

# [MS-OXOSFLD]: Special Folders Protocol Specification

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## Revision Summary

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04/25/2008	0.2		Revised and updated property names and other technical content.
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09/03/2008	1.02		Revised and edited technical content.
12/03/2008	1.03		Revised and edited technical content.
03/04/2009	1.04		Revised and edited technical content.
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Preliminary

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# 1 Introduction

The Special Folders Protocol is used to create and open a folder that is part of the set of default folders that store particular types of data within a **mailbox**. The Special Folders Protocol extends the Folder Object Protocol, which is described in [\[MS-OXCFOLD\]](#).

Sections 1.8, 2, and 3 of this specification are normative and can contain the terms MAY, SHOULD, MUST, MUST NOT, and SHOULD NOT as defined in RFC 2119. Sections 1.5 and 1.9 are also normative but cannot contain those terms. All other sections and examples in this specification are informative.

## 1.1 Glossary

The following terms are defined in [\[MS-GLOS\]](#):

**little-endian**  
**remote procedure call (RPC)**

The following terms are defined in [\[MS-OXGLOS\]](#):

**calendar**  
**Calendar folder**  
**Calendar object**  
**client-side rule**  
**Common Views folder**  
**contact**  
**Contact object**  
**Contacts folder**  
**Container class**  
**conversation action**  
**Deferred Action Message (DAM)**  
**Deferred Error Message (DEM)**  
**delegate**  
**Delegate Information object**  
**Deleted Items folder**  
**Drafts folder**  
**E-mail object**  
**entry ID**  
**EntryID**  
**folder associated information (FAI)**  
**Folder object**  
**free/busy message**  
**Inbox folder**  
**Journal object**  
**Junk E-mail folder**  
**Junk E-mail rule**  
**locale**  
**mailbox**  
**message class**  
**Message object**  
**Note object**  
**Outbox folder**  
**public folder**  
**Really Simple Syndication (RSS)**  
**Receive folder**

**remote operation (ROP)**  
**restriction**  
**Root folder**  
**ROP request**  
**ROP response**  
**search criteria**  
**search folder**  
**Sent Items folder**  
**Server object**  
**Server object handle**  
**special folder**  
**store**  
**Store object**  
**Task object**

The following terms are specific to this document:

**MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT:** These terms (in all caps) are used as described in [\[RFC2119\]](#). All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

## 1.2 References

References to Microsoft Open Specifications documentation do not include a publishing year because links are to the latest version of the documents, which are updated frequently. References to other documents include a publishing year when one is available.

### 1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact [dochelp@microsoft.com](mailto:dochelp@microsoft.com). We will assist you in finding the relevant information. Please check the archive site, <http://msdn2.microsoft.com/en-us/library/E4BD6494-06AD-4aed-9823-445E921C9624>, as an additional source.

[MS-DTYP] Microsoft Corporation, "[Windows Data Types](#)".

[MS-OXCDATA] Microsoft Corporation, "[Data Structures](#)".

[MS-OXCFOLD] Microsoft Corporation, "[Folder Object Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXCMSG] Microsoft Corporation, "[Message and Attachment Object Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXCROPS] Microsoft Corporation, "[Remote Operations \(ROP\) List and Encoding Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXCSTOR] Microsoft Corporation, "[Store Object Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXOCAL] Microsoft Corporation, "[Appointment and Meeting Object Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXODLGT] Microsoft Corporation, "[Delegate Access Configuration Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXOFLAG] Microsoft Corporation, "[Informational Flagging Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXORMDR] Microsoft Corporation, "[Reminder Settings Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXOTASK] Microsoft Corporation, "[Task-Related Objects Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXPROPS] Microsoft Corporation, "[Exchange Server Protocols Master Property List](#)".

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt>

## 1.2.2 Informative References

[MS-GLOS] Microsoft Corporation, "[Windows Protocols Master Glossary](#)".

[MS-OXCPRPT] Microsoft Corporation, "[Property and Stream Object Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXCRPC] Microsoft Corporation, "[Wire Format Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXCSPAM] Microsoft Corporation, "[Spam Confidence Level Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXGLOS] Microsoft Corporation, "[Exchange Server Protocols Master Glossary](#)".

[MS-OXOCFG] Microsoft Corporation, "[Configuration Information Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXOCNTC] Microsoft Corporation, "[Contact Object Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXODOC] Microsoft Corporation, "[Document Object Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXOJRN] Microsoft Corporation, "[Journal Object Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXOMSG] Microsoft Corporation, "[E-Mail Object Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXONOTE] Microsoft Corporation, "[Note Object Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXOPFFB] Microsoft Corporation, "[Public Folder-Based Free/Busy Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXORSS] Microsoft Corporation, "[RSS Object Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXORULE] Microsoft Corporation, "[E-Mail Rules Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXOSRCH] Microsoft Corporation, "[Search Folder List Configuration Protocol Specification](#)".

## 1.3 Overview

The Special Folders Protocol is used to create and open a folder that is part of the set of default folders within a mailbox. Each of these **special folders** stores a particular type of **Message object**. For example, there is a special folder for e-mail messages, another for appointments, and another for **contacts (3)**. A complete list of the special folders, along with descriptions and the type of data contained in each special folder, is provided in section [2.2.1](#).

Each special folder has an identifier. The identifier ensures that the same special folder will continue to be used to store a particular type of Message object after the folder is created.

The Special Folders Protocol extends the Folder Object Protocol by defining additional constraints and adaptations for creating and accessing special folders. For information about the Folder Object Protocol, see [\[MS-OXCFOLD\]](#).

## 1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols

The Special Folders Protocol extends the Folder Object Protocol, and, therefore, has the same dependencies. For information about the Folder Object Protocol, see [\[MS-OXCFOLD\]](#).

## 1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions

The Special Folders Protocol has the same prerequisites and preconditions as the Folder Object Protocol. For information about the Folder Object Protocol, see [\[MS-OXCFLD\]](#).

## 1.6 Applicability Statement

A client can use the Special Folders Protocol to organize and store well-known object types in a user's mailbox.

## 1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation

None.

## 1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields

None.

## 1.9 Standards Assignments

None.

## 2 Messages

### 2.1 Transport

The Special Folders Protocol uses the same underlying transport as that used by the Folder Object Protocol, as specified in [\[MS-OXCFOLD\]](#).

### 2.2 Message Syntax

#### 2.2.1 List of Special Folders

**Note** Some of the information in this section is subject to change because it applies to a preliminary implementation of the protocol or structure. For information about specific differences between versions, see the behavior notes that are provided in the Product Behavior appendix.

The set of folders that are special folders, <1> along with the **Container class** for each folder where applicable and references for further information, are listed in the following table.

Special folder name	Description	Container class	More information
Root	The <b>store</b> hierarchy's top-level folder, which contains all other <b>Folder objects</b> in that store.	None	<a href="#">[MS-OXCSTOR]</a>
Finder	Contains the default <b>search folders (2)</b> .	None	<a href="#">[MS-OXOSRCH]</a>
FreeBusy Data	Contains the free/busy data of the mailbox's owner.	None	<a href="#">[MS-OXOPFFB]</a>
Top of Personal Folders	The top folder of the interpersonal message hierarchy, which contains user data folders, including most special folders (2), such as the <b>Inbox folder</b> .	None	[MS-OXCSTOR]
Deleted Items	The default location for objects that have been deleted.	"IPF.Note"	<a href="#">[MS-OXOMSG]</a>
Outbox	Outgoing e-mail Message objects are placed in this folder when the Message object is sent.	"IPF.Note"	[MS-OXOMSG]
Sent Items	The default location in which copies of e-mail Message objects are placed after they have been submitted (sent).	"IPF.Note"	[MS-OXOMSG]
Inbox	The default location for incoming (received) e-mail Message objects.	"IPF.Note"	[MS-OXOMSG]
Common Views	Contains the data for default views that are standard for the message store and that can be used by any user of a client accessing the message store.	None	None

Special folder name	Description	Container class	More information
Personal Views	Contains the data for views defined by a particular user.	None	None
Deferred Action	Contains any <b>Deferred Action Message (DAM)</b> or <b>Deferred Error Message (DEM)</b> that results from the execution of <b>client-side rules</b> .	None	<a href="#">[MS-OXORULE]</a>
Calendar	Contains <b>Calendar objects</b> , such as appointments.	"IPF.Appointment"	<a href="#">[MS-OXOCAL]</a>
Contacts	Contains <b>Contact objects</b> .	"IPF.Contact"	<a href="#">[MS-OXOCNTC]</a>
Quick Contacts	Contains Contact objects for the user's favorite contacts and instant messaging contacts.	"IPF.Contact.Moc.QuickContacts"	[MS-OXOCNTC]
IM Contact List	Contains personal distribution lists of favorite contacts.	"IPF.Contact.Moc.ImContactList"	[MS-OXOCNTC]
Document Libraries	Contains documents to be uploaded to a shared location.	"IPF.ShortcutFolder"	<a href="#">[MS-OXODOC]</a>
Journal	Contains <b>Journal objects</b> .	"IPF.Journal"	<a href="#">[MS-OXOJRNL]</a>
Notes	Contains <b>Note objects</b> .	"IPF.StickyNote"	<a href="#">[MS-OXONOTE]</a>
Tasks	Contains <b>Task objects</b> .	"IPF.Task"	<a href="#">[MS-OXOTASK]</a>
Reminders	Search folder (2) that supports reminder functionality.	"Outlook.Reminder"	<a href="#">[MS-OXORMDR]</a>
Drafts	The default location for composed e-mail Message objects that have been saved but not sent.	"IPF.Note"	[MS-OXOMSG]
Conflicts	Contains Message objects that indicate synchronization conflicts between client and server.	"IPF.Note"	None
Sync Issues	Contains folders that contain messages that indicate particular issues encountered during synchronization between client and server.	"IPF.Note"	None
Local Failures	Contains messages that indicate client-side synchronization failures.	"IPF.Note"	None
Server Failure	Contains messages that indicate server-side synchronization failures.	"IPF.Note"	None

Special folder name	Description	Container class	More information
Junk E-mail	Default location for e-mail Message objects determined to be junk e-mail by a <b>Junk E-mail rule</b> .	"IPF.Note"	<a href="#">[MS-OXCSPAM]</a>
RSS Feeds	Contains <b>Really Simple Syndication (RSS)</b> feed messages.	"IPF.Note.OutlookHomepage"	<a href="#">[MS-OXORSS]</a>
Tracked Mail Processing	Search folder (2) that contains flagged objects.	"IPF.Note"	<a href="#">[MS-OXOFLAG]</a>
To-Do	Search folder (2) used for tracking Task objects.	"IPF.Task"	[MS-OXOTASK]
Conversation Action Settings	Contains <b>folder associated information (FAI)</b> messages that are used for persisting <b>conversation actions</b> .	"IPF.Configuration"	<a href="#">[MS-OXOCFG]</a>
Spooler Queue	Contains <b>E-mail objects</b> that have been sent or received.	"IPF.Note"	[MS-OXOMSG]

## 2.2.2 Identifiers for Special Folders

The value that identifies a special folder is obtained from one of the following:

- The folder IDs (FIDs) ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.2.1.1) returned in a **RopLogon remote operation (ROP)** response ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.3.1), as specified in [\[MS-OXCSTOR\]](#) section 2.2.1.1.3. These FIDs identify the following folders: **Root folder**, Finder folder, Top of Personal Folders folder, **Deleted Items folder**, **Outbox folder**, **Sent Items folder**, Inbox folder, **Common Views folder**, Personal Views folder, and Deferred Action folder.
- One of several binary properties on the Root folder or the Inbox folder. Each property contains only a single **entry ID**. For more details, see section [2.2.3](#).
- The **PidTagAdditionalRenEntryIds** property (section [2.2.4](#)) on the Inbox folder. The property contains an array of entry IDs.
- The **PidTagAdditionalRenEntryIdsEx** property (section [2.2.5](#)) on the **Store object**. The property contains binary data in its own format, allowing for multiple entry IDs.
- The **PidTagFreeBusyEntryIds** property (section [2.2.6](#)) on the Root folder or the Inbox folder. Indexed value 3 contains the entry ID for the Freebusy Data folder.
- The FID returned by the **RopGetReceiveFolder ROP response** ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.3.2). This FID is for the **Receive folder**.

Unless otherwise noted, the entry IDs MUST be converted to FIDs by using the **RopIdFromLongTermId** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.3.9) before they are used with the Folder Object Protocol, as specified in [\[MS-OXCFCOLD\]](#), to open a special folder.

## 2.2.3 Binary Identification Properties

Each binary identification property contains the identifier of a special folder. These properties are read from or written to either the Inbox folder or the Root folder. The implementation MUST use the

Inbox folder when the mailbox is that of the owner, and it MUST use the Root folder when the mailbox is that of a **delegate**. For details about delegates, see [\[MS-OXODLGT\]](#).

These properties along with their descriptions, are listed in the following table. Each property is a **PtypBinary** ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1).

Property	Description
<b>PidTagIpmAppointmentEntryId</b> ( <a href="#">[MS-OXPROPS]</a> section 2.822)	Contains the entry ID of the <b>Calendar folder</b>
<b>PidTagIpmContactEntryId</b> ( <a href="#">[MS-OXPROPS]</a> section 2.823)	Contains the entry ID of the <b>Contacts folder</b>
<b>PidTagIpmJournalEntryId</b> ( <a href="#">[MS-OXPROPS]</a> section 2.825)	Contains the entry ID of the Journal folder
<b>PidTagIpmNoteEntryId</b> ( <a href="#">[MS-OXPROPS]</a> section 2.826)	Contains the entry ID of the Notes folder
<b>PidTagIpmTaskEntryId</b> ( <a href="#">[MS-OXPROPS]</a> section 2.827)	Contains the entry ID of the Tasks folder
<b>PidTagRemindersOnlineEntryId</b> ( <a href="#">[MS-OXPROPS]</a> section 2.981)	Contains the entry ID of the Reminders folder
<b>PidTagIpmDraftsEntryId</b> ( <a href="#">[MS-OXPROPS]</a> section 2.824)	Contains the entry ID of the <b>Drafts folder</b>

#### 2.2.4 PidTagAdditionalRenEntryIds Property

Type: **PtypMultipleBinary**

The **PidTagAdditionalRenEntryIds** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.583) of the Inbox folder specifies the identifiers of several special folders. Each identifier is an entry ID.

The index into the array contained in the **PidTagAdditionalRenEntryIds** property for each of these special folders is listed in the following table. The implementation MUST ignore and MUST preserve data at other indexes.

Index	Folder identified
0x0000	Conflicts
0x0001	Sync Issues
0x0002	Local Failures
0x0003	Server Failures
0x0004	Junk E-mail

#### 2.2.5 PidTagAdditionalRenEntryIdsEx Property

Type: **PtypBinary**

The **PidTagAdditionalRenEntryIdsEx** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.584) of the Store object specifies the identifiers of several special folders. If present, the value of this property is an array of **PersistData** structures (section [2.2.5.1](#)), each of which contains the entry ID of a special folder.

### 2.2.5.1 PersistData Structure

The fields of the **PersistData** structure are specified in the following table.

Field name	Type	Size	Description
<b>PersistID</b>	<b>WORD</b> ( <a href="#">[MS-DTYP]</a> )	2	Type identifier value for this <b>PersistData</b> structure. SHOULD be one of the values specified in the following table.
<b>DataElementsSize</b>	<b>WORD</b>	2	The size, in bytes, of the <b>DataElements</b> field.
<b>DataElements</b>	Array of <b>PersistElement</b> structures	variable	0 (zero) or more <b>PersistElement</b> structures (section <a href="#">2.2.5.2</a> ).

The value of the **PersistID** field SHOULD be one of those listed in the following table. If a **PersistData** structure is encountered where the value of the **PersistID** field is not known to the implementation, the implementation MUST ignore that **PersistData** structure and continue processing until either a value of 0x0000 (PERSIST\_SENTINEL) in the **PersistID** field is encountered or the end of the data stream is encountered. [<2>](#)

Value name	Value	Meaning
RSF_PID_RSS_SUBSCRIPTION	0x8001	Indicates that the structure contains data for the RSS Feeds folder.
RSF_PID_SEND_AND_TRACK	0x8002	Indicates that the structure contains data for the Tracked Mail Processing folder.
RSF_PID_TODO_SEARCH	0x8004	Indicates that the structure contains data for the To-Do folder.
RSF_PID_CONV_ACTIONS	0x8006	Indicates that the structure contains data for the Conversation Action Settings folder.
RSF_PID_COMBINED_ACTIONS	0x8007	This value is reserved.
RSF_PID_SUGGESTED_CONTACTS	0x8008	Indicates that the structure contains data for the Suggested Contacts folder.
PERSIST_SENTINEL	0x0000	Indicates that the implementation MUST stop processing further <b>PersistData</b> structures. PERSIST_SENTINEL is optional; if it is not included, processing continues to the end of the data stream.

### 2.2.5.2 PersistElement Structure

The fields of the **PersistElement** structure are specified in the following table.

Field name	Type	Size	Description
<b>ElementID</b>	<b>WORD</b> ( <a href="#">[MS-DTYP]</a> )	2	Type identifier value for this <b>PersistElement</b> structure. SHOULD be one of the values given in the following table.
<b>ElementDataSize</b>	<b>WORD</b>	2	The size, in bytes, of the <b>ElementData</b> field.

Field name	Type	Size	Description
<b>ElementData</b>	<b>BYTE</b> ([MS-DTYP]) array of binary data	variable	The data corresponding to the value of the <b>PersistID</b> field of the <b>PersistData</b> structure (section <a href="#">2.2.5.1</a> ).

The value of the **ElementID** field SHOULD be one of those listed in the following table. If a **PersistElement** structure is encountered where the value of the **ElementID** field is not known to the implementation, the implementation MUST ignore that **PersistElement** structure and continue processing further **PersistElement** structures until either a value of 0x0000 (ELEMENT\_SENTINEL) in the **ElementID** field is encountered or the end of the data stream is encountered. The implementation MUST then continue processing additional **PersistData** structures until either a value of 0x0000 (PERSIST\_SENTINEL) in the **PersistID** field is encountered or the end of the data stream is encountered.

Value name	Value	Value of the ElementDataSize field	Meaning
RSF_ELID_HEADER	0x0002	0x0004	Indicates that the <b>ElementData</b> field contains a value of type <b>DWORD</b> ([MS-DTYP]). The interpretation of this value depends on the value of the <b>PersistID</b> field in the current <b>PersistData</b> structure. For all <b>PersistID</b> types specified in this section, this value MUST be 0 (zero).
RSF_ELID_ENTRYID	0x0001	variable	Indicates that the <b>PersistElement</b> structure contains the entry ID of the folder indicated by the value of the <b>PersistID</b> field of the <b>PersistData</b> structure.
ELEMENT_SENTINEL	0x0000	0x0000	Indicates that the implementation MUST stop processing further <b>PersistElement</b> structures for the current <b>PersistData</b> structure.

## 2.2.6 PidTagFreeBusyEntryIds Property

Type: **PtypMultipleBinary** ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The **PidTagFreeBusyEntryIds** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.777) is set on the Root folder and on the Inbox folder of the local store. The value on the Root folder of the local store MUST be equal to the value on the Inbox folder. The property contains four binary values, as follows:

- The first value is null.
- The second value is the **EntryID** of the **Delegate Information object**. For details about the Delegate Information object, see [\[MS-OXODLGT\]](#).
- The third value can be the **EntryID** of the **free/busy message** of the logged-on user. If the free/busy **public folder** is unavailable, the third value is null. This value is set when a client initially creates the free/busy message for a user.
- The fourth value is the **EntryID** of the public folder that has its **PidTagDisplayName** property ([\[MS-OXCFOLD\]](#) section 2.2.2.2.4) set to "Freebusy Data". This folder is a child folder of the Root folder of the public folders store.

## 2.2.7 Inbox Identification

To identify the Receive folder, an implementation MUST use the **RopGetReceiveFolder** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.3.2) of the Store Object Protocol to get the FID ([\[MS-OXCADATA\]](#) section 2.2.1.1) for the default Receive folder for the Store object. For details about the Store Object Protocol, see [\[MS-OXCSTOR\]](#).

## 2.2.8 PidTagContainerClass Property

Type: **PtypString**

The **PidTagContainerClass** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.716), located on the special folder, specifies the type of Message object that the folder contains. An implementation MUST set this property to the string that specifies the correct Container class for the special folder, as specified in section [2.2.1](#).

## 3 Protocol Details

### 3.1 Client Details

Special folders can be opened or created by clients. This section defines constraints to which clients adhere when interacting with special folders. In all other respects, clients operate as specified in [\[MS-OXCFOLD\]](#).

#### 3.1.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of how the protocol behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

##### 3.1.1.1 Folder Hierarchy

**Note** *Some of the information in this section is subject to change because it applies to a preliminary implementation of the protocol or structure. For information about specific differences between versions, see the behavior notes that are provided in the Product Behavior appendix.*

The following outline depicts a hierarchy for special folders that are within the Root folder, [<3>](#) which is the top-level folder, in a store:

1. Deferred Action
2. Finder
3. Reminders
4. Tracked Mail Processing
5. To-Do
6. Common Views
7. Personal Views
8. Top of Personal Folders
  1. Deleted Items
  2. Outbox
  3. Sent Items
  4. Inbox
  5. Calendar
  6. Contacts
  7. Quick Contacts
  8. IM Contact List

9. Journal
  10. Notes
  11. Tasks
  12. Drafts
  13. Sync Issues
    1. Conflicts
    2. Local Failures
    3. Server Failures
  14. Junk E-mail
  15. RSS Feeds
  16. Conversation Action Settings
9. Spooler Queue
  10. FreeBusy Data
  11. Document Libraries

### 3.1.1.2 Search Criteria for Search Special Folders

The Reminders folder, the To-Do folder, and the Tracked Mail Processing folder are search folders (2), as specified in [\[MS-OXCFOLD\]](#), and the functionality supported by these folders depends on specific **search criteria**. The search criteria are set on each search folder (2) when the folder is created. Complete details about setting the search criteria are specified in section [3.1.4.1](#), and an abstracted outline is as follows.

For the Reminders folder, include all Message objects in any folder contained within the Top of Personal Folders folder, with the following **restrictions (2)**:

- The following special folders are excluded from the search:
  - Deleted Items folder
  - **Junk E-mail folder**
  - Drafts folder
  - Outbox folder
  - Conflicts folder
  - Local Failures folder
  - Server Failures folder
  - Sync Issues folder
- The value of the **PidTagMessageClass** property ([\[MS-OXCMSG\]](#) section 2.2.1.3) does not contain a string with the prefix "IPM.Schedule."

- The value of the **PidTagMessageFlags** property ([\[MS-OXCMSG\]](#) section 2.2.1.6) does not have the mfSubmitted flag set (that is, submitted Message objects are excluded).
- The value of the **PidLidReminderSet** property ([\[MS-OXORMDR\]](#) section 2.2.1.1) is set to the Boolean value 1, or the value of the **PidLidRecurring** property ([\[MS-OXOCAL\]](#) section 2.2.1.12) is set to the value 1.

For the To-Do folder, include all Message objects in any folder contained within the Top of Personal Folders folder, with the following restrictions (2):

- The following special folders are excluded from the search:
  - Deleted Items folder
  - Junk E-mail folder
  - Drafts folder
  - Outbox folder
  - Conflicts folder
  - Local Failures folder
  - Server Failures folder
  - Sync Issues folder
- The **message class** does not start with "IPM.Appointment" or "IPM.Activity" or "IPM.StickyNote".
- Any one of the following is true:
  - The Message object is a Task object, as specified in [\[MS-OXOTASK\]](#), and the Task object is owned and not accepted and the Task object was sent to the currently logged-on user.
  - The value of the Message object's **PidTagFollowupIcon** property ([\[MS-OXOFLAG\]](#) section 2.2.1.2) is greater than 0.
  - The value of the Message object's **PidTagToDoItemFlags** property ([\[MS-OXOFLAG\]](#) section 2.2.1.6) includes the IsToDoItem flag.
  - The Message object is an object with the complete flag set to TRUE or a completed task.

For the Tracked Mail Processing folder, include all Message objects in any folder contained within the Top of Personal Folders folder, with the following restrictions (2):

- The following special folders are excluded from the search:
  - Deleted Items folder
  - Junk E-mail folder
  - Drafts folder
  - Outbox folder
  - Conflicts folder
  - Local Failures folder

- Server Failures folder
- Sync Issues folder
- The **PidTagSwappedToDoStore** property ([\[MS-OXOFLAG\]](#) section 2.2.1.8) exists on the object.
- The value of the **PidTagMessageFlags** property does not include the mfUnsent or the mfSubmitted flags.

### 3.1.2 Timers

None.

### 3.1.3 Initialization

None.

### 3.1.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

Before a client tries to read or write Message objects within a special folder, the client MUST obtain a handle to the special folder by using the following steps:

1. The client MUST try to open the special folder by using the ID of the special folder and the Folder Object Protocol, as specified in [\[MS-OXCFOld\]](#). The ID of the special folder is obtained as specified in section [2.2.2](#).
2. If the ID cannot be retrieved, or the folder cannot be opened, or the special folder does not exist within the store, the client MUST create the special folder as specified in section [3.1.4.1](#).

#### 3.1.4.1 Folder Creation

The folder hierarchy specified in section [3.1.1.1](#) also specifies the dependency chain for special folder creation. Before a special folder can be created, the Store object and the Root folder MUST exist and the parent folder in this hierarchy MUST exist. A handle to the Store object that contains the folder MUST be obtained by opening the Store object, as specified in [\[MS-OXCSTOR\]](#).

To create a special folder, a client MUST do the following:

1. Open the parent folder of the desired special folder, as specified in the folder hierarchy in section [3.1.1.1](#), by using the Folder Object protocol.
2. Create the folder in the opened parent folder, by using the Folder Object Protocol with the special folder name for the client's **locale**, reusing the existing folder if one already exists by that name. The FID that is returned MUST be converted to an entry ID by using a **RopLongTermIdFromId ROP request** ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.3.8). The resulting entry ID of the new folder is used in the remaining steps.
3. Store the entry ID at the correct location, specified in section [2.2.2](#), for the particular special folder.
4. If applicable, set the **PidTagContainerClass** property (section [2.2.8](#)) to the appropriate value.
5. Perform any folder-specific initialization, as specified in sections [3.1.4.1.1](#) through [3.1.4.1.4](#).

### 3.1.4.1.1 Creating the Reminders Folder

To complete creation of the Reminders folder, a client SHOULD [\[4\]](#) set the search criteria for the Reminders folder. The search criteria are composed of restriction (2) structures, as specified in [\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.12. The search criteria are set by using the Folder Object Protocol, as specified in [\[MS-OXCFOLD\]](#), such that the Top of Personal Folders folder is the only container included in the search and the search applies a **RES\_AND** restriction (2) with the following two subclauses.

First, a **RES\_AND** restriction (2) with any of the following subclauses. Each of these subclauses is included in the **RES\_AND** restriction (2) only if the special folder exists within the store. For example, if only the Drafts folder exists, then only the **RES\_PROPERTY** subclause for the Drafts folder is included in the **RES\_AND** restriction (2).

- A **RES\_PROPERTY** restriction (2) with a relational operator (specified by the **RelOp** field) value of **RELOP\_NE**, comparing the value of the **PidTagParentEntryId** property ([\[MS-OXCFOLD\]](#) section 2.2.2.2.1.6) with the FID ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.2.1.1)/message ID (MID) ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.2.1.2) pair of the Deleted Items folder.
- A **RES\_PROPERTY** restriction (2) with a relational operator value of **RELOP\_NE**, comparing the value of the **PidTagParentEntryId** property with the FID/MID pair of the Junk E-mail folder.
- A **RES\_PROPERTY** restriction (2) with a relational operator value of **RELOP\_NE**, comparing the value of the **PidTagParentEntryId** property with the FID/MID pair of the Drafts folder.
- A **RES\_PROPERTY** restriction (2) with a relational operator value of **RELOP\_NE**, comparing the value of the **PidTagParentEntryId** property with the FID/MID pair of the Outbox folder.
- A **RES\_PROPERTY** restriction (2) with a relational operator value of **RELOP\_NE**, comparing the value of the **PidTagParentEntryId** property with the FID/MID pair of the Conflicts folder.
- A **RES\_PROPERTY** restriction (2) with a relational operator value of **RELOP\_NE**, comparing the value of the **PidTagParentEntryId** property with the FID/MID pair of the Local Failures folder.
- A **RES\_PROPERTY** restriction (2) with a relational operator value of **RELOP\_NE**, comparing the value of the **PidTagParentEntryId** property with the FID/MID pair of the Server Failures folder.
- A **RES\_PROPERTY** restriction (2) with a relational operator value of **RELOP\_NE**, comparing the value of the **PidTagParentEntryId** property with the FID/MID pair of the Sync Issues folder.

Second, a **RES\_AND** restriction (2) with the following three subclauses:

1. A **RES\_NOT** restriction (2) that contains a **RES\_AND** restriction (2) with the following two subclauses:
  - A **RES\_EXIST** restriction (2) that specifies the **PidTagMessageClass** property ([\[MS-OXCMSG\]](#) section 2.2.1.3).
  - A **RES\_CONTENT** restriction (2) with the **FuzzyLevelLow** field set to **FL\_PREFIX**, comparing the value of **PidTagMessageClass** property to the string value "IPM.Schedule".
2. A **RES\_BITMASK** restriction (2) with the **BitMapRelOp** field set to **BMR\_EQZ** to compare the value of the **PidTagMessageFlags** property ([\[MS-OXCMSG\]](#) section 2.2.1.6) to the **ULONG** ([\[MS-DTYP\]](#)) value **mfSubmitted**.
3. A **RES\_OR** restriction (2) with the following two subclauses:

1. A **RES\_PROPERTY** restriction (2) with a relational operator value of RELOP\_EQ, comparing the value of the **PidLidReminderSet** property ([\[MS-OXORMDR\]](#) section 2.2.1.1) to a Boolean value of 1.
2. A **RES\_AND** restriction (2) with the following two subclauses:
  - A **RES\_EXIST** restriction (2) that specifies the **PidLidRecurring** property ([\[MS-OXOCAL\]](#) section 2.2.1.12).
  - A **RES\_PROPERTY** restriction (2) with a relational operator value of RELOP\_EQ, comparing the value of the **PidLidRecurring** property to the Boolean value of 1.

The search SHOULD provide the client with the information when requested, include child folders, and run without content indexing.

### 3.1.4.1.2 Creating the To-Do Folder

To complete creation of the To-Do folder, a client SHOULD<5> set the search criteria for the To-Do folder. The search criteria are composed of restriction (2) structures, as specified in [\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.12. The search criteria are set by using the Folder Object Protocol, as specified in [\[MS-OXCFOLD\]](#), such that the Top of Personal Folders folder is the only container included in the search and the search applies a **RES\_AND** restriction with the following two subclauses.

First, a **RES\_AND** restriction with the following three subclauses:

1. A **RES\_NOT** restriction (2) with a **RES\_CONTENT** subclause that compares the **PidTagMessageClass** property ([\[MS-OXCMSG\]](#) section 2.2.1.3) to the string value "IPM.appointment". The **RES\_CONTENT** subclause has the **FuzzyLevelLow** field set to FL\_PREFIX and the **FuzzyLevelHigh** field set to FL\_IGNORECASE.
2. A **RES\_NOT** restriction (2) with a **RES\_CONTENT** subclause that compares the **PidTagMessageClass** property to the string value "IPM.Activity". The **RES\_CONTENT** subclause has the **FuzzyLevelLow** field set to FL\_PREFIX and the **FuzzyLevelHigh** field set to FL\_IGNORECASE.
3. A **RES\_NOT** restriction (2) with a **RES\_CONTENT** subclause that compares the **PidTagMessageClass** property to the string value "IPM.StickyNote". The **RES\_CONTENT** subclause has the **FuzzyLevelLow** field set to FL\_PREFIX and the **FuzzyLevelHigh** field set to FL\_IGNORECASE.

Second, a **RES\_AND** restriction (2) with the following two subclauses:

1. A **RES\_AND** restriction (2) with any of the following subclauses. Each of these subclauses is included in the **RES\_AND** restriction (2) only if the special folder exists within the store. For example, if only the Drafts folder exists, then only the **RES\_PROPERTY** subclause for the Drafts folder is included in the **RES\_AND** restriction:
  - A **RES\_PROPERTY** restriction (2) with a relational operator value of RELOP\_NE, comparing the value of the **PidTagParentEntryId** property ([\[MS-OXCFOLD\]](#) section 2.2.2.2.1.6) with the FID ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.2.1.1)/MID ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.2.1.2) pair of the Deleted Items folder.
  - A **RES\_PROPERTY** restriction (2) with a relational operator value of RELOP\_NE, comparing the value of the **PidTagParentEntryId** property with the FID/MID pair of the Junk E-mail folder.
  - A **RES\_PROPERTY** restriction (2) with a relational operator value of RELOP\_NE, comparing the value of the **PidTagParentEntryId** property with the FID/MID pair of the Drafts folder.

- A **RES\_PROPERTY** restriction (2) with a relational operator value of RELOP\_NE, comparing the value of the **PidTagParentEntryId** property with the FID/MID pair of the Outbox folder.
  - A **RES\_PROPERTY** restriction with a relational operator value of RELOP\_NE, comparing the value of the **PidTagParentEntryId** property with the FID/MID pair of the Conflicts folder.
  - A **RES\_PROPERTY** restriction (2) with a relational operator value of RELOP\_NE, comparing the value of the **PidTagParentEntryId** property with the FID/MID pair of the Local Failures folder.
  - A **RES\_PROPERTY** restriction (2) with a relational operator value of RELOP\_NE, comparing the value of the **PidTagParentEntryId** property with the FID/MID pair of the Server Failures folder.
  - A **RES\_PROPERTY** restriction (2) with a relational operator value of RELOP\_NE, comparing the value of the **PidTagParentEntryId** property with the FID/MID pair of the Sync Issues folder.
2. A **RES\_OR** restriction (2) with the following four subclauses:
1. A **RES\_AND** restriction (2) with the following two subclauses:
    1. A **RES\_OR** restriction (2) with the following two subclauses:
      - A **RES\_CONTENT** restriction (2) with the **FuzzyLevelLow** field set to FL\_FULLSTRING and the **FuzzyLevelHigh** field set to FL\_IGNORECASE comparing the value of the **PidTagMessageClass** property to the string value "IPM.Task".
      - A **RES\_CONTENT** restriction (2) with the **FuzzyLevelLow** field set to FL\_PREFIX and the **FuzzyLevelHigh** field set to FL\_IGNORECASE comparing the value of the **PidTagMessageClass** property to the string value "IPM.Task".
    2. A **RES\_NOT** restriction (2) with a **RES\_AND** subclause. The **RES\_AND** subclause has the following two subclauses:
      - A **RES\_PROPERTY** restriction (2) with a relational operator value of RELOP\_EQ, comparing the value of the **PidLidTaskState** ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.335) property to the **LONG** ([\[MS-DTYP\]](#)) value 2.
      - A **RES\_PROPERTY** restriction (2) with a relational operator value of RELOP\_NE, comparing the value of the **PidLidTaskAccepted** property ([\[MS-OXOTASK\]](#) section 2.2.2.2.7) to the binary value 1.
  2. A **RES\_AND** restriction (2) with the following two subclauses:
    - A **RES\_EXIST** restriction (2) that specifies the **PidTagFollowupIcon** property ([\[MS-OXOFLAG\]](#) section 2.2.1.2).
    - A **RES\_PROPERTY** restriction (2) with a relational operator value of RELOP\_GT, comparing the value of the **PidTagFollowupIcon** property to the **LONG** value 0 (zero).
  3. A **RES\_AND** restriction (2) with the following two subclauses:
    - A **RES\_EXIST** restriction (2) that specifies the **PidTagToDoItemFlags** property ([\[MS-OXOFLAG\]](#) section 2.2.1.6).
    - A **RES\_BITMASK** restriction (2) with the **BitMapRelOp** field set to BMR\_NEZ to compare the value of the **PidTagToDoItemFlags** property to the **ULONG** ([\[MS-DTYP\]](#)) value 0x00000001.

4. A **RES\_OR** restriction (2) with the following two subclauses:
  1. A **RES\_AND** restriction (2) with the following three subclauses:
    1. A **RES\_OR** restriction (2) with the following two subclauses:
      - A **RES\_NOT** restriction (2) with a **RES\_EXIST** subclause that specifies the **PidTagFollowupIcon** property.
      - A **RES\_PROPERTY** restriction (2) with a relational operator value of **RELOP\_EQ**, comparing the value of the **PidTagFollowupIcon** property to the **LONG** value 0 (zero).
    2. A **RES\_EXIST** restriction (2) that specifies the **PidTagFlagStatus** property ([\[MS-OXOFLAG\]](#) section 2.2.1.1).
    3. A **RES\_PROPERTY** restriction (2), with a relational operator value of **RELOP\_EQ**, comparing the value of the **PidTagFlagStatus** property to the **LONG** value 1.
  2. A **RES\_AND** restriction (2) with the following two subclauses:
    - A **RES\_EXIST** restriction (2) that specifies the **PidLidTaskStatus** property ([\[MS-OXOTASK\]](#) section 2.2.2.2.2).
    - A **RES\_PROPERTY** restriction (2) with a relational operator value of **RELOP\_EQ**, comparing the value of the **PidLidTaskStatus** property to the **ULONG** value 2.

The search SHOULD provide the client with the information when requested, include child folders, and run without content indexing.

### 3.1.4.1.3 Creating the Tracked Mail Processing Folder

To complete creation of the Tracked Mail Processing folder, a client SHOULD [<6>](#) set the search criteria for the Tracked Mail Processing folder. The search criteria are composed of restriction (2) structures, as specified in [\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.12. The search criteria are set by using the Folder Object Protocol, as specified in [\[MS-OXCFOLD\]](#), such that the Top of Personal Folders folder is the only container included in the search and the search applies a **RES\_AND** restriction (2) with the following two subclauses.

First, a **RES\_AND** restriction (2) with any of the following subclauses. Each of these subclauses is included in the **RES\_AND** restriction (2) only if the special folder exists within the store. For example, if only the Drafts folder exists, then only the **RES\_PROPERTY** subclause for the Drafts folder is included in the **RES\_AND** restriction (2).

- A **RES\_PROPERTY** restriction (2) with a relational operator value of **RELOP\_NE**, comparing the value of the **PidTagParentEntryId** property ([\[MS-OXCFOLD\]](#) section 2.2.2.2.1.6) with the FID ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.2.1.1)/MID ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.2.1.2) pair of the Deleted Items folder.
- A **RES\_PROPERTY** restriction (2) with a relational operator value of **RELOP\_NE**, comparing the value of the **PidTagParentEntryId** property with the FID/MID pair of the Junk E-mail folder.
- A **RES\_PROPERTY** restriction (2) with a relational operator value of **RELOP\_NE**, comparing the value of the **PidTagParentEntryId** property with the FID/MID pair of the Drafts folder.
- A **RES\_PROPERTY** restriction (2) with a relational operator value of **RELOP\_NE**, comparing the value of the **PidTagParentEntryId** property with the FID/MID pair of the Outbox folder.

- A **RES\_PROPERTY** restriction (2) with a relational operator value of RELOP\_NE, comparing the value of the **PidTagParentEntryId** property with the FID/MID pair of the Conflicts folder.
- A **RES\_PROPERTY** restriction (2) with a relational operator value of RELOP\_NE, comparing the value of the **PidTagParentEntryId** property with the FID/MID pair of the Local Failures folder.
- A **RES\_PROPERTY** restriction (2) with a relational operator value of RELOP\_NE, comparing the value of the **PidTagParentEntryId** property with the FID/MID pair of the Server Failures folder.
- A **RES\_PROPERTY** restriction (2) with a relational operator value of RELOP\_NE, comparing the value of the **PidTagParentEntryId** property with the FID/MID pair of the Sync Issues folder.

Second, a **RES\_AND** restriction (2) with the following two subclauses:

- A **RES\_EXIST** restriction (2) that specifies the **PidTagSwappedToDoStore** property ([\[MS-OXOFLAG\]](#) section 2.2.1.8).
- A **RES\_BITMASK** restriction (2) with the **BitMapRelOp** field set to of BMR\_EQZ to compare the value of the **PidTagMessageFlags** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.862) to the **ULONG** ([\[MS-DTYP\]](#)) value that is the bitwise OR combination of mfUnsent and mfSubmitted.

The search SHOULD provide the client with the information when requested, include child folders, and run without content indexing.

#### 3.1.4.1.4 Creating Other Special Folders

If the special folder that is being created is one of the following:

- Deleted Items folder
- Junk E-mail folder
- Outbox folder
- Conflicts folder
- Local Failures folder
- Server Failures folder
- Sync Issues folder
- Drafts folder

A client MUST take the following additional steps:

1. Open the Reminders folder by using the ID of the special folder and the Folder Object Protocol. If this succeeds, perform the steps in section [3.1.4.1.1](#). The ID of the special folder is obtained as specified in section [2.2.2](#).
2. Open the To-Do folder by using the ID of the special folder and the Folder Object Protocol. If this succeeds, perform the steps in section [3.1.4.1.2](#).
3. Open the Tracked Mail Processing folder by using the ID of the special folder and the Folder Object Protocol. If this succeeds, perform the steps in section [3.1.4.1.3](#).

If the special folder that is being created is a Conversation Action Settings folder, a client MUST set the **PidTagAttributeHidden** property ([\[MS-OXCFOLD\]](#) section 2.2.2.2.2.1) of the Folder object to TRUE.

### 3.1.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

A client MUST treat any failure to open the Root folder as a failure of the entire Special Folders Protocol. For all other special folders, a client SHOULD create the special folder if an attempt to open the folder fails or if the ID of the folder cannot be retrieved.

### 3.1.6 Timer Events

None.

### 3.1.7 Other Local Events

None.

## 3.2 Server Details

The server processes a client's requests regarding special folders. In all other respects, the server operates as specified in [\[MS-OXCFOLD\]](#).

### 3.2.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of how the protocol behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

The server uses the same abstract data model as the client, as specified in section [3.1.1](#).

### 3.2.2 Timers

None.

### 3.2.3 Initialization

None.

### 3.2.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

None.

### 3.2.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

The server responds to client requests as specified in [\[MS-OXCFOLD\]](#) section 3.2.5.

### 3.2.6 Timer Events

None.

### 3.2.7 Other Local Events

None.

Preliminary

## 4 Protocol Examples

The following examples illustrate the byte order of ROPs in a buffer that is being prepared for transmission. Note that the examples in this section show only the relevant portions of the specified ROPs; this is not the final byte sequence that gets transmitted over the wire. Also note that the data format for a multibyte field appears in **little-endian** format, with the **bytes** in the field presented from least significant to most significant.

Frequently, these ROP requests are packed with other ROP requests, compressed, obfuscated, and then packed in one or more **remote procedure calls (RPCs)**. These examples assume that the client has already successfully logged on to the server and has obtained any **Server object handles** that are to be used as inputs in the ROPs. For more information about RPCs, see [\[MS-OXCRPC\]](#).

Examples in this section use the following format for byte sequences. Each byte is expressed as a two-digit hexadecimal number.

```
0080: 45 4D 53 4D 44 42 2E 44-4C 4C 00 00 00 00 00 00
```

The value 0080 at the far left is the byte sequence's offset from the beginning of the buffer. Following the offset is a colon and then a series of up to 16 bytes. Here, the first byte (45) in the series is located 0x80 bytes (128 bytes) from the beginning of the buffer. The seventh byte (2E) in the series is located 0x86 bytes (134 bytes) from the beginning of the buffer. The dash between the eighth byte (44) and the ninth byte (4C) has no semantic value; it serves only to distinguish the eight-byte boundary for readability.

This byte sequence is followed by one or more lines that interpret it. In larger examples, the byte sequence is shown once in its entirety and then repeated in smaller chunks, with each smaller chunk interpreted separately.

When explaining the values of the **InputHandleIndex** and **OutputHandleIndex** fields, the example text describes the **Server object** that is referenced by the handle index. For more information about Server object handles, see [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 1.3.1.

### 4.1 Opening a Special Folder

Using the Calendar folder as an example, opening a special folder involves the following procedure:

1. Open the Inbox folder by using the Inbox folder's FID ([\[MS-OXCADATA\]](#) section 2.2.1.1) and the Folder Object Protocol, as described in [\[MS-OXCFOLD\]](#). This operation returns a Folder object.
2. Get the value of the **PidTagIpmAppointmentEntryId** property (section [2.2.3](#)) from the Inbox folder object returned in step 1 by using the Property and Stream Object Protocol, as described in [\[MS-OXCPRPT\]](#). This operation returns an entry ID for the Calendar folder.
3. Convert the entry ID returned in step 2 to a FID, as specified in section [2.2.2](#), and then open this folder by using this FID and the Folder Object Protocol. This operation returns a Folder object for the Calendar folder.

#### 4.1.1 Client Request for Opening a Special Folder

A complete set of ROP requests to open the Calendar folder would look like the following.

0000: 02 01 00 01 01 00 00 00-01 42 0E 44 00

**RopOpenFolder** ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.4.1)

**RopId:** 0x02

**LogonId:** 0

**InputHandleIndex:** 0 (Server object handle = 0x00000160)

**FolderId:** 0001-000001420e44

**Note** This is the FID ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.2.1.1) of the Inbox folder to open.

**OpenModeFlags:** 0x00 Open existing folder

0000: 07 00 02 00 00 01 00 1D-00 14 00 49 67 03 00 F4  
0010: 0F 02 01 72 66 1F 00 E5-36 1F 00 E6 36 1F 00 01  
0020: 30 03 00 01 36 03 00 02-36 03 00 03 36 0B 00 0A  
0030: 36 1F 00 13 36 02 01 16-36 02 01 D0 36 02 01 D1  
0040: 36 02 01 D2 36 02 01 D3-36 02 01 D4 36 02 01 D5  
0050: 36 02 01 D6 36 02 01 D7-36 02 11 D8 36 02 01 D9  
0060: 36 03 00 DE 36 02 01 DF-36 02 01 E0 36 03 00 E1  
0070: 36 02 11 E4 36 02 01 EB-36 02 01 DA 36

**RopGetPropertiesSpecific** ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.8.3)

**RopId:** 0x07

**LogonId:** 1

**InputHandleIndex:** 1 (Server object handle = 0x000000E2)

**PropertySizeLimit:** 0x0000

**WantUnicode:** 0x0001 (TRUE)

**PropertyValueCount:** 29 (0x001D)

...

**PidTagIpmAppointmentEntryId** (section [2.2.3](#))

...

0000: 02 01 00 01 01 00 00 00-01 50 4D F6 00

**RopOpenFolder**

**RopId:** 0x02

**LogonId:** 1

**InputHandleIndex:** 0 (Server object handle = 0x00000160)

**FolderId:** 0001-000001504DF6

**Note** This is the FID ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.2.1.1) for the Calendar folder to open.

**OpenModeFlags:** 0x00 Open existing folder

#### 4.1.2 Server Response for Opening a Special Folder

```
0000: 02 01 00 00 00 00 00 00
```

**RopOpenFolder** ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.4.1)

**RopId:** 0x02

**OutputHandleIndex:** 1 (Server object handle = 0x000000E2)

**ReturnValue:** Success (0x00000000)

**HasRules:** 0x00 (FALSE)

**IsGhosted:** 0x00 (FALSE)

Only 256 bytes dumped.

```
0000: 07 01 00 00 00 00 01 00-01 00 00 00 01 42 0E 41
0010: 00 3F 00 00 00 0A 0F 01-04 80 0A 0F 01 04 80 0A
0020: 0F 01 04 80 00 49 00 6E-00 62 00 6F 00 78 00 00
0030: 00 00 01 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0040: 00 00 00 49 00 50 00 46-00 2E 00 4E 00 6F 00 74
0050: 00 65 00 00 00 0A 0F 01-04 80 00 2E 00 00 00 00
0060: 00 6A 3C B8 FA 3B A9 F0-46 B4 F4 E4 B6 C7 74 45
0070: 09 01 00 02 27 39 56 14-8B EF 4F 98 14 81 7E 2C
0080: 82 BD C2 00 00 01 50 4D-F6 00 00 00 2E 00 00 00
0090: 00 00 6A 3C B8 FA 3B A9-F0 46 B4 F4 E4 B6 C7 74
00a0: 45 09 01 00 02 27 39 56-14 8B EF 4F 98 14 81 7E
00b0: 2C 82 BD C2 00 00 01 50-4D F7 00 00 00 2E 00 00
00c0: 00 00 00 6A 3C B8 FA 3B-A9 F0 46 B4 F4 E4 B6 C7
00d0: 74 45 09 01 00 02 27 39-56 14 8B EF 4F 98 14 81
00e0: 7E 2C 82 BD C2 00 00 01-50 4D F8 00 00 00 2E 00
00f0: 00 00 00 00 6A 3C B8 FA-3B A9 F0 46 B4 F4 E4 B6
...
```

**RopGetPropertiesSpecific** ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.8.3)

**RopId:** 0x07

**InputHandleIndex:** 1 (Server object handle = 0x000000E2)

**ReturnValue:** Success (0x00000000)

**PropertyArray:**

**PropCount:** 29

**PidTagIpmaAppointmentEntryId** 46 bytes (section [2.2.3](#))

```
0000: 00 00 00 00 6A 3C B8 FA-3B A9 F0 46 B4 F4 E4 B6
0010: C7 74 45 09 01 00 02 27-39 56 14 8B EF 4F 98 14
```

0020: 81 7E 2C 82 BD C2 00 00-01 50 4D F6 00 00  
...

**Note** The entry ID contains 00 00-01 50 4D F6 that is part of the FID ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.2.1.1): 0001-000001504DF6 used in the **RopOpenFolder** ROP request that is shown in section [4.1.1](#).

0000: 02 01 00 00 00 00 00 00

### **RopOpenFolder**

**RopId:** 0x02

**OutputHandleIndex:** 1 (Server object handle = 0x000000E2)

**Note** Successfully opened the Calendar folder, and the Calendar folder has the Server object handle 0x000000E2.

**HasRules:** 0x00 (FALSE)

**IsGhosted:** 0x00 (FALSE)

...

## **4.2 Creating a Special Folder**

Using the Calendar folder as an example, creating a special folder involves the following procedure:

1. Open the parent folder, in this case the Top of Personal Folders folder, as specified in the folder hierarchy in section [3.1.1.1](#), by using the Top of Personal Folders FID ([\[MS-OXCADATA\]](#) section 2.2.1.1) and the Folder Object Protocol, as described in [\[MS-OXCFOLD\]](#). This operation returns a Folder object.
2. Create a new folder in the opened parent folder by using the Folder Object Protocol with the name "calendar" in English locales, reusing the existing folder if one already exists by that name. The entry ID of the newly created folder will be used in the following steps.
3. Open the Inbox folder by using the Inbox folder FID and the Folder Object Protocol. This operation returns a Folder object.
4. Set the value of the [PidTagIpmAppointmentEntryId](#) property (section [2.2.3](#)) on the Inbox Folder object returned in step 3 to the entry ID value of the folder created in step 2, by using the Property and Stream Object Protocol, as specified in [\[MS-OXCPRPT\]](#).
5. Set the value of the [PidTagContainerClass](#) property (section [2.2.8](#)) on the new Calendar folder to the value "IPF.Appointment".

### **4.2.1 Client Request for Creating a Special Folder**

A complete set of ROP requests to create the Calendar folder would look like the following.

0000: 02 00 00 01 01 00 00 00-01 42 0E 41 00

**RopOpenFolder** ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.4.1)

**RopId:** 0x02

**LogonId:** 0x00

**InputHandleIndex:** 0 (Server object handle = 0x00000059)

**FolderId:** 0001-000001420E41

**Note** The FID ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.2.1.1) 0001-000001420E41 is for the Top of Personal Folders folder. This identifier is received from the **RopLogon** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.3.1).

**OpenModeFlags:** 0x00 (ReadOnly)

...

```
0000: 1C 00 00 01 01 01 00 00-43 00 61 00 6C 00 65 00
0010: 6E 00 64 00 61 00 72 00-00 00 43 00 61 00 6C 00
0020: 65 00 6E 00 64 00 61 00-72 00 20 00 43 00 6F 00
0030: 6D 00 6D 00 65 00 6E 00-74 00 00 00
```

**RopCreateFolder** ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.4.2)

**RopId:** 0x1C

**LogonId:** 0

**InputHandleIndex:** 0 (Server object handle = 0x00000497)

**FolderType:** 0x01

**UseUnicodeStrings:** (0x01) (TRUE)

**OpenExisting:** 0x00 (FALSE)

**Reserved:** 0x00 (FALSE)

**DisplayName:** **Calendar**

**Comment:** Calendar Comment

```
0000: 02 00 00 01 01 00 00 00-01 42 0E 44 00
```

**RopOpenFolder**

**RopId:** 0x02

**LogonId:** 0

**InputHandleIndex:** 0 (Server object handle = 0x00000059)

**FolderId:** 0001-000001420E44

**Note** Open the Inbox folder with the FID given in the **FolderId** field.

**OpenModeFlags:** 0x00 (Open existing folder)

```
0000: 0A 00 00 36 00 01 00 02-01 D0 36 2E 00 00 00 00
```

```
0010: 00 6A 3C B8 FA 3B A9 F0-46 B4 F4 E4 B6 C7 74 45
0020: 09 01 00 02 27 39 56 14-8B EF 4F 98 14 81 7E 2C
0030: 82 BD C2 00 00 01 50 4D-F6 00 00
```

**RopSetProperties** ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.8.6)

**RopId:** 0x0A

**LogonId:** 0

**InputHandleIndex:** 0 (Server object handle = 0x000004E4)

**Note** 0x000004E4 is a handle to the Inbox folder.

**PropertyValueSize:** 0x0036 (54)

**PropertyValueCount:** 1 (0x01)

0x36D00102 **PidTagIpmAppointmentEntryId** 46 bytes (section [2.2.3](#))

```
0000: 00 00 00 00 6A 3C B8 FA-3B A9 F0 46 B4 F4 E4 B6
0010: C7 74 45 09 01 00 02 27-39 56 14 8B EF 4F 98 14
0020: 81 7E 2C 82 BD C2 00 00-01 50 4D F6 00 00
```

```
0000: 0A 00 00 26 00 01 00 1F-00 13 36 49 00 50 00 46
0010: 00 2E 00 41 00 70 00 70-00 6F 00 69 00 6E 00 74
0020: 00 6D 00 65 00 6E 00 74-00 00 00
```

**RopSetProperties**

**RopId:** 0x0A

**LogonId:** 0

**InputHandleIndex:** 0 (Server object handle = 0x0000042E)

**PropertyValueSize:** 0x0026 (38)

**PropertyValueCount:** 1 (0x01)

**PidTagContainerClass** (section [2.2.8](#)): IPF.Appointment

## 4.2.2 Server Response for Creating a Special Folder

```
0000: 02 01 00 00 00 00 00 00
```

**RopOpenFolder** ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.4.1)

**RopId:** 0x02

**OutputHandleIndex:** 1 (Server object handle = 0x00000497)

**Note** 0x00000497 is the handle of the Top of Personal Folders folder, and it is used in the **RopCreateFolder** ROP request ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.4.2) to create the Calendar folder as shown in section [4.2.1](#).

**ReturnValue:** Success (0x00000000)

**HasRules:** 0x00 (FALSE)

**IsGhosted:** 0x00 (FALSE)

```
0000: 1C 01 00 00 00 00 01 00-00 00 01 50 4D F6 00
```

**RopCreateFolder** ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.4.2)

**RopId:** 0x1C

**OutputHandleIndex:** 1 (Server object handle = 0x0000042E)

**Note** 0x0000042E is the handle to the Calendar folder that was created.

**ReturnValue:** ecNone (success) (0x00000000)

**FolderId:** 0001-000001504df6

**IsExistingFolder:** 0x00 (FALSE)

```
0000: 02 01 00 00 00 00 00 00
```

**RopOpenFolder**

**RopId:** 0x02

**OutputHandleIndex:** 1 (Server object handle = 0x000004E4)

**Note** 0x000004E4 is the handle of the Inbox folder. It is used in the **RopSetProperties** ROP request ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.8.6) to set the **PidTagIpmAppointmentEntryId** property (section [2.2.3](#)) of the Inbox folder as shown in section [4.2.1](#).

**ReturnValue:** Success (0x00000000)

**HasRules:** 0x00 (FALSE)

**IsGhosted:** 0x00 (FALSE)

```
0000: 0A 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
```

**RopSetProperties**

**RopId:** 0x0A

**InputHandleIndex:** 0 (Server object handle = 0x0000042E)

**ReturnValue:** ecNone (success) (0x00000000)

**PropertyProblemCount:** 0

**PropertyProblems:**

0000: 0A 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

**RopSetProperties**

**RopId:** 0x0A

**InputHandleIndex:** 0 (Server object handle = 0x0000042E)

**ReturnValue:** ecNone (success) (0x00000000)

**PropertyProblemCount:** 0

**PropertyProblems:**

Preliminary

## 5 Security

### 5.1 Security Considerations for Implementers

There are no special security considerations specific to the Special Folders Protocol. General security considerations pertaining to the underlying transport apply, as described in [\[MS-OXCFLD\]](#).

### 5.2 Index of Security Parameters

None.

Preliminary

## 6 Appendix A: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include released service packs:

- Microsoft® Exchange Server 2003
- Microsoft® Exchange Server 2007
- Microsoft® Exchange Server 2010
- Microsoft® Exchange Server 15 Technical Preview
- Microsoft® Office Outlook® 2003
- Microsoft® Office Outlook® 2007
- Microsoft® Outlook® 2010
- Microsoft® Outlook® 15 Technical Preview

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. If a service pack or Quick Fix Engineering (QFE) number appears with the product version, behavior changed in that service pack or QFE. The new behavior also applies to subsequent service packs of the product unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms SHOULD or SHOULD NOT implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term MAY implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

[<1> Section 2.2.1:](#) The Quick Contacts folder, the IM Contact List folder, and the Document Libraries folder are supported only by Outlook 15 Technical Preview.

[<2> Section 2.2.5.1:](#) Office Outlook 2003 clients and Exchange 2003 servers do not recognize the RSS Feeds, Tracked Mail Processing, and To-Do folders as special folders.

[<3> Section 3.1.1.1:](#) The Quick Contacts folder, the IM Contact List folder, and the Document Libraries folder are supported only by Outlook 15 Technical Preview.

[<4> Section 3.1.4.1.1:](#) Office Outlook 2003 sets the search criteria to include only the Calendar, Tasks, Inbox, and Contacts folders, and it sets a restriction (2) only for the **PidLidReminderSet** ([MS-OXPROPS] section 2.223) and **PidLidRecurring** ([MS-OXPROPS] section 2.216) properties. In addition, it does not include RECURSIVE\_SEARCH.

[<5> Section 3.1.4.1.2:](#) Office Outlook 2003 and Exchange 2003 do not recognize search criteria for the To-Do folder.

[<6> Section 3.1.4.1.3:](#) Office Outlook 2003 and Exchange 2003 do not recognize search criteria for the Tracked Mail Processing folder.

## 7 Change Tracking

This section identifies changes that were made to the [MS-OXOSFLD] protocol document between the January 2012 and April 2012 releases. Changes are classified as New, Major, Minor, Editorial, or No change.

The revision class **New** means that a new document is being released.

The revision class **Major** means that the technical content in the document was significantly revised. Major changes affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of major changes are:

- A document revision that incorporates changes to interoperability requirements or functionality.
- An extensive rewrite, addition, or deletion of major portions of content.
- The removal of a document from the documentation set.
- Changes made for template compliance.

The revision class **Minor** means that the meaning of the technical content was clarified. Minor changes do not affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of minor changes are updates to clarify ambiguity at the sentence, paragraph, or table level.

The revision class **Editorial** means that the language and formatting in the technical content was changed. Editorial changes apply to grammatical, formatting, and style issues.

The revision class **No change** means that no new technical or language changes were introduced. The technical content of the document is identical to the last released version, but minor editorial and formatting changes, as well as updates to the header and footer information, and to the revision summary, may have been made.

Major and minor changes can be described further using the following change types:

- New content added.
- Content updated.
- Content removed.
- New product behavior note added.
- Product behavior note updated.
- Product behavior note removed.
- New protocol syntax added.
- Protocol syntax updated.
- Protocol syntax removed.
- New content added due to protocol revision.
- Content updated due to protocol revision.
- Content removed due to protocol revision.
- New protocol syntax added due to protocol revision.

- Protocol syntax updated due to protocol revision.
- Protocol syntax removed due to protocol revision.
- New content added for template compliance.
- Content updated for template compliance.
- Content removed for template compliance.
- Obsolete document removed.

Editorial changes are always classified with the change type **Editorially updated**.

Some important terms used in the change type descriptions are defined as follows:

- **Protocol syntax** refers to data elements (such as packets, structures, enumerations, and methods) as well as interfaces.
- **Protocol revision** refers to changes made to a protocol that affect the bits that are sent over the wire.

The changes made to this document are listed in the following table. For more information, please contact [protocol@microsoft.com](mailto:protocol@microsoft.com).

Section	Tracking number (if applicable) and description	Major change (Y or N)	Change type
<a href="#">2.2.6 PidTagFreeBusyEntryIds Property</a>	Added new section to define the PidTagFreeBusyEntryIds property.	Y	New content added.

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