# [MS-OXOAB]: Offline Address Book (OAB) Format and Schema Protocol Specification

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## **1** Introduction

This document specifies the offline address book (OAB) version 2 and OAB version 4 file formats. OABs are files that store address list information on the client, so that the client can access the information when it does not have a network connection with the server or is working offline. This specification assumes the reader has familiarity with the address book concepts and requirements of the Address Book Object protocol, as specified in [MS-OXOABK]. Those concepts and requirements are not repeated in this specification.

### 1.1 Glossary

The following terms are defined in [MS-OXGLOS]:

address book **Address Book object** address creation template address list alias ambiguous name resolution (ANR) ASCII distinguished name (DN) distribution list **GUID** Lempel-Ziv Extended (LZX) Lempel-Ziv Extended Delta (LZXD) little-endian mailbox message database (MBD) offline address book (OAB) public folder property tag relative distinguished name (RDN) recipient **Rich Text Format (RTF)** Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) **X500 DN** 

The following data types are defined in [MS-OXCDATA]:

PtypBinary PtypBoolean PtypInteger32 PtypMultipleInteger32 PtypMultipleString PtypMultipleString8

#### PtypString PtypString8

The following terms are specific to this document:

- mail agent: An Address Book object other than a remote mail user, mail user, distribution list, or public folder.
- narrow character set: A character set that represents text characters as a sequence of bytes, where each byte represents a unique character. The ASCII character set is a narrow character set.
- parent DN (PDN): The distinguished name of the next immediate object closer to the root of the tree of relative distinguished names (RDNs).
- **remote mail user**: A collection of properties such as telephone numbers, e-mail addresses, and pager numbers pertaining to a person or business external to the messaging server.
- **X509:** An ITU-T standard for Public Key Infrastructure subsequently adapted by the IETF, as specified in [RFC3280].
- MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT: These terms (in all caps) are used as described in [RFC2119]. All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

### 1.2 References

#### **1.2.1** Normative References

[ISO/IEC 8802-3] International Organization for Standardization, "Information technology -- Telecommunications and information exchange between systems -- Local and metropolitan area networks -- Specific requirements -- Part 3: Carrier sense multiple access with collision detection (CSMA/CD) access method and physical layer specifications", ISO/IEC 8802-3:2000,

http://www.iso.org/iso/iso\_catalogue/catalogue\_tc/catalogue\_detail.htm?csnumber=3100 2.

[MS-MCI] Microsoft Corporation, "MCI Compression and Decompression", April 2008.

[MS-OXCDATA] Microsoft Corporation, "Data Structures Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXGLOS] Microsoft Corporation, "Office Exchange Protocols Master Glossary", April 2008.

[MS-OXOABK] Microsoft Corporation, "Address Book Object Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXOABKT] Microsoft Corporation, "Address Book User Interface Templates Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXPFOAB] Microsoft Corporation, "Offline Address Book (OAB) Public Folder Retrieval Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXPROPS] Microsoft Corporation, "Office Exchange Protocols Master Property List Specification", April 2008.

[MS-PATCH] Microsoft Corporation, "LZX DELTA Compression and Decompression", April 2008.

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, <u>http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt</u>.

[RFC2204] Yergeau, F., "UTF-8, a transformation format of Unicode and ISO 10646", RFC 2204, October 1996, <u>http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2044.txt</u>.

[RFC4234] Crocker, D., Ed. and Overell, P., "Augmented BNF for Syntax Specifications: ABNF", RFC 4234, October 2005, <u>http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4234.txt</u>.

### **1.2.2 Informative References**

[ISO/IEC 8825-1] "ASN.1 encoding rules: Specification of Basic Encoding Rules (BER), Canonical Encoding Rules (CER) and Distinguished Encoding Rules (DER)", ISO/IEC 8825-1:1998,

http://www.iso.org/iso/iso\_catalogue/catalogue\_tc/catalogue\_detail.htm?csnumber=32306.

[MS-ADTS] Microsoft Corporation, "Active Directory Technical Specification", July 2006, http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc200343.aspx.

[MS-OXWOAB] Microsoft Corporation, "Offline Address Book (OAB) Retrieval Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[RFC2315] Kaliski, B., "PKCS #7: Cryptographic Message Syntax", RFC 2315, March 1998, http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2315.txt.

[RFC3280] Housley, R., Polk, W., Ford, W., and Solo, D., "Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) Profile", RFC 3280, April 2002, <u>http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3280.txt</u>.

### 1.3 Structure Overview

A server can choose to make user properties, such as job titles, addresses, and telephone numbers, available to its clients in an **address book**. The address book can then be browsed or searched by clients looking for recipient information. To organize the contents of an address book, the server can divide recipients into containers and the client can choose which container to browse or search.

Each address book container is known as an **address list**. The collection of available containers, or address lists, is the address book. When the client is unable to reach the server, which can be caused by working offline or having high network costs to access the server, the client can use a local copy of the address book or address lists to retrieve user information. The local copy of the address book is known as an **offline address book (OAB)**.

An OAB is composed of three or more files that provide the full functionality of the online address book when the client is working offline. This specification describes the structure of each of the files required to create an OAB version 2 and OAB version 4 file.

### 1.3.1 OAB Version 2

The OAB version 2 file format specifies the structure of files that are downloaded from the server to the client to support an offline address book. The OAB version 2 file consists of the following files:

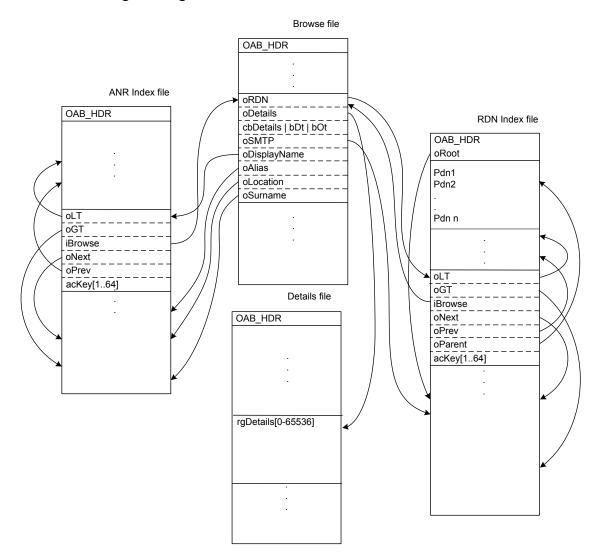
- Browse file. The Browse file contains one fixed size record per user, with members that point to offsets in the RDN Index, ANR Index, and Details files. The fixed size record contains data and offsets that account for all of the user's data in the OAB version 2 file. For an overview of the Browse file, see section 1.3.1.1. For information about the structure of the Browse file, see section 2.3.
- RDN Index file. The **relative distinguished name (RDN)** Index file is used for primary key lookups based on the **X500 DN** and **Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP)** address properties of the **Address Book object**. For an overview of the RDN Index file, see section 1.3.1.2. For information about the structure of the RDN Index file, see section 2.4.
- ANR Index file. The ANR Index file is used for **ambiguous name resolution** (ANR). Values for the display name, surname, office location, and e-mail **alias** are all sorted together into one structure so that a single search can find Address Book objects based on multiple properties. For an overview of the ANR Index file, see section 1.3.1.3. For information about the structure of the ANR Index file, see section 2.5.
- Details file. The Details file contains all other properties for Address Book objects in the version 2 OAB. The Details file is not indexed. The client can choose not to

download the Details file in order to save space and bandwidth since there is no information in there that is required for basic e-mail addressing. For an overview of the Details file, see section 1.3.1.4. For information about the structure of the Details file, see section 2.6.

• Display Template files. For an overview of the Display Template file, see section 1.3.1.5. For information about the structure of the Display Template file used by OAB version 2 and OAB version 4, see section 2.2.

Each of these files is compressed before synchronization to save network bandwidth.

Figure 1 shows each of these OAB files and the indexes that point from one file to another. After an OAB has been downloaded to the client, incremental updates can be downloaded using a Changes file.



#### Figure 1: Relationship of the OAB version 2 files

### **1.3.1.1 Uncompressed Browse File**

The Browse file is sorted in alphabetical order according to Address Book object display names and allows for fast paging of Address Book object data. It has offsets into the other files for the display name, the surname, the office location, the X500 DN, the SMTP address, the e-mail alias, and the details record. It also maintains values for the object type and Address Book object display type. Each record is a fixed size. Fetching an entire record requires that the client follow each link from the Browse file and retrieve data from the other files. The header of the Browse file includes a file type, a record count, and a serial number. The serial number is a rotating hash of the RDN value of each record in the Browse file order.

### 1.3.1.2 Uncompressed RDN Index File

The RDN Index file is split into two sections: the **parent distinguished name (PDN)** table and the RDN index. The PDN table contains the list of all parent **distinguished name** values for X500 DNs and all domain names used by SMTP addresses. The last RDN of the X500 DNs and the local-part of SMTP addresses are stored in the key field of the records in the RDN index section.

Records in the RDN index part of the file are of variable size, contain the index key value, and have pointers to the record in the PDN table so that the original value of the X500 DN or SMTP address can be reconstructed. In the record is an index of the related browse record in the Browse file and four more offsets are stored to create a threaded tree structure within the RDN Index file. An offset in the header of the RDN Index file points past the end of the PDN table to the root of the RDN index tree.

### 1.3.1.3 Uncompressed ANR Index File

The ANR Index file is structured similarly to the RDN Index file, but does not contain a PDN table. Each record is a variable size and has four offsets that construct a threaded tree structure. Records have an index of master records in the **Browse** file and the value portion is either an office location string, a surname string, an alias string, or a display name string. The root of the ANR index tree is always the first node in the file; therefore no root offset is required in the header.

### 1.3.1.4 Uncompressed Details File

The Details file contains variable size records that store a fixed set of properties for each Address Book object. Each record can be up to 65536 bytes long and all the stored properties for a single Address Book object have to fit into that record. The data is not indexed and there are no links from this file to any of the other files, but the Browse file does have links to this file.

### 1.3.1.5 Uncompressed Display Template File

The Template file describes how the Address Book object data can be presented to a user, as specified in [MS-OXOABKT].

### 1.3.1.6 Uncompressed Changes File

The Changes file describes the changes that need to happen to the other files to produce a file set that represents the next generational version of the OAB version 2 files. It consists of a sequence of variable size records that contain data to update individual records. Numerous change files might be required to make a set of OAB version 2 files current with the server.

### 1.3.1.7 Compressed OAB Version 2 Files

OAB version 2 files are compressed by the server before being transferred to the client. A compressed file starts with a header and then a sequence of compressed blocks. All OAB version 2 files are compressed the same way. For more information about the compression of OAB version 2 files, see [MS-MCI].

### 1.3.2 OAB Version 4

The OAB version 4 file format specifies the structure of three files that are downloaded from the server to the client.

- Full Details file. The Full Details file contains the entire offline address book, including all Address Book objects, the list of property types that can be found in the address book, and information about the address book itself, including its name, a unique identity identifier, a version number, and a hash value. For an overview of the Full Details file, see section 1.3.2.1. For the structure of the Full Details file, see section 2.9.
- Differential Patch file. A Differential Patch file can be used to transform a previously downloaded version of the Full Details file to the next version of the Full Details file, which saves the client from downloading the entire Full Details file again. For an overview of the Differential Patch file, see section 1.3.2.3. For the structure of the Differential Patch file, see section 2.10.
- Display Template file. A Display Template file describes how the Address Book objects in the OAB can be rendered by the client on a display device to the user, as specified in [MS-OXOABKT]. For an overview of the Display Template file, see section 1.3.2.4. For the structure of the Display Template file used by OAB version 2 and OAB version 4, see section 2.2.

The Address Book object data in the Full Details file is not sorted in a predetermined manner, thus it is up to the client to decompress and index the file to enable fast retrieval and searches.

The files stored on the server are in a compressed format, as specified in [MS-PATCH]. All the uncompressed OAB version 4 files contain the same header structure. The OAB version 2 file consists of the following files:

- A 32 bit **little-endian** file version number. The version number used to determine the type of file: Full Details or Display Template.
- A 32 bit little-endian serial number. The serial number is a calculated value in the Full Details file and is used to validate file consistency. It is the Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC)-32 checksum of the file not including the header structure itself. For more information about CRC-32, see [ISO/IEC 8802-3] section 3.2.8.
- A 32 bit little-endian record count. The record count tells the client how many Address Book objects exist in the Full Details file.

### 1.3.2.1 Uncompressed Full Details File

Apart from the OAB header, the uncompressed Full Details file consists of the following three sections:

- OAB meta-data record
- OAB header record
- One or more Address Book object records. Each Address Book object record starts with a little-endian 32 bit value that specifies the size of the record in bytes, including the record size field itself.

The OAB metadata record describes the schema of the OAB header record and Address Book object records. It starts with a record size value, then two schema tables: one for the OAB header record, and one for the Address Book object records. The tables are stored sequentially after each other. The schema tables contain a 32 bit little-endian record count followed by the specified number of 32 bit **property tag** and 32 bit flag value pairs. The flag value is used to tell the client which properties are supposed to be indexed to match the behavior of a client working online.

The first property in the OAB header record and Address Book object records is the record size value, followed by a presence bit array, and then the property values. The property values appear in the order provided in the property table in the metadata record. The presence bit array is used to indicate whether the property exists in the OAB header record or Address Book object records.

The OAB header record contains information about the address list itself, including the Unicode OAB name, the **ASCII** X500 distinguished name of the OAB, an integer sequence number, and the OAB **GUID** formatted as an ASCII string.

Address book object records contain at minimum an ASCII SMTP address, an ASCII distinguished name, a Unicode display name, an integer display type, and an integer object type. The number of Address Book object records matches the record count contained in the file header.

### 1.3.2.2 Property Encodings

ASCII strings are encoded as null terminated strings.

Unicode strings are stored as null terminated UTF-8 strings [RFC2204].

Boolean values are stored as single bytes: 0x00 for FALSE, and 0x01 for TRUE.

Octet strings are stored using an integer byte length field first (encoded by using the preceding integer encoding rules) followed by the octet stream.

Multi-valued properties are encoded with an integer value count first (encoded by using the preceding integer encoding rules) followed by the specified number of values as encoded by the preceding rules. Multi-valued properties cannot contain empty values.

Null or empty strings are not encoded as single null terminators, but are indicated as notpresent using the presence bit array.

Data encoding is specified in more detail in section 2.9.6.

### 1.3.2.3 Uncompressed Differential Patch File

The Differential Patch file cannot be uncompressed by itself as it requires the original Full Details file. The Differential Patch file describes how to transform an outdated Full Details file into another Full Details file. During transformation, the Differential Patch file is read by the client one block at a time to determine how large a block of the original Full Details file to read, how large the output block will be, and what the compressed patch data is. The patch file starts with a patch header that contains the file format version numbers, a maximum block size value, source and target file sizes, and the source and target file CRC-32 hash codes. The maximum block size value tells the client the maximum size it can expect to be required to read from the original Full Details file, the maximum size it can expect to have to write to the output file, and the size of the largest patch record that will be produced. Following the patch header are a series of patch

blocks. The patch block contains the patch size in bytes to be read from the patch file, the size in bytes of the target block that will be produced, the size in bytes of the block to be read from the original Full Details file, and the CRC-32 hash that the resulting output block will have. The start and end of the source and output blocks do not necessarily fall on record boundaries of the source or output files.

### 1.3.2.4 Uncompressed Display Template File

The Display Template file describes how the Address Book object data can be presented to a user, as specified in [MS-OXOABKT].

### 1.3.2.5 Compressed OAB Details File and Compressed OAB Template file

Uncompressed Details and Display Template files can be very large due to the amount of information stored. In order to reduce the network traffic between the client and the server, these files are transmitted in a compressed form. A compressed file always starts with a LZX\_HDR structure followed by one or more LZX\_BLK structures. The LZX\_HDR structure contains a maximum block size field that is used to tell the client the maximum size of a block it can expect to have to read from the compressed file and the maximum size of a block it can expect to have to write to an output file. It is passed so that the client can pre-allocate buffers before attempting to decompress a file. Also included in the compressed Details or Display Template file is a length field that indicates what the size of the resulting decompressed file will be. It is provided to help the client allocate disk storage and determine whether the resulting output file size is correct.

Each LZX\_BLK structure contains a flag indicating whether the data field is compressed. If the size of a compressed block is larger than the source data, the server might choose to not compress the block and just pass it verbatim. A CRC-32 hash of the expected decompressed output block is passed to the client to help it determine if the results of decompression are valid.

### **1.3.2.6 Truncated Properties**

Stored on each Address Book object record is a

**PidTagOfflineAddressBookTruncatedProperties** attribute. This contains the list of property tags that have been truncated or dropped due to size limits. Clients ought to check the property being retrieved from the OAB record against the list of truncated properties for the record. If the property is included in the truncated property list, the value stored in the OAB file is not the same as the address book value that is available online.<1>

Two properties are exempt from truncation: **PidTagEmailAddress** (X500 DN) and **PidTagAddressBookHomeMessageDatabase** [home-message database (MDB)]. These two properties are not limited because they are primary key values that uniquely identify an object.

### 1.4 Relationship to Protocols and Other Structures

Distributing OABs requires a means of distributing the files to clients by using either public folders or a Web-based distribution method, as described in [MS-OXPFOAB] and [MS-OXWOAB] respectively.

In order to minimize communication costs, the data in the OAB is compressed, as described in [MS-PATCH] and [MS-MCI].

After the data is available to the client, a way of displaying the data is required. The client is free to choose its own method or the server's format can be used, as described in [MS-OXOABKT].

The method of naming properties in the OAB is based on the property tag naming convention, as described in [MS-OXPROPS] section 1.3.3.

### 1.5 Applicability Statement

The OAB structures are used to download information about the Address Book objects for use when working offline or in cached mode.

### 1.6 Versioning and Localization

None.

## 1.7 Vendor-Extensible Fields

The OAB version 2 and 4 structures make use of property tags, but OAB version 4 has an extensible schema. New properties can be added to OAB version 4 by a vendor by assigning property tags to Active Directory directory service properties, as described in [MS-ADTS] section 3.1.1.2.3.

### 2 Structures

All integer fields in the OAB structures are unsigned and use little-endian byte order.

All CRC 32 hash values are calculated using the IEEE 802.3 CRC polynomial of  $0xEDB88320 (x^{32} + x^{26} + x^{23} + x^{22} + x^{16} + x^{12} + x^{11} + x^{10} + x^8 + x^7 + x^5 + x^4 + x^2 + x + 1)$  and are seeded with the value 0xFFFFFFFF. For more details, see [ISO/IEC 8802-3].

All structures are packed on single byte boundaries.

All offsets are measured in bytes from the beginning of the specified file.

### 2.1 X500 Distinguished Name

X500 DNs are used to uniquely identify Address Book objects in the OAB. Each Address Book object MUST have a unique X500 DN value. The X500 DN is stored in the

**PidTagEmailAddress** property, as specified in [MS-OXOABK] section 2.2.3.14. X500 DNs are structured as the following ABNF [RFC4234] definition illustrates:

x500-dn =	=	org org-unit 0*13(container) object-rdn ; x500-dns are limited to 16 levels
org	=	"/o=" rdn
org-unit	=	"/ou=" rdn
container	=	"/cn=" rdn
object-rdn	=	"/cn=" rdn
rdn	=	<pre>( non-space-teletex ) / ( non-space-teletex *62(teletex-char)     non-space-teletex ) ; rdn values are limited to 64 characters ; the number of rdns is limited to 16 but the ; total cumulative length of rdn characters in ; an x500-dn is limited to 256.</pre>
teletex-char	` =	SP / non-space-teletex
non-space-te	letex	= "!" / DQUOTE / "%" / "&" / "\" / "(" / ")" / "*" / "+" / "," / "-" / "." / "0" / "1" / "2" / "3" / "4" / "5" / "6" / "7" / "8" / "9" / ":" / "<" / "=" / ">" / "2" / "8" / "A" / "B" / "C" / "D" / "E" / "F" / "G" / "H" / "I" / "J" / "K" / "L" / "M" / "N" / "0" / "P" / "Q" / "R" / "S" / "T" / "U" / "V" / "W" / "X" / "Y" / "Z" / "[" / "]" / "g" / "h" / "i" / "j" / "k" / "L" / "m" / "g" / "h" / "i" / "j" / "k" / "L" / "m" / "u" / "0" / "P" / "Q" / "X" / "Y" / "Z" / "[" / "f" /
addresslist-	x500-	dn = "/guid=" 32(HEXDIG) / "/" / x500-dn

#### 2.2 Uncompressed OAB Display Template File

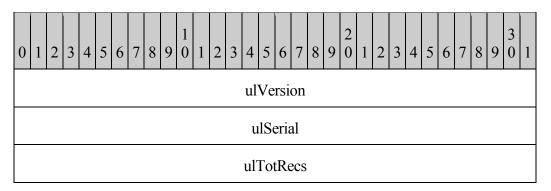
The Display Template file is a file that describes to the client how Address Book objects and e-mail addresses SHOULD be displayed to the client. The Display Template file is a package that wraps display template and **address creation template** data structures. For more details, see [MS-OXOABKT]. The following ABNF definition shows the format of an uncompressed Display Template file.

```
template-file =
                       OAB HDR mail-user-template
                        distribution-list-template
                        forum-template agent-template
                        organization-template
                        private-distributionlist-template
                        remote-mailuser-template
                        NAMES STRUCT
                        address-templates data
mail-user-template =
                       TMPLT ENTRY
                        ; display template for mailboxes
distribution-list-template = TMPLT ENTRY
                        ; display template for distribution lists
forum-template =
                       TMPLT ENTRY
                        ; display template for public folders
                       TMPLT ENTRY
agent-template
                 =
                        ; display template for mail agents
organization-template = TMPLT ENTRY
                        ; Unused, SHOULD be set to all zeros.
private-distributionlist-template = TMPLT ENTRY
                        ; Unused, SHOULD be set to all zeros.
remote-mailuser-template = TMPLT ENTRY
                        ; display template for external email
                        ; addresses
address-templates = oot-count *(address-creation-template)
                 =
                       %x0000000-%xFFFFFFF
oot-count
                        ; 32 bits of data
address-creation-template
                            =
                                   TMPLT ENTRY
                        ; an address creation display template
                        ; The x500 DN MUST end in the value
                        ; /CN=XXXX where XXXX is the mail-type
                        ; eg: SMTP, X400, or MSMAIL
                        * (OCTET)
data
                  =
                        ; unstructured data section
```

All the following fields that start with an 'o' indicate an offset from the beginning of the file into the unstructured data section.

### 2.2.1 OAB\_HDR

The **OAB\_HDR** structure is used to determine the OAB file format version.



**ulVersion (4 bytes):** MUST be set to 0x00000007 for uncompressed Display Template files.

**ulSerial (4 bytes):** Unused, SHOULD be set to 0. Other values MUST be ignored.

**ulTotRecs (4 bytes):** Unused, SHOULD be set to 0. Other values MUST be ignored.

#### 2.2.2 TMPLT\_ENTRY

The **TMPLT\_ENTRY** structure is used to encode properties of an individual display template.

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	3 0 1				
oDN					
cbDN					
oTmplt					
cbTmplt					
oScript					
cbScript					

oDispName

cbDispName

**oDN (4 bytes):** Absolute offset in the Display Template file to the X500 DN of the template.

**cbDN (4 bytes):** Length of the X500 DN value in bytes including the null terminator.

**oTmplt (4 bytes):** Absolute offset in the Display Template file to the template structure data. For more details, see [MS-OXOABKT].

**cbTmplt (4 bytes):** Length of the template structure data in bytes.

**oScript (4 bytes):** Absolute offset in the Display Template file of the Script file for the template. For more details, see [MS-OXOABKT] section 2.2.2.2.

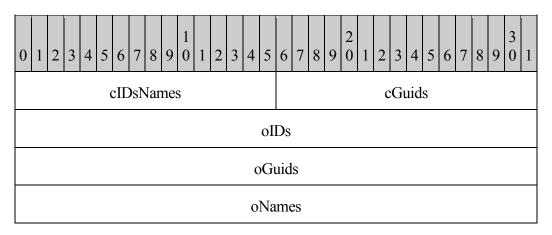
cbScript (4 bytes): Length of the Script file data in bytes.

**oDispName (4 bytes):** Absolute offset in the Display Template file to the display name for the template. A null terminated ANSI string.

**cbDispName (4 bytes):** Length of the display name in bytes including null terminator.

#### 2.2.3 NAMES\_STRUCT

The NAMES\_STRUCT structure is used to map GUIDs to and from property tags.



cIDsNames (2 bytes): Count of property IDs and named properties.

cGuids (2 bytes): Count of GUIDs.

**oIDs (4 bytes):** Absolute offset in the Display Template file to the ID table. Each ID is a 4 byte integer that represents a property tag. For more details, see [MS-OXOABKT].

**oGuids (4 bytes):** Absolute offset in the Display Template file to the GUID table. Each GUID is stored in binary format in 16 bytes. For more details, see [MS-OXOABKT].

**oNames (4 bytes):** Absolute offset in the Display Template file to the MAPINAMEID structure table. For more details, see [MS-OXOABKT].

#### 2.3 Uncompressed OAB Version 2 Browse file

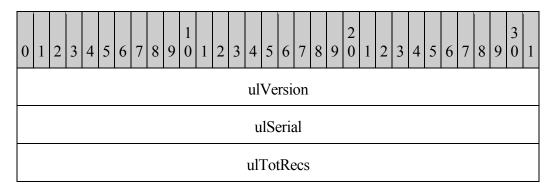
The following ABNF definition shows the format of an uncompressed OAB version 2 Browse file.

browse-file	=	OAB_HDR 1*16777213(B2_REC)
display-type	=	DT-MAILUSER / DT-DISTLIST / DT-FORUM / DT-AGENT / DT-ORGANIZATION / DT-REMOTE-MAILUSER ; 8 bit value
DT-MAILUSER	=	%x00 ; mailbox display type
DT-DISTLIST	=	%x01 ; distribution list display type
DT-FORUM	=	%x02 ; public folder display type
DT-AGENT	=	%x03 ; mail agent display type
<i>DT-ORGANIZATION</i>	=	%x04 ; department or organization display type
<i>DT-REMOTE-MAILUSE</i>	2R =	%x06 ; external e-mail address display type
object-type	=	MAPI-FOLDER / MAPI-MAILUSER / MAPI-DISTLIST ; 8 bit value - high order bit is set to ; 1 if the entry can receive all ; message content, including Rich Text ; Format (RTF) and OLE objects ; see [MS-OXPROPS] section 2.924

MAPI-FOLDER	=	%x03
MAPI-MAILUSER	=	%x06
MAPI-DISTLIST	=	%x08

### 2.3.1 OAB\_HDR

The **OAB\_HDR** structure is used to determine the OAB file format version and the number of Address Book object records in the address list, and it contains a hash value for consistency checks.



**ulVersion (4 bytes):** MUST be set to 0x0000000A for uncompressed version 2 OAB Browse files.

ulSerial (4 bytes): A hash of the RDN records for the current set of files.

**ulTotRecs (4 bytes):** The number of **B2\_REC** records stored in the Browse file. MUST be 1 or larger and MUST be less than 16,777,213.

### 2.3.2 B2\_REC

The **B2\_REC** structure is used to encode an Address Book object in the Browse file. The Address Book objects are sorted in the Browse file by alphabetical display name order. The locale that is used by the server to sort the files SHOULD be stored on the **public folder** message that contains the files. The client SHOULD use the stored locale for string comparison when searching the files. For more details, see [MS-OXPFOAB] section 2.2.1.5.

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5	6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1			
oR	DN				
oDe	oDetails				
cbDetails	bDispType a bObjType				
oSMTP					
oDispName					
oAlias					
oLocation					
oSurname					

oRDN (4 bytes): Offset of the RDN record in the RDN Index file.

oDetails (4 bytes): Offset of the details record in the Details file.

cbDetails (2 bytes): Size of the details record in the Details file.

**bDispType (1 byte):** Display type of the Address Book object. MUST be set to one of the values in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0x00	DT_MAILUSER
0x01	DT_DISTLIST
0x02	DT_FORUM
0x03	DT_AGENT
0x06	DT_REMOTE_MAILUSER

**a (1 bit):** SHOULD be set to 1 if the Address Book object can receive all message content, including **Rich Text Format (RTF)** and OLE objects. SHOULD be set to 0 if the Address Book object cannot receive all message content. For more details, see [MS-OXOABK] section 2.2.3.18.

**bObjType (7 bits):** Object type of the Address Book object. MUST be set to one of the values in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0x03	MAPI-FOLDER
0x06	MAPI-MAILUSER
0x08	MAPI-DISTLIST

oSMTP (4 bytes): Offset of the SMTP address record in the RDN Index file.

oDispName (4 bytes): Offset of the display name record in the ANR Index file.

oAlias (4 bytes): Offset of the alias record in the ANR Index file.

oLocation (4 bytes): Offset of the office location record in the ANR Index file.

oSurname (4 bytes): Offset of the surname record in the ANR Index file.

#### 2.3.3 RDN Hash Computation

The RDN hash value stored in the **OAB\_HDR** record of the Browse file is calculated by seeding a 4 byte integer with 0x00000000 and updated by combining the current value with a hash value of the RDN property for each record in the OAB in Browse file order.

The hash value for each RDN value is computed from the RDN value by padding the end of the null terminated string with extra nulls to align it to a 4 byte boundary. Then all the 4 byte blocks are XOR together along with the input seed. Each block is treated as a little-endian integer value. Finally the value is shifted to the left by one bit with the highest order bit being rotated into the lowest order bit.

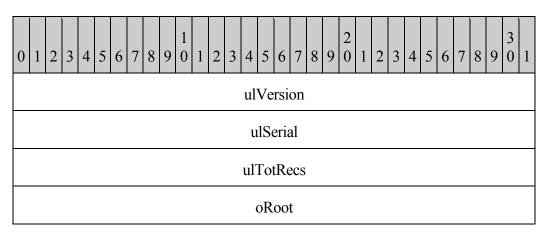
### 2.4 Uncompressed OAB Version 2 RDN Index File

The following ABNF definition illustrates an uncompressed OAB version 2 RDN Index file.

rdn-file = RDN\_HDR 1\*pdn-record 1\*RDN2\_REC
pdn-record = 1\*(CHAR) %x00

### 2.4.1 RDN\_HDR

The **RDN\_HDR** structure is used to determine the OAB file format version and the number of RDN records in the RDN Index file, and it contains a hash value for consistency checks.



**ulVersion (4 bytes):** MUST be set to 0x0000000A for uncompressed version 2 RDN Index files.

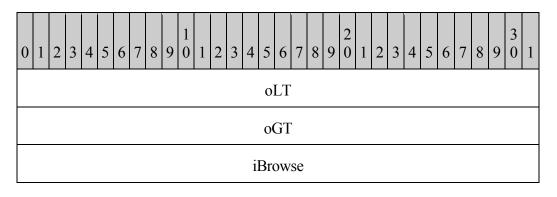
**ulSerial (4 bytes):** Unused, SHOULD be set to zero and MUST be ignored by the client.

**ulTotRecs (4 bytes):** The number of **RDN2\_REC** records stored in the RDN Index file.

**oRoot (4 bytes):** The offset of the root **RDN2\_REC** node of the RDN index tree. This record MUST be after the last **pdn-record** in the file.

#### 2.4.2 RDN2\_REC

Each **RDN2\_REC** structure corresponds to a node in the RDN index tree. The tree is constructed as a threaded tree so that searches and moving to the next and previous records are efficient.



oPrev	
oNext	
oParentDN	
acKey (Variable)	

**oLT (4 bytes):** Offset of the left **RDN2\_REC** child of the current node in the RDN Index file. The left child MUST sort to the same value as the current node or less. MUST be set to 0x00000000 to indicate that there is no left child node.

**oGT (4 bytes):** Offset of the right **RDN2\_REC** child of the current node in the RDN Index file. The right child MUST sort to the same value as the current node or greater. MUST be set to 0x00000000 to indicate that there is no right child node.

**iBrowse (4 bytes):** Index to the **B2\_REC** in the browse file that references this record. The values 0x00000000 through 0x0000002 are reserved and MUST NOT be used. The index value in the Browse file is computed by using the following equation: iBrowse – 0x0000003.

**oPrev (4 bytes):** Offset of the previous **RDN2\_REC** record in the RDN Index file when sorted as a flat list. MUST be set to 0x00000000 to indicate that this is the first node in the list.

**oNext (4 bytes):** Offset of the next **RDN2\_REC** record in the RDN Index file when sorted as a flat list. MUST be set to 0x00000000 to indicate that this is the last node in the list.

**oParentDN (4 bytes):** Offset of the null-terminated ANSI **pdn-record** string in the RDN Index file. MUST NOT be set to 0x00000000.

**acKey (Variable):** The null-terminated ANSI string value of the record. It MUST be 64 characters or fewer including the null terminator.

For RDN records, "/cn=" MUST be removed from the final RDN before storing in the RDN Index file. The **oParentDN** points at the parent X500 DN; therefore, the actual value is computed by prepending the **acKey** value with "/cn=" then appending that result onto the end of the **parent DN** value. For SMTP records, the SMTP address is split after '@' and the local-part of the SMTP address including the '@' is stored in the **acKey** field. The domain name part of the SMTP address is pointed to by the **oParentDN** offset.

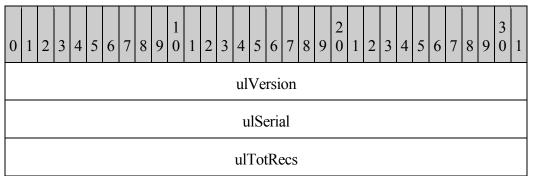
### 2.5 Uncompressed OAB Version 2 ANR Index File

The following ABNF definition shows the format of an uncompressed OAB version 2 ANR Index file.

anr-file = OAB\_HDR 1\*ANR\_REC

### 2.5.1 OAB\_HDR

The **OAB\_HDR** structure is used to determine the OAB file format version and the number of Address Book object records in the ANR Index file, and it contains a hash value for consistency checks.



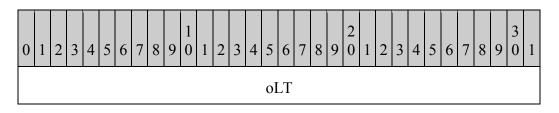
**ulVersion (4 bytes):** MUST be set to 0x0000000A for uncompressed OAB version 2 ANR Index files.

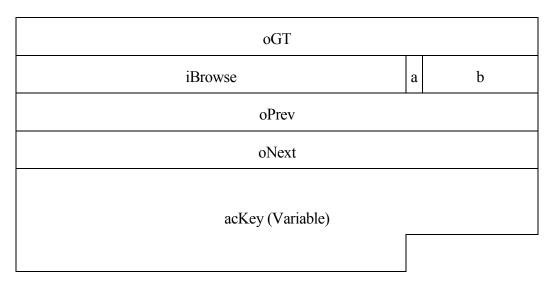
**ulSerial (4 bytes):** Unused, SHOULD be set to zero. Other values MUST be ignored.

**ulTotRecs (4 bytes):** The number of **ANR\_REC** records stored in the ANR Index file.

### 2.5.2 ANR\_REC

Each **ANR\_REC** structure corresponds to a node in the ANR index tree. The tree is constructed as a threaded tree so that searches are efficient, and traversing to the next and previous records is also efficient. The root of the tree MUST be the first **ANR\_REC** in the ANR Index file.





**oLT (4 bytes):** Offset of the left **ANR\_REC** child of the current node in the ANR Index file. The left child MUST sort to the same value as the current node or less. MUST be set to 0x00000000 to indicate that there is no left child node.

**oGT (4 bytes):** Offset of the right **ANR\_REC** child of the current node in the ANR Index file. The right child MUST sort to the same value as the current node or greater. MUST be set to 0x00000000 to indicate that there is no right child node.

**iBrowse (3 bytes):** Index to the B2\_REC in the Browse file that references this record. The values 0x000000 through 0x000002 are reserved and MUST NOT be used. The index value in the browse file is computed by using the following equation: iBrowse – 0x000003.

**a (1 bit):** MUST be set to 1 for e-mail alias records. MUST be set to 0 for display name, office location, and surname records.

**b** (7 bits): MUST be all zeros.

**oPrev (4 bytes):** Offset of the previous **ANR\_REC** record in the ANR Index file when sorted as a flat list. MUST be set to 0x00000000 when this is the first node in the list.

**oNext (4 bytes):** Offset of the next **ANR\_REC** record in the ANR Index file when sorted as a flat list. MUST be set to 0x00000000 when this is the last node in the list.

**acKey (Variable):** The null-terminated ANSI string value of the record. It MUST be 64 characters or fewer including the null terminator.

# 2.6 Uncompressed OAB Version 2 Details File

The following ABNF definition shows the format of an uncompressed OAB version 2 Details file.

v2-details-file	=	OAB_HDR 1*details-record
details-record	=	user-certificate business-telephone given-name initials street-address city-locality state-province postal-code country-region title company-name assistant-name department-name null home-telephone business2-telephone home2-telephone primary-fax mobile-telephone assistant-telephone pager-telephone comment proxy-addresses smime-certs x509-certs
user-certificate	=	binary-value
business-telephon	e =	string-value
given-name	=	string-value
initials	=	string-value
street-address	=	string-value
city-locality	=	string-value
state-province	=	string-value
postal-code	=	string-value
country-region	=	string-value
title	=	string-value
company-name	=	string-value
assistant-name	=	string-value
department-name	=	string-value
home-telephone	=	string-value
business2-telepho	ne =	string-value
home2-telephone	=	string-value

primary-fax	=	string-value
mobile-telephone	=	string-value
assistant-telephc	ne =	string-value
pager-telephone	=	string-value
comment	=	string-value
proxy-addresses	=	multivalued-string
smime-certs	=	multivalued-binary
x509-certs	=	multivalued-binary
string-value	=	*(ansi-char) null / null
ansi-char	=	%x01-%xFF ; 8 bits of data
null	=	%x00 ; 8 bits of data
<pre>multivalued-string =</pre>		<pre>count 0*255(string-value) / null</pre>
count	=	%x00-%xFF ; 8 bits of data
binary-value	=	byte-count 0*65535(OCTET) / null
byte-count	=	%x0000-%xFFFF ; 16 bits of data
<pre>multivalued-binary =</pre>		count 0*255(binary-value) / null

Each Details record MUST fit into 65535 bytes. If a value is not present, a null byte MUST be encoded. All strings MUST be null terminated. Multivalued-binary or multivalued-string encodings with one or more values MUST NOT have any zero length elements.

The details elements map directly to the following property tag table. For details about the following properties, see [MS-OXOABK].

Property tag name	Property tag	Property type	Description
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Property tag name	Property tag	Property type	Description
PidTagUserCertificate	0x3A220102	PtypBinary	The <b>user-certificate</b> property contains an ASN.1 authentication certificate for a messaging user. For more details, see [ISO/IEC 8825-1]. This property is deprecated and SHOULD be set to a null entry.
PidTagBusinessTelephone Number	0x3A08001E	PtypString8	The <b>business-telephone</b> property contains the primary telephone number of the place of business of the Address Book object.
PidTagGivenName	0x3A06001E	PtypString8	The <b>given-name</b> property contains the given name of the Address Book object.
PidTagInitials	0x3A0A001E	PtypString8	The <b>initials</b> property contains the initials for parts of the full name of the Address Book object.
PidTagStreetAddress	0x3A29001E	PtypString8	The <b>street-address</b> property contains the street address of the Address Book object.
PidTagLocality	0x3A27001E	PtypString8	The <b>city-locality</b> property contains the name of the locality of the Address Book object, such as the town or city.
PidTagStateOrProvince	0x3A28001E	PtypString8	The <b>state-province</b> property contains the name of the state or province where the Address Book object is located.

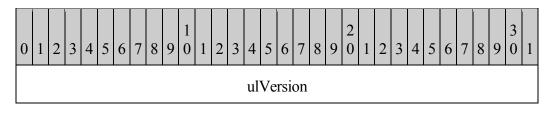
Property tag name	Property tag	Property type	Description
PidTagPostalCode	0x3A2A001E	PtypString8	The <b>postal-code</b> property contains the postal code of the Address Book object.
PidTagCountry	0x3A26001E	PtypString8	The <b>country-region</b> property contains the name of the country or region where the Address Book object is located.
PidTagTitle	0x3A17001E	PtypString8	The <b>title</b> property contains the job title of the Address Book object.
PidTagCompanyName	0x3A16001E	PtypString8	The <b>company-name</b> property contains the name of the company that employs the Address Book object.
PidTagAssistant	0x3A30001E	PtypString8	The <b>assistant-name</b> property contains the name of the administrative assistant for the Address Book object.
PidTagDepartmentName	0x3A18001E	PtypString8	The <b>department-name</b> property contains the department name in which the Address Book object works.
null	0x3A08001E	PtypString8	Exchange 2003 and Exchange 2007 duplicate the <b>PidTagBusinessTelephon</b> <b>eNumber</b> property in this field. It is not used by Outlook 2003 or Outlook 2007 and MUST be ignored by clients.

Property tag name	Property tag	Property type	Description
PidTagHomeTelephoneNu mber	0x3A09001E	PtypString8	The <b>home-telephone</b> property contains the primary home telephone number for the Address Book object.
PidTagBusiness2Telephon eNumber	0x3A1B001E	PtypString8	The <b>business2-telephone</b> property contains a secondary business telephone for the Address Book object.
PidTagHome2TelephoneN umber	0x3A2F001E	PtypString8	The <b>home2-telephone</b> property contains a secondary home telephone number for the Address Book object.
PidTagPrimaryFaxNumbe r	0x3A23001E	PtypString8	The <b>primary-fax</b> property contains the telephone number for the fax machine of the Address Book object.
PidTagMobileTelephoneN umber	0x3A1C001E	PtypString8	The <b>mobile-telephone</b> property contains the mobile telephone number of the Address Book object.
PidTagAssistantTelephone Number	0x3A2E001E	PtypString8	The <b>assistant-telephone</b> property contains the telephone number for the administrative assistant of the Address Book object.
PidTagPagerTelephoneNu mber	0x3A21001E	PtypString8	The <b>pager-telephone</b> property contains the pager telephone number of the Address Book object.

Property tag name	Property tag	Property type	Description
PidTagComment	0x3004001E	PtypString8	The <b>comment</b> property contains a description of the purpose or content of an object.
PidTagAddressBookProxy Addresses	0x800F101E	PtypMultipl eString8	The <b>proxy-addresses</b> property contains a list of e-mail addresses that this Address Book object is known by. Each value MUST begin with an e-mail address type followed by a colon character then followed by the address value.
PidTagUserX509Certificat e	0x3A701102	PtypMultipl eBinary	The <b>smime-certs</b> property contains SMIME certificates formatted as PKCS-7 encodings. For more details, see [RFC2315].
PidTagAddressBookX509 Certificate	0x8C6A1102	PtypMultipl eBinary	The <b>x509-certs</b> property contains ASN.1 [ISO/IEC 8825-1] encoded X.509 certificates. For more details, see [RFC3280].

### 2.6.1 OAB\_HDR

The **OAB\_HDR** structure is used to determine the OAB file format version and the number of Address Book object records in the address list, and it contains a hash value for consistency checks.



ulSerial	
ulTotRecs	

**ulVersion (4 bytes):** MUST be set to 0x00000007 for uncompressed version 2 Details files.

**ulSerial (4 bytes):** Unused, SHOULD be set to zero. Other values MUST be ignored.

**ulTotRecs (4 bytes):** Unused, SHOULD be set to zero. Other values MUST be ignored.

### 2.7 Uncompressed OAB Version 2 Changes File

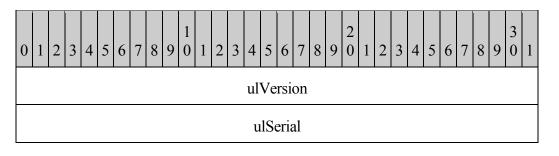
The following ABNF definition shows the format of an uncompressed OAB version 2 Changes file.

changes-file	=	OAB_HDR 1*change-record
change-record rdn]	=	CHG_REC [display-name parent-dn-offset
		[domain-name-offset local-portion] [alias] [location] [surname] [byte-count 0*65535(OCTET)] [display-type] [object-type]
display-name	=	string-value
parent-dn-offset	=	%x00000000-%xFFFFFFF ; little endian 32 bit value ; offset of the pdn-record in the ; rdn index file
domain-name-offse	et =	%x00000000-%xFFFFFFF ; little endian 32 bit value ; offset of the domain name record in the ; rdn index file
local-portion	=	1*62(ansi-char) '0' null
alias	=	1*63(ansi-char) null
location	=	0*63(ansi-char) null
surname	=	0*63(ansi-char) null
display-type	=	DT-MAILUSER / DT-DISTLIST / DT-FORUM / DT-AGENT / DT-ORGANIZATION /

		DT-REMOTE-MAILUSER ; 8 bit value
DT-MAILUSER	=	%x00 ; mailbox display type
DT-DISTLIST	=	%x01 ; distribution list display type
DT-FORUM	=	%x02 ; public folder display type
DT-AGENT	=	%x03 ; mail agent display type
<i>DT-ORGANIZATION</i>	=	%x04 ; department or organization display type
<i>DT-REMOTE-MAILUSE</i>	CR =	%x06 ; external e-mail address display type
object-type	=	<pre>MAPI-FOLDER / MAPI-MAILUSER / MAPI-DISTLIST ; 8 bit value - high order bit is set to ; 1 if the entry can receive all ; message content, including Rich Text ; Format (RTF) and OLE objects ; For details, see section 2.786 ; in [MS-OXPROPS]</pre>
MAPI-FOLDER	=	%x03
MAPI-MAILUSER	=	%x06
MAPI-DISTLIST	=	%x08

### 2.7.1 OAB\_HDR

The **OAB\_HDR** structure is used to determine the OAB file format version and the number of Address Book object records in the address list, and it contains a hash value for consistency checks.



#### ulTotRecs

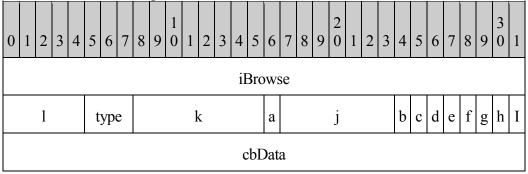
**ulVersion (4 bytes):** MUST be set to 0x0000000B for uncompressed version 2 Changes files.

**ulSerial (4 bytes):** MUST be set to the **ulSerial** value of the version 2 OAB Browse file that these changes are to be applied against. The client MUST NOT apply a Changes file to a set of OAB files if the serial number does not match.

**ulTotRecs (4 bytes):** The count of the **change-record** structures in the Changes file.

### 2.7.2 CHG\_REC

The **CHG\_REC** structure is used to tell the client which record to update and what attributes are included in the change record.



**iBrowse (4 bytes):** The index of the record to be changed. The values 0x00000000 through 0x00000002 are reserved and MUST not be used. The index value in the browse file is computed by using the following equation: iBrowse – 0x00000003.

If the change type is an addition, the **iBrowse** points to the record in the old file that the new record MUST be inserted before. For example, if the record is to be inserted at the beginning of the file, the **iBrowse** value will be 0x00000003. If the record is to be appended at the end of the file, the **iBrowse** will be one plus the maximum **iBrowse** index in the old file. If the change type is a modification, the **iBrowse** points at the record in the old file that MUST be modified. If the change type is a deletion, the **iBrowse** points at the record in the old file that MUST be removed.

I (5 bits): MUST be 00000. Other values MUST be ignored.

**type (3 bits):** MUST be 000, 001, or 010. A value of 000 indicates a modification record, a value of 001 indicates a record addition, and a value of 010 indicates a record deletion. A value of 010 means that fields **a** through **j** MUST be 0 and that **display-name**, **parent-dn-offset**, and **rdn** MUST be present in the change record. A value of 001 means that fields **a** through **j** MUST be 1. A value of 000 means that fields **a** through **j** MUST be 1. A value of 000 means that fields **a** through **j** MUST be 1. A value of 000 means that fields **a** through **j** must be 1. A value of 000 means that field

k (8 bits): MUST be 0.

**j (7 bits):** MUST be all 0 for a modification or deletion record. MUST be all 1s for an addition record.

**a (1 bit):** 1 indicates that the **object-type** field MUST be present in the changerecord. 0 indicates that it MUST NOT be present.

**b** (1 bit): 1 indicates that the **local-portion** field MUST be present in the changerecord. The value of this field MUST be the same as field **c**.

**c (1 bit):** 1 indicates that the **domain-name-offset** field MUST be present in the change-record. 0 indicates that it MUST NOT be present.

**d** (1 bit): 1 indicates that the **alias** field MUST be present in the change-record. 0 indicates that it MUST NOT be present.

**e (1 bit):** 1 indicates that the **location** field MUST be present in the changerecord. 0 indicates that it MUST NOT be present.

**f (1 bit):** 1 indicates that the **surname** field MUST be present in the changerecord. 0 indicates that it MUST NOT be present.

**g (1 bit):** 1 indicates that the **details** field MUST be present in the change-record. 0 indicates that it MUST NOT be present.

**h** (1 bit): 1 indicates that the **details** field MUST be present in the change-record and that it is larger than the old details record in the old Details file. 0 indicates that the size of the details field is equal to or smaller than the old record in the Details file. If field **g** is 0 then field **h** MUST be set to 0.

**i (1 bit):** 1 indicates that the **display-type** field MUST be present in the change-record. 0 indicates that it MUST NOT be present.

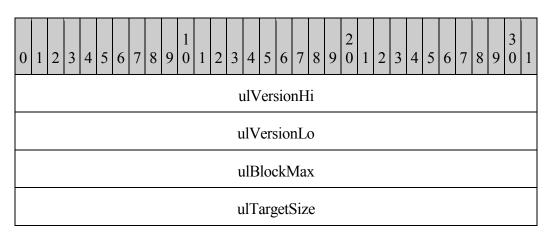
### 2.8 Compressed OAB Version 2 File

A compressed OAB version 2 file is structured as the following ABNF definition illustrates.

v2-compressed-file = MDI\_HDR 1\*MDI\_BLK

#### 2.8.1 MDI\_HDR

The **MDI\_HDR** structure contains versioning information to indicate that it is an OAB version 2 compressed file. It contains the target file size value that SHOULD be used by the client to check that the final result is correct.



ulVersionHi (4 bytes): An integer value that MUST be 0x0000002.

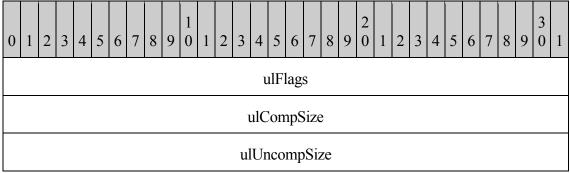
ulVersionLo (4 bytes): An integer value that MUST be 0x0000001.

**ulBlockMax (4 bytes):** An integer value that indicates in bytes the largest size of a block that will be read from the source compressed input file or written to the target output file. This field is here so that the client can pre-allocate required buffers. MUST be 0x00008000.

**ulTargetSize (4 bytes):** An integer value that specifies the expected length of the resulting output target file. This value SHOULD be used by the client to ensure that the target output file was generated correctly.

#### 2.8.2 MDI\_BLK

The **MDI\_BLK** structure is used to split the decompression process into more easily handled smaller sized blocks.



data (Variable)

**ulFlags (4 bytes):** An integer value that indicates whether the data field is compressed. MUST be either 0x00000000 to indicate the data field is not compressed and can be written out directly to the target file, or 0x00000001 to indicate the data field is compressed and ought to be decompressed using MCI decompression first.

**ulCompSize (4 bytes):** An integer value that specifies the size of the data field in bytes.

**ulUncompSize (4 bytes):** An integer value that specifies the size in bytes of the output target block to be written to the output file.

**data (variable):** Either a raw data stream or a compressed byte stream depending on the value of the **ulFlags** field. For more details, see [MS-MCI].

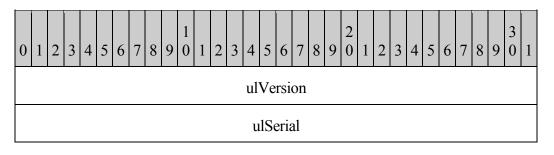
### 2.9 Uncompressed OAB Version 4Full Details File

The following ABNF definition shows the format of an uncompressed OAB version 4 Details file.

v4-details-file	=	OAB_HDR OAB_META_DATA header-record 1*address-book-object-record
header-record	=	OAB_V4_REC
address-book-obj	ect-rec	ord = OAB_V4_REC

### 2.9.1 OAB\_HDR

The **OAB\_HDR** structure is used to determine the OAB file format version and the number of Address Book object records in the address list, and it contains a hash value for consistency checks.



#### ulTotRecs

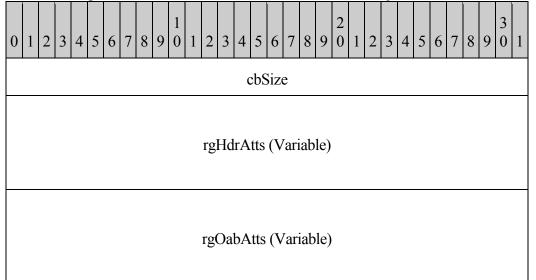
**ulVersion (4 bytes):** Set to 0x00000020 for uncompressed version 4 OAB Full Details files. Set to 0x00000007 for uncompressed Details Template files.

**ulSerial (4 bytes)**: The CRC-32 hash of the rest of the file not including this header structure. All CRC checksums are calculated with an initial seed of 0xFFFFFFF and use the IEEE 802.3 [ISO/IEC 8802-3] CRC polynomial of 0xEDB88320.

ulTotRecs (4 bytes): The number of address-book-object-records stored in the file.

#### 2.9.2 OAB\_META\_DATA

The **OAB\_META\_DATA** structure contains information about the schema of all properties that can be represented in an OAB header or Address Book object record.



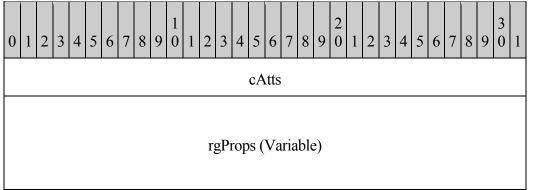
**cbSize (4 bytes):** The length of the **OAB\_META\_DATA** structure in bytes. This count includes both the **cbSize** field and the combined length of the **rgHdrAtts** and **rgOabAtts** fields.

**rgHdrAtts (Variable):** An **OAB\_PROP\_TABLE** structure that describes the properties that can be present in the **header-record**. MUST contain 0 or more header property records.<2>

**rgOabAtts (Variable):** An **OAB\_PROP\_TABLE** structure that describes the properties that can be present in any **address-book-object-record**. MUST contain 0 or more Address Book object property records.<3>

#### 2.9.3 OAB\_PROP\_TABLE

The **OAB\_PROP\_TABLE** structure represents the property schema of either the OAB header record or all the Address Book object records. It contains a list of **OAB\_PROP\_REC** structures.

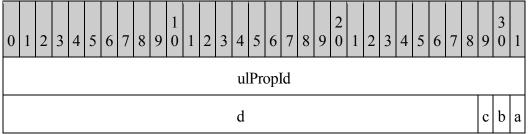


cAtts (4 bytes): An integer that specifies the number of OAB\_PROP\_REC records in rgProps.

rgProps (Variable): A list of 0 or more OAB\_PROP\_REC structures.

#### 2.9.4 OAB\_PROP\_REC

The **OAB\_PROP\_REC** structure defines a property that can be stored in an OAB header or Address Book object record and describes how the attribute is used online.



**ulPropId (4 bytes):** A property tag. The property type portion of the property tag MUST be one of the following values. For more details about the data types provided in the table, see [MS-OXCDATA] section 2.13.1.

Value	Meaning
0x0003	PtypInteger32

Value	Meaning
0x000B	PtypBoolean
0x001E	PtypString8
0x001F	PtypString
0x0102	PtypBinary
0x1003	PtypMultipleInteger32
0x101E	PtypMultipleString8
0x101F	PtypMultipleString
0x1102	PtypMultipleBinary

**a (1 bit):** 1 indicates that the property is part of the ANR property set online. 0 indicates that it is not part of the ANR property set online.

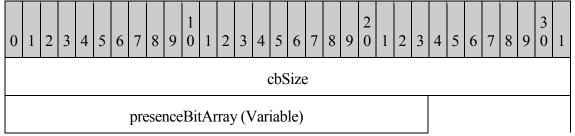
**b** (1 bit): 1 indicates that the property is a primary key index when used online and a value MUST be present on every address-book-object-record in the OAB version 4 Full Details file.

**c (1 bit):** 1 indicates that the property is indexed separately online. The client MAY choose to index the property locally.

d (29 bits): All bits of d MUST be 0 and ignored on receipt.

#### 2.9.5 OAB\_V4\_REC

The **OAB\_V4\_REC** structure represents either the OAB header record or an individual Address Book object record in an OAB file.



data (Variable)

**cbSize (4 bytes):** The length of the **OAB\_V4\_REC** structure in bytes. This count includes both the **cbSize** field and the combined length of the **presenceBitArray** and **data** fields.

**presenceBitArray (variable):** A bit array that indicates whether a property specified in the **OAB\_PROP\_TABLE** structure is present in the data field. The first element of the bit array is the most significant bit of the first byte. The size of the **presenceBitArray** field in bytes MUST be the value of the **cAtts** field of the appropriate **OAB\_PROP\_TABLE** structure divided by 8 and rounded up to the nearest integer value. A 0 record in the **presenseBitArray** indicates that the property is not present in the data field. 1 indicates the property is present. The index of the property in the **OAB\_PROP\_TABLE** structure MUST match the index of the value in the **presenceBitArray**. Unused bits in the final byte MUST be set to 0.

**data (variable):** The set of property values for the **address-book-object-record** or **header-record**. The format of the **data** field is specified in section 2.9.6.

#### 2.9.6 Data Encoding

Property values are encoded in the data field based on the property type and are packed on byte boundaries. The properties are laid out in the order that the property definition exists in the **OAB\_PROP\_TABLE** structure. If a property does not exist, the **presenceBitArray** value MUST be 0 and no value is encoded in the data field.

### 2.9.6.1 PtypInteger32 (0x0003) Value Encoding

All integer values are considered unsigned and MUST fit in the range of a 32 bit integer  $(0-2^{32}-1)$ . Integers equal to or less than 127 MUST be encoded as a single byte. Integers 128 or greater are encoded with first a byte count byte with the most significant bit set, then the little-endian value encoding. The byte count, if required, MUST be 0x81, 0x82, 0x83, or 0x84 representing 1, 2, 3, or 4 bytes. The most significant byte of the value representation MUST NOT be 0x00, a lower byte count MUST be used. For example, 0x0000007F MUST be encoded as 0x7F and MUST NOT be encoded as 0x81 0x7F, 0x82 0x7F 0x00, 0x83 0x7F 0x00 0x00, or 0x84 0x7F 0x00 0x00.

For more details about the **PtypInteger32** data type and the data types specified in the following encoding sections, see [MS-OXCDATA] section 2.13.1.

### 2.9.6.2 PtypBoolean (0x000B) Value Encoding

All Boolean values are encoded as a single byte. TRUE MUST be encoded as 0x01 and FALSE MUST be encoded as 0x00.

### 2.9.6.3 PtypString8 (0x001E) Value Encoding

All narrow or multi-byte character set strings are encoded as byte sequences and MUST be terminated by a single 0x00 byte. A string sequence MUST NOT contain a 0x00 byte as part of the string itself. A zero length or empty string MUST NOT be encoded, but MUST be marked as not present in the **presenceBitArray**.

### 2.9.6.4 PtypString (0x001F) Value Encoding

All Unicode strings are encoded as UTF-8 byte sequences and MUST be terminated by a single 0x00 byte. A string encoding MUST NOT contain a 0x00 byte as part of the string itself. A zero length or empty string MUST NOT be encoded, but MUST be marked as not present in the **presenceBitArray**.

### 2.9.6.5 PtypBinary (0x0102) Value Encoding

All raw byte sequences are encoded by a length value followed by the specified number of bytes. The length value is encoded as a **PtypInteger32** as shown in section 2.9.6.1. For example, the byte sequence 0x22 0xF8 0xFF 0x00 0x22 would be encoded as 0x05 0x22 0xF8 0xFF 0x00 0x22. A zero length **PtypBinary** value MUST NOT be encoded, but MUST be marked as not present in the **presenceBitArray**.

## 2.9.6.6 PtypMultipleInteger32 (0x1003) Value Encoding

Multi-valued integer encodings start with an integer count encoding followed by the specified number of integer value encodings. All integer encodings, including the value count, are encoded in the same way that **PtypInteger32** is encoded. All values MUST be unique. Values MAY appear in any order.

## 2.9.6.7 PtypMultipleString8 (0x101E) Value Encoding

Multi-valued string encodings start with an integer count encoding followed by the specified number of string value encodings. The count encoding is encoded in the same way that **PtypInteger32** is encoded. The individual string encodings are encoded in the same way that **PtypString8** is encoded. Strings MUST be case-insensitive. All values MUST be unique. Values MAY appear in any order. All strings MUST NOT be zero length or empty.

## 2.9.6.8 PtypMultipleString (0x101F) Value Encoding

Multi-valued Unicode string encodings start with an integer count encoding followed by the specified number of Unicode string value encodings. The count encoding is encoded in the same way that **PtypInteger32** is encoded. The individual string encodings are encoded in the same way that **PtypString** is encoded. Strings MUST be case-insensitive.

All values MUST be unique. Values MAY appear in any order. All strings MUST NOT be zero length or empty.

## 2.9.6.9 PtypMultipleBinary (0x1102) Value Encoding

Multi-valued binary octet encodings start with an integer count encoding, followed by the specified number of binary value encodings. The count encoding is encoded in the same way that **PtypInteger32** is encoded. The individual binary encodings are encoded in the same way that **PtypBinary** is encoded. All values MUST be unique. Values MAY appear in any order. Any binary value MUST NOT be zero length.

### 2.10 Compressed OAB Version 4 Differential Patch File

The following ABNF definition shows the format of a compressed OAB version 4 Differential Patch file.

patch-file = PATCH\_HDR 1\*PATCH\_BLK

Patch files are only applied against OAB version 4 Full Details files to produce the next generation of the file.

### 2.10.1 PATCH\_HDR

The **PATCH\_HDR** structure contains versioning information to indicate that it is an OAB version 4 patch file. It contains source and target file hash and file size values that SHOULD be used by the client to check that the patch is being applied against the correct file and that the final result is correct.

the final result is concet.										
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1										
ulVersionHi										
ulVersionLo										
ulBlockMax										
ulSourceSize										
ulTargetSize										
ulSourceCRC										
ulTargetCRC										

ulVersionHi (4 bytes): An integer value that MUST be 0x0000003.

ulVersionLo (4 bytes): An integer value that MUST be 0x0000002.

**ulBlockMax (4 bytes):** An integer value that indicates in bytes the largest size of a block that will be read from the source OAB Details input file, written to the target OAB details output file, or read from the Differential Patch file. This field is here so that the client can pre-allocate required buffers.

**ulSourceSize (4 bytes):** An integer value that specifies the length in bytes that the source input file is expected to be. This value SHOULD be used by the client to make sure that the correct input file is being read.

**ulTargetSize (4 bytes):** An integer value that specifies the length that the resulting output target file is expected to be. This value SHOULD be used by the client to ensure that the target output file was generated correctly.

**ulSourceCRC (4 bytes):** An integer value that represents the CRC-32 hash of the source input file (excluding the **OAB\_HDR** structure). This value SHOULD be used by the client to make sure that the correct input source file is being read.

**ulVersionLo (4 bytes):** An integer value that represents the CRC-32 hash of the target output file (excluding the **OAB\_HDR** structure). This value SHOULD be used by the client to ensure that output target file was generated correctly.

#### 2.10.2 PATCH\_BLK

The **PATCH\_BLK** structure is used to split the patch process into more easily handled smaller-sized blocks.

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 4 7 8 9 5 7 8 9 7 8 9 5 7 8 9 5 7 8 9 5 7 8 9 5 7 8 9 5 7 8 9 5 7 8 9 5 7 8 9 7	5 6 7 8 9 0 1										
ulPatchSize											
ulTargetSize											
ulSourceSize											
ulCRC	ulCRC										
data (Variable)											

**ulPatchSize (4 bytes):** An integer value that specifies the size of the data field in bytes.

**ulTargetSize (4 bytes):** An integer value that specifies the size in bytes of the output target block to be written to the output file.

**ulSourceSize (4 bytes):** An integer value that specifies the size in bytes of the source input block to be read from the source input file and used to generate the output block.

**ulCRC (4 bytes):** An integer value that specifies the CRC-32 hash of the resulting target block. This value SHOULD be used by the client to make sure that the correct output block has been generated.

**data (variable):** A byte stream of **LZXD** compressed differences to apply to the source block that results in the target block. For more details, see [MS-PATCH].

#### 2.11 Compressed OAB Version 4 file

The following ABNF definition shows the format of a compressed OAB version 4 file.

v4-compressed-file = LZX\_HDR 1\*LZX\_BLK

#### 2.11.1 LZX\_HDR

The **LZX\_HDR** structure contains versioning information to indicate that it is an OAB version 4 compressed file. It contains the target file size value that SHOULD be used by the client to check that the final result is correct.

0	]	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	ulVersionHi																															
ulVersionLo																																
	ulBlockMax																															
	ulTargetSize																															

ulVersionHi (4 bytes): An integer value that MUST be 0x00000003.

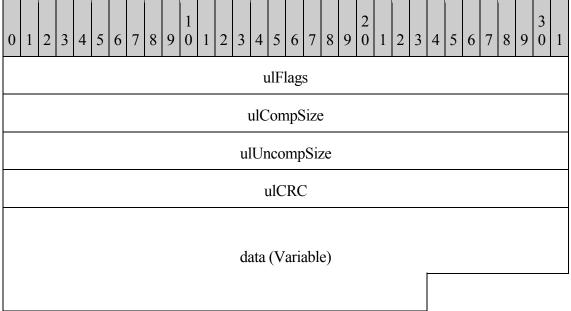
ulVersionLo (4 bytes): An integer value that MUST be 0x0000001.

**ulBlockMax (4 bytes):** An integer value that indicates in bytes the maximum block size that will be read from the source compressed input file or written to the target output file. This field is provided so that the client can pre-allocate required buffers.

**ulTargetSize (4 bytes):** An integer value that specifies the expected length of the resulting output target file. This value SHOULD be used by the client to ensure that the target output file was generated correctly.

#### 2.11.2 LZX\_BLK

The **LZX\_BLK** structure is used to split the decompression process into more easily handled smaller-sized blocks.



**ulFlags (4 bytes):** An integer value that indicates whether the data field is compressed. MUST be either 0x00000000 to indicate that the data field is not compressed and can be written out directly to the target file, or 0x00000001 to indicate the that data field is compressed and ought to be decompressed using **LZX** decompression first.

**ulCompSize (4 bytes):** An integer value that specifies the size of the data field in bytes.

**ulUncompSize (4 bytes):** An integer value that specifies the size in bytes of the output target block to be written to the output file.

**ulCRC (4 bytes):** An integer value that specifies the CRC-32 hash of the resulting target block. This value SHOULD be used by the client to ensure that the correct output block has been generated.

**data (variable):** Either a raw data stream or a compressed byte stream, depending on the value of the **ulFlags** field. For more details, see [MS-PATCH].

### **3** Structure Examples

The examples in this section illustrate the data after it is downloaded to the client and decompressed when they have an OAB installed. The client can use the data in these files to retrieve user information when working offline. The structure of the data in each file is specified in section 2.

### 3.1 Full OAB Version 2 Offline Address List

The following data show the contents of a sample OAB version 2 Browse file. All data in this section is shown in actual byte order.

OAB HI	DR				
_	ulVersion	0a	00	00	00
	ulSerial	bd	32	79	d3
	ulTotRecs	02	00	00	00
B2_REC		-10	0.0	0.0	0.0
	oRDN	d2			00
	oDetails	0c		00	00
	cbDetails	39	00		
	bDispType	00			
	bObjType	06			
	oSmtp	8c	00	00	00
	oDispName	69	00	00	00
	oAlias	2c	00	00	00
	oLocation	00	00	00	00
	oSurname	00	00	00	00
B2 REC					
<u></u>	ordn	68	00	00	00
	oDetails	45		00	00
	cbDetails	35		00	00
	bDispType	00	00		
	bObjType	06			
		b3	00	00	00
	oSmtp				
	oDispName	0c		00	00
	oAlias	8b			
	oLocation	00		00	
	oSurname	4e	00	00	00

The following data show the contents of a sample OAB version 2 ANR Index file.

OAB_HDR				
ulVersion	0a	00	00	00
ulSerial	00	00	00	00

ulTotRecs 05 00 00 00 ANR\_REC (offset 0x000000C) 2c 00 00 00 olt 

 oGT
 4e
 00
 00
 00

 iBrowse
 04
 00
 00
 00

 oPrev
 69
 00
 00
 00

 oNext
 8b
 00
 00
 00

 acKey
 4c
 69
 73
 61
 20
 4d
 69
 6c
 65
 72
 00

 ; 'Lisa Miller' ANR REC (offset 0x000002C) oLT 00 00 00 00 ; 0 = no left child 

 oGT
 69 00 00 00

 iBrowse
 03 00 00 80 ; high order bit = alias field

 oPrev
 00 00 00 00 ; 0 = left-most record

 oNext
 69 00 00 00

 acKey
 41 64 6d 69 6e 69 73 74 72 61 74 6f 72 00

 . `Administrator'

 ANR REC (offset 0x000004E) oLT 8b 00 00 00 

 oGT
 00 00 00 00 ; 0 = no right child

 iBrowse
 04 00 00 00

 oPrev
 8b 00 00 00

 oNext
 00 00 00 ; 0 = right most record

 acKey
 4d 69 6c 6c 65 72 00

 ; 'Miller' ANR REC (offset 0x0000069) oLT 00 00 00 00 ; 0 = no left child 00 00 00 00 ; 0 = no right child ogt 

 iBrowse
 03
 00
 00

 oPrev
 2c
 00
 00

 oNext
 0c
 00
 00

 acKey
 41
 64
 66

 41 64 6d 69 6e 69 73 74 72 61 74 6f 72 00 acKey ; 'Administrator' ANR REC (offset 0x000008B) 00 00 00 00 ; 0 = no left child olt ogt 00 00 00 00 ; 0 = no right child iBrowse 04 00 00 80 ; high order bit = alias field oPrev 0c 00 00 00 4e 00 00 00 oNext 4c 69 73 61 4d 69 6c 6c 65 72 00 acKey ; 'LisaMiller'

The following code shows the contents of a sample OAB version 2 RDN Index file.

oPrev	00	00	00	00										
oNext	8c	00	00	00										
oParentDN	10	00	00	00										
асКеу	41	64	6d	69	6e	69	73	74	72	61	74	6f	72	00
; 'Administrator'														

The following data show the contents of a sample OAB version 2 Details file.

OAB HDR ulVersion 07 00 00 00 ulSerial 00 00 00 00 ulTotRecs 00 00 00 00 Details-Record (offset 0x000000C) ; empty values for first 22 properties 00 00 ; empty binary property 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 ; empty ANSI properties 01 ; 1 value for multivalued PidTagAddressBookProxyAddresses 53 4d 54 50 3a 41 64 6d 69 6e 69 73 74 72 61 74 6f 72 40 65 78 61 6d 70 6c 65 2e 63 6f 6d 00 ; 'SMTP:Administrator@example.com' 00 ; empty multivalued binary property 00 ; empty multivalued binary property Details-Record (offset 0x0000045) 00 00; empty binary property 00 00 00 ; empty ANSI properties 4c 69 73 61 00 ; 'Lisa' PidTagGivenName 00 00 00 ; empty ANSI properties 01 ; 1 value for multivalued PidTagAddressBookProxyAddresses 01 53 4d 54 50 3a 4c 69 73 61 4d 40 65 78 61 6d 70 6c 65 2e 63 6f 6d 00 ; 'SMTP:LisaM@example.com' 00 ; empty multivalued binary property 00 ; empty multivalued binary property

#### 3.2 Full OAB Version 4 Details File

The following code shows the contents of a sample OAB version 4 Details file. All data in this section are shown in actual byte order.

OAB_HDR				
ulVersion	20	00	00	00
ulSerial	f7	da	с0	7f
ulTotRecs	02	00	00	00

OAB META DATA										
cbSize 5c 0	0 00	00								
pHdrAtts										
cAtts 04 0	0 00	00								
rgProps [0]										
ulPropID	1f	00	00	68						
ulFlags	00	00	00	00	;	comk	oinatio	n of	fields	a,b,c,d
rgProps [1]										
ulPropID	1e	00	04	68						
ulFlags	00	00	00	00						
rgProps [2]										
ulPropID		00								
ulFlags	00	00	00	00						
rgProps [3]										
ulPropID		00								
ulFlags	00	00	00	00						
pOabAtts										
cAtts	06	00	00	00						
rgProps [0]										
ulPropID		00								
ulFlags	02	00	00	00	;	comk	oinatio	n of	fields	a,b,c,d
rgProps [1]										
ulPropID		00								
ulFlags	02	00	00	00						
rgProps [2]										
ulPropID		00								
ulFlags	01	00	00	00						
rgProps [3]			~							
ulPropID		00								
ulFlags	00	00	00	00						
rgProps [4]	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0						
ulPropID		00								
ulFlags	00	00	00	00						
rgProps [5]	0.0	1.0	0.5	<u> </u>						
ulPropID		10 00								
ulFlags	00	00	00	00						
OND WARDER (Header Dron	orti									
OAB_V4_REC (Header Prop cbSize		00	00	00						
PresenceArray	42 f0		00	00						
Att [0] (Utf8)			60	бf	62	61	6c 20			
ALC [0] (0110)							73 20			
		69					15 20			
Att [1] (String)		00	15	/4	00					
Att [2] (Integer)										
Att [3] (String)			66	30	ז⊿	34	61 38			
nee [5] (berring)							34 34			
							33 2d			
							32 63			
		62								

Flat OAB header version 32, serial 7FC0DAF7, records 2

```
Header Attributes
Property Flags
cAtts = 4
0x6800001F:0PidTagOfflineAddressBookName0x6804001E:0PidTagOfflineAddressBookDistinguishedName0x68010003:0PidTagOfflineAddressBookSequence0x6802001E:0PidTagOfflineAddressBookContainerGuid
_____
OAB Attributes
Property Flags
cAtts = 6
CALUS - 60x3003001E: 2PidTagEmailAddress0x39FE001F: 2PidTagSmtpAddress0x3001001F: 1PidTagDisplayName0x0FFE0003: 0PidTagObjectType0x39000003: 0PidTagDisplayType0x68051003: 0PidTagOfflineAddressBookTruncatedProperties
_____
OAB Meta Data
0x6800001F: \Global Address List
0x6804001E: /
0x68010003: 6
0x6802001E: d4f244a8-a8ec-442a-87a3-5236f82cabdc
_____
_____
Record 0
_____
0x3003001E: /o=example/ou=Exchange Administrative Group
(FYDIBOHF23SPDLT)/cn=Recipients/cn=Lisa Miller
0x39FE001F: LisaM@example.com
0x3001001F: Lisa Miller
0x0FFE0003: 6
0x39000003: 0
_____
Record 1
_____
0x3003001E: /o=example/ou=Exchange Administrative Group
(FYDIBOHF23SPDLT)/cn=Recipients/cn=Administrator
0x39FE001F: Administrator@example.com
0x3001001F: Administrator
0x0FFE0003: 6
0x39000003: 0
_____
```

#### **4** Security Considerations

Data stored in OAB files contain personally identifiable information. Implementers have to ensure that only authorized individuals have access to the data.

# 5 Appendix A: Office/Exchange Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following versions of Office/Exchange:

- Office 2003 with Service Pack 3 applied
- Exchange 2003 with Service Pack 2 applied
- Office 2007 with Service Pack 1 applied
- Exchange 2007 with Service Pack 1 applied

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification prescribed using the terms SHOULD or SHOULD NOT implies Office/Exchange behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term MAY implies Office/Exchange does not follow the prescription.

<1> Section 1.3.2.6: For string and Unicode attributes, Exchange 2003 SP2 and Exchange 2007 SP1 truncate strings to a size limit. For binary properties, Exchange 2003 SP2 and Exchange 2007 SP1 will drop the entire property if it exceeds the size limit. For multi-valued properties, Exchange 2003 SP2 and Exchange 2007 SP1 will drop individual values for both string and binary properties if the combined size of all the values exceeds a size limit.

The following table defines the default minimum and maximum values of limit settings for **String** and **Binary** data types for files generated by Exchange 2003 SP2 and Exchange 2007 SP1. The minimum limit value is the smallest value that a limit can be set to, not the smallest size an actual value can be. The maximum limit value is the largest value that a size limit can be set to, and does reflect the largest size a property can be.

Data type	Туре	Minimum limit value (in bytes)	Maximum limit value (in bytes)
String limit	DWORD	32	3400
Binary limit	DWORD	1024	32768
String multivalued limit	DWORD	512	65536
Binary multivalued limit	DWORD	2048	65536

<2> Section 2.9.2: The rgHdrAtts table MUST have at least the four following attributes for compatibility with Outlook 2007 SP1:

Index Number	Property tag name	Property Tag	Property type	Description
1	PidTagOabName	0x6800001F	PtypString	Display name of the address list. MAY change between generation versions of the same address list.
2	PidTagOabDn	0x6804001E	PtypString8	The <i>addresslist-</i> <i>X500-dn</i> of the address list container object. MAY change between generation versions of the same address list.
3	PidTagOabSequence	0x68010003	PtypInteger32	The sequence number of the OAB. MUST increase by one between generation versions of the same address list.
4	PidTagOabContainerGuid	0x6802001E	PtypString8	A string formatted GUID that represents the address list container object. This value MUST never change between generation versions of the same address list. This value MUST be formatted as "xxxxxxxx- xxxx-xxxx- xxxx- xxxx- xxxx-xxxx/

<3> Section 2.9.2: The **rgOabAtts** table MUST have at least the five following attributes for compatibility with Outlook 2007 SP1 and MUST be present on all address book object records:

- 1. PidTagEmailAddress this MUST be the first entry.
- 2. PidTagSmtpAddress this MUST be the second entry.
- 3. PidTagDisplayName
- 4. PidTagDisplayType
- 5. PidTagObjectType

The following table describes the default attributes populated on address book object records by Exchange 2007 SP1 in the OAB version 4 Full Details file.

Index Num ber	Property tag name	Property Tag	Property type	Description
1	PidTagEmailAddress	0x3003	PtypString8	Contains the X500
		001E		DN.
2	PidTagSmtpAddress	0x39fe0	PtypString	Contains the
		01f		SMTP mailing address
				of the sender.
3	PidTagDisplayName	0x3001	PtypString	Contains the display
		001F		name for a given
				Address Book object.
4	PidTagEmsAbPhoeneticDispla	0x8C92	PtypString	Contains the phonetic
	yName	001F		display name of an
				object.
5	PidTagAccount	0x3A00	PtypString	Contains the account
		001F		name for the Address
				Book object.
6	PidTagSurname	0x3A11	PtypString	Contains the family
		001F		name of the Address
				Book object.
7	PidTagEmsAbPhoneticSurna	0x8C8F	PtypString	Contains the phonetic
	me	001F		spelling of the
				surname.

Properties populated in the OAB Version 4 Data file by Exchange 2007 SP1

0	DUIT CL M	0.0.0.0.0		
8	PidTagGivenName	0x3A06	PtypString	Contains the given
		001F		name of the Address
0		0.0000	D. C.	Book object.
9	PidTagEmsAbPhoneticGivenN	0x8C8E	PtypString	Contains the phonetic
	ame	001F		given name of the
10		0.0000		Address Book object.
10	PidTagEmsAbProxyAddresses	0x800f	PtypMultipleSt	Contains the e-mail
		101f	ring	proxy addresses of the
				Address Book object.
				For example,
				SMTP:Laura.Miller@e
				xample.com or
				X400:c=US;a= ;p=example;o=exampl
				1 1 1
11	BidTagOfficial coation	0x3A19	PtypString	e;s=Miller;g=Laura;. Contains the office
11	PidTagOfficeLocation	001F	PtypString	location of the Address
		0011		Book object.
12	<b>BidTagDisplayTypa</b>	0x3900	DtymIntogon22	Contains a value that is
12	PidTagDisplayType	0003	PtypInteger32	used to associate an
		0005		icon with a particular
				row of a table.
13	PidTagObjectType	0x0FFE	PtypInteger32	Contains the type of an
15	i lu l'agobject i ype	0003	i typinteger 52	object. The object type
		0005		corresponds to the
				primary interface that
				is available for an
				object that is available
				through the
				<b>OpenEntry</b> interface.
14	PidTagSendRichInfo	0x3A40	PtypBoolean	Contains <b>TRUE</b> if the
		000B	- · <b>J F</b> - · · · · · · · ·	entry can receive all
				message content,
				including RTF and
				OLE objects.
15	PidTagBusinessTelephoneNu	0x3A08	PtypString	Contains the primary
	mber	001F	VI 0	business telephone for
				the Address Book
				object.
16	PidTagInitials	0x3A0	PtypString	Contains the initials for
		A001F		parts of the full name
				of the Address Book
				object.

17	PidTagStreetAddress	0x3A29	PtypString	Contains the street
		001F		address of the Address
				Book object.
18	PidTagLocality	0x3A27	PtypString	Contains the name of
		001F		the locality for the
				Address Book object,
				such as the town or
				city.
19	<b>PidTagStateOrProvince</b>	0x3A28	PtypString	Contains the name of
		001F		the state or province
				the Address Book
				object is located in.
20	PidTagPostalCode	0x3A2	PtypString	Contains the postal
		A001F		code for the postal
				address for the Address
				Book object.
21	PidTagCountry	0x3A26	PtypString	Contains the name of
		001F		the country or region
				where the Address
				Book object is located.
22	PidTagTitle	0x3A17	PtypString	Contains the job title of
		001F		the Address Book
				object.
23	PidTagCompanyName	0x3A16	PtypString	Contains the name of
		001F		the company
				associated with the
				Address Book object.
24	PidTagEmsAbPhoneticCompa	0x8C91	PtypString	Contains the phonetic
	nyName	001F		spelling of the
				company name.
25	PidTagAssistant	0x3A30	PtypString	Contains the name of
		001F		the administrative
				assistant for the
				Address Book object.
26	PidTagDepartment	0x3A18	PtypString	Contains a name for
		001F		the department in
				which the Address
				Book object works.
27	PidTagEmsAbPhoneticDepart	0x8C90	PtypString	Contains the phonetic
	mentName	001F		spelling of the
				department.

-				
28	PidTagEmsAbTargetAddress	0x8011	PtypString	Contains the
		001F		destination address for
				this object.
29	PidTagHomeTelephoneNumbe	0x3A09	PtypString	Contains the primary
	r	001F		home telephone
				number for the
				Address Book object.
30	PidTagBusiness2TelephoneNu	0x3A1	PtypMultipleSt	Contains secondary
	mber	B101F	ring	business telephone
			-	numbers for the
				Address Book object.
31	PidTagHome2TelephoneNum	0x3A2F	PtypMultipleSt	Contains secondary
	ber	101F	ring	home telephone
			0	numbers for the
				Address Book object.
32	PidTagPrimaryFaxNumber	0x3A23	PtypString	Contains the telephone
		001F		number of the primary
				fax machine used by
				the Address Book
				object.
33	PidTagMobileTelephoneNumb	0x3A1	PtypString	Contains the cellular
	er	C001F		telephone number for
				the Address Book
				object.
34	PidTagAssistantTelephoneNu	0x3A2	PtypString	Contains the telephone
	mber	E001F		number of the
				administrative assistant
				for the Address Book
				object.
35	PidTagPagerTelephoneNumbe	0x3A21	PtypString	Contains the pager
	r	001F		telephone number for
				the Address Book
				object.
36	PidTagComment	0x3004	PtypString	Contains a comment
		001F		about the purpose or
				content of an object.
37	PidTagUserCertificate	0x3A22	PtypBinary	Contains an ASN.1
		0102	-	authentication
				certificate for a

38	PidTagUserX509Certificate	0x3A70	PtypMultipleBi	Contains X.509
		1102	nary	version 3 security
				certificates for the
				Address Book object,
				as described in
				[RFC2459].
39	PidTagEmsAbX509Cert	0x8C6	PtypMultipleBi	Contains ASN.1
		A1102	nary	encoded X.509
				certificates, as
				described in
				[RFC2459].
40	PidTagEmsAbHomeMdb	0x8006	PtypString8	Contains the X500 DN
		001e		of the message
				database (MDB) for
				this mailbox. This
				property value is not
				subject to truncation.
41	PidTagEmsAbDisplayNamePr	0x39FF	PtypString8	Contains the printable
	intable	001e		string version of the
				display name.
42	PidTagEmsAbDisplayType	0x3905	PtypInteger32	Contains a value used
		0003		to associate an icon
				with a particular row of
				a table.
43	<b>PidTagOabTruncatedProps</b>	0x6805	PtypMultipleIn	Contains a list of the
		1003	teger32	property tags that have
				been truncated or
				limited by the server. If
				no properties have
				been removed or
				limited, the attribute
				will not be present.

Outlook 2007 SP1 expects the following attributes to be populated in the OAB Version 4 **rgOabAtts** table, and if they are missing, will not try to contact the server to retrieve the values when using the OAB files as a cache:

- PidTagSmtpAddress
- PidTagDisplayName
- PidTagAccount
- PidTagSurname
- PidTagGivenName
- PidTagEmsAbProxyAddresses
- PidTagOfficeLocation

- PidTagDisplayType
- PidTagObjectType
- PidTagSendRichInfo
- PidTagBusinessTelephoneNumber
- PidTagInitials
- PidTagStreetAddress
- PidTagLocality
- PidTagStateOrProvince
- PidTagPostalCode
- PidTagCountry
- PidTagTitle
- PidTagCompanyName
- PidTagAssistant
- PidTagDepartment
- PidTagEmsAbTargetAddress
- PidTagHomeTelephoneNumber
- PidTagBusiness2TelephoneNumber
- PidTagHome2TelephoneNumber
- PidTagPrimaryFaxNumber
- PidTagMobileTelephoneNumber
- PidTagAssistantTelephoneNumber
- PidTagPagerTelephoneNumber
- PidTagComment
- PidTagUserCertificate
- PidTagUserX509Certificate
- PidTagEmsAbX509Cert
- PidTagEmsAbHomeMdb
- PidTagEmsAbDisplayNamePrintable

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