

[MS-OXOABKT]:

Address Book User Interface Templates Protocol

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Preliminary

Revision Summary

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Preliminary

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1 Introduction

The Address Book User Interface Templates Protocol is an extension of the Name Service Provider Interface (NSPI) Protocol, as described in [\[MS-NSPI\]](#), and the Exchange Server NSPI Protocol, as described in [\[MS-OXNSPI\]](#). The Address Book User Interface Templates Protocol provides the following:

- A server-provided template for creating specific, single-use e-mail addresses.
- A server-provided layout specification that the client can use to display **Address Book object** information.

Sections 1.8, 2, and 3 of this specification are normative and can contain the terms MAY, SHOULD, MUST, MUST NOT, and SHOULD NOT as defined in [\[RFC2119\]](#). Sections 1.5 and 1.9 are also normative but do not contain those terms. All other sections and examples in this specification are informative.

1.1 Glossary

The following terms are specific to this document:

address book: A collection of **Address Book objects**, each of which are contained in any number of address lists.

Address Book object: An entity in an **address book** that contains a set of attributes (1), each attribute with a set of associated values.

address creation template: A template that describes how to present a dialog to a messaging user along with a script describing how to construct a new email address from the user's response.

address type: An identifier for the type of email address, such as **SMTP** and EX.

Augmented Backus-Naur Form (ABNF): A modified version of Backus-Naur Form (BNF), commonly used by Internet specifications. ABNF notation balances compactness and simplicity with reasonable representational power. ABNF differs from standard BNF in its definitions and uses of naming rules, repetition, alternatives, order-independence, and value ranges. For more information, see [\[RFC5234\]](#).

code page: An ordered set of characters of a specific script in which a numerical index (code-point value) is associated with each character. Code pages are a means of providing support for character sets (1) and keyboard layouts used in different countries. Devices such as the display and keyboard can be configured to use a specific code page and to switch from one code page (such as the United States) to another (such as Portugal) at the user's request.

display template: A template that describes how to display or allow a user to modify information about an **Address Book object**.

distinguished name (DN): (1) A name that uniquely identifies an object by using the relative distinguished name (RDN) for the object, and the names of container objects and domains that contain the object. The distinguished name (DN) identifies the object and its location in a tree.

(2) In the Active Directory directory service, the unique identifier of an object in Active Directory, as described in [\[MS-ADTS\]](#) and [\[RFC2251\]](#).

double-byte character set (DBCS): A character set (1) that can use more than one byte to represent a single character. A DBCS includes some characters that consist of 1 byte and some characters that consist of 2 bytes. Languages such as Chinese, Japanese, and Korean use DBCS.

entry ID: See EntryID.

flags: A set of values used to configure or report options or settings.

handle: Any token that can be used to identify and access an object such as a device, file, or a window.

language code identifier (LCID): A 32-bit number that identifies the user interface human language dialect or variation that is supported by an application or a client computer.

mail user: An **Address Book object** that represents a person or entity that can receive deliverable messages.

name service provider interface (NSPI): A method of performing address-book-related operations on Active Directory.

non-Unicode: A character set (1) that has a restricted set of glyphs, such as Shift_JIS or ISO-2022-JP.

recipient: An entity that is in an address list, can receive email messages, and contains a set of attributes (1). Each attribute has a set of associated values.

remote procedure call (RPC): A context-dependent term commonly overloaded with three meanings. Note that much of the industry literature concerning RPC technologies uses this term interchangeably for any of the three meanings. Following are the three definitions: (*) The runtime environment providing remote procedure call facilities. The preferred usage for this meaning is "RPC runtime". (*) The pattern of request and response message exchange between two parties (typically, a client and a server). The preferred usage for this meaning is "RPC exchange". (*) A single message from an exchange as defined in the previous definition. The preferred usage for this term is "RPC message". For more information about RPC, see [\[C706\]](#).

search template: A template that defines a dialog box which enables users to specify search criteria for **Address Book objects**.

Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP): A member of the TCP/IP suite of protocols that is used to transport Internet messages, as described in [\[RFC5321\]](#).

MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT: These terms (in all caps) are used as defined in [\[RFC2119\]](#). All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

1.2 References

Links to a document in the Microsoft Open Specifications library point to the correct section in the most recently published version of the referenced document. However, because individual documents in the library are not updated at the same time, the section numbers in the documents may not match. You can confirm the correct section numbering by checking the [Errata](#).

1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact dochelp@microsoft.com. We will assist you in finding the relevant information.

[MS-LCID] Microsoft Corporation, "[Windows Language Code Identifier \(LCID\) Reference](#)".

[MS-NSPI] Microsoft Corporation, "[Name Service Provider Interface \(NSPI\) Protocol](#)".

[MS-OXNSPI] Microsoft Corporation, "[Exchange Server Name Service Provider Interface \(NSPI\) Protocol](#)".

[MS-OXOABK] Microsoft Corporation, "[Address Book Object Protocol](#)".

[MS-OXPROPS] Microsoft Corporation, "[Exchange Server Protocols Master Property List](#)".

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt>

1.2.2 Informative References

[MS-OXOAB] Microsoft Corporation, "[Offline Address Book \(OAB\) File Format and Schema](#)".

[MS-OXPROTO] Microsoft Corporation, "[Exchange Server Protocols System Overview](#)".

1.3 Overview

The Address Book User Interface Templates Protocol is used for the following:

- Creation of new e-mail addresses for supported e-mail **address types**.
- Display and updating of data for different Address Book objects.
- Collection of data to perform searches on an **address book**.

1.3.1 Creation of New E-Mail Addresses

The Address Book User Interface Templates Protocol enables the creation of new e-mail addresses for supported e-mail address types. By far the most common e-mail address type is the **Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP)** address type, but the server can support a number of different e-mail address types. This protocol provides a way for address book servers to expose the supported address book types to clients and provide a way for the client to create one of these addresses.

The creation of a new e-mail address is a two-step process. In the first step, the client retrieves from the server a list of available address types and the name of the corresponding creation template that will be used to create an address of that type. The client can use this list to allow the user to select which address type to create. In the second step, the client requests the creation template that is associated with the selected address type, and uses the template to display a dialog to the user and get the necessary information to create the address by using the script that is returned with the template.

1.3.2 Display and Updating of Data

The Address Book User Interface Templates Protocol displays and updates data for Address Book objects. For the purposes of this protocol, the server acts mainly as a database that stores user interface templates and then returns them to the client when requested. The client can then use the templates to display and edit data for Address Book objects.

To display and edit data about a particular Address Book object, the client requests a **display template** from the server and uses the returned template along with data that it has retrieved from the Address Book object, as described in [\[MS-OXOABK\]](#), to display a dialog to the user. The client can allow the user to change this data and then update the Address Book object to reflect the user's changes.

1.3.3 Collection of Search Data

The Address Book User Interface Templates Protocol enables the collection of data that will be used to search the address book. For the purposes of this protocol, the server acts mainly as a database that stores user interface templates and simply returns them to the client when requested. The client can then use the templates to display a dialog to the user to collect data that it needs to perform search operations on the address book.

To collect data to perform search operations on the address book, the client requests a **search template** from the server and uses the returned search template to display a dialog and collect data to create a filter for the address book to locate Address Book objects.

1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols

The Address Book User Interface Templates Protocol relies on the protocols that work with Address Book objects, properties, and tables, as described in [\[MS-OXOAB\]](#), [\[MS-NSPI\]](#), and [\[MS-OXNSPI\]](#). This protocol also relies on the Address Book Object Protocol, as described in [\[MS-OXOABK\]](#), which is used to communicate with the server by using the underlying **remote procedure call (RPC)** transport.

For conceptual background information and overviews of the relationships and interactions between this and other protocols, see [\[MS-OXPROTO\]](#).

1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions

The Address Book User Interface Templates Protocol assumes that the underlying Address Book Object Protocol transport, as described in [\[MS-OXOABK\]](#), has been properly initialized.

1.6 Applicability Statement

The Address Book User Interface Templates Protocol can be used to enable a user agent to create e-mail addresses for supported address types and to display, create, modify data associated with an Address Book object.

1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation

None.

1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields

None.

1.9 Standards Assignments

None.

2 Messages

2.1 Transport

This protocol SHOULD<1> use the Exchange Server NSPI Protocol, as specified in [MS-OXNSPI], and MAY<2> use the Name Service Provider interface (NSPI) Protocol, as specified in [MS-NSPI], as a transport for communicating between client and server.

2.2 Message Syntax

The following sections specify the format of data that are specific to the Address Book User Interface Templates Protocol that are returned from the **NspiGetSpecialTable** and **NspiGetTemplateInfo** function calls. The **NspiGetSpecialTable** function is specified in [MS-NSPI] and [MS-OXNSPI] section 3.1.4.1.3. The **NspiGetTemplateInfo** function is specified in [MS-NSPI] and [MS-OXNSPI] section 3.1.4.1.18.

2.2.1 NspiGetSpecialTable PropertyRowSet_r Format

The *dwFlags* parameter that is passed to the **NspiGetSpecialTable** function, as specified in [MS-NSPI] and [MS-OXNSPI] section 3.1.4.1.3, affects the data that is returned in the *PropertyRowSet_r* output parameter. The bit **flag** values for the *dwFlags* parameter for this function are specified in [MS-OXNSPI] section 2.2.1.12. The client MUST pass the **NspiAddressCreationTemplates** flag to retrieve the table of supported address types from the server and MUST NOT pass any of the other flags. The properties listed in the following table MUST be returned by the server in the **PropertyRow_r** structure, as specified in [MS-NSPI] and [MS-OXNSPI] section 2.2.3, that is contained in the *PropertyRowSet_r* return parameter of the call.

Property name	Description
PidTagAddressType ([MS-OXPROPS] section 2.567)	STRING property that indicates the type of address that is associated with the new recipient created with the template.
PidTagDisplayName ([MS-OXPROPS] section 2.667)	STRING property that contains a user-readable identification of the address type.
PidTagDisplayType ([MS-OXPROPS] section 2.670)	A LONG property that contains a constant that identifies the type of Address Book object that the new recipient will be and therefore what icon the client will display for it. The values are specified in [MS-OXOABK] section 2.2.3.11.
PidTagEntryId [MS-OXPROPS] section 2.674)	A BINARY property that contains the entry ID of the template to be used to create the new recipient. This identifier can be parsed to get the distinguished name (DN) (2) to be passed to NspiGetTemplateInfo function, as specified in [MS-NSPI] and [MS-OXNSPI] section 3.1.4.1.18 to retrieve the template. For details about the format of permanent entry IDs, see [MS-NSPI] and [MS-OXNSPI] section 2.2.9.3.
PidTagDepth ([MS-OXPROPS] section 2.664)	A LONG property that MUST be ignored.
PidTagSelectable ([MS-OXPROPS] section 2.988)	A BOOLEAN property that MUST be ignored.
PidTagInstanceKey ([MS-OXPROPS] section 2.732)	A BINARY property that contains a unique binary value.

2.2.2 NspiGetTemplateInfo PropertyRow_r Format

The *dwFlags* parameter, which is passed to the **NspiGetTemplateInfo** function, as specified in [\[MS-NSPI\]](#) and [\[MS-OXNSPI\]](#) section 3.1.4.1.18, affects what properties are returned in the *PropertyRow_r* return parameter.

The following table lists the flags that are used by this protocol that can be passed in the *dwFlags* parameter of the **NspiGetTemplateInfo** function and the corresponding properties that are returned in the *PropertyRow_r* return parameter.

<i>dwFlags</i> parameter flag name	Property added to <i>PropertyRow_r</i> parameter	Description of contents of property
TI_TEMPLATE 0x00000001	PidTagTemplateData 0x00010102	Binary property that contains a TRowSet structure followed by data that is pointed to in the TRowSet structure (the Template format is specified in section 2.2.2.1).
TI_SCRIPT 0x00000004	PidTagScriptData 0x00040102	Binary property that contains script instructions and data (the Script format is specified in section 2.2.2.2).

2.2.2.1 Template Format

The dialog template consists of a set of rows that are represented by a **TRowSet** structure, as specified in section [2.2.2.1.1](#), with each **TRow** structure, as specified in section [2.2.2.1.2](#), describing one control in the dialog. To create the dialog from the template, each control that is described in a **TRow** structure MUST be added to a dialog in the location and with the size specified.

The **ControlFlags** field, as specified in section [2.2.2.1.2](#), indicates additional information about the control, including whether it is editable. The **CNTRL** structure, as specified in section [2.2.2.1.3](#), will indicate which static strings are to be used for the control, and the property that can be used to initialize the control and can be updated if the user edits the value in the control. When a page control is encountered, a new tabbed page is added to the dialog, and the controls that follow the page control are placed on that page.

2.2.2.1.1 TRowSet Structure

A **TRowSet** structure is defined in the following table.

Field name	Type	Size in Bytes	Description
Type	ULONG	4	Type of the template. This MUST be 0x00000001.
cRows	ULONG	4	Count of TRow structures that are defined in this structure. This field MUST be followed by exactly cRows TRow structures.
Row1	TRow structure	36	TRow structure that contains data about a control.
Row2	TRow structure	36	TRow structure that contains data about a control.
...			

Field name	Type	Size in Bytes	Description
RowN	TRow structure	36	Last of cRows TRow structures.

2.2.2.1.2 TRow Structure

Each **TRow** structure describes a control that **MUST** be presented to the user in a display area. The display area is measured in pixels.

A **TRow** structure is defined in the following table.

Field name	Type	Size in Bytes	Description
XPos	ULONG	4	X coordinate of the upper-left corner of the control. For more details, see the text that follows this table.
DeltaX	ULONG	4	Width of the control. For more details, see the text that follows this table.
YPos	ULONG	4	Y coordinate of the upper-left corner of the control. For more details, see the text that follows this table.
DeltaY	ULONG	4	Height of the control. For more details, see the text that follows this table.
ControlType	ULONG	4	Type of the control. For more details, see the text that follows this table.
ControlFlags	ULONG	4	Flags that describe the control's attributes. For more details, see the text that follows this table.
ControlStructure	CNTRL structure	12	Structure that contains data that is relevant to a particular control type. For more details, see section 2.2.2.1.3 .

XPos and **YPos** specify the X and Y coordinates of the upper-left corner of the control in pixels in the display area.

DeltaX and **DeltaY** specify the width and height of the control in pixels. The values are relative to the **XPos** and **YPos** of the control.

The other three properties describe various characteristics of the control.

The **ControlType** field indicates the type of control. The **ControlType** field **MUST** be one of the values listed in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0x00000000	A label control.
0x00000001	An edit text box control.
0x00000002	A list box control.

Value	Meaning
0x00000005	A check box control.
0x00000006	A group box control.
0x00000007	A button control.
0x00000008	A tabbed page control.
0x0000000B	A multi-valued list box control that is populated by a multi-valued property.
0x0000000C	A multi-valued drop-down list box control that is populated by a multi-valued property of type string.

The **ControlFlags** field is a bit field that describes the attributes of the control and MUST contain any combination of the bits that are specified in the following table for all values of the **ControlType** field, except for 0x00000008 (tabbed page control), as specified in the Description column. If the value of **ControlType** is 0x00000008, then the value of the **ControlFlags** field can be any value and MUST be ignored.

Value	Meaning
0x00000001	This flag indicates that the control can contain multiple lines. This means that a 0x0D and 0x0A can be entered within the control. This flag SHOULD NOT be set if the value of the ControlType field is any other value except 0x00000001 (edit text box control). If it is set and the value of the ControlType field is not 0x00000001, this flag MUST be ignored.
0x00000002	This flag indicates that the control can be edited, and the value that is associated with the control can be changed. When this flag is not set, the control is read-only. This value is ignored when the ControlType field is set to one of the following values: 0x00000000 (label control), 0x00000002 (list box control), 0x00000006 (group box control), 0x00000007 (button control), or 0x0000000C (multi-valued drop-down list box control).
0x00000004	This flag indicates that if the control allows changes (0x00000002 attribute set), it MUST have a value before the dialog can be dismissed.
0x00000008	This flag enables immediate setting of a value. As soon as a value in the control changes, that data MUST be updated in the property that is associated with that control.
0x00000010	This flag indicates that the control is treated like a password entry control. The value MUST NOT be displayed by using the actual characters entered. This flag MUST only be set if the value of the ControlType field is 0x00000001 (edit text box control).
0x00000020	If this flag is set, the edit control MUST allow double-byte character set (DBCS) characters. This flag MUST NOT be set if the value of the ControlType field is anything except 0x00000001 (edit text box control).
0x00000040	This flag indicates that when a selection is made within the list box, the index column of that list box is set as a property. This flag MUST only be set if the 0x00000008 ControlFlags bit is also set.

The **ControlStructure** field is a **CNTRL** structure that contains information that is relevant to the particular type of control. For details, see section 2.2.2.1.3.

2.2.2.1.3 Buffer Format of the CNTRL Structure

The base **CNTRL** structure is defined as follows, with each entry taking a different meaning, depending on the type of control, as shown in the following table.

Field name	Type	Size	Description
dwType	DWORD	4	Varies depending on the control. For details, see sections 2.2.2.1.3.1 through 2.2.2.1.3.9 .
ulSize	ULONG	4	Varies depending on the control. For details, see sections 2.2.2.1.3.1 through 2.2.2.1.3.9 .
ulString	ULONG	4	The offset in BYTES from the base of the TRowSet structure to a null-terminated non-Unicode string. This string MUST be in the code page indicated by <i>dwCodePage</i> parameter of the NspiGetTemplateInfo function call, as specified in [MS-NSPI] and [MS-OXNSPI] section 3.1.4.1.18, and MUST be terminated by a NULL character. In these strings, the "&" (ampersand) has special meaning and indicates that the character that immediately follows it MUST be used as a shortcut key to select this control. If the control cannot be selected, the control that follows it is selected. If an "&" needs to be in the string and it SHOULD NOT have any special meaning, a sequence of "&&" can be used to indicate this. For more details about string values, usage and limitations, see sections 2.2.2.1.3.1 through 2.2.2.1.3.9 .

2.2.2.1.3.1 CNTRL Structure Describing a Label Control

dwType: **MUST** be 0x00000000 and **MUST** be ignored.

ulSize: **SHOULD** be 0x00000000 and **MUST** be ignored.

ulString: String that contains the label text of a label control. The string **MUST NOT** be over 128 characters long, including the NULL-terminating character.

2.2.2.1.3.2 CNTRL Structure Describing an Edit Control

dwType: Property of data entered into the edit control.

ulSize: Number of characters allowed to be entered into the edit control.

ulString: String that contains a regular expression that describes the allowed characters that can be entered into the edit control (see the following subsection). The string **MUST NOT** be over 15 characters long, including the NULL-terminating character.

2.2.2.1.3.2.1 Expression Syntax for Allowed Characters

The filter string has two possible expressions. The first expression allows any character to be entered into the edit control, and this expression is simply a string that contains only the "*" (asterisk) character. The second expression lists the characters that are valid to be entered or that are invalid to be entered into the edit control. This expression is shown in **Augmented Backus-Naur Form (ABNF)** in the following format:

```
"[" *1("~") 1*(char-val / char-val "-" char-val) "]"
```

The expression **MUST** be included in square brackets ("[]"). When the first character inside the brackets is the tilde ("~") character, the expression represents characters that are not allowed in the edit control; otherwise, it represents only the characters that are allowed in the edit control. The rest of the characters inside the brackets are characters or ranges of characters to be allowed or disallowed from the edit control.

To represent any character that is a special character in this expression syntax with a backslash character ("\"), the backslash character can be placed in front of the character. The backslash character will be ignored, and the character that follows it will be treated as a normal character and not as a special character. To represent a single character to allow/disallow, the character (with the leading backslash if necessary) is put in the string. To represent a range of characters to allow/disallow, the first character in the range is put in the string, followed by a dash ("-") character, followed by the final character in the range. The combination of all individual characters and character ranges is the set of characters that will be allowed or disallowed.

For example, if only the characters A, F, and T through Z are allowed to be entered into the control, the expression is:

[AFT-Z]

If all characters except the "[" (which will need the backslash character) and Z characters are allowed, the expression is:

[~\[Z]

2.2.2.1.3.3 CNTRL Structure Describing a List Box Control

dwType: Property of the table to populate this list box control from and to which the data from this list box control SHOULD be saved.

ulSize: SHOULD be 0x00000000 and MUST be ignored.

ulString: MUST be a string that contains only the character "*" and MUST be ignored.

2.2.2.1.3.4 CNTRL Structure Describing a Check Box Control

dwType: Property of data that is represented by this check box control.

ulSize: SHOULD be 0x00000000 and MUST be ignored.

ulString: String that contains the label text of check box control. The string MUST NOT be over 128 bytes long, including the NULL terminating character.

2.2.2.1.3.5 CNTRL Structure Describing a Group Box Control

dwType: SHOULD be 0x00000000 and MUST be ignored.

ulSize: SHOULD be 0x00000000 and MUST be ignored.

ulString: String that contains the label text of the group box control. The string MUST NOT be over 128 bytes long, including the NULL-terminating character.

2.2.2.1.3.6 CNTRL Structure Describing a Button Control

dwType: Property that is used to perform an action. This value MUST be the **PidTagAddressBookManageDistributionList** property, as specified in [\[MS-OXOABK\]](#) section 2.2.10.2. If this value is anything else, it MUST be ignored.

ulSize: MUST be 0x00000000 and MUST be ignored.

ulString: String that contains the label text of the button control. The string MUST NOT be greater than 128 bytes in length, including the NULL-terminating character.

2.2.2.1.3.7 CNTRL Structure Describing a Tabbed Page Control

dwType: SHOULD be 0x00000000 and all other values MUST be ignored.

ulSize: SHOULD be 0x00000000 and MUST be ignored.

ulString: String that contains the label text of the tabbed page control. The string MUST NOT be greater than 32 bytes in length, including the NULL-terminating character.

2.2.2.1.3.8 CNTRL Structure Describing a Multi-Valued List Box Control

dwType: Property for multi-valued data that is displayed in this list box control.

ulSize: SHOULD be 0x00000000 and MUST be ignored.

ulString: MUST be a string that contains only the character "*" and MUST be ignored.

2.2.2.1.3.9 CNTRL Structure Describing a Multi-Valued Drop-Down List Box Control

dwType: Property for the multi-valued data that is displayed in this list box control.

ulSize: MUST be ignored.

ulString: MUST be a string that contains only the character "*" and MUST be ignored.

2.2.2.2 Script Format

A script is a set of instructions that are processed by using data collected by the template to produce a new e-mail address. The **PidTagScriptData** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.976) in the **PropertyRow_r** structure, as specified in [\[MS-NSPI\]](#) and [\[MS-OXNSPI\]](#) section 2.2.3, is a binary property that contains the information listed in the following table.

Parameter name	Type	Size	Description
<i>Size</i>	DWORD	4	This parameter SHOULD <3> be included. Specifies the number of DWORD types of script data that follow.
<i>ScriptData</i>	DWORD Array	Varies	Specifies a series of instructions and the data that accompanies them, as specified in sections 2.2.2.2.1 through 2.2.2.2.10 .

This binary script data contains a series of instructions that can be executed to format an address and the data that is needed to execute those instructions. The first **DWORD** type contains the number of **DWORD** types of instructions, "N". The next N **DWORD** types are the instructions. The data that is referenced by the instructions immediately follows the instructions.

The script is used to create a string that contains the e-mail address from the data gathered from the dialog that was created from the template. To process the script, begin at the first **DWORD** type of *ScriptData* and process each instruction in turn. The result of the script is the result string. The result string MUST initially be empty and various instructions will append data to it. This string is the object's e-mail address and MUST only be used if the script does not end in error.

The instructions are specified in the following sections.

2.2.2.2.1 Halt Instruction

Halt instruction is one **DWORD** type, as shown in the following table.

Parameter name	Type	Size	Value
<i>Halt</i>	DWORD	4	0x00000000

When this instruction is encountered, the script has finished and was successful. Processing **MUST** be halted and the current value of the result string is the e-mail address.

2.2.2.2.2 Error Instruction

Error instruction is one **DWORD** type, as shown in the following table.

Parameter name	Type	Size	Value
<i>Error</i>	DWORD	4	0x00000001

When this instruction is encountered, the script is over and has ended in an error. Processing **MUST** be halted and the result string **MUST NOT** be used.

2.2.2.2.3 Emit String Instruction

Emit String instruction is a 2-**DWORD** type instruction, as shown in the following table.

Parameter name	Type	Size	Value
<i>Emit String</i>	DWORD	4	0x80000002
<i>First Operand</i>	DWORD	4	See the text that follows this table.

The *First Operand* is an offset in BYTES from the start of the *ScriptData* in the **PidTagScriptData** ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.976) property's binary data to a non-Unicode null-terminated string, which is used as the operand for this instruction. When this instruction is encountered, the script **MUST** append the operand string to the result string and advance to the next instruction.

2.2.2.2.4 Jump Instruction

Jump instruction is a 2-**DWORD** type instruction, as shown in the following table.

Parameter name	Type	Size	Value
<i>Jump</i>	DWORD	4	0x00000003
<i>Jump Offset</i>	DWORD	4	See the text that follows this table.

The *Jump Offset* parameter is an offset in BYTES from the start of the *ScriptData* in the **PidTagScriptData** ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.976) property's binary data where the next instruction to execute is located.

When this instruction is encountered, the script **MUST** continue its execution from the instruction at the offset indicated.

2.2.2.2.5 Jump If Not Exists Instruction

Jump If Not Exists instruction is a 3-**DWORD** type instruction, as shown in the following table.

Parameter name	Type	Size	Value
<i>Jump If Not Exists</i>	DWORD	4	0x00000004
<i>First Operand</i>	DWORD	4	See the text that follows this table.
<i>Jump Offset</i>	DWORD	4	See the text that follows this table.

The *First Operand* is a parameter that indicates a property that SHOULD be retrieved from the data collected by using the template.

The *Jump Offset* parameter is an offset in BYTES from the start of the ScriptData in the **PidTagScriptData** ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.976) property's binary data where the next instruction to execute is located.

When this operation is encountered, an attempt MUST be made to retrieve the property from the data collected by using the template. If the property was successfully retrieved, the script is advanced over this instruction and execution continues. If the property fails to be retrieved, the script will continue execution from the instruction at the offset indicated in the *Jump Offset* parameter.

2.2.2.2.6 Jump If Equal Properties Instruction

Jump If Equal Properties instruction is a 4-**DWORD** type instruction, as shown in the following table.

Parameter name	Type	Size	Value
<i>Jump If Equal Properties</i>	DWORD	4	0x00000005
<i>First Operand</i>	DWORD	4	See the text that follows this table.
<i>Second Operand</i>	DWORD	4	See the text that follows this table.
<i>Jump Offset</i>	DWORD	4	See the text that follows this table.

The *First Operand* parameter indicates a property that will be retrieved from the data collected by using the template. The value of the property MUST be either a non-Unicode null-terminated string or a Boolean. The value retrieved from the data collected by using the template is used as the first operand for the instruction.

The *Second Operand* parameter indicates a property that will be retrieved from the data collected by using the template. The value of the property MUST be either a non-Unicode string or a Boolean and its type MUST match that of the *First Operand* parameter. This value retrieved from the data that is collected by the template is used as the second operand for the instruction.

The *Jump Offset* is an offset in BYTES from the start of the ScriptData in the **PidTagScriptData** ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.976) property's binary data where the next instruction to execute is located.

When this operation is encountered, the first two operands are compared, and if they are not equal, the script is advanced over this instruction and execution continues. If they are equal, the script will continue execution with the instruction at the offset indicated in the *Jump Offset* parameter.

2.2.2.2.7 Jump If Equal Values Instruction

Jump If Equal Values instruction is a 4-**DWORD** type instruction, as shown in the following table.

Parameter name	Type	Size	Value
<i>Jump If Equal Values</i>	DWORD	4	0x40000005
<i>First Operand</i>	DWORD	4	See the text that follows this table.
<i>Second Operand</i>	DWORD	4	See the text that follows this table.
<i>Jump Offset</i>	DWORD	4	See the text that follows this table.

The *First Operand* parameter indicates a property that will be retrieved from the data collected by using the template. The value of the property **MUST** be either a non-Unicode string or a Boolean. The value retrieved from the object is used as the first operand for the instruction.

The *Second Operand* is an offset in bytes from the start of the ScriptData in the **PidTagScriptData** ([MS-OXPROPS] section 2.976) property's binary data where data is located, which is used as the second operand for this instruction. The type of the second operand is determined by the type of the first operand. Specifically, if the first operand is a Boolean, then the second operand is also treated as a Boolean, and if the first operand is a non-Unicode null-terminated string, then the second operand is also treated as a non-Unicode null-terminated string.

The *Jump Offset* is an offset in bytes from the start of the ScriptData in the **PidTagScriptData** property's binary data where the next instruction to execute is located.

When this operation is encountered, the values of the first two operands are compared, and if they are not equal, the script is advanced over this instruction and execution continues. If they are equal, the script will continue its execution with the instruction at the offset indicated in the *Jump Offset*.

2.2.2.2.8 Emit Property Value Instruction

Emit Property Value instruction is a 2-**DWORD** type instruction, as shown in the following table.

Parameter name	Type	Size	Value
<i>Emit Property Value</i>	DWORD	4	0x00000002
<i>First Operand</i>	DWORD	4	See the text that follows this table.

The *First Operand* parameter **MUST** be retrieved from the data collected by using the template. The value of the property **MUST** be a non-Unicode string and **MUST** be terminated by a NULL character. The value will be used as the operand for this instruction. When this instruction is encountered, the script **MUST** append the operand string to the result string and advance to the next instruction.

2.2.2.2.9 Emit Upper String Instruction

Emit Upper String instruction is a 2-**DWORD** type instruction, as shown in the following table.

Parameter name	Type	Size	Value
<i>Emit Upper String</i>	DWORD	4	0x80000006
<i>First Operand</i>	DWORD	4	See the following text.

The *First Operand* parameter is an offset in BYTES from the start of the ScriptData in the **PidTagScriptData** ([MS-OXPROPS] section 2.976) property's binary data to a non-Unicode null-terminated string, which is used as the operand for this instruction. When this instruction is

encountered, the script MUST first convert the operand string to all uppercase letters and then append the string to the script's result string and advance to the next instruction.

2.2.2.2.10 Emit Upper Property Instruction

Emit Upper Property instruction is a 2-DWORD type instruction, as shown in the following table.

Parameter name	Type	Size	Value
<i>Emit Upper Property</i>	DWORD	4	0x00000006
<i>First Operand</i>	DWORD	4	Property of property to fetch and use as an operand.

The *First Operand* parameter will be retrieved from the data collected by using the template. The value of the property MUST be a non-Unicode null-terminated string, and it is used as the operand for this instruction. When this instruction is encountered, the script MUST first convert the operand string to all uppercase letters, and then append the string to the script's result string and advance to the next instruction.

Preliminary

3 Protocol Details

3.1 Client Details

3.1.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that a client implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of how the protocol behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

3.1.1.1 Dialog Object

A dialog object is an object that can be displayed to the user and onto which control objects can be placed in specified locations in order to display information and allow the user to update that information.

3.1.1.2 Control Objects

Control objects are user interface objects that can be used to display to and receive information from the user in various forms. There are nine types of control objects, as described in the following table.

Control type name	Description
Label	Control used to display a string to the user. This control is not editable.
Edit	Control used to display a simple string to the user and to allow that string to be edited.
List Box	Control that contains a list of possible options of which one is selected. The user can change the selection.
Check Box	Control that displays a string that cannot be changed by the user and a box that can be checked and unchecked to indicate whether the option described by the string is selected.
Group Box	Control that contains other controls and around which is shown a box and a string that is the label for this group of controls.
Button	Control that displays a string to the user that performs a specified action when clicked.
Drop-Down List Box	Control similar to the list box control, except that only the currently selected item in the list is displayed to the user, and an arrow that is displayed on the end of the control causes the entire list to be displayed to the user so that a new item can be selected.
Page	Control that contains other controls. This control groups the other controls together and displays a string that describes them as a tab on the group. These controls can be placed on top of each other and the group for which the tab is selected determines the set of controls that will be shown.
Multi-Valued List Box	Control similar to the list box control, except that multiple items in the list can be selected simultaneously.

3.1.1.3 Address Creation Template Table

An **address creation template** table is a table that contains a row for each supported address type, the address type's name as it will be displayed to the user, and what creation template is associated with it. It will also contain data that describes how to display it to the user.

3.1.2 Timers

None.

3.1.3 Initialization

The underlying Address Book Object Protocol MUST be initialized. There is no initialization specific to the Address Book User Interface Templates Protocol.

3.1.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

The following section specifies the higher-layer triggered events and corresponding processing that the client MUST perform when those events take place.

3.1.4.1 Creating a New E-Mail Address for a Supported Address Type

When the client has to use an e-mail address that does not exist on the address book server, it can create a new e-mail address for a supported address type and use this address to identify a recipient.

When the client creates a new e-mail address, first the address creation table MUST be retrieved by calling the **NspiGetSpecialTable** function, as specified in [MS-NSPI] and [MS-OXNSPI] section 3.1.4.1.3, where the value of the *dwFlags* parameter is set to **NspiAddressCreationTemplates** (0x00000002) and the rest of the input parameters are initialized as specified in [MS-NSPI] and [MS-OXNSPI] section 3.1.4.1.3. The function returns a **PropertyRowSet_r** structure that contains the data needed to create a list of creation templates for the supported address types. This list is then used to select an address type, possibly by displaying this list to the user or by selecting a type programmatically. When the address type has been selected, the data from the corresponding **PropertyRow_r** structure, as specified in [MS-NSPI] and [MS-OXNSPI] section 2.2.3, can be used to determine the distinguished name (DN) for the creation template that will be used to create the new e-mail address and its address type. The **PidTagAddressType** property ([MS-OXPROPS] section 2.567) is the property in the **PropertyRow_r** structure that indicates the e-mail address type. **PidTagEntryId** ([MS-OXPROPS] section 2.674) is the property in the **PropertyRow_r** that can be parsed to get the DN. The **PidTagEntryId** property is a **PermanentEntryID** structure, and its format is specified in [MS-NSPI] and [MS-OXNSPI] section 2.2.9.3.

Next, the creation dialog template that will be used to create a new e-mail address MUST be retrieved by using the **NspiGetTemplateInfo** function call, as specified in [MS-NSPI] and [MS-OXNSPI] section 3.1.4.1.18, passing in the DN (2) value for the creation template as the *pDN* parameter and 0x00000000 as the *ulType* parameter. The *dwFlags* parameter contains a bitwise combination that MUST include the bits for **TI_TEMPLATE** (0x00000001) set so that the template will be retrieved, and **TI_SCRIPT** (0x00000004) set so the script to format the e-mail address is retrieved, and MAY contain the bits for **TI_HELPFILE_NAME** (0x00000020) and **TI_HELPFILE** (0x00000040) for a value of 0x00000065. <4>

The function's *dwCodePage* input parameter is the code page in which the strings in the template are stored, and in which the *ppData* return parameter is a pointer to a **PropertyRow_r** structure that contains the data needed to create and display a dialog to create the new e-mail address. When the dialog is completed and dismissed, the data from the dialog MUST be used to run the script and create the e-mail address for this entry. This e-mail address MUST be used to populate the **PidTagEmailAddress** property ([MS-OXPROPS] section 2.672) and the address type retrieved from

the selected **PropertyRow_r** structure MUST be used to populate the **PidTagAddressType** property. These two properties comprise the e-mail address that can be used as an e-mail recipient.

3.1.4.2 Displaying Information about an Address Book Object

When a client or user agent wants to view or change the information contained in an address book entry, the client MUST retrieve the display template for the address book entry's display type and display the data to the user. To retrieve the display dialog template that is used to display information about a particular Address Book object, the **NspiGetTemplateInfo** function, as specified in [MS-NSPI] and [MS-OXNSPI] section 3.1.4.1.18, MUST be called with the *ulType* parameter set to the display type of the object and the *pDN* parameter set to 0x00000000. The *dwFlags* parameter contains a bitwise combination that MUST include the bit for the **TI_TEMPLATE** (0x00000001) flag set so the template will be retrieved and MAY contain the bits for the **TI_HELPFILE_NAME** (0x00000020) and **TI_HELPFILE** (0x00000040) flags for a value of 0x00000061. <5> The *dwLocaleID* parameter contains the **LCID** value, as specified in [MS-LCID], of the template. The function's *dwCodePage* input parameter is the code page in which the strings in the template are stored and the *ppData* return parameter contains a pointer to a **PropertyRow_r** structure, as specified in [MS-NSPI] and [MS-OXNSPI] section 2.2.3, that contains the data needed to create and display the dialog. Data to initialize the dialog MUST be retrieved from the Address Book object by using the properties specified for each control in the dialog in the **PidTagTemplateData** ([MS-OXPROPS] section 2.1030) property of the **PropertyRow_r** structure. If the dialog is updated, the data from the dialog MUST be used to update the properties that are associated with the controls and these properties MUST be updated on the Address Book object by using the **NspiModProps** and **NspiModLinkAtt** functions, depending on the property type. The **NspiModLinkAtt** function is used to update the distribution list membership, and **NspiModProps** is used to update the other properties. Only the changed properties SHOULD be sent to the server. The **NspiModProps** function is specified in [MS-NSPI] and [MS-OXNSPI] section 3.1.4.1.14. The **NspiModLinkAtt** function is specified in [MS-NSPI] and [MS-OXNSPI] section 2.2.1.15.

3.1.4.3 Collecting Data to Search the Address Book

When a client or user agent wants to search the address book for a particular Address Book object, the client MUST retrieve the search template for the address book and display the template to the user to collect the data to use to search the address book. To retrieve the search template that is used to collect information to use to search the address book, the **NspiGetTemplateInfo** function, as specified in [MS-NSPI] and [MS-OXNSPI] section 3.1.4.1.18, MUST be called with the *ulType* parameter set to the **DT_SEARCH** (as defined in [MS-NSPI] and [MS-OXNSPI] section 2.2.1.3) and the *pDN* parameter set to 0x00000000. The *dwFlags* parameter contains a bitwise combination that MUST include the bit for the **TI_TEMPLATE** (0x00000001) flag set so the template will be retrieved and MAY contain the bits for the **TI_HELPFILE_NAME** (0x00000020) and **TI_HELPFILE** (0x00000040) flags for a value of 0x00000061. <6> The function's *dwCodePage* input parameter is the code page in which the strings in the template are stored and the *ppData* return parameter contains a pointer to a **PropertyRow_r** structure, as specified in [MS-NSPI] and [MS-OXNSPI] section 2.2.3, that contains the data needed to create and display the dialog. When the dialog is completed and dismissed, the data from the dialog can be used to create a **Restriction_r** structure, as defined in [MS-NSPI] and [MS-OXNSPI] section 2.2.5.7, from the controls that have been filled in. This **Restriction_r** structure can be passed to **NspiGetMatches** function in the *Filter* input parameter to locate an Address Book object, as specified in [MS-NSPI] and [MS-OXNSPI] section 3.1.4.1.10.

3.1.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

The following events MUST be processed by a client that implements the Address Book User Interface Templates Protocol. Note that no particular sequence is required for the message processing.

3.1.5.1 Results of NspiGetSpecialTable Call to Retrieve the Address Creation Table

The results of the **NspiGetSpecialTable** function call, as specified in [\[MS-NSPI\]](#) and [\[MS-OXNSPI\]](#) section 3.1.4.1.3, with its *dwFlags* parameter set to **NspiAddressCreationTemplates** (0x00000002) is a **PropertyRowSet_r** structure that contains the address creation table information, as specified in section 2.2.1. These rows can be displayed as a list to show to users so that they can select the type of address to create. For each row in the **PropertyRowSet_r** structure, the **PidTagDisplayName** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.667) can be used as the user-visible string in the list. After an address type has been selected, the **PidTagEntryId** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.674) in the selected **PropertyRow_r** structure, as specified in [\[MS-NSPI\]](#) and [\[MS-OXNSPI\]](#) section 2.2.3, MUST be parsed and the distinguished name (DN) found. This DN value MUST be used as the *pDN* parameter in a call to **NspiGetTemplateInfo** function, as specified in [\[MS-NSPI\]](#) and [\[MS-OXNSPI\]](#) section 3.1.4.1.18, to retrieve the creation template and finish the creation of the e-mail address.

3.1.5.2 Results of NspiGetTemplateInfo Call to Retrieve the Creation Template

The results of the **NspiGetTemplateInfo** function call, as specified in [\[MS-NSPI\]](#) and [\[MS-OXNSPI\]](#) section 3.1.4.1.18, when the distinguished name (DN) for the creation template is passed in as the *pDN* parameter of a **PropertyRow_r** structure, as specified in [\[MS-NSPI\]](#) and [\[MS-OXNSPI\]](#) section 2.2.3, that contains the template for the dialog to display and the creation script. The client MUST use the dialog template to create a dialog and display it to the user. The client can create a new Property Bag object that is empty and use it to initialize the dialog so that it is blank. A Property Bag object is an object used to save and retrieve property values. The Property Bag object is provided as a standard interface for saving property values, independent of the data format the container uses to save its source data. After the user has provided values for all controls that are marked as required, and closes the dialog, the properties that are associated with the controls can be updated in the Property Bag object. Then, by using the Property Bag object to retrieve these properties when needed, the creation script MUST be executed as specified in section 2.2.2.2 to create the new e-mail address. This e-mail address MUST be used to set the **PidTagEmailAddress** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.672) and the address type from the address creation table MUST be used to set the **PidTagAddressType** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.567) to create a new address.

3.1.5.3 Results of NspiGetTemplateInfo Call to Retrieve the Display Template

The results of the **NspiGetTemplateInfo** function call, as specified in [\[MS-NSPI\]](#) and [\[MS-OXNSPI\]](#) section 3.1.4.1.18, when the display type of an object is passed in as the *ulType* parameter is a **PropertyRow_r** structure, as specified in [\[MS-NSPI\]](#) and [\[MS-OXNSPI\]](#) section 2.2.3, that contains the template for the dialog to display. The client MUST use the dialog template to create a dialog and display it to the user. The client MUST use the object the type for which was passed in to initialize the dialog. If the user updates any information in the dialog and closes the dialog, the properties that are associated with the updated controls MUST be updated in the object.

3.1.5.4 Results of NspiGetTemplateInfo Call to Retrieve the Search Template

The results of the **NspiGetTemplateInfo** function call, as specified in [\[MS-NSPI\]](#) and [\[MS-OXNSPI\]](#) section 3.1.4.1.18, when the display type of DT_SEARCH is passed in as the *ulType* parameter is a **PropertyRow_r** structure, as specified in [\[MS-NSPI\]](#) and [\[MS-OXNSPI\]](#) section 2.2.3, that contains the search template for the dialog to display. The client MUST use the search template to create a dialog and display it to the user for input. If the user inputs any information into the dialog and closes the dialog, the properties associated with the controls SHOULD be used to create a **Restriction_r** structure to be used as the *Filter* input parameter in a call to the **NspiGetMatches** function, as specified in [\[MS-NSPI\]](#) and [\[MS-OXNSPI\]](#) section 3.1.4.1.10. The **NspiGetMatches** function SHOULD handle filters that contain properties in the search template.

3.1.6 Timer Events

None.

3.1.7 Other Local Events

None.

3.2 Server Details

3.2.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that a server implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of how the protocol behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model, as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

3.2.1.1 Template Objects

The server keeps a template object for each display type and for the creation template for each supported address type in the address creation table. These objects contain the template, and if needed, the script that will be returned from **NspiGetTemplateInfo** function in the **PropertyRow_r** structure.

3.2.1.2 Table of Supported Address Types and Name of Template to Use to Create Them

The server can keep a table object that contains the list of supported address types, the creation templates that are associated with the address types, and any other data that is needed to construct and return the **PropertyRowSet_r** structure when it receives a call from the **NspiGetSpecialTable** function, as specified in [\[MS-NSPI\]](#) and [\[MS-OXNSPI\]](#) section 3.1.4.1.3.

3.2.2 Timers

None.

3.2.3 Initialization

None.

3.2.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

None.

3.2.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

The following events MUST be processed by a server that implements the Address Book User Interface Templates Protocol. No particular sequence is required for the message processing.

3.2.5.1 NspiGetSpecialTable Call from Client

The client calls in to the server by using the **NspiGetSpecialTable** function, as specified in [\[MS-NSPI\]](#) and [\[MS-OXNSPI\]](#) section 3.1.4.1.3, with the **NspiAddressCreationTemplates** flag (0x00000002) set in the *dwFlags* parameter to retrieve the table of supported address types. The server's handling of any other flags that can be passed to the **NspiGetSpecialTable** function are specified in [\[MS-NSPI\]](#) and [\[MS-OXNSPI\]](#) section 3.1.4.1.3. The server retrieves the table of supported address types and MUST format the table into a **PropertyRow_r** structure, as specified in [\[MS-NSPI\]](#) and [\[MS-OXNSPI\]](#) section 2.2.3, before returning this data to the client.

3.2.5.2 NspiGetTemplateInfo Call from Client

The client calls in to the server by using the **NspiGetTemplateInfo** function, as specified in [\[MS-NSPI\]](#) and [\[MS-OXNSPI\]](#) section 3.1.4.1.18, with the *dwFlags* parameter that contains some bitwise combination of the bit flags **TI_TEMPLATE** (0x00000001) so the template will be retrieved, and **TI_SCRIPT** (0x00000004) so the script to format the e-mail address is retrieved, as specified in section [2.2.2](#). The server MUST use the display type specified in the *ulType* input parameter or the template DN specified in the *pDN* input parameter to retrieve the template object. Finally, the server MUST create the **PropertyRow_r** structure return parameter by using the template object and return this data to the client.

3.2.6 Timer Events

None.

3.2.7 Other Local Events

None.

4 Protocol Examples

Starting with a connection bound to the server, the following sections include sample structures that would be returned by the **NSPI** function call.

4.1 Creating a New E-Mail Address for a Supported Address Type

To create a new e-mail address for one of the supported address types, the client has to first request the list of supported address types from the server by calling the **NspiGetSpecialTable** function, as described in [\[MS-NSPI\]](#) and [\[MS-OXNSPI\]](#) section 3.1.4.1.3. The first step is to bind to the server by using the **NspiBind** function, as described in [\[MS-NSPI\]](#) and [\[MS-OXNSPI\]](#) section 3.1.4.1.1, call to retrieve an RPC context **handle** for the server.

The **NspiGetSpecialTable** function, as described in [\[MS-NSPI\]](#) and [\[MS-OXNSPI\]](#) section 3.1.4.1.3, is then called, passing the **NspiAddressCreationTemplates** flag (0x00000002) in the *dwFlags* parameter.

The following are the input parameters for the **NspiGetSpecialTable** function call.

Note Not all parameters are shown, only relevant information. For more information about the parameters, see [\[MS-NSPI\]](#) and [\[MS-OXNSPI\]](#) section 3.1.4.1.3.

```
dwFlags: 0x00000002
pStat: hIndex=0x00000000,
      ContainerID=0xcccccccc,
      CurrentRec=0x00000000,
      Delta=0x00000000,
      NumPos=0x00000000,
      TotalRecs=0xcccccccc,
      CodePage =0x000004e4,
      TemplateLocale=0x00000409,
      SortLocale=0x00000409
lpVersion: Not used - 0xcccccccc
```

The call returns a **PropertyRowSet_r** structure in the *ppRows* parameter. The following is an example of the *ppRows* parameter that can be returned.

```
ppRows:      cRows - 0x00000005
             Row0
               cValues - 0x00000007
               ulAdrEntryPad - not used - 0x00000000
               Prop0
                 ulPropTag - PidTagDisplayName (0x3001001e)
                 ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
                 Value - cc:Mail Address
               Prop1
                 ulPropTag - PidTagAddressType (0x3002001e)
                 ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
                 Value - CCMAIL
               Prop2
                 ulPropTag - PidTagDisplayType (0x39000003)
                 ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
                 Value - 0x00000000
               Prop3
                 ulPropTag - PidTagDepth (0x30050003)
                 ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
                 Value - 0x00000000
               Prop4
                 ulPropTag - PidTagSelectable (0x3609000b)
                 ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
                 Value - 0x00000001
```

```

Prop5
  ulPropTag - PidTagInstanceKey (0x0ff60102)
  ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
  Value - 0x02957c9c
0000 d6 23 00 00 .#..
Prop6
  ulPropTag - PidTagEntryId (0x0fff0102)
  ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
  Value - 0x02957ca0
0000 00 00 00 00 dc a7 40 c8-c0 42 10 1a b4 b9 08 00 .....@..B.....
0010 2b 2f e1 82 01 00 00 00-02 01 00 00 2f 6f 3d 4e +/...../o=N
0020 54 35 2f 6f 75 3d 30 30-30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 T5/ou=0000000000
0030 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30-30 30 30 30 30 30 30 000000000000000000
0040 30 30 30 30 30 30 2f 63-6e 3d 34 33 33 34 34 43 000000/cn=43344C
0050 30 37 44 34 43 45 41 36-34 46 42 45 39 34 32 37 07D4CEA64FBE9427
0060 43 44 31 36 41 31 33 43-44 34 00 CD16A13CD4.
Row1
  cValues - 0x00000007
  ulAdrEntryPad - not used - 0x00000000
  Prop0
    ulPropTag - PidTagDisplayName (0x3001001e)
    ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
    Value - Microsoft Mail Address
  Prop1
    ulPropTag - PidTagAddressType (0x3002001e)
    ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
    Value - MS
  Prop2
    ulPropTag - PidTagDisplayType (0x39000003)
    ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
    Value - 0x00000000
  Prop3
    ulPropTag - PidTagDepth (0x30050003)
    ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
    Value - 0x00000000
  Prop4
    ulPropTag - PidTagSelectable (0x3609000b)
    ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
    Value - 0x00000001
  Prop5
    ulPropTag - PidTagInstanceKey (0x0ff60102)
    ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
    Value - 0x02957df0
0000 d3 23 00 00 .#..
Prop6
  ulPropTag - PidTagEntryId (0x0fff0102)
  ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
  Value - 0x02957df4
0000 00 00 00 00 dc a7 40 c8-c0 42 10 1a b4 b9 08 00 .....@..B.....
0010 2b 2f e1 82 01 00 00 00-02 01 00 00 2f 6f 3d 4e +/...../o=N
0020 54 35 2f 6f 75 3d 30 30-30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 T5/ou=0000000000
0030 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30-30 30 30 30 30 30 30 000000000000000000
0040 30 30 30 30 30 30 2f 63-6e 3d 37 46 32 36 33 44 000000/cn=7F263D
0050 42 37 42 39 35 31 41 32-34 33 38 38 45 43 42 39 E7B951A24388ECB9
0060 37 39 34 36 38 42 43 42-45 45 00 79468BCBEE.
Row2
  cValues - 0x00000007
  ulAdrEntryPad - not used - 0x00000000
  Prop0
    ulPropTag - PidTagDisplayName (0x3001001e)
    ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
    Value - MacMail Address
  Prop1
    ulPropTag - PidTagAddressType (0x3002001e)
    ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
    Value - MSA
  Prop2
    ulPropTag - PidTagDisplayType (0x39000003)

```

```

        ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
        Value - 0x00000000
    Prop3
        ulPropTag - PidTagDepth (0x30050003)
        ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
        Value - 0x00000000
    Prop4
        ulPropTag - PidTagSelectable (0x3609000b)
        ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
        Value - 0x00000001
    Prop5
        ulPropTag - PidTagInstanceKey (0x0ff60102)
        ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
        Value - 0x02957f40
0000 d5 23 00 00                                     .#..
    Prop6
        ulPropTag - PidTagEntryId (0x0fff0102)
        ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
        Value - 0x02957f44
0000 00 00 00 00 dc a7 40 c8-c0 42 10 1a b4 b9 08 00 .....@...B.....
0010 2b 2f e1 82 01 00 00 00-02 01 00 00 2f 6f 3d 4e +/...../o=N
0020 54 35 2f 6f 75 3d 30 30-30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 T5/ou=0000000000
0030 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30-30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 0000000000000000
0040 30 30 30 30 30 30 2f 63-6e 3d 37 42 35 30 35 30 000000/cn=7B5050
0050 37 33 41 44 44 41 44 33-34 39 38 33 30 42 32 43 73ADDAD349830B2C
0060 35 46 41 39 38 32 36 33-44 46 00                                     5FA98263DF.
    Row3
        cValues - 0x00000007
        ulAdrEntryPad - not used - 0x00000000
    Prop0
        ulPropTag - PidTagDisplayName (0x3001001e)
        ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
        Value - Internet Address
    Prop1
        ulPropTag - PidTagAddressType (0x3002001e)
        ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
        Value - SMTP
    Prop2
        ulPropTag - PidTagDisplayType (0x39000003)
        ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
        Value - 0x00000000
    Prop3
        ulPropTag - PidTagDepth (0x30050003)
        ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
        Value - 0x00000000
    Prop4
        ulPropTag - PidTagSelectable (0x3609000b)
        ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
        Value - 0x00000001
    Prop5
        ulPropTag - PidTagInstanceKey (0x0ff60102)
        ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
        Value - 0x02956320
0000 d4 23 00 00                                     .#..
    Prop6
        ulPropTag - PidTagEntryId (0x0fff0102)
        ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
        Value - 0x02956324
0000 00 00 00 00 dc a7 40 c8-c0 42 10 1a b4 b9 08 00 .....@...B.....
0010 2b 2f e1 82 01 00 00 00-02 01 00 00 2f 6f 3d 4e +/...../o=N
0020 54 35 2f 6f 75 3d 30 30-30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 T5/ou=0000000000
0030 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30-30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 0000000000000000
0040 30 30 30 30 30 30 2f 63-6e 3d 41 39 36 30 39 33 000000/cn=A96093
0050 42 30 45 33 34 45 43 46-34 37 38 42 38 38 42 36 B0E34ECF478B88B6
0060 41 43 36 36 41 36 32 35-42 43 00                                     AC66A625BC.
    Row4
        cValues - 0x00000007
        ulAdrEntryPad - not used - 0x00000000

```

```

Prop0
  ulPropTag - PidTagDisplayName (0x3001001e)
  ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
  Value - X.400 Address
Prop1
  ulPropTag - PidTagAddressType (0x3002001e)
  ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
  Value - X400
Prop2
  ulPropTag - PidTagDisplayType (0x39000003)
  ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
  Value - 0x00000000
Prop3
  ulPropTag - PidTagDepth (0x30050003)
  ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
  Value - 0x00000000
Prop4
  ulPropTag - PidTagSelectable (0x3609000b)
  ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
  Value - 0x00000001
Prop5
  ulPropTag - PidTagInstanceKey (0x0ff60102)
  ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
  Value - 0x02956474
0000 d2 23 00 00 .#..
Prop6
  ulPropTag - PidTagEntryId (0x0fff0102)
  ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
  Value - 0x02956478
0000 00 00 00 00 dc a7 40 c8-c0 42 10 1a b4 b9 08 00 .....@...B.....
0010 2b 2f e1 82 01 00 00 00-02 01 00 00 2f 6f 3d 4e +/...../o=N
0020 54 35 2f 6f 75 3d 30 30-30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 T5/ou=0000000000
0030 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30-30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 0000000000000000
0040 30 30 30 30 30 30 2f 63-6e 3d 34 45 38 30 41 46 000000/cn=4E80AF
0050 33 41 34 37 34 44 38 46-34 45 38 46 45 39 31 41 3A474D8F4E8FE91A
0060 32 43 41 43 42 46 39 38-44 43 00 2CACBF98DC.

```

These rows are then used to create a list of address types, and this list is displayed so that the user can choose which type to create. The "cc:Mail Address" row is selected and examined, and the **PidTagAddressType** ([MS-OXPROPS] section 2.567) and **PidTagEntryId** ([MS-OXPROPS] section 2.674) property values are extracted. The **PidTagEntryId** property is parsed and the DN is determined to be the following.

```
/o=NT5/ou=00000000000000000000000000000000/cn=43344C07D4CEA64FBE9427CD16A13CD4
```

This value is passed to **NSPIGetTemplateInfo** function, as described in [MS-NSPI] and [MS-OXNSPI] section 3.1.4.1.18, as the *pDN* parameter to retrieve the creation template. The following are the input parameters that are passed to **NspiGetTemplateInfo** function.

```

dwFlags:          0x00000065
ulType:           0x00000000
pDN:
/o=NT5/ou=00000000000000000000000000000000/cn=43344C07D4CEA64FBE9427CD16A13CD4
dwCodePage:      0x000004e4
ulLocaleID:      0x00000409

```

The **NspiGetTemplateInfo** function will return a **PropertyRow_r** structure in the *ppData* output parameter, and this **PropertyRow_r** structure will contain the template and script data. The **NspiGetTemplateInfo** function returns the following.

```

ppData
  cValues - 0x00000002
  ulAdrEntryPad - not used - 0x00000000
  Prop0
    ulPropTag - PidTagTemplateData (0x00010102)
    ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
    TRowSet - Type - 0x00000001
    cRows - 0x00000007
    Row0
      XPos - 0x00000000
      XDelta - 0x00000000
      YPos - 0x00000000
      YDelta- 0x00000000
      ControlType - 0x00000008
      ControlFlags - 0x00000d70
      ControlStructure
        dwType - 0x00000000
        ulSize - 0x00000000
        ulString - 0x00000104
        General
    Row1
      XPos - 0x00000006
      XDelta - 0x00000064
      YPos - 0x0000000c
      YDelta- 0x00000014
      ControlType - 0x00000000
      ControlFlags - 0x00000000
      ControlStructure
        dwType - 0x00000000
        ulSize - 0x00000000
        ulString - 0x0000010c
        &Display name:
    Row2
      XPos - 0x0000006b
      XDelta - 0x000000fa
      YPos - 0x0000000c
      YDelta- 0x0000000c
      ControlType - 0x00000001
      ControlFlags - 0x00000026
      ControlStructure
        dwType - 0x3001001e
        ulSize - 0x00000100
        ulString - 0x0000011b
        *
    Row3
      XPos - 0x00000006
      XDelta - 0x00000064
      YPos - 0x00000023
      YDelta- 0x00000014
      ControlType - 0x00000000
      ControlFlags - 0x00000000
      ControlStructure
        dwType - 0x00000000
        ulSize - 0x00000000
        ulString - 0x0000011d
        &Mailbox:
    Row4
      XPos - 0x0000006b
      XDelta - 0x000000fa
      YPos - 0x00000023
      YDelta- 0x0000000c
      ControlType - 0x00000001
      ControlFlags - 0x00000006

```



```

ControlStructure
  dwType - 0x6701001e
  ulSize - 0x00000100
  ulString - 0x00000127
  *

```

Row5

```

XPos - 0x00000006
XDelta - 0x00000064
YPos - 0x0000003a
YDelta- 0x00000014
ControlType - 0x00000000
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
  dwType - 0x00000000
  ulSize - 0x00000000
  ulString - 0x00000129
  &Post Office:

```

Row6

```

XPos - 0x0000006b
XDelta - 0x000000fa
YPos - 0x0000003a
YDelta- 0x0000000c
ControlType - 0x00000001
ControlFlags - 0x00000006
ControlStructure
  dwType - 0x6702001e
  ulSize - 0x00000100
  ulString - 0x00000137
  *

```

```

0000 01 00 00 00 07 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
0010 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-08 00 00 00 70 0d 00 00 .....p...
0020 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-04 01 00 00 06 00 00 00 .....
0030 64 00 00 00 0c 00 00 00-14 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 d.....
0040 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 0c 01 00 00 .....
0050 6b 00 00 00 fa 00 00 00-0c 00 00 00 0c 00 00 00 k.....
0060 01 00 00 00 26 00 00 00-1e 00 01 30 00 01 00 00 ....&.....0....
0070 1b 01 00 00 06 00 00 00-64 00 00 00 23 00 00 00 .....d...#...
0080 14 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
0090 00 00 00 00 1d 01 00 00-6b 00 00 00 fa 00 00 00 .....k.....
00a0 23 00 00 00 0c 00 00 00-01 00 00 00 06 00 00 00 #.....
00b0 1e 00 01 67 00 01 00 00-27 01 00 00 06 00 00 00 ...g....'.....
00c0 64 00 00 00 3a 00 00 00-14 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 d...:.....
00d0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 29 01 00 00 .....)....
00e0 6b 00 00 00 fa 00 00 00-3a 00 00 00 0c 00 00 00 k.....:.....
00f0 01 00 00 00 06 00 00 00-1e 00 02 67 00 01 00 00 .....g....
0100 37 01 00 00 47 65 6e 65-72 61 6c 00 26 44 69 73 7...General.&Dis
0110 70 6c 61 79 20 6e 61 6d-65 3a 00 2a 00 26 4d 61 play name:.*.&Ma
0120 69 6c 62 6f 78 3a 00 2a-00 26 50 6f 73 74 20 4f ilbox:.*.&Post O
0130 66 66 69 63 65 3a 00 2a-00 ffice:.*.

```

Prop1

```

ulPropTag - PidTagScriptData (0x00040102)
ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
  Size - 0x0000000F
  Operation Jump Not Exists - 0x00000004

  PropTag - 0x6701001e

  Offset - 0x00000014

  Operation Emit - 0x00000002

  PropTag - 0x6701001e

  Operation Emit String - 0x80000002

  Offset - 0x00000034

```

```

Operation Jump Not Exists - 0x00000004
    PropTag - 0x6702001e
    Offset - 0x00000030
Operation Emit - 0x00000002
    PropTag - 0x6702001e
Operation Halt - 0x00000000
0000 0f 00 00 00 04 00 00 00-1e 00 01 67 14 00 00 00 .....g....
0010 02 00 00 00 1e 00 01 67-02 00 00 80 34 00 00 00 .....g....4...
0020 04 00 00 00 1e 00 02 67-30 00 00 00 02 00 00 00 .....g0.....
0030 1e 00 02 67 00 00 00 00-20 61 74 20 00 00 00 00 ...g.... at ....

```

This template can be processed to create a dialog box similar to the one shown in the following figure.



Figure 1: Address creation dialog box

The following data is then entered into the dialog box:

Display name: Bob

Mailbox: BobsMailbox

Post office: GeneralPostOffice

The script processes the data, and produces the following e-mail address:

BobsMailbox at GeneralPostOffice

Therefore, the **PidTagEmailAddress** property ([MS-OXPROPS] section 2.672) that represents this user is "BobsMailbox at GeneralPostOffice" and the **PidTagAddressType** property value is "CCMAIL."

4.2 Retrieving a Mail User's Template

To display information about an Address Book object to the user, the client has to first request the display template from the server by calling the **NspiGetTemplateInfo** function, as described in [MS-NSPI] and [MS-OXNSPI] section 3.1.4.1.18. The first step is to bind to the server by using the **NspiBind** function call, as described in [MS-NSPI] and [MS-OXNSPI] section 3.1.4.1.1, to retrieve an RPC context handle for the server.

For example, the **NspiGetTemplateInfo** function is called to get the template to display data about a **mail user** by passing the *ulType* parameter with the mail user display type (**DT_MAILUSER**).

The following are the input parameters for an example of a call to the **NspiGetTemplateInfo** function.

Note Only relevant information, and not all parameters, is shown. For more information about the parameters, see [MS-NSPI] and [MS-OXNSPI] section 3.1.4.1.18.

```
dwFlags:          0x00000061
ulType:           0x00000000
pDN:              (null)
dwCodePage:       0x000004e4
dwLocaleID:       0x00000409
```

The call returns a **PropertyRow_r** structure in the *ppData* return parameter. The following is an example of the *ppData* parameter that can be returned.

```
ppData
  cValues - 0x00000001
  ulAdrEntryPad - not used - 0x00000000
  Prop0
    ulPropTag - PidTagTemplateData (0x00010102)
    ulReserved - not used - 0x00000000
    TRowSet - Type - 0x00000001
      cRows - 0x00000041
      Row0
        XPos - 0x00000000
        XDelta - 0x00000000
        YPos - 0x00000000
        YDelta- 0x00000000
        ControlType - 0x00000008
        ControlFlags - 0x00000ce4
        ControlStructure
          dwType - 0x00000000
          ulSize - 0x00000000
          ulString - 0x0000092c
          General
      Row1
        XPos - 0x00000006
        XDelta - 0x00000167
        YPos - 0x00000003
        YDelta- 0x00000029
        ControlType - 0x00000006
        ControlFlags - 0x00000000
        ControlStructure
          dwType - 0x00000000
          ulSize - 0x00000000
          ulString - 0x00000934
          Name
      Row2
```

```

XPos - 0x0000000c
XDelta - 0x00000046
YPos - 0x0000000f
YDelta- 0x00000008
ControlType - 0x00000000
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x00000000
    ulSize - 0x00000000
    ulString - 0x00000939
    &First:
Row3
XPos - 0x00000053
XDelta - 0x00000025
YPos - 0x0000000d
YDelta- 0x0000000c
ControlType - 0x00000001
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x3a06001e
    ulSize - 0x00000040
    ulString - 0x00000941
    *
Row4
XPos - 0x0000007b
XDelta - 0x0000002c
YPos - 0x0000000f
YDelta- 0x00000008
ControlType - 0x00000000
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x00000000
    ulSize - 0x00000000
    ulString - 0x00000943
    Ini&tials:
Row5
XPos - 0x000000a8
XDelta - 0x0000000f
YPos - 0x0000000d
YDelta- 0x0000000c
ControlType - 0x00000001
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x3a0a001e
    ulSize - 0x00000006
    ulString - 0x0000094e
    *
Row6
XPos - 0x000000bd
XDelta - 0x00000046
YPos - 0x0000000f
YDelta- 0x00000008
ControlType - 0x00000000
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x00000000
    ulSize - 0x00000000
    ulString - 0x00000950
    &Last:
Row7
XPos - 0x00000103
XDelta - 0x00000064
YPos - 0x0000000d
YDelta- 0x0000000c
ControlType - 0x00000001
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x3a11001e

```

```

        ulSize - 0x00000040
        ulString - 0x00000957
        *
Row8
XPos - 0x0000000c
XDelta - 0x00000046
YPos - 0x0000001e
YDelta- 0x00000008
ControlType - 0x00000000
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x00000000
    ulSize - 0x00000000
    ulString - 0x00000959
    Display&:
Row9
XPos - 0x00000053
XDelta - 0x00000064
YPos - 0x0000001c
YDelta- 0x0000000c
ControlType - 0x00000001
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x3001001e
    ulSize - 0x00000100
    ulString - 0x00000963
    *
Row10
XPos - 0x000000bd
XDelta - 0x00000046
YPos - 0x0000001e
YDelta- 0x00000008
ControlType - 0x00000000
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x00000000
    ulSize - 0x00000000
    ulString - 0x00000965
    Alias:
Row11
XPos - 0x00000103
XDelta - 0x00000064
YPos - 0x0000001c
YDelta- 0x0000000c
ControlType - 0x00000001
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x3a00001e
    ulSize - 0x00000040
    ulString - 0x0000096d
    *
Row12
XPos - 0x0000000c
XDelta - 0x00000046
YPos - 0x00000032
YDelta- 0x00000008
ControlType - 0x00000000
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x00000000
    ulSize - 0x00000000
    ulString - 0x0000096f
    Add&ress:
Row13
XPos - 0x00000053
XDelta - 0x00000064
YPos - 0x00000030
YDelta- 0x0000001b

```

```

ControlType - 0x00000001
ControlFlags - 0x00000001
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x3a29001e
    ulSize - 0x00000400
    ulString - 0x00000979
*
Row14
XPos - 0x0000000c
XDelta - 0x00000046
YPos - 0x00000050
YDelta- 0x00000008
ControlType - 0x00000000
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x00000000
    ulSize - 0x00000000
    ulString - 0x0000097b
Cit&y:
Row15
XPos - 0x00000053
XDelta - 0x00000064
YPos - 0x0000004e
YDelta- 0x0000000c
ControlType - 0x00000001
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x3a27001e
    ulSize - 0x00000080
    ulString - 0x00000982
*
Row16
XPos - 0x0000000c
XDelta - 0x00000046
YPos - 0x0000005f
YDelta- 0x00000008
ControlType - 0x00000000
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x00000000
    ulSize - 0x00000000
    ulString - 0x00000984
&State:
Row17
XPos - 0x00000053
XDelta - 0x00000064
YPos - 0x0000005d
YDelta- 0x0000000c
ControlType - 0x00000001
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x3a28001e
    ulSize - 0x00000080
    ulString - 0x0000098c
*
Row18
XPos - 0x0000000c
XDelta - 0x00000046
YPos - 0x0000006e
YDelta- 0x00000008
ControlType - 0x00000000
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x00000000
    ulSize - 0x00000000
    ulString - 0x0000098e
&Zip code:
Row19

```

```

XPos - 0x00000053
XDelta - 0x00000064
YPos - 0x0000006c
YDelta- 0x0000000c
ControlType - 0x00000001
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x3a2a001e
    ulSize - 0x00000028
    ulString - 0x00000999
*
Row20
XPos - 0x0000000c
XDelta - 0x00000046
YPos - 0x0000007d
YDelta- 0x00000008
ControlType - 0x00000000
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x00000000
    ulSize - 0x00000000
    ulString - 0x0000099b
Co&untry/Region:
Row21
XPos - 0x00000053
XDelta - 0x00000064
YPos - 0x0000007b
YDelta- 0x0000000c
ControlType - 0x00000001
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x3a26001e
    ulSize - 0x00000003
    ulString - 0x000009ac
*
Row22
XPos - 0x000000bd
XDelta - 0x00000046
YPos - 0x00000032
YDelta- 0x00000008
ControlType - 0x00000000
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x00000000
    ulSize - 0x00000000
    ulString - 0x000009ae
Titl&e:
Row23
XPos - 0x00000103
XDelta - 0x00000064
YPos - 0x00000030
YDelta- 0x0000000c
ControlType - 0x00000001
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x3a17001e
    ulSize - 0x00000040
    ulString - 0x000009b6
*
Row24
XPos - 0x000000bd
XDelta - 0x00000046
YPos - 0x00000041
YDelta- 0x00000008
ControlType - 0x00000000
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x00000000

```

```

        ulSize - 0x00000000
        ulString - 0x000009b8
        Co&mpany:
Row25
    XPos - 0x00000103
    XDelta - 0x00000064
    YPos - 0x0000003f
    YDelta- 0x0000000c
    ControlType - 0x00000001
    ControlFlags - 0x00000000
    ControlStructure
        dwType - 0x3a16001e
        ulSize - 0x00000040
        ulString - 0x000009c2
        *
Row26
    XPos - 0x000000bd
    XDelta - 0x00000046
    YPos - 0x00000050
    YDelta- 0x00000008
    ControlType - 0x00000000
    ControlFlags - 0x00000000
    ControlStructure
        dwType - 0x00000000
        ulSize - 0x00000000
        ulString - 0x000009c4
        &Department:
Row27
    XPos - 0x00000103
    XDelta - 0x00000064
    YPos - 0x0000004e
    YDelta- 0x0000000c
    ControlType - 0x00000001
    ControlFlags - 0x00000000
    ControlStructure
        dwType - 0x3a18001e
        ulSize - 0x00000040
        ulString - 0x000009d1
        *
Row28
    XPos - 0x000000bd
    XDelta - 0x00000046
    YPos - 0x0000005f
    YDelta- 0x00000008
    ControlType - 0x00000000
    ControlFlags - 0x00000000
    ControlStructure
        dwType - 0x00000000
        ulSize - 0x00000000
        ulString - 0x000009d3
        &Office:
Row29
    XPos - 0x00000103
    XDelta - 0x00000064
    YPos - 0x0000005d
    YDelta- 0x0000000c
    ControlType - 0x00000001
    ControlFlags - 0x00000000
    ControlStructure
        dwType - 0x3a19001e
        ulSize - 0x00000080
        ulString - 0x000009dc
        *
Row30
    XPos - 0x000000bd
    XDelta - 0x00000046
    YPos - 0x0000006e
    YDelta- 0x00000008

```



```

ControlType - 0x00000000
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x00000000
    ulSize - 0x00000000
    ulString - 0x000009de
Assista&nt:
Row31
XPos - 0x00000103
XDelta - 0x00000064
YPos - 0x0000006c
YDelta- 0x0000000c
ControlType - 0x00000001
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x3a30001e
    ulSize - 0x00000100
    ulString - 0x000009ea
*
Row32
XPos - 0x000000bd
XDelta - 0x00000046
YPos - 0x0000007d
YDelta- 0x00000008
ControlType - 0x00000000
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x00000000
    ulSize - 0x00000000
    ulString - 0x000009ec
P&hone:
Row33
XPos - 0x00000103
XDelta - 0x00000064
YPos - 0x0000007b
YDelta- 0x0000000c
ControlType - 0x00000001
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x3a08001e
    ulSize - 0x00000040
    ulString - 0x000009f4
*
Row34
XPos - 0x00000000
XDelta - 0x00000000
YPos - 0x00000000
YDelta- 0x00000000
ControlType - 0x00000008
ControlFlags - 0x00000ce5
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x00000000
    ulSize - 0x00000000
    ulString - 0x000009f6
Organization
Row35
XPos - 0x00000006
XDelta - 0x00000167
YPos - 0x00000004
YDelta- 0x00000008
ControlType - 0x00000000
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x00000000
    ulSize - 0x00000000
    ulString - 0x00000a03
&Manager:
Row36

```

```

XPos - 0x00000006
XDelta - 0x00000167
YPos - 0x0000000f
YDelta- 0x00000014
ControlType - 0x00000002
ControlFlags - 0x00000002
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x8005000d
    ulSize - 0x00000000
    ulString - 0x00000a0d
    *
Row37
XPos - 0x00000006
XDelta - 0x00000167
YPos - 0x00000025
YDelta- 0x00000008
ControlType - 0x00000000
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x00000000
    ulSize - 0x00000000
    ulString - 0x00000a0f
    &Direct reports:
Row38
XPos - 0x00000006
XDelta - 0x00000167
YPos - 0x00000030
YDelta- 0x00000060
ControlType - 0x00000002
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x800e000d
    ulSize - 0x00000000
    ulString - 0x00000a20
    *
Row39
XPos - 0x00000000
XDelta - 0x00000000
YPos - 0x00000000
YDelta- 0x00000000
ControlType - 0x00000008
ControlFlags - 0x00000ce6
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x00000000
    ulSize - 0x00000000
    ulString - 0x00000a22
    Phone/Notes
Row40
XPos - 0x00000006
XDelta - 0x00000167
YPos - 0x00000003
YDelta- 0x00000050
ControlType - 0x00000006
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x00000000
    ulSize - 0x00000000
    ulString - 0x00000a2e
    Phone numbers
Row41
XPos - 0x0000000c
XDelta - 0x00000046
YPos - 0x00000012
YDelta- 0x00000008
ControlType - 0x00000000
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x00000000

```

```

        ulSize - 0x00000000
        ulString - 0x00000a3c
        Bu&siness:
Row42
    XPos - 0x00000053
    XDelta - 0x00000064
    YPos - 0x00000010
    YDelta- 0x0000000c
    ControlType - 0x00000001
    ControlFlags - 0x00000000
    ControlStructure
        dwType - 0x3a08001e
        ulSize - 0x00000040
        ulString - 0x00000a47
        *
Row43
    XPos - 0x000000bd
    XDelta - 0x00000046
    YPos - 0x00000012
    YDelta- 0x00000008
    ControlType - 0x00000000
    ControlFlags - 0x00000000
    ControlStructure
        dwType - 0x00000000
        ulSize - 0x00000000
        ulString - 0x00000a49
        &Home:
Row44
    XPos - 0x00000103
    XDelta - 0x00000064
    YPos - 0x00000010
    YDelta- 0x0000000c
    ControlType - 0x00000001
    ControlFlags - 0x00000000
    ControlStructure
        dwType - 0x3a09001e
        ulSize - 0x00000040
        ulString - 0x00000a50
        *
Row45
    XPos - 0x0000000c
    XDelta - 0x00000046
    YPos - 0x00000022
    YDelta- 0x00000008
    ControlType - 0x00000000
    ControlFlags - 0x00000000
    ControlStructure
        dwType - 0x00000000
        ulSize - 0x00000000
        ulString - 0x00000a52
        Busi&nness 2:
Row46
    XPos - 0x00000053
    XDelta - 0x00000064
    YPos - 0x00000020
    YDelta- 0x00000060
    ControlType - 0x0000000c
    ControlFlags - 0x00000001
    ControlStructure
        dwType - 0x3a1b101e
        ulSize - 0x00000040
        ulString - 0x00000a5f
        *
Row47
    XPos - 0x000000bd
    XDelta - 0x00000046
    YPos - 0x00000022
    YDelta- 0x00000008

```

```

ControlType - 0x00000000
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x00000000
    ulSize - 0x00000000
    ulString - 0x00000a61
    H&ome 2:
Row48
XPos - 0x00000103
XDelta - 0x00000064
YPos - 0x00000020
YDelta- 0x00000060
ControlType - 0x0000000c
ControlFlags - 0x00000001
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x3a2f101e
    ulSize - 0x00000040
    ulString - 0x00000a6a
    *
Row49
XPos - 0x0000000c
XDelta - 0x00000046
YPos - 0x00000032
YDelta- 0x00000008
ControlType - 0x00000000
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x00000000
    ulSize - 0x00000000
    ulString - 0x00000a6c
    &Fax:
Row50
XPos - 0x00000053
XDelta - 0x00000064
YPos - 0x00000030
YDelta- 0x0000000c
ControlType - 0x00000001
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x3a23001e
    ulSize - 0x00000040
    ulString - 0x00000a72
    *
Row51
XPos - 0x000000bd
XDelta - 0x00000046
YPos - 0x00000032
YDelta- 0x00000008
ControlType - 0x00000000
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x00000000
    ulSize - 0x00000000
    ulString - 0x00000a74
    &Mobile:
Row52
XPos - 0x00000103
XDelta - 0x00000064
YPos - 0x00000030
YDelta- 0x0000000c
ControlType - 0x00000001
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x3a1c001e
    ulSize - 0x00000040
    ulString - 0x00000a7d
    *
Row53

```

```

XPos - 0x0000000c
XDelta - 0x00000046
YPos - 0x00000042
YDelta- 0x00000008
ControlType - 0x00000000
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x00000000
    ulSize - 0x00000000
    ulString - 0x00000a7f
Ass&istant:
Row54
XPos - 0x00000053
XDelta - 0x00000064
YPos - 0x00000040
YDelta- 0x0000000c
ControlType - 0x00000001
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x3a2e001e
    ulSize - 0x00000040
    ulString - 0x00000a8b
*
Row55
XPos - 0x000000bd
XDelta - 0x00000046
YPos - 0x00000042
YDelta- 0x00000008
ControlType - 0x00000000
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x00000000
    ulSize - 0x00000000
    ulString - 0x00000a8d
Pa&ger:
Row56
XPos - 0x00000103
XDelta - 0x00000064
YPos - 0x00000040
YDelta- 0x0000000c
ControlType - 0x00000001
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x3a21001e
    ulSize - 0x00000040
    ulString - 0x00000a95
*
Row57
XPos - 0x00000006
XDelta - 0x00000167
YPos - 0x0000005a
YDelta- 0x00000008
ControlType - 0x00000000
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x00000000
    ulSize - 0x00000000
    ulString - 0x00000a97
No&tes:
Row58
XPos - 0x00000006
XDelta - 0x00000167
YPos - 0x00000064
YDelta- 0x0000002b
ControlType - 0x00000001
ControlFlags - 0x00000001
ControlStructure
    dwType - 0x3004001e

```

```

        ulSize - 0x00000400
        ulString - 0x00000a9f
        *
Row59
    XPos - 0x00000000
    XDelta - 0x00000000
    YPos - 0x00000000
    YDelta- 0x00000000
    ControlType - 0x00000008
    ControlFlags - 0x00000ce7
    ControlStructure
        dwType - 0x00000000
        ulSize - 0x00000000
        ulString - 0x00000aa1
        Member Of
Row60
    XPos - 0x00000006
    XDelta - 0x00000167
    YPos - 0x00000004
    YDelta- 0x00000008
    ControlType - 0x00000000
    ControlFlags - 0x00000000
    ControlStructure
        dwType - 0x00000000
        ulSize - 0x00000000
        ulString - 0x00000aab
        &Group membership:
Row61
    XPos - 0x00000006
    XDelta - 0x00000167
    YPos - 0x0000000e
    YDelta- 0x00000084
    ControlType - 0x00000002
    ControlFlags - 0x00000000
    ControlStructure
        dwType - 0x8008000d
        ulSize - 0x00000000
        ulString - 0x00000abe
        *
Row62
    XPos - 0x00000000
    XDelta - 0x00000000
    YPos - 0x00000000
    YDelta- 0x00000000
    ControlType - 0x00000008
    ControlFlags - 0x00000ce8
    ControlStructure
        dwType - 0x00000000
        ulSize - 0x00000000
        ulString - 0x00000ac0
        E-mail Addresses
Row63
    XPos - 0x00000006
    XDelta - 0x00000167
    YPos - 0x00000004
    YDelta- 0x00000008
    ControlType - 0x00000000
    ControlFlags - 0x00000000
    ControlStructure
        dwType - 0x00000000
        ulSize - 0x00000000
        ulString - 0x00000ad1
        &E-mail addresses:
Row64
    XPos - 0x00000006
    XDelta - 0x00000167
    YPos - 0x0000000e
    YDelta- 0x00000084

```

```

ControlType - 0x0000000b
ControlFlags - 0x00000000
ControlStructure
  dwType - 0x800f101e
  ulSize - 0x00000000
  ulString - 0x00000ae4
  *

```

```

0000 01 00 00 00 41 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 ...A.....
0010 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-08 00 00 00 e4 0c 00 00 .....
0020 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-2c 09 00 00 06 00 00 00 .....
0030 67 01 00 00 03 00 00 00-29 00 00 00 06 00 00 00 .....
0040 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 34 09 00 00 .....4...
0050 0c 00 00 00 46 00 00 00-0f 00 00 00 08 00 00 00 ...F.....
0060 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
0070 39 09 00 00 53 00 00 00-25 00 00 00 0d 00 00 00 9...S.....
0080 0c 00 00 00 01 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 1e 00 06 3a .....:
0090 40 00 00 00 41 09 00 00-7b 00 00 00 2c 00 00 00 ...A...{...
00a0 0f 00 00 00 08 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00b0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-43 09 00 00 a8 00 00 00 .....C.....
00c0 0f 00 00 00 0d 00 00 00-0c 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 .....
00d0 00 00 00 00 1e 00 0a 3a-06 00 00 00 4e 09 00 00 .....:...N...
00e0 bd 00 00 00 46 00 00 00-0f 00 00 00 08 00 00 00 ...F.....
00f0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
0100 50 09 00 00 03 01 00 00-64 00 00 00 0d 00 00 00 .....d.....
0110 0c 00 00 00 01 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 1e 00 11 3a .....:
0120 40 00 00 00 57 09 00 00-0c 00 00 00 46 00 00 00 ...W.....F...
0130 1e 00 00 00 08 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
0140 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-59 09 00 00 53 00 00 00 .....Y...S...
0150 64 00 00 00 1c 00 00 00-0c 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 d.....
0160 00 00 00 00 1e 00 01 30-00 01 00 00 63 09 00 00 .....0...c...
0170 bd 00 00 00 46 00 00 00-1e 00 00 00 08 00 00 00 ...F.....
0180 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
0190 65 09 00 00 03 01 00 00-64 00 00 00 1c 00 00 00 e.....d.....
01a0 0c 00 00 00 01 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 1e 00 00 3a .....:
01b0 40 00 00 00 6d 09 00 00-0c 00 00 00 46 00 00 00 @...m.....F...
01c0 32 00 00 00 08 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 2.....
01d0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-6f 09 00 00 53 00 00 00 .....o...S...
01e0 64 00 00 00 30 00 00 00-1b 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 d...0.....
01f0 01 00 00 00 1e 00 29 3a-00 04 00 00 79 09 00 00 .....):...y...
0200 0c 00 00 00 46 00 00 00-50 00 00 00 08 00 00 00 ...F...P.....
0210 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
0220 7b 09 00 00 53 00 00 00-64 00 00 00 4e 00 00 00 {...S...d...N...
0230 0c 00 00 00 01 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 1e 00 27 3a .....':
0240 80 00 00 00 82 09 00 00-0c 00 00 00 46 00 00 00 .....F...
0250 5f 00 00 00 08 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
0260 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-84 09 00 00 53 00 00 00 .....S...
0270 64 00 00 00 5d 00 00 00-0c 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 d...].....
0280 00 00 00 00 1e 00 28 3a-80 00 00 00 8c 09 00 00 .....(:.....
0290 0c 00 00 00 46 00 00 00-6e 00 00 00 08 00 00 00 ...F...n.....
02a0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
02b0 8e 09 00 00 53 00 00 00-64 00 00 00 6c 00 00 00 ....S...d...l...
02c0 0c 00 00 00 01 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 1e 00 2a 3a .....*:
02d0 28 00 00 00 99 09 00 00-0c 00 00 00 46 00 00 00 {...F...
02e0 7d 00 00 00 08 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 }.....
02f0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-9b 09 00 00 53 00 00 00 .....S...
0300 64 00 00 00 7b 00 00 00-0c 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 d...{.....
0310 00 00 00 00 1e 00 26 3a-03 00 00 00 ac 09 00 00 .....&:.....
0320 bd 00 00 00 46 00 00 00-32 00 00 00 08 00 00 00 ...F...2.....
0330 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
0340 ae 09 00 00 03 01 00 00-64 00 00 00 30 00 00 00 .....d...0...
0350 0c 00 00 00 01 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 1e 00 17 3a .....:
0360 40 00 00 00 b6 09 00 00-bd 00 00 00 46 00 00 00 @.....F...
0370 41 00 00 00 08 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 A.....
0380 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00-b8 09 00 00 03 01 00 00 .....
0390 64 00 00 00 3f 00 00 00-0c 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 d...?.....
03a0 00 00 00 00 1e 00 16 3a-40 00 00 00 c2 09 00 00 .....:@.....
03b0 bd 00 00 00 46 00 00 00-50 00 00 00 08 00 00 00 ...F...P.....
03c0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....

```

```

03d0 c4 09 00 00 03 01 00 00-64 00 00 00 4e 00 00 00 .....d...N...
03e0 0c 00 00 00 01 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 1e 00 18 3a .....:
03f0 40 00 00 00 d1 09 00 00-bd 00 00 00 46 00 00 00 @.....F...
0400 5f 00 00 00 08 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 _.....
0410 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-d3 09 00 00 03 01 00 00 .....
0420 64 00 00 00 5d 00 00 00-0c 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 d...].
0430 00 00 00 00 1e 00 19 3a-80 00 00 00 dc 09 00 00 .....:
0440 bd 00 00 00 46 00 00 00-6e 00 00 00 08 00 00 00 ....F...n.....
0450 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
0460 de 09 00 00 03 01 00 00-64 00 00 00 6c 00 00 00 .....d...l...
0470 0c 00 00 00 01 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 1e 00 30 3a .....0:
0480 00 01 00 00 ea 09 00 00-bd 00 00 00 46 00 00 00 .....F...
0490 7d 00 00 00 08 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 }.
04a0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-ec 09 00 00 03 01 00 00 .....
04b0 64 00 00 00 7b 00 00 00-0c 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 d...{.....
04c0 00 00 00 00 1e 00 08 3a-40 00 00 00 f4 09 00 00 .....:@.....
04d0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
04e0 08 00 00 00 e5 0c 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
04f0 f6 09 00 00 06 00 00 00-67 01 00 00 04 00 00 00 .....g.....
0500 08 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
0510 00 00 00 00 03 0a 00 00-06 00 00 00 67 01 00 00 .....g...
0520 0f 00 00 00 14 00 00 00-02 00 00 00 02 00 00 00 .....
0530 0d 00 05 80 00 00 00 00-0d 0a 00 00 06 00 00 00 .....
0540 67 01 00 00 25 00 00 00-08 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 g.....
0550 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 0f 0a 00 00 .....
0560 06 00 00 00 67 01 00 00-30 00 00 00 60 00 00 00 ....g...0...`...
0570 02 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-0d 00 0e 80 00 00 00 00 .....
0580 20 0a 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
0590 00 00 00 00 08 00 00 00-e6 0c 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
05a0 00 00 00 00 22 0a 00 00-06 00 00 00 67 01 00 00 ....".
05b0 03 00 00 00 50 00 00 00-06 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 ....P.....
05c0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-2e 0a 00 00 0c 00 00 00 .....
05d0 46 00 00 00 12 00 00 00-08 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 F.....
05e0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 3c 0a 00 00 .....<...
05f0 53 00 00 00 64 00 00 00-10 00 00 00 0c 00 00 00 S...d.....
0600 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-1e 00 08 3a 40 00 00 00 .....:@...
0610 47 0a 00 00 bd 00 00 00-46 00 00 00 12 00 00 00 G.....F.....
0620 08 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
0630 00 00 00 00 49 0a 00 00-03 01 00 00 64 00 00 00 ....I.....d...
0640 10 00 00 00 0c 00 00 00-01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
0650 1e 00 09 3a 40 00 00 00-50 0a 00 00 0c 00 00 00 .....:@...P.....
0660 46 00 00 00 22 00 00 00-08 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 F...".....
0670 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 52 0a 00 00 .....R...
0680 53 00 00 00 64 00 00 00-20 00 00 00 60 00 00 00 S...d...`...
0690 0c 00 00 00 01 00 00 00-1e 10 1b 3a 40 00 00 00 .....:@...
06a0 5f 0a 00 00 bd 00 00 00-46 00 00 00 22 00 00 00 _.....F..."...
06b0 08 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
06c0 00 00 00 00 61 0a 00 00-03 01 00 00 64 00 00 00 ....a.....d...
06d0 20 00 00 00 60 00 00 00-0c 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 ...`.....
06e0 1e 10 2f 3a 40 00 00 00-6a 0a 00 00 0c 00 00 00 ../:@...j.....
06f0 46 00 00 00 32 00 00 00-08 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 F...2.....
0700 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 6c 0a 00 00 .....l...
0710 53 00 00 00 64 00 00 00-30 00 00 00 0c 00 00 00 S...d...0.....
0720 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-1e 00 23 3a 40 00 00 00 .....#:@...
0730 72 0a 00 00 bd 00 00 00-46 00 00 00 32 00 00 00 r.....F...2...
0740 08 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
0750 00 00 00 00 74 0a 00 00-03 01 00 00 64 00 00 00 ....t.....d...
0760 30 00 00 00 0c 00 00 00-01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0.....
0770 1e 00 1c 3a 40 00 00 00-7d 0a 00 00 0c 00 00 00 .....:@...}.....
0780 46 00 00 00 42 00 00 00-08 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 F...B.....
0790 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 7f 0a 00 00 .....
07a0 53 00 00 00 64 00 00 00-40 00 00 00 0c 00 00 00 S...d...@.....
07b0 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-1e 00 2e 3a 40 00 00 00 .....:@...
07c0 8b 0a 00 00 bd 00 00 00-46 00 00 00 42 00 00 00 .....F...B...
07d0 08 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
07e0 00 00 00 00 8d 0a 00 00-03 01 00 00 64 00 00 00 .....d...
07f0 40 00 00 00 0c 00 00 00-01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 @.....
0800 1e 00 21 3a 40 00 00 00-95 0a 00 00 06 00 00 00 ..!:@.....

```



```

0810 67 01 00 00 5a 00 00 00-08 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 g...Z.....
0820 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 97 0a 00 00 .....
0830 06 00 00 00 67 01 00 00-64 00 00 00 2b 00 00 00 ....g...d...+...
0840 01 00 00 00 01 00 00 00-1e 00 04 30 00 04 00 00 .....0....
0850 9f 0a 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
0860 00 00 00 00 08 00 00 00-e7 0c 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
0870 00 00 00 00 a1 0a 00 00-06 00 00 00 67 01 00 00 .....g...
0880 04 00 00 00 08 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
0890 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-ab 0a 00 00 06 00 00 00 .....
08a0 67 01 00 00 0e 00 00 00-84 00 00 00 02 00 00 00 g.....
08b0 00 00 00 00 0d 00 08 80-00 00 00 00 be 0a 00 00 .....
08c0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
08d0 08 00 00 00 e8 0c 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
08e0 c0 0a 00 00 06 00 00 00-67 01 00 00 04 00 00 00 .....g.....
08f0 08 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
0900 00 00 00 00 d1 0a 00 00-06 00 00 00 67 01 00 00 .....g...
0910 0e 00 00 00 84 00 00 00-0b 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
0920 1e 10 0f 80 00 00 00 00-e4 0a 00 00 47 65 6e 65 .....Gene
0930 72 61 6c 00 4e 61 6d 65-00 26 46 69 72 73 74 3a ral.Name.&First:
0940 00 2a 00 49 6e 69 26 74-69 61 6c 73 3a 00 2a 00 .*Ini&tials:.*
0950 26 4c 61 73 74 3a 00 2a-00 44 69 73 70 6c 61 79 &Last:.*Display
0960 26 3a 00 2a 00 41 6c 26-69 61 73 3a 00 2a 00 41 &:.*Al&ias:.*A
0970 64 64 26 72 65 73 73 3a-00 2a 00 43 69 74 26 79 dd&ress:.*Cit&y
0980 3a 00 2a 00 26 53 74 61-74 65 3a 00 2a 00 26 5a :.*&State:.*&Z
0990 69 70 20 63 6f 64 65 3a-00 2a 00 43 6f 26 75 6e ip code:.*Co&un
09a0 74 72 79 2f 52 65 67 69-6f 6e 3a 00 2a 00 54 69 try/Region:.*Ti
09b0 74 6c 26 65 3a 00 2a 00-43 6f 26 6d 70 61 6e 79 tl&e:.*Co&mpany
09c0 3a 00 2a 00 26 44 65 70-61 72 74 6d 65 6e 74 3a :.*&Department:
09d0 00 2a 00 26 4f 66 66 69-63 65 3a 00 2a 00 41 73 :.*&Office:.*As
09e0 73 69 73 74 61 26 6e 74-3a 00 2a 00 50 26 68 6f sista&nt:.*P&ho
09f0 6e 65 3a 00 2a 00 4f 72-67 61 6e 69 7a 61 74 69 ne:.*Organizati
0a00 6f 6e 00 26 4d 61 6e 61-67 65 72 3a 00 2a 00 26 on.&Manager:.*&
0a10 44 69 72 65 63 74 20 72-65 70 6f 72 74 73 3a 00 Direct reports:.
0a20 2a 00 50 68 6f 6e 65 2f-4e 6f 74 65 73 00 50 68 *.Phone/Notes.Ph
0a30 6f 6e 65 20 6e 75 6d 62-65 72 73 00 42 75 26 73 one numbers.Bu&s
0a40 69 6e 65 73 73 3a 00 2a-00 26 48 6f 6d 65 3a 00 iness:.*&Home:.
0a50 2a 00 42 75 73 69 26 6e-65 73 73 20 32 3a 00 2a *.Busi&ness 2:.*
0a60 00 48 26 6f 6d 65 20 32-3a 00 2a 00 26 46 61 78 .H&ome 2:.*&Fax
0a70 3a 00 2a 00 26 4d 6f 62-69 6c 65 3a 00 2a 00 41 :.*&Mobile:.*.A
0a80 73 73 26 69 73 74 61 6e-74 3a 00 2a 00 50 61 26 ss&istant:.*Pa&
0a90 67 65 72 3a 00 2a 00 4e-6f 26 74 65 73 3a 00 2a ger:.*No&tes:.*
0aa0 00 4d 65 6d 62 65 72 20-4f 66 00 26 47 72 6f 75 .Member Of.&Grou
0ab0 70 20 6d 65 6d 62 65 72-73 68 69 70 3a 00 2a 00 p membership:.*
0ac0 45 2d 6d 61 69 6c 20 41-64 64 72 65 73 73 65 73 E-mail Addresses
0ad0 00 26 45 2d 6d 61 69 6c-20 61 64 64 72 65 73 73 .&E-mail address
0ae0 65 73 3a 00 2a 00 es:.*.

```

By processing the template in this **PropertyRow_r** structure, the dialog box shown in the following figure is created.

General | Organization | Phone/Notes | Member Of | E-mail Addresses

Name

First: user1 Initials: Last: [text]

Display Name: user1 Alias: user1

Address: [text] Title: [text]

City: [text] Company: [text]

State: [text] Department: [text]

Zip code: [text] Office: [text]

Country/Region: [text] Assistant: [text]

Phone: [text]

Figure 2: Address Book object display dialog box

The client then retrieves the properties specified in the template from the requested Address Book object to populate the various dialog controls.

5 Security

5.1 Security Considerations for Implementers

The execution of scripts in this protocol has to be implemented in a secure manner. The script execution checks for valid scripts, but it is also important to be aware of the possibility of infinite loops and other potential security considerations.

General security considerations that pertain to the underlying NSPI RPC-based transport also apply. For more information, see [\[MS-NSPI\]](#) and [\[MS-OXNSPI\]](#) section 5.1.

5.2 Index of Security Parameters

None.

Preliminary

6 Appendix A: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include released service packs.

- Microsoft Exchange Server 2003
- Microsoft Exchange Server 2007
- Microsoft Exchange Server 2010
- Microsoft Exchange Server 2013
- Microsoft Exchange Server 2016 Preview
- Microsoft Office Outlook 2003
- Microsoft Office Outlook 2007
- Microsoft Outlook 2010
- Microsoft Outlook 2013
- Microsoft Outlook 2016 Preview

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. If a service pack or Quick Fix Engineering (QFE) number appears with the product version, behavior changed in that service pack or QFE. The new behavior also applies to subsequent service packs of the product unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms SHOULD or SHOULD NOT implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term MAY implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

<1> [Section 2.1](#): Exchange 2010, Exchange 2013, and Exchange 2016 Preview point the client to the Exchange NSPI server, which implements the NSPI methods as described in [\[MS-OXNSPI\]](#). The only exception is when Exchange 2010, Exchange 2013, or Exchange 2016 Preview is installed on an Active Directory® global catalog server, in which case the server points the client to Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS).

<2> [Section 2.1](#): Exchange 2003 and Exchange 2007 point the client to AD DS, which implements the NSPI methods as described in [\[MS-NSPI\]](#).

<3> [Section 2.2.2.2](#): Exchange 2010 does not include the *Size* parameter.

<4> [Section 3.1.4.1](#): Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Exchange 2010, Exchange 2013, and Exchange 2016 Preview ignore the **TI_HELPFILE_NAME** and **TI_HELPFILE** flags. Office Outlook 2003, Office Outlook 2007, Outlook 2010, Outlook 2013, and Outlook 2016 Preview pass these flags, but they have no effect on the results of the **NspiGetTemplateInfo** function.

<5> [Section 3.1.4.2](#): Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Exchange 2010, Exchange 2013, and Exchange 2016 Preview ignore the **TI_HELPFILE_NAME** and **TI_HELPFILE** flags. Office Outlook 2003, Office Outlook 2007, Outlook 2010, Outlook 2013, and Outlook 2016 Preview pass these flags but they have no effect on the results of the **NspiGetTemplateInfo** function.

<6> [Section 3.1.4.3](#): Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Exchange 2010, Exchange 2013, and Exchange 2016 Preview ignore the **TI_HELPFILE_NAME** and **TI_HELPFILE** flags. Office Outlook 2003, Office

Outlook 2007, Outlook 2010, Outlook 2013, and Outlook 2016 Preview pass these flags, but they have no effect on the results of the **NspiGetTemplateInfo** function.

Preliminary

7 Change Tracking

This section identifies changes that were made to this document since the last release. Changes are classified as New, Major, Minor, Editorial, or No change.

The revision class **New** means that a new document is being released.

The revision class **Major** means that the technical content in the document was significantly revised. Major changes affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of major changes are:

- A document revision that incorporates changes to interoperability requirements or functionality.
- The removal of a document from the documentation set.

The revision class **Minor** means that the meaning of the technical content was clarified. Minor changes do not affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of minor changes are updates to clarify ambiguity at the sentence, paragraph, or table level.

The revision class **Editorial** means that the formatting in the technical content was changed. Editorial changes apply to grammatical, formatting, and style issues.

The revision class **No change** means that no new technical changes were introduced. Minor editorial and formatting changes may have been made, but the technical content of the document is identical to the last released version.

Major and minor changes can be described further using the following change types:

- New content added.
- Content updated.
- Content removed.
- New product behavior note added.
- Product behavior note updated.
- Product behavior note removed.
- New protocol syntax added.
- Protocol syntax updated.
- Protocol syntax removed.
- New content added due to protocol revision.
- Content updated due to protocol revision.
- Content removed due to protocol revision.
- New protocol syntax added due to protocol revision.
- Protocol syntax updated due to protocol revision.
- Protocol syntax removed due to protocol revision.
- Obsolete document removed.

Editorial changes are always classified with the change type **Editorially updated**.

Some important terms used in the change type descriptions are defined as follows:

- **Protocol syntax** refers to data elements (such as packets, structures, enumerations, and methods) as well as interfaces.
- **Protocol revision** refers to changes made to a protocol that affect the bits that are sent over the wire.

The changes made to this document are listed in the following table. For more information, please contact dochelp@microsoft.com.

Section	Tracking number (if applicable) and description	Major change (Y or N)	Change type
2 Messages	Updated product behavior notes for the "Messages" section to include behavior of Exchange 2016.	Y	Product behavior note updated.
3 Protocol Details	Updated product behavior notes for the "Protocol Details" section to include behavior of Exchange 2016 and Outlook 2016.	Y	Product behavior note updated.
6 Appendix A: Product Behavior	Added Exchange 2016 and Outlook 2016 to the list of applicable products.	Y	Content update.

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