](#)), MUST precede the sign out methods, **SignOut** (section [3.1.4.7](#)) and **SignOutMultiple** (section [3.1.4.8](#)). The sign in and sign out methods require as input valid GUIDs that can be retrieved using the **GetGroups** method (section [3.1.4.3](#)). If the user is not an agent, all the methods from the protocol having a Boolean as a return value will return false.

Except where specified, protocol clients SHOULD interpret HTTP status codes returned by the protocol server as specified in [RFC2616] (Section 10, Status Code Definitions). This protocol allows protocol servers to perform implementation-specific authorization checks and notify protocol clients of authorization faults using HTTP status codes.

### 3.1 RgsAgentService Server Details

This protocol does not require the protocol server to keep any states and information about the protocol client, unless required by the authentication mechanism defined in [\[MS-OAUTHWS\]](#) section 3.

#### 3.1.1 Abstract Data Model

None.

#### 3.1.2 Timers

None.

#### 3.1.3 Initialization

None.

#### 3.1.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

The following table summarizes the list of WSDL operations as defined by this specification.

Operation	Description
<b>GetActiveResponseGroups</b>	Retrieve the list of active response groups the authenticated user is part of.
<b>GetAgent</b>	Retrieve the information about the authenticated agent.
<b>GetGroups</b>	Retrieve the groups the authenticated user is part of.
<b>IsAgent</b>	Indicate if the authenticated user is an agent or not.
<b>SignIn</b>	Sign in the authenticated user to the specified group.
<b>SignInMultiple</b>	Sign in the authenticated user to the specified groups.

Operation	Description
<b>SignOut</b>	Sign out the authenticated user from the specified group.
<b>SignOutMultiple</b>	Sign out the authenticated user from the specified groups.

### 3.1.4.1 GetActiveResponseGroups

The following excerpt from this protocol's WSDL specifies the messages that constitute the **GetActiveResponseGroups** operation. [<1>](#)

```
<wsdl:operation name="GetActiveResponseGroups">
  <wsdl:input message="tns:GetActiveResponseGroupsSoapIn" />
  <wsdl:output message="tns:GetActiveResponseGroupsSoapOut" />
</wsdl:operation>
```

#### 3.1.4.1.1 Messages

The following table summarizes the set of WSDL message definitions that are specific to this operation.

Message	Description
<b>GetActiveResponseGroupsSoapIn</b>	Request from a client to retrieve the list of response groups the user is part of.
<b>GetActiveResponseGroupsSoapOut</b>	Response to a request to retrieve the list of response groups the user is part of.

##### 3.1.4.1.1.1 GetActiveResponseGroupsSoapIn

The **GetActiveResponseGroupsSoapIn SOAP message** is a request that is sent from the protocol client to retrieve the list of response groups the user is part of. The request information **MUST** be captured in the **GetActiveResponseGroups** element in the **SOAP body** of the message. The **GetActiveResponseGroups** element is specified in section [3.1.4.1.2.1](#).

##### 3.1.4.1.1.2 GetActiveResponseGroupsSoapOut

The **GetActiveResponseGroupsSoapOut SOAP message** is a response that is sent by the protocol server. This message contains information about the response groups the user is part of. The information is included in the complex type **ArrayOfResponseGroupEntry**, as specified in section [3.1.4.1.3.1](#). If the user is not an agent, the response **SHOULD NOT** contain any complex type.

#### 3.1.4.1.2 Elements

The following table summarizes the XML schema element definitions that are specific to this operation.

Element	Description
<b>GetActiveResponseGroups</b>	The overall container of the request to retrieve response groups.
<b>GetActiveResponseGroupsResponse</b>	The overall container of the response to the request to



Element	Description
	retrieve response groups.

### 3.1.4.1.2.1 GetActiveResponseGroups

The **GetActiveResponseGroups** element is the overall container of the information that is sent in the SOAP request to retrieve the response groups the user is part of. A protocol client **MUST** adhere to the following schema.

```
<s:element name="GetActiveResponseGroups">
  <s:complexType />
</s:element>
```

### 3.1.4.1.2.2 GetActiveResponseGroupsResponse

The **GetActiveResponseGroupsResponse** element is the overall container in the response to the **GetActiveResponseGroups** (section [3.1.4.1](#)) request. **GetActiveResponseGroups** encapsulates the information about the authenticated user. A protocol server **MUST** adhere to the following schema for this element within the **SOAP envelope**.

```
<s:element name="GetActiveResponseGroupsResponse">
  <s:complexType>
  <s:sequence>
    <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="GetActiveResponseGroupsResult"
type="tns:ArrayOfResponseGroupEntry" />
  </s:sequence>
</s:complexType>
</s:element>
```

**GetActiveResponseGroupsResult:** An array of **ResponseGroupEntry** complex types (section [3.1.4.1.3.2](#)).

### 3.1.4.1.3 Complex Types

The following table summarizes the XML schema complex type definitions that are specific to this operation.

Complex type	Description
<b>ArrayOfResponseGroupEntry</b>	A list of <b>ResponseGroupEntry</b> type objects.
<b>ResponseGroupEntry</b>	Information about a response group.

#### 3.1.4.1.3.1 ArrayOfResponseGroupEntry

The **ArrayOfResponseGroupEntry** complex type is a list of **ResponseGroupEntry** complex types (section [3.1.4.1.3.2](#)) that the current authenticated user is part of.

```
<s:complexType name="ArrayOfResponseGroupEntry">
  <s:sequence>
    <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" name="ResponseGroupEntry" nillable="true"
type="tns:ResponseGroupEntry"/>
  </s:sequence>
</s:complexType>
```

```
</s:sequence>
</s:complexType>
```

**ResponseGroupEntry:** See section 3.1.4.1.3.2.

### 3.1.4.1.3.2 ResponseGroupEntry

The **ResponseGroupEntry** complex type contains information related to a response group.

```
<s:complexType name="ResponseGroupEntry">
  <s:sequence>
    <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="Uri" type="s:string" />
    <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="DisplayName" type="s:string" />
    <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="IsAnonymized" type="s:boolean" />
    <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="IsOutboundAllowed" type="s:boolean" />
  </s:sequence>
</s:complexType>
```

**Uri:** Represents the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) address of the response group plus the "sip:" prefix.

**DisplayName:** Display name of the response group.

**IsAnonymized: Boolean** indicating if the response group supports anonymization.

**IsOutboundAllowed: Boolean** indicating if the response group allows its agent to make outbound calls.

Elements having *minOccurs="0"* are not present in case the server fails to retrieve the information related to the authenticated user.

#### 3.1.4.1.4 Simple Types

None.

#### 3.1.4.1.5 Attributes

None.

#### 3.1.4.1.6 Groups

None.

#### 3.1.4.1.7 Attribute Groups

None.

### 3.1.4.2 GetAgent

The following excerpt from this protocol's WSDL specifies the messages that constitute the **GetAgent** operation.

```
<wsdl:operation name="GetAgent">
  <wsdl:input message="tns:GetAgentSoapIn" />
  <wsdl:output message="tns:GetAgentSoapOut" />
</wsdl:operation>
```

### 3.1.4.2.1 Messages

The following table summarizes the set of WSDL message definitions that are specific to this operation.

Message	Description
<b>GetAgentSoapIn</b>	Request from a client to retrieve information about the authenticated user.
<b>GetAgentSoapOut</b>	Response to a request to retrieve information about the authenticated user.

#### 3.1.4.2.1.1 GetAgentSoapIn

The **GetAgentSoapIn** SOAP message is a request that is sent from the protocol client to retrieve information about the authenticated user. The request information **MUST** be captured in the **GetAgent** element in the SOAP body of the message. The **GetAgent** element is specified in section [3.1.4.2.2.1](#).

#### 3.1.4.2.1.2 GetAgentSoapOut

The **GetAgentSoapOut** SOAP message is a response that is sent by the protocol server. This message contains information about the authenticated user if the user is an agent. The information is included in the complex type **AcdAgent**, which is specified in section [2.2.4.1](#). If the user is not an agent, the response **SHOULD NOT** contain any complex type.

### 3.1.4.2.2 Elements

The following table summarizes the XML schema element definitions that are specific to this operation.

Element	Description
<b>GetAgent</b>	The overall container of the request to retrieve agent information.
<b>GetAgentResponse</b>	The overall container of the response to the request to retrieve agent information.

#### 3.1.4.2.2.1 GetAgent

The **GetAgent** element is the overall container of the information that is sent in the SOAP request to retrieve agent information. A protocol client **MUST** adhere to the following schema for this element within the SOAP envelope.

```
<s:element name="GetAgent">
  <s:complexType />
</s:element>
```

#### 3.1.4.2.2.2 GetAgentResponse

The **GetAgentResponse** complex type is the overall container in the response to the **GetAgent** (section [3.1.4.2](#)) request. **GetAgentResponse** encapsulates the information about the authenticated user. A protocol server **MUST** adhere to the following schema for this element within the SOAP envelope.

```

<s:element name="GetAgentResponse">
  <s:complexType>
    <s:sequence>
      <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="GetAgentResult" type="tns:AcdAgent" />
    </s:sequence>
  </s:complexType>
</s:element>

```

**GetAgentResult:** An **AcdAgent** object which describes the authenticated agent. **AcdAgent** is described in section [2.2.4.1](#).

### 3.1.4.2.3 Complex Types

None.

### 3.1.4.2.4 Simple Types

None.

### 3.1.4.2.5 Attributes

None.

### 3.1.4.2.6 Groups

None.

### 3.1.4.2.7 Attribute Groups

None.

### 3.1.4.3 GetGroups

The following excerpt from this protocol's WSDL specifies the messages that constitute the **GetGroups** operation.

```

<wsdl:operation name="GetGroups">
  <wsdl:input message="tns:GetGroupsSoapIn" />
  <wsdl:output message="tns:GetGroupsSoapOut" />
</wsdl:operation>

```

#### 3.1.4.3.1 Messages

The following table summarizes the set of WSDL message definitions that are specific to this operation.

Message	Description
<b>GetGroupsSoapIn</b>	Request from a client to retrieve the groups of an authenticated user.
<b>GetGroupsSoapOut</b>	Response to a request to retrieve the groups of an authenticated user.

### 3.1.4.3.1.1 GetGroupsSoapIn

The **GetGroupsSoapIn** SOAP message is a request that is sent from the protocol client to retrieve the groups of an authenticated user. The request information **MUST** be captured in the **GetGroups** element in the SOAP body of the message. The **GetGroups** element is specified in section [3.1.4.3.2.1](#).

### 3.1.4.3.1.2 GetGroupsSoapOut

The **GetGroupsSoapOut** SOAP message is a response that is sent by the protocol server. This message contains a list of groups that the agent is member of. The information is included in the complex type **ArrayOfAcdGroup**, which is specified in section [3.1.4.3.3.3](#). If the user is not an agent, the **ArrayOfAcdGroup** complex type **SHOULD** be empty.

### 3.1.4.3.2 Elements

The following table summarizes the XML schema element definitions that are specific to this operation.

Element	Description
<b>GetGroups</b>	The overall container of the request to retrieve agent groups.
<b>GetGroupsResponse</b>	The overall container of the response to the request to retrieve agent groups.

#### 3.1.4.3.2.1 GetGroups

The **GetGroups** element is the overall container of the information that is sent in the SOAP request to retrieve agent groups. A protocol client **MUST** adhere to the following schema for this element within the SOAP envelope.

```
<s:element name="GetGroups">
  <s:complexType />
</s:element>
```

#### 3.1.4.3.2.2 GetGroupsResponse

The **GetGroupsResponse** complex type is the overall container in the response to the **GetGroups** (section [3.1.4.3](#)) request. **GetGroupsResponse** encapsulates the information about the groups an agent is part of. A protocol server **MUST** adhere to the following schema for this element within the SOAP envelope.

```
<s:element name="GetGroupsResponse">
  <s:complexType>
    <s:sequence>
      <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="GetGroupsResult" type="tns:ArrayOfAcdGroup" />
    </s:sequence>
  </s:complexType>
</s:element>
```

**GetGroupsResult:** An array of **AcdGroup** objects which represent the groups where the authenticated agent is a member. **AcdGroup** is described in section [3.1.4.3.3.1](#).

### 3.1.4.3.3 Complex Types

The following table summarizes the XML schema complex type definitions that are specific to this operation.

Complex type	Description
<b>AcdGroup</b>	Information about a group.
<b>ArrayOfAcdAgent</b>	A list of agents belonging to a group.
<b>ArrayOfAcdGroup</b>	A list of <b>AcdGroups</b> .

### 3.1.4.3.3.1 AcdGroup

The **AcdGroup** complex type contains information related to an agent group.

```
<s:complexType name="AcdGroup">
  <s:sequence>
    <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="Id" type="s1:guid" />
    <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="Name" type="s:string" />
    <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="NumberOfAgents" type="s:int" />
    <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="CanSignIn" type="s:boolean" />
    <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="SignInState" type="tns:SignInState" />
    <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="AllAgents" type="tns:ArrayOfAcdAgent" />
    <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="NumberOfCallsWaiting" type="s:int" />
    <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="LongestWaitingTime" type="s:int" />
  </s:sequence>
</s:complexType>
```

**Id:** Unique identifier identifying the group.

**Name:** Name of the group.

**NumberOfAgents:** Number of agents who are members of the group. This element SHOULD be greater than or equal to zero.

**CanSignIn:** A **Boolean** that indicates if the group supports sign in and sign out.

**SignInState:** State of the current user for this group.

**AllAgents:** List of agents who are members of the group.

**NumberOfCallsWaiting:** Number of calls waiting in the queues served by the group. This element SHOULD be greater than or equal to zero.

**LongestWaitingTime:** The longest waiting time in seconds among all the calls waiting in the queues served by the group. This element SHOULD be greater than or equal to zero.

Elements having *minOccurs="0"* are not present in case the server fails to retrieve the information related to the authenticated user.

### 3.1.4.3.3.2 ArrayOfAcdAgent

The **ArrayOfAcdAgent** complex type is a list of agents who are members of a group.

```
<s:complexType name="ArrayOfAcdAgent">
  <s:sequence>
    <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" name="AcdAgent" nillable="true"
      type="tns:AcdAgent" />
  </s:sequence>
</s:complexType>
```

```
</s:sequence>
</s:complexType>
```

**AcdAgent:** A complex type containing information related to an authenticated user, as specified in section [2.2.4.1](#).

### 3.1.4.3.3.3 ArrayOfAcdGroup

The **ArrayOfAcdGroup** complex type is a list of **AcdGroups** (section [3.1.4.3.3.1](#)) the current authenticated user is part of.

```
<s:complexType name="ArrayOfAcdGroup">
  <s:sequence>
    <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" name="AcdGroup" nillable="true"
type="tns:AcdGroup"/>
  </s:sequence>
</s:complexType>
```

**AcdGroup:** A complex type containing information related to an agent group, as specified in section [3.1.4.3.3.1](#).

### 3.1.4.3.4 Simple Types

The following table summarizes the XML schema simple type definitions that are specific to this operation.

Simple type	Description
<b>SignInState</b>	The sign-in state of an agent in a given group.

#### 3.1.4.3.4.1 SignInState

The **SignInState** simple type represents the state of a user in a given group.

```
<s:simpleType name="SignInState">
  <s:restriction base="s:string">
    <s:enumeration value="SignedIn" />
    <s:enumeration value="SignedOut" />
    <s:enumeration value="Unknown" />
  </s:restriction>
</s:simpleType>
```

**SignedIn:** The user is currently signed in to the group.

**SignedOut:** The user is currently signed out of the group.

**Unknown:** The user's state cannot be retrieved.

#### 3.1.4.3.5 Attributes

None.

#### 3.1.4.3.6 Groups

None.

### 3.1.4.3.7 Attribute Groups

None.

### 3.1.4.4 IsAgent

The following excerpt from this protocol's WSDL specifies the messages that constitute the **IsAgent** operation:

```
<wsdl:operation name="IsAgent">
  <wsdl:input message="tns:IsAgentSoapIn" />
  <wsdl:output message="tns:IsAgentSoapOut" />
</wsdl:operation>
```

#### 3.1.4.4.1 Messages

The following table summarizes the set of WSDL message definitions that are specific to this operation.

Message	Description
<b>IsAgentSoapIn</b>	Request from a client to retrieve information about whether the user is an agent.
<b>IsAgentSoapOut</b>	Response to a request to retrieve information about whether the user is an agent.

##### 3.1.4.4.1.1 IsAgentSoapIn

The **IsAgentSoapIn** SOAP message is a request that is sent from the protocol client to retrieve information about whether the user is an agent. The request information **MUST** be captured in the **IsAgent** element in the SOAP body of the message. The **IsAgent** element is specified in section [3.1.4.4.2.1](#).

##### 3.1.4.4.1.2 IsAgentSoapOut

The **IsAgentSoapOut** SOAP message is a response that is sent by the protocol server. This message **MUST** contain a **Boolean** that indicates if the user is an agent or not.

#### 3.1.4.4.2 Elements

The following table summarizes the XML schema element definitions that are specific to this operation.

Element	Description
<b>IsAgent</b>	The overall container of the request to retrieve agent state.
<b>IsAgentResponse</b>	The overall container of the response to the request to retrieve agent state.

##### 3.1.4.4.2.1 IsAgent



The **IsAgent** element is the overall container of the information that is sent in the SOAP request to retrieve agent state. A protocol client **MUST** adhere to the following schema for this element within the SOAP envelope.

```
<s:element name="IsAgent">
  <s:complexType />
</s:element>
```

### 3.1.4.4.2 IsAgentResponse

The **IsAgentResponse** element is the overall container in the response to the **IsAgent** (section [3.1.4.4](#)) request. **IsAgentResponse** encapsulates the information about the agent state. A protocol server **MUST** adhere to the following schema for this element within the SOAP envelope.

```
<s:element name="IsAgentResponse">
  <s:complexType>
    <s:sequence>
      <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="IsAgentResult" type="s:boolean" />
    </s:sequence>
  </s:complexType>
</s:element>
```

**IsAgentResult:** Indicates whether the authenticated user is a response group agent.

### 3.1.4.4.3 Complex Types

None.

### 3.1.4.4.4 Simple Types

None.

### 3.1.4.4.5 Attributes

None.

### 3.1.4.4.6 Groups

None.

### 3.1.4.4.7 Attribute Groups

None.

## 3.1.4.5 SignIn

The following excerpt from this protocol's WSDL specifies the messages that constitute the **SignIn** operation:

```
<wsdl:operation name="SignIn">
  <wsdl:input message="tns:SignInSoapIn" />
  <wsdl:output message="tns:SignInSoapOut" />
</wsdl:operation>
```

### 3.1.4.5.1 Messages

The following table summarizes the set of WSDL message definitions that are specific to this operation.

Message	Description
<b>SignInSoapIn</b>	A request from a client to sign in the user in the specified group.
<b>SignInSoapOut</b>	A response to a request to sign in the user in the specified group.

### 3.1.4.5.1.1 SignInSoapIn

The **SignInSoapIn** SOAP message is a request that is sent from the protocol client to sign in the user in the specified group. The request information **MUST** be captured in the **SignIn** element in the SOAP body of the message. The **SignIn** element is specified in section [3.1.4.5.2.1](#).

### 3.1.4.5.1.2 SignInSoapOut

This SOAP message is a response that is sent by the protocol server. This message **MUST** contain a **Boolean** indicating if the operation has succeeded.

### 3.1.4.5.2 Elements

The following table summarizes the XML schema element definitions that are specific to this operation.

Element	Description
<b>SignIn</b>	The overall container of the request to sign in the user to a group.
<b>SignInResponse</b>	The overall container of the response to the request to sign in the user to a group.

### 3.1.4.5.2.1 SignIn

The **SignIn** element is the overall container of the information that is sent in the SOAP request to sign in the user in a group. A protocol client **MUST** adhere to the following schema for this element within the SOAP envelope.

```
<s:element name="SignIn">
  <s:complexType>
    <s:sequence>
      <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="groupId" type="s1:guid" />
    </s:sequence>
  </s:complexType>
</s:element>
```

**groupId**: The identifier of the group to sign in the authenticated user.

### 3.1.4.5.2.2 SignInResponse

The **SignInResponse** element is the overall container in the response to the **SignIn** (section [3.1.4.5](#)) request. **SignInResponse** contains the result of the operation. A protocol server MUST adhere to the following schema for this element within the SOAP envelope.

```
<s:element name="SignInResponse">
  <s:complexType>
    <s:sequence>
      <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="SignInResult" type="s:boolean" />
    </s:sequence>
  </s:complexType>
</s:element>
```

**SignInResult:** Indicates whether the authenticated user successfully signed into the given group.

### 3.1.4.5.3 Complex Types

None.

### 3.1.4.5.4 Simple Types

None.

### 3.1.4.5.5 Attributes

None.

### 3.1.4.5.6 Groups

None.

### 3.1.4.5.7 Attribute Groups

None.

### 3.1.4.6 SignInMultiple

The following excerpt from this protocol's WSDL specifies the messages that constitute the **SignInMultiple** operation:

```
<wsdl:operation name="SignInMultiple">
  <wsdl:input message="tns:SignInMultipleSoapIn" />
  <wsdl:output message="tns:SignInMultipleSoapOut" />
</wsdl:operation>
```

#### 3.1.4.6.1 Messages

The following table summarizes the set of WSDL message definitions that are specific to this operation.

Message	Description
<b>SignInMultipleSoapIn</b>	A request from a client to sign in the user in the specified groups.
<b>SignInMultipleSoapOut</b>	A response to a request to sign in the user in the specified groups.

### 3.1.4.6.1.1 SignInMultipleSoapIn

The **SignInMultipleSoapIn** SOAP message is a request that is sent from the protocol client to sign in the user in the specified groups. The request information MUST be captured in the **SignInMultiple** element in the SOAP body of the message. The **SignInMultiple** element is specified in section [3.1.4.6.2.1](#).

### 3.1.4.6.1.2 SignInMultipleSoapOut

The **SignInMultipleSoapOut** SOAP message is a response that is sent by the protocol server. This message MUST contain a **Boolean** indicating if the operation succeeded.

### 3.1.4.6.2 Elements

The following table summarizes the XML schema element definitions that are specific to this operation.

Element	Description
<b>SignInMultiple</b>	The overall container of the request to sign in the user in multiple groups.
<b>SignInMultipleResponse</b>	The overall container of the response to the request to sign in the user in multiple groups.

#### 3.1.4.6.2.1 SignInMultiple

The **SignInMultiple** element is the overall container of the information that is sent in the SOAP request to sign in the user in multiple groups. A protocol client MUST adhere to the following schema for this element within the SOAP envelope.

```
<s:element name="SignInMultiple">
  <s:complexType>
    <s:sequence>
      <element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="groupIds" type="tns:ArrayOfGuid" />
    </s:sequence>
  </s:complexType>
</s:element>
```

**groupIds:** An array of identifiers of the groups to sign the authenticated user into.

#### 3.1.4.6.2.2 SignInMultipleResponse

The **SignInMultipleResponse** element is the overall container in the response to the **SignInMultiple** (section [3.1.4.6](#)) request. **SignInMultipleResponse** contains the result of the operation. If the operation partially succeeded, the return value SHOULD be set to **FALSE**. Information about the current sign-in state can be retrieved using the **GetGroups** message, as defined in section [3.1.4.3](#). A protocol server MUST adhere to the following schema for this element within the SOAP envelope.

```
<s:element name="SignInMultipleResponse">
  <s:complexType>
    <s:sequence>
```

```

        <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="SignInMultipleResult" type="s:boolean" />
    </s:sequence>
</s:complexType>
</s:element>

```

**SignInMultipleResult:** Indicates whether the authenticated user successfully signed into all given groups.

### 3.1.4.6.3 Complex Types

None.

### 3.1.4.6.4 Simple Types

None.

### 3.1.4.6.5 Groups

None.

### 3.1.4.6.6 Attributes

None.

### 3.1.4.6.7 Attribute Groups

None.

### 3.1.4.7 SignOut

The following excerpt from this protocol's WSDL specifies the messages that constitute the **SignOut** operation:

```

<wsdl:operation name="SignOut">
    <wsdl:input message="tns:SignOutSoapIn" />
    <wsdl:output message="tns:SignOutSoapOut" />
</wsdl:operation>

```

#### 3.1.4.7.1 Messages

The following table summarizes the set of WSDL message definitions that are specific to this operation.

Message	Description
<b>SignOutSoapIn</b>	Request from a client to sign out the user from the specified group.
<b>SignOutSoapOut</b>	Response to a request to sign out the user from the specified group.

#### 3.1.4.7.1.1 SignOutSoapIn

The **SignOutSoapIn** SOAP message is a request that is sent from the protocol client to sign out the user from the specified group. The request information MUST be captured in the **SignOut** element in the SOAP body of the message. The **SignOut** element is specified in section [3.1.4.7.2.1](#).

### 3.1.4.7.1.2 SignOutSoapOut

The **SignOutSoapOut** SOAP message is a response that is sent by the protocol server. This message MUST contain a **Boolean** indicating if the operation succeeded.

### 3.1.4.7.2 Elements

The following table summarizes the XML schema element definitions that are specific to this operation.

Element	Description
<b>SignOut</b>	The overall container of the request to sign out the user from a group.
<b>SignOutResponse</b>	The overall container of the response to the request to sign out the user from a group.

#### 3.1.4.7.2.1 SignOut

The **SignOut** element is the overall container of the information that is sent in the SOAP request to sign out the user from a group. A protocol client MUST adhere to the following schema for this element within the SOAP envelope.

```
<s:element name="SignOut">
  <s:complexType>
    <s:sequence>
      <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="groupId" type="s1:guid" />
    </s:sequence>
  </s:complexType>
</s:element>
```

**groupId:** Identifier of the group to sign the authenticated user out of.

#### 3.1.4.7.2.2 SignOutResponse

The **SignOutResponse** element is the overall container in the response to the **SignOut** (section [3.1.4.7.2.1](#)) request. **SignOutResponse** contains the result of the operation. A protocol server MUST adhere to the following schema for this element within the SOAP envelope.

```
<s:element name="SignOutResponse">
  <s:complexType>
    <s:sequence>
      <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="SignOutResult" type="s:boolean" />
    </s:sequence>
  </s:complexType>
</s:element>
```

**SignOutResult:** Indicates whether the authenticated user successfully signed out from the given group.

### 3.1.4.7.3 Complex Types

None.

#### 3.1.4.7.4 Simple Types

None.

#### 3.1.4.7.5 Attributes

None.

#### 3.1.4.7.6 Groups

None.

#### 3.1.4.7.7 Attribute Groups

None.

#### 3.1.4.8 SignOutMultiple

The following excerpt from this protocol's WSDL specifies the messages that constitute the **SignOutMultiple** operation.

```
<wsdl:operation name="SignOutMultiple">
  <wsdl:input message="tns:SignOutMultipleSoapIn" />
  <wsdl:output message="tns:SignOutMultipleSoapOut" />
</wsdl:operation>
```

##### 3.1.4.8.1 Messages

The following table summarizes the set of WSDL message definitions that are specific to this operation.

Message	Description
<b>SignOutMultipleSoapIn</b>	Request from a client to sign out the user from the specified groups.
<b>SignOutMultipleSoapOut</b>	Response to a request to sign out the user from the specified groups.

##### 3.1.4.8.1.1 SignOutMultipleSoapIn

The **SignOutMultipleSoapIn** SOAP message is a request that is sent from the protocol client to sign out the user from the specified groups. The request information **MUST** be captured in the **SignOutMultiple** element in the SOAP body of the message. The **SignOutMultiple** element is specified in section [3.1.4.8.2.1](#).

##### 3.1.4.8.1.2 SignOutMultipleSoapOut

The **SignOutMultipleSoapOut** SOAP message is a response that is sent by the protocol server. This message **MUST** contain a **Boolean** indicating if the operation succeeded.

##### 3.1.4.8.2 Elements

The following table summarizes the XML schema element definitions that are specific to this operation.

Element	Description
<b>SignOutMultiple</b>	The overall container of the request to sign out the user from multiple groups.
<b>SignOutMultipleResponse</b>	The overall container of the response to the request to sign out the user from multiple groups.

### 3.1.4.8.2.1 SignOutMultiple

The **SignOutMultiple** element is the overall container of the information that is sent in the SOAP request to sign out the user from multiple groups. A protocol client **MUST** adhere to the following schema for this element within the SOAP envelope.

```
<s:element name="SignOutMultiple">
  <s:complexType>
    <s:sequence>
      <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="groupIds" type="tns:ArrayOfGuid" />
    </s:sequence>
  </s:complexType>
</s:element>
```

**groupIds:** An array of identifiers of the groups in which we request to sign out the authenticated user.

### 3.1.4.8.2.2 SignOutMultipleResponse

The **SignOutMultipleResponse** element is the overall container in the response to the **SignOutMultiple** (section [3.1.4.8](#)) request. **SignOutMultipleResponse** contains the result of the operation. If the operation partially succeeded, the return value **SHOULD** be set to **FALSE**. Information about the current sign-in state can be retrieved using the **GetGroups** message, as defined in section [3.1.4.3](#). A protocol server **MUST** adhere to the following schema for this element within the SOAP envelope.

```
<s:element name="SignOutMultipleResponse">
  <s:complexType>
    <s:sequence>
      <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="SignOutMultipleResult" type="s:boolean" />
    </s:sequence>
  </s:complexType>
</s:element>
```

**SignOutMultipleResult:** A boolean value which indicates if the authenticated user successfully sign out from the all given groups.

### 3.1.4.8.3 Complex Types

None.

### 3.1.4.8.4 Simple Types

None.



#### **3.1.4.8.5 Attributes**

None.

#### **3.1.4.8.6 Groups**

None.

#### **3.1.4.8.7 Attribute Groups**

None.

#### **3.1.5 Timer Events**

None.

#### **3.1.6 Other Local Events**

None.

## 4 Protocol Examples

### 4.1 Successful GetActiveResponseGroups Request and Response

The following example is a **GetActiveResponseGroups** request. This request is sent from a client to the server as a SOAP HTTPS request.

```
<soap:Body>
  <GetActiveResponseGroups
    xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/acd/2007/12/Microsoft.Rtc.Acd.Clients.Proxy"/>
</soap:Body>
```

This request results in the following successful SOAP HTTPS response.

```
<soap:Body>
  <GetActiveResponseGroupsResponse
    xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/acd/2007/12/Microsoft.Rtc.Acd.Clients.Proxy">
    <GetActiveResponseGroupsResult>
      <ResponseGroupEntry>
        <Uri>sip:helpdesk@contoso.com</Uri>
        <DisplayName>Contoso Helpdesk</DisplayName>
        <IsAnonymized>true</IsAnonymized>
        <IsOutboundAllowed>true</IsOutboundAllowed>
      </ResponseGroupEntry>
      <ResponseGroupEntry>
        <Uri>sip:hr@contoso.com</Uri>
        <DisplayName>Contoso HR</DisplayName>
        <IsAnonymized>true</IsAnonymized>
        <IsOutboundAllowed>false</IsOutboundAllowed>
      </ResponseGroupEntry>
    </GetActiveResponseGroupsResult>
  </GetActiveResponseGroupsResponse>
</soap:Body>
```

### 4.2 Successful SignIn Request and Response

The following example is a **SignIn** request. This request is sent from a client to the server as a SOAP HTTPS request.

```
<soap:Body>
  <SignIn xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/acd/2007/12/Microsoft.Rtc.Acd.Clients.Proxy">
    <groupId>0762e30f-a76c-4c75-9390-4c07a9f4e51f</groupId>
  </SignIn>
</soap:Body>
```

This request results in the following successful SOAP HTTPS response.

```
<soap:Body>
  <SignInResponse
    xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/acd/2007/12/Microsoft.Rtc.Acd.Clients.Proxy">
    <SignInResult>true</SignInResult>
  </SignInResponse>
</soap:Body>
```

### 4.3 Unsuccessful SignOut Request and Response

The following example is a **SignOut** request. This request is sent from a client to the server as a SOAP HTTPS request.

```
<soap:Body>
  <SignOut xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/acd/2007/12/Microsoft.Rtc.Acd.Clients.Proxy">
    <groupId>0762e30f-a76c-4c75-9390-4c07a9f4e51f</groupId>
  </SignOut>
</soap:Body>
```

This request results in the following SOAP HTTPS response.

```
<soap:Body>
  <SignOutResponse
xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/acd/2007/12/Microsoft.Rtc.Acd.Clients.Proxy">
  <SignOutResult>>false</SignOutResult>
</SignOutResponse>
</soap:Body>
```

## 5 Security

### 5.1 Security Considerations for Implementers

This protocol allows **Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP)** connections only over **Secure Sockets Layer (SSL)**. Users are authenticated using the mechanism described in [\[MS-OCAUTHWS\]](#).

### 5.2 Index of Security Parameters

None.

## 6 Appendix A: Full WSDL

For ease of implementation, the full WSDL and schema are provided in this appendix.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<wsdl:definitions xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/"
xmlns:tns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/acd/2007/12/Microsoft.Rtc.Acd.Clients.Proxy"
xmlns:s1="http://microsoft.com/wsdl/types/" xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
targetNamespace="http://schemas.microsoft.com/acd/2007/12/Microsoft.Rtc.Acd.Clients.Proxy"
xmlns:wsdl="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/">
<wsdl:types>
  <s:schema elementFormDefault="qualified"
targetNamespace="http://schemas.microsoft.com/acd/2007/12/Microsoft.Rtc.Acd.Clients.Proxy">
    <s:import namespace="http://microsoft.com/wsdl/types/" />
    <s:element name="IsAgent">
      <s:complexType />
    </s:element>
    <s:element name="IsAgentResponse">
      <s:complexType>
        <s:sequence>
          <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="IsAgentResult" type="s:boolean" />
        </s:sequence>
      </s:complexType>
    </s:element>
    <s:element name="GetAgent">
      <s:complexType />
    </s:element>
    <s:element name="GetAgentResponse">
      <s:complexType>
        <s:sequence>
          <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="GetAgentResult" type="tns:AcAgent" />
        </s:sequence>
      </s:complexType>
    </s:element>
    <s:complexType name="AcAgent">
      <s:sequence>
        <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="Id" type="s1:guid" />
        <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="UserSid" type="s:string" />
        <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="SipAddress" type="s:string" />
        <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="DisplayName" type="s:string" />
      </s:sequence>
    </s:complexType>
    <s:element name="GetGroups">
      <s:complexType />
    </s:element>
    <s:element name="GetGroupsResponse">
      <s:complexType>
        <s:sequence>
          <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="GetGroupsResult"
type="tns:ArrayOfAcGroup" />
        </s:sequence>
      </s:complexType>
    </s:element>
    <s:complexType name="ArrayOfAcGroup">
      <s:sequence>
        <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" name="AcGroup" nillable="true"
type="tns:AcGroup" />
      </s:sequence>
    </s:complexType>
    <s:complexType name="AcGroup">
      <s:sequence>
        <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="Id" type="s1:guid" />
        <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="Name" type="s:string" />
        <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="NumberOfAgents" type="s:int" />
        <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="CanSignIn" type="s:boolean" />
        <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="SignInState" type="tns:SignInState" />
        <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="AllAgents" type="tns:ArrayOfAcAgent" />
      </s:sequence>
    </s:complexType>
  </s:schema>

```

```

        <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="NumberOfCallsWaiting" type="s:int" />
        <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="LongestWaitingTime" type="s:int" />

    </s:sequence>
</s:complexType>
<s:simpleType name="SignInState">
    <s:restriction base="s:string">
        <s:enumeration value="SignedIn" />
        <s:enumeration value="SignedOut" />
        <s:enumeration value="Unknown" />
    </s:restriction>
</s:simpleType>
<s:complexType name="ArrayOfAcdAgent">
    <s:sequence>
        <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" name="AcdAgent" nillable="true"
type="tns:AcdAgent" />
    </s:sequence>
</s:complexType>
<s:element name="SignIn">
    <s:complexType>
        <s:sequence>
            <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="groupId" type="s1:guid" />
        </s:sequence>
    </s:complexType>
</s:element>
<s:element name="SignInResponse">
    <s:complexType>
        <s:sequence>
            <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="SignInResult" type="s:boolean" />
        </s:sequence>
    </s:complexType>
</s:element>
<s:element name="SignOut">
    <s:complexType>
        <s:sequence>
            <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="groupId" type="s1:guid" />
        </s:sequence>
    </s:complexType>
</s:element>
<s:element name="SignOutResponse">
    <s:complexType>
        <s:sequence>
            <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="SignOutResult" type="s:boolean" />
        </s:sequence>
    </s:complexType>
</s:element>
<s:element name="SignInMultiple">
    <s:complexType>
        <s:sequence>
            <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="groupIds" type="tns:ArrayOfGuid" />
        </s:sequence>
    </s:complexType>
</s:element>
<s:complexType name="ArrayOfGuid">
    <s:sequence>
        <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" name="guid" type="s1:guid" />
    </s:sequence>
</s:complexType>
<s:element name="SignInMultipleResponse">
    <s:complexType>
        <s:sequence>
            <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="SignInMultipleResult" type="s:boolean"
/>
        </s:sequence>
    </s:complexType>
</s:element>
<s:element name="SignOutMultiple">
    <s:complexType>
        <s:sequence>

```

```

        <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="groupIds" type="tns:ArrayOfGuid" />
    </s:sequence>
</s:complexType>
</s:element>
<s:element name="SignOutMultipleResponse">
    <s:complexType>
        <s:sequence>
            <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="SignOutMultipleResult"
type="s:boolean" />
        </s:sequence>
    </s:complexType>
</s:element>
<s:element name="GetActiveResponseGroups">
    <s:complexType />
</s:element>
<s:element name="GetActiveResponseGroupsResponse">
    <s:complexType>
        <s:sequence>
            <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="GetActiveResponseGroupsResult"
type="tns:ArrayOfResponseGroupEntry" />
        </s:sequence>
    </s:complexType>
</s:element>
<s:complexType name="ArrayOfResponseGroupEntry">
    <s:sequence>
        <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" name="ResponseGroupEntry"
nillable="true" type="tns:ResponseGroupEntry" />
    </s:sequence>
</s:complexType>
<s:complexType name="ResponseGroupEntry">
    <s:sequence>
        <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="Uri" type="s:string" />
        <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="DisplayName" type="s:string" />
        <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="IsAnonymized" type="s:boolean" />
        <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="IsOutboundAllowed" type="s:boolean" />
    </s:sequence>
</s:complexType>
</s:schema>
<s:schema elementFormDefault="qualified"
targetNamespace="http://microsoft.com/wsdl/types/">
    <s:simpleType name="guid">
        <s:restriction base="s:string">
            <s:pattern value="[0-9a-fA-F]{8}-[0-9a-fA-F]{4}-[0-9a-fA-F]{4}-[0-9a-fA-F]{4}-[0-9a-
fA-F]{12}" />
        </s:restriction>
    </s:simpleType>
</s:schema>
</wsdl:types>
<wsdl:message name="IsAgentSoapIn">
    <wsdl:part name="parameters" element="tns:IsAgent" />
</wsdl:message>
<wsdl:message name="IsAgentSoapOut">
    <wsdl:part name="parameters" element="tns:IsAgentResponse" />
</wsdl:message>
<wsdl:message name="GetAgentSoapIn">
    <wsdl:part name="parameters" element="tns:GetAgent" />
</wsdl:message>
<wsdl:message name="GetAgentSoapOut">
    <wsdl:part name="parameters" element="tns:GetAgentResponse" />
</wsdl:message>
<wsdl:message name="GetGroupsSoapIn">
    <wsdl:part name="parameters" element="tns:GetGroups" />
</wsdl:message>
<wsdl:message name="GetGroupsSoapOut">
    <wsdl:part name="parameters" element="tns:GetGroupsResponse" />
</wsdl:message>
<wsdl:message name="SignInSoapIn">
    <wsdl:part name="parameters" element="tns:SignIn" />
</wsdl:message>

```

```

<wsdl:message name="SignInSoapOut">
  <wsdl:part name="parameters" element="tns:SignInResponse" />
</wsdl:message>
<wsdl:message name="SignOutSoapIn">
  <wsdl:part name="parameters" element="tns:SignOut" />
</wsdl:message>
<wsdl:message name="SignOutSoapOut">
  <wsdl:part name="parameters" element="tns:SignOutResponse" />
</wsdl:message>
<wsdl:message name="SignInMultipleSoapIn">
  <wsdl:part name="parameters" element="tns:SignInMultiple" />
</wsdl:message>
<wsdl:message name="SignInMultipleSoapOut">
  <wsdl:part name="parameters" element="tns:SignInMultipleResponse" />
</wsdl:message>
<wsdl:message name="SignOutMultipleSoapIn">
  <wsdl:part name="parameters" element="tns:SignOutMultiple" />
</wsdl:message>
<wsdl:message name="SignOutMultipleSoapOut">
  <wsdl:part name="parameters" element="tns:SignOutMultipleResponse" />
</wsdl:message>
<wsdl:message name="GetActiveResponseGroupsSoapIn">
  <wsdl:part name="parameters" element="tns:GetActiveResponseGroups" />
</wsdl:message>
<wsdl:message name="GetActiveResponseGroupsSoapOut">
  <wsdl:part name="parameters" element="tns:GetActiveResponseGroupsResponse" />
</wsdl:message>
<wsdl:portType name="ProxyServiceSoap">
  <wsdl:operation name="IsAgent">
    <wsdl:input message="tns:IsAgentSoapIn" />
    <wsdl:output message="tns:IsAgentSoapOut" />
  </wsdl:operation>
  <wsdl:operation name="GetAgent">
    <wsdl:input message="tns:GetAgentSoapIn" />
    <wsdl:output message="tns:GetAgentSoapOut" />
  </wsdl:operation>
  <wsdl:operation name="GetGroups">
    <wsdl:input message="tns:GetGroupsSoapIn" />
    <wsdl:output message="tns:GetGroupsSoapOut" />
  </wsdl:operation>
  <wsdl:operation name="SignIn">
    <wsdl:input message="tns:SignInSoapIn" />
    <wsdl:output message="tns:SignInSoapOut" />
  </wsdl:operation>
  <wsdl:operation name="SignOut">
    <wsdl:input message="tns:SignOutSoapIn" />
    <wsdl:output message="tns:SignOutSoapOut" />
  </wsdl:operation>
  <wsdl:operation name="SignInMultiple">
    <wsdl:input message="tns:SignInMultipleSoapIn" />
    <wsdl:output message="tns:SignInMultipleSoapOut" />
  </wsdl:operation>
  <wsdl:operation name="SignOutMultiple">
    <wsdl:input message="tns:SignOutMultipleSoapIn" />
    <wsdl:output message="tns:SignOutMultipleSoapOut" />
  </wsdl:operation>
  <wsdl:operation name="GetActiveResponseGroups">
    <wsdl:input message="tns:GetActiveResponseGroupsSoapIn" />
    <wsdl:output message="tns:GetActiveResponseGroupsSoapOut" />
  </wsdl:operation>
</wsdl:portType>
<wsdl:binding name="ProxyServiceSoap" type="tns:ProxyServiceSoap">
  <soap:binding transport="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/http" />
  <wsdl:operation name="IsAgent">
    <soap:operation
soapAction="http://schemas.microsoft.com/acd/2007/12/Microsoft.Rtc.Acd.Clients.Proxy/IsAgent"
style="document" />
    <wsdl:input>
      <soap:body use="literal" />
    </wsdl:input>
  </wsdl:operation>

```



```

    </wsdl:input>
    <wsdl:output>
      <soap:body use="literal" />
    </wsdl:output>
  </wsdl:operation>
  <wsdl:operation name="GetAgent">
    <soap:operation
soapAction="http://schemas.microsoft.com/acd/2007/12/Microsoft.Rtc.Acd.Clients.Proxy/GetAgent
" style="document" />
    <wsdl:input>
      <soap:body use="literal" />
    </wsdl:input>
    <wsdl:output>
      <soap:body use="literal" />
    </wsdl:output>
  </wsdl:operation>
  <wsdl:operation name="GetGroups">
    <soap:operation
soapAction="http://schemas.microsoft.com/acd/2007/12/Microsoft.Rtc.Acd.Clients.Proxy/GetGroup
s" style="document" />
    <wsdl:input>
      <soap:body use="literal" />
    </wsdl:input>
    <wsdl:output>
      <soap:body use="literal" />
    </wsdl:output>
  </wsdl:operation>
  <wsdl:operation name="SignIn">
    <soap:operation
soapAction="http://schemas.microsoft.com/acd/2007/12/Microsoft.Rtc.Acd.Clients.Proxy/SignIn"
style="document" />
    <wsdl:input>
      <soap:body use="literal" />
    </wsdl:input>
    <wsdl:output>
      <soap:body use="literal" />
    </wsdl:output>
  </wsdl:operation>
  <wsdl:operation name="SignOut">
    <soap:operation
soapAction="http://schemas.microsoft.com/acd/2007/12/Microsoft.Rtc.Acd.Clients.Proxy/SignOut"
style="document" />
    <wsdl:input>
      <soap:body use="literal" />
    </wsdl:input>
    <wsdl:output>
      <soap:body use="literal" />
    </wsdl:output>
  </wsdl:operation>
  <wsdl:operation name="SignInMultiple">
    <soap:operation
soapAction="http://schemas.microsoft.com/acd/2007/12/Microsoft.Rtc.Acd.Clients.Proxy/SignInMu
ltiple" style="document" />
    <wsdl:input>
      <soap:body use="literal" />
    </wsdl:input>
    <wsdl:output>
      <soap:body use="literal" />
    </wsdl:output>
  </wsdl:operation>
  <wsdl:operation name="SignOutMultiple">
    <soap:operation
soapAction="http://schemas.microsoft.com/acd/2007/12/Microsoft.Rtc.Acd.Clients.Proxy/SignOutM
ultiple" style="document" />
    <wsdl:input>
      <soap:body use="literal" />
    </wsdl:input>
    <wsdl:output>
      <soap:body use="literal" />
    </wsdl:output>
  </wsdl:operation>

```

```
</wsdl:output>
</wsdl:operation>
<wsdl:operation name="GetActiveResponseGroups">
  <soap:operation
soapAction="http://schemas.microsoft.com/acd/2007/12/Microsoft.Rtc.Acd.Clients.Proxy/GetActiv
eResponseGroups" style="document" />
  <wsdl:input>
    <soap:body use="literal" />
  </wsdl:input>
  <wsdl:output>
    <soap:body use="literal" />
  </wsdl:output>
</wsdl:operation>
</wsdl:binding>
</wsdl:definitions>
```

## 7 Appendix B: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include released service packs.

- Microsoft Lync Server 2013
- Microsoft Lync Client 2013/Skype for Business
- Microsoft Lync Server 2010
- Microsoft Lync 2010
- Microsoft Office Communications Server 2007 R2
- Microsoft Office Communicator 2007 R2
- Microsoft Skype for Business 2016
- Microsoft Skype for Business Server 2015

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. If a service pack or Quick Fix Engineering (QFE) number appears with the product version, behavior changed in that service pack or QFE. The new behavior also applies to subsequent service packs of the product unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms SHOULD or SHOULD NOT implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term MAY implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

<1> [Section 3.1.4.1](#): The **GetActiveResponseGroups** method (section [3.1.4.1](#)) is not supported by Office Communicator 2007 R2 or Office Communications Server 2007 R2.

## 8 Change Tracking

No table of changes is available. The document is either new or has had no changes since its last release.

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