

[MS-OXOCFG]: Configuration Information Protocol Specification

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Revision Summary

Date	Revision History	Revision Class	Comments
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04/25/2008	0.2	Minor	Revised and updated property names and other technical content.
06/27/2008	1.0	Major	Initial Release.
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10/07/2011	4.1	Minor	Clarified the meaning of the technical content.

Table of Contents

1 Introduction	7
1.1 Glossary	7
1.2 References	8
1.2.1 Normative References	8
1.2.2 Informative References	9
1.3 Overview	9
1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols	10
1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions	12
1.6 Applicability Statement	12
1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation	12
1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields	12
1.9 Standards Assignments	12
2 Messages	13
2.1 Transport	13
2.2 Message Syntax	13
2.2.1 Namespaces	13
2.2.2 Configuration Data Properties	13
2.2.2.1 PidTagRoamingDatatypes Property	13
2.2.2.2 PidTagRoamingDictionary Property	14
2.2.2.3 PidTagRoamingXmlStream Property	14
2.2.3 XML Format	14
2.2.4 Binary Format	15
2.2.5 Configuration Data	15
2.2.5.1 Dictionaries	15
2.2.5.1.1 Calendar Options	18
2.2.5.2 XML Streams	19
2.2.5.2.1 Working Hours	19
2.2.5.2.2 Category List	23
2.2.5.2.3 Retention and Archive Settings	29
2.2.6 View Definitions	34
2.2.6.1 PidTagViewDescriptorBinary Property	34
2.2.6.1.1 ColumnPacket	37
2.2.6.1.2 RestrictionPacket	40
2.2.6.1.3 RestrictionBlock	40
2.2.6.1.3.1 PropValue	41
2.2.6.1.3.2 Logical AND Condition	43
2.2.6.1.3.3 Logical OR Condition	44
2.2.6.1.3.4 Logical NOT Condition	45
2.2.6.1.3.5 Content Condition	46
2.2.6.1.3.6 Property Condition	47
2.2.6.1.3.7 Compare Properties Condition	48
2.2.6.1.3.8 Bit Mask Condition	49
2.2.6.1.3.9 Size Condition	50
2.2.6.1.3.10 Exist Condition	50
2.2.6.1.3.11 SubObject Condition	51
2.2.6.1.3.12 Comment Condition	52
2.2.6.2 PidTagViewDescriptorStrings Property	53
2.2.7 Folder Flags	53
2.2.7.1 Sub-property	54

2.2.7.1.1	Invalid	55
2.2.7.1.2	ExtendedFlags	55
2.2.7.1.3	SearchFolderID	56
2.2.7.1.4	ToDoFolderVersion	56
2.2.8	Conversation Actions	56
2.2.8.1	PidLidConversationActionLastAppliedTime Property	57
2.2.8.2	PidLidConversationActionMaxDeliveryTime Property	57
2.2.8.3	PidLidConversationActionMoveFolderEid Property	57
2.2.8.4	PidLidConversationActionMoveStoreEid Property	57
2.2.8.5	PidLidConversationActionVersion Property	58
2.2.8.6	PidNameKeywords Property	58
2.2.8.7	PidTagConversationIndex Property	58
2.2.8.8	PidTagMessageClass Property	59
2.2.8.9	PidTagSubject Property	59
2.2.9	Navigation Shortcuts	59
2.2.9.1	PidTagMessageClass Property	59
2.2.9.2	PidTagNormalizedSubject Property	59
2.2.9.3	PidTagWlinkGroupHeaderID Property	60
2.2.9.4	PidTagWlinkSaveStamp Property	60
2.2.9.5	PidTagWlinkType Property	60
2.2.9.6	PidTagWlinkFlags Property	60
2.2.9.7	PidTagWlinkOrdinal Property	61
2.2.9.8	PidTagWlinkEntryId Property	61
2.2.9.9	PidTagWlinkRecordKey Property	62
2.2.9.10	PidTagWlinkStoreEntryId Property	62
2.2.9.11	PidTagWlinkFolderType Property	62
2.2.9.12	PidTagWlinkGroupClsid Property	62
2.2.9.13	PidTagWlinkGroupName Property	62
2.2.9.14	PidTagWlinkSection Property	63
2.2.9.15	PidTagWlinkCalendarColor Property	63
2.2.9.16	PidTagWlinkAddressBookEID Property	64
2.2.9.17	PidTagWlinkAddressBookStoreEID Property	64
2.2.9.18	PidTagWlinkClientID Property	64
2.2.9.19	PidTagWlinkROGroupType Property	64
3	Protocol Details	66
3.1	Client Details	66
3.1.1	Abstract Data Model	66
3.1.2	Timers	66
3.1.3	Initialization	66
3.1.3.1	Navigation Shortcuts	66
3.1.4	Higher-Layer Triggered Events	66
3.1.4.1	Reading Configuration Data	66
3.1.4.1.1	Reading Dictionaries	67
3.1.4.1.2	Reading Working Hours	68
3.1.4.1.3	Reading Category List	68
3.1.4.2	Writing Configuration Data	69
3.1.4.2.1	Writing Dictionaries	69
3.1.4.2.2	Writing Working Hours	69
3.1.4.2.3	Writing Category List	70
3.1.4.3	Reading View Definitions	70
3.1.4.4	Writing View Definitions	70
3.1.4.5	Reading Folder Flags	72

3.1.4.5.1	Reading ExtendedFolderFlags	72
3.1.4.5.2	Reading SearchFolderID	72
3.1.4.5.3	Reading ToDoFolderVersion	72
3.1.4.6	Writing Folder Flags	72
3.1.4.6.1	Writing ExtendedFolderFlags	72
3.1.4.6.2	Writing SearchFolderID	73
3.1.4.6.3	Writing ToDoFolderVersion	73
3.1.4.7	Applying a Category to a Message	73
3.1.4.8	Performing a Conversation Action	73
3.1.4.9	Reading Navigation Shortcuts	75
3.1.4.10	Writing Navigation Shortcuts	75
3.1.4.10.1	Group Headers	75
3.1.4.10.2	Shortcuts	76
3.1.5	Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules	76
3.1.5.1	Processing a Conversation Action on Incoming E-mail Objects	76
3.1.5.1.1	Duplicate Detection for Conversation Action Processing	77
3.1.5.2	Processing a Conversation Action on Outgoing E-mail Objects	78
3.1.6	Timer Events	78
3.1.6.1	Expiration of Conversation Actions	78
3.1.7	Other Local Events	78
3.2	Server Details	78
3.2.1	Abstract Data Model	78
3.2.2	Timers	78
3.2.3	Initialization	79
3.2.4	Higher-Layer Triggered Events	79
3.2.4.1	Reading Configuration Data	79
3.2.4.1.1	Reading Working Hours	79
3.2.4.1.2	Reading Category List	79
3.2.4.2	Writing Configuration Data	79
3.2.4.3	Reading View Definitions	79
3.2.4.4	Reading Folder Flags	80
3.2.4.4.1	Reading ExtendedFolderFlags	80
3.2.4.4.2	Reading SearchFolderID	80
3.2.4.5	Writing Folder Flags	80
3.2.4.5.1	Writing ExtendedFolderFlags	80
3.2.4.5.2	Writing ToDoFolderVersion	80
3.2.4.6	Applying a Category to a Message	80
3.2.5	Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules	80
3.2.5.1	Processing a Change to a Conversation Action FAI Message	80
3.2.5.2	Processing a Conversation Action on Incoming E-mail Objects	81
3.2.5.3	Processing a Conversation Action on Outgoing E-mail Objects	82
3.2.6	Timer Events	82
3.2.7	Other Local Events	82
4	Protocol Examples	83
4.1	Configuration Data	83
4.1.1	Dictionaries	83
4.1.2	Working Hours	83
4.1.3	Category List	84
4.2	View Definitions	85
4.2.1	PidTagViewDescriptorBinary	86
4.2.1.1	Blank Column	88
4.2.1.2	Column "Importance"	89

4.2.1.3	Column "Reminder"	90
4.2.1.4	Column "Icon"	91
4.2.1.5	Column "Flag Status"	91
4.2.1.6	Column "Attachment"	92
4.2.1.7	Column "From"	92
4.2.1.8	Column "Subject"	92
4.2.1.9	Column "Received"	93
4.2.1.10	Column "Size"	93
4.2.1.11	Column "Categories"	93
4.2.2	PidTagViewDescriptorStrings	94
4.3	Conversation Actions	94
4.3.1	A Categorized and Moved Conversation Action	94
4.4	Navigation Shortcut	96
4.4.1	Group Header	96
4.4.2	Navigation Shortcut	97
5	Security	99
5.1	Security Considerations for Implementers	99
5.2	Index of Security Parameters	99
6	Appendix A: Product Behavior	100
7	Change Tracking	104
8	Index	106

1 Introduction

The Configuration Information Protocol allows a client to share overlapping application settings with a server. Where appropriate, it can also be used to change the configuration of a feature on the client from the server or vice versa.

Sections 1.8, 2, and 3 of this specification are normative and contain RFC 2119 language. Section 1.5 and 1.9 are also normative but cannot contain RFC 2119 language. All other sections and examples in this specification are normative.

1.1 Glossary

The following terms are defined in [\[MS-GLOS\]](#):

- code page**
- Coordinated Universal Time (UTC)**
- GUID**
- handle**
- little-endian**
- Unicode**
- UTF-8**
- XML**

The following terms are defined in [\[MS-OXGLOS\]](#):

- action**
- Archive Policy**
- attachments table**
- calendar**
- Calendar folder**
- Calendar object**
- calendar options dictionary**
- Calendar special folder**
- category**
- Contact object**
- conversation**
- conversation ID**
- dictionary**
- display name**
- distribution list**
- E-mail object**
- EntryID**
- FAI contents table**
- folder associated information (FAI)**
- free/busy status**
- group header**
- Inbox folder**
- Internet Message Access Protocol - Version 4 (IMAP4)**
- interpersonal messaging subtree**
- Journal object**
- mailbox**
- Meeting Request object**
- Meeting Response object**
- message class**
- Message object**

named property
Note object
permission
property tag
property type
public folder
recipient table
reminder
remote operation (ROP)
restriction
Retention Policy
Root folder
ROP request
ROP request buffer
rule
search folder
sort order
special folder
store
stream
Stream object
subobject
Task object
Web Distributed Authoring and Versioning Protocol (WebDAV)
working hours
XML namespace
XML schema
XML schema definition (XSD)

The following terms are specific to this document:

subproperty: A binary stream property that is embedded in another property, possibly in addition to other subproperties.

MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT: These terms (in all caps) are used as described in [\[RFC2119\]](#). All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

1.2 References

1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact dochelp@microsoft.com. We will assist you in finding the relevant information. Please check the archive site, <http://msdn2.microsoft.com/en-us/library/E4BD6494-06AD-4aed-9823-445E921C9624>, as an additional source.

[MS-DTYP] Microsoft Corporation, "[Windows Data Types](#)".

[MS-OXCDATA] Microsoft Corporation, "[Data Structures](#)".

[MS-OXCFOLD] Microsoft Corporation, "[Folder Object Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXCFXICS] Microsoft Corporation, "[Bulk Data Transfer Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXCICAL] Microsoft Corporation, "[iCalendar to Appointment Object Conversion Algorithm](#)".

[MS-OXCMSG] Microsoft Corporation, "[Message and Attachment Object Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXCPerm] Microsoft Corporation, "[Exchange Access and Operation Permissions Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXCPRPT] Microsoft Corporation, "[Property and Stream Object Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXCROPS] Microsoft Corporation, "[Remote Operations \(ROP\) List and Encoding Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXCRPC] Microsoft Corporation, "[Wire Format Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXCTABL] Microsoft Corporation, "[Table Object Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXOABK] Microsoft Corporation, "[Address Book Object Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXOCAL] Microsoft Corporation, "[Appointment and Meeting Object Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXOMSG] Microsoft Corporation, "[E-Mail Object Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXORMDR] Microsoft Corporation, "[Reminder Settings Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXORULE] Microsoft Corporation, "[E-Mail Rules Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXOSFLD] Microsoft Corporation, "[Special Folders Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXOSRCH] Microsoft Corporation, "[Search Folder List Configuration Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-OXPROPS] Microsoft Corporation, "[Exchange Server Protocols Master Property List](#)".

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt>

[XMLBase] Marsh, J., and Tobin, R., Eds., "XML Base (Second Edition)", W3C Recommendation, January 2009, <http://www.w3.org/TR/2009/REC-xmlbase-20090128/>

[XMLNS] Bray, T., Hollander, D., Layman, A., et al., Eds., "Namespaces in XML 1.0 (Third Edition)", W3C Recommendation, December 2009, <http://www.w3.org/TR/2009/REC-xml-names-20091208/>

[XMLSCHEMA2] Biron, P.V., Ed. and Malhotra, A., Ed., "XML Schema Part 2: Datatypes", W3C Recommendation, May 2001, <http://www.w3.org/TR/2001/REC-xmlschema-2-20010502/>

1.2.2 Informative References

[MS-GLOS] Microsoft Corporation, "[Windows Protocols Master Glossary](#)".

[MS-OXGLOS] Microsoft Corporation, "[Exchange Server Protocols Master Glossary](#)".

[MS-OXOFLAG] Microsoft Corporation, "[Informational Flagging Protocol Specification](#)".

1.3 Overview

The Configuration Information Protocol consists of the settings that are shared between clients and servers, and the manner in which the settings are shared. The protocol enables both clients and servers to implement features based on user configuration information, such as using a user's

preferred **working hours**, to propose optimal times for new appointments. The settings are divided into the following categories, each of which uses a different mechanism for sharing:

- configuration data
- view definitions
- folder flags
- conversation actions
- navigation shortcuts

In addition to the settings included in the protocol, a client or server can store additional, non-interoperable settings for the use of the respective application in a similar way. Despite the fact that the settings use a similar storage mechanism, they are not part of the protocol when they are used by only a single application.

1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols

The Configuration Information Protocol works with the protocols shown in the following diagram.

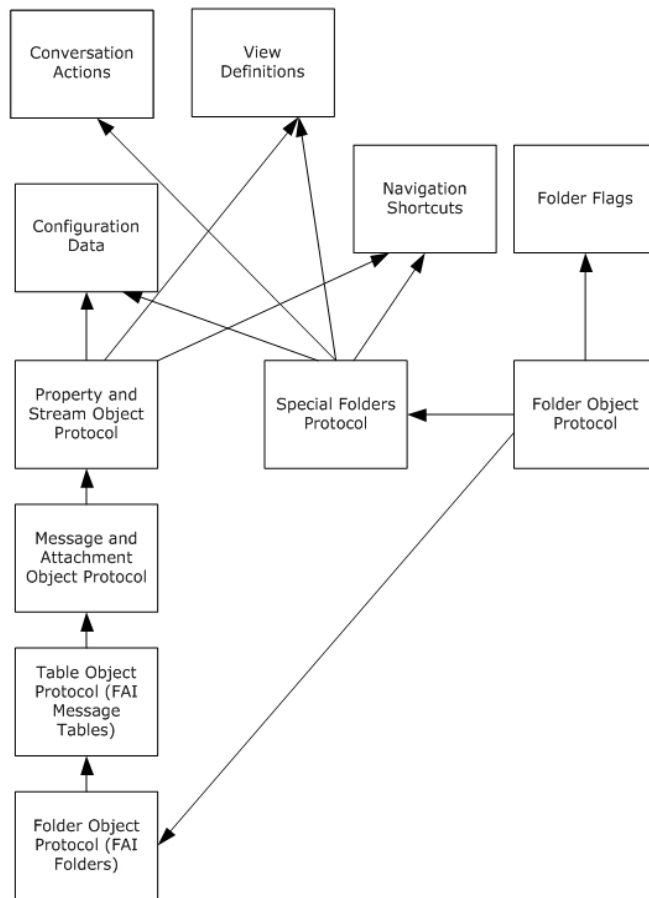


Figure 1: Components of this protocol in relation to other protocols

The configuration data, view definition, and navigation shortcut components of the Configuration Information Protocol use **folder associated information (FAI)** messages, as described in [MS-OXCFOLD], as the transport. Clients need to sort and restrict the **FAI contents table**, as described in [MS-OXCTABL], to find the required FAI message. Clients need to access properties on the FAI message, as described in [MS-OXCMSG], and need to use **Stream objects** for certain properties, as described in [MS-OXCPRPT]. The FAI messages are sometimes contained in a **special folder**; therefore, these components need to use the Special Folders Protocol, as described in [MS-OXOSFLD]. The configuration data and view definitions are retrieved from properties on the FAI messages using the Property and Stream Object Protocol, as described in [MS-OXCPRPT]. Conversation actions are stored as FAI messages in the conversation actions settings special folder, as described in [MS-OXOSFLD].

The folder flags component uses a binary property that is stored on the folder itself. The transport for folder flags is described in [MS-OXCFOLD].

1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions

The Configuration Information Protocol assumes that the client has previously logged on to the server.

1.6 Applicability Statement

Clients and servers can use the Configuration Information Protocol to share application settings when each application implements a similar feature with the same settings. Each application can also use this protocol to communicate the state of its own features, where that state affects the state of related features in the other application.

Clients can also use this protocol to synchronize application settings between multiple instances of the client that are connected to the same server.

1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation

Capability negotiation: The client checks the version number returned by the server in the results from the **EcDoConnectEx** method, as described in [\[MS-OXCRPC\]](#). If the server returns a version that is greater than or equal to 14.0.324.0, the client never deletes the conversation action FAI message, as described in section [3.1.4.8](#), and disables almost all processing of incoming **E-mail objects**, as described in section [3.1.5.1](#).

1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields

A third-party application can use FAI messages to store its own settings by specifying its own custom **PtypString** for the value of the **PidTagMessageClass** property ([\[MS-OXCMSG\]](#) section 2.2.1.3). A centralized authority that ensures uniqueness of the **PidTagMessageClass** property across different applications does not exist.

1.9 Standards Assignments

None.

2 Messages

2.1 Transport

Section 2.2 specifies how Configuration Information Protocol messages use properties and **streams (2)** that have been set on FAI messages or folders as the underlying transport.

Streams (2) are further specified in [\[MS-OXCPRPT\]](#). FAI messages and folders are further specified in [\[MS-OXCFOLD\]](#).

2.2 Message Syntax

Sections [2.2.1](#) through [2.2.9.19](#) specify the location and format of the property and stream (2) buffers that are specific to the Configuration Information Protocol.

2.2.1 Namespaces

This specification defines and references various **XML namespaces** using the mechanisms specified in [\[XMLNS\]](#). Although this specification associates a specific XML namespace prefix for each XML namespace that is used, the choice of any particular XML namespace prefix is implementation-specific and not significant for interoperability.

Prefix	Namespace URI	Reference
None	dictionary	
None	WorkingHours	
None	CategoryList	

2.2.2 Configuration Data Properties

Configuration data consists of groups of related application settings. Each group of settings is stored in separate stream (2) properties that are set on FAI messages.

The streams (2) can contain a serialized **dictionary** of name-value pairs that allow access to individual settings by name. The dictionary is serialized using an **XML schema** that is common to all dictionary streams (2). Most simple settings use this type of stream (2).

For more structured data, such as the user's preferred working hours, the streams (2) can contain an **XML** document that uses an arbitrary schema that corresponds to the structure of the data. The settings that use an arbitrary XML stream (2) include the user's preferred working hours, which can be used by the client and server to make improved scheduling suggestions for that user, and the user's customized category list, which allows the user to build a list of commonly used message **categories (3)** and assign color values to those categories (3).

The properties specified in sections [2.2.2.1](#) through [2.2.2.3](#) are present on FAI messages that contain configuration data.

2.2.2.1 PidTagRoamingDatatypes Property

Type: **PtypInteger32** ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The **PidTagRoamingDatatypes** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.986) contains a bitmask that indicates which stream (2) properties exist on the message. The types of the streams (2), and thus the flags, are not mutually exclusive.

The bitmasks are as follows.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
Reserved																													a	b	c

Reserved (29 bits): These bits are unused. This field SHOULD be set to zero when sent and MUST be ignored when received.

a (1 bit): If this bit is set, the FAI message SHOULD contain a dictionary stream (2), serialized into a fixed XML schema and stored in the **PidTagRoamingDictionary** property (section [2.2.2.2](#)). These streams (2) are specified in section [2.2.5.1](#). If the FAI message does not contain a dictionary stream (2), the application MUST treat the dictionary as having no entries.

b (1 bit): If this bit is set, the FAI message contains an XML stream (2) stored in the **PidTagRoamingXmlStream** property stream (2) (section [2.2.2.3](#)) that uses an arbitrary XML schema. The format of these streams (2) is specified in section [2.2.5.2](#).

c (1 bit): This bit is unused. It SHOULD be set to 0. The client and server MUST ignore this flag if it is set.

2.2.2.2 PidTagRoamingDictionary Property

Type: **PtypBinary** ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The **PidTagRoamingDictionary** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.987) contains a dictionary stream (2), as specified in section [2.2.5.1](#).

2.2.2.3 PidTagRoamingXmlStream Property

Type: **PtypBinary** ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The **PidTagRoamingXmlStream** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.988) contains an XML stream (2), as specified in section [2.2.5.2](#).

2.2.3 XML Format

The supported XML format to be read and written as configuration data, as specified in section [2.2.2](#), is a subset of the W3C recommendation specified in [\[XMLBase\]](#).

Applications MUST NOT depend on support for namespaces. Namespace support is specified in [\[XMLBase\]](#).

Applications MUST NOT output XML with namespaces except to declare the default namespace if specified in this protocol.

Applications MUST remove namespace prefixes from any qualified name in the default namespace.

Applications MUST escape the following special characters within quoted strings:

Special character	Escape sequence
"	"
<	<
>	>
&	&

Applications SHOULD [<1>](#) escape the following special characters within quoted strings:

Special character	Escape sequence
'	'

2.2.4 Binary Format

Unless otherwise specified, the application serializes multibyte data types into binary streams (2) using the **little-endian** byte order.

2.2.5 Configuration Data

The client and server SHOULD [<2>](#) store certain settings as configuration data, as specified in section [2.2.2](#). The format and location of the configuration data, as well as which settings this data can include, are specified in sections [2.2.5.1](#) through [2.2.5.2.3](#).

The application stores configuration data in an FAI message. The application stores the FAI message in the special folder that is specified in the subsections of this section for each type of configuration data.

The message MUST have the **PidTagMessageClass** property ([\[MS-OXCMSG\]](#) section 2.2.1.3 set. The value of the property MUST use the prefix "IPM.Configuration." followed by a name that uniquely identifies this FAI message in that folder.

The message MUST have the **PidTagRoamingDatatypes** property set as specified in section [2.2.2.1](#).

2.2.5.1 Dictionaries

A message with a dictionary stream (2) MUST have the **PidTagRoamingDatatypes** property (section [2.2.2.1](#)) set. The value of the property MUST be a bitmask that includes the value 0x00000004.

The message MUST have the **PidTagRoamingDictionary** property (section [2.2.2.2](#)) set. The value of the property is a binary stream (2) that contains a **Unicode** XML document using **UTF-8** encoding. The XML document MUST conform to the following **XML schema definition (XSD)** in addition to the limitations specified in section [2.2.3](#).

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<xs:schema targetNamespace="dictionary.xsd"
  xmlns="dictionary.xsd"
  xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
  <xs:element name="UserConfiguration">
    <xs:complexType>
```

```

<xs:sequence>
  <xs:element name="Info">
    <xs:complexType>
      <xs:sequence />
      <xs:attribute name="version"
                    type="VersionString">
    </xs:attribute>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
<xs:element name="Data">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="e"
                  minOccurs="0"
                  maxOccurs="unbounded"
                  type="EntryType">
    </xs:element>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:unique name="uniqueKey">
  <xs:selector xpath="e" />
  <xs:field xpath="@k" />
</xs:unique>
</xs:element>
</xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
<xs:simpleType name="VersionString">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
    <xs:pattern value=".\.\d+" />
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
<xs:complexType name="EntryType">
  <xs:sequence />
  <xs:attribute name="k"
                type="ValueString" />
  <xs:attribute name="v"
                type="ValueString" />
</xs:complexType>
<xs:simpleType name="ValueString">
  <xs:restriction>
    <xs:simpleType>
      <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
        <xs:pattern value="\d+\-.*" />
      </xs:restriction>
    </xs:simpleType>
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
</xs:schema>

```

UserConfiguration: A top-level element that **MUST** exist. It contains the **Info** and **Data** elements.

Info: An element that **MUST** exist. It contains information about the application that created the XML document in the **version** attribute.

version: An attribute on the **Info** element that specifies the name and version of the application that created the XML document. The type of this attribute MUST be **VersionString**.

VersionString: A **simpleType** based on a string. The name and version of the application that created this document SHOULD<3> be encoded in the version string. The data is not validated; it is provided for future reference. The format of the version string is as follows.

```
<name>.<major version number>
```

Data: An element that MUST contain all the dictionary name-value pair entries.

e: An element of type **EntryType** that contains a name-value pair. There can be an unbounded number of **e** elements inside the top-level **Data** element.

EntryType: A **complexType** that represents a name-value pair. This type contains the following attributes:

- **k:** An attribute of the **EntryType** type that contains the name portion of the name-value pair. The type of this attribute is **ValueString**. The value of this attribute MUST be unique within the dictionary.
- **v:** An attribute of the **EntryType** type that contains the value portion of the name-value pair. The type of this attribute is **ValueString**.

ValueString: A **simpleType** that is based on a string. Different value types MUST be encoded in this **simpleType** as a string. The format of the string MUST be as follows.

```
<data type>--<string encoded value>
```

The data type MUST be an integer type code from the following table.

Type	Type code	Encoding
Boolean	3	"True" or "False"
32-bit signed integer	9	Decimal characters, prefixed with an optional "-" to denote a negative number
String	18	Unicode string

There is one reserved name-value pair that the client SHOULD include in every dictionary XML document. If the dictionary XML document does not include this name-value pair, the client MUST behave as though the default value were set:

- **OLPrefsVersion**
 - Name: (string) "OLPrefsVersion"
 - Value: (32-bit integer) The client uses this setting to determine whether to prefer the settings in the XML document or its own locally stored settings.

- "0" or any negative integer: The client MUST prefer its own default or locally stored settings, and it MUST rewrite the XML document with those settings.
- "1" or any positive integer: The client MUST prefer the settings in the XML document.
- Default: (32-bit integer) "0"

2.2.5.1.1 Calendar Options

If the client or server supports configuration data as specified in section [2.2.2](#), it stores the settings specified in this section in a **calendar options dictionary**. The application stores the calendar options dictionary in an FAI message that is contained in the **Calendar special folder**. The format of the Calendar special folder is specified in [\[MS-OXOSFLD\]](#) section 2.2.7.

This message MUST have the **PidTagMessageClass** property ([\[MS-OXCMSG\]](#) section 2.2.1.3) set. The value of the property MUST be "IPM.Configuration.Calendar".

The dictionary SHOULD include the following settings.

Note Unless otherwise specified, any setting that is not included in the dictionary MUST revert to the default value.

- piRemindDefault
 - Name: (string) "piRemindDefault"
 - Value: (32-bit integer) When creating a new appointment, the client or server SHOULD initialize the **reminder** time to be the start time of the appointment minus this number of minutes, as specified in [\[MS-OXORMDR\]](#).
 - Default: (32-bit integer) "15"
- piReminderUpgradeTime
 - Name: (string) "piReminderUpgradeTime"
 - Value: (32-bit integer) The value of this setting is specified in [\[MS-OXORMDR\]](#) section 2.2.3.1.
 - Default: (missing) The default behavior when this setting is missing is specified in [\[MS-OXORMDR\]](#) section 3.1.3.1.1.1.
- piAutoProcess
 - Name: (string) "piAutoProcess"
 - Value: (Boolean) The client SHOULD use this setting to control automatic processing of **Meeting Request objects** and **Meeting Response objects**, as specified in [\[MS-OXOCAL\]](#).
 - "True": The client SHOULD enable automatic processing.
 - "False": The client SHOULD disable automatic processing.
 - Default: (Boolean) "True"
- AutomateProcessing
 - Name: (string) "AutomateProcessing"

- Value: (32-bit integer) The server uses this setting to control automatic processing of Meeting Request objects and Meeting Response objects if it implements this feature. If the server does not implement this feature, the server MUST ignore this setting. This setting has three possible values:
 - "0": The server MUST disable automatic processing.
 - "1": The server MUST enable automatic processing, if it implements this feature.
 - "2": The server MUST enable automatic processing, if it implements this feature, treating the **Calendar object** as a meeting resource rather than an attendee, as specified in [MS-OXOCAL]. The client MUST NOT change the setting when it has this value.
 - Default: (32-bit integer) "1"
- piAutoDeleteReceipts
 - Name: (string) "piAutoDeleteReceipts"
 - Value: (Boolean) The client SHOULD<4> use this setting to control automatic deletion of Meeting Response objects, as specified in [MS-OXOCAL].
 - "True": The client enables automatic deletion.
 - "False": The client disables automatic deletion.
 - Default: (Boolean) "False"

2.2.5.2 XML Streams

The message MUST have the **PidTagRoamingDatatypes** property (section [2.2.2.1](#)) set. The value of the property MUST be a bitmask that includes 0x00000002.

The message MUST have the **PidTagRoamingXmlStream** property (section [2.2.2.3](#)) set. The value of the property MUST be a **PtypBinary** stream (2) that contains a Unicode XML document that is using the UTF8 encoding.

In addition to the XSDs that are specified in sections [2.2.5.2.1](#) through [2.2.5.2.3](#), the XML document MUST conform to the limitations specified in section [2.2.3](#).

If the application encounters unknown XML elements while parsing the document, it SHOULD preserve those elements without modification and include them whenever it makes modifications to the parts of the document that it understands.

2.2.5.2.1 Working Hours

If the client or server supports configuration data, as specified in section [2.2.2](#), it stores the settings that are specified in this section in a working hours stream (2). The application stores the working hours stream (2) in an FAI message contained in the Calendar special folder.

The message MUST have the **PidTagMessageClass** property ([\[MS-OXCMSG\]](#) section 2.2.1.3) set. The value of the property MUST be "IPM.Configuration.WorkHours".

The XML document that is stored in the **PidTagRoamingXmlStream** property (section [2.2.2.3](#)) MUST conform to the following XSD.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
```

```

<xs:schema targetNamespace="WorkingHours.xsd"
  xmlns="WorkingHours.xsd"
  xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
  <xs:element name="Root">
    <xs:complexType>
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="WorkHoursVersion1">
          <xs:complexType>
            <xs:sequence>
              <xs:element name="TimeZone">
                <xs:complexType>
                  <xs:sequence>
                    <xs:element name="Bias"
                      type="xs:short" />
                    <xs:element name="Standard"
                      type="DSTTransition" />
                    <xs:element name="DaylightSavings"
                      type="DSTTransition" />
                    <xs:element name="Name"
                      minOccurs="0"
                      maxOccurs="1"
                      type="xs:string" />
                  </xs:sequence>
                </xs:complexType>
              </xs:element>
              <xs:element name="TimeSlot">
                <xs:complexType>
                  <xs:sequence>
                    <xs:element name="Start"
                      type="xs:time" />
                    <xs:element name="End"
                      type="xs:time" />
                  </xs:sequence>
                </xs:complexType>
              </xs:element>
              <xs:element name="WorkDays"
                type="WorkDaysList" />
            </xs:sequence>
          </xs:complexType>
        </xs:element>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:complexType>
  </xs:element>
  <xs:complexType name="DSTTransition">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="Bias"
        type="xs:short" />
      <xs:element name="ChangeDate">
        <xs:complexType>
          <xs:sequence>
            <xs:element name="Time"
              type="xs:time" />
            <xs:element name="Date">
              <xs:simpleType>
                <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
                  <xs:annotation>
                    <xs:documentation xml:lang="en-us">
                      The Date element is a date formatted as
                      "yyyy/mm/dd," where "yyyy" is the 4 digit

```

```

        year, "mm" is the 2 digit month, and "dd"
        is the 2 digit day of the month.
    </xs:documentation>
</xs:annotation>
    <xs:pattern value="\d{4}/\d{2}/\d{2}"/>
</xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
</xs:element>
<xs:element name="DayOfWeek">
    <xs:simpleType>
        <xs:restriction base="xs:unsignedByte">
            <xs:minInclusive value="0"/>
            <xs:maxInclusive value="7"/>
        </xs:restriction>
    </xs:simpleType>
</xs:element>
</xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
</xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:simpleType name="WorkDaysList">
    <xs:list itemType="WorkDayType"/>
</xs:simpleType>
<xs:simpleType name="WorkDayType">
    <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
        <xs:enumeration value="Monday"/>
        <xs:enumeration value="Tuesday"/>
        <xs:enumeration value="Wednesday"/>
        <xs:enumeration value="Thursday"/>
        <xs:enumeration value="Friday"/>
        <xs:enumeration value="Saturday"/>
        <xs:enumeration value="Sunday"/>
    </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
</xs:schema>

```

Root: The top-level element in the XML document. This element MUST exist. The application specifies the XML namespace on this element as "WorkingHours.XSD". This element MUST contain the **WorkHoursVersion1** element.

WorkHoursVersion1: This element MUST exist and contains the **TimeZone**, **TimeSlot**, and **WorkDays** elements.

TimeZone: This element MUST exist and contains a description of the user's current time-zone settings. It contains the **Bias**, **Standard**, **DaylightSavings**, and **Name** elements.

Bias: This element MUST exist as a subelement of the **TimeZone** element. It contains the offset in minutes of the user's current time zone from **Coordinated Universal Time (UTC)**.

Standard: This element MUST exist and contains the definition of standard time in the user's time zone. The type of this element is **DSTTransition**.

DaylightSavings: This element MUST exist and contains the definition of daylight-saving time in the user's time zone. The type of this element is **DSTTransition**.

Name: This element SHOULD [<5>](#) exist and contains the standard name of the time zone described by the data in the **TimeZone** element. For possible values, see the **KeyName** field of the **PidLidAppointmentTimeZoneDefinitionRecur** property ([\[MS-OXOCAL\]](#) section 2.2.1.41).

DSTTransition: This **complexType** describes the differences between standard time and daylight-saving time in the user's current time zone. It contains the **Bias** and **ChangeDate** elements. The **Bias** element from the **DSTTransition** type MUST be added to the **Bias** element value contained in the **WorkHoursVersion1** element when this transition takes effect, which MUST be determined by the value of the **ChangeDate** element.

Bias: This element MUST exist as a subelement of the **DSTTransition** type. The **Bias** element value specified in the **DSTTransition** type MUST be added to the time zone bias after the transition.

ChangeDate: This element MUST exist as a subelement of the **DSTTransition** type. The value of this element determines when the transition takes place. This element contains a **Time** element, a **Date** element, and a **DayOfWeek** element.

Time: This element contains the time of day when the transition takes place.

Date: This element contains a date formatted as <yyyy/mm/dd>, where yyyy is the 4-digit year, mm is the 2-digit month, and dd is the 2-digit day of the month.

If the year is set to "0000", the application performs the transition every year. If the year is any other value, the application performs the transition only in that year.

The application performs the transition in the month that is specified.

If the year is set to "0000", the interpretation of the day of the month depends on the value of the **DayOfWeek** element, as specified in this section. If the year is any other value, the application performs the transition on the day of the month that is specified.

DayOfWeek: If the year portion of the **Date** element is set to "0000", this element MUST contain the day of the week when the transition takes place. The application selects the occurrence of that day of the week using the day of the month portion of the **Date** element. For example, if the **DayOfWeek** element contains the value 0, and the day of the month is 2 in the **Date** element, the application performs the transition on the second Sunday of the month. In this case, the day of the month in the **Date** element MUST be between 1 and 5, inclusive. The possible values for the **DayOfWeek** element are given in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0	The application performs the transition on a Sunday.
1	The application performs the transition on a Monday.
2	The application performs the transition on a Tuesday.
3	The application performs the transition on a Wednesday.
4	The application performs the transition on a Thursday.
5	The application performs the transition on a Friday.
6	The application performs the transition on a Saturday.

If the year portion of the **Date** element is any other value, the application MUST ignore the **DayOfWeek** element and use the day of the month portion of the **Date** element instead.

TimeSlot: This element contains the **Start** and **End** elements.

Start: This element contains the start time for the user's work day, relative to the user's current time zone, as specified in the **TimeZone** element.

End: This element contains the end time for the user's work day, relative to the user's current time zone, as specified in the **TimeZone** element.

WorkDays: This element contains a list of strings that specify which days of the week are work days for this user. The set of strings is defined by the enumeration **restriction (1)** on the **WorkDayType simpleType**. The application treats any day that is included in this element as a work day for the user.

WorkDayType: A **simpleType** based on a string. The possible values are given in the following table.

Value	Meaning
Monday	If this string is included in the WorkDays element list, Monday is a work day for this user.
Tuesday	If this string is included in the WorkDays element list, Tuesday is a work day for this user.
Wednesday	If this string is included in the WorkDays element list, Wednesday is a work day for this user.
Thursday	If this string is included in the WorkDays element list, Thursday is a work day for this user.
Friday	If this string is included in the WorkDays element list, Friday is a work day for this user.
Saturday	If this string is included in the WorkDays element list, Saturday is a work day for this user.
Sunday	If this string is included in the WorkDays element list, Sunday is a work day for this user.

2.2.5.2.2 Category List

A category list is a type of configuration data, as specified in section [2.2.5](#), that contains a list of textual labels (or categories (3)) with associated data, such as color. Other attributes of a category (3) include a shortcut key that can be used to apply a category (3), a usage counter, the last time the category (3) was applied or used by the user, and a **GUID**.

If the client or server supports configuration data, as specified in section [2.2.2](#), it MUST store the settings that are specified in this section in a category list stream (2). The application MUST store the category list stream (2) in an FAI message that is contained in the Calendar special folder.

The message MUST have the **PidTagMessageClass** property ([\[MS-OXCMSG\]](#) section 2.2.1.3) set. The value of the property MUST be "IPM.Configuration.CategoryList".

The XML document that is stored in the **PidTagRoamingXmlStream** property (section [2.2.2.3](#)) MUST conform to the following XSD.

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<xs:schema targetNamespace="CategoryList.xsd"
  xmlns="CategoryList.xsd"
  xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
  <xs:simpleType name="colorType">
    <xs:annotation>
      <xs:documentation>
```

```

    Only values 0-24 map to a color. Applications SHOULD use the
    value -1 for no color, any other value SHOULD also map to no
    color.
  </xs:documentation>
</xs:annotation>
<xs:restriction base="xs:int">
</xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

<xs:simpleType name="keyboardShortcutType">
  <xs:annotation>
    <xs:documentation>
      Only values 1-11 map to a shortcut key. Applications SHOULD
      use the value 0 for no shortcut key, any other value SHOULD
      also map to no shortcut key.
    </xs:documentation>
  </xs:annotation>
  <xs:restriction base="xs:unsignedInt">
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

<xs:simpleType name="dateTimeRestrictedType">
  <xs:annotation>
    <xs:documentation>
      dateTime type used in this XSD has the following additional
      restrictions:

      The year MUST be between 1601 and 30827.

      The time 24:00:00 is not valid.

      Fractional seconds SHOULD have 3 digit precision (i.e.
      milliseconds). The application MAY include additional
      digits. The application SHOULD handle any extra digits
      if they are included.

      The application MUST specify the time in UTC. The
      application MAY append a Z for the timezone identifier. The
      application MUST ignore any other timezone specifier and
      interpret the time using UTC.
    </xs:documentation>
  </xs:annotation>
  <xs:restriction base="xs:dateTime">
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

<xs:simpleType name="renameOnFirstUseType">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:int">
    <xs:enumeration value="0"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="1"/>
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

<xs:simpleType name="guidType">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
    <xs:pattern value="^\{ [0-9a-fA-F] {8} \}- [0-9a-fA-F] {4} \}- [0-9a-fA-F] {4} \}- [0-9a-fA-F] {4} \}-
[0-9a-fA-F] {12} \} \$"/>
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

```



```

<xs:element name="categories">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element maxOccurs="unbounded"
        name="category">
        <xs:complexType>
          <xs:attribute name="name"
            type="xs:string"
            use="required" />
          <xs:attribute name="color"
            type="colorType"
            use="required" />
          <xs:attribute name="keyboardShortcut"
            type="keyboardShortcutType"
            use="required" />
          <xs:attribute name="usageCount"
            type="xs:unsignedInt"
            use="optional" />
          <xs:attribute name="lastTimeUsedNotes"
            type="dateTimeRestrictedType"
            use="optional" />
          <xs:attribute name="lastTimeUsedJournal"
            type="dateTimeRestrictedType"
            use="optional" />
          <xs:attribute name="lastTimeUsedContacts"
            type="dateTimeRestrictedType"
            use="optional" />
          <xs:attribute name="lastTimeUsedTasks"
            type="dateTimeRestrictedType"
            use="optional" />
          <xs:attribute name="lastTimeUsedCalendar"
            type="dateTimeRestrictedType"
            use="optional" />
          <xs:attribute name="lastTimeUsedMail"
            type="dateTimeRestrictedType"
            use="optional" />
          <xs:attribute name="lastTimeUsed"
            type="dateTimeRestrictedType"
            use="required" />
          <xs:attribute name="lastSessionUsed"
            type="xs:int"
            use="required" />
          <xs:attribute name="guid"
            type="guidType"
            use="required" />
          <xs:attribute name="renameOnFirstUse"
            type="renameOnFirstUseType"
            use="optional" />
        </xs:complexType>
      </xs:element>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:attribute name="default"
      type="xs:string"
      use="required" />
    <xs:attribute name="lastSavedSession"
      type="xs:int"
      use="required" />
    <xs:attribute name="lastSavedTime"

```

```

        type="dateTimeRestrictedType"
        use="required" />
</xs:complexType>
<xs:unique name="uniqueName">
  <xs:selector xpath="category" />
  <xs:field xpath="@name" />
</xs:unique>
</xs:element>
</xs:schema>

```

colorType: A **simpleType** based on an integer. For possible values, see the description of the **color** attribute later in this section.

keyboardShortcutType: A **simpleType** based on an unsigned integer. For possible values, see the description of the **keyboardShortcut** attribute later in this section.

dateTimeRestrictedType: A **simpleType** based on a **dateTime** type as specified in [\[XMLSCHEMA2\]](#) section 3.2.7. Elements with this type have the following restrictions:

- The year MUST be between 1601 and 30827.
- The time 24:00:00 is not valid.
- Fractional seconds SHOULD have 3-digit precision (that is, milliseconds). The application can include additional digits. The application SHOULD [<6>](#) handle any extra digits if they are included.
- The application MUST specify the time in **UTC**. The application MAY append a Z for the time zone identifier. The application MUST ignore any other time zone identifier and interpret the time using UTC.

renameOnFirstUseType: A **simpleType** based on an integer. For possible values, see the description of the **renameOnFirstUse** attribute later in this section.

guidType: A **simpleType** based on a string. For possible values, see the description of the **guid** attribute later in this section.

categories: The top-level element in the XML document. This element MUST exist. The application specifies the XML namespace on this element as "CategoryList.xsd". This element MUST contain the **category** element.

category: This element MUST exist and contains the **name**, **color**, **keyboardShortcut**, **usageCount**, **lastTimeUsedNotes**, **lastTimeUsedJournal**, **lastTimeUsedContacts**, **lastTimeUsedTasks**, **lastTimeUsedCalendar**, **lastTimeUsedMail**, **lastTimeUsed**, **lastSessionUsed**, **guid**, and **renameOnFirstUse** attributes.

name: An attribute on the **category** element that describes the name of the category (3). A valid category name:

- MUST be unique in the category list (case insensitive).
- MUST NOT be empty.
- MUST NOT be longer than 255 characters.
- MUST NOT contain the comma character (,).
- SHOULD NOT contain the characters (;) (\x061B) (\xFE54) (\xFF1B).

It is also recommend that a category name not be in the form of the string representation of a GUID, as specified in the description of the **guid** attribute in this section.<7>

color: An attribute on the **category** element that describes the color of the category (3). The application SHOULD use a value from -1 to 24. If any other value is used, the application MUST interpret that value as if it were -1 (no color). The RGB values provided here are the basic colors for the category (3). Applications can choose to display the color category (3) differently.

Value	Base R,G,B	Color name
-1	255, 255,255	No color
0	214, 37, 46	Red
1	240, 108, 21	Orange
2	255, 202, 76	Peach
3	255, 254, 61	Yellow
4	74, 182, 63	Green
5	64, 189, 149	Teal
6	133, 154, 82	Olive
7	50, 103, 184	Blue
8	97, 61, 180	Purple
9	163, 78, 120	Maroon
10	196, 204, 221	Steel
11	140, 156, 189	Dark steel
12	196, 196, 196	Gray
13	165, 165, 165	Dark gray
14	28, 28, 28	Black
15	175, 30, 37	Dark red
16	177, 79, 13	Dark orange
17	171, 123, 5	Dark peach
18	153, 148, 0	Dark yellow
19	53, 121, 43	Dark green
20	46, 125, 100	Dark teal
21	95, 108, 58	Dark olive
22	42, 81, 145	Dark blue
23	80, 50, 143	Dark purple
24	130, 55, 95	Dark maroon

keyboardShortcut: An attribute on the **category** element that describes the keyboard shortcut of the category (3). The application SHOULD use a value from 0 to 11. If any other value is used, the application MUST interpret that value as if it were 0 (no shortcut).<8>

Value	Shortcut key
0	None
1	CTRL+F2
2	CTRL+F3
3	CTRL+F4
4	CTRL+F5
5	CTRL+F6
6	CTRL+F7
7	CTRL+F8
8	CTRL+F9
9	CTRL+F10
10	CTRL+F11
11	CTRL+F12

usageCount: An attribute on the **category** element. Reserved. Applications can write 0. Applications MAY<9> write the usage count and periodically apply an algorithm to reduce the usage count to facilitate creating a most frequently used list.

lastTimeUsedNotes (optional): An attribute on the **category** element. This attribute contains the last time the category (3) was applied to a **Note object**.

lastTimeUsedJournal (optional): An attribute on the **category** element. This attribute contains the last time the category (3) was applied to a **Journal object**.

lastTimeUsedContacts (optional): An attribute on the **category** element. This attribute contains the last time the category (3) was applied to a **Contact object**.

lastTimeUsedTasks (optional): An attribute on the **category** element. This attribute contains the last time the category (3) was applied to a **Task object**.

lastTimeUsedCalendar (optional): An attribute on the **category** element. This attribute contains the last time the category (3) was applied to a Calendar object.

lastTimeUsedMail (optional): An attribute on the **category** element. This attribute contains the last time the category (3) was applied to an E-mail object.

lastTimeUsed: An attribute on the **category** element. This attribute contains the last time the category (3) was used. See section [3.1.4.2.3](#) for more details.

lastSessionUsed: An attribute on the **category**. Reserved. Applications SHOULD<10> write 0, but can write the last session that this category (3) was applied or changed by the user.

guid: An attribute on the **category** element that describes a GUID that identifies the category (3) and does not change if the user renames the category (3). The GUID MUST be stored in a string in the form of "{XXXXXXXX-XXXX-XXXX-XXXX-XXXXXXXXXXXX}", where X is any hexadecimal digit.

renameOnFirstUse: An attribute on the **category** element. If set to "1", an application SHOULD<11> prompt the user to rename the category (3) when it is first applied to a message, as specified in section 3.1.4.7. If the user renames the category (3) before applying it to a message, this attribute can be set to 0. If this attribute is missing, the application MUST use a default value of 0.

default: An attribute on the **categories** element that specifies the name of a category (3) in the category list that is to be applied, as specified in section 3.1.4.7, if the application provides a one-click method to apply a category (3).

lastSavedSession: An attribute on the **categories** element. Reserved. Applications SHOULD write 0<12> but can choose to increment this number at every new session.

lastSavedTime: An attribute on the **categories** element. The value MUST be set to the time in UTC when the category list was saved.

2.2.5.2.3 Retention and Archive Settings

If the client or server supports configuration data, as specified in section 2.2.2, and the **Retention Policy** or **Archive Policy** features are enabled, then it SHOULD store the settings that are specified in this section in a tags list stream (2). A tags list is a type of configuration data, as specified in section 2.2.5, that contains a list of settings for a Retention Policy or an Archive Policy. The application SHOULD<13> store the tags list stream (2) in an FAI message that is contained in the **Inbox folder**. The message MUST have the **PidTagMessageClass** property ([MS-OXCMSG] section 2.2.1.3) set. The value of the property MUST be "IPM.Configuration.MRM". The XML document that is stored in the **PidTagRoamingXmlStream** property (section 2.2.2.3) MUST conform to the following XSD.

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<xs:schema attributeFormDefault="unqualified" elementFormDefault="qualified"
xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
  <xs:element name="UserConfiguration">
    <xs:complexType>
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="Info">
          <xs:complexType>
            <xs:sequence>
              <xs:element name="Data">
                <xs:complexType>
                  <xs:sequence>
                    <xs:element name="RetentionHold">
                      <xs:complexType>
                        <xs:attribute name="Enabled" type="xs:string" use="required" />
                        <xs:attribute name="RetentionComment" type="xs:string" />
                        <xs:attribute name="RetentionUrl" type="xs:string" />
                      </xs:complexType>
                    </xs:element>
                    <xs:element maxOccurs="unbounded" name="PolicyTag">
                      <xs:complexType>
                        <xs:sequence minOccurs="0">
                          <xs:element minOccurs="0" name="LocalizedName">
                            <xs:complexType>
```

```

        <xs:sequence>
            <xs:element maxOccurs="unbounded" name="Name"
type="xs:string" />
        </xs:sequence>
    </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
<xs:element minOccurs="0" name="LocalizedComment">
    <xs:complexType>
        <xs:sequence>
            <xs:element maxOccurs="unbounded" name="Comment"
type="xs:string" />
        </xs:sequence>
    </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
<xs:element minOccurs="0" name="ContentSettings">
    <xs:complexType>
        <xs:attribute name="Guid" type="xs:string" use="required" />
        <xs:attribute name="ExpiryAgeLimit" type="xs:unsignedShort"
use="required" />
        <xs:attribute name="MessageClass" type="xs:string"
use="required" />
    </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
</xs:sequence>
<xs:attribute name="Guid" type="xs:string" use="required" />
<xs:attribute name="Name" type="xs:string" use="required" />
<xs:attribute name="Comment" type="xs:string" />
<xs:attribute name="Type" type="xs:string" use="required" />
<xs:attribute name="MustDisplayComment" type="xs:string"
use="required" />
    <xs:attribute name="IsVisible" type="xs:string" use="required" />
    <xs:attribute name="OptedInto" type="xs:string" use="required" />
</xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
<xs:element maxOccurs="unbounded" name="ArchiveTag">
    <xs:complexType>
        <xs:sequence minOccurs="0">
            <xs:element minOccurs="0" name="LocalizedName">
                <xs:complexType>
                    <xs:sequence>
                        <xs:element maxOccurs="unbounded" name="Name"
type="xs:string" />
                    </xs:sequence>
                </xs:complexType>
            </xs:element>
            <xs:element minOccurs="0" name="LocalizedComment">
                <xs:complexType>
                    <xs:sequence>
                        <xs:element maxOccurs="unbounded" name="Comment"
type="xs:string" />
                    </xs:sequence>
                </xs:complexType>
            </xs:element>
        </xs:sequence>
    </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
<xs:element minOccurs="0" name="ContentSettings">
    <xs:complexType>
        <xs:attribute name="Guid" type="xs:string" use="required" />
        <xs:attribute name="ExpiryAgeLimit" type="xs:unsignedShort"
use="required" />
        <xs:attribute name="MessageClass" type="xs:string"
use="required" />
    </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>

```

```

        </xs:complexType>
    </xs:element>
</xs:sequence>
<xs:attribute name="Guid" type="xs:string" use="required" />
<xs:attribute name="Name" type="xs:string" use="required" />
<xs:attribute name="Comment" type="xs:string" />
<xs:attribute name="Type" type="xs:string" use="required" />
<xs:attribute name="MustDisplayComment" type="xs:string"
use="required" />
    <xs:attribute name="IsVisible" type="xs:string" use="required" />
    <xs:attribute name="OptedInto" type="xs:string" use="required" />
</xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
<xs:element maxOccurs="1" name="DefaultArchiveTag">
    <xs:complexType>
        <xs:sequence minOccurs="0">
            <xs:element minOccurs="0" name="LocalizedName">
                <xs:complexType>
                    <xs:sequence>
                        <xs:element maxOccurs="unbounded" name="Name"
type="xs:string" />
                    </xs:sequence>
                </xs:complexType>
            </xs:element>
            <xs:element minOccurs="0" name="LocalizedComment">
                <xs:complexType>
                    <xs:sequence>
                        <xs:element maxOccurs="unbounded" name="Comment"
type="xs:string" />
                    </xs:sequence>
                </xs:complexType>
            </xs:element>
            <xs:element minOccurs="0" name="ContentSettings">
                <xs:complexType>
                    <xs:attribute name="Guid" type="xs:string" use="required" />
                    <xs:attribute name="ExpiryAgeLimit" type="xs:unsignedShort"
use="required" />
                    <xs:attribute name="MessageClass" type="xs:string"
use="required" />
                </xs:complexType>
            </xs:element>
        </xs:sequence>
    </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
</xs:sequence>
<xs:attribute name="Guid" type="xs:string" use="required" />
<xs:attribute name="Name" type="xs:string" use="required" />
<xs:attribute name="Comment" type="xs:string" />
<xs:attribute name="Type" type="xs:string" use="required" />
<xs:attribute name="MustDisplayComment" type="xs:string"
use="required" />
    <xs:attribute name="IsVisible" type="xs:string" use="required" />
    <xs:attribute name="OptedInto" type="xs:string" use="required" />
</xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
</xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
</xs:sequence>
<xs:attribute name="version" type="xs:string" use="required" />
</xs:complexType>
</xs:element>

```

```

    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
</xs:schema>

```

Info: The parent element of the **Data** element.

Data: A child of the **Info** element. A container element for the other Retention Policy settings.

RetentionHold: A child of the **Data** element. Includes a series of sub-elements that describe the Retention Policy in effect for this user. Has the following attributes:

Attribute name	Description
Enabled	Indicates whether retention is enabled for a user. If it is enabled, then the client can display specific information to indicate that messages will not expire. This value is configured by a server administrator. The value MUST be "True" or "False".
RetentionComment	Contains a string used to communicate information regarding the Retention Policy feature to the user. This value is configured by a server administrator. The client application SHOULD display this to the user. The string length MUST be between 0 and 1,024 characters.
RetentionUrl	Contains a link to a Web page that contains more information about the Retention Policy. This value is configured by a server administrator. The client application SHOULD display this to the user. The string length MUST be between 0 and 2,048 characters.

PolicyTag: A child of the **Data** element. Stores information about the Retention Policy. The information is stored in the attributes defined in the following table.

Attribute name	Description
Guid	A GUID value that provides a unique identity for the policy.
Name	The name of the policy tag. This value is configured by a server administrator. The value MUST be unique; no two policy tags or archive tags can have the same name. The string length MUST be between 1 and 264 characters.
Comment	A brief description of the policy tag. This value is configured by a server administrator. The string length MUST be between 1 and 264 characters.
Type	The type of policy tag. This value is configured by a server administrator. The possible values are as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ All ▪ Calendar ▪ Contacts ▪ ConversationHistory ▪ DeletedItems ▪ Drafts

Attribute name	Description
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Inbox ▪ JunkEmail ▪ Journal ▪ Notes ▪ Outbox ▪ Personal ▪ RssSubscriptions ▪ SentItems ▪ SyncIssues ▪ Tasks <p>Policy tags with a type of "All" apply to all items that do not have an applicable policy tag. Policy tags of type "Personal" are applied explicitly by the user. All other tags are applied to the corresponding special folder.</p>
MustDisplayComment	The client application MAY use this setting to determine whether the user can hide the retention comment. The value SHOULD be "True" or "False". If the value is "True", the client MAY NOT allow the user to hide the retention comment.
IsVisible	The client application MUST use this setting to determine whether the policy tag is displayed in the list of tags available to the user. The value SHOULD be "True" or "False". If the value is "True", the client MUST display the policy tag in the list of tags available to the user.
OptedInto	Indicates whether the user voluntarily chose this tag for the mailbox or whether it was applied to the mailbox by the server administrator. The value SHOULD be "True" or "False". A value of "True" SHOULD <14> indicate that the user voluntarily chose this tag.

LocalizedName: A child of the **PolicyTag** element. May also be a child of the **ArchiveTag** and **DefaultArchiveTag** elements. Can contain multiple **Name** elements as children. Each contains the ISO language code followed by a colon (":") and the localized name of the tag. The string length MUST be between 0 and 264 characters.

LocalizedComment: A child of the **PolicyTag** element. May also be a child of the **ArchiveTag** and **DefaultArchiveTag** elements. Can contain multiple **Comment** elements as children. Each contains the ISO language code followed by a colon (":") and the localized comment. The string length MUST be between 0 and 264 characters.

ContentSettings: A child of the **PolicyTag** element. May also be a child of the **ArchiveTag** and **DefaultArchiveTag** elements. Stores the settings that control when items expire and the types of items that expire. The settings are stored in the following attributes.

Attribute name	Description
Guid	A GUID value that provides a unique identity for the content setting.

Attribute name	Description
ExpiryAgeLimit	The number of days after which an item SHOULD expire under this policy. This value is configured by a server administrator. The value MUST be between 0 and 24,855.
MessageClass	The message classes that this content setting applies to. This value is configured by a server administrator. This value can be any string that represents a message class. The value "*" represents any message class. The string length MUST be between 1 and 1,023 characters.

ArchiveTag: A child of the **Data** element. Stores information about an Archive Policy. The information is stored in attributes and child elements identical to those on the **PolicyTag** element. The value of the **ArchiveTag** element SHOULD NOT be displayed by the client application in the archive mailbox. It SHOULD be displayed only in the primary mailbox.

DefaultArchiveTag: A child of the **Data** element. Stores information about the default Archive Policy. The information is stored in attributes and child elements identical to those on the **PolicyTag** element. The value of the **DefaultArchiveTag** element SHOULD NOT be displayed by the client application in the archive mailbox. It SHOULD be displayed only in the primary mailbox.

2.2.6 View Definitions

View definitions can be created by the client to make view settings available to the server. These settings consist of column descriptions, including column header names and sizes, groupings, **sort orders (3)**, and an optional restriction (1). The data is stored in several stream (2) properties in an FAI message.

The client and server SHOULD [<15>](#) store certain settings as view definitions. The format of the view definitions, as well as which settings are included, are specified in sections [2.2.6.1](#) through [2.2.6.2](#).

A message that contains view definitions MUST be an FAI message in the folder where the view is used. The message MUST have the following properties set on it, and the value of each property MUST meet the following criteria:

The message has the **PidTagMessageClass** property ([\[MS-OXCMSG\]](#) section 2.2.1.3) set and the value of the property is "IPM.Microsoft.FolderDesign.NamedView".

The message has the **PidTagViewDescriptorVersion** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.1114) set and the value of the property is 0x00000008.

The message has the **PidTagViewDescriptorName** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.1112) set and the value of the property is a non-empty string.

The view definitions MUST be stored as a binary stream (2) in the **PidTagViewDescriptorBinary** property (section [2.2.6.1](#)) of the message. The column headers are stored in the **PidTagViewDescriptorStrings** property (section [2.2.6.2](#)) on the message as strings using the current **code page** of the client. Section [2.2.6.1](#) and section [2.2.6.2](#) specify the packet format of these two properties respectively.

2.2.6.1 PidTagViewDescriptorBinary Property

Type: **PtypBinary** ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

View definitions, as specified in section [2.2.6](#), MUST be stored in the **PidTagViewDescriptorBinary** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.1111) of the message. The property is in binary format, and the packet structure is specified as follows.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
Reserved1																															
...																															
Version																															
ulFlags																															
Pres																															
Cvcd																															
ivcdSort																															
cCat																															
ulCatSort																															
Reserved2																															
...																															
...																															
...																															
...																															
...																															
ColumnInfo (variable)																															
...																															
RestrictionInfo (variable)																															
...																															

Reserved1 (8 bytes): This field MUST exist. The application can fill this field with any value when writing the stream (2). The application MUST ignore the value of this field when reading the stream (2).

Version (4 bytes): This field MUST exist. This is a fixed value of 0x00000008.

ulFlags (4 bytes): This field MUST exist. This specifies the sort order (3) of the sorted column. The value of this field MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
0x00000000	Ascending sort order (3)
0x00000002	Descending sort order (3)

The index of the sorted column is indicated in the **ivcdSort** field in the packet.

Pres (4 bytes): This field MUST exist. This field is filled with arbitrary value by the client and SHOULD NOT be used by the server.

Cvcd (4 bytes): This field MUST exist. This field specifies the number of **ColumnInfo** fields that are stored in this packet.

ivcdSort (4 bytes): This field MUST exist. The value of this field MUST be one of the following:

0 through (**Cvcd**-1): This value is an index into the **ColumnInfo** fields. The table MUST be sorted by that column. The sort order (3), ascending or descending, MUST be specified in the **ulFlags** field.

0xFFFFFFFF: The table MUST be arranged by **conversation**.

cCat (4 bytes): This field MUST exist. This field specifies the number of "group by" columns that are stored in **ColumnInfo** fields. The minimum value for this field is 0. The maximum value is either 4 or the value of the **Cvcd** field, whichever is least.

ulCatSort (4 bytes): This field MUST exist. This field uses bit flags to specify the ascending or descending order of the "group by" columns. The flags are specified as follows. In each case, if the flag is not set, the "group by" column is in descending order.

Flag	Meaning
0x00000001	If this flag is set, the first "group by" column is in ascending order.
0x00000002	If this flag is set, the second "group by" column is in ascending order.
0x00000004	If this flag is set, the third "group by" column is in ascending order.
0x00000008	If this flag is set, the fourth "group by" column is in ascending order.

Reserved2 (24 bytes): This field MUST exist. The application can fill this field with any value when writing the stream (2). The application MUST ignore the value of this field when reading the stream (2).

ColumnInfo (variable): Data type: array of **ColumnPacket** structures, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.1](#). The number of **ColumnPacket** structures contained in this field is indicated by the **Cvcd** field.

This field MUST exist. This is where all the column information is stored, including "blank" column, "group by" columns, "visible" columns, and "order by" column. The count of the columns is specified by the **Cvcd** field in the packet.

The columns are stored in the following sequence in the packet:

The "blank" column: This is a single column that MUST have the following settings.

Field name	Value
PropertyType	0x0001
PropertyID	0x0004
Cx	0x00000007
Flags	0x00000028 (VCDF_BITMAP VCDF_NOT_SORTABLE)
Kind	0x00000000
ID	0x00000004

The "group by" columns: The number of the "group by" columns MUST be stored in **cCat** field in the packet. Each bit in the **ulCatSort** field MUST specify whether the corresponding "group by" column is in ascending or descending order.

The "visible" columns: All columns that MUST be visible to users excluding the "group by" columns.

The "order by" column: If the sorted column is not a "group by" or "visible" column, it MUST be stored here.

RestrictionInfo (variable): Data type: **RestrictionPacket** structure, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.2](#). This field is where the restriction (1) of the table view MUST be stored.

2.2.6.1.1 ColumnPacket

The **ColumnPacket** packet MUST contain the information of a single column, including the property ID, **property type**, and display attributes. The structure of the packet MUST be as follows.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
PropertyType																PropertyID															
Cx																															
Reserved1																															
Flags																															
Reserved2																															

...
...
Kind
ID
Guid
...
...
...
BufferLength
Buffer (variable)
...

PropertyType (2 bytes): This field MUST exist. This field specifies the type of the property, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.3.1](#).

PropertyID (2 bytes): This field MUST exist. This field has the same value as the **ID** field. If the value of the **ID** field does not fit into a **WORD** ([\[MS-DTYP\]](#)), the value MUST be truncated and the two least significant bytes MUST be stored in this field.

Cx (4 bytes): This field MUST exist. This field specifies the column width in pixels.

Reserved1 (4 bytes): This field MUST exist. The application can fill this field with any value when writing the stream (2). The application MUST ignore the value of this field when reading the stream (2).

Flags (4 bytes): This field MUST exist. This field contains column descriptor flags. The bit setting and its meaning are listed in the following table.

Flag name	Value	Meaning
VCDF_RIGHT_JUSTIFY	0x00000001	Column is right justified. This flag is mutually exclusive with the VCDF_CENTER_JUSTIFY flag.
VCDF_CENTER_JUSTIFY	0x00000002	Column is center justified. This flag is mutually exclusive with the VCDF_RIGHT_JUSTIFY flag.
VCDF_BITMAP	0x00000008	Column header is in bitmap format.
VCDF_NOT_SORTABLE	0x00000020	Column is not sortable. This flag is mutually exclusive with the VCDF_SORTDESCENDING flag and the VCDF_SORTDLG flag.

Flag name	Value	Meaning
VCDF_SORTDESCENDING	0x00000040	Column is sorted in descending order. This flag is mutually exclusive with the VCDF_NOT_SORTABLE flag.
VCDF_MOVEABLE	0x00000100	Clients and servers MUST ignore this setting.
VCDF_COLUMNSDLG	0x00000200	Clients and servers MUST ignore this setting.
VCDF_SORTDLG	0x00000400	Column MUST be able to be sorted. This flag is mutually exclusive with the VCDF_NOT_SORTABLE flag.
VCDF_GROUPDLG	0x00000800	Column MUST be able to be grouped.
VCDF_NAMEDPROP	0x00001000	The optional Guid field MUST be included in the packet. If Kind is KindString, then the BufferLength and Buffer fields MUST also be included in the packet.
VCDF_RCOLUMNSDLG	0x00002000	Clients and servers MUST ignore this setting.
VCDF_MULTIVALUED	0x00004000	Specifies whether the column PropertyType field MUST include the VCDF_MULTIVALUED flag ([MS-OXCDATA] section 2.11.1.3).

Reserved2 (12 bytes): This field MUST exist. The application can fill this field with any value when writing the stream (2). The application MUST ignore the value of this field when reading the stream (2).

Kind (4 bytes): This field MUST exist. The field contains one of the following values.

Value name	Value	Meaning
KindID	0x00000000	The property uses an integer identifier.
KindString	0x00000001	The property uses a string identifier.

ID (4 bytes): This field MUST exist. If the **VCDF_NAMEDPROP** flag is not set in the **Flags** field, this field contains the property ID of the column. If the **VCDF_NAMEDPROP** flag is set in the **Flags** field, and the value of the **Kind** field is "KindID", this field contains the integer ID that MUST be used with the **RopGetPropertyIdsFromNames remote operation (ROP)** ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.8.1) to translate the **named property** into a property ID. If the **VCDF_NAMEDPROP** flag is set and the value of **Kind** is "KindString", the application can fill this field with any value when writing the stream (2) and MUST ignore the value of this field when reading the stream (2).

Guid (16 bytes): If the **VCDF_NAMEDPROP** flag is set in the **Flags** field, this field contains the GUID that MUST be used with the **RopGetPropertyIdsFromNames** ROP to translate the named property into a property ID. If the **VCDF_NAMEDPROP** flag is not set, the application MUST omit this field.

BufferLength (4 bytes): If the **VCDF_NAMEDPROP** flag is set in the **Flags** field and the value of the **Kind** field is "KindString", this field contains the length of the **Buffer** field in bytes, including the Unicode terminating null character (0x0000). Otherwise, the application MUST omit this field.

Buffer (variable): If the **VCDF_NAMEDPROP** flag is set in the **Flags** field and the value of the **Kind** field is "KindString", this field contains the Unicode string that **MUST** be used with the **RopGetPropertyIdsFromNames** property to translate the named property into a property ID. Otherwise, the application **MUST** omit this field. This field includes a Unicode terminating null character (0x0000).

2.2.6.1.2 RestrictionPacket

Restrictions are used to evaluate the content table of the folder. Only those rows that evaluate to a value of **TRUE** **MUST** be displayed.

The restrictions (1) are stored using a special format, which is different from the format specified for a restriction (1) in [\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.12. The packet starts from a single **RestrictionBlock** buffer. When the restriction type indicates a compositional condition, for example **AND** or **OR**, more restriction blocks **MUST** follow after the current restriction block. A restriction (1) is a packet recursively built up by the **RestrictionBlock** structure. To determine the size of the restriction (1), the application parses each **RestrictionBlock** structure recursively if necessary.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
RestrictionBlock (variable)																															
...																															

RestrictionBlock (variable): Data type: **RestrictionBlock** structure, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.3](#). This field contains the restriction type. From the restriction type, it can be determined whether it contains subrestrictions and the number of subrestrictions that it contains. The server parses each **RestrictionBlock** structure recursively, if necessary, to complete reading one restriction block.

2.2.6.1.3 RestrictionBlock

Each restriction block **MUST** contain the type of condition. Based on the type, the data record, **property tags**, and property values can be determined. If the type is **AND**, **OR**, **NOT**, **subject**, and Comment, more subrestrictions **MUST** follow this restriction block.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
RestrictionType																															
RestrictionData																															
...																															
...																															
PropValueNum																															

PropValue (variable)
...

RestrictionType (4 bytes): This field specifies which condition is in use. The following table specifies all available restriction types.

Restriction name	Value	Meaning
RES_AND	0x00000000	Specifies a Logical AND condition.
RES_OR	0x00000001	Specifies a Logical OR condition.
RES_NOT	0x00000002	Specifies a Logical NOT condition.
RES_CONTENT	0x00000003	Content condition.
RES_PROPERTY	0x00000004	Specifies a property condition.
RES_COMPAREPROPS	0x00000005	Specifies a Compare properties condition.
RES_BITMASK	0x00000006	Specifies a Bit Mask condition.
RES_SIZE	0x00000007	Specifies a Size condition.
RES_EXIST	0x00000008	Specifies an Exist condition.
RES_SUBRESTRICTION	0x00000009	Specifies a SubObject condition.
RES_COMMENT	0x0000000A	Specifies a Comment condition.

RestrictionData (12 bytes): This field specifies the actual data record that is associated with the restriction type. The content of this structure varies based on the restriction type. Each restriction type and its corresponding data structure are specified in sections [2.2.6.1.3.1](#) through [2.2.6.1.3.12](#).

PropValueNum (4 bytes): This field can be present, depending on the restriction type. If it is present, it specifies the number of **PropValue** fields that follow. For details, see sections [2.2.6.1.3.1](#) through section [2.2.6.1.3.12](#). This field SHOULD NOT exist unless otherwise specified for each restriction type.

PropValue (variable): Data type: **PropValue** structure, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.3.1](#).

The **PropValue** field can be present, depending on the restriction type. If it is present, this field MUST appear the number of times specified in the **PropValueNum** field. This field SHOULD NOT exist unless otherwise specified for each restriction type.

2.2.6.1.3.1 PropValue

Each **RestrictionBlock** structure can contain one or more **PropValue** fields. The **PropValue** field MUST use the following format:

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
PropertyType																PropertyID															
Reserved																															
Data																															
...																															
Buffer (variable)																															
...																															

PropertyType (2 bytes): This field specifies the type of the property. The property type MUST be one of the following. The property types are specified in [\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1.

Property type name	Type ID
PtypInteger16	0x0002
PtypInteger32	0x0003
PtypFloating32	0x0004
PtypFloating64	0x0005
PtypCurrency	0x0006
PtypFloatingTime	0x0007
PtypErrorCode	0x000A
PtypBoolean	0x000B
PtypInteger64	0x0014
PtypString	0x001E
PtypTime	0x0040
PtypGuid	0x0048
PtypBinary	0x0102

PropertyID (2 bytes): This field specifies the ID of the property.

Reserved (4 bytes): The application can fill this field with any value when writing the stream (2). The application MUST ignore the value of this field when reading the stream (2).

Data (8 bytes): The format of this field depends on the property type specified in the **PropertyType** field. The value is read from the beginning of the field. In cases where the size of the data is less than the size of the **Data** field, the remaining bits MUST be ignored. The following table lists the size and format of the value by property type.

Property type name	Value size	Value format
PtypInteger16	2 bytes	Signed integer
PtypInteger32	4 bytes	Signed integer
PtypFloating32	4 bytes	Floating point number
PtypFloating64	8 bytes	Floating point number
PtypCurrency	8 bytes	Signed integer
PtypFloatingTime	8 bytes	Floating point number
PtypErrorCode	4 bytes	SCODE error code
PtypBoolean	2 bytes	WORD
PtypInteger64	8 bytes	Signed integer
PtypString8	0 bytes	Note The application MUST store the string value separately in the PidTagViewDescriptorStrings property, as specified in section 2.2.6.2 .
PtypTime	8 bytes	Unsigned integer
PtypGuid	0 bytes	
PtypBinary	4 bytes	Unsigned integer

Buffer (variable): This field MUST exist only when the property type encoded in the **PropertyType** field is **PtypBinary**. The **Buffer** field contains an arbitrary binary stream (2). The size of the stream (2) is specified as a number of bytes in the **Size** field within the **Data** field.

2.2.6.1.3.2 Logical AND Condition

The Logical AND condition is used to join a group of two or more conditions by using a logical **AND** operation. The result of the **AND** condition is true if all of the child conditions evaluate to true. The result is false if any child condition evaluates to false.

The **RestrictionBlock** structure of this restriction type MUST use the following format:

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
RestrictionType: RES_AND																															
cRes																															
Reserved																															
...																															

SubCondition
...
...
SubCondition
...

RestrictionType (4 bytes): RES_AND

cRes (4 bytes): Specifies the number of conditions that make up the AND condition. Each subcondition is stored in a RestrictionBlock, and all subconditions are stored sequentially in the packet.

Reserved (8 bytes): The application can fill this field with any value when writing the stream (2). The application MUST ignore the value of this field when reading the stream (2).

SubCondition (12 bytes): Data type: **RestrictionBlock** structure, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.3](#). This field specifies subconditions that make up the **AND** condition.

SubCondition (8 bytes): Data type: **RestrictionBlock** structure, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.3](#). This field specifies subconditions that make up the **AND** condition.

2.2.6.1.3.3 Logical OR Condition

The Logical OR condition is used to join a group of two or more conditions by using a logical **OR** operation. The result of the OR condition is true if any of the child conditions evaluates to true. The result is false if all child conditions evaluate to false.

The **RestrictionBlock** structure of this restriction type MUST use the following format.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3	0	1
RestrictionType																																		
cRes																																		
Reserved																																		
...																																		
SubCondition																																		
...																																		
...																																		

SubCondition
...

RestrictionType (4 bytes): RES_OR. This field specifies the number of conditions that make up the OR condition.

cRes (4 bytes): This field specifies the number of conditions that make up the OR condition.

Reserved (8 bytes): The application can fill this field with any value when writing the stream (2). The application MUST ignore the value of this field when reading the stream (2).

SubCondition (12 bytes): Data type: **RestrictionBlock** structure, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.3](#). This field specifies subconditions that make up the OR condition.

SubCondition (8 bytes): Data type: **RestrictionBlock** structure, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.3](#). This field specifies subconditions that make up the OR condition.

2.2.6.1.3.4 Logical NOT Condition

The Logical NOT condition is used to apply a logical **NOT** operation to one child condition. The result is TRUE if the child condition evaluates to FALSE and FALSE otherwise.

The **RestrictionBlock** structure of this restriction type MUST use the following format.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
RestrictionType																															
Reserved																															
...																															
...																															
SubCondition																															
...																															
...																															

RestrictionType (4 bytes): RES_NOT

Reserved (12 bytes): The application can fill this field with any value when writing the stream (2). The application MUST ignore the value of this field when reading the stream (2).

SubCondition (12 bytes): Data type: **RestrictionBlock** structure, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.3](#). This field specifies a single subcondition that makes up the NOT condition.

2.2.6.1.3.5 Content Condition

The Content condition is used to search properties that have contents that match a search string.

The **RestrictionBlock** structure of this restriction type MUST use the following format.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
RestrictionType																															
ulFuzzyLevel																															
PropertyType																PropertyID															
Reserved																															
PropValueNum																															
PropValue																															

RestrictionType (4 bytes): RES_CONTENT

ulFuzzyLevel (4 bytes): This field specifies flags that control the behavior of the string comparisons that are used to evaluate the restriction (1). The lower 16 bits of the fuzzy level are mutually exclusive. All possible values for this field are listed in the following table.

Flag name	Value	Meaning
FL_FULLSTRING	0x00000000	To match, the search string MUST be the same as the value of the property.
FL_SUBSTRING	0x00000001	To match, the search string MUST be contained anywhere within the property.
FL_PREFIX	0x00000002	To match, the search string MUST appear at the beginning of the property. The two strings MUST be compared only up to the length of the search.

The upper 16 bits of the fuzzy level can be set to the following values, and can be combined using the logical OR operation.

Flag name	Value	Meaning
FL_IGNORECASE	0x00010000	The comparison MUST be made without considering the case.
FL_IGNORENONSPACE	0x00020000	The comparison MUST ignore Unicode-defined nonspacing characters.
FL_LOOSE	0x00040000	The comparison can result in a match whenever possible, ignoring case and nonspacing characters. The interpretation of this flag is left at the discretion of the

Flag name	Value	Meaning
		algorithm that implements the restriction (1).

PropertyType (2 bytes): This field specifies the type of the property, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.3](#).

PropertyID (2 bytes): This field specifies the ID of the property, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.3](#).

Reserved (4 bytes): The application can fill this field with any value when writing the stream (2). The application MUST ignore the value of this field when reading the stream (2).

PropValueNum (4 bytes): This field is specified in section [2.2.6.1.3](#). This field MUST exist in this type of restriction (1), and the value MUST be 0x00000001.

PropValue (4 bytes): Data type: **PropValue** structure, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.3](#). This field appears exactly once in this type of restriction (1).

2.2.6.1.3.6 Property Condition

The property condition is used to compare the value of a property with a constant.

The **RestrictionBlock** structure of this restriction type MUST use the following format.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
RestrictionType																															
RelOp																															
PropertyType																PropertyID															
Reserved																															
PropValueNum																															
PropValue																															

RestrictionType (4 bytes): RES_PROPERTY

RelOp (4 bytes): This field specifies the relational operator to be used in the search. The value MUST be one of the following.

Relational operator name	Value	Meaning
RELOP_LT	0x00000000	The condition evaluates to TRUE if the value of the property is less than the constant value.
RELOP_LE	0x00000001	The condition evaluates to TRUE if the value of the property is less than or equal to the constant value.

Relational operator name	Value	Meaning
RELOP_GT	0x00000002	The condition evaluates to TRUE if the value of the property is greater than the constant value.
RELOP_GE	0x00000003	The condition evaluates to TRUE if the value of the property is greater than or equal to the constant value.
RELOP_EQ	0x00000004	The condition evaluates to TRUE if the value of the property is equal to the constant value.
RELOP_NE	0x00000005	The condition evaluates to TRUE if the value of the property is not equal to the constant value.

PropertyType (2 bytes): This field specifies the type of the property, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.3](#).

PropertyID (2 bytes): This field specifies the ID of the property, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.3](#).

Reserved (4 bytes): The application can fill this field with any value when writing the stream (2). The application MUST ignore the value of this field when reading the stream (2).

PropValueNum (4 bytes): This field is specified in section [2.2.6.1.3](#). This field MUST exist in this type of restriction (1), and the value MUST be 0x00000001.

PropValue (4 bytes): Data type: **PropValue** structure, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.3](#). This field appears exactly once in this type of restriction (1).

2.2.6.1.3.7 Compare Properties Condition

The Compare properties condition is used to compare the values of two properties by using a relational operator.

The **RestrictionBlock** structure of this restriction type MUST use the following format:

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3	0	1
RestrictionType																																		
RelOp																																		
PropertyType1																PropertyID1																		
PropertyType2																PropertyID2																		

RestrictionType (4 bytes): This field MUST be set to **RES_COMPAREPROPS** (section [2.2.6.1.3](#)).

RelOp (4 bytes): This field specifies the relational operator that is to be used in the search, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.3.6](#).

PropertyType1 (2 bytes): This field specifies the type of the first property, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.3.1](#).

PropertyID1 (2 bytes): This field specifies the ID of the first property, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.3.1](#).

PropertyType2 (2 bytes): This field specifies the type of the second property, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.3.1](#). The type of the second property **MUST** match the type of the first property.

PropertyID2 (2 bytes): This field specifies the ID of the second property, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.3.1](#).

2.2.6.1.3.8 Bit Mask Condition

The Bit Mask condition is used to perform a bitwise **AND** operation on the value of the property and to test the result produced by the operation.

The **RestrictionBlock** structure of this restriction type **MUST** use the following format.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
RestrictionType																															
RelOp																															
PropertyType																PropertyID															
Mask																															

RestrictionType (4 bytes): This field **MUST** be set to **RES_BITMASK** (section [2.2.6.1.3](#)).

RelOp (4 bytes): This field specifies the relational operator that is to be used in the search. The value **MUST** be one of the following.

Relational operator name	Value	Meaning
BMR_EQZ	0x00000000	Perform a bitwise AND operation between the value of the Mask field and the value of the property identified by the PropertyID and PropertyType fields. The comparison returns TRUE if the result of the operation is zero.
BMR_NEZ	0x00000001	Perform a bitwise AND operation between the value of the Mask field and the value of the property identified by the PropertyID and PropertyType fields. The comparison returns TRUE if the result of the operation is not zero.

PropertyType (2 bytes): This field specifies the type of the property, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.3.1](#).

PropertyID (2 bytes): This field specifies the ID of the property, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.3.1](#).

Mask (4 bytes): This field specifies the bitmask that the application MUST use in a bitwise **AND** operation with the value of the property when performing the search.

2.2.6.1.3.9 Size Condition

The Size condition is used to test the size of a property value.

The **RestrictionBlock** structure of this restriction type MUST use the following format.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3	0	1
RestrictionType																																		
RelOp																																		
PropertyType																PropertyID																		
Size																																		

RestrictionType (4 bytes): This field MUST be set to **RES_SIZE** (section [2.2.6.1.3](#)).

RelOp (4 bytes): This field specifies the relational operator that is to be used in the search, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.3.6](#).

PropertyType (2 bytes): This field specifies the type of the property, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.3.1](#).

PropertyID (2 bytes): This field specifies the ID of the property, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.3.1](#).

Size (4 bytes): This field specifies the size, in bytes, that MUST be compared with the size of the value of this property when performing the search.

2.2.6.1.3.10 Exist Condition

The Exist condition is used to test whether a particular property exists on a message.

The **RestrictionBlock** structure of this restriction type MUST use the following format.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3	0	1
RestrictionType																																		
Reserved1																																		
PropertyType																PropertyID																		

Reserved2

RestrictionType (4 bytes): This field MUST be set to **RES_EXIST** (section [2.2.6.1.3](#)).

Reserved1 (4 bytes): The application can fill this field with any value when writing the stream (2). The application MUST ignore the value of this field when reading the stream (2).

PropertyType (2 bytes): This field specifies the type of the property, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.3.1](#).

PropertyID (2 bytes): This field specifies the ID of the property, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.3.1](#).

Reserved2 (4 bytes): The application can fill this field with any value when writing the stream (2). The application MUST ignore the value of this field when reading the stream (2).

2.2.6.1.3.11 SubObject Condition

The SubObject condition is used to test properties on the attachment or **recipient table** of a message.

The **RestrictionBlock** structure of this restriction type MUST use the following format.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
RestrictionType																															
SubObject																															
Reserved																															
...																															
SubCondition																															
...																															
...																															

RestrictionType (4 bytes): This field MUST be set to **RES_SUBCONDITION** (section [2.2.6.1.3](#)).

SubObject (4 bytes): The application MUST use one of the following values for this field.

Value	Meaning
0x0E12000D	Apply the condition to the recipient table of a message.
0x0E13000D	Apply the condition to the attachments table of a message.

Reserved (8 bytes): The application can fill this field with any value when writing the stream (2). The application MUST ignore the value of this field when reading the stream (2).

SubCondition (12 bytes): Data type: **RestrictionBlock** structure, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.3](#). This field specifies a single subcondition that makes up the SubObject condition.

2.2.6.1.3.12 Comment Condition

Comment conditions are unlike other conditions because the conditions are not evaluated, they are only used for reference by the application. The comment condition is used to keep additional application-specific information with the restriction (1) in the form of an arbitrary list of property tag and value pairs.

The **RestrictionBlock** structure of this restriction type MUST use the following format.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
RestrictionType																															
cValues																															
Reserved																															
...																															
PropValueNum																															
PropValue																															
...																															
...																															
PropValue																															
...																															
...																															
...																															
SubCondition																															
...																															
...																															

RestrictionType (4 bytes): This field MUST be set to **RES_COMMENT** (section [2.2.6.1.3](#)).

cValues (4 bytes): This field MUST have the same value as the **PropValueNum** field.

Reserved (8 bytes): The application can fill this field with any value when writing the stream (2). The application MUST ignore the value of this field when reading the stream (2).

PropValueNum (4 bytes): This field is specified in section [2.2.6.1.3](#). This field MUST exist in this type of restriction (1).

PropValue (12 bytes): Data type: **PropValue** structure, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.3](#).

This field occurs the number of times specified in the **PropValueNum** field, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.3](#).

PropValue (16 bytes): Data type: **PropValue** structure, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.3](#).

This field occurs the number of times specified in the **PropValueNum** field, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.3](#).

SubCondition (12 bytes): Data type: **RestrictionBlock** structure, as specified in section [2.2.6.1.1](#).

This field specifies a single subcondition that makes up the comment condition.

2.2.6.2 PidTagViewDescriptorStrings Property

Type: **PtypBinary** ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The client MUST store the display strings referenced in the **PidTagViewDescriptorBinary** property (section [2.2.6.1](#)) separately in the **PidTagViewDescriptorStrings** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.1113). The client MUST concatenate the strings in the same order in which the strings are referenced in the **PidTagViewDescriptorBinary** property. The first set of strings consists of the **display names** of each of the **ColumnInfo** structures, followed by the value of each **PropValue** structure that uses the **PtypString** property type.

The client MUST use the following binary layout in the **PidTagViewDescriptorStrings** property.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1
String (variable)																															
...																Terminator															

String (variable): This field is an arbitrary length buffer that contains a string. Clients SHOULD format the string using the current code page of the client. The application MUST NOT include the byte value 0x0A00, which corresponds to the newline character, in the string.

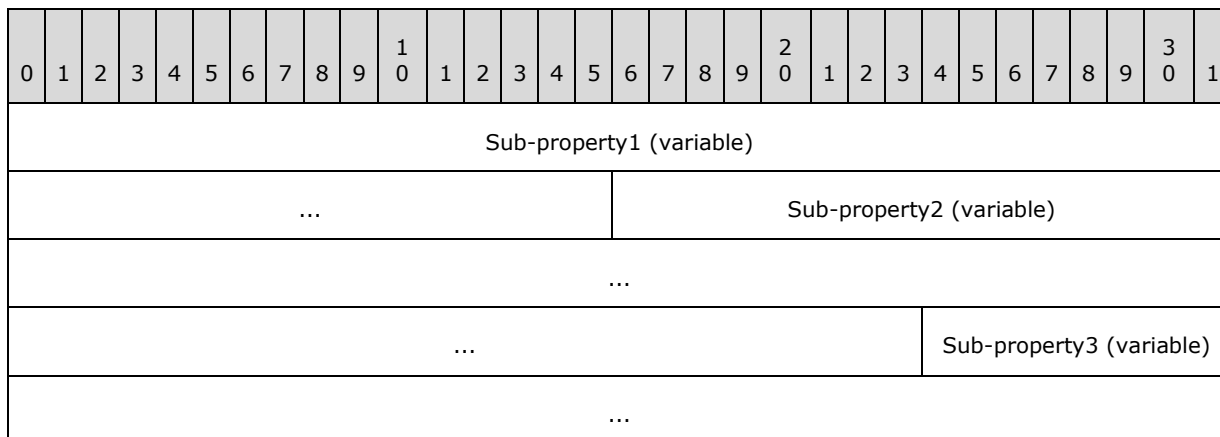
Terminator (2 bytes): This field contains the value 0x0A00. The application MUST include a **Terminator** field after every **String** field, including the last **String** field in the stream (2).

2.2.7 Folder Flags

Folder flags consist of a collection of small properties packed into a single binary property on a folder. The primary purpose of the folder flags is to store Boolean flags that affect the folder's display options.

The folder flags can also be used to store additional properties, such as a unique identifier for the folder that can be used to associate it with a specific feature or with a description of that folder that has been saved elsewhere.

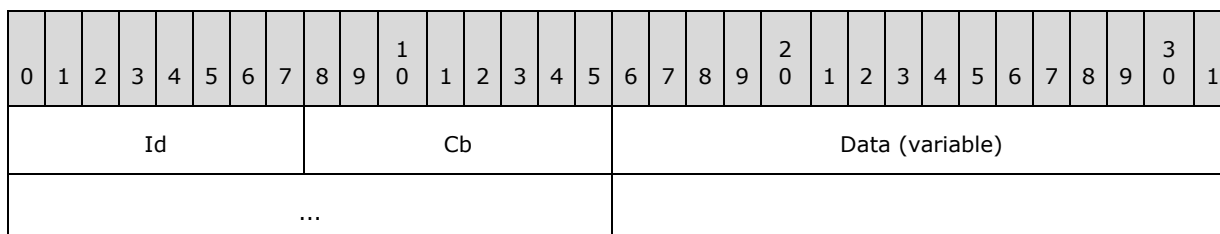
The **PidTagExtendedFolderFlags** property ([\[MS-OXOSRCH\]](#) section 2.2.2.1.2) can be set on a folder. If the property is set, the value of this property MUST be a binary stream (2) that contains encoded **subproperties** for the folder. The format of the binary stream (2) MUST be as follows.



The binary stream (2) is divided into variable-length subproperty fields. The subproperty fields are byte-aligned within the binary stream (2). Each subproperty MUST be encoded as specified in section [2.2.7.1](#).

2.2.7.1 Sub-property

The sub-property fields for folder flags specified in section [2.2.7.1](#) have the following format.



Id (1 byte): The subproperty ID value. The value of this field SHOULD be one of the following. All other values of the **Id** field are reserved and MUST be ignored by the application. If the application needs to rewrite the **PidTagExtendedFolderFlags** property ([\[MS-OXOSRCH\]](#) section 2.2.2.1.2) with different values for the subproperties that it does understand, it MUST preserve the values of any subproperties that it did not understand. Each valid subproperty ID MUST appear 0 to 1 times in the **PidTagExtendedFolderFlags** property. The subproperties can appear in any order within the the **PidTagExtendedFolderFlags** property stream (2).

Flag name	Value	Data format
Invalid	0x00	As specified in section 2.2.7.1.1 .
ExtendedFlags	0x01	As specified in section 2.2.7.1.2 .
SearchFolderID	0x02	As specified in section 2.2.7.1.3 .

Flag name	Value	Data format
SearchFolderTag	0x03	As specified in [MS-OXOSRCH].
Reserved	0x04	N/A
ToDoFolderVersion	0x05	As specified in section 2.2.7.1.4 .
Reserved	0x06	N/A

Cb (1 byte): This field specifies the unsigned size, in bytes, of the **Data** field of the subproperty.

Data (variable): This field contains the value of the subproperty. This field **MUST** be a variable-length buffer. Because the size is specified in a single unsigned byte in the **Cb** field, the minimum size of the buffer is 0 bytes and the maximum size is 255 bytes. The interpretation of this field is specified in the table earlier in this section.

2.2.7.1.1 Invalid

If the **Id** field is set to **Invalid**, the value of the **Data** field is invalid. The application **MUST NOT** use it.

2.2.7.1.2 ExtendedFlags

If the **Id** field is set to **ExtendedFlags**, the value of the **Data** field is in the following format. If the subproperty does not exist, or if the **PidTagExtendedFolderFlags** property ([\[MS-OXOSRCH\]](#) section 2.2.2.1.2) is not set on the folder, each flag **SHOULD** assume the specified default value.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31				
r1		a	r2			b		r3																											

r1 (2 bits): Reserved. The application can set these flags to any value when writing the subproperty. The application **MUST** ignore these flags when reading the subproperty, but it **MUST** preserve preexisting values if it rewrites the subproperty.

a (1 bit): If the folder is subject to an administrative Retention Policy, this flag controls whether the application displays a string that describes the policy. The possible values are listed in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0	The application SHOULD <16> display a policy description. This is the default value.
1	The application MUST NOT display a policy description.

r2 (3 bits): Reserved. The application can set these flags to any value when writing the subproperty. The application **MUST** ignore these flags when reading the subproperty, but it **MUST** preserve preexisting values if it rewrites the subproperty.

b (2 bits): These 2 bits control whether the application **SHOULD** display the total number of messages in the folder or only the number of unread messages in the folder. The possible values are listed in the following table.

Value	Meaning
00	The application uses the default value for this folder.
01	The application uses the number of unread messages in the folder. This is the default value for all folders except for the Outbox, Drafts, and Junk E-mail special folders, as specified in [MS-OXOSFLD] .
10	The application uses the total number of messages in the folder. This is the default value for the Outbox, Drafts, and Junk E-mail special folders.
11	This value is invalid. The application MUST NOT use it.

r3 (3 bytes): Reserved. The application can set these flags to any value when writing the subproperty. The application MUST ignore these flags when reading the subproperty, but it MUST preserve preexisting values if it rewrites the subproperty.

2.2.7.1.3 SearchFolderID

If the **Id** field is set to **SearchFolderID**, the value of the **Data** field is a 16-byte field. When the application creates a persistent **search folder (2)**, as specified in [\[MS-OXOSRCH\]](#) section 2.2.1, it MUST set this field on the folder to the same value as the **PidTagSearchFolderId** property ([\[MS-OXOSRCH\]](#) section 2.2.1.2.1) on the message.

2.2.7.1.4 ToDoFolderVersion

If the **Id** field is set to **ToDoFolderVersion**, the value of the **Data** field is a 4-byte field. When the application creates the To-Do Search folder as specified in [\[MS-OXOSFLD\]](#) section 3.1.4.1.2, it MUST be a bitmask that indicates which stream (2) properties exist on the message. The stream (2) types, and thus the flags, are not mutually exclusive, which corresponds to the little-endian integer value of 0x000C0000.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3	0	1	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

2.2.8 Conversation Actions

Conversation actions are a limited set of **actions (3)** that a user applies to all E-mail objects, currently in the **store** or delivered in the future, that share the same value of the **PidTagConversationId** property ([\[MS-OXOMSG\]](#) section 2.2.1.2) and thus are part of the same conversation. Unlike **rules (1)**, as specified in [\[MS-OXORULE\]](#), at most one conversation action applies to any given E-mail object, and conversation actions can be automatically deleted after a certain period of disuse.

A conversation action is a combination of any of the following actions (3):

- Ignore
- Stop Ignoring
- Move to Folder
- Move to Store

- Stop Move
- Add Category
- Remove Category
- Clear All Categories

The client and server SHOULD<17> persist conversation action settings in an FAI message in the conversation actions settings special folder, as specified in [\[MS-OXOSFLD\]](#) section 2.2.5.1. The relevant properties of a conversation action FAI message are enumerated in sections [2.2.8.1](#) through [2.2.8.9](#).

2.2.8.1 PidLidConversationActionLastAppliedTime Property

Type: **PtypTime** ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The **PidLidConversationActionLastAppliedTime** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.77) SHOULD<18> be the time (in UTC) that an E-mail object was last received in the conversation or the last time that the user modified the conversation action, whichever occurs later.

2.2.8.2 PidLidConversationActionMaxDeliveryTime Property

Type: **PtypTime** ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The **PidLidConversationActionMaxDeliveryTime** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.78) SHOULD<19> be the maximum value of the **PidTagMessageDeliveryTime** property ([\[MS-OXOMSG\]](#) section 2.2.3.9) of all the E-mail objects modified in response to the last time the user changed a conversation action on the client. If no E-mail objects were changed, this property SHOULD be set to 00:00:00 Apr 1, 1601 (UTC).

2.2.8.3 PidLidConversationActionMoveFolderEid Property

Type: **PtypBinary** ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The **PidLidConversationActionMoveFolderEid** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.79) SHOULD<20> be set based on the action (3) or actions (3) being performed on the conversation, as shown in the following table.

Action on the conversation	Value
Move to Folder (move to a folder in the same store as this FAI message)	The EntryID of that folder
Move to Store (move to a folder in a different store than this FAI message)	The EntryID of that folder
Ignore	Byte array of size zero
None of the above	Not set

2.2.8.4 PidLidConversationActionMoveStoreEid Property

Type: **PtypBinary** ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The **PidLidConversationActionMoveStoreEid** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.80) SHOULD<21> be set based on the action (3) or actions (3) being performed on the conversation, as shown in the following table.

Action on the conversation	Value
Move to Folder (move to a folder in the same store as this FAI message)	Not set
Move to Store (move to a folder in a different store than this FAI message)	The EntryID of that store
Ignore	Not set
None of the above	Not set

2.2.8.5 PidLidConversationActionVersion Property

Type: **PtypInteger32** ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The **PidLidConversationActionVersion** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.81) SHOULD<22> be set to the version of the conversation action FAI message, as specified in section 2.2.8. The format of the value of this property MUST be as follows.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
MajorVersion											MinorVersion																				

MajorVersion (12 bits): This field indicates the version compatibility of the conversation action FAI message. It MUST be set to 0x004.

MinorVersion (20 bits): This value is implementation-specific and can be set to any value. It SHOULD indicate the version of the client or server that last modified the conversation action FAI message.

2.2.8.6 PidNameKeywords Property

Type: **PtypMultipleString** ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

If this conversation is being categorized, the **PidNameKeywords** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.487) SHOULD<23> be set to the list of categories (3) that are being set on incoming E-mail objects in the conversation. Otherwise, this property SHOULD NOT be set.

2.2.8.7 PidTagConversationIndex Property

Type: **PtypBinary** ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The **PidTagConversationIndex** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.710) SHOULD<24> be set to a 22-byte array as specified below.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
IndexPrefix																															
...											ConversationID																				

...
...
...
...

IndexPrefix (6 bytes): This field MUST be set to 0x010000000000.

ConversationID (16 bytes): This field MUST be set to the value of the **PidTagConversationId** property ([\[MS-OXOMSG\]](#) section 2.2.1.2) shared by all the E-mail objects in the conversation.

2.2.8.8 PidTagMessageClass Property

Type: **PtypString** ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The **PidTagMessageClass** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.843) SHOULD [<25>](#) be set to "IPM.ConversationAction".

2.2.8.9 PidTagSubject Property

Type: **PtypString** ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The **PidTagSubject** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.1086) SHOULD [<26>](#) be set and can be set to a human-readable value to help correlate this FAI message to the E-mail objects in the conversation. [<27>](#)

2.2.9 Navigation Shortcuts

Navigation shortcuts are objects that contain identifying information to locate a folder in a store. Clients can use navigation shortcuts to provide quick access to particular folders via the client's user interface.

Navigation shortcuts are stored as FAI messages, as specified in [\[MS-OXCMSG\]](#), in the Common Views folder, as specified in [\[MS-OXOSFLD\]](#), within a message database.

These messages possess additional properties that describe navigation shortcuts. These properties are described in sections [2.2.9.1](#) through [2.2.9.19](#). [<28>](#)

2.2.9.1 PidTagMessageClass Property

Type: **PtypString** ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The **PidTagMessageClass** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.843) identifies the message as a navigation shortcut message, as specified in section [2.2.9](#). The value is "IPM.Microsoft.WunderBar.Link".

2.2.9.2 PidTagNormalizedSubject Property

Type: **PtypString** ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The **PidTagNormalizedSubject** property ([MS-OXPROPS] section 2.864) specifies the display name of the navigation shortcut, as specified in section 2.2.9.

2.2.9.3 PidTagWlinkGroupHeaderID Property

Type: **PtypGuid** ([MS-OXCDATA] section 2.11.1)

The **PidTagWlinkGroupHeaderID** property ([MS-OXPROPS] section 2.1127) specifies the ID of the navigation shortcut, as specified in section 2.2.9, that groups other navigation shortcuts. This property SHOULD be set only when the value of the **PidTagWlinkType** property (section 2.2.9.5) is **wblHeader**.

2.2.9.4 PidTagWlinkSaveStamp Property

Type: **PtypInteger32** ([MS-OXCDATA] section 2.11.1)

The **PidTagWlinkSaveStamp** property ([MS-OXPROPS] section 2.1132) specifies an integer that allows a client to identify with a high probability whether the navigation shortcut, as specified in section 2.2.9, was saved by the current client session. When writing a navigation shortcut, the client writes the Session ID, as specified in section 3.1.3.1, as the value for this property.

2.2.9.5 PidTagWlinkType Property

Type: **PtypInteger32** ([MS-OXCDATA] section 2.11.1)

The **PidTagWlinkType** property ([MS-OXPROPS] section 2.1135) specifies the type of navigation shortcut, as specified in section 2.2.9. The valid values of this property are as follows.

Value	Value name	Meaning
0x00000000	wblNormalFolder	The shortcut points to a folder other than a search folder (2), group header shortcut, or a folder owned by a different user.
0x00000001	wblSearchFolder	The shortcut points to a search folder (2).
0x00000002	wblSharedFolder	The shortcut points to a folder that is owned by a different user.
0x00000004	wblHeader	The shortcut points to the group header shortcut.

2.2.9.6 PidTagWlinkFlags Property

Type: **PtypInteger32** ([MS-OXCDATA] section 2.11.1)

The **PidTagWlinkFlags** property ([MS-OXPROPS] section 2.1124) is a bit field in which each bit SHOULD be set to 1 if the associated condition in the following table applies and to 0 otherwise. The possible bit values are as follows.

Value	Flag name	Meaning
0x00000001	sipPublicFolder	Shortcut points to a server public folder .
0x00000004	sipImapFolder	Shortcut points to a folder that is accessed via the Internet Message Access Protocol - Version 4 (IMAP4) .
0x00000008	sipWebDavFolder	Shortcut points to a folder that is accessed via the Web Distributed Authoring and Versioning Protocol (WebDAV) .

Value	Flag name	Meaning
0x00000010	sipSharePointFolder	Shortcut points to a folder that is accessed via SharePoint Products and Technologies.
0x00000020	sipRootFolder	Shortcut points to a Root folder (interpersonal messaging subtree) .
0x00000100	sipSharedOut	Shortcut points to a folder that has been shared with other users. This value can be used to display a visual indicator and does not set any permissions .
0x00000200	sipSharedIn	Shortcut points to a folder that is owned by another user. This value can be used to display a visual indicator and does not set any permissions.
0x00000400	sipPersonFolder	Shortcut points to a folder that belongs to another user.
0x00000800	sipiCal	Shortcut points to a folder that accesses data from an iCalendar data source (see [MS-OXCICAL]).
0x00001000	sipOverlay	Shortcut points to a Calendar folder . The contents of the Calendar folder, if displayed with other calendars , are merged into one calendar and the ordering determined by the PidTagWlinkOrdinal property (section 2.2.9.7). Merging is purely a display; no objects are created or moved between folders.
0x00002000	sipOneOffName	Shortcut has been renamed such that the value of the PidTagNormalizedSubject property (section 2.2.9.2) of the shortcut does not match the value of the PidTagNormalizedSubject property of the folder, or the shortcut is a group header and has been renamed from the default value.

All bits not specified in the above table are reserved. They MUST be ignored, but if set, they are to be preserved.

2.2.9.7 PidTagWlinkOrdinal Property

Type: **PtypBinary** ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The **PidTagWlinkOrdinal** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.1129) specifies a variable-length binary property that SHOULD be used to sort shortcuts lexicographically. For example, to insert a shortcut C between shortcut A with the one-byte ordinal value of 128 and shortcut B with the one-byte ordinal value of 129, shortcut C can be assigned the two-byte ordinal 128, 128. The final byte of this property MUST NOT be 0 or 255 to ensure shortcuts can always be inserted before and after other shortcuts.

2.2.9.8 PidTagWlinkEntryId Property

Type: **PtypBinary** ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The **PidTagWlinkEntryId** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.1123) specifies the EntryID of the folder pointed to by the shortcut.

2.2.9.9 PidTagWlinkRecordKey Property

Type: **PtypBinary** ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The **PidTagWlinkRecordKey** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.1130) specifies the value of the **PidTagRecordKey** property ([\[MS-OXCPRPT\]](#) section 2.2.1.8) of the folder pointed to by the shortcut.

2.2.9.10 PidTagWlinkStoreEntryId Property

Type: ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The **PidTagWlinkStoreEntryId** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.1134) specifies the value of the **PidTagStoreEntryId** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.1080) of the folder pointed to by the shortcut.

2.2.9.11 PidTagWlinkFolderType Property

Type: **PtypGuid** ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The **PidTagWlinkFolderType** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.1125) specifies the type of folder pointed to by the shortcut. The possible values are listed in the following table.

Value	Value name	Meaning
{0x00780600, 0x0000, 0x0000, {0xC0, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x46}}	CLSID_MailFolder	The folder is a mail folder.
{0x02780600, 0x0000, 0x0000, {0xC0, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x46}}	CLSID_CalendarFolder	The folder is a Calendar folder.
{0x01780600, 0x0000, 0x0000, {0xC0, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x46}}	CLSID_ContactFolder	The folder is a Contact folder.
{0x03780600, 0x0000, 0x0000, {0xC0, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x46}}	CLSID_TaskFolder	The folder is a Task folder.
{0x04780600, 0x0000, 0x0000, {0xC0, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x46}}	CLSID_NoteFolder	The folder is a Note folder.
{0x08780600, 0x0000, 0x0000, {0xC0, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x46}}	CLSID_JournalFolder	The folder is a Journal folder.

2.2.9.12 PidTagWlinkGroupClsid Property

Type: **PtypGuid** ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The **PidTagWlinkGroupClsid** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.1126) specifies the value of the **PidTagWlinkGroupHeaderID** property (section [2.2.9.3](#)) of the group header associated with the shortcut.

2.2.9.13 PidTagWlinkGroupName Property

Type: **PtypString** ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The **PidTagWlinkGroupName** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.1128) specifies the value of the **PidTagNormalizedSubject** property (section [2.2.9.2](#)) of the group header associated with the shortcut.

2.2.9.14 PidTagWlinkSection Property

Type: **PtypInteger32** ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The **PidTagWlinkSection** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.1133) specifies the section where the shortcut can be grouped. The possible values are listed in the following table.

Value	Value name	Meaning
0x00000001	wbsidMailFavorites	Shortcut is grouped under Mail.
0x00000002	NA	NA
0x00000003	wbsidCalendar	Shortcut is grouped under Calendar.
0x00000004	wbsidContacts	Shortcut is grouped under Contacts.
0x00000005	wbsidTasks	Shortcut is grouped under Tasks.
0x00000006	wbsidNotes	Shortcut is grouped under Notes.
0x00000007	wbsidJournal	Shortcut is grouped under Journal.

2.2.9.15 PidTagWlinkCalendarColor Property

Type: **PtypInteger32** ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The **PidTagWlinkCalendarColor** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.1121) specifies the background color of the calendar. The RGB values listed in the following table can be used.

Value	Color (R, G, B)
-1	Automatic (determined by implementation)
0	141, 174, 217
1	156, 191, 139
2	209, 149, 170
3	176, 182, 190
4	176, 182, 190
5	140, 140, 215
6	141, 193, 157
7	211, 150, 150
8	186, 186, 137
9	174, 153, 216

Value	Color (R, G, B)
10	195, 176, 141
11	139, 191, 174
12	144, 182, 200
13	255, 223, 134
14	150, 169, 209

2.2.9.16 PidTagWlinkAddressBookEID Property

Type: **PtypBinary** ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The **PidTagWlinkAddressBookEID** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.1119) specifies the value of the **PidTagEntryId** property ([\[MS-OXCPerm\]](#) section 2.2.1.4) of the user that the folder belongs to, as specified in [\[MS-OXOABK\]](#) section 2.2.3.2. This property SHOULD [<29>](#) be set on calendar shortcuts.

2.2.9.17 PidTagWlinkAddressBookStoreEID Property

Type: **PtypBinary** ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The **PidTagWlinkAddressBookStoreEID** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.1120) specifies the value of the **PidTagStoreEntryId** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.1080) of the current user (not the owner of the folder). This property SHOULD [<30>](#) be set on calendar shortcuts.

2.2.9.18 PidTagWlinkClientID Property

Type: **PtypGuid** ([\[MS-OXCData\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The **PidTagWlinkClientID** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.1122) specifies the Client ID that allows the client to determine whether the shortcut was created on the current machine or by the currently logged-in user via an equality test. The ID is specified in section [3.1.3.1](#). If this property is set, the client SHOULD [<31>](#) compare the value of this property to the Client ID and display the shortcut only if the **GUIDs** match.

2.2.9.19 PidTagWlinkROGroupType Property

Type: **PtypInteger32** ([\[MS-OXCData\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The **PidTagWlinkROGroupType** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.1131) specifies the type of group header. If the property does not exist, the client SHOULD [<32>](#) assume a value of -1. The possible values are listed in the following table.

Value	Value name	Meaning
-1	wbrogUndefined	None.
0	wbrogMyDepartment	Group contains shortcuts to users in his department.
1	wbrogOtherDepartment	Group contains shortcuts to users in another department.
2	wbrogDirectReportGroup	Group contains shortcuts to users in his direct reporting group.

Value	Value name	Meaning
3	wbrogCoworkerGroup	Group contains shortcuts to coworkers of the user.
4	wbrogDL	Group contains shortcuts to members of a distribution list .

3 Protocol Details

3.1 Client Details

3.1.1 Abstract Data Model

None.

3.1.2 Timers

None.

3.1.3 Initialization

3.1.3.1 Navigation Shortcuts

On initialization of the client, the client generates a Session ID that is valid as long as the client is running. The Session ID is of type **PtypInteger32** and is a randomly generated value. This value is saved as the value of the **PidTagWlinkSaveStamp** property (section [2.2.9.4](#)).

The client also generates a Client ID for the user that is valid across sessions on first-run initialization of the client. The Client ID is of type **PtypGuid** and is a randomly generated value. This value is saved as the value of the **PidTagWlinkClientID** property (section [2.2.9.18](#)).

Navigation shortcuts are specified in section [2.2.9](#).

3.1.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

3.1.4.1 Reading Configuration Data

To read settings in a configuration data settings group, as specified in section [2.2.2](#), the client MUST open the special folder that contains the configuration data message. The client MUST call the **RopGetContentsTable** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.4.14) with the **Associated** flag to open the FAI contents table, as specified in [\[MS-OXCFOLD\]](#) section 2.2.1.14.

The client MUST find all the rows in the FAI contents table that have the **PidTagMessageClass** property ([\[MS-OXCMSG\]](#) section 2.2.1.3) specified by the configuration data message that the client is trying to open, by using steps equivalent to the following, as specified in [\[MS-OXCTABL\]](#):

- Send the **RopSetColumns** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.5.1) with the following properties:
 - **PidTagFolderId** ([\[MS-OXCFOLD\]](#) section 2.2.2.2.1.5)
 - **PidTagMid** ([\[MS-OXCFIXCS\]](#) section 2.2.1.2.1)
 - **PidTagMessageClass**
 - **PidTagRoamingDatatypes** (section [2.2.2.1](#))
- Send the **RopSortTable** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.5.2) with a sort order (3) that includes the following properties:
 - **PidTagMessageClass**, followed by

▪ **PidTagLastModificationTime** ([\[MS-OXCMSG\]](#) section 2.2.2.2)

- Send the **RopFindRow** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.5.13), searching for a match on the **PidTagMessageClass** property.
- Send the **RopQueryRows** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.5.4) repeatedly until either the end of the table or a row with a **PidTagMessageClass** property that no longer matches the configuration data message is encountered.
- Based on the subsort by the **PidTagLastModificationTime** property, pick the message with the most recent (the greatest value) modification time that includes the bit that matches the **PidTagRoamingDatatypes** property specified by the configuration data message. If none of the messages match the **PidTagRoamingDatatypes** property of the configuration data message, the client MUST pick the most recently modified of all the messages.

If the client cannot find a row that matches the **PidTagMessageClass** and **PidTagRoamingDatatypes** properties of the configuration data message, that group of settings does not exist. When reading the settings, the client MUST use default values for those settings when the configuration data message cannot be found.

If the client found a matching row, it MUST open the existing message as specified in [\[MS-OXCMSG\]](#) section 2.2.3.1 by opening the message, using the **PidTagFolderId** and **PidTagMid** properties from the table row and setting the **ReadWrite** flag in the **OpenModeFlags** field, by sending the **RopOpenMessage** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.6.1).

If the client found a matching message, it MUST retrieve the serialized settings stream (2) from the property specified by the configuration data message by using steps equivalent to the following, as specified in [\[MS-OXCPRPT\]](#) section 2.2.14:

1. Open a Stream object **handle** on the stream (2) property specified by the configuration data message by sending the **RopOpenStream** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.9.1).
2. Read the serialized settings by using the **RopReadStream** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.9.2).

If multiple configuration data messages of the same type are found, the configuration data messages are deemed in conflict and MUST be resolved. If no specific conflict resolution algorithm is available, the first matching message SHOULD be used, and the client SHOULD delete the rest of the matching configuration data messages from the message store. Regardless of the method of resolution, a client SHOULD resolve such conflicts as soon as possible and SHOULD delete any duplicates, leaving only one configuration data message that is the result of the conflict resolution.

3.1.4.1.1 Reading Dictionaries

The client MUST prepopulate the dictionaries with default name-value property pairs, as specified in section [2.2.5.1](#).

The client MUST read any existing settings from the configuration data message, as specified in section [3.1.4.1](#). If any existing settings are found, the client MUST parse the XML document, as specified in section [2.2.5.1](#).

If the XML document does exist, and the XML document includes one of the valid **OLPrefsVersion** attributes specified in section [2.2.5.1](#), the client MUST then set the name-value pairs on the dictionary, overriding any default values that were prepopulated in the dictionary with matching names.

If the XML document did not exist, a valid **OLPrefsVersion** attribute did not exist or was incorrect, or any default settings did not overlap with previously saved settings, or if the client changes a setting after reading them, the client MUST write the contents of the dictionary to the configuration data message, as specified in section [3.1.4.1](#).

3.1.4.1.2 Reading Working Hours

The client MUST read any existing settings from the configuration data message, as specified in section [3.1.4.1](#). If any existing settings are found, the client MUST parse the XML document, as specified in section [2.2.5.2](#).

If the client could not find a matching configuration data message and it used default values, [<33>](#) or if the user changes the preferred working hours through the client UI, the client MUST generate the XML document as specified in section [2.2.5.2](#) and save it to the configuration data message as specified in section [3.1.4.2](#)

When viewing the contents of another user's Calendar folders or displaying their **free/busy status** data, the client MUST attempt to open the other user's working hours configuration data message and translate the settings from the other user's time zone to the time zone of the client. The client MUST use the other user's preferred working hours in place of the client's settings when displaying the other user's Calendar folders.

If the client is unable to read the configuration data message from the other user's Calendar special folder (because the other user's store is inaccessible or the client has not been granted sufficient permissions to access the special folder), the client MUST treat all times as being within the other user's preferred working hours.

3.1.4.1.3 Reading Category List

A category list configuration data message, as specified in in section [2.2.2](#), is saved as an FAI message in the user's default Calendar folder. A client can read the category list, as specified in section [2.2.5.2.2](#), at any time.

When clients encounter unknown tags or attributes, they SHOULD ignore them, but they SHOULD also rewrite them as-is when they rewrite the category list back to the configuration data message.

All times are to be stored relative to UTC. When a category (3) is applied to a message, as specified in section [3.1.4.7](#), or the user-visible properties of the category (3) are changed (such as color or shortcut key), the client SHOULD update the **lastTimeUsed** attribute and, depending on whether the client separates different message types (Mail, Calendar, Contacts, Tasks, Notes, Journal), SHOULD update the appropriate time stamp attribute as specified in section [2.2.5.2.2](#) with the current time.

When viewing the contents of another user's folders, the client MUST try to open the other user's category list configuration data message. If the client is able to read the configuration data message from the other user's Calendar special folder, the client MUST use the other user's category list settings, including color assignments, in place of the client's settings when it displays the other user's folders.

If the client is unable to read the configuration data message from the other user's Calendar special folder (because the other user's store is inaccessible or the client has not been granted sufficient permissions to access the special folder), the client MUST fall back to its own category list settings.

3.1.4.2 Writing Configuration Data

To write settings in a configuration data settings group, as specified in section [2.2.2](#), the client MUST first look for a preexisting configuration data message with preexisting settings, as specified in section [3.1.4.1](#).

If the client found a matching message or created a new one, it MUST retrieve the serialized settings stream (2) from the property specified by the configuration data message by using steps equivalent to the following, as specified in [\[MS-OXCPRPT\]](#) section 2.2.15:

1. Open a Stream object handle on the stream (2) property specified by the configuration data message by sending the **RopOpenStream** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.9.1).
2. Read the serialized settings by using the **RopReadStream** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.9.2).

If the message does not exist, the client MUST create the message, as specified in [\[MS-OXCMSG\]](#) section 2.2.3.2, by sending the **RopCreateMessage** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.6.2) on the folder and passing the **Associated** flag.

If the client found a matching message or created a new one, it MUST save the serialized settings stream (2) into the property specified by the configuration data message by using steps equivalent to the following, as specified in [\[MS-OXCPRPT\]](#) section 2.2.16:

1. Open a Stream object handle on the stream (2) property specified by the configuration data message by sending the **RopOpenStream** ROP.
2. Write the serialized settings by using the **RopWriteStream** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.9.3).
3. Persist the stream (2) back to the property by sending the **RopRelease** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.15.3).
4. Persist changes to the message by sending the **RopSaveChangesMessage** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.6.3).

3.1.4.2.1 Writing Dictionaries

The client MUST read any existing settings from the configuration data message, as specified in section [3.1.4.1](#). If any existing settings are found, the client MUST parse the XML document, as specified in section [2.2.5.1](#).

The client MUST write the contents of the dictionary to the configuration data message, as specified in section [3.1.4.2](#).

3.1.4.2.2 Writing Working Hours

The client MUST read any existing settings from the configuration data message, as specified in section [3.1.4.1](#). If any existing settings are found, the client MUST parse the XML document, as specified in section [2.2.5.2](#).

The client MUST generate the XML document as specified in section [2.2.5.2](#) and save it to the configuration data message as specified in section [3.1.4.2](#).

3.1.4.2.3 Writing Category List

The client MUST read any existing settings from the configuration data message, as specified in section [3.1.4.1](#). If any existing settings are found, the client MUST parse the XML document, as specified in section [2.2.5.2](#).

When clients encounter unknown tags or attributes, they SHOULD ignore them, but they SHOULD also rewrite them as-is when they rewrite the category list back to the configuration data message.

The client MUST generate the XML document as specified in section [2.2.5.2](#) and save it to the configuration data message as specified in section [3.1.4.2](#).

Each category (3) in the category list, as specified in section [2.2.5.2.2](#), contains the following attributes:

- **lastTimeUsed**
- **lastTimeUsedMail**
- **lastTimeUsedCalendar**
- **lastTimeUsedContacts**
- **lastTimeUsedTasks**
- **lastTimeUsedNotes**
- **lastTimeUsedJournal**

The **lastTimeUsed** attribute MUST be set on all categories (3). All others are optional and depend on whether the client shows different message types in separate windows or panes.

All times MUST be stored relative to UTC. When a category (3) is applied to a message, as specified in section [3.1.4.7](#), or the user visible properties of the category (3) are changed (such as color or shortcut key), the client SHOULD update the **lastTimeUsed** attribute and, depending on whether the client separates different message types, SHOULD replace the appropriate type-specific time stamp with the current time.

3.1.4.3 Reading View Definitions

To read the list of available view definitions for a folder, as specified in section [2.2.6](#), the client MUST enumerate all of the view definition FAI messages in the folders, searching for a match on the **PidTagMessageClass** property ([\[MS-OXCMSG\]](#) section 2.2.1.3) and the **PidTagViewDescriptorVersion** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.1114) as specified in section [2.2.6](#).

After the client has built the list of view definition messages, it can select one of them by using the **PidTagViewDescriptorName** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.1112). After it has selected a view definition message, the client MUST read the settings from the **PidTagViewDescriptorBinary** property (section [2.2.6.1](#)) and the **PidTagViewDescriptorStrings** property (section [2.2.6.2](#)) on the message.

3.1.4.4 Writing View Definitions

To write settings in a view definition, as specified in section [2.2.6](#), the client MUST open the folder that contains the view definition message. The client MUST save the view definition message in the folder that will display that view.

The client MUST call the **RopGetContentsTable** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.4.14) with the **Associated** flag to open the FAI contents table, as specified in [\[MS-OXCFOLD\]](#) section 2.2.1.14.

If a view definition message already exists with the same **PidTagViewDescriptorName** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.1112) in the same folder, the client MUST open that message and save the view definition there. The client MUST search for a matching row in the FAI contents table by using steps equivalent to the following, as specified in [\[MS-OXCTABL\]](#) section 2.2.2:

1. Send the **RopSetColumns** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.5.1) with the following properties:
2. **PidTagFolderId** ([\[MS-OXCFOLD\]](#) section 2.2.2.2.1.5)
3. **PidTagMid** ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.857)
4. **PidTagMessageClass** ([\[MS-OXCMSG\]](#) section 2.2.1.3)
5. **PidTagViewDescriptorVersion** ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.1114)
6. **PidTagViewDescriptorName** ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.1112)
7. Send the **RopSortTable** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.5.2) with a sort order (3) that includes the following properties:
8. **PidTagMessageClass**, followed by
9. **PidTagViewDescriptorVersion**
10. **PidTagViewDescriptorName**
11. Send the **RopFindRow** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.5.13), searching for a match on the **PidTagMessageClass**, **PidTagViewDescriptorVersion**, and **PidTagViewDescriptorName** properties, as specified in section [2.2.6](#).
12. Send the **RopQueryRows** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.5.4) to retrieve a single row and get the **PidTagFolderId** and **PidTagMid** properties of the matching message from the row.

If the message does not exist, the client MUST create the message as specified in [\[MS-OXCMSG\]](#) section 2.2.3.2 by sending the **RopCreateMessage** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.6.2) on the folder, and passing the **Associated** flag.

If the client found a matching row, it MUST open the existing message using steps equivalent to the following, as specified in [\[MS-OXCMSG\]](#) section 2.2.3.1:

- Send the **RopOpenMessage** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.6.1) to open the message, using the **PidTagFolderId** and **PidTagMid** properties from the table row and setting the **ReadWrite** flag in the **OpenModeFlags** field.

If the client found a matching message or created a new one, it MUST save the serialized settings streams (2) on the properties specified in section [2.2.6](#) by using steps equivalent to the following, as specified in [\[MS-OXCPRPT\]](#) section 2.2.16:

1. Send the **RopOpenStream** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.9.1) to open Stream object handles on the **PidTagViewDescriptorBinary** property (section [2.2.6.1](#)) and the **PidTagViewDescriptorStrings** property (section [2.2.6.2](#)).
2. Write the serialized settings by using the **RopWriteStream** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.9.3).

3. Persist the stream (2) back to the property by sending the **RopRelease** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.15.3).
4. Persist changes to the message by sending the **RopSaveChangesMessage** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.6.3).

3.1.4.5 Reading Folder Flags

To read folder flags on a folder, as specified in section [2.2.7](#), the client MUST obtain a handle to the folder using the **RopOpenFolder** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.4.1), as specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 3.1.4.1. The client MUST then retrieve the data for the folder flags by sending the **RopGetPropertiesSpecific** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.8.3) with the **PidTagExtendedFolderFlags** property ([\[MS-OXOSRCH\]](#) section 2.2.2.1.2) in the **PropertyTags** field of the request buffer ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.8.3.1). The binary data MUST be interpreted as specified in section [2.2.7](#). Reading and writing each of the subproperties in the folder flags are triggered by different events.

3.1.4.5.1 Reading ExtendedFolderFlags

The client MUST read the bit flags in the **ExtendedFolderFlags** subproperty before it can display the folder in the UI.

3.1.4.5.2 Reading SearchFolderID

The client MUST read the value of the **SearchFolderID** subproperty from every search folder (2), as specified in [\[MS-OXOSRCH\]](#), in the Finder special folder. Any search folder (2) that has this subproperty is a persistent search folder (2), and the client SHOULD display the search folder (2) as such in the UI. Searches with the Finder special folder are further specified in [\[MS-OXOSRCH\]](#) section 3.1.4.1.2.

3.1.4.5.3 Reading ToDoFolderVersion

The client MUST read the value of the **ToDoFolderVersion** subproperty from the To-Do Search folder before it displays the contents of that folder. If the To-Do Search folder does not exist, does not contain this subproperty, or does not contain the required value as defined in section [2.2.7](#), then the client MUST re-create the To-Do Search folder, as specified in [\[MS-OXOSFLD\]](#) section 3.1.4.1.2, or reset the criteria of the search folder (2).

3.1.4.6 Writing Folder Flags

To write folder flags on a folder, as specified in section [2.2.7](#), the client MUST obtain a handle to the folder using the **RopOpenFolder** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.4.1), as specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 3.1.4.1. The client MUST then format the binary data as specified in section [2.2.7](#). The client MUST then write the data for the folder flags by sending the **RopSetProperties** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.8.6) with the **PidTagExtendedFolderFlags** property ([\[MS-OXOSRCH\]](#) section 2.2.2.1.2) and the value in the **PropertyValues** field of the **RopSetProperties ROP request buffer** ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.8.6.1). In each case where the client needs to write a new value of one of the subproperties to the folder, it MUST preserve the values of any other unmodified subproperties on the folder, as specified in section [2.2.7](#).

3.1.4.6.1 Writing ExtendedFolderFlags

Any time the user changes one of the display options for a folder, the client MUST rewrite the subproperty to the folder.

3.1.4.6.2 Writing SearchFolderID

The client MUST write the **SearchFolderID** subproperty on any new persistent search folders (2) that it creates.

3.1.4.6.3 Writing ToDoFolderVersion

When the client re-creates or resets the criteria on the To-Do Search folder, it MUST set the **ToDoFolderVersion** subproperty on the folder.

3.1.4.7 Applying a Category to a Message

A message can have a list of categories (3) stored in the **PidNameKeywords** property (section [2.2.8.6](#)). To apply a new category (3) to a message, the client MUST read the current value of the **PidNameKeywords** property from the message and check to see whether the current value already contains the name of the new category (3). If the current value does not include the name of the new category (3), the client MUST insert the name of the category (3) in the list and set the new value of **PidNameKeywords** property on the message.

3.1.4.8 Performing a Conversation Action

Certain user actions performed on a conversation SHOULD [<34>](#) modify the conversation actions, as specified in section [2.2.8](#), on a conversation and trigger special handling logic:

- Ignore
- Stop Ignoring
- Move to Folder
- Stop Move
- Add Category
- Remove Category
- Clear All Categories

When the user performs one of these actions on a conversation, the client SHOULD identify all unique values of the **PidTagConversationId** property ([\[MS-OXOMSG\]](#) section 2.2.1.2) on the E-mail objects and do the following for each **conversation ID**:

1. The client SHOULD locate the conversation action FAI message in the conversation actions Settings special folder with bytes 6-21 of the **PidTagConversationIndex** property (section [2.2.8.7](#)) corresponding to the given conversation ID. If no such FAI message exists, proceed to step 4.
2. If the user is performing a Stop Ignoring action and the FAI message does not indicate that there is an Ignore conversation action (as specified in sections [2.2.8.3](#) and [2.2.8.4](#)), the client SHOULD NOT perform the Stop Ignoring action for this conversation ID.
3. If the user is performing a Stop Move action and the FAI message does not indicate that there is a Move to Folder conversation action (as specified in sections [2.2.8.3](#) and [2.2.8.4](#)), the client SHOULD NOT perform the Stop Move action for this conversation ID.
4. If no existing FAI message is found, a new FAI message SHOULD be created with the properties specified in section [2.2.8](#).

5. The client SHOULD locate all E-mail objects on the store with a **PidTagConversationId** property value matching the given conversation ID. If the operation cannot be done in a timely fashion, the client can [<35>](#) proceed as though no E-mail objects were found.
6. The client SHOULD perform the appropriate action (3) on all located E-mail objects, as specified in the following table.

User action	Action to perform on each E-mail object
Ignore	If the E-mail object is not in the Sent Items special folder, move the E-mail object to the Deleted Items special folder.
Stop Ignoring	If the E-mail object is in the Deleted Items special folder, move the E-mail object to the Inbox folder.
Move to Folder	If the E-mail object is not in the Sent Items special folder, move the E-mail object to the user-specified folder.
Stop Move	None.
Add Category	Append the user-specified category (3) to the PidNameKeywords property (section 2.2.8.6) of each E-mail object.
Remove Category	Remove the user-specified category (3) from the PidNameKeywords property of each E-mail object. If this operation would leave the PidNameKeywords property empty, delete the PidNameKeywords property instead.
Clear All Categories	Delete the PidNameKeywords property from each E-mail object.

1. The client SHOULD set the latest value of the **PidTagMessageDeliveryTime** property ([\[MS-OXOMSG\]](#) section 2.2.3.9) from the located E-mail objects as the **PidLidConversationActionMaxDeliveryTime** property (section [2.2.8.2](#)) on the FAI message. If no messages were found, the **PidLidConversationActionMaxDeliveryTime** property SHOULD be set to 00:00:00 (UTC) April 1, 1601.
2. The client SHOULD set the current time (in UTC) as the **PidLidConversationActionLastAppliedTime** property (section [2.2.8.1](#)) on the FAI message.
3. The client SHOULD perform the appropriate action (3) on the FAI message, as specified in the following table.

User action	Action to perform on the FAI message object
Ignore	Set the PidLidConversationActionMoveFolderEid property (section 2.2.8.3) to an array of size 0. Delete the value of the PidLidConversationActionMoveStoreEid property (section 2.2.8.4).
Stop Ignoring	Delete the value of PidLidConversationActionMoveFolderEid property and of the PidLidConversationActionMoveStoreEid property.
Move to Folder	Set the PidLidConversationActionMoveFolderEid property to the EntryID of the user-specified folder. If the user-specified folder is in the same store as the FAI message, delete the value of the PidLidConversationActionMoveStoreEid property. Otherwise, set the PidLidConversationActionMoveStoreEid property to the EntryID of the user-specified store.

User action	Action to perform on the FAI message object
Stop Move	Delete the value of the PidLidConversationActionMoveFolderEid property and the PidLidConversationActionMoveStoreEid property.
Add Category	Append the user-specified category (3) to the PidNameKeywords property of the FAI message.
Remove Category	Remove the user-specified category (3) from the PidNameKeywords property of the FAI message. If this operation would leave the PidNameKeywords property empty, delete the PidNameKeywords property instead.
Clear All Categories	Delete the value of the PidNameKeywords property from the FAI message.

- If the server returned a version less than 14.0.324.0, as described in section [1.7](#), and the **PidLidConversationActionMoveFolderEid** and **PidNameKeywords** properties are both not set, the client SHOULD delete the FAI message.

3.1.4.9 Reading Navigation Shortcuts

Navigation shortcuts, as specified in section [2.2.9](#), are stored as FAI messages in the Common Views folder, as specified in [\[MS-OXOSFLD\]](#) section 2.2, within a message database. Clients open this folder and process all messages where the value of the **PidTagMessageClass** property ([\[MS-OXCMSG\]](#) section 2.2.1.3) is "IPM.Microsoft.WunderBar.Link". Clients SHOULD advise for notifications on this folder to process changes to this table by other clients.

3.1.4.10 Writing Navigation Shortcuts

To write settings in a navigation shortcut, as specified in section [2.2.9](#), the client MUST open the Common Views folder, as specified in [\[MS-OXOSFLD\]](#) section 2.2. The client MUST save the navigation shortcut message in the Common Views folder.

If the client is creating a new navigation shortcut, the client MUST create a new message by sending the **RopCreateMessage** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.6.2) on the folder, passing the **Associated** flag. If the client is modifying an existing navigation shortcut, the client MUST open the message for the navigation shortcut by sending the **RopOpenMessage** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.6.1) with the **ReadWrite** flag in the **OpenModeFlags** field.

The client MUST then send the **RopSetProperties** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.8.6) with the relevant properties, as specified in sections [3.1.4.10.1](#) and [3.1.4.10.2](#).

The client MUST then send the **RopSaveChangesMessage** ROP ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.6.3) to persist changes to the message.

3.1.4.10.1 Group Headers

Group headers are shortcuts that group other non-group header shortcuts together. Group headers have the following properties:

- **PidTagWlinkGroupHeaderID** (section [2.2.9.3](#))
- **PidTagWlinkSaveStamp** (section [2.2.9.4](#))
- **PidTagWlinkType** (section [2.2.9.5](#))

- **PidTagWlinkFlags** (section [2.2.9.6](#))
- **PidTagWlinkOrdinal** (section [2.2.9.7](#))
- **PidTagWlinkFolderType** (section [2.2.9.8](#))
- **PidTagWlinkSection** (section [2.2.9.14](#))

3.1.4.10.2 Shortcuts

- Shortcuts have the following properties:
- **PidTagWlinkSaveStamp** (section [2.2.9.4](#))
- **PidTagWlinkType** (section [2.2.9.5](#))
- **PidTagWlinkFlags** (section [2.2.9.6](#))
- **PidTagWlinkOrdinal** (section [2.2.9.7](#))
- **PidTagWlinkEntryId** (section [2.2.9.8](#))
- **PidTagWlinkRecordKey** (section [2.2.9.9](#))
- **PidTagWlinkStoreEntryId** (section [2.2.9.10](#))
- **PidTagWlinkFolderType** (section [2.2.9.8](#))
- **PidTagWlinkGroupClsid** (section [2.2.9.12](#))
- **PidTagWlinkGroupName** (section [2.2.9.13](#))
- **PidTagWlinkSection** (section [2.2.9.14](#))
- Shortcuts with the value of the **PidTagWlinkSection** property set to **wbsidCalendar** SHOULD [<36>](#) have the following properties if needed or appropriate:
 - **PidTagWlinkCalendarColor** (section [2.2.9.15](#))
 - **PidTagWlinkAddressBookEID** (section [2.2.9.16](#))
 - **PidTagWlinkAddressBookStoreEID** (section [2.2.9.17](#))
 - **PidTagWlinkROGroupType** (section [2.2.9.19](#))
- Shortcuts have the following property available to limit the visibility of a shortcut to a single machine:
 - **PidTagWlinkClientID** (section [2.2.9.18](#))

3.1.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

3.1.5.1 Processing a Conversation Action on Incoming E-mail Objects

When a new E-mail object arrives in a store, the client SHOULD [<37>](#) perform the following actions (3):

The client SHOULD locate the conversation action FAI message, as specified in section [2.2.8](#), in the conversation actions Settings special folder with bytes 6-21 of the **PidTagConversationIndex** property (section [2.2.8.7](#)), corresponding to the **PidTagConversationId** property ([\[MS-OXOMSG\]](#) section 2.2.1.2) of the incoming E-mail object. If no FAI message is found, the client SHOULD NOT process any conversation actions on the incoming E-mail object.

If the **PidLidConversationProcessed** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.82) is set on the incoming E-mail object, the client SHOULD execute duplicate detection (as specified in section [3.1.5.1.1](#)) and SHOULD NOT process any conversation actions on the incoming E-mail object.

The client SHOULD perform the appropriate actions (3) on the incoming E-mail object based on the properties of the FAI message, as specified in the following table (more than one property can apply to a given FAI message).

Properties on the FAI message	Action to perform on the incoming E-mail object
The PidNameKeywords property (section 2.2.8.6) is set.	If the server returned a version less than 14.0.324.0, as described in section 1.7 , the categories (3) in the FAI message SHOULD be appended to the PidNameKeywords property of the incoming E-mail object.
The PidLidConversationActionMoveStoreEid property (section 2.2.8.4) is not set and the value of the PidLidConversationActionMoveFolderEid property (section 2.2.8.3) is not an array of size zero.	If the server returned a version less than 14.0.324.0, the client SHOULD move the incoming E-mail object to the folder with an EntryID equal to the PidLidConversationActionMoveFolderEid property on the FAI message.
The PidLidConversationActionMoveStoreEid property is not set and the value of the PidLidConversationActionMoveFolderEid property is an array of size zero.	If the server returned a version less than 14.0.324.0, the client SHOULD move the incoming E-mail object to the Deleted Items special folder.
The PidLidConversationActionMoveStoreEid property is set and the value of the PidLidConversationActionMoveFolderEid property is not an array of size zero.	(Note that this case is not conditioned on the server version) The client SHOULD move the incoming E-mail object to the folder and store identified by the PidLidConversationActionMoveFolderEid and PidLidConversationActionMoveStoreEid properties, respectively.
The PidLidConversationActionMoveStoreEid property is set and the value of the PidLidConversationActionMoveFolderEid property is an array of size zero.	The client SHOULD NOT move the incoming E-mail object.

1. If the server returned a version less than 14.0.324.0 and if step 3 did not encounter an error opening the store, the **PidLidConversationProcessed** property SHOULD be set to a random number on the incoming E-mail object.
2. The client SHOULD set the current time (in UTC) as the value of the **PidLidConversationActionLastAppliedTime** property (section [2.2.8.1](#)) on the FAI message.

3.1.5.1.1 Duplicate Detection for Conversation Action Processing

E-mail objects can be duplicated if two clients process a Move to Folder conversation action, as specified in section [2.2.8](#), on an incoming E-mail object simultaneously. If the server returned a

version less than 14.0.324.0, as described in section [1.7](#), the client SHOULD [<38>](#) perform duplicate detection on incoming E-mail objects.

The client SHOULD [<39>](#) compare the **PidTagSearchKey** property ([\[MS-OXCPRPT\]](#) section 2.2.1.9) on the incoming E-mail object to the **PidTagSearchKey** property of all recently delivered E-mail objects in the same folder.

If a matching E-mail object was found, the client SHOULD compare the unsigned values of the **PidLidConversationProcessed** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.82) on both E-mail objects and delete the E-mail object with the smaller unsigned value, doing nothing if the unsigned values are equal.

3.1.5.2 Processing a Conversation Action on Outgoing E-mail Objects

When the client saves a copy of an outgoing E-mail object, the client SHOULD [<40>](#) perform additional processing on the copy of the E-mail object in the Sent Items special folder.

As specified in section [2.2.8.7](#), the client SHOULD locate the conversation action FAI message, as specified in section [2.2.8](#), in the conversation actions Settings special folder with bytes 6-21 of the **PidTagConversationIndex** property (section [2.2.8.7](#)) corresponding to the **PidTagConversationId** property ([\[MS-OXOMSG\]](#) section 2.2.1.2) of the sent E-mail object. If no FAI message is found, the client SHOULD NOT process any conversation actions on the sent E-mail object.

If the **PidNameKeywords** property (section [2.2.8.6](#)) is set on the FAI message, the categories (3) in the FAI message SHOULD be appended to the **PidNameKeywords** property of the sent E-mail object.

3.1.6 Timer Events

3.1.6.1 Expiration of Conversation Actions

If the server returned a version less than 14.0.324.0, as described in section [1.7](#), and the elapsed time between the value of the **PidLidConversationActionLastAppliedTime** property (section [2.2.8.1](#)) of the FAI message and the current time is greater than a client-specific [<41>](#) duration, the client SHOULD [<42>](#) delete the FAI message.

3.1.7 Other Local Events

None.

3.2 Server Details

Clients operate on folders and messages using the protocol specified in [\[MS-OXCRPC\]](#). How a server operates on folders and messages is implementation-dependent, but the results of any such operations MUST be exposed to clients in a manner that is consistent with the Configuration Information Protocol.

3.2.1 Abstract Data Model

None.

3.2.2 Timers

None.

3.2.3 Initialization

None.

3.2.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

3.2.4.1 Reading Configuration Data

If multiple configuration data messages, as specified in section [2.2.2](#), of the same type are found, the configuration data messages are deemed in conflict and MUST be resolved. If no specific conflict resolution algorithm is available, the server SHOULD pick the message with the earliest creation time stored in the **PidTagCreationTime** property ([\[MS-OXCMSG\]](#) section 2.2.2.3) when opening the configuration data message, and the rest of the configuration data messages SHOULD be deleted from the message store.

3.2.4.1.1 Reading Working Hours

The server is responsible for enforcing permissions that the user grants to the Calendar special folder. If the client tries to access the configuration data message, as specified in section [2.2.2](#), without the necessary permissions, the server MUST deny access to the message.

3.2.4.1.2 Reading Category List

The server SHOULD [<43>](#) limit the size of the XML document that it will parse to 512 kilobytes.

The server is responsible for enforcing permissions that the user grants to the Calendar special folder. If the client tries to access the configuration data message, as specified in section [2.2.2](#), without the necessary permissions, the server MUST deny access to the message.

3.2.4.2 Writing Configuration Data

If multiple configuration data messages, as specified in section [2.2.2](#), of the same type are found, the configuration data messages are deemed in conflict and MUST be resolved. If no specific conflict resolution algorithm is available, the server SHOULD pick the message with the earliest modification time stored in the **PidTagLastModificationTime** property ([\[MS-OXCMSG\]](#) section 2.2.2.2) when saving the configuration data message, and the rest of the configuration data messages SHOULD be deleted from the message store.

3.2.4.3 Reading View Definitions

To read the list of available view definitions for a folder as specified in section [2.2.6](#), the server MUST enumerate all of the view definition FAI messages in the folders, searching for a match on the **PidTagMessageClass** property ([\[MS-OXCMSG\]](#) section 2.2.1.3) and the **PidTagViewDescriptorVersion** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.1114) as specified in section [2.2.6](#).

After the server has built the list of view definition messages, it can select one of them by using the **PidTagViewDescriptorName** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.1112). After it has selected a view definition message, the server MUST read the settings from the **PidTagViewDescriptorBinary** property (section [2.2.6.1](#)) and the **PidTagViewDescriptorStrings** property (section [2.2.6.2](#)) on the message.

3.2.4.4 Reading Folder Flags

Reading and writing each of the subproperties in the folder flags, as specified in section [2.2.7](#), are triggered by different events.

3.2.4.4.1 Reading ExtendedFolderFlags

The server MUST read the bit flags in the **ExtendedFolderFlags** subproperty before it can display the folder in the UI.

3.2.4.4.2 Reading SearchFolderID

The server MUST read the value of the **SearchFolderID** subproperty from every search folder (2), as specified in [\[MS-OXOSRCH\]](#) section 2.2.4, in the Finder special folder. Any search folder (2) that has this subproperty is a persistent search folder (2), and the server SHOULD display the search folder (2) as such in the UI. Searches with the Finder special folder are further specified in [\[MS-OXOSRCH\]](#) section 3.1.4.1.2.

3.2.4.5 Writing Folder Flags

In each case where the server needs to write a new value of one of the subproperties to the folder, it MUST preserve the values of any other unmodified subproperties on the folder, as specified in section [2.2.7](#).

Folder flags are defined in section [2.2.7](#).

3.2.4.5.1 Writing ExtendedFolderFlags

Any time the user changes one of the display options for a folder, the server MUST rewrite the **ExtendedFolderFlags** subproperty to that folder.

3.2.4.5.2 Writing ToDoFolderVersion

When the server re-creates or resets the criteria on the To-Do Search folder, it MUST set the **ToDoFolderVersion** subproperty on the folder. For more details about the To-Do Search folder, see [\[MS-OXOSFLD\]](#) section 3.1.1.2 and [\[MS-OXOSFLD\]](#) section 3.1.4.1.2.

3.2.4.6 Applying a Category to a Message

The server MUST store any new categories (3) assigned to the **PidNameKeywords** property (section [2.2.8.6](#)).

3.2.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

3.2.5.1 Processing a Change to a Conversation Action FAI Message

As specified in section [2.2.8.7](#), the client locates all E-mail objects in the store that have a **PidTagConversationId** property ([\[MS-OXOMSG\]](#) section 2.2.1.2) matching bytes 6-21 of the **PidTagConversationIndex** property (section [2.2.8.7](#)) on the FAI message and that have a **PidTagMessageDeliveryTime** property ([\[MS-OXOMSG\]](#) section 2.2.3.9) value greater than the value of the **PidLidConversationActionMaxDeliveryTime** property (section [2.2.8.2](#)) on the FAI message.

When the client uploads a change to a conversation action FAI message, as specified in section [2.2.8](#), the server SHOULD [<44>](#) perform the appropriate action (3) on all located E-mail objects,

based on the changes to the FAI message, as specified in the following table (more than one action (3) can apply to a given change).

FAI message change	Action to apply on the E-mail object
The value of the PidLidConversationActionMoveFolderEid property (section 2.2.8.3) is changed to an array of size 0.	If the E-mail object is not in the Sent Items special folder, move the E-mail object to the Deleted Items special folder.
The value of the PidLidConversationActionMoveFolderEid property was an array of size 0, now unset.	If the E-mail object is in the Deleted Items special folder, move the E-mail object to the Inbox folder.
The value of the PidLidConversationActionMoveFolderEid property changed to a non-empty array.	If the PidLidConversationActionMoveStoreEid property (section 2.2.8.4) is unset and if the E-mail object is not in the Sent Items special folder, move the E-mail object to the folder with an EntryID equal to the new PidLidConversationActionMoveFolderEid property on the FAI message. If the PidLidConversationActionMoveStoreEid property is set, do nothing.
The value of the PidLidConversationActionMoveFolderEid property was a non-empty array, now unset.	None.
The PidNameKeywords property (section 2.2.8.6) is unset, set, or modified.	For all categories (3) added in this change, append the category (3) to the PidNameKeywords property of each E-mail object. For all categories (3) removed in this change, remove the category (3) from the PidNameKeywords property of each E-mail object.

3.2.5.2 Processing a Conversation Action on Incoming E-mail Objects

When a new E-mail object arrives in a store, the server SHOULD [<45>](#) do the following.

- As specified in section [2.2.8.7](#), locate the conversation action FAI message, as specified in section [2.2.8](#), in the conversation actions Settings special folder with bytes 6-21 of **PidTagConversationIndex** property (section [2.2.8.7](#)) corresponding to the **PidTagConversationId** property ([\[MS-OXOMSG\]](#) section 2.2.1.2) of the incoming E-mail object. If no FAI message is found, the server SHOULD NOT process any conversation actions on the incoming E-mail object.
- Perform the appropriate actions (3) on the incoming E-mail object based on the properties of the FAI message, as specified in the following table (more than one property can apply to a given FAI message).

Properties on the FAI message	Action to perform on the incoming E-mail object
The PidNameKeywords property (section 2.2.8.6) is set.	The categories (3) in the FAI message SHOULD be appended to the PidNameKeywords property of the incoming E-mail object.
The PidLidConversationActionMoveStoreEid property (section 2.2.8.4) is not set and the value of	The server SHOULD move the incoming E-mail object to the folder with an EntryID equal to the

Properties on the FAI message	Action to perform on the incoming E-mail object
the PidLidConversationActionMoveFolderEid property (section 2.2.8.3) is not an array of size zero.	PidLidConversationActionMoveFolderEid property on the FAI message.
The PidLidConversationActionMoveStoreEid property is not set and the value of the PidLidConversationActionMoveFolderEid property is an array of size zero.	The server SHOULD move the incoming E-mail object to the Deleted Items special folder.
The PidLidConversationActionMoveStoreEid property is set.	The server SHOULD NOT move the incoming E-mail object.

3.2.5.3 Processing a Conversation Action on Outgoing E-mail Objects

When the server saves a copy of an outgoing E-mail object, it SHOULD [<46>](#) perform the following additional processing on the copy of the E-mail object in the Sent Items special folder.

- As specified in section [2.2.8.7](#), the server SHOULD locate the conversation action FAI message, as specified in section [2.2.8](#), in the conversation actions Settings special folder with bytes 6-21 of the **PidTagConversationIndex** property (section [2.2.8.7](#)) corresponding to the **PidTagConversationId** property ([\[MS-OXOMSG\]](#) section 2.2.1.2) of the sent E-mail object. If no FAI message is found, the server SHOULD NOT process any conversation actions on the sent E-mail object.
- If the **PidNameKeywords** property (section [2.2.8.6](#)) is set on the FAI message, the categories (3) in the FAI message SHOULD be appended to the **PidNameKeywords** property of the sent E-mail object.

3.2.6 Timer Events

None.

3.2.7 Other Local Events

None.

4 Protocol Examples

4.1 Configuration Data

4.1.1 Dictionaries

The following is a sample XML document stored in the **PidTagRoamingDictionary** property (section [2.2.2.2](#)) on a configuration data message, as described in section [2.2.5.1](#).

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<UserConfiguration>
<Info version="Outlook.12"/>
<Data>
<e k="18-piAutoProcess" v="3-True"/>
<e k="18-piRemindDefault" v="9-15"/>
<e k="18-piReminderUpgradeTime" v="9-212864507"/>
<e k="18-OLPrefsVersion" v="9-1"/>
</Data>
</UserConfiguration>
```

4.1.2 Working Hours

The following is a sample XML document stored in the **PidTagRoamingXmlStream** property (section [2.2.2.3](#)) on a configuration data message, as described in section [2.2.5.2.1](#).

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<Root xmlns="WorkingHours.xsd">
<WorkHoursVersion1>
<TimeZone>
<Bias>480</Bias>
<Standard>
<Bias>0</Bias>
<ChangeDate>
<Time>02:00:00</Time>
<Date>0000/11/01</Date>
<DayOfWeek>0</DayOfWeek>
</ChangeDate>
</Standard>
<DaylightSavings>
<Bias>-60</Bias>
<ChangeDate>
<Time>02:00:00</Time>
<Date>0000/03/02</Date>
<DayOfWeek>0</DayOfWeek>
</ChangeDate>
</DaylightSavings>
<Name>Pacific Standard Time</Name>
</TimeZone>
<TimeSlot>
<Start>09:00:00</Start>
<End>17:00:00</End>
</TimeSlot>
<WorkDays>Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday</WorkDays>
</WorkHoursVersion1>
</Root>
```

4.1.3 Category List

The following is a sample XML document stored in the **PidTagRoamingXmlStream** property (section [2.2.2.3](#)) on a configuration data message, as described in section [2.2.5.2.2](#).

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<categories default="Red Category"
  lastSavedSession="5"
  lastSavedTime="2007-12-28T03:01:50.429"
  xmlns="CategoryList.xsd">
  <category name="Red Category"
    color="0"
    keyboardShortcut="0"
    usageCount="7"
    lastTimeUsedNotes="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
    lastTimeUsedJournal="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
    lastTimeUsedContacts="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
    lastTimeUsedTasks="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
    lastTimeUsedCalendar="2007-11-28T20:05:04.703"
    lastTimeUsedMail="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
    lastTimeUsed="2007-11-28T20:05:04.703"
    lastSessionUsed="3"
    guid="{2B7FC69C-7046-44A2-8FF3-007D7467DC82}"/>
  <category name="Blue Category"
    color="7"
    keyboardShortcut="0"
    usageCount="6"
    lastTimeUsedNotes="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
    lastTimeUsedJournal="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
    lastTimeUsedContacts="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
    lastTimeUsedTasks="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
    lastTimeUsedCalendar="2007-12-28T03:00:07.102"
    lastTimeUsedMail="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
    lastTimeUsed="2007-12-28T03:00:07.102"
    lastSessionUsed="5"
    guid="{33A1EAE3-8E5E-4912-9580-69FC764FEA35}"/>
  <category name="Purple Category"
    color="8"
    keyboardShortcut="0"
    usageCount="7"
    lastTimeUsedNotes="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
    lastTimeUsedJournal="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
    lastTimeUsedContacts="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
    lastTimeUsedTasks="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
    lastTimeUsedCalendar="2007-11-28T20:03:06.018"
    lastTimeUsedMail="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
    lastTimeUsed="2007-11-28T20:03:06.018"
    lastSessionUsed="3"
    guid="{58AB8B90-BB05-428A-B8D2-F1C93968C144}"/>
  <category name="Green Category"
    color="4"
    keyboardShortcut="0"
    usageCount="7"
    lastTimeUsedNotes="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
    lastTimeUsedJournal="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
    lastTimeUsedContacts="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
    lastTimeUsedTasks="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
    lastTimeUsedCalendar="2007-11-28T20:05:19.468"
    lastTimeUsedMail="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
```

```

        lastTimeUsed="2007-11-28T20:05:19.468"
        lastSessionUsed="3"
        guid="{B60A1A8C-ECA3-4573-9CD8-842C284DCA59}"/>
<category name="Orange Category"
        color="1"
        keyboardShortcut="0"
        usageCount="2"
        lastTimeUsedNotes="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
        lastTimeUsedJournal="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
        lastTimeUsedContacts="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
        lastTimeUsedTasks="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
        lastTimeUsedCalendar="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
        lastTimeUsedMail="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
        lastTimeUsed="2007-11-21T00:07:48.517"
        lastSessionUsed="0"
        guid="{F5F57BF3-A188-48D5-A096-863ACACB2D36}"
        renameOnFirstUse="1"/>
<category name="Yellow Category"
        color="3"
        keyboardShortcut="0"
        usageCount="5"
        lastTimeUsedNotes="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
        lastTimeUsedJournal="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
        lastTimeUsedContacts="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
        lastTimeUsedTasks="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
        lastTimeUsedCalendar="2007-11-21T01:04:25.048"
        lastTimeUsedMail="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
        lastTimeUsed="2007-11-21T01:04:25.048"
        lastSessionUsed="2"
        guid="{CA791DEF-676C-4177-A839-CAF8878258F0}"/>
<category name="Black Category"
        color="14"
        keyboardShortcut="0"
        usageCount="6"
        lastTimeUsedNotes="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
        lastTimeUsedJournal="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
        lastTimeUsedContacts="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
        lastTimeUsedTasks="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
        lastTimeUsedCalendar="2007-12-14T02:43:30.719"
        lastTimeUsedMail="1601-01-01T00:00:00.000"
        lastTimeUsed="2007-12-14T02:43:30.719"
        lastSessionUsed="4"
        guid="{77EA6484-D31F-496E-AA07-DC4839D4327A}"/>
</categories>

```

4.2 View Definitions

In this example, a client creates a new table view that includes the following 10 columns:

- Importance
- Reminder
- Icon
- Flag Status
- Attachment

- From
- Subject
- Received
- Size
- Categories

When this new view is applied and transported to the server, the **PidTagViewDescriptorBinary** property (section [2.2.6.1](#)) stores the column description data and the **PidTagViewDescriptorStrings** property (section [2.2.6.2](#)) stores the column headers.

4.2.1 PidTagViewDescriptorBinary

The following is the value of the **PidTagViewDescriptorBinary** property (section [2.2.6.1](#)) that represents the view described in section [4.2](#).

```

0000: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-08 00 00 00 02 00 00 00
0010: 00 00 00 00 00 0B 00 00 00-08 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0020: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0030: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 01 00 04 00
0040: 07 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-28 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0050: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 04 00 00 00
0060: 03 00 17 00 12 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 4A 2F 00 00
0070: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0080: 17 00 00 00 0B 00 03 85-12 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0090: 40 3F 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 34 01 9A 11
00a0: 00 00 00 00 03 85 00 00-08 20 06 00 00 00 00 00 00
00b0: C0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 46-1E 00 1A 00 12 00 00 00
00c0: 00 00 00 00 0A 27 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
00d0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-1A 00 00 00 03 00 90 10
00e0: 12 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-4A 2F 00 00 00 00 00 00
00f0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 90 10 00 00
0100: 0B 00 1B 0E 12 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 4A 2F 00 00
0110: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0120: 1B 0E 00 00 1E 00 42 00-0C 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0130: 00 2F 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0140: 00 00 00 00 42 00 00 00-1E 00 37 00 11 00 00 00 00
0150: 00 00 00 00 00 2F 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0160: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-37 00 00 00 40 00 06 0E
0170: 10 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-40 2F 00 00 00 00 00 00
0180: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 06 0E 00 00
0190: 03 00 08 0E 0C 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 40 27 00 00
01a0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
01b0: 08 0E 00 00 1E 10 00 00-12 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
01c0: 20 7B 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 34 01 9A 11
01d0: 01 00 00 00 64 A7 22 00-29 03 02 00 00 00 00 00 00
01e0: C0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 46-12 00 00 00 4B 00 65 00
01f0: 79 00 77 00 6F 00 72 00-64 00 73 00 00 00 00 00 00

```

The first 8 bytes are reserved:

```
0000: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
```

The next four bytes specify the **Version** field. After the **Version** field is the value for the **ulFlags** field.

```
0008: 08 00 00 00 02 00 00 00
```

Version: 0x00000008

ulFlags: 0x00000002 (VDF_SORTDESCENDING)

The value of this **ulFlags** field means that the view is sorted by descending order.

Next are the **pres** and **cvcd** fields.

```
0010: 00 00 00 00 0B 00 00 00
```

pres: NULL

cvcd: 0x0B

The value 0x0B in the **cvcd** field means 11 columns (including the blank column) are stored in this packet.

Next are the **ivcdSort** and **cCat** fields.

```
0018: 08 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
```

ivcdSort: 0x08

cCat: 0x0

These values for the **ivcdSort** and **cCat** fields mean that the view is sorted by column "Received" and the sort order (3) is descending (as specified by the **ulFlags** field).

cCat is zero; this means that the table is not grouped.

Next is the **ulCatSort** field:

```
0020: 00 00 00 00
```

ulCatSort: 0x0

Because the table is not grouped, the value of the **ulCatSort** field is zero.

The next 24 bytes are reserved.

```
0024-003b
```

reserved

All column information starts from address 003C. Because this view has not defined restriction (1), the buffer does not store any restriction values.

4.2.1.1 Blank Column

The first column is Blank column. The column uses buffer address between 003C and 005F.

```
0030:                                01 00 04 00
0040: 07 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-28 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0050: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 04 00 00 00
```

PropertyType: 0x0001

```
0030:                                01 00
```

PropertyID: 0x0004

```
0030:                                04 00
```

Cx: 0x00000007

```
0040: 07 00 00 00
```

Reserved1:

```
0040:          00 00 00 00
```

Flags: 0x00000028, or (VCDF_BITMAP | VCDF_NOT_SORTABLE)

```
0040:          28 00 00 00
```

Reserved2:

```
0040:                                00 00 00 00
0050: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
```

Kind: 0x00000000

```
0050:          00 00 00 00
```

ID: 0x00000004

0050: 04 00 00 00

4.2.1.2 Column "Importance"

Next in the buffer is the description of the "Importance" column.

0060: 03 00 17 00 12 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 4A 2F 00 00
0070: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0080: 17 00 00 00

PropertyType: 0x0003

0060: 03 00

PropertyID: 0x0017 (**PidTagImportance** ([\[MS-OXCMSG\]](#) section 2.2.1.11))

0060: 17 00

Cx: 0x00000012

0060: 12 00 00 00

Reserved1: 0x00000000

0060: 00 00 00 00

Flags: 0x00002F4A, or (VCDF_BITMAP | VCDF_CENTER_JUSTIFY | VCDF_SORTDLG | VCDF_GROUPDLG | VCDF_SORTDESCENDING | VCDF_RCOLUMNSDLG | VCDF_MOVEABLE | VCDF_COLUMNSDLG)

0060: 4A 2F 00 00

Reserved2: 0x000000000000000000000000

0070: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00

Kind: 0x00000000

0070: 00 00 00 00

ID: 0x00000017

0080: 17 00 00 00

4.2.1.3 Column "Reminder"

Next in the buffer is the description of the "Reminder" column.

0080: 0B 00 03 85-12 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0090: 40 3F 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 34 01 9A 11
00a0: 00 00 00 00 03 85 00 00-08 20 06 00 00 00 00 00
00b0: C0 00 00 00 00 00 00 46

PropertyType: 0x000B

0080: 0B 00

PropertyID: 0x8503 (**PidLidReminderSet** ([\[MS-OXORMDR\]](#) section 2.2.1.1))

0080: 03 85

Cx: 0x00000012

0080: 12 00 00 00

Reserved1: 0x00000000

0080: 00 00 00 00

Flags: 0x00003F40, or (VCDF_NAMEDPROP | VCDF_SORTDESCENDING | VCDF-RCOLUMNSDLG | VCDF_SORTDLG | VCDF_GROUPDLG | VCDF_MOVEABLE | VCDF_COLUMNSDLG)

0090: 40 3F 00 00

Reserved2: 0x119A01340000000000000000

0090: 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 34 01 9A 11

Kind: 0x00000000

00a0: 00 00 00 00

ID: 0x00008503

00a0: 03 85 00 00

Guid: {00062008-0000-0000-C000-000000000046}

00a0: 08 20 06 00 00 00 00 00
00b0: c0 00 00 00 00 00 00 46

4.2.1.4 Column "Icon"

Next in the buffer is the description of the "Icon" column.

00b0: 1E 00 1A 00 12 00 00 00
00c0: 00 00 00 00 0A 27 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
00d0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-1A 00 00 00

PropertyType: 001E

PropertyID: 0x001A (**PidTagMessageClass** ([\[MS-OXCMSG\]](#) section 2.2.1.3))

Cx: 0x00000012

Flags: 0x0000270A

Kind: 0x00000000

ID: 0x0000001A

4.2.1.5 Column "Flag Status"

Next in the buffer is the description of the "Flag Status" column.

00d0: 03 00 90 10
00e0: 12 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-4A 2F 00 00 00 00 00 00
00f0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 90 10 00 00

PropertyType: 0x0003

PropertyID: 0x1090 (**PidTagFlagStatus** ([\[MS-OXOFLAG\]](#) section 2.2.1.1))

Cx: 0x00000012

Flags: 0x00002F4A

Kind: 0x00000000

ID: 0x00001090

4.2.1.6 Column "Attachment"

Next in the buffer is the description of the "Attachment" column.

```
0100: 0B 00 1B 0E 12 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 4A 2F 00 00
0110: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0120: 1B 0E 00 00
```

PropertyType: 0x000B

PropertyID: 0x0E1B (**PidTagHasAttachments** ([\[MS-OXCMMSG\]](#) section 2.2.1.2))

Cx: 0x00000012

Flags: 0x00002F4A

Kind: 0x00000000

ID: 0x00000E1B

4.2.1.7 Column "From"

Next in the buffer is the description of the "From" column.

```
0120: 1E 00 42 00-0C 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0130: 00 2F 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0140: 00 00 00 00 42 00 00 00
```

PropertyType: 0x001E

PropertyID: 0x0042 (**PidTagSentRepresentingName** ([\[MS-OXOMSG\]](#) section 2.2.1.49))

Cx: 0x0000000C

Flags: 0x00002F00

Kind: 0x00000000

ID: 0x00000042

4.2.1.8 Column "Subject"

Next in the buffer is the description of the "Subject" column.

```
0140: 1E 00 37 00 11 00 00 00
0150: 00 00 00 00 00 2F 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0160: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-37 00 00 00
```

PropertyType: 0x001E

PropertyID: 0x0037 (**PidTagSubject** (section [2.2.8.9](#)))

Cx: 0x00000011

Flags: 0x00002F00

Kind: 0x00000000

ID: 0x00000037

4.2.1.9 Column "Received"

Next in the buffer is the description of column "Received".

```
0160:                                     40 00 06 0E
0170: 10 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-40 2F 00 00 00 00 00
0180: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 06 0E 00 00
```

PropertyType: 0x0040

PropertyID: 0x0E06 (**PidTagMessageDeliveryTime** ([\[MS-OXOMSG\]](#) section 2.2.3.9))

Cx: 0x00000010

Flags: 0x00002F40

Kind: 0x00000000

ID: 0x00000E06

4.2.1.10 Column "Size"

Next in the buffer is the description of the "Size" column.

```
0190: 03 00 08 0E 0C 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 40 27 00 00
01a0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
01b0: 08 0E 00 00
```

PropertyType: 0x0003

PropertyID: 0x0E08 (**PidTagMessageSize** ([\[MS-OXCFOLD\]](#) section 2.2.2.2.1.7))

Cx: 0x0000000C

Flags: 0x00002740

Kind: 0x00000000

ID: 0x00000E08

4.2.1.11 Column "Categories"

Next in the buffer is the description of the "categories" column. This is a column that has the named property **PidNameKeywords** (section [2.2.8.6](#)).

```
01b0:          1E 10 00 00-12 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
01c0: 20 7B 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 34 01 9A 11
01d0: 01 00 00 00 64 A7 22 00-29 03 02 00 00 00 00 00
01e0: C0 00 00 00 00 00 00 46-12 00 00 00 4B 00 65 00
01f0: 79 00 77 00 6F 00 72 00-64 00 73 00 00 00 00
```

PropertyType: 0x101E
PropertyID: 0x0000
Cx: 0x00000012
Flags: 0x00007B20
Kind: 0x00000001
Guid: {00020329-0000-0000-C000-000000000046}
BufferLength: 0x00000012
Buffer: "Keywords"

4.2.2 PidTagViewDescriptorStrings

In this example, the **PidTagViewDescriptorStrings** property (section [2.2.6.2](#)) contains all the column headers delimited by "\n".

```
\nImportance\nReminder\nIcon\nFlag\nStatus\nAttachment\nFrom\nSubject\nReceived\nSize\nCategories\n
```

Note The value of the **PidTagViewDescriptorStrings** property begins with "\n" because the first string value in this example is an empty string.

4.3 Conversation Actions

4.3.1 A Categorized and Moved Conversation Action

In this example, a user has a conversation entitled "Solidifying our proposal to Fabrikam, Inc." in which the last E-mail object was delivered at 3:31 PM on 2/17/2009, Pacific Standard Time (11:31 PM on 2/17/2009, UTC). The E-mail objects in this conversation share the same value of the **PidTagConversationId** property ([\[MS-OXOMSG\]](#) section 2.2.1.2).

```
0000: B7 A2 B5 C4 AA 65 1C F2-D3 8C 62 8C 0E AF 56 C4
```

Around 3:50 PM, the user adds the categories (3) "Fabrikam" and "Business Proposals" to the conversation. At 3:51 PM, the user moves the conversation to a folder, "FY09 Archive", that has the following EntryID.

```
0000: 00 00 00 00 0C 99 F4 ED-A2 F1 E4 41 B1 5B 9B 25  
0010: 10 91 3E 9D 02 81 00 00
```

The folder is in a store, "Archived Mail", that as the following EntryID.

```
0000: 00 00 00 00 38 A1 BB 10-05 E5 10 1A A1 BB 08 00  
0010: 2B 2A 56 C2 00 00 6D 73-70 73 74 2E 64 6C 6C 00  
0020: 00 00 00 00 4E 49 54 41-F9 BF B8 01 00 AA 00 37  
0030: D9 6E 00 00 00 00 43 00-3A 00 5C 00 44 00 6F 00
```

```

0040: 63 00 75 00 6D 00 65 00-6E 00 74 00 73 00 20 00
0050: 61 00 6E 00 64 00 20 00-53 00 65 00 74 00 74 00
0060: 69 00 6E 00 67 00 73 00-5C 00 61 00 6A 00 61 00
0070: 6D 00 65 00 73 00 5C 00-4C 00 6F 00 63 00 61 00
0080: 6C 00 20 00 53 00 65 00-74 00 74 00 69 00 6E 00
0090: 67 00 73 00 5C 00 41 00-70 00 70 00 6C 00 69 00
00a0: 63 00 61 00 74 00 69 00-6F 00 6E 00 20 00 44 00
00b0: 61 00 74 00 61 00 5C 00-4D 00 69 00 63 00 72 00
00c0: 6F 00 73 00 6F 00 66 00-74 00 5C 00 4F 00 75 00
00d0: 74 00 6C 00 6F 00 6F 00-6B 00 5C 00 41 00 72 00
00e0: 63 00 68 00 69 00 76 00-65 00 64 00 20 00 4D 00
00f0: 61 00 69 00 6C 00 2E 00-70 00 73 00 74 00 00 00

```

The resulting FAI message in the conversation action Settings special folder will have the following properties.

Property name	Value
PidLidConversationActionLastAppliedTime (section 2.2.8.1)	23:51:11 2/17/2009
PidLidConversationActionMaxDeliveryTime (section 2.2.8.2)	23:31:42 2/17/2009
PidLidConversationActionMoveFolderEid (section 2.2.8.3)	0000: 00 00 00 00 0C 99 F4 ED-A2 F1 E4 41 B1 5B 9B 25 0010: 10 91 3E 9D 02 81 00 00
PidLidConversationActionMoveStoreEid (section 2.2.8.4)	0000: 00 00 00 00 38 A1 BB 10-05 E5 10 1A A1 BB 08 00 0010: 2B 2A 56 C2 00 00 6D 73-70 73 74 2E 64 6C 6C 00 0020: 00 00 00 00 4E 49 54 41-F9 BF B8 01 00 AA 00 37 0030: D9 6E 00 00 00 00 43 00-3A 00 5C 00 44 00 6F 00 0040: 63 00 75 00 6D 00 65 00-6E 00 74 00 73 00 20 00 0050: 61 00 6E 00 64 00 20 00-53 00 65 00 74 00 74 00 0060: 69 00 6E 00 67 00 73 00-5C 00 61 00 6A 00 61 00 0070: 6D 00 65 00 73 00 5C 00-4C 00 6F 00 63 00 61 00 0080: 6C 00 20 00 53 00 65 00-74 00 74 00 69 00 6E 00 0090: 67 00 73 00 5C 00 41 00-70 00 70 00 6C 00 69 00 00a0: 63 00 61 00 74 00 69 00-6F 00 6E 00 20 00 44 00 00b0: 61 00 74 00 61 00 5C 00-4D 00 69 00 63 00 72 00 00c0: 6F 00 73 00 6F 00 66 00-74 00 5C 00 4F 00 75 00 00d0: 74 00 6C 00 6F 00 6F 00-6B 00 5C 00

Property name	Value
	41 00 72 00 00e0: 63 00 68 00 69 00 76 00-65 00 64 00 20 00 4D 00 00f0: 61 00 69 00 6C 00 2E 00-70 00 73 00 74 00 00 00
PidLidConversationActionVersion (section 2.2.8.5)	0x003CCCCC
PidNameKeywords (section 2.2.8.6)	{"Fabrikam", "Business Proposals"}
PidTagConversationIndex (section 2.2.8.7)	0000: 01 00 00 00 00 00 B7 A2- B5 C4 AA 65 1C F2 D3 8C 0000: 62 8C 0E AF 56 C4
PidTagMessageClass (section 2.2.8.8)	"IPM.ConversationAction"
PidTagSubject (section 2.2.8.9)	"Conv.Action: Solidifying our proposal to Fabrikam, Inc."

4.4 Navigation Shortcut

4.4.1 Group Header

Ryan Gregg creates a new group header named "My Work Calendars" to group his shortcuts in his e-mail client application.

The client sends a **RopCreateMessage** ROP request ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.6.2) that has a value for the **FolderId** field set to the ID of the Common Views folder and the **Associated** flag set to 1 and then waits for the server to respond. The server response contains a handle to the **Message object**.

The client uses the Session ID 0x12345678 (generated at random on initialization) and generates a GUID for this shortcut: 5BA943D8DAAA462CA63E9136F65C8681.

The client then sends a **RopSetProperties** ROP request ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.8.6) to set the following properties. The property data types are all defined in ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1).

Property name	PropertyID	Property type	Value
PidTagMessageClass ([MS-OXCMSG] section 2.2.1.3)	0x001A	0x001F (PtypString)	"IPM.Microsoft.WunderBar.Link"
PidTagNormalizedSubject (section 2.2.9.2)	0x0E1D	0x001F (PtypString)	"My Work Calendars"
PidTagWlinkGroupHeaderID (section 2.2.9.3)	0x6842	0x0048 (PtypGuid)	5BA943D8DAAA462C A63E9136F65C8681
PidTagWlinkSaveStamp (section 2.2.9.4)	0x6847	0x0003 (PtypInteger32)	0x12345678
PidTagWlinkType (section 2.2.9.5)	0x6849	0x0003 (PtypInteger32)	0x00000004
PidTagWlinkFlags (section 2.2.9.5)	0x684A	0x0003	0x00000000

Property name	PropertyID	Property type	Value
2.2.9.6)		(PtypInteger32)	
PidTagWlinkOrdinal (section 2.2.9.7)	0x684B	0x0102 (PtypBinary)	0x80
PidTagWlinkFolderType (section 2.2.9.11)	0x684F	0x0048 (PtypGuid)	0278060000000000 C000000000000046
PidTagWlinkSection (section 2.2.9.14)	0x6852	0x0003 (PtypInteger32)	0x00000003

The client then sends a **RopSaveChangesMessage** ROP request ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.6.3) to persist the object on the server, and a **RopRelease** ROP request ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.15.3) to release the object.

4.4.2 Navigation Shortcut

Ryan creates a new shortcut to his folder "Meetings" and wants to group it under the new "My Work Calendars" group he created in the example in [4.4.1](#).

The client sends a **RopCreateMessage ROP request** ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.6.2) that has the FolderId set to the ID of the Common Views folder and the **Associated** flag set to 1 and then waits for the server to respond. The server response contains a handle to the Message object.

The client then sends a **RopSetProperties** ROP request ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.8.6) to set the following properties. The property data types are all defined in ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1).

Property name	PropertyID	Property type	Value
PidTagMessageClass ([MS-OXCMSG] section 2.2.1.3)	0x001A	0x001F (PtypString)	"IPM.Microsoft.WunderBar.Link"
PidTagNormalizedSubject (section 2.2.9.2)	0x0E1D	0x001F (PtypString)	"Meetings"
PidTagWlinkSaveStamp (section 2.2.9.4)	0x6847	0x0003 (PtypInteger32)	0x12345678
PidTagWlinkType (section 2.2.9.5)	0x6849	0x0003 (PtypInteger32)	0x00000000
PidTagWlinkFlags (section 2.2.9.6)	0x684A	0x0003 (PtypInteger32)	0x00000000
PidTagWlinkOrdinal (section 2.2.9.7)	0x684B	0x0102 (PtypBinary)	0x80
PidTagWlinkEntryId (section 2.2.9.8)	0x684C	0x0102 (PtypBinary)	See explanation following this table
PidTagWlinkRecordKey (section 2.2.9.9)	0x684D	0x0102 (PtypBinary)	See explanation following this table
PidTagWlinkStoreEntryId (section 2.2.9.10)	0x684E	0x0102 (PtypBinary)	See explanation following this table

Property name	PropertyID	Property type	Value
PidTagWlinkFolderType (section 2.2.9.11)	0x684F	0x0048 (PtypGuid)	0278060000000000 C000000000000046
PidTagWlinkGroupClsid (section 2.2.9.12)	0x6850	0x0048 (PtypGuid)	5BA943D8DAAA462C A63E9136F65C8681
PidTagWlinkGroupName (section 2.2.9.13)	0x6851	0x001F (PtypString)	"My Work Calendars"
PidTagWlinkSection (section 2.2.9.14)	0x6852	0x0003 (PtypInteger32)	0x00000003

The values of the **PidTagWlinkEntryId**, **PidTagWlinkRecordKey**, and **PidTagWlinkStoreEntryId** properties are copied directly from the corresponding properties of the actual Calendar folder as described in section [2.2.9.8](#), section [2.2.9.9](#), and section [2.2.9.10](#).

The client then sends a **RopSaveChangesMessage** ROP request ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.6.3) to persist the object on the server and a **RopRelease** ROP request ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.15.3) to release the object.

5 Security

5.1 Security Considerations for Implementers

There are no special security considerations specific to the Configuration Information protocol. General security considerations pertaining to the underlying transport apply and are described in [\[MS-OXCMSG\]](#).

5.2 Index of Security Parameters

None.

6 Appendix A: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include released service packs:

- Microsoft® Exchange Server 2003
- Microsoft® Exchange Server 2007
- Microsoft® Exchange Server 2010
- Microsoft® Office Outlook® 2003
- Microsoft® Office Outlook® 2007
- Microsoft® Outlook® 2010

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. If a service pack or Quick Fix Engineering (QFE) number appears with the product version, behavior changed in that service pack or QFE. The new behavior also applies to subsequent service packs of the product unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms SHOULD or SHOULD NOT implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term MAY implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

[<1> Section 2.2.3:](#) In Office Outlook 2007 and Outlook 2010 Cached Mode, when the local cached copy of the category list is in conflict with the copy on the server, Office Outlook 2007 and Outlook 2010 sometimes do not escape the single quote character.

[<2> Section 2.2.5:](#) Exchange 2003 and Office Outlook 2003 do not read or write configuration data FAI messages.

[<3> Section 2.2.5.1:](#) Exchange 2007 uses the string "Exchange.12", and Office Outlook 2007 uses the string "Outlook.12" for the **version** attribute. Exchange 2010 uses the string "Exchange.14", and Outlook 2010 uses the string "Outlook.14" for the **version** attribute.

[<4> Section 2.2.5.1.1:](#) Office Outlook 2003 and Office Outlook 2007 do not support the **piAutoDeleteReceipts** property.

[<5> Section 2.2.5.2.1:](#) Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Office Outlook 2003, and Office Outlook 2007 neither read nor write the **Name** element.

[<6> Section 2.2.5.2.2:](#) Office Outlook 2007 and Outlook 2010 ignore any digits after the first 3, which means that the maximum precision of elements of the **dateTimeRestrictedType** is milliseconds.

[<7> Section 2.2.5.2.2:](#) This restriction (1) on the category name is supported only by Exchange 2003.

[<8> Section 2.2.5.2.2:](#) Exchange 2003 does not use the **keyboardShortcut** attribute data.

[<9> Section 2.2.5.2.2:](#) Office Outlook 2007 and Outlook 2010 write the usage count as indicated. However, the most frequently used list is not implemented, and the **usageCount** attribute is not used.

<10> [Section 2.2.5.2.2](#): Office Outlook 2007 and Outlook 2010 will write the last session that this category (3) was applied or changed by the user, but this value is not used.

<11> [Section 2.2.5.2.2](#): Exchange 2003 and Office Outlook 2003 SP3 do not support renaming categories (3).

<12> [Section 2.2.5.2.2](#): Office Outlook 2007 and Outlook 2010 will increment this number on every session. A new session occurs for these clients when the user starts Office Outlook 2007 or Outlook 2010, or when not less than 12 hours has elapsed since the previous session.

<13> [Section 2.2.5.2.3](#): Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Office Outlook 2003, and Office Outlook 2007 do not store the settings defined in this section.

<14> [Section 2.2.5.2.3](#): Exchange 2010 always sets the value of the **OptedInto** attribute to "False".

<15> [Section 2.2.6](#): Office Outlook 2007 and Outlook 2010 do not support view definitions.

<16> [Section 2.2.7.1.2](#): Exchange 2003 and Office Outlook 2003 do not support displaying the policy description.

<17> [Section 2.2.8](#): Conversation actions are not supported by Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Office Outlook 2003, or Office Outlook 2007.

<18> [Section 2.2.8.1](#): The **PidLidConversationActionLastAppliedTime** property is not supported by Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Office Outlook 2003, or Office Outlook 2007.

<19> [Section 2.2.8.2](#): The **PidLidConversationActionMaxDeliveryTime** property is not supported by Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Office Outlook 2003, or Office Outlook 2007.

<20> [Section 2.2.8.3](#): The **PidLidConversationActionMoveFolderEid** property is not supported Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Office Outlook 2003, or Office Outlook 2007.

<21> [Section 2.2.8.4](#): The **PidLidConversationActionMoveStoreEid** property is not supported by Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Office Outlook 2003, or Office Outlook 2007.

<22> [Section 2.2.8.5](#): Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Office Outlook 2003, and Office Outlook 2007 do not set the **PidLidConversationActionVersion** property and ignore it if it is set.

<23> [Section 2.2.8.6](#): Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Office Outlook 2003, and Office Outlook 2007 do not set the **PidNameKeywords** property for conversations.

<24> [Section 2.2.8.7](#): Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Office Outlook 2003, and Office Outlook 2007 do not set the **PidTagConversationIndex** property.

<25> [Section 2.2.8.8](#): Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Office Outlook 2003, and Office Outlook 2007 do not set the **PidTagMessageClass** property to "IPM.ConversationAction".

<26> [Section 2.2.8.9](#): Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Office Outlook 2003, and Office Outlook 2007 do not set the **PidTagSubject** property for conversations.

<27> [Section 2.2.8.9](#): The **PidTagSubject** property is not supported by Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Office Outlook 2003, or Office Outlook 2007. Outlook 2010 sets the **PidTagSubject** property on the FAI message to a concatenated string, "Conv.Action: " followed by the **PidTagNormalizedSubject** property (section [2.2.9.2](#)) on an E-mail object in the conversation.

<28> [Section 2.2.9](#): Navigation shortcuts are not supported by Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, or Office Outlook 2003.

<29> [Section 2.2.9.16](#): The **PidTagWlinkAddressBookEID** property is not supported by Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Office Outlook 2003, or Office Outlook 2007. Outlook 2010 sets the **PidTagWlinkAddressBookEID** property on calendar shortcuts only.

<30> [Section 2.2.9.17](#): The **PidTagWlinkAddressBookStoreEID** property is not supported by Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Office Outlook 2003, or Office Outlook 2007. Outlook 2010 sets the **PidTagWlinkAddressBookStoreEID** property on calendar shortcuts only.

<31> [Section 2.2.9.18](#): The shortcut behavior is not supported by Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Office Outlook 2003, or Office Outlook 2007.

<32> [Section 2.2.9.19](#): The **PidTagWlinkROGroupType** property is not supported by Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Office Outlook 2003, or Office Outlook 2007.

<33> [Section 3.1.4.1.2](#): Office Outlook 2007 and Outlook 2010 use the default values of working from 8 A.M. to 5 P.M., Monday – Friday, in the user's current system time zone.

<34> [Section 3.1.4.8](#): Performing conversation actions is not supported by Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Office Outlook 2003, or Office Outlook 2007.

<35> [Section 3.1.4.8](#): Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Office Outlook 2003, and Office Outlook 2007 do not support finding matching E-mail objects related to a conversation. When connected to an online-mode server and performing an Ignore, Stop Ignoring, Move to Folder, or Stop Move conversation action, Outlook 2010 will not attempt to locate matching E-mail objects. For all other scenarios, Outlook 2010 will attempt to locate matching E-mail objects.

<36> [Section 3.1.4.10.2](#): Setting the properties specified in this section is not supported by Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Office Outlook 2003, or Office Outlook 2007. Whether Outlook 2010 sets the **PidTagWlinkCalendarColor** property (section [2.2.9.15](#)), the **PidTagWlinkAddressBookEID** property (section [2.2.9.16](#)), the **PidTagWlinkAddressBookStoreEID** property (section [2.2.9.17](#)), and the **PidTagWlinkROGroupType** property (section [2.2.9.19](#)) depends upon configuration or administrative settings.

<37> [Section 3.1.5.1](#): Performing conversation actions on incoming messages is not supported by Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Office Outlook 2003, or Office Outlook 2007.

<38> [Section 3.1.5.1.1](#): Duplicate detection on incoming E-mail objects is not supported by Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Office Outlook 2003, or Office Outlook 2007.

<39> [Section 3.1.5.1.1](#): Comparing the value of the **PidTagSearchKey** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.1047) on incoming E-mail objects is not supported by Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Office Outlook 2003, or Office Outlook 2007. Outlook 2010 maintains a cache of all E-mail objects received in the past 15 minutes.

<40> [Section 3.1.5.2](#): Performing additional processing on the copy of the E-mail object in the Sent Items special folder is not supported by Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Office Outlook 2003, or Office Outlook 2007.

<41> [Section 3.1.6.1](#): Office Outlook 2003, Office Outlook 2007, and Outlook 2010 have the default duration of 336 hours (14 days).

<42> [Section 3.1.6.1](#): Office Outlook 2003, Office Outlook 2007, and Outlook 2010 implement conversation action expiration without timers. Instead, every time an algorithm calls for an FAI message to be located, Office Outlook 2003, Office Outlook 2007, and Outlook 2010 run the expiration logic before proceeding with the original algorithm.

<43> [Section 3.2.4.1.2](#): Exchange 2007 and Exchange 2010 will stop reading the XML document beyond 512 kilobytes.

<44> [Section 3.2.5.1](#): Processing in response to a client uploading changes to a conversation action FAI message is not supported by Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Office Outlook 2003, or Office Outlook 2007.

<45> [Section 3.2.5.2](#): Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Office Outlook 2003, and Office Outlook 2007 do not support processing conversation actions on incoming E-mail objects.

<46> [Section 3.2.5.3](#): The additional processing on the copy of the E-mail object in the Sent Items special folder specified in this section is not supported by Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Office Outlook 2003, or Office Outlook 2007.

7 Change Tracking

This section identifies changes that were made to the [MS-OXOCFG] protocol document between the August 2011 and October 2011 releases. Changes are classified as New, Major, Minor, Editorial, or No change.

The revision class **New** means that a new document is being released.

The revision class **Major** means that the technical content in the document was significantly revised. Major changes affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of major changes are:

- A document revision that incorporates changes to interoperability requirements or functionality.
- An extensive rewrite, addition, or deletion of major portions of content.
- The removal of a document from the documentation set.
- Changes made for template compliance.

The revision class **Minor** means that the meaning of the technical content was clarified. Minor changes do not affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of minor changes are updates to clarify ambiguity at the sentence, paragraph, or table level.

The revision class **Editorial** means that the language and formatting in the technical content was changed. Editorial changes apply to grammatical, formatting, and style issues.

The revision class **No change** means that no new technical or language changes were introduced. The technical content of the document is identical to the last released version, but minor editorial and formatting changes, as well as updates to the header and footer information, and to the revision summary, may have been made.

Major and minor changes can be described further using the following change types:

- New content added.
- Content updated.
- Content removed.
- New product behavior note added.
- Product behavior note updated.
- Product behavior note removed.
- New protocol syntax added.
- Protocol syntax updated.
- Protocol syntax removed.
- New content added due to protocol revision.
- Content updated due to protocol revision.
- Content removed due to protocol revision.
- New protocol syntax added due to protocol revision.

- Protocol syntax updated due to protocol revision.
- Protocol syntax removed due to protocol revision.
- New content added for template compliance.
- Content updated for template compliance.
- Content removed for template compliance.
- Obsolete document removed.

Editorial changes are always classified with the change type **Editorially updated**.

Some important terms used in the change type descriptions are defined as follows:

- **Protocol syntax** refers to data elements (such as packets, structures, enumerations, and methods) as well as interfaces.
- **Protocol revision** refers to changes made to a protocol that affect the bits that are sent over the wire.

The changes made to this document are listed in the following table. For more information, please contact protocol@microsoft.com.

Section	Tracking number (if applicable) and description	Major change (Y or N)	Change type
2.2.5.1 Dictionaries	Clarified the range of values accepted for the OLPrefsVersion name/value pair.	N	Content updated.
2.2.5.1 Dictionaries	Removed inline documentation from the XML schema definition.	N	Content removed.
2.2.5.2.3 Retention and Archive Settings	Re-ordered content in section so that elements and attributes are clearly distinguished, and provided parent element references for each child element.	N	Content updated.

8 Index

A

Abstract data model
[client](#) 66
[server](#) 78
[Applicability](#) 12

B

[Binary Format message](#) 15

C

[Capability negotiation](#) 12
[Change tracking](#) 104
Client
[abstract data model](#) 66
[initialization - navigation shortcuts](#) 66
[other local events](#) 78
[timers](#) 66
Client - higher layer triggered events
[applying a category to a message](#) 73
[performing a conversation action](#) 73
[reading configuration data](#) 66
[reading folder flags](#) 72
[reading navigation shortcuts](#) 75
[reading view definitions](#) 70
[writing configuration data](#) 69
[writing folder flags](#) 72
[writing view definitions](#) 70
Client - message processing
[processing a conversation action on incoming E-mail objects](#) 76
[processing a conversation action on outgoing E-mail objects](#) 78
Client - sequencing rules
[processing a conversation action on incoming E-mail objects](#) 76
[processing a conversation action on outgoing E-mail objects](#) 78
[Client - timer events - expiration of conversation actions](#) 78
Configuration data
[dictionaries](#) 15
[XML streams](#) 19
Configuration data example
[category list](#) 84
[dictionaries](#) 83
[working hours](#) 83
[Configuration Data message](#) 15
Configuration data properties
[PidTagRoamingDatatypes property](#) 13
[PidTagRoamingDictionary property](#) 14
[PidTagRoamingXmlStream property](#) 14
[Configuration Data Properties message](#) 13
[Conversation actions example - a categorized and moved conversation action](#) 94
[Conversation Actions message](#) 56

[PidLidConversationActionLastAppliedTime property](#) 57
[PidLidConversationActionMaxDeliveryTime property](#) 57
[PidLidConversationActionMoveFolderEid property](#) 57
[PidLidConversationActionMoveStoreEid property](#) 57
[PidLidConversationActionVersion property](#) 58
[PidNameKeywords property](#) 58
[PidTagConversationIndex property](#) 58
[PidTagMessageClass property](#) 59
[PidTagSubject property](#) 59

D

Data model - abstract
[client](#) 66
[server](#) 78
[Dictionaries configuration data](#) 15

E

Examples - configuration data
[category list](#) 84
[dictionaries](#) 83
[working hours](#) 83
[Examples - conversation actions - a categorized and moved conversation action](#) 94
Examples - navigation shortcut
[group header](#) 96
[navigation shortcut](#) 97
Examples - view definitions
[overview](#) 85
[PidTagViewDescriptorBinary](#) 86
[PidTagViewDescriptorStrings](#) 94

F

[Fields - vendor-extensible](#) 12
[Folder Flags message](#) 53
[Folder flags message - sub-property](#) 54

G

[Glossary](#) 7

H

Higher layer triggered events - client
[applying a category to a message](#) 73
[performing a conversation action](#) 73
[reading configuration data](#) 66
[reading folder flags](#) 72
[reading navigation shortcuts](#) 75
[reading view definitions](#) 70
[writing configuration data](#) 69
[writing folder flags](#) 72

[writing view definitions](#) 70
Higher layer triggered events - server
[applying a category to a message](#) 80
[reading configuration data](#) 79
[reading folder flags](#) 80
[reading view definitions](#) 79
[writing configuration data](#) 79
[writing folder flags](#) 80

I

[Implementer - security considerations](#) 99
[Index of security parameters](#) 99
[Informative references](#) 9
Initialization
[client - navigation shortcuts](#) 66
[server](#) 79
[Introduction](#) 7

M

Message processing - client
[processing a conversation action on incoming E-mail objects](#) 76
[processing a conversation action on outgoing E-mail objects](#) 78
Message processing - server
[processing a change to a conversation action FAI message](#) 80
[processing a conversation action on incoming E-mail objects](#) 81
[processing a conversation action on outgoing E-mail objects](#) 82
[Message syntax](#) 13
Messages
[Binary Format](#) 15
[Configuration Data](#) 15
[Configuration Data Properties](#) 13
[Conversation Actions](#) 56
[Folder Flags](#) 53
[message syntax](#) 13
[Namespaces](#) 13
[Navigation Shortcuts](#) 59
[transport](#) 13
[View Definitions](#) 34
[XML Format](#) 14

N

[Namespaces message](#) 13
Navigation shortcut example
[group header](#) 96
[navigation shortcut](#) 97
[Navigation Shortcuts message](#) 59
[PidTagMessageClass property](#) 59
[PidTagNormalizedSubject property](#) 59
[PidTagWlinkAddressBookEID property](#) 64
[PidTagWlinkAddressBookStoreEID property](#) 64
[PidTagWlinkCalendarColor property](#) 63
[PidTagWlinkClientID property](#) 64
[PidTagWlinkEntryId property](#) 61
[PidTagWlinkFlags property](#) 60

[PidTagWlinkFolderType property](#) 62
[PidTagWlinkGroupClsid property](#) 62
[PidTagWlinkGroupHeaderID property](#) 60
[PidTagWlinkGroupName property](#) 62
[PidTagWlinkOrdinal property](#) 61
[PidTagWlinkRecordKey property](#) 62
[PidTagWlinkROGroupType property](#) 64
[PidTagWlinkSaveStamp property](#) 60
[PidTagWlinkSection property](#) 63
[PidTagWlinkStoreEntryId property](#) 62
[PidTagWlinkType property](#) 60
[Normative references](#) 8

O

Other local events
[client](#) 78
[server](#) 82
[Overview \(synopsis\)](#) 9

P

[Parameters - security index](#) 99
[PidLidConversationActionLastAppliedTime property conversation actions message](#) 57
[PidLidConversationActionMaxDeliveryTime property conversation actions message](#) 57
[PidLidConversationActionMoveFolderEid property conversation actions message](#) 57
[PidLidConversationActionMoveStoreEid property conversation actions message](#) 57
[PidLidConversationActionVersion property conversation actions message](#) 58
[PidNameKeywords property conversation actions message](#) 58
[PidTagConversationIndex property conversation actions message](#) 58
[PidTagMessageClass property conversation actions message](#) 59
[PidTagMessageClass property navigation shortcuts message](#) 59
[PidTagNormalizedSubject property navigation shortcuts message](#) 59
[PidTagRoamingDatatypes configuration data property](#) 13
[PidTagRoamingDictionary configuration data property](#) 14
[PidTagRoamingXmlStream configuration data property](#) 14
[PidTagSubject property conversation actions message](#) 59
[PidTagViewDescriptorBinary property view definitions message](#) 34
[PidTagViewDescriptorStrings property view definitions message](#) 53
[PidTagWlinkAddressBookEID property navigation shortcuts message](#) 64
[PidTagWlinkAddressBookStoreEID property navigation shortcuts message](#) 64
[PidTagWlinkCalendarColor property navigation shortcuts message](#) 63

[PidTagWlinkClientID property navigation shortcuts message](#) 64
[PidTagWlinkEntryId property navigation shortcuts message](#) 61
[PidTagWlinkFlags property navigation shortcuts message](#) 60
[PidTagWlinkFolderType property navigation shortcuts message](#) 62
[PidTagWlinkGroupClsid property navigation shortcuts message](#) 62
[PidTagWlinkGroupHeaderID property navigation shortcuts message](#) 60
[PidTagWlinkGroupName property navigation shortcuts message](#) 62
[PidTagWlinkOrdinal property navigation shortcuts message](#) 61
[PidTagWlinkRecordKey property navigation shortcuts message](#) 62
[PidTagWlinkROGroupType property navigation shortcuts message](#) 64
[PidTagWlinkSaveStamp property navigation shortcuts message](#) 60
[PidTagWlinkSection property navigation shortcuts message](#) 63
[PidTagWlinkStoreEntryId property navigation shortcuts message](#) 62
[PidTagWlinkType property navigation shortcuts message](#) 60
[Preconditions](#) 12
[Prerequisites](#) 12
[Product behavior](#) 100

R

References
[informative](#) 9
[normative](#) 8
[Relationship to other protocols](#) 10

S

Security
[implementer considerations](#) 99
[parameter index](#) 99
Sequencing rules - client
[processing a conversation action on incoming E-mail objects](#) 76
[processing a conversation action on outgoing E-mail objects](#) 78
Sequencing rules - server
[processing a change to a conversation action FAI message](#) 80
[processing a conversation action on incoming E-mail objects](#) 81
[processing a conversation action on outgoing E-mail objects](#) 82
Server
[abstract data model](#) 78
[initialization](#) 79
[other local events](#) 82
[overview](#) 78
[timer events](#) 82

[timers](#) 78
Server - higher layer triggered events
[applying a category to a message](#) 80
[reading configuration data](#) 79
[reading folder flags](#) 80
[reading view definitions](#) 79
[writing configuration data](#) 79
[writing folder flags](#) 80
Server - message processing
[processing a change to a conversation action FAI message](#) 80
[processing a conversation action on incoming E-mail objects](#) 81
[processing a conversation action on outgoing E-mail objects](#) 82
Server - sequencing rules
[processing a change to a conversation action FAI message](#) 80
[processing a conversation action on incoming E-mail objects](#) 81
[processing a conversation action on outgoing E-mail objects](#) 82
[Standards assignments](#) 12
[Sub-property folder flags message](#) 54

T

Timer events
[client - expiration of conversation actions](#) 78
[server](#) 82

Timers

[client](#) 66
[server](#) 78
[Tracking changes](#) 104
[Transport](#) 13

Triggered events - client

[applying a category to a message](#) 73
[performing a conversation action](#) 73
[reading configuration data](#) 66
[reading folder flags](#) 72
[reading navigation shortcuts](#) 75
[reading view definitions](#) 70
[writing configuration data](#) 69
[writing folder flags](#) 72
[writing view definitions](#) 70

Triggered events - server

[applying a category to a message](#) 80
[reading configuration data](#) 79
[reading folder flags](#) 80
[reading view definitions](#) 79
[writing configuration data](#) 79
[writing folder flags](#) 80

V

[Vendor-extensible fields](#) 12
[Versioning](#) 12
View definitions example
[overview](#) 85
[PidTagViewDescriptorBinary](#) 86
[PidTagViewDescriptorStrings](#) 94
[View Definitions message](#) 34

[PidTagViewDescriptorBinary property](#) 34
[PidTagViewDescriptorStrings property](#) 53

X

[XML Format message](#) 14
[XML streams configuration data](#) 19