

# [MS-OXOPFFB]: Public Folder–Based Free/Busy Protocol Specification

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# 1 Introduction

The Public Folder–Based Free/Busy protocol is a format that is used to publish information that describes the availability of an **attendee** or **resource**. This information can be used by a broad range of consumers to efficiently schedule meetings and/or provide presence information.

This document specifies the following:

- The format in which **free/busy** data is represented.
- A method for publishing data in the prescribed format.
- A method for discovering and interpreting data in the prescribed format.

## 1.1 Glossary

The following terms are defined in [MS-OXGLOS]:

**attendee**  
**Address Book object**  
**ambiguous name resolution (ANR)**  
**appointment**  
**Calendar object**  
**Coordinated Universal Time (UTC)**  
**delegate**  
**Delegate Information object**  
**distinguished name (DN)**  
**EntryID**  
**folder**  
**folder ID (FID)**  
**free/busy**  
**handle**  
**little-endian**  
**message**  
**message ID (MID)**  
**Message object**  
**non-IPM subtree**  
**Out of Office (OOF)**  
**property**  
**property ID**  
**public folder**  
**remote operation (ROP)**  
**resource**  
**special folder**  
**store**

The following data type is defined in [MS-DTYP]:

**BYTE**

The following data types are defined in [MS-OXCADATA]:

**PtypBinary**  
**PtypBoolean**  
**PtypInteger32**  
**PtypMultipleBinary**  
**PtypMultipleInteger32**  
**PtypString**  
**PtypTime**

The following terms are specific to this document:

**Availability service:** A Web service that provides **free/busy** information.

**busy:** One of the possible values of the **free/busy status** on an **appointment**. A **busy** status indicates that the user is not available for other **appointments** during this time.

**calendar:** See **Calendar object**.

**conflict:** A condition that is created when an **appointment** is scheduled at the same time as another appointment.

**end of range:** The end date of a **publishing range**.

**free:** One of the possible values of the **free/busy status** on an **appointment**. A free status indicates that the user is available during this **appointment**.

**free/busy message:** A message in the **public folder store** that contains **free/busy** data.

**free/busy status:** A status that indicates how an **appointment** on the **calendar** of an **attendee** or **resource** affects their availability. The **free/busy status** is the value of the **PidLidBusyStatus property** of the **appointment**, as specified in [MS-OXOCAL].

**tentative:** One of the possible values of the **free/busy status** on an **appointment**. A **tentative** status indicates that the user is tentatively booked during this **appointment**.

**publishing:** In the context of this specification, this term is used to indicate the writing of **free/busy** data to a shared location.

**publishing range:** The number of months of **calendar** data to be published.

**start of range:** The start date of a **publishing range**.

**MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT:** These terms (in all caps) are used as described in [RFC2119]. All statements of optional behavior use either **MAY**, **SHOULD**, or **SHOULD NOT**.

## **1.2 References**

### **1.2.1 Normative References**

[MS-DTYP] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Data Types", March 2007, <http://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=111558>.

[MS-OXCDATA] Microsoft Corporation, "Data Structures Protocol Specification", June 2008.

[MS-OXCFOLD] Microsoft Corporation, "Folder Object Protocol Specification", June 2008.

[MS-OXCMSG] Microsoft Corporation, "Message and Attachment Object Protocol Specification", June 2008.

[MS-OXCSTOR] Microsoft Corporation, "Store Object Protocol Specification", June 2008.

[MS-OXCTABL] Microsoft Corporation, "Table Object Protocol Specification", June 2008.

[MS-OXDSCALI] Microsoft Corporation, "Autodiscover Publishing and Lookup Protocol Specification", June 2008.

[MS-OXGLOS] Microsoft Corporation, "Exchange Server Protocols Master Glossary", June 2008.

[MS-OXOABK] Microsoft Corporation, "Address Book Object Protocol Specification", June 2008.

[MS-OXOCAL] Microsoft Corporation, "Appointment and Meeting Object Protocol Specification", June 2008.

[MS-OXODLGT] Microsoft Corporation, "Delegate Access Configuration Protocol Specification", June 2008.

[RFC1279] Hardcastle-Kille, S.E., "X.500 and Domains", RFC 1279, November 1991, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1279.txt>.

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt>.

## 1.2.2 Informative References

None.

## 1.3 Protocol Overview

**Free/busy** data is derived from **calendar** data and falls into four categories: **Free**, **Busy**, **Tentative** and **Out of Office (OOF)**.

The Public Folder–Based Free/Busy protocol specifies how free/busy data is read from and written to a shared location so that it can be used to effectively and efficiently schedule meetings.

**Free/busy** data can also be obtained by using the Availability Web service, as specified in [MS-OXWAVLS], and by directly accessing the calendar of a user and reading the free/busy status **property**, as specified in [MS-OXOCAL].

## 1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols

The Public Folder–Based Free/Busy protocol extends the Message and Attachment Object protocol [MS-OXCMSG].

## 1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions

The Public Folder–Based Free/Busy protocol assumes that the server is configured to support **public folders**.<1>

## 1.6 Applicability Statement

The Public Folder–Based Free/Busy protocol is appropriate for use by higher layers of a server or client implementation that schedule meetings to avoid scheduling **conflicts**.

The following related functionality is best accomplished by using other protocols:

- Displaying complete **calendar** details. This is best accomplished by receiving permissions and directly browsing the calendar of the other **attendee** or **resource**. For more details, see [MS-OXODLGT].
- Displaying **free/busy** data outside the **publishing range**. This is best accomplished by using the **Availability service**, as specified in [MS-OXWAVLS].

It is recommended that this specification only be used if the Availability service is not supported by the server.<2> For more details about the Availability service, see [MS-OXDSCLI].

## 1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation

None.



## ***1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields***

None.

## ***1.9 Standards Assignments***

None.

# **2 Messages**

## ***2.1 Transport***

The Public Folder–Based Free/Busy protocol uses the protocol specified in [MS-OXCMSG] as its primary transport mechanism.

## ***2.2 Message Syntax***

### **2.2.1 Free/Busy Message**

**Free/busy** data is represented as a set of properties that are set on a **message** in the **public folders store**. The message is referred to as the **free/busy message**. The location of this message is specified in section 3. Unless otherwise specified, the free/busy message conforms to a **Message object**, as specified in [MS-OXCMSG].

#### **2.2.1.1 Common Properties**

##### ***2.2.1.1.1 PidTagNormalizedSubject***

A **PtypString** property that specifies the subject of the **free/busy message**. Its value is a string that is derived from the e-mail address of the user. The e-mail address is the value of the **PidTagEmailAddress** property of the **Address Book object** of the user. The subject is derived by taking the sub-string, starting with "/cn", prepending "USER", and converting all the characters to uppercase.

##### ***2.2.1.1.2 PidTagMessageClass***

A **PtypString** property that MUST be set to "IPM.Post".

#### **2.2.1.2 Free/Busy Properties**

##### ***2.2.1.2.1 PidTagScheduleInfoMonthsTentative***

A **PtypMultipleInteger32** property that specifies the months for which **free/busy** data of type **tentative** is present in the **free/busy message**. The number of **PtypInteger32** values in this property MUST be between 0 (zero) and the number of months covered by the **publishing range**, which is the period between **PidTagFreeBusyPublishStart** and **PidTagFreeBusyPublishEnd**.

Each value in this **PtypMultipleInteger32** property, interpreted as a signed **PtypInteger32**, has a month and year encoded in it. This is calculated by using the expression "year × 16 + month" where year and month are based on the Gregorian **calendar**. The values are sorted in ascending order and are encoded in **little-endian** format.

If an event is spread across multiple months, or multiple years, there **MUST** be one value for each of the months that fall in the publishing range. If there are no tentative events in the publishing range, this property and **PidTagScheduleInfoFreeBusyTentative** **MUST NOT** be set or **MUST** be deleted if they already exist. Otherwise, this property **MUST** be set.

#### ***2.2.1.2.2 PidTagScheduleInfoFreeBusyTentative***

A **PtypMultipleBinary** property that specifies the blocks of times for which the **free/busy status** is **tentative**. This property has as many values as the number of values in **PidTagScheduleInfoMonthsTentative**. Each binary value represents a month and corresponds to the value at the same index in **PidTagScheduleInfoMonthsTentative**. The binary values are sorted in the same order as the values in **PidTagScheduleInfoMonthsTentative**.

Each binary value has one or more 4-BYTE blocks and each of them contains the start time in the first two bytes and end time in the second two bytes in **little-endian** format. The start time is the number of minutes between 12:00 A.M. **Coordinated Universal Time (UTC)** of the first day of the month and the start time of the event in UTC. The end time is the number of minutes between 12:00 A.M. UTC of the first day of the month and the end time of the event in UTC. The 4-BYTE blocks are sorted in ascending order.

Consecutive or overlapping blocks of time are merged into one block with start time as the start time of the first block and end time as the end time of the last block. If an event is spread across multiple months or years, the event is split into multiple blocks, one for each month. If there are no tentative events in the **publishing range**, this **property** and **PidTagScheduleInfoMonthsTentative** **MUST NOT** be set or **MUST** be deleted if they already exist. Otherwise, this property **MUST** be set.

#### ***2.2.1.2.3 PidTagScheduleInfoMonthsBusy***

A **PtypMultipleInteger32** property that specifies the months for which **free/busy** data of type **busy** is present in the **free/busy message**. The format, computation, and constraints of this property are the same as those for **PidTagScheduleInfoMonthsTentative** but refer to **appointments** that are marked **busy** on the associated **calendar**.

#### ***2.2.1.2.4 PidTagScheduleInfoFreeBusyBusy***

A **PtypMultipleBinary** property that specifies the blocks of time for which the **free/busy status** is type **busy**. The format, computation, and constraints of this property are the same as those for **PidTagScheduleInfoFreeBusyTentative**, but refer to **appointments** that are marked **busy** on the associated **Calendar object**.

#### ***2.2.1.2.5 PidTagScheduleInfoMonthsAway***

A **PtypMultipleInteger32** property that specifies the months for which **free/busy** data of type **OOF** is present in the **free/busy message**. The format, computation, and constraints of this **property** are the same as those for **PidTagScheduleInfoMonthsTentative**, but refer to **appointments** that are marked OOF on the associated **Calendar object**.

#### ***2.2.1.2.6 PidTagScheduleInfoFreeBusyAway***

A **PtypMultipleBinary** property that specifies the times for which the **free/busy status** is set to **OOF**. The format, computation, and constraints of this **property** are the same as those for **PidTagScheduleInfoFreeBusyTentative** but refer to **appointments** that are marked OOF on the associated **Calendar object**.

#### ***2.2.1.2.7 PidTagScheduleInfoMonthsMerged***

A **PtypMultipleInteger32** property that specifies the months for which **free/busy** data of type **busy** or **OOF** is present in the **free/busy message**. Events of free/busy type **tentative** are not included in this **property**. The syntax/format and constraints of this property are the same as those for **PidTagScheduleInfoMonthsTentative** but refer to **appointments** that are marked OOF or busy on the associated **Calendar object**.

#### ***2.2.1.2.8 PidTagScheduleInfoFreeBusyMerged***

A **PtypMultipleBinary** property that specifies the times for which the **free/busy status** is set to **busy** or **OOF**. Events of **free/busy** type **tentative** are not included in this property. The format, computation, and the restrictions of this property are the same as those for **PidTagScheduleInfoFreeBusyTentative**, but refer to **appointments** that are marked OOF or busy on the associated **Calendar object**.

#### ***2.2.1.2.9 PidTagFreeBusyPublishStart***

A signed **PtypInteger32** property that specifies the start time of the **publishing range**. This value is expressed as the number of minutes since midnight, January 1, 1601 in **UTC**.

#### ***2.2.1.2.10 PidTagFreeBusyPublishEnd***

A signed **PtypInteger32** property that specifies the end time of the **publishing range**. It is computed by adding the value of **PidTagFreeBusyCountMonths** to the start date of the publishing range. This value is expressed as the number of minutes since midnight, January 1, 1601 in **UTC**.

#### ***2.2.1.2.11 PidTagFreeBusyRangeTimestamp***

A **PtypTime** property that specifies the time that the data was published, in **UTC**.

#### ***2.2.1.2.12 PidTagFreeBusyMessageEmailAddress***

A **PtypString** property that specifies the e-mail address of the user to whom this **free/busy message** applies. The value of this property is the same as the **PidTagEmailAddress** property value of the **Address Book object** for the **attendee** or **resource**.

#### **2.2.1.3 Delegate Information Properties**

The following **properties** are used in the Delegate Access Configuration protocol [MS-OXODLGT] and the Appointment and Meeting Object protocol [MS-OXOCAL]:

- **PidTagScheduleInfoAutoAcceptAppointments**
- **PidTagScheduleInfoDisallowRecurringAppts**
- **PidTagScheduleInfoDisallowOverlappingAppts**
- **PidTagScheduleInfoDelegatorWantsCopy**
- **PidTagScheduleInfoDontMailDelegates**
- **PidTagScheduleInfoDelegatorWantsInfo**
- **PidTagFreeBusyCountMonths**

These properties are optional on a **free/busy message**. If they are set on the **free/busy message**, the value of these properties **MUST** be equal to the value of the same property on the **Delegate Information object**, as specified in [MS-OXOCAL].

#### **2.2.1.4 Deprecated Properties**

##### ***2.2.1.4.1 PidTagGatewayNeedsToRefresh***

A **PtypBoolean** property. This property is deprecated and **SHOULD NOT** be used.<3>

##### ***2.2.1.4.2 PidTagScheduleInfoResourceType***

A signed **PtypInteger32** property that **MUST** be set to 0 when sending and ignored on receipt.<4>

##### ***2.2.1.4.3 PidTagScheduleInfoFreeBusy***

A **PtypBinary** property. This property is deprecated. It **SHOULD NOT** be set and **MUST** be ignored.<5>

#### **2.2.2 Public Folder Free/Busy Related Properties**

##### **2.2.2.1 PidTagFreeBusyEntryIds**

A **PtypMultipleBinary** property. This property is set on the root **folder** and on the **Inbox special folder** of the local **store**. The value on the root folder of the local store **MUST** be equal to the value on the **Inbox special folder**. The property value contains four binary values, set as follows:

- The first value **MUST** be set to NULL.
- The second value **MUST** be set to the **EntryID** of the delegate information object. For more details about the delegate information message, see [MS-OXODLGT].
- The third value **MAY** be set to the EntryID of the free/busy message of the logged on user. It **MUST** be set to NULL if the **free/busy public folder** is unavailable. This value is set when a client or server creates the **free/busy message** for the first time for a user.
- The fourth value **MUST** be set to the EntryID of the folder the PidTagDisplayName property value for which is equal to "FreeBusy Data", and which is a child folder of the root folder of the store.

## 3 Protocol Details

### 3.1 Client Details

Free/busy data is kept in a specific **message** in the **public folders store**. There is one message for each user for whom free/busy data is published. This message is called the **free/busy message**. It is contained in a **folder** that represents the administrative group to which the user belongs. There is one folder for each administrative group in the organization. All these folders are descendants of the **special folder** ""SCHEDULE+ FREE BUSY". Each folder that represents an administrative group is a sibling of the folders that represent other administrative groups. An administrative group represents an "Organisational Unit" within an organization, as specified in [RFC1279]. It is the *org-unit-rdn* component of the **distinguished name (DN)** of the **Address Book object** for the user, as defined in [MS-OXOABK] section 2.2.1.1.

A client **MAY** read or write free/busy data for another user. For more details about finding the free/busy message for a specific user, see section 3.1.4.1.2.

#### 3.1.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of how the protocol behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

##### 3.1.1.1 Non-Persisted Free/Busy Related Properties

Some **properties** are not persisted on any object but are temporarily cached in memory or computed on demand. The **free/busy**-related properties specified in this section are not persisted.

###### 3.1.1.1.1 PidTagSchedulePlusFreeBusyEntryId

A **PtypBinary** property that contains the **EntryID** of the **folder** named "SCHEDULE+FREE BUSY" under the NON\_IPM\_SUBTREE of the **public folder store**. This property is not stored on any object but is computed on demand. The **folder ID (FID)** of "SCHEDULE+FREE BUSY" is returned in response to **RopLogon**. The FID is preserved and used to compute the EntryID when it is needed.

### 3.1.2 Timers

None.

### 3.1.3 Initialization

None.

### 3.1.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

#### 3.1.4.1 Publishing Free/Busy Data

The **free/busy** data ideally is published whenever **appointments** are created or deleted or when any of the following three **properties** of an appointment are modified:

**PidLidAppointmentStartWhole**, **PidLidAppointmentEndWhole**, **PidLidBusyStatus**.

A client or server can keep a local copy of free/busy data and publish the changes periodically or immediately after the data changes.

The client MAY perform the following steps to publish the data:

1. Determine the data to be published by using the steps specified in section 3.1.4.1.1.
2. Find the **free/busy message** by using the steps specified in section 3.1.4.1.2.
3. If the **message** does not exist, create a new message. Use step 2 to determine the **sub-folder** and the subject of the message.
4. If the message was created, set the third binary value of the **PidTagFreeBusyEntryIds** property to the **EntryID** of the free/busy message. For more details about how to create a message, see [MS-OXCMSG].

##### 3.1.4.1.1 Determining the Data Set for Publishing

Data to be published is determined by finding all the **calendar** events that are in the **publishing range**. The publishing range is calculated as follows:

- **Start of range** is 12:00 A.M. UTC on the first day of the month or the first day of the week, whichever occurs earlier at the time of **publishing**.
- **End of range** is calculated by adding the value of **PidTagFreeBusyCountMonths** to start of range.

- All the **appointments** with an end time that is greater than the start of range and start time less than the end of range are considered to be in the publishing range.

### 3.1.4.1.2 Finding the Free/Busy Message

The **free/busy messages** are stored in a descendant **folder** of the "SCHEDULE+ FREE BUSY" folder, under the NON\_IPM\_SUBTREE of the **public folders store**. There **MUST** be only one free/busy message for each user. A client can read or write **free/busy** data for users other than the logged on users. The client **MUST** find the free/busy message that corresponds to the user before reading or writing information for that user. At the time of **publishing**, the client **MUST** determine whether a free/busy message already exists for the user in question before creating one.

The following steps **MAY** be used to locate the free/busy message that corresponds to a given user:

- To find the free/busy message of the logged on user, get the **EntryID** of the free/busy message. The **EntryID** of the free/busy message is set in the third binary value of the **PidTagFreeBusyEntryIds** property for the Inbox. Use the EntryID of the free/busy message to generate the **message ID** of the message, as specified in section 2.2.1.3.1 of [MS-OXCADATA]. Use the message ID of the message to open the **message**, as specified in [MS-OXCMSG].
- To find the free/busy message of another user, use the name (full name or part of their name) and perform an **ambiguous name resolution (ANR)** to get their **Address Book object**, as specified in [MS-OXOABK] section 3.1.4.4.

If the **PidTagFreeBusyEntryIds** property does not exist or if the third binary value of this property is empty, or if the free/busy message is being requested for another user, the subject and the name of the sub-folder can be used to find the free/busy message, as specified in sections 3.1.4.1.2.1 through 3.1.4.1.2.4.

#### 3.1.4.1.2.1 Determining the E-mail Address

To determine the e-mail address, get the **Address Book object** and then do one of the following:

- If the client is **publishing** the data for the logged on user, find the Address Book object of the logged on user by matching its **EntryID** with the **PidTagMailboxOwnerEntryId** of the **store**.
- If the client is publishing the data for another user, get the Address Book object by performing an **ANR** by using the full name or partial name of the delegator. For details about how to resolve a name, see [MS-OXOABK] section 3.1.4.4.
- Get the e-mail address from the **PidTagEmailAddress** property of the Address Book object.

#### 3.1.4.1.2.2 Determining the Name of the Appropriate Sub-Folder of the "SCHEDULE+ FREE BUSY" Folder

To determine the name of the appropriate sub-**folder**, perform the following steps:

1. Derive the name of the sub-folder by truncating the e-mail address up to, but not including, the first occurrence of "/cn".
2. Prepend the string "EX:" to the value computed in step 1.
3. Find the folder by using the name derived in the step 1. For details about how to find a folder by name, see [MS-OXCFOOLD].

#### 3.1.4.1.2.3 Determining the Subject of the Appropriate Message

To determine the subject of the appropriate message, perform the following steps:

1. Derive the subject by taking the sub-string that starts with the first occurrence of "/cn" in the e-mail address.
2. Prepend the string "USER-" to the value computed in step 1.
3. Convert all the characters to upper-case.

#### 3.1.4.1.2.4 Finding the Message

To find the message, perform the following steps:

1. Derive the **folder** name and the subject of the **message** by using the logic specified in section 3.1.4.1.2.2 and 3.1.4.1.2.3.
2. Open the "SCHEDULE + FREE BUSY" folder by using **PidTagSchedulePlusFreeBusyEntryId** property.
3. Open the specific folder for this user by using the name derived by using the steps in specified section 3.1.4.1.2.2.
  - Find the specific **message** for this user by finding the message in which **PidTagSubject** equals the subject derived by using the steps specified in section 3.1.4.1.2.3. For more details about how to find a message that matches a subject, see [MS-OXCTABL] section 2.2.2.5.

### 3.1.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

None.

### 3.1.6 Timer Events

None.



### 3.1.7 Other Local Events

None.

## 4 Protocol Examples

### 4.1 Updating the Free/Busy Message

The following example describes how the **free/busy message** of a user is updated by the client after the user adds new **appointments** to their **calendar**.

Joe sets his **publishing** interval to 3 months.

Joe creates the following appointments on his calendar. All the events have a **free/busy status** type of **busy**.

**Note:** All times in this example are in Pacific Time.

Feb 2<sup>nd</sup>

Appointment time: 12:00 P.M. – 1:00 P.M.

Appointment time: 1:00 P.M. – 2:00 P.M.

April 2<sup>nd</sup>

Appointment time: 12:00 P.M. – 1:00 P.M.

Appointment time: 3:00 P.M. – 4: P.M.

The client publishes the availability information by using **RopCreateMessage** to create the **message** in the sub-**folder** for the administrative group of the user under the "SCHEDULE + FREE/BUSY" folder. The server returns a success code and a **handle** to a **Message object**.

Then the client uses **RopSetProperties** to transmit availability data to the server. The properties listed in the following table are sent.

Property	Property ID	Property Type	Value
<b>PidTagScheduleInfoResourceType</b>	0x6841	Signed <b>PtypInteger32</b>	0x00000000
<b>PidTagGatewayNeedsToRef</b>	0x684	<b>PtypBoolean</b>	0x00000001

<b>resh</b>	6		
<b>PidTagNormalizedSubject</b>	0x0E1D	<b>PtypString</b>	USER- /CN=RECIPIENTS/CN=JOE
<b>PidTagScheduleInfoMonthsMerged</b>	0x684F	Signed <b>PtypMultipleInteger32</b>	See section 4.3. <b>PidTagScheduleInfoMonthsMerged</b> is calculated similarly to <b>PidTagScheduleInfoMonthsBusy</b> .
<b>PidTagScheduleInfoFreeBusyMerged</b>	0x6850	<b>PtypMultipleBinary</b>	See section 4.5.
<b>PidTagScheduleInfoMonthsBusy</b>	0x6853	Signed <b>PtypMultipleInteger32</b>	See section 4.3.
<b>PidTagScheduleInfoFreeBusyBusy</b>	0x6854	Signed <b>PtypMultipleBinary</b>	See section 4.4.
<b>PidTagFreeBusyPublishStart</b>	0x6847	Signed <b>PtypInteger32</b>	214105440
<b>PidTagFreeBusyPublishEnd</b>	0x6848	Signed <b>PtypInteger32</b>	214234980
<b>PidTagFreeBusyRangeTimeStamp</b>	0x6868	<b>PtypTime</b>	2008/02/22 01:13:00.000

Because there are no events with a free/busy type of **tentative** or **OOF**, the client does not set **PidTagScheduleInfoFreeBusyTentative**, **PidTagScheduleInfoMonthsTentative**, **PidTagScheduleInfoFreeBusyAway**, or **PidTagScheduleInfoMonthsAway**.

The client then uses **RopSaveChanges** to commit the properties on the server, and then **RopRelease** to release the Message object.

The values of some properties will change during the execution of **RopSaveChanges**, but the properties specified in this protocol will not change.

## 4.2 Finding Free/Busy Messages By Using E-mail Addresses

The following example describes how to find the **free/busy message** of a user by using their e-mail address.

First, determine the **folder** name in which the free/busy message exists and determine the subject by using the e-mail address of the user.

For example, a user who has a **PidTagEmailAddress** value of "o=Adventure-Works/ou=New York/cn=Recipients/cn=David" would have his or her **free/busy** data stored in the folder named "EX:/o=Adventure-Works/ou=New York" and in a **message** with subject equal to "USER-/CN=RECIPIENTS/CN=David".

For details about how to get the **Address Book object** of a user and the value of the **PidTagEmailAddress** property, see [MS-OXOABK].

The folder name and subject have now been determined.

The following is an example of the **ROPs** the client uses to find the free/busy message. David has one event in his **calendar** that starts on December 25<sup>th</sup>, 2007 at 7:10 P.M. and ends on Dec 25<sup>th</sup>, 2008 at 7:10 P.M., Pacific Time.

### RopLogon Request

**RopId:** 0xFE

**LogonId:** 0

**OutputHandleIndex:** 0 (HSOT=0xffffffff)

**LogonFlags:** 0x04 Replicated

**OpenFlags:** 0x00000406 PUBLIC HOME\_LOGON NO\_MAIL

**StoreState:** 0x00000000 <none>

**EssdnSize:** 0x00

**Essdn** <no mailbox>

### Response to RopLogon

#### RopLogon

**RopId:** 0xFE

**OutputHandleIndex:** 0 (HSOT=0x00000017)

**ReturnValue:** ecNone (success) (0x00000000)

**LogonFlags:** 0x04 Replicated

Public store

**FolderArray:**

FolderID 1: 0001-000000000006 Root Folder

FolderID 2: 0001-000000000001 IPM subtree

FolderID 3: 0001-000000000002 Non-IPM subtree

FolderID 4: 0001-000000000003 Eforms registry

FolderID 5: 0001-000000000004

FolderID 6: 0001-000000000005 Offline address book

FolderID 7: 0000-000000000000 Local Eforms registry

FolderID 8: 0003-000000000007 SCHEDULE+ FREEBUSY

FolderID 9: 0004-000000000008 Local address book

FolderID 10: 0000-000000000000 Article index

FolderID 11: 0000-000000000000 Schedule

FolderID 12: 0000-000000000000 <not used>

FolderID 13: 0000-000000000000 <not used>

**ServerGUID:** a608eae8-6603-4509-89b3-6dac886dca4d

**PublicFolderPerUserGUID:** fbdd61f1-4863-4d07-902a-64d07f4ca88d

Open the folder named SCHEDULE+ FREEBUSY, which has an ID of 0001-000000000004 as determined from the **RopLogon** response.

**RopOpenFolder** Request

**RopId:** 0x02

**LogonId:** 5

**InputHandleIndex:** 0 (HSOT=0x0000008c)

**FolderId:** 0001-000000000004

**OpenModeFlags:** 0x00 ReadOnly

The response to **RopOpenFolder** is omitted for readability and clarity.

To find the sub-folder that matches the name that was determined earlier, the client sends the following ROP requests:

**RopGetHierarchyTable** Request

**RopId:** 0x04

**LogonId:** 5

**InputHandleIndex:** 0 (HSOT=0x0000008b)

**OutputHandleIndex:** 1 (HSOT=0xffffffff)

**TableFlags:** 0x00 Standard

The response to **RopGetHierarchyTable** has been omitted for readability and clarity.

**RopSetColumns** Request

**RopId:** 0x12

**LogonId:** 5

**InputHandleIndex:** 1 (HSOT=0xffffffff)

**SetColumnsFlag:** 0x00 Wait

**PropertyTagCount:** 3 (0x03)

**PropertyTags:** 0x67480014 **PidTagFolderId**

0x3001001F **PidTagDisplayName**

The response to **RopSetColumns** has been omitted for readability and clarity.

**RopFindRow** Request

**RopId:** 0x4F

**LogonId:** 5

**InputHandleIndex:** 1 (HSOT=0xffffffff)

**FindRowFlags:** 0x00 Direction: forward

**RestrictionDataSize:** 0x0078 (120)

**RestrictionData:**

**ConditionType:** 0x04 RES\_PROPERTY:

**RelationalOperator:** 0x04 RELOP\_EQ

0x3001001F **PidTagDisplayName** EX:/o=Adventure-Works/ou=New

York

**Origin:** 0x00 BOOKMARK\_BEGINNING

**BookmarkSize:** 0x0000 (0)

Response to **RopFindRow**

**RopId:** 0x4F

**InputHandleIndex:** 1 (HSOT=0x00000039)

**ReturnValue:** ecNone (success) (0x00000000)

**RowNoLongerVisible:** 0x00 (FALSE)

**HasRowData:** 0x01 (TRUE)

**RowData:**

HasError: 0

PropertyArray:

PropCount: 3

0x67480014 **PidTagFolderId** 0x07000000000000003

0x3001001F **PidTagDisplayName** EX:/o=Adventure-Works/ou=New York

Now that the folder has been found, and the **FID** was retrieved by using **RopFindRow**, open the folder.

**RopOpenFolder** Request

**RopId:** 0x02

**LogonId:** 5

**InputHandleIndex:** 0 (HSOT=0x0000008c)

**FolderId:** 0003-000000000007

**OpenModeFlags:** 0x00 ReadOnly

The response to **RopOpenFolder** has been omitted for readability and clarity.

**RopGetContentsTable** Request

**RopId:** 0x05

**LogonId:** 0

**InputHandleIndex:** 0 (HSOT=0x00000023)

**OutputHandleTable:** 1 (HSOT=0xffffffff)

**TableFlags:** 0x00 Standard

**RopSetColumns** Request

**RopId:** 0x12

**LogonId:** 0

**InputHandleIndex:** 1 (HSOT=0xffffffff)

**SetColumnFlags:** 0x00 Wait

**PropertyTagCount:** 5 (0x05)

**PropertyTags:** 0x67480014 **PidTagFolderId**

0x674A0014 **PidTagMid**

0x674D0014 **PidTagInstID**

0x674E0003 **PidTagInstanceNum**

0x0E1D001F **PidTagNormalizedSubject**

### **RopSortTable** Request

**RopId:** 0x13

**LogonId:** 0

**InputHandleIndex:** 1 (HSOT=0xffffffff)

**SortTableFlags:** 0x00 Wait

**SortOrderCount:** 0x0001 (1)

**CategoryCount:** 0x0000 (0)

**ExpandedCount:** 0x0000 (0)

**SortOrders:**

**PropertyTag:** 0x0E1D001F **PidTagNormalizedSubject**

0x00 Flag: TABLE\_SORT\_ASCEND

### **RopFindRow** Request

**RopId:** 0x4F

**LogonId:** 0

**InputHandleIndex:** 1 (HSOT=0xffffffff)

**FindRowFlags:** 0x00 Direction: forward

**RestrictionDataSize:** 0x0054 (84)

**RestrictionData:**



**ConditionType:** 0x04 RES\_PROPERTY:

**RelationalOperator:** 0x04 RELOP\_EQ

0x0E1D001F **PidTagNormalizedSubject** USER-  
/CN=RECIPIENTS/CN=DAVID

**Origin:** 0x00 BOOKMARK\_BEGINNING

**BookmarkSize:** 0x0000 (0)

#### Response to **RopGetContentsTable**

**RopId:** 0x05

**OutputHandleIndex:** 1 (HSOT=0x00000022)

**ReturnValue:** ecNone (success) (0x00000000)

**RowCount:** 113

#### Response to **RopSetColumns**

**RopId:** 0x12

**InputHandleIndex:** 1 (HSOT=0x00000022)

**ReturnValue:** ecNone (success) (0x00000000)

**TableStatus:** TBLSTAT\_COMPLETE (0x00)

#### Response to **RopSortTable**

**RopId:** 0x13

**InputHandleIndex:** 1 (HSOT=0x00000022)

**ReturnValue:** ecNone (success) (0x00000000)

**TableStatus:** TBLSTAT\_COMPLETE (0x00)

#### Response to **RopFindRow**

**RopId:** 0x4F

**InputHandleIndex:** 1 (HSOT=0x00000022)

**ReturnValue:** NotFound (0x8004010f)

The message is not found, so create it:

**RopCreateMessage** Request

**RopId:** 0x06

**LogonId:** 0

**InputHandleIndex:** 0 (HSOT=0x00000023)

**OutputHandleIndex:** 1 (HSOT=0xffffffff)

**CodePageId:** 0x0FFF (4095)

**FolderId:** 0003-000000000007

**AssociatedFlag:** 0x00

Response to **RopCreateMessage**

**RopId:** 0x06

**OutputHandleIndex:** 1 (HSOT=0x00000020)

**ReturnValue:** ecNone (success) (0x00000000)

**HasMessageId:** 0

Now set the properties:

**RopSetProperties** Request

**RopId:** 0x0A

**LogonId:** 0

**InputHandleIndex:** 0 (HSOT=0x00000020)

**PropertyValueSize:** 0x000F (15)

**PropertyValueCount:** 2 (0x02)

**PropertyValues:** 0x68410003 **PidTagScheduleInfoResourceType**  
0x00000000 (0)

0x6846000B **PidTagGatewayNeedsToRefresh** 0x0001 (TRUE)

**RopSetProperties** Request

**RopId:** 0x0A

**LogonId:** 0

**InputHandleIndex:** 0 (HSOT=0x00000020)

**PropertyValueSize:** 0x0156 (342)

**PropertyValueCount:** 7 (0x07)

**PropertyValues:** 0x68410003 **PidTagScheduleInfoResourceType**

(TRUE) 0x6842000B **PidTagScheduleInfoDelegatorWantsCopy** 0x0001

0x6843000B **PidTagScheduleInfoDontMailDelegates** 0x0001 (TRUE)

(FALSE) 0x686D000B **PidTagScheduleInfoAutoAcceptAppointments** 0x0000

(FALSE) 0x686E000B **PidTagScheduleInfoDisallowRecurringAppts** 0x0000

(FALSE) 0x686F000B **PidTagScheduleInfoDisallowOverlappingAppts** 0x0000

0x684B000B **PidTagScheduleInfoDelegatorWantsInfo** 0x0001 (TRUE)

**RopSetProperties** Request

**RopId:** 0x0A

**LogonId:** 0

**InputHandleIndex:** 0 (HSOT=0x00000020)

**PropertyValueSize:** 0x0056 (86)

**PropertyValueCount:** 2 (0x02)

**PropertyValues:** 0x003D001F **PidTagSubjectPrefix** (null)

0x0E1D001F **PidTagNormalizedSubject** USER-  
/CN=RECIPIENTS/CN=DAVID

**RopSaveChangesMessage** Request

**RopId:** 0x0C

**LogonId:** 0

**ResponseHandleIndex:** 1 (HSOT=0x00000023)

**InputHandleIndex:** 0 (HSOT=0x00000020)

**SaveFlags:** 0x0A KeepOpenReadWrite DelayedCall

Response to **RopSaveChangesMessage:**

**RopSaveChangesMessage**

**RopId:** 0x0C

**ResponseHandleIndex:** 1 (HSOT=0x00000023)

**ReturnValue:** ecNone (success) (0x00000000)

**InputHandleIndex:** 0 (HSOT=0x00000020)

**MessageID:** 0001-0000000051e3

**RopSetProperties** Request

**RopId:** 0x0A

**LogonId:** 0

**InputHandleIndex:** 2 (HSOT=0x00000020)

**PropertyValueSize:** 0x00AC (172)

**PropertyValueCount:** 1 (0x01)

**PropertyValues:** 0x6849001F **PidTagFreeBusyMessageEmailAddress**  
/o=Adventure-Works/ou=New York/cn=Recipients/cn=David

**RopSetProperties** Request

**RopId:** 0x0A

**LogonId:** 0

**InputHandleIndex:** 0 (HSOT=0x00000020)

**PropertyValueSize:** 0x0026 (38)

**PropertyValueCount:** 2 (0x02)

**PropertyValues:** 0x684F1003 **PidTagScheduleInfoMonthsMerged**

**PtypMultipleInteger32[0]:** 32130

**PtypMultipleInteger32[1]:** 32131

0x68501102 **PidTagScheduleInfoFreeBusyMerged**

**PtypMultipleBinary[0]** (4 bytes):

0000: E0 01 20 A3

**PtypMultipleBinary[1]** (4 bytes):

0000: 00 00 E0 01

#### **RopDeletePropertiesNoReplicate** Request

**RopId:** 0x7A

**LogonId:** 0

**InputHandleIndex:** 0 (HSOT=0x00000020)

**PropertyTagCount:** 2 (0x02)

**PropertyTags:** 0x68511003 **PidTagScheduleInfoMonthsTentative**

0x68521102 **PidTagScheduleInfoFreeBusyTentative**

#### **RopSetProperties** Request

**RopId:** 0x0A

**LogonId:** 0

**InputHandleIndex:** 0 (HSOT=0x00000020)

**PropertyValueSize:** 0x0026 (38)

**PropertyValueCount:** 2 (0x02)

**PropertyValues:** 0x68531003 **PidTagScheduleInfoMonthsBusy**

**PtypMultipleInteger32[0]:** 32130

**PtypMultipleInteger32[1]:** 32131

0x68541102 **PidTagScheduleInfoFreeBusyBusy**

**PtypMultipleBinary [0]** (4 bytes):

0000: E0 01 20 A3

**PtypMultipleBinary [1]** (4 bytes):

0000: 00 00 E0 01

#### **RopSetProperties Request**

**RopId:** 0x0A

**LogonId:** 0

**InputHandleIndex:** 0 (HSOT=0x00000020)

**PropertyValueSize:** 0x0007 (7)

**PropertyValueCount:** 1 (0x01)

**PropertyValues:** 0x6846000B **PidTagGatewayNeedsToRefresh** 0x0001

(TRUE)

#### **RopSetProperties Request**

**RopId:** 0x0A

**LogonId:** 0

**InputHandleIndex:** 0 (HSOT=0x00000020)

**PropertyValueSize:** 0x000A (10)

**PropertyValueCount:** 1 (0x01)

**PropertyValues:** 0x68470003 **PidTagFreeBusyPublishStart**  
**PtypInteger32** 0x0CC2FD60 (214105440)

**RopSetProperties** Request

**RopId:** 0x0A

**LogonId:** 0

**InputHandleIndex:** 0 (HSOT=0x00000020)

**PropertyValueSize:** 0x000A (10)

**PropertyValueCount:** 1 (0x01)

**PropertyValues:** 0x68480003 **PidTagFreeBusyPublishEnd** 0x0CC3A080  
(214147200)

**RopSetProperties** Request

**RopId:** 0x0A

**LogonId:** 0

**InputHandleIndex:** 0 (HSOT=0x00000020)

**PropertyValueSize:** 0x000E (14)

**PropertyValueCount:** 1 (0x01)

**PropertyValues:** 0x68680040 **PidTagFreeBusyRangeTimestamp**

High: 0x01C87A68

Low: 0x430A6000 (2008/02/29 00:16:00.000)

**RopSetProperties** Request

**RopId:** 0x0A

**LogonId:** 0

(0)

**InputHandleIndex:** 0 (HSOT=0x00000020)

**PropertyValueSize:** 0x000A (10)

**PropertyValueCount:** 1 (0x01)

**PropertyValues:** 0x68410003 **PidTagScheduleInfoResourceType** 0x00000000

**RopSaveChangesMessage** Request

**RopId:** 0x0C

**LogonId:** 0

**ResponseHandleIndex:** 1 (HSOT=0x00000023)

**InputHandleIndex:** 0 (HSOT=0x00000020)

**SaveFlags:** 0x08 DelayedCall

Response to **RopSaveChangesMessage:**

**RopSaveChangesMessage**

**RopId:** 0x0C

**ResponseHandleIndex:** 1 (HSOT=0x00000023)

**ReturnValue:** ecNone (success) (0x00000000)

**InputHandleIndex:** 0 (HSOT=0x00000020)

**MessageID:** 0001-0000000051e3

The client then calls **ROPRelease** on all open folders and the newly created message.

### ***4.3 PidTagScheduleInfoMonthsBusy Calculation***

The **PidTagScheduleInfoMonthsBusy** property is calculated by using the following equations:

1.  $(Year \times 16) + month$
2. *Convert result of equation 1 to hexadecimal*

Consider the following example:



**Free/busy** range is three months from the time of **publishing**. The time of publishing is 12:00 A.M. on Feb 25<sup>th</sup> UTC. There is at least one **calendar** item with a free/busy type of **busy** in the months of February, March, and April.

Therefore, data in the months of February, March, April, and May will be published. More specifically:

- Feb 25<sup>th</sup> 12:00 A.M. to Feb 29<sup>th</sup> 11:59 P.M.
- March 1<sup>st</sup> 12:00 A.M. to March 31<sup>st</sup> 11:59 P.M.
- April 1<sup>st</sup> 12:00 A.M. to April 30<sup>th</sup> 11:59 P.M.
- May 1<sup>st</sup> 12:00 A.M. to May 25<sup>th</sup> 12: A.M.

All the times are in UTC. The property value is determined by using the following calculations.

For February
Year = 2008 Month = February = 2 $(2008 * 16) + 2 = 32130$ 32130 converted to hexadecimal = 7d82

For March
Year = 2008 Month = March = 3 $(2008 * 16) + 3 = 32131$ 32131 converted to hexadecimal = 7d83

For April
Year = 2008 Month = April = 4 $(2008 * 16) + 4 = 32132$ 32132 converted to hexadecimal = 7d84

The **PtypMultipleInteger32** will have three values with 0x00007D82, 0x00007D83, 0x00007D84 in each of the LONG values. Because the month of May did not have any events, there will not be a value that represents May. Otherwise, there would have been four values.

If the month of March, for example, did not have any **calendar** items with a free/busy type of busy, there would be only two values.

#### 4.4 *PidTagScheduleInfoFreeBusyBusy Calculation*

The **PidTagScheduleInfoFreeBusyBusy** property is calculated by using the following equations:

- Start time is the number of minutes between midnight on the first day of the month and the start time of the event in hexadecimal.  

$$\text{Number of days before the scheduled date in that particular month} \times 24 \text{ (hours/day)} * 60 \text{ (minutes/hour)} + \text{(hour of start time on a 24-hour clock adjusted for UTC)} * 60 \text{ (minutes/hour)} = \text{Text value of start time in minutes}$$

**Note:** Each time zone requires a different adjustment for UTC.
- End time is the number of minutes between midnight on the first day of the month and the end time of the event in hexadecimal.

For example, assume there is only one event with a **free/busy status** of **busy** that occurs during the months of February, March, April, and May. It occurs between noon and 1:00 P.M. Pacific Time on February 2nd. The **publishing** interval is 3 months. The time of publishing is 12:00 A.M. on Feb 25<sup>th</sup> UTC.

The value is determined by using the following calculations.

Start time
$\text{Number of days before the scheduled date in that particular month} = 1$
$\text{Start hour} = \text{noon} = 12 \text{ on a 24-hour clock} + 8 \text{ for UTC conversion} = 20$
<p><b>Note:</b></p> <p>+8 is the difference between UTC and Pacific Time. The adjustment is different for each time zone.</p>
$\text{Start time in minutes} = (1 * 60 * 24) + (20 * 60)$

Start time

$$60) = 1440 + 1200 = 2640$$

Hexadecimal start time = 0A50

End time

Number of days before the scheduled date in that particular month = 1

$$\text{End hour} = 1:00 \text{ P.M. Pacific Time} = 13 \text{ on a 24-hour clock} + 8 \text{ for UTC conversion} = 21$$

**Note:**

+8 is the difference between UTC and Pacific Time. The adjustment is different for each time zone.

$$\text{End time in minutes} = (1 * 60 * 24) + (21 * 60) = 1440 + 1260 = 2700$$

Hexadecimal end time = 0A8C

**Note:** In some cases, the UTC conversion changes the date of the start time or end time.

The multi-value binary will have one binary value. The binary value will have the following four bytes, encoded in **little-endian** — the first two bytes for the start time and the second two bytes for the end time: 0x50, 0x0A, 0x8C, 0x50.

#### 4.4.1 PidTagScheduleInfoFreeBusyBusy Calculation with Two Non-Consecutive Events

Assume that there are two events with a **free/busy status** of **busy**, in the month of February.

February 2nd (times are in Pacific Time)

Appointment time: 12:00 P.M. to 1:00 P.M.

Appointment time: 3:00 P.M. to 4:00 P.M.

The **PtypMultipleBinary** will have one binary value. The binary value will have the following eight bytes: 0x50, 0x0A, 0x8C, 0x0A, 0x04, 0x0B, 0x40, 0x0B.

#### 4.4.2 PidTagScheduleInfoFreeBusyBusy Calculation with Two Consecutive Events

If there are two consecutive events with the same **free/busy status**, the two times are merged together. For example, assume the following two events are of type **busy**.

February 2<sup>nd</sup> (times are in Pacific Time)

Appointment time: 12:00 P.M. to 1:00 P.M.

Appointment time: 1:00 P.M. to 2:00 P.M.

There will be only one block with a start time of 12:00 P.M. and an end time of 2:00 P.M. The **PtypMultipleBinary** will have one binary value. The binary value will have the following four bytes: 0x50, 0x0A, 0xC8, 0x0A.

#### 4.4.3 PidTagScheduleInfoFreeBusyBusy Calculation with Events in Multiple Months

Assume that there are two events of type **busy** in the month of February and two events in the month of April. There are no events in March.

February 2<sup>nd</sup> (times are in Pacific Time)

Appointment time: 12:00 P.M. to 1:00 P.M.

Appointment time: 1:00 P.M. to 2:00 P.M.

April 2<sup>nd</sup>

Appointment time: 12:00 P.M. to 1:00 P.M.

Appointment time: 3:00 P.M. to 4:00 P.M.

The **PtypMultipleBinary** will have two binary values.

The first binary value will have the following four bytes: 0x50, 0x0A, 0xC8, 0x0A

The second binary value will have the following eight bytes: 0x14, 0x0A, 0x50, 0x0A, 0xC8, 0x0A, 0x04, 0x0B.

Note that the time difference between **UTC** and **PST** in April is +7 hours and therefore the values are calculated by adding 7 hours to the **PST** time.

#### 4.4.4 PidTagScheduleInfoFreeBusyBusy Calculation When an Event is Spread Across Multiple Months

Consider an example where an event starts on Dec 25<sup>th</sup>, 2007, 9:00 A.M. and ends on Dec 25<sup>th</sup>, 2008, 10:00 A.M. This event is considered as a series of events that start and end as follows:

Dec 25<sup>th</sup> 2007, 9:00 A.M. — Dec 31<sup>st</sup> 2007, 12:00 A.M.

Jan 1<sup>st</sup> 2008, 12:00 A.M. — Jan 31<sup>st</sup> 2008, 12:00 A.M.

....

....

Dec 1<sup>st</sup> 2008, 12:00 A.M. — Dec 25<sup>th</sup>, 10:00 A.M.

The values are calculated as specified in the examples in sections 4.4.1 through 4.4.3.

If the **publishing** interval is 12 months and the time of publishing is 12:00 A.M. Dec 25<sup>th</sup>, 2007 UTC, there would be 13 binary values in both **PidTagScheduleInfoMonthsBusy** and **PidTagScheduleInfoFreeBusyBusy** properties; one for Dec 2007 and one for each month in 2008.

If the publishing interval is 12 months and the time of publishing is 12:00 A.M. Feb 25, 2007, UTC, there would be 11 binary values.

If the publishing interval is one month and the time of publishing is 12:00 A.M. Feb 25, 2007, UTC, there would be two binary values, for the months of Feb and March.

#### ***4.5 PidTagScheduleInfoFreeBusyMerged Calculation***

The **PidTagScheduleInfoFreeBusyMerged** property includes events of type **busy** and **OOF**. For example, if a user has an event from 1:00 P.M. to 2:00 P.M. of type busy and another from 4:00 P.M. to 5:00 P.M. of type OOF, **PidTagScheduleInfoFreeBusyMerged** will contain two binary values.

If there are consecutive or overlapping scheduled events of type busy and OOF, they will be merged into one block. For example, if a user has an event from 1:00 P.M. to 2:00 P.M. of type busy, and another from 1:30 P.M. to 3:00 P.M. of type OOF, the **PidTagScheduleInfoFreeBusyMerged** property will contain one binary value with a start time of 1:00 P.M. and an end time of 3:00 P.M.

## **5 Security**

### ***5.1 Security Considerations for Implementers***

There are no special security considerations specific to this protocol. General security considerations pertaining to the underlying protocol as specified in [MS-OXOMSG] apply.

### ***5.2 Index of Security Parameters***

None.

## **6 Appendix A: Office/Exchange Behavior**

The information in this specification is applicable to the following versions of Office/Exchange:

- Office 2003 with Service Pack 3 applied
- Exchange 2003 with Service Pack 2 applied
- Office 2007 with Service Pack 1 applied
- Exchange 2007 with Service Pack 1 applied

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification prescribed using the terms SHOULD or SHOULD NOT implies Office/Exchange behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term MAY implies Office/Exchange does not follow the prescription.

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<1> Section 1.5: Public folders are supported by default by Exchange Server 2003 SP2. **Public folders** might have to be configured explicitly on an Exchange 2007 SP1 server.

<2 > Section 1.6: Exchange 2003 SP2 does not support the Availability service.

<3> Section 2.2.1.4.1: Outlook 2003 SP3 and Outlook 2007 SP1 will set **PidTagGatewayNeedsToRefresh** to 1. This property is not read by Outlook 2003 SP3, Outlook 2007 SP1, Exchange 2003 SP2, or Exchange 2007 SP1.

<4> Section 2.2.1.4.2: The **PidTagSchdInfoResourceType** from the **free/busy message** is read from and written to by Outlook 2003 SP3 and Outlook 2007 SP1, but the value is not used.

<5> Section 2.2.1.4.3: The **PidTagSchdinfoFreebusy** property MAY be set on the **Delegate Info object** by versions of Outlook prior to Outlook 2003 SP3. This property is deprecated and is no longer read from or written to.

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