

# [MS-OXODLGT]: Delegate Access Configuration Protocol Specification

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Preliminary

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# 1 Introduction

This document defines the mechanisms by which one user delegates to another user the ability to send mail and manage content on their behalf, and the mechanisms by which the delegate accomplishes those actions.

The Delegate Access Configuration protocol defines the following:

- The format to enable another user to send mail on behalf of another user.
- The format to enable another user to receive meeting requests on behalf of another user.
- The format for granting permissions to another user to read from or write to all or part of a user's mailbox.
- The mechanism for accessing another user's mailbox.

## 1.1 Glossary

The following terms are defined in [MS-OXGLOS]:

**Address Book object**  
**Calendar object**  
**delegate**  
**Delegate Information object**  
**folder**  
**from properties**  
**mailbox**  
**meeting related object**  
**Message object**  
**property**  
**recipient properties**  
**restriction**  
**remote operation (ROP)**  
**rule**  
**rule action**  
**sender properties**  
**server-side rule**  
**special folder**  
**Task object**  
**task request**  
**Unicode**

The following terms are specific to this document:

**delegator:** Someone granting permissions to a **delegate** to act on their behalf.

**delegate data folder:** A **special folder** that contains the **Delegate Information object**.

**delegate rule:** A **server-side rule** used to send mail to **delegates** on behalf of the **delegator**.

**informational update:** A Meeting Update object that includes a change such as adding agenda details, which does not require attendees to re-respond.

**Private Message object:** A **Message object** with properties indicating that it contains sensitive information.

**received representing properties:** A group of properties that identify the end user represented by the receiving mailbox owner.

**remote user:** An Address Book object known to be from a foreign or remote messaging system.

**send on behalf of:** A special permission granted to a **delegate** allowing them to send **Message objects** representing the **delegator**.

**MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT:** These terms (in all caps) are used as described in [RFC2119]. All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

## 1.2 References

### 1.2.1 Normative References

[MS-OXCADATA] Microsoft Corporation, "Data Structures Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXCFOLD] Microsoft Corporation, "Folder Object Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXCMSG] Microsoft Corporation, "Message and Attachment Object Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXCPerm] Microsoft Corporation, "Exchange Access and Operation Permissions Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXCROPS] Microsoft Corporation, "Remote Operations (ROP) List and Encoding Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXCSTOR] Microsoft Corporation, "Store Object Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXDISCO] Microsoft Corporation, "Autodiscover HTTP Service Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXOABK] Microsoft Corporation, "Address Book Object Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXOCAL] Microsoft Corporation, "Appointment and Meeting Object Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXOPFFB] Microsoft Corporation, "Public Folder Based Free/Busy Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXORULE] Microsoft Corporation, "E-mail Rules Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXOSFLD] Microsoft Corporation, "Special Folders Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXOTASK] Microsoft Corporation, "Task-Related Objects Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXPROPS] Microsoft Corporation, "Office Exchange Protocols Master Property List Specification", April 2008.

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt>.

## 1.2.2 Informative References

None.

## 1.3 Protocol Overview (Synopsis)

The Delegate Access Configuration protocol can be used to allow a **delegator** in an organization to delegate responsibility for several activities that are commonly performed on objects in their **mailbox**, or a delegator can also configure delivery of **meeting request objects** directly to the delegate.

To allow a **delegate** to perform these activities, the delegator grants the delegate permissions to the resources required by the activity being performed. After permissions have been granted, the delegate is able to access the delegator's mailbox and complete the desired actions.

### 1.3.1 Granting Delegate Permissions

There are three sets of permissions that are commonly granted to a delegate: reviewer, author, and editor. These permissions are set on a specific set of **special folders**. The delegator decides on the level of permissions based on the activities the delegate will be performing, as follows:

- Reviewer permissions give the delegate read-only access to items.
- Author permissions allow the delegate to read all items, create new items, and delete and modify the items that they create.

- Editor permissions provide full control to the delegate.

Additionally, the delegate can be granted permissions to **send on behalf** of the delegator. This can be useful if the delegate will be responding to **Message objects**, managing **meeting related objects**, and/or managing **tasks objects**.

### 1.3.2 Accessing Delegator Information

To access delegator's information a delegate will identify and logon to the delegator's mailbox. The delegate will then identify the desired special folder, open the delegator's special folder, and manipulate items (such as creating or modifying appointments) to complete the task.

### 1.3.3 Acting on Behalf of a Delegator

If the delegate desires to send on behalf of the delegator, the delegate sets properties on the message object indicating that it is sent on behalf of the delegator. The server will validate that the delegate has the appropriate permissions to send on behalf of the delegator.

It is also possible for the delegate to receive meeting related objects on behalf of the delegator. These objects can only be acted on if the delegate has the appropriate permissions to the delegator's calendar special folder and has permission to send mail on behalf of the delegator. This is due to the fact that both of these permissions will be required to properly process and respond to meeting related objects.

## 1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols

This protocol specification relies on an understanding of how to work with Stores, Folders, Permissions, Rules, Messages, and Address Book objects, as specified in [MS-OXCSTOR], [MS-OXCFOLD], [MS-OXOSFLD], [MS-OXCPerm], [MS-OXORULE], [MS-OXCMSG], [MS-OXOMSG], and [MS-OXOABK]. Also, because this protocol enables Calendar and Task object processing, it also relies on an understanding on how to work with Calendar and Task objects, as specified in [MS-OXOCAL], and [MS-OXOTASK].

The specification also relies on understanding how ROPs are transmitted to the server using the underlying RPC transport (see [MS-OXCROPS]).

## 1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions

In the case of a delegator, this protocol assumes the client has previously resolved the name of the delegator, logged on to the server, and has acquired a handle to the **mailbox** of the delegator.

In the case of the delegate, this protocol assumes the messaging client has previously resolved the name of the delegator, as specified in [MS-OXOABK].



## 1.6 Applicability Statement

This protocol would be implemented if users desired to manipulate the objects in another user's mailbox, send mail on another user's behalf, and/or manage meeting and task requests for another user.

## 1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation

None.

## 1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields

None.

## 1.9 Standards Assignments

None.

# 2 Messages

## 2.1 Transport

This protocol uses the protocols specified in [MS-OXCFOLD], [MS-OXCMSG], [MS-OXOMSG], [MS-OXOABK], [MS-OXORULE], and [MS-OXOPERM] as its underlying transport mechanism.

## 2.2 Message Syntax

This protocol uses the structures defined in [MS-OXCDATA] Data Structures Protocol Specification and properties declared in [MS-OXPROPS] Office Exchange Protocols Master Property List Specification as the low-level syntax through which the following property/value pairs are encoded. For a description of the values stored in these properties, see section 3.

### 2.2.1 Delegate Data Folder

The **delegate data folder** is a special folder residing under the root special folder which contains the **Delegate Information object**.

#### 2.2.1.1 Common Properties

In addition to standard **folder** properties specified in [MS-OXCFOLD], the delegate data folder **MUST** contain the **property** listed in the following section.

##### 2.2.1.1.1 PidTagDisplayName

This is a PtypString property and its value **MUST** be set to "Freebusy Data".

## 2.2.2 Delegate Information Object

The delegate information object is special Message object used to store delegate access settings for a delegator. This delegate information object **MUST** be stored in the delegate data folder for the delegator.

Unless otherwise specified, the delegate information object adheres to all property constraints specified in [MS-OXPROPS] and all property constraints specified in [MS-OXCMSG]. A delegate information object **MAY** also contain other properties<1>, which are defined in [MS-OXPROPS], but these properties have no impact on the Delegate Access protocol.

### 2.2.2.1 Common Properties

In addition to standard Message object properties specified in [MS-OXCMSG], the delegate information object **MUST** contain the properties listed in the following sections

#### 2.2.2.1.1 PidTagMessageClass

This is a PtypString **property** and its value **MUST** be set to “IPM.Microsoft.ScheduleData.FreeBusy”.

#### 2.2.2.1.2 PidTagNormalizedSubject

This is a PtypString property and its value **MUST** be set to “LocalFreebusy”.

### 2.2.2.2 Delegate Information Properties

#### 2.2.2.2.1 PidTagScheduleInfoDelegatorWantsCopy

This is a PtypBoolean property indicating if the delegator wants to receive meeting related objects in addition to the delegate receiving them.

This property **MUST** be set in the delegate information object.

#### 2.2.2.2.2 PidTagScheduleInfoDelegatorWantsInfo

This is a PtypBoolean property indicating if the delegator wants to receive **informational updates**, as specified in [MS-OXOCAL].

This property **MUST** be set in the Delegate Information object.

#### 2.2.2.2.3 PidTagScheduleInfoDelegateNames

This PtypMultipleString property specifies the names of the delegates. Each entry **MUST** contain the value of PidTagDisplayName property of each delegate’s Address Book object. For more information on the Address Book object, see [MS-OXOABK].

This property **MAY** <2> be accessed and manipulated as PtypMultipleString8, which can cause loss of fidelity when converting from Unicode.

#### 2.2.2.2.4 PidTagScheduleInfoDelegateNamesW

This PtypMultipleString property specifies the names of the delegates. Each entry MUST contain the value of PidTagDisplayName property of each delegate's Address Book object. For more information on the Address Book object, see [MS-OXOABK].

This property MUST be accessed and manipulated as PtypMutipleString, preserving fidelity of Unicode information.

#### 2.2.2.2.5 PidTagScheduleInfoDelegateEntryIds

This PtypMutipleBinary property specifies the EntryIds of the delegates. Each entry MUST contain the value of PidTagEntryId property of each delegate's Address Book object. For more information on the Address Book object, please see [MS-OXOABK].

This property MUST be set in the Delegate Information object.

#### 2.2.2.2.6 PidTagDelegateFlags

This is a PtypMultipleInteger32 property indicating if delegates can view **private message objects**. Each entry of this property MUST be set to one of the following values:

Flag	Value	Description
HidePrivate	0x00000000	The delegate SHOULD NOT be allowed to view private message objects.
ShowPrivate	0x00000001	The delegate SHOULD be allowed to view private message objects.

This property MUST be set in the Delegate Information object.

### 2.2.3 Delegate Rule

To enable calendar workflow scenarios where delegates receive copies of meeting related objects sent to the delegator, a delegator's client MUST create a specific type of **server-side rule**, as specified by [MS-OXORULE]. The **delegate rule** is specified by setting the following properties:

PidTagRuleState

MUST be set to 0x00000001.

PidTagRuleName

MUST be set to "" (a zero-length string).

PidTagRuleProvider

MUST be set to "Schedule+ EMS Interface".

PidTagRuleLevel

MUST be set to 0x00000000.

## PidTagRuleCondition

MUST be set to a restriction of type RES\_AND with the following three sub-clauses:

1. A restriction of type RES\_CONTENT with a ulFuzzyLevel of FL\_PREFIX, comparing the value of PidTagMessageClass property to the string value "IPM.Schedule.Meeting".
2. A restriction of type RES\_NOT with the following sub-clause:
  1. A restriction of type RES\_EXIST that specifies the PidTagDelegatedByRule property.
3. A restriction of type RES\_OR with the following two sub-clauses:
  1. A restriction of type RES\_NOT with the following sub-clause:
    1. A restriction of type RES\_EXIST that specifies the PidTagSensitivity property.
    2. A restriction of type RES\_PROPERTY, with relop RELOP\_NE, comparing the value of PidTagSensitivity property to the value of Private (0x00000002).

## PidTagRuleActions

The delegate rule actions are used to:

1. Send copies of meeting related objects to delegates.  
Uses OP\_DELEGATE action, as specified in [MS-OXORULE].
2. Delete the delegator's copy of meeting related objects.  
Uses OP\_DELETE action, as specified in [MS-OXORULE].

Sections 3.1.4.3.2.1 and 3.1.4.3.4 specify when the previous actions MUST be specified in the delegate rule.

# 3 Protocol Details

## 3.1 Client Details

### 3.1.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of how the protocol behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

#### 3.1.1.1 Delegator Client

A **delegator** client is used by a delegator to establish delegation relationships with one or more **delegates**, and, in addition, is used to store delegator preferences in the **Delegate Information object**.

### 3.1.1.2 Delegate Client

A delegate client is used to perform actions on behalf of the delegator. To perform these actions, the delegate client will:

- Access the delegator's **mailbox** to create, modify, or delete objects.
- Honor preferences stored by the **delegator** client in delegate information object.
- Send **Message objects** on behalf of the delegator.

### 3.1.2 Timers

None.

### 3.1.3 Initialization

None.

### 3.1.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

#### 3.1.4.1 Creating Delegate Data Folder

The client for a delegator **MUST** create the **delegate data folder** under the delegator's root **special folder**.

In addition, the EntryId for the delegate data folder is stamped in the PidTagFreeBusyEntryIds **property**, as specified in [MS-OXOPFFB].

#### 3.1.4.2 Creating Delegate Information Object

The client for a delegator **MUST** create the Delegate Information object under the delegator's delegate data folder.

In addition, the EntryId for the Delegate Information object is stamped in the PidTagFreeBusyEntryIds **property**, as specified in [MS-OXOPFFB].

#### 3.1.4.3 Creating Delegate Relationship

The client for a delegator establishes the delegate relationship by setting permissions and individual preferences for delegates, as well as by setting global delegate preferences. A client for the delegator accomplishes this by performing the following steps, as specified in sections 3.1.4.3.1 through 3.1.4.3.5.

##### 3.1.4.3.1 Set Send On Behalf Of Delegator Permissions

The delegator's client **SHOULD** grant send on behalf of permissions to every delegate <3>. This is accomplished by adding the value of the PidTagEntryId property of the delegate's Address Book Object to the PidTagAddressBookPublicDelegates property of the delegator's address book container, as specified by [MS-OXOABK].

A client **MAY**<4> support delegation for a **remote user** if it indicates that it supports sharing of the delegator's information. The remote user supports sharing of the delegator's

information if the remote user's Address Book object has bit S set in the PidTagDisplayTypeEx property, as specified in [MS-OXOABK].

### 3.1.4.3.2 Set Delegate Folder Permissions

The following table specifies roles supported by this protocol. Roles are a specific set of flags for the value of the PidTagMemberRights **property** used when setting folder permissions, as specified in [MS-OXCPERM].

Role name	Numeric value	PidTagMemberRights flags	Description
None	0x00000000	None	The delegate is not able to view, create, modify, or delete any contents from the folder.
Reviewer	0x00000001	ReadAny	The delegate is able to view contents of the folder. However, the delegate will not be able to create, modify, or delete any contents from the folder.
Author	0x0000001B	ReadAny Create EditOwned DeleteOwn	The delegate is able to view contents of the folder. In addition, this delegate is able to create, modify, and delete any items created by this delegate.
Editor	0x0000007B	ReadAny Create EditOwned DeleteOwn EditAny DeleteAny	The delegate is able to view, create, modify, and delete any items in the folder.

The delegator client **MUST** specify a role for each of the following special folders, as specified in [MS-OXOSFLD]:

- Calendar
- Inbox
- Tasks
- Contacts
- Notes
- Journal

The **delegator special folders** listed in the following sections have additional constraints.

#### **3.1.4.3.2.1 Additional Constraints for Calendar Folder**

If a delegate will process meeting related objects on behalf of the delegator, a client **MUST**:

1. Grant the Author or Editor role on the delegator's Calendar special folder to the delegate, as specified in [MS-OXCPERM].  
Note: Granting the Author role will limit the delegate to only be able to act on new message objects or those created by the same delegate.
2. Grant the Editor role on the delegate data folder to the delegate, as specified in [MS-OXCPERM].  
Note: If the delegate data folder doesn't exist, the client for the delegator **MUST** create it.

Additionally, if a delegate will receive meeting related objects on behalf of the delegator, a client **MUST**:

1. Grant the Editor role on the delegator's Calendar special folder to the delegate, as specified in [MS-OXCPERM].
2. Grant send on behalf of permissions to the delegate.
3. Add the OP\_DELEGATE action including all delegates that will receive meeting related objects on behalf the delegator. The OP\_DELEGATE action is specified in [MS-OXORULE].

#### **3.1.4.3.2.2 Additional Constraints for Tasks Folder**

If a delegate will process **task requests** on behalf of the delegator, a client **MUST**:

1. Grant the Author or Editor role on the delegator's Task special folder to the delegate, as specified in [MS-OXOPERM].  
Note: Granting the Author role will limit the delegate to only be able to act on new items or ones created by the same delegate.
2. Grant send on behalf of permissions to the delegate.

### 3.1.4.3.3 Set Individual Delegate Preferences

For each delegate being specified, the client for the delegator **MUST**:

1. Specify the delegate's name, using value of the PidTagDisplayName property for the Address Book object of the delegate.  
This **MAY**<5> be specified as an entry in the PidTagScheduleInfoDelegateNames property, or it **MAY**<6> be specified as an entry in the PidTagScheduleInfoDelegateNamesW property.  
A client **SHOULD** specify both PidTagScheduleInfoDelegateNames and PidTagScheduleInfoDelegateNamesW information for highest fidelity; otherwise a client **MUST** specify all delegates using the same property (either all in PidTagScheduleInfoDelegateNames or all in PidTagScheduleInfoDelegateNamesW).
2. Specify the value of the PidTagEntryId property for the Address Book object of the delegate as an entry in PidTagScheduleInfoDelegateEntryIds property.
3. Specify whether the delegate can view the delegator's private message objects as an entry in the PidTagDelegateFlags property. This preference is applicable to all folders for which the delegate has a role of Reviewer, Author, or Editor.

Note: Because each multiple value property specified above **MUST** have one entry for each delegate, they are correlated by their index into these multiple valued properties, and are only valid if an entry is present for all three properties.

### 3.1.4.3.4 Set Global Delegate Preferences

The following preferences are specific to Calendar workflows, and are applicable to all delegates. These preferences are used in conjunction with rules, and allow a delegator to have greater control over which meeting related objects are delivered to the delegator, the delegate, or both.

To learn more about these workflows, see [MS-OXOCAL].

#### **PidTagScheduleInfoDelegatorWantsCopy**

The value of this property **MUST** be set to 0x01 if a delegator wants to receive meeting related objects, or if no delegates will receive meeting related objects on behalf of the delegator.

The OP\_DELETE action **MUST NOT** be present when this property has a value of 0x01. The value of this property **MUST** be set to 0x01 if the value of the PidTagScheduleInfoDelegatorWantsInfo property is set to 0x01.

The delegator **MUST** add the OP\_DELETE action, as specified in [MS-OXORULE], when this property has a value of 0x00.

For more information on how this property is used, see the Higher-Layer Triggered Events section in [MS-OXOCAL].



### **PidTagScheduleInfoDelegatorWantsInfo**

The value of this property MUST be set to 0x01 if a delegator wants to receive informational updates, as specified in [MS-OXOCAL]. It MUST be set to 0x00 otherwise.

The value of this property MUST be set to 0x00 if the value of property PidTagScheduleInfoDelegatorWantsCopy is set to 0x00.

For more information on how this property is used, see the Higher-Layer Triggered Events section in [MS-OXOCAL].

The following table helps to illustrate valid combinations of the PidTagScheduleInfoDelegatorWantsCopy (WC) and PidTagScheduleInfoDelegatorWantsInfo (WI) properties:

<b>WC</b>	<b>WI</b>	<b>Description</b>
1	1	The delegator wants to receive copies and would like these copies to be informational updates when applicable.
1	0	The delegator wants to receive copies.
0	1	Invalid, as the delegator cannot receive informational updates unless the delegator receives copies.
0	0	The delegator doesn't want to receive copies or informational updates.

#### **3.1.4.3.5 Set Delegate Rule**

The client for the delegator MUST create or update the delegate rule, as specified in section 2.2.3, if while creating the delegate relationship:

1. Any delegate will be receiving meeting request objects on behalf of the delegator, as this adds the OP\_DELEGATE action to the delegate rule.
2. The delegator has elected not to receive copies of meeting request objects, as this adds the OP\_DELETE action to the delegate rule.

#### **3.1.4.4 Opening Delegator's Special Folder**

To open a special folder belonging to a delegator, the client for the delegate MUST use the following steps:

1. Identify and establish a connection to the delegator's server.
2. Identify and logon to the delegator's mailbox.
3. Identify and open the delegator's special folder.

The delegate's client uses properties from the Address Book object for the delegator to identify the delegator's server and mailbox.

If the Address Book object has a value in the PidTagAddressBookHomeMessageDatabase property, this string **MUST** be used. Otherwise, if this is a remote user, the client **MAY** use the delegate's own server and let the AutoDiscover HTTP Service protocol handle redirection to the correct server, as specified in [MS-OXDISCO].

If the Address Book object has a valid PidTagAddressBookProxyAddresses property, then the mailbox **MUST** be identified in the following order:

1. Using the value of the "MAILBOX" entry if present
2. Using the value of the "EX" entry if present.

If the Address Book Object doesn't contain a valid PidTagAddressBookProxyAddresses property, or this property doesn't contain "MAILBOX" or "EX" entries, then the mailbox **MUST** be identified by the value of the PidTagEmailAddress property.

After establishing a connection to the server, the client uses RopLogon to connect to the delegator's private mailbox with HOME\_LOGON and TAKE\_OWNERSHIP flags, as specified in [MS-OXCSTOR].

After the client has logged on to the delegator's mailbox, the delegate client identifies the desired special folder within the delegator's mailbox, as specified in [MS-OXCSTOR] or [MS-OXOSFLD].

The client uses RopOpenFolder to open the delegator's special folder as specified in [MS-OXCFOLD].

#### **3.1.4.5 Display Delegator Contents**

The client for a delegate **SHOULD NOT** show private message objects of the delegator unless the PidTagDelegateFlags entry for the delegate has a value of ShowPrivate, indicating that the delegator wants to make private message objects visible.

#### **3.1.4.6 Send On Behalf Of Delegator**

When sending Message objects on behalf of the delegator, the client of the delegate **MUST** populate from properties, as specified in [MS-OXOMSG], with information from the delegator.

#### **3.1.4.7 Receive/Process On Behalf Of Delegator**

The client for a delegate can identify that a message object has been received on behalf of the delegator when the received representing properties are present and different than recipient properties, as specified in [MS-OXOMSG].

If received representing properties are present, these **MUST** take precedence over recipient properties to identify the delegator Address Book object.

When the client for a delegate is processing a meeting related object received on behalf of a delegator, the client for the delegate **MUST** create or access the corresponding calendar object in the delegator's special folder. See [MS-OXOCAL] for details on processing a meeting related object.

When the client for a delegate is processing a task request on behalf of a delegator, the client for the delegate **MUST** create the corresponding Task object in the delegator's special folder. See [MS-OXOTASK] for details on processing a task request.

### **3.1.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules**

None.

### **3.1.6 Timer Events**

None.

### **3.1.7 Other Local Events**

None.

## **3.2 Server Details**

### **3.2.1 Abstract Data Model**

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of how the protocol behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

This protocol is primarily client driven, however the server plays an important role in ensuring that delegate scenarios are possible, which is accomplished mostly by implementing underlying protocols. As such, the abstract data model for this protocol is not significantly different than that of its underlying protocols.

### **3.2.2 Timers**

None.

### **3.2.3 Initialization**

None.

### **3.2.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events**

#### **3.2.4.1 Opening Delegator Root Special Folder**

The server **MUST** provide read access to a delegator's root special folder and its properties, as the delegate will need to obtain the FID for the delegator's special folders, as specified in [MS-OXOSFLD].

### 3.2.4.2 External Higher-Layer Triggered Events

This section specifies higher-layer triggered events implemented in external protocols which are required for scenarios in this protocol.

#### 3.2.4.2.1 Submitting On Behalf Of Delegator

For non-meeting related objects, a server **MUST** validate that the delegate (specified in sender properties, as specified in [MS-OXOMSG]) has access to send on behalf of the delegator (specified in **from properties**, as specified in [MS-OXOMSG]).

#### 3.2.4.2.2 Message Delivery to Delegator

A server **MUST** process the **delegator rule** when present, as specified by [MS-OXORULE].

When present, the delegator rule actions accomplish the following:

- OP\_DELEGATE action ensures that meeting related objects are delivered to the delegate, and that these meeting related objects are on behalf of the delegator (specified in **received representing properties**).
- OP\_DELETE action ensures that the delegator does not receive unwanted **meeting request objects**.

#### 3.2.4.2.3 Creating, Modifying, or Deleting Message Objects

When a delegate attempts to create, modify, or delete a message request object which resides in the delegator mailbox, a server **MUST** ensure the delegate has sufficient permissions, as specified in [MS-OXCPerm].

Additionally, a server **MUST** track the creator and last modifier of any Message object as specified by [MS-OXCMSG].

### 3.2.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

None.

#### 3.2.6 Timer Events

None.

#### 3.2.7 Other Local Events

None.

## 4 Protocol Examples

### 4.1 Create Delegate Relationship with Multiple Delegates

The following example shows the **remote operation (ROP)** traces for delegator with name “delegator1” creating a relationship with delegate named “delegate1” and delegate named

“delegate2”. The ROP traces in this example are truncated to more easily illustrate ROP information that is specific to this protocol.

This example highlights the following steps when setting up the delegate relationship:

1. Identifying delegator special folders.
2. Setting Send On Behalf Of Delegator Permissions.
3. Updating the delegate information object.
4. Updating the delegate rule.
5. Setting permissions for delegator special folders.

#### 4.1.1 Identify Delegator Special Folders

To identify the delegator special folders, the client will log on to the delegator mailbox and query for the special folder properties from the Inbox special folder, which is provided in response to the RopLogon.

RopLogon

ROPid: 0xFE

LogonFlags: 0x01 Private

OpenFlags: 0x0100040C HOME\_LOGON TAKE\_OWNERSHIP NO\_MAIL\_CLI\_WITH\_PER\_MDB\_FIX

**Private Logon LegacyDN: /o=First Organization/ou=Exchange Administrative Group (FYDIBOHF23SPDLT)/cn=Recipients/cn=delegator1**

RopLogon

ROPid: 0xFE

FolderArray:

...

FolderID 4: 0001-00174ea8cd9d IPM subtree

**FolderID 5: 0001-00174ea8cda0 Inbox**

FolderID 6: 0001-00174ea8cda1 Outbox

...

RopOpenFolder

ROPid: 0x02

**FID: 0001-00174ea8cda0**

RopOpenFolder

ROPid: 0x02

**HandleIndex: 1 (HSOT=0x00000085)**

ReturnValue: ecNone (success) (0x00000000)

RopGetPropertiesSpecific

ROPid: 0x07

**HandleIndex: 2 (HSOT=0x00000085)**

ReturnValue: ecNone (success) (0x00000000)

PropCount: 29

```
...
0x36D00102 PidTagIpmAppointmentEntryId          PtypBinary          46 Bytes
    0000: 00 00 00 00 C3 E1 78 57-96 52 CE 46 A3 53 B3 E0 .....xW.R.F.S..
    0010: 7F 9B 97 BC 01 00 8B 8D-B1 82 AF 2E D0 48 93 47 .....H.G
    0020: 07 ED 54 48 84 0F 00 17-4E A8 9C 98 00 00 ..TH...N.....

0x36D10102 PidTagIpmContactEntryId              PtypBinary          46 Bytes
    0000: 00 00 00 00 C3 E1 78 57-96 52 CE 46 A3 53 B3 E0 .....xW.R.F.S..
    0010: 7F 9B 97 BC 01 00 8B 8D-B1 82 AF 2E D0 48 93 47 .....H.G
    0020: 07 ED 54 48 84 0F 00 17-4E A8 9C 99 00 00 ..TH...N.....

0x36D20102 PidTagIpmJournalEntryId             PtypBinary          46 Bytes
    0000: 00 00 00 00 C3 E1 78 57-96 52 CE 46 A3 53 B3 E0 .....xW.R.F.S..
    0010: 7F 9B 97 BC 01 00 8B 8D-B1 82 AF 2E D0 48 93 47 .....H.G
    0020: 07 ED 54 48 84 0F 00 17-4E A8 9C 9B 00 00 ..TH...N.....

0x36D30102 PidTagIpmNoteEntryId                PtypBinary          46 Bytes
    0000: 00 00 00 00 C3 E1 78 57-96 52 CE 46 A3 53 B3 E0 .....xW.R.F.S..
    0010: 7F 9B 97 BC 01 00 8B 8D-B1 82 AF 2E D0 48 93 47 .....H.G
    0020: 07 ED 54 48 84 0F 00 17-4E A8 9C 9C 00 00 ..TH...N.....

0x36D40102 PidTagIpmTaskEntryId                PtypBinary          46 Bytes
    0000: 00 00 00 00 C3 E1 78 57-96 52 CE 46 A3 53 B3 E0 .....xW.R.F.S..
    0010: 7F 9B 97 BC 01 00 8B 8D-B1 82 AF 2E D0 48 93 47 .....H.G
    0020: 07 ED 54 48 84 0F 00 17-4E A8 9C 9D 00 00 ..TH...N.....

0x36E41102 PidTagFreeBusyEntryIds              PtypMultipleBinary
    PtypMultipleBinary[0] (0 bytes):
    PtypMultipleBinary[1] (70 bytes):
    0000: 00 00 00 00 C3 E1 78 57-96 52 CE 46 A3 53 B3 E0 .....xW.R.F.S..
    0010: 7F 9B 97 BC 07 00 8B 8D-B1 82 AF 2E D0 48 93 47 .....H.G
    0020: 07 ED 54 48 84 0F 00 17-4E A8 9C D4 00 00 8B 8D ..TH...N.....
    0030: B1 82 AF 2E D0 48 93 47-07 ED 54 48 84 0F 00 17 .....H.G..TH....
    0040: 4E A8 E7 68 00 00                                     N..h..

    PtypMultipleBinary[2] (0 bytes):
    PtypMultipleBinary[3] (46 bytes):
    0000: 00 00 00 00 C3 E1 78 57-96 52 CE 46 A3 53 B3 E0 .....xW.R.F.S..
    0010: 7F 9B 97 BC 01 00 8B 8D-B1 82 AF 2E D0 48 93 47 .....H.G
    0020: 07 ED 54 48 84 0F 00 17-4E A8 9C D4 00 00 ..TH...N.....
...
```

### 4.1.2 Set Send On Behalf Of Delegator Permissions

Then, the delegator will set send on behalf of permissions, using NspiModLinkAtt, as specified in [MS-OXABK].

NspiModLinkAtt

```
...
0x8015000D PidTagAddressBookPublicDelegates
...
PtypMultipleBinary
  PtypMultipleBinary[0] (128 bytes):
    0000: 00 00 00 00 DC A7 40 C8-C0 42 10 1A B4 B9 08 00 .....@..B.....
    0010: 2B 2F E1 82 01 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 2F 6F 3D 46 +/...../o=F
    0020: 69 72 73 74 20 4F 72 67-61 6E 69 7A 61 74 69 6F irst Organizatio
    0030: 6E 2F 6F 75 3D 45 78 63-68 61 6E 67 65 20 41 64 n/ou=Exchange Ad
    0040: 6D 69 6E 69 73 74 72 61-74 69 76 65 20 47 72 6F ministrative Gro
    0050: 75 70 20 28 46 59 44 49-42 4F 48 46 32 33 53 50 up (FYDIBOHF23SP
    0060: 44 4C 54 29 2F 63 6E 3D-52 65 63 69 70 69 65 6E DLT)/cn=Recipien
    0070: 74 73 2F 63 6E 3D 64 65-6C 65 67 61 74 65 32 00 ts/cn=delegate2.
  PtypMultipleBinary[1] (128 bytes):
    0000: 00 00 00 00 DC A7 40 C8-C0 42 10 1A B4 B9 08 00 .....@..B.....
    0010: 2B 2F E1 82 01 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 2F 6F 3D 46 +/...../o=F
    0020: 69 72 73 74 20 4F 72 67-61 6E 69 7A 61 74 69 6F irst Organizatio
    0030: 6E 2F 6F 75 3D 45 78 63-68 61 6E 67 65 20 41 64 n/ou=Exchange Ad
    0040: 6D 69 6E 69 73 74 72 61-74 69 76 65 20 47 72 6F ministrative Gro
    0050: 75 70 20 28 46 59 44 49-42 4F 48 46 32 33 53 50 up (FYDIBOHF23SP
    0060: 44 4C 54 29 2F 63 6E 3D-52 65 63 69 70 69 65 6E DLT)/cn=Recipien
    0070: 74 73 2F 63 6E 3D 64 65-6C 65 67 61 74 65 31 00 ts/cn=delegatel.
...

```

### 4.1.3 Update the Delegate Information Object

There are two steps to updating the delegate information object, opening the object and updating the properties.

#### 4.1.3.1 Open the Delegator Information Object

The client will then open delegate information object using the MID found in first entry in PidTagFreeBusyEntryIds and FID in the fourth entry in PidTagFreeBusyEntryIds, and this can be verified because the value of NormalizedSubject is "LocalFreebusy".

RopOpenMessage

ROPid: 0x03

FolderId: 0001-00174ea89cd4

OpenModeFlags: 0x03 BestAccess rights

**MessageID: 0001-00174ea8e768**

RopOpenMessage

ROPid: 0x03

**HandleIndex: 1 (HSOT=0x00000062)**

ReturnValue: ecNone (success) (0x00000000)

**NormalizedSubject: LocalFreebusy**

#### 4.1.3.2 Update the Delegator Information Object Properties

The client will then update the PidTagScheduleInfoDelegatorWantsCopy, and PidTagScheduleInfoDelegatorWantsInfo with the delegator global settings. In this case, the delegate does want copies of meeting related objects, and would prefer to receive informational meeting related objects if the client supports this workflow.

In addition the delegator will update PidTagScheduleInfoDelegateNamesW, PidTagScheduleInfoDelegateEntryIds, PidTagDelegateFlags properties for each delegate, and “delegate2” is stored in the first entry of these multiple valued properties, and “delegate1” is stored in the second entry of these multiple valued properties. The delegator is only allowing “delegate2” to see private message objects. The “delegate2” preferences as well as global delegator preferences are highlighted.

RopSetProperties

ROPid: 0x0A

**HandleIndex: 0 (HSOT=0x00000062)**

PropCount: 12 (0x0C)

```
...
0x6842000B PidTagScheduleInfoDelegatorWantsCopy      PtypBoolean 0x01 (TRUE)
0x684A101F PidTagScheduleInfoDelegateNamesW         PtypMultipleString
    PtypMultipleString[0]:delegate2
    PtypMultipleString[1]:delegate1
0x68451102 PidTagScheduleInfoDelegateEntryIds       PtypMultipleBinary
    PtypMultipleBinary[0] (128 bytes):
0000: 00 00 00 00 DC A7 40 C8-C0 42 10 1A B4 B9 08 00 .....@..B.....
0010: 2B 2F E1 82 01 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 2F 6F 3D 46 +/...../o=F
0020: 69 72 73 74 20 4F 72 67-61 6E 69 7A 61 74 69 6F irst Organizatio
0030: 6E 2F 6F 75 3D 45 78 63-68 61 6E 67 65 20 41 64 n/ou=Exchange Ad
0040: 6D 69 6E 69 73 74 72 61-74 69 76 65 20 47 72 6F ministrative Gro
0050: 75 70 20 28 46 59 44 49-42 4F 48 46 32 33 53 50 up (FYDIBOHF23SP
0060: 44 4C 54 29 2F 63 6E 3D-52 65 63 69 70 69 65 6E DLT)/cn=Recipien
0070: 74 73 2F 63 6E 3D 64 65-6C 65 67 61 74 65 32 00 ts/cn=delegate2.
    PtypMultipleBinary[1] (128 bytes):
```



```

0000: 00 00 00 00 DC A7 40 C8-C0 42 10 1A B4 B9 08 00 .....@..B.....
0010: 2B 2F E1 82 01 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 2F 6F 3D 46 +/...../o=F
0020: 69 72 73 74 20 4F 72 67-61 6E 69 7A 61 74 69 6F irst Organizatio
0030: 6E 2F 6F 75 3D 45 78 63-68 61 6E 67 65 20 41 64 n/ou=Exchange Ad
0040: 6D 69 6E 69 73 74 72 61-74 69 76 65 20 47 72 6F ministrative Gro
0050: 75 70 20 28 46 59 44 49-42 4F 48 46 32 33 53 50 up (FYDIBOHF23SP
0060: 44 4C 54 29 2F 63 6E 3D-52 65 63 69 70 69 65 6E DLT)/cn=Recipien
0070: 74 73 2F 63 6E 3D 64 65-6C 65 67 61 74 65 31 00 ts/cn=delegatel.

```

```

0x686B1003 PidTagDelegateFlags PtypMultipleInteger32
PtypMultipleInteger32[0]: 0
PtypMultipleInteger32[1]: 1
0x684B000B PidTagScheduleInfoDelegatorWantsInfo PtypBoolean 0x01 (TRUE)

```

...

RopSaveChangesMessage

```

ROPid: 0x0C
LogonIndex: 0
HandleIndex: 0 (HSOT=0x00000062)
SaveOptions: 0x0A KeepOpenReadWrite DelayedCall

```

#### 4.1.4 Update the Delegator Rule

The client will update the delegator rule on the receive folder rule using RopModifyRule, as specified in section 2.2.3. Given the actions, only “delegatel” will be receiving meeting related objects on behalf of the delegator.

RopGetReceiveFolder

```

ROPid: 0x27
HandleIndex: 0 (HSOT=0x0000006f)
ReturnValue: ecNone (success) (0x00000000)
FID: 0001-00174ea8cda0

```

RopOpenFolder

```

ROPid: 0x02
HandleIndex: 0 (HSOT=0x0000006f)
FID: 0001-00174ea8cda0
OpenModeFlags: 0x00 ReadOnly

```

RopOpenFolder

```

ROPid: 0x02
HandleIndex: 2 (HSOT=0x00000058)
ReturnValue: ecNone (success) (0x00000000)

```

RopModifyRules

```

ROPid: 0x41

```

**HandleIndex: 0 (HSOT=0x00000058)**  
 ModifyRulesFlags: 0x01 ROWLIST\_REPLACE  
 RulesCount: 1  
 Parsing row: 1  
 RuleModificationFlag: 0x01 ROW\_ADD  
 PropCount: 8 (0x08)  
 0x66760003 PidTagRuleSequence PtypInteger32 0x00000000 (0)  
**0x66770003 PidTagRuleState PtypInteger32 Flags: 0x00000001 ST\_ENABLED**  
**0x667900FD PidTagRuleCondition PtypRestriction Linked Restriction**  
     **Linked Restriction:**  
     **ConditionType: 0x00 RES\_AND:**  
         NoOfConditions: 3 restrictions  
         **ConditionType: 0x03 RES\_CONTENT:**  
             FuzzyLevel: 0x00000002 FL\_PREFIX  
             0x001A001F PidTagMessageClass PtypString  
                 IPM.Schedule.Meeting  
         **ConditionType: 0x02 RES\_NOT**  
             **Linked Restriction:**  
                 **ConditionType: 0x08 RES\_EXIST:**  
                     PropertyTag: 0x3FE3000B PidTagDelegatedByRule  
                 **ConditionType: 0x01 RES\_OR:**  
                     NoOfConditions: 2 restrictions  
                     **ConditionType: 0x02 RES\_NOT**  
                         **Linked Restriction:**  
                             **ConditionType: 0x08 RES\_EXIST:**  
                                 PropertyTag: 0x00360003 PidTagSensitivity  
                     **ConditionType: 0x04 RES\_PROPERTY:**  
                         RelationalOperator: 0x05 RELOP\_NE  
                         0x00360003 PidTagSensitivity PtypInteger32  
                         Flags: 0x00000002 SENSITIVITY\_PRIVATE  
     **0x668000FE PidTagRuleActions PtypRuleAction**  
         NoOfActions: 0x0001 (1)  
         Parsing action 1  
         **ActionType: 0x08 OP\_DELEGATE**  
         Parsing action data:  
         RecipientCount: 0x0001 (1)  
         Recipient 1:  
         PropCount: 12 (0x0C)  
         **0x0FFF0102 PidTagEntryId PtypBinary 128 Bytes**

```

0000: 00 00 00 00 DC A7 40 C8-C0 42 10 1A B4 B9 08 00 .....@..B.....
0010: 2B 2F E1 82 01 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 2F 6F 3D 46 +/...../o=F
0020: 69 72 73 74 20 4F 72 67-61 6E 69 7A 61 74 69 6F irst Organizatio
0030: 6E 2F 6F 75 3D 45 78 63-68 61 6E 67 65 20 41 64 n/ou=Exchange Ad
0040: 6D 69 6E 69 73 74 72 61-74 69 76 65 20 47 72 6F ministrative Gro
0050: 75 70 20 28 46 59 44 49-42 4F 48 46 32 33 53 50 up (FYDIBOHF23SP
0060: 44 4C 54 29 2F 63 6E 3D-52 65 63 69 70 69 65 6E DLT)/cn=Recipien
0070: 74 73 2F 63 6E 3D 64 65-6C 65 67 61 74 65 31 00 ts/cn=delegatel.

```

```

0x3001001F PidTagDisplayName      PtypString      delegatel
...
0x6681001F PidTagRuleProvider      PtypString      Schedule+ EMS Interface
0x66830003 PidTagRuleLevel         PtypInteger32   0x00000000 (0)
0x6682001F PidTagRuleName         PtypString      (null)
0x66780003 PidTagRuleUserFlags    PtypInteger32   0x00000000 (0)

```

#### 4.1.5 Set Permissions for Delegator Special Folders

Lastly, the client will apply **folder** permissions to all delegator special folders specified by this protocol.

In this example, the client is granting the same role to both delegates. The client grants the following:

- Editor role to the Calendar (the only ROP trace shown for both delegates) and Task special folders.
- None role to the Inbox, Contacts, Notes, and Journal special folders.
- Editor role to the “Freebusy Data” folder.

RopOpenFolder

ROPid: 0x02

**FID: 0001-00174ea89c98**

OpenModeFlags: 0x00 ReadOnly

RopOpenFolder

ROPid: 0x02

**HandleIndex: 9 (HSOT=0x00000055)**

ReturnValue: ecNone (success) (0x00000000)

RopModifyPermissions

ROPid: 0x40

**HandleIndex: 0 (HSOT=0x00000055)**

ACLTableFlags: 0x01 ROWLIST\_REPLACE

RecipientRowCount: 3

Parsing row: 3

ACLFlag: 0x01 ROW\_ADD

PropCount: 2 (0x02)

0x0FFF0102 PidTagEntryId	PtypBinary	128 Bytes
0000: 00 00 00 00 DC A7 40 C8-C0 42 10 1A B4 B9 08 00	.....@..B.....	
0010: 2B 2F E1 82 01 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 2F 6F 3D 46	+/. . . . . /o=F	
0020: 69 72 73 74 20 4F 72 67-61 6E 69 7A 61 74 69 6F	irst Organizatio	
0030: 6E 2F 6F 75 3D 45 78 63-68 61 6E 67 65 20 41 64	n/ou=Exchange Ad	
0040: 6D 69 6E 69 73 74 72 61-74 69 76 65 20 47 72 6F	ministrative Gro	
0050: 75 70 20 28 46 59 44 49-42 4F 48 46 32 33 53 50	up (FYDIBOHF23SP	
0060: 44 4C 54 29 2F 63 6E 3D-52 65 63 69 70 69 65 6E	DLT)/cn=Recipien	
0070: 74 73 2F 63 6E 3D 64 65-6C 65 67 61 74 65 32 00	ts/cn=delegate2.	
0x66730003 PidTagMemberRights	PtypInteger32	0x0000007B (123)

ACLFlag: 0x01 ROW\_ADD

PropCount: 2 (0x02)

0x0FFF0102 PidTagEntryId	PtypBinary	128 Bytes
0000: 00 00 00 00 DC A7 40 C8-C0 42 10 1A B4 B9 08 00	.....@..B.....	
0010: 2B 2F E1 82 01 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 2F 6F 3D 46	+/. . . . . /o=F	
0020: 69 72 73 74 20 4F 72 67-61 6E 69 7A 61 74 69 6F	irst Organizatio	
0030: 6E 2F 6F 75 3D 45 78 63-68 61 6E 67 65 20 41 64	n/ou=Exchange Ad	
0040: 6D 69 6E 69 73 74 72 61-74 69 76 65 20 47 72 6F	ministrative Gro	
0050: 75 70 20 28 46 59 44 49-42 4F 48 46 32 33 53 50	up (FYDIBOHF23SP	
0060: 44 4C 54 29 2F 63 6E 3D-52 65 63 69 70 69 65 6E	DLT)/cn=Recipien	
0070: 74 73 2F 63 6E 3D 64 65-6C 65 67 61 74 65 31 00	ts/cn=delegat1.	
0x66730003 PidTagMemberRights	PtypInteger32	0x0000007B (123)

ACLFlag: 0x01 ROW\_ADD

PropCount: 2 (0x02)

0x0FFF0102 PidTagEntryId	PtypBinary	0 Bytes
0x66730003 PidTagMemberRights	PtypInteger32	0x00000000 (0)

RopOpenFolder

ROPid: 0x02

**FID: 0001-00174ea89c9d**

OpenModeFlags: 0x00 ReadOnly

RopOpenFolder

ROPid: 0x02

**HandleIndex: 1 (HSOT=0x0000004d)**

ReturnValue: ecNone (success) (0x00000000)

RopModifyPermissions

ROPid: 0x40

```

HandleIndex: 0 (HSOT=0x0000004d)
ACLTableFlags: 0x01 ROWLIST_REPLACE
RecipientRowCount: 3
Parsing row: 3
ACLFlag: 0x01 ROW_ADD
PropCount: 2 (0x02)
...
0x66730003 PidTagMemberRights                                PtypInteger32    0x0000007B (123)
...
RopOpenFolder
ROPid: 0x02
FID: 0001-00174ea8cda0
OpenModeFlags: 0x00 ReadOnly
RopOpenFolder
ROPid: 0x02
HandleIndex: 1 (HSOT=0x00000066)
ReturnValue: ecNone (success) (0x00000000)
RopModifyPermissions
ROPid: 0x40
LogonIndex: 0
HandleIndex: 0 (HSOT=0x00000066)
ACLTableFlags: 0x01 ROWLIST_REPLACE
RecipientRowCount: 3
Parsing row: 3
ACLFlag: 0x01 ROW_ADD
PropCount: 2 (0x02)
...
0x66730003 PidTagMemberRights                                PtypInteger32    0x00000000 (0)
...
RopOpenFolder
ROPid: 0x02
FID: 0001-00174ea89c99
OpenModeFlags: 0x00 ReadOnly
RopOpenFolder
ROPid: 0x02
HandleIndex: 1 (HSOT=0x00000086)
ReturnValue: ecNone (success) (0x00000000)
RopModifyPermissions

```

ROPid: 0x40

**HandleIndex: 0 (HSOT=0x0000086)**

ACLTableFlags: 0x01 ROWLIST\_REPLACE

RecipientRowCount: 3

Parsing row: 3

ACLFlag: 0x01 ROW\_ADD

PropCount: 2 (0x02)

...

**0x66730003 PidTagMemberRights**                      **PtypInteger32**    **0x00000000 (0)**

...

RopOpenFolder

ROPid: 0x02

**FID: 0001-00174ea89c9c**

OpenModeFlags: 0x00 ReadOnly

RopOpenFolder

ROPid: 0x02

**HandleIndex: 1 (HSOT=0x000008f)**

ReturnValue: ecNone (success) (0x00000000)

RopModifyPermissions

ROPid: 0x40

**HandleIndex: 0 (HSOT=0x000008f)**

ACLTableFlags: 0x01 ROWLIST\_REPLACE

RecipientRowCount: 3

Parsing row: 3

ACLFlag: 0x01 ROW\_ADD

PropCount: 2 (0x02)

...

**0x66730003 PidTagMemberRights**                      **PtypInteger32**    **0x00000000 (0)**

...

RopOpenFolder

ROPid: 0x02

**FID: 0001-00174ea89c9b**

OpenModeFlags: 0x00 ReadOnly

RopOpenFolder

ROPid: 0x02

**HandleIndex: 1 (HSOT=0x00000d3)**

ReturnValue: ecNone (success) (0x00000000)

RopModifyPermissions

```

ROPid: 0x40
HandleIndex: 0 (HSOT=0x00000d3)
ACLTableFlags: 0x01 ROWLIST_REPLACE
RecipientRowCount: 3
Parsing row: 3
ACLFlag: 0x01 ROW_ADD
PropCount: 2 (0x02)
...
0x66730003 PidTagMemberRights PtypInteger32 0x00000000 (0)
...
RopOpenFolder
ROPid: 0x02
FID: 0001-00174ea89cd4
OpenModeFlags: 0x00 ReadOnly
RopOpenFolder
ROPid: 0x02
HandleIndex: 1 (HSOT=0x000006a)
ReturnValue: ecNone (success) (0x00000000)
RopModifyPermissions
ROPid: 0x40
HandleIndex: 0 (HSOT=0x000006a)
ACLTableFlags: 0x01 ROWLIST_REPLACE
RecipientRowCount: 3
Parsing row: 3
ACLFlag: 0x01 ROW_ADD
PropCount: 2 (0x02)
...
0x66730003 PidTagMemberRights PtypInteger32 0x0000007B (123)
...

```

## 4.2 Accept Meeting Request Object On Behalf Of Delegator

The following example shows the ROP traces for delegate “delegate1” receiving and processing a meeting request object on behalf of delegator “delegator1”. The ROP traces in this example are truncated to more easily illustrate ROP information that is specific to this protocol.

This example shows that the delegator’s **calendar special folder** is opened to process the meeting request object, but it doesn’t go into the details of creation of the **Calendar object** in the delegator’s **mailbox**, as this is specified in [MS-OXOCAL].

This example shows the creation and submission of a **meeting response object** on behalf of the delegator, as this illustrates setting **from properties**.

This example highlights the following steps when accepting a meeting request object on behalf of the delegator:

1. Identify the meeting related object is received on behalf of the delegator.
2. Identify the delegator's server and mailbox.
3. Access the delegator's Calendar special folder.
4. Send a meeting Response object on behalf of the delegator.

#### 4.2.1 Identify Meeting Request Object Received on Behalf of Delegator

In the following ROP traces, the client is logged on to the delegate "delegate1" mailbox, and opens a meeting request object from the Inbox special folder. Received representing properties are present and different than recipient properties, therefore, as specified in section 3, the meeting request object is being received on behalf of the delegator.

RopLogon

ROPid: 0xFE

LogonFlags: 0x01 Private

OpenFlags: 0x0100040C HOME\_LOGON TAKE\_OWNERSHIP NO\_MAIL\_CLI\_WITH\_PER\_MDB\_FIX

**Private Logon LegacyDN: /o=First Organization/ou=Exchange Administrative Group (FYDIBOHF23SPDLT)/cn=Recipients/cn=delegate1**

RopLogon

ROPid: 0xFE

HandleIndex: 0 (HSOT=0x00000049)

ReturnValue: ecNone (success) (0x00000000)

FolderArray:

...

FolderID 4: 0001-00174ea8cfdc IPM subtree

FolderID 5: 0001-00174ea8cfd9 Inbox

FolderID 6: 0001-00174ea8cfe0 Outbox

...

RopOpenMessage

ROPid: 0x03

FolderId: 0001-00174ea8cfd9

OpenModeFlags: 0x03 BestAccess rights

MessageID: 0001-00174ea8d45b

RopOpenMessage

ROPid: 0x03

HandleIndex: 1 (HSOT=0x0000007b)



ReturnValue: ecNone (success) (0x00000000)

NormalizedSubject: delegatetest

...

RopGetPropertiesSpecific

ROPid: 0x07

HandleIndex: 0 (HSOT=0x0000007b)

ReturnValue: ecNone (success) (0x00000000)

HasError: 1

PropertyArray:

PropCount: 349

...

0x0040001F PidTagReceivedByName PtypString delegatel

0x0075001F PidTagReceivedByAddressType PtypString EX

0x003F0102 PidTagReceivedByEntryId PtypBinary 128 Bytes

0000: 00 00 00 00 DC A7 40 C8-C0 42 10 1A B4 B9 08 00 .....@..B.....

0010: 2B 2F E1 82 01 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 2F 4F 3D 46 +/...../O=F

0020: 49 52 53 54 20 4F 52 47-41 4E 49 5A 41 54 49 4F IRST ORGANIZATIO

0030: 4E 2F 4F 55 3D 45 58 43-48 41 4E 47 45 20 41 44 N/OU=EXCHANGE AD

0040: 4D 49 4E 49 53 54 52 41-54 49 56 45 20 47 52 4F MINISTRATIVE GRO

0050: 55 50 20 28 46 59 44 49-42 4F 48 46 32 33 53 50 UP (FYDIBOHF23SP

0060: 44 4C 54 29 2F 43 4E 3D-52 45 43 49 50 49 45 4E DLT)/CN=RECIPIEN

0070: 54 53 2F 43 4E 3D 44 45-4C 45 47 41 54 45 31 00 TS/CN=DELEGATE1.

0x0076001F PidTagReceivedByEmailAddress PtypString /O=FIRST  
ORGANIZATION/OU=EXCHANGE ADMINISTRATIVE GROUP  
(FYDIBOHF23SPDLT)/CN=RECIPIENTS/CN=DELEGATE1

0x00510102 PidTagReceivedBySearchKey PtypBinary 103 Bytes

0000: 45 58 3A 2F 4F 3D 46 49-52 53 54 20 4F 52 47 41 EX:/O=FIRST ORGA

0010: 4E 49 5A 41 54 49 4F 4E-2F 4F 55 3D 45 58 43 48 NIZATION/OU=EXCH

0020: 41 4E 47 45 20 41 44 4D-49 4E 49 53 54 52 41 54 ANGE ADMINISTRAT

0030: 49 56 45 20 47 52 4F 55-50 20 28 46 59 44 49 42 IVE GROUP (FYDIB

0040: 4F 48 46 32 33 53 50 44-4C 54 29 2F 43 4E 3D 52 OHF23SPDLT)/CN=R

0050: 45 43 49 50 49 45 4E 54-53 2F 43 4E 3D 44 45 4C ECIPIENTS/CN=DEL

0060: 45 47 41 54 45 31 00 EGATE1.

0x0044001F PidTagReceivedRepresentingName PtypString delegator1

0x0077001F PidTagReceivedRepresentingAddressType PtypString EX

0x00430102 PidTagReceivedRepresentingEntryId PtypBinary 129 Bytes

0000: 00 00 00 00 DC A7 40 C8-C0 42 10 1A B4 B9 08 00 .....@..B.....

0010: 2B 2F E1 82 01 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 2F 4F 3D 46 +/...../O=F

0020: 49 52 53 54 20 4F 52 47-41 4E 49 5A 41 54 49 4F IRST ORGANIZATIO

```

0030: 4E 2F 4F 55 3D 45 58 43-48 41 4E 47 45 20 41 44 N/OU=EXCHANGE AD
0040: 4D 49 4E 49 53 54 52 41-54 49 56 45 20 47 52 4F MINISTRATIVE GRO
0050: 55 50 20 28 46 59 44 49-42 4F 48 46 32 33 53 50 UP (FYDIBOHF23SP
0060: 44 4C 54 29 2F 43 4E 3D-52 45 43 49 50 49 45 4E DLT)/CN=RECIPIEN
0070: 54 53 2F 43 4E 3D 44 45-4C 45 47 41 54 4F 52 31 TS/CN=DELEGATOR1
0080: 00
0x0078001F PidTagReceivedRepresentingEmailAddress
    PidTagRemoteHeaderLoc                PtypString        /O=FIRST
ORGANIZATION/OU=EXCHANGE ADMINISTRATIVE GROUP
(FYDIBOHF23SPDLT)/CN=RECIPIENTS/CN=DELEGATOR1
0x00520102 PidTagReceivedRepresentingSearchKey PtypBinary        104 Bytes
0000: 45 58 3A 2F 4F 3D 46 49-52 53 54 20 4F 52 47 41 EX:/O=FIRST ORGA
0010: 4E 49 5A 41 54 49 4F 4E-2F 4F 55 3D 45 58 43 48 NIZATION/OU=EXCH
0020: 41 4E 47 45 20 41 44 4D-49 4E 49 53 54 52 41 54 ANGE ADMINISTRAT
0030: 49 56 45 20 47 52 4F 55-50 20 28 46 59 44 49 42 IVE GROUP (FYDIB
0040: 4F 48 46 32 33 53 50 44-4C 54 29 2F 43 4E 3D 52 OHF23SPDLT)/CN=R
0050: 45 43 49 50 49 45 4E 54-53 2F 43 4E 3D 44 45 4C ECIPIENTS/CN=DEL
0060: 45 47 41 54 4F 52 31 00 EGATOR1.
0x001A001F PidTagMessageClass                PtypString
IPM.Schedule.Meeting.Request
...

```

## 4.2.2 Identify Delegator Server and Mailbox

Because this meeting request object is received on behalf of the delegator, the next step is to identify the server and mailbox for the delegator, and log on to the delegator's mailbox. The server will be the value of PidTagAddressBookHomeMessageDatabase, and because PidTagAddressBookProxyAddresses doesn't have a "MAILXOB" or "EX" entry, the mailbox will be the value of PidTagEmailAddress.

```

NspiGetProps
...
0x8006001f PidTagAddressBookHomeMessageDatabase        PtypString
/o=First Organization/ou=Exchange Administrative Group
(FYDIBOHF23SPDLT)/cn=Configuration/cn=Servers/cn=3659R9-A13/cn=Microsoft Private
MDB
0x3003001f PidTagEmailAddress                PtypString
/o=First Organization/ou=Exchange Administrative Group
(FYDIBOHF23SPDLT)/cn=Recipients/cn=delegator1
0x800f101f PidTagAddressBookProxyAddresses        PtypMultipleString
PtypMultipleString[0]: SMTP:delegator1@jlvpn-dom.extest.microsoft.com

```

### 4.2.3 Access Delegator Calendar Special Folder

Because this is meeting request object, the client will need to access the delegator's calendar special folder. As specified, this is identified by using the value of the PidTagIpmAppointmentEntryId property found on the delegator's root folder.

The following example shows the ROP traces to accomplish this.

RopLogon

```
ROPid: 0xFE
LogonFlags: 0x01 Private
OpenFlags: 0x0100040C HOME_LOGON TAKE_OWNERSHIP NO_MAIL_CLI_WITH_PER_MDB_FIX
Private Logon LegacyDN: /o=First Organization/ou=Exchange Administrative Group (FYDIBOHF23SPDLT)/cn=Recipients/cn=delegator1
```

RopLogon

```
ROPid: 0xFE
HandleIndex: 0 (HSOT=0x0000008f)
ReturnValue: ecNone (success) (0x00000000)
FolderArray:
  FolderID 1: 0001-00174ea8cd9c Root Folder
```

RopOpenFolder

```
ROPid: 0x02
HandleIndex: 0 (HSOT=0x0000008f)
FID: 0001-00174ea8cd9c
OpenModeFlags: 0x00 ReadOnly
```

RopOpenFolder

```
ROPid: 0x02
HandleIndex: 1 (HSOT=0x00000068)
ReturnValue: ecNone (success) (0x00000000)
```

RopGetPropertiesSpecific

```
ROPid: 0x07
HandleIndex: 0 (HSOT=0x00000068)
ReturnValue: ecNone (success) (0x00000000)
PropCount: 11
```

0x36D00102	PidTagIpmAppointmentEntryId	PtypBinary	46 Bytes
0000:	00 00 00 00 C3 E1 78 57-96 52 CE 46 A3 53 B3 E0	.....xW.R.F.S..	
0010:	7F 9B 97 BC 01 00 8B 8D-B1 82 AF 2E D0 48 93 47	.....H.G	
0020:	07 ED 54 48 84 0F 00 17-4E A8 9C 98 00 00	..TH....N.....	

RopOpenFolder

ROPid: 0x02

**HandleIndex: 0 (HSOT=0x0000008f)**

**FID: 0001-00174ea89c98**

OpenModeFlags: 0x00 ReadOnly

RopOpenFolder

ROPid: 0x02

**HandleIndex: 1 (HSOT=0x00000080)**

ReturnValue: ecNone (success) (0x00000000)

RopGetPropertiesSpecific

ROPid: 0x07

**HandleIndex: 1 (HSOT=0x00000080)**

ReturnValue: ecNone (success) (0x00000000)

PropertyArray:

PropCount: 17

...

<b>0x3001001F</b>	<b>PidTagDisplayName</b>	<b>PtypString</b>	<b>Calendar</b>
-------------------	--------------------------	-------------------	-----------------

...

#### 4.2.4 Send a Meeting Response Object on Behalf of the Delegator

The final step in this example is to create and submit a meeting response object on behalf of the delegator. The following example shows that the client is populating from properties with delegator information.

RopCreateMessage

ROPid: 0x06

**HandleIndex: 1 (HSOT=0x000000a4)**

ReturnValue: ecNone (success) (0x00000000)

RopSetProperties

ROPid: 0x0A

LogonIndex: 0

**HandleIndex: 0 (HSOT=0x000000a4)**

PropertySize: 0x0A46 (2630)

PropCount: 123 (0x7B)

...

<b>0x0042001F</b>	<b>PidTagSentRepresentingName</b>	<b>PtypString</b>	<b>delegator1</b>
	<b>PidTagSentRepresentingName</b>	<b>PtypString</b>	<b>(null)</b>
<b>0x0064001F</b>	<b>PidTagSentRepresentingAddressType</b>	<b>PtypString</b>	<b>(null)</b>
<b>0x00410102</b>	<b>PidTagSentRepresentingEntryId</b>	<b>PtypBinary</b>	<b>129 Bytes</b>
			<b>0000: 00 00 00 00 DC A7 40 C8-C0 42 10 1A B4 B9 08 00 .....@..B.....</b>

```

0010: 2B 2F E1 82 01 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 2F 4F 3D 46 +/...../O=F
0020: 49 52 53 54 20 4F 52 47-41 4E 49 5A 41 54 49 4F IRST ORGANIZATIO
0030: 4E 2F 4F 55 3D 45 58 43-48 41 4E 47 45 20 41 44 N/OU=EXCHANGE AD
0040: 4D 49 4E 49 53 54 52 41-54 49 56 45 20 47 52 4F MINISTRATIVE GRO
0050: 55 50 20 28 46 59 44 49-42 4F 48 46 32 33 53 50 UP (FYDIBOHF23SP
0060: 44 4C 54 29 2F 43 4E 3D-52 45 43 49 50 49 45 4E DLT)/CN=RECIPIEN
0070: 54 53 2F 43 4E 3D 44 45-4C 45 47 41 54 4F 52 31 TS/CN=DELEGATOR1
0080: 00

```

```

0x001A001F PidTagMessageClass PtypString
IPM.Schedule.Meeting.Resp.Pos
...
RopSetProperties
  ROPid: 0x0A
  HandleIndex: 2 (HSOT=0x000000a4)
  PropertySize: 0x003A (58)
  PropCount: 2 (0x02)
    0x003D001F PidTagSubjectPrefix PtypString Accepted:
    0x0E1D001F PidTagNormalizedSubject PtypString delegatetest
RopSubmitMessage
  ROPid: 0x32
  HandleIndex: 2 (HSOT=0x000000a4)
  SubmitMessageFlags: 0x00

```

## 5 Security

### 5.1 Security Considerations for Implementers

There are no special security considerations specific to the Delegate Access Configuration protocol. General security considerations pertaining to the underlying RPC-based transport apply (see [MS-OXCROPS]).

### 5.2 Index of Security Parameters

None.

## 6 Appendix A: Office/Exchange Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following versions of Office/Exchange:

- Office 2003 with Service Pack 3 applied

- Exchange 2003 with Service Pack 2 applied
- Office 2007 with Service Pack 1 applied
- Exchange 2007 with Service Pack 1 applied

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification prescribed using the terms SHOULD or SHOULD NOT implies Microsoft Office and Microsoft Exchange behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term MAY implies Office and Exchange do not follow the prescription.

---

<1> “Microsoft Office Outlook 2003” and “Microsoft Office Outlook 2007” sometimes set the following properties regardless of user input; their values have no meaning in the context of this protocol.

PidTagScheduleInfoDontMailDelegates, PidTagScheduleInfoDelegateEntryIds2, and PidTagDelegateFlag2.

<2> “Microsoft Office Outlook 2003” uses a PtypMultipleString8 internal representation. Therefore, this version is unable to preserve the fidelity for all Unicode strings.

<3> “Microsoft Office Outlook 2007” will stop creating delegate relationship if “send on behalf of” permissions cannot be granted.

<4> This is only supported by “Microsoft Office Outlook 2007” when running against “Microsoft Exchange 2007”.

<5> “Microsoft Office Outlook 2003” uses PidTagScheduleInfoDelegateNames property.

<6> “Microsoft Office Outlook 2007” uses PidTagScheduleInfoDelegateNamesW property.

<7> This is only supported by “Microsoft Office Outlook 2007” when running against “Microsoft Exchange 2007”.

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