

[MS-OXCPERM]:

Exchange Access and Operation Permissions Protocol

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1 Introduction

The Exchange Access and Operation Permissions Protocol is used by clients to retrieve and manage the **permissions** on a folder. This protocol extends the Folder Object Protocol, described in [\[MS-OXCFOLD\]](#). This protocol also extends the Availability Web Service Protocol, described in [\[MS-OXWAVLS\]](#), if both the client and the server support the Availability Web Service Protocol.

Sections 1.5, 1.8, 1.9, 2, and 3 of this specification are normative. All other sections and examples in this specification are informative.

1.1 Glossary

This document uses the following terms:

access control list (ACL): A list of access control entries (ACEs) that collectively describe the security rules for authorizing access to some resource; for example, an object or set of objects.

Address Book object: An entity in an address book that contains a set of attributes, each attribute with a set of associated values.

anonymous user: A user who presents no credentials when identifying himself or herself. The process for determining an anonymous user can differ based on the authentication protocol, and the documentation for the relevant authentication protocol should be consulted.

binary large object (BLOB): A discrete packet of data that is stored in a database and is treated as a sequence of uninterpreted bytes.

Calendar folder: A **Folder object** that contains Calendar objects.

flags: A set of values used to configure or report options or settings.

Folder object: A messaging construct that is typically used to organize data into a hierarchy of objects containing Message objects and folder associated information (FAI) Message objects.

handle: Any token that can be used to identify and access an object such as a device, file, or a window.

hierarchy table: A **Table object** whose rows represent the **Folder objects** that are contained in another Folder object.

little-endian: Multiple-byte values that are byte-ordered with the least significant byte stored in the memory location with the lowest address.

Message object: A set of properties that represents an email message, appointment, contact, or other type of personal-information-management object. In addition to its own properties, a Message object contains recipient properties that represent the addressees to which it is addressed, and an attachments table that represents any files and other Message objects that are attached to it.

permission: A rule that is associated with an object and that regulates which users can gain access to the object and in what manner. See also rights.

permissions list: A list of users and the **permissions** for each of those users.

property tag: A 32-bit value that contains a property type and a property ID. The low-order 16 bits represent the property type. The high-order 16 bits represent the property ID.

remote operation (ROP): An operation that is invoked against a server. Each ROP represents an action, such as delete, send, or query. A ROP is contained in a **ROP buffer** for transmission over the wire.

remote procedure call (RPC): A communication protocol used primarily between client and server. The term has three definitions that are often used interchangeably: a runtime environment providing for communication facilities between computers (the RPC runtime); a set of request-and-response message exchanges between computers (the RPC exchange); and the single message from an RPC exchange (the RPC message). For more information, see [\[C706\]](#).

ROP buffer: A structure containing an array of bytes that encode a **remote operation (ROP)**. The first byte in the buffer identifies the ROP. This byte is followed by ROP-specific fields. Multiple ROP buffers can be packed into a single **remote procedure call (RPC)** request or response.

ROP request: See **ROP request buffer**.

ROP request buffer: A **ROP buffer** that a client sends to a server to be processed.

ROP response buffer: A **ROP buffer** that a server sends to a client to be processed.

Server object handle: A 32-bit value that identifies a Server object.

Stream object: A Server object that is used to read and write large string and binary properties.

table object: A group of shapes that are arranged in rows and columns to form a table.

Unicode: A character encoding standard developed by the Unicode Consortium that represents almost all of the written languages of the world. The **Unicode** standard [\[UNICODE5.0.0/2007\]](#) provides three forms (UTF-8, UTF-16, and UTF-32) and seven schemes (UTF-8, UTF-16, UTF-16 BE, UTF-16 LE, UTF-32, UTF-32 LE, and UTF-32 BE).

MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT: These terms (in all caps) are used as defined in [\[RFC2119\]](#). All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

1.2 References

Links to a document in the Microsoft Open Specifications library point to the correct section in the most recently published version of the referenced document. However, because individual documents in the library are not updated at the same time, the section numbers in the documents may not match. You can confirm the correct section numbering by checking the [Errata](#).

1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact dochelp@microsoft.com. We will assist you in finding the relevant information.

[MS-OXCADATA] Microsoft Corporation, "[Data Structures](#)".

[MS-OXCFOLD] Microsoft Corporation, "[Folder Object Protocol](#)".

[MS-OXCROPS] Microsoft Corporation, "[Remote Operations \(ROP\) List and Encoding Protocol](#)".

[MS-OXCRPC] Microsoft Corporation, "[Wire Format Protocol](#)".

[MS-OXCTABL] Microsoft Corporation, "[Table Object Protocol](#)".

[MS-OXNSPI] Microsoft Corporation, "[Exchange Server Name Service Provider Interface \(NSPI\) Protocol](#)".

[MS-OXPROPS] Microsoft Corporation, "[Exchange Server Protocols Master Property List](#)".

[MS-OXWAVLS] Microsoft Corporation, "[Availability Web Service Protocol](#)".

[MS-XWDVSEC] Microsoft Corporation, "[Web Distributed Authoring and Versioning \(WebDAV\) Protocol Security Descriptor Extensions](#)".

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt>

1.2.2 Informative References

[MS-OXCMAPIHTTP] Microsoft Corporation, "[Messaging Application Programming Interface \(MAPI\) Extensions for HTTP](#)".

[MS-OXPROTO] Microsoft Corporation, "[Exchange Server Protocols System Overview](#)".

1.3 Overview

The Exchange Access and Operation Permissions Protocol is used by a client to retrieve and to manage the **permissions list** on a folder by using **remote operations (ROPs)**. Each entry in this list specifies the **permissions** granted to a single user. The user's permissions determine what actions the user is allowed on the folder. For example, a user can be allowed to view a folder but not allowed to modify the folder's properties.

The permissions list initially contains two reserved entries: an entry that specifies folder permissions for an **anonymous user** and an entry that specifies the default permissions for a user who is not currently included in the permissions list. For information about how these reserved entries are used, see section [3.2.4.1](#). Additional entries are added by an owner of the folder. Existing entries can be modified or deleted.

This protocol extends the Folder Object Protocol, described in [\[MS-OXCFOLD\]](#). This protocol also extends the Availability Web Service Protocol, described in [\[MS-OXWAVLS\]](#), if both the client and server support the Availability Web Service Protocol.

1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols

This protocol extends the Folder Object Protocol, described in [\[MS-OXCFOLD\]](#), by adding the ability to retrieve and manage the **permissions list** on a folder and, therefore, has the same dependencies as those described in [\[MS-OXCFOLD\]](#) section 1.4.

If the client and the server both implement the Availability Web Service Protocol, described in [\[MS-OXWAVLS\]](#), this protocol also extends that protocol by adding the ability to retrieve and manage the permissions list on the **Calendar folder**.

For conceptual background information and overviews of the relationships and interactions between this and other protocols, see [\[MS-OXPROTO\]](#).

1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions

In addition to the prerequisites of the Folder Object Protocol that are specified in [\[MS-OXCFOLD\]](#) section 1.5, the Exchange Access and Operation Permissions Protocol requires that the client be connected to the server by using credentials that belong to a user who has **permissions** to read and modify the folder's **permissions list**.

The client is required to obtain a **handle** to the **Folder object** on the server by using the **RopOpenFolder ROP** ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.4.1). This handle will be included in the **ROP buffers** that are used in this protocol.

1.6 Applicability Statement

A client can use the Exchange Access and Operation Permissions Protocol to read or update the **permissions list** on a folder. For example, if the owner of a folder grants read **permission** on that folder to another user, the folder owner's client updates the permissions list on the folder accordingly.

1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation

The client checks the server's version number that is returned by the server in either the **EcDoConnectEx** method, as described in [\[MS-OXCRPC\]](#), or the **X-ServerApplication** header of the **Connect** request type response, as described in [\[MS-OXCMAPIHTTP\]](#). If the server version is greater than or equal to 8.0.360.0, the server supports the Availability Web Service Protocol, described in [\[MS-OXWAVLS\]](#).

The client indicates to the server whether it supports the Availability Web Service Protocol by setting the **IncludeFreeBusy** flag in the **ROP request buffer** for both the **RopGetPermissionsTable ROP** ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.10.2) and the **RopModifyPermissions ROP** ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.10.1), as described in sections [2.2.1.1](#) and [2.2.2.1](#).

1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields

None.

1.9 Standards Assignments

None.

2 Messages

2.1 Transport

The **ROP request buffers** and **ROP response buffers** specified in this protocol are sent to and received from the server respectively by using the underlying protocol specified by [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.1.

2.2 Message Syntax

Unless otherwise noted, sizes in this section are expressed in bytes.

Unless otherwise noted, the fields specified in this section are packed in buffers in the order that they appear in this document, without any padding.

Unless otherwise noted, the fields specified in this section, which are larger than a single byte, MUST be converted to **little-endian** order when packed in buffers and converted from little-endian order when unpacked.

2.2.1 RopGetPermissionsTable ROP

The **RopGetPermissionsTable ROP** ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.10.2) retrieves a **Server object handle** to a **Table object**, which is then used in other **ROP requests** to retrieve the current **permissions list** on a folder.

The complete syntax of the **ROP request buffer** and the **ROP response buffer** is specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#). This section specifies the syntax and semantics of various fields that are not fully specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

2.2.1.1 RopGetPermissionsTable ROP Request Buffer

The following descriptions define valid fields for the **RopGetPermissionsTable ROP request buffer** ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.10.2.1).

TableFlags (1 byte): A set of **flags** that control how the server uses the values of the **PidTagMemberRights** property (section [2.2.7](#)). The valid flags for this field are specified in the following table. The client MUST NOT set any other flags.

Flag name	Value	Meaning
IncludeFreeBusy	0x02	If this flag is set, the server MUST include the values of the FreeBusySimple and FreeBusyDetailed flags of the PidTagMemberRights property in the returned permissions list . If this flag is not set, the values of those flags in the returned permissions list are not valid and the client MUST ignore them. The client MUST NOT set this flag if the server version is less than 8.0.360.0, as specified in [MS-OXCRPC] , or the folder is not the Calendar folder .

2.2.1.2 RopGetPermissionsTable ROP Response Buffer

The following descriptions define valid fields for the **RopGetPermissionsTable ROP response buffer** ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.10.2.2).

ReturnValue (4 bytes): An integer that indicates the result of the operation. The value 0x00000000 indicates success. For details about common error codes, see [\[MS-OXCADATA\]](#) section 2.4.

2.2.2 RopModifyPermissions ROP

The **RopModifyPermissions ROP** ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.10.1) creates, updates, or deletes entries in the **permissions list** on a folder.

The complete syntax of the **ROP request buffer** and the **ROP response buffer** is specified in [MS-OXCROPS]. This section specifies the syntax and semantics of various fields that are not fully specified in [MS-OXCROPS].

2.2.2.1 RopModifyPermissions ROP Request Buffer

The following descriptions define valid fields for the **RopModifyPermissions ROP request buffer** ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.10.1.1).

ModifyFlags (1 byte): A set of **flags** that control how the server uses the values of the **PidTagMemberRights** property (section 2.2.7) and the flags of the **PermissionData** structures. The valid flags for this field are specified in the following table. The client MUST NOT set any other flags.

Flag name	Value	Meaning
ReplaceRows	0x01	If this flag is set, the server MUST replace all existing entries except the default user entry in the current permissions list with the ones contained in the PermissionsData field. (In this case, each PermissionData structure in the PermissionsData field MUST have the AddRow flag set.) If this flag is not set, the server MUST add, update, or delete entries in the current permissions list according to the changes specified in the PermissionsData field. The client SHOULD <1> set this flag when copying the access control list (ACL) from the Calendar folder to the Freebusy Data folder.
IncludeFreeBusy	0x02	If this flag is set, the server MUST apply the settings of the FreeBusySimple and FreeBusyDetailed flags of the PidTagMemberRights property when modifying the permissions of the Calendar folder. This flag MUST be set if the client sets either the FreeBusySimple flag or the FreeBusyDetailed flag. The client MUST NOT set this flag if the server version is less than 8.0.360.0, as specified in [MS-OXCRPC], or the folder is not the Calendar folder.

ModifyCount (2 bytes): An integer that specifies the number of structures contained in the **PermissionsData** field.

PermissionsData (variable): An array of **PermissionData** structures (section 2.2.2.1.1). Each **PermissionData** structure specifies details for adding a new entry to the permissions list, updating an existing entry in the permissions list, or deleting an entry from the permissions list. There is one **PermissionData** structure for each entry to be added, updated, or deleted.

If the **ReplaceRows** flag is set in the **ModifyFlags** field, entries can only be added. Therefore, each **PermissionData** structure contained in this field MUST have the **AddRow** flag set if the **ReplaceRows** flag is set.

2.2.2.1.1 PermissionData Structure

The **PermissionData** structure specifies the properties, including folder **permissions**, for a single user and the requested operation (add entry, update entry, delete entry) to be performed on the **permissions list** for that user.

PermissionDataFlags (1 byte): A set of **flags** that specify the type of change to be made to the folder permissions. The valid flags for this field are specified in the following table. The client MUST NOT set any other flags. If the **ReplaceRows** flag is set in the **ModifyFlags** field of the **RopModifyPermissions ROP request buffer**, only the **AddRow** flag is valid.

Flag name	Value	Meaning
AddRow	0x01	The user that is specified by the PidTagEntryId property (section 2.2.4) is added to the permissions list.
ModifyRow	0x02	The existing permissions for the user that is identified by the PidTagMemberId property (section 2.2.5) are modified.
RemoveRow	0x04	The user that is identified by the PidTagMemberId property is deleted from the permissions list.

PropertyValueCount (2 bytes): An integer that specifies the number of structures contained in the **PropertyValues** field.

PropertyValues (variable): An array of **TaggedPropertyValue** structures ([\[MS-OXCADATA\]](#) section 2.11.4). Each structure specifies one property. The properties included depend on the type of change that is being made. For details, see sections [3.1.4.2](#), [3.1.4.3](#), and [3.1.4.4](#).

2.2.2.2 RopModifyPermissions ROP Response Buffer

The following descriptions define valid fields for the **RopModifyPermissions ROP response buffer** ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.10.1.2).

ReturnValue (4 bytes): An integer that indicates the result of the operation. The value 0x00000000 indicates success. For details about common error codes, see [\[MS-OXCADATA\]](#) section 2.4.

2.2.3 PidTagAccessControlListData Property

Type: **PtypBinary** ([\[MS-OXCADATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The **PidTagAccessControlListData** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.506) contains a variable-length **binary large object (BLOB)** that constitutes a **permissions list** for a folder. This property is used when an **ACL** is copied from one folder to another. [<2>](#)

The client does not understand the data contained in the BLOB and does not try to use the data. The BLOB is only used to copy the ACL from one folder to another.

2.2.4 PidTagEntryId Property

Type: **PtypBinary** ([\[MS-OXCADATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The **PidTagEntryId** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.683) identifies the **Address Book object** that specifies a user. The first two bytes of this property specify the number of bytes that follow. The remaining bytes constitute the **PermanentEntryID** structure ([\[MS-OXNSPI\]](#) section 2.2.9.3).

If the **PidTagMemberId** property (section [2.2.5](#)) is set to one of the two reserved values, the first two bytes of this property MUST be 0x0000, indicating that zero bytes follow (that is, no **PermanentEntryID** structure follows the first two bytes).

2.2.5 PidTagMemberId Property

Type: **PtypInteger64** ([\[MS-OXCADATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The **PidTagMemberId** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.782) specifies the unique identifier that the server generates for each user.

The two reserved values for the **PidTagMemberId** property are listed in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF	Identifier for the anonymous user entry in the permissions list .
0x0000000000000000	Identifier for the default user entry in the permissions list.

2.2.6 PidTagMemberName Property

Type: **PtypString** ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The **PidTagMemberName** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.783) specifies the user-readable name of the user. The server provides the user-readable name for all entries in the **permissions list**.

The user-readable names that the server provides for the reserved entries of the permissions list are listed in the following table.

Reserved entry	Value of the PidTagMemberId property	User-readable name
Anonymous user	0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF	"Anonymous"
Default user	0x0000000000000000	"" (empty string)

2.2.7 PidTagMemberRights Property

Type: **PtypInteger32** ([\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.11.1)

The **PidTagMemberRights** property ([\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) section 2.784) specifies the folder **permissions** that are granted to the specified user.

The flags that are used to specify permissions are listed in the following table. The client and server MUST NOT set any other flags.

Flag name	Value	Meaning
ReadAny	0x00000001	If this flag is set, the server MUST allow the specified user's client to read any Message object in the folder. If this flag is not set, the server MUST NOT allow the user's client to read Message objects that are owned by other users.
Create	0x00000002	If this flag is set, the server MUST allow the specified user's client to create new Message objects in the folder. If this flag is not set, the server MUST NOT allow the user's client to create new Message objects in the folder.
EditOwned	0x00000008	If this flag is set, the server MUST allow the specified user's client to modify a Message object that was created by that user in the folder. If this flag is not set, the server MUST NOT allow the user's client to modify Message objects that were created by that user. If the client sets the EditAny flag, the client MUST set this flag as well.
DeleteOwned	0x00000010	If this flag is set, the server MUST allow the specified user's client to delete any Message object that was created by that user in the folder. If this flag is not set, the server MUST NOT allow the user's client to delete Message objects that were created by that user. If the client sets the DeleteAny flag, the client MUST set this flag as well.

Flag name	Value	Meaning
EditAny	0x00000020	If this flag is set, the server MUST allow the specified user's client to modify any Message object in the folder. If this flag is not set, the server MUST NOT allow the user's client to modify Message objects that are owned by other users.
DeleteAny	0x00000040	If this flag is set, the server MUST allow the specified user's client to delete any Message object in the folder. If this flag is not set, the server MUST NOT allow the user's client to delete Message objects that are owned by other users.
CreateSubFolder	0x00000080	If this flag is set, the server MUST allow the specified user's client to create new folders within the folder. If this flag is not set, the server MUST NOT allow the user's client to create new folders within the folder.
FolderOwner	0x00000100	If this flag is set, the server SHOULD <3> allow the specified user's client to modify properties, including the folder permissions, that are set on the folder itself. If this flag is not set, the server SHOULD NOT <4> allow the specified user's client to make those modifications.
FolderContact	0x00000200	This flag has no meaning to the server regarding folder permissions. The client uses this flag when displaying permissions. If neither this flag nor the FolderOwner flag is set, the specified user's client does not display the permissions list for the folder. Instead, the specified user's client displays the folder permissions specified in the PidTagRights property ([MS-OXCFOLD] section 2.2.2.2.8), which contains the folder permissions only for that user.
FolderVisible	0x00000400	If this flag is set, the server MUST allow the specified user's client to retrieve the folder's permissions list, as specified in section 3.1.4.1 , to see the folder in the folder hierarchy table , or to open the folder. If the client sets the ReadAny flag or the FolderOwner flag, the client MUST set this flag as well.
FreeBusySimple	0x00000800	If this flag is set, the server MUST allow the specified user's client to retrieve brief information about the appointments on the calendar through the Availability Web Service Protocol, as specified in [MS-OXWAVLS] . If this flag is not set, the server MUST NOT allow the specified user's client to retrieve information through the Availability Web Service Protocol. <5> If the client sets the FreeBusyDetailed flag, it MUST set this flag as well.
FreeBusyDetailed	0x00001000	If this flag is set, the server MUST allow the specified user's client to retrieve detailed information about the appointments on the calendar through the Availability Web Service Protocol, as specified in [MS-OXWAVLS] . If this flag is not set, the server MUST NOT allow the specified user's client to see these details.

3 Protocol Details

3.1 Client Details

3.1.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of how the protocol behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

The abstract data model for the client is the same as that specified in [\[MS-OXCFLD\]](#).

3.1.2 Timers

None.

3.1.3 Initialization

None.

3.1.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

3.1.4.1 Retrieving Folder Permissions

Before retrieving the **permissions list** of a folder, the client attempts to retrieve the folder **permissions** by reading the folder's **PidTagSecurityDescriptorAsXml** property ([\[MS-XWDVSEC\]](#) section 2.2.2). To read this property, the client opens the property as a **Stream object** by sending a **RopOpenStream ROP request** ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.9.1). The server MUST return an error code of **ecNotImplemented** instead of satisfying the **RopOpenStream** ROP request.

To retrieve the current permissions list of a folder, the client SHOULD send the following three ROP requests to the server:

1. **RopGetPermissionsTable** ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.10.2)
2. **RopSetColumns** ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.5.1), with a column set that includes some or all of the following properties:
 - **PidTagEntryId** (section [2.2.4](#)) — If the client is not required to match entries in the permissions list to users, as it would with a search for a particular user, the client SHOULD NOT include this property.
 - **PidTagMemberId** (section [2.2.5](#)) — The client MUST include this property.
 - **PidTagMemberName** (section [2.2.6](#)) — If the client is not displaying the contents of the permissions list, the client SHOULD NOT include this property.
 - **PidTagMemberRights** (section [2.2.7](#)) — The client MUST include this property.
3. **RopQueryRows** ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.5.4)

For more details about how the client uses the **RopSetColumns** and **RopQueryRows** ROP requests, see [\[MS-OXCTABL\]](#) section 3.1.4. If all three of the ROP requests succeed, the permissions list is returned in the **RowData** field of the **RopQueryRows ROP response buffer**. The **RowData** field

contains one **PropertyRow** structure ([MS-OXCDATA] section 2.8.1) for each entry in the permissions list. When the client is finished with table operations, the client MUST release the **Table object** by sending a **RopRelease** ROP request ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.15.3).

The **ROP** sequence that is used to retrieve the current permissions list of a folder is shown in the following diagram.

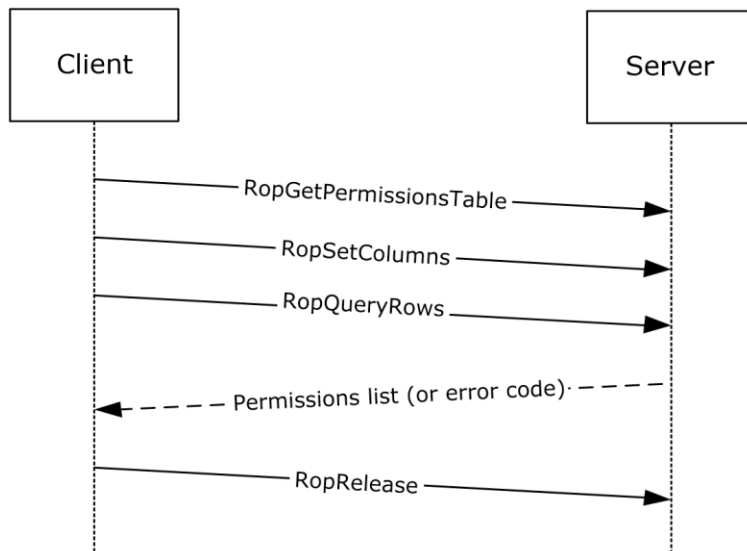


Figure 1: Sequence for retrieving folder permissions

3.1.4.2 Adding Folder Permissions

To add a new entry to the folder's **permissions list**, the client MUST send a **RopModifyPermissions ROP request** ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.10.1) with the **AddRow** flag set in each **PermissionData** structure that specifies a user to be added. The **PropertyValues** field of the **PermissionData** structure MUST include the following properties:

- **PidTagEntryId** (section 2.2.4)
- **PidTagMemberRights** (section 2.2.7)

The **PropertyValues** field MUST NOT include the **PidTagMemberId** property (section 2.2.5).

When copying the **ACL** from the **Calendar folder** to the Freebusy Data folder, the client SHOULD <6> set the **ReplaceRows** flag in the **RopModifyPermissions ROP request buffer**. In this case, all of the **PermissionData** structures in the ROP request buffer MUST have the **AddRow** flag set.

3.1.4.3 Updating Folder Permissions

To update an existing entry in the folder's **permissions list**, the client MUST retrieve the existing permissions list as specified in section 3.1.4.1 to get the values of the **PidTagMemberId** properties that are assigned to the users in the permissions list.

The client MUST send a **RopModifyPermissions ROP request** ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.10.1) with the **ModifyRow** flag set in each **PermissionData** structure that specifies a user to be modified. The **PropertyValues** field of the **PermissionData** structure MUST include the following properties:

- **PidTagMemberId** (section 2.2.5)
- **PidTagMemberRights** (section 2.2.7)

The **PropertyValues** field MUST NOT include the **PidTagEntryId** property (section [2.2.4](#)).

3.1.4.4 Removing Folder Permissions

To remove an entry from the folder's **permissions list**, the client MUST retrieve the existing permissions list as specified in section [3.1.4.1](#) to get the values of the **PidTagMemberId** properties that are assigned to the users in the permissions list.

The client MUST send a **RopModifyPermissions ROP request** ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.10.1) with the **RemoveRow** flag set in each **PermissionData** structure that specifies a user to be deleted. The **PropertyValues** field of the **PermissionData** structure MUST include only the **PidTagMemberId** property (section [2.2.5](#)).

3.1.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

None.

3.1.6 Timer Events

None.

3.1.7 Other Local Events

None.

3.2 Server Details

3.2.1 Abstract Data Model

The abstract data model for the client and server roles is the same.

3.2.2 Timers

None.

3.2.3 Initialization

None.

3.2.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

3.2.4.1 Accessing a Folder

When a client sends a request to the server to access a folder, as specified in [\[MS-OXCFOld\]](#), the server MUST either allow or deny the request based on the **permissions list** for the folder and the user credentials that the client provided when making the request.

The server determines whether the user identified by the user credentials is included in the permissions list and then applies the folder **permissions** for that user as follows:

- **Specific user permissions:** If the user is included in the permissions list, either explicitly or through membership in a group that is included in the permissions list, the server MUST apply the permissions that have been set for that user.

- Default user permissions: If the user is not included in the permissions list, the server MUST apply the permissions that have been set in the default user entry of the permissions list.
- Anonymous user permissions: Permissions for an anonymous user are not supported and the **anonymous user** entry is not used. Consequently, the server requires that the client provide user credentials.

3.2.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

3.2.5.1 Processing a RopGetPermissionsTable ROP Request

When the server receives a **RopGetPermissionsTable ROP request buffer** ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.10.2) from the client, the server parses the buffer. The server responds with a **RopGetPermissionsTable ROP response buffer**. For details about how the server parses buffers and processes **ROPs**, see [MS-OXCROPS] section 3.2.5.1. For details about how the server formats buffers for the response, see [MS-OXCROPS] section 3.2.5.2.

The server MUST return a **Server object handle** to a **Table object**, which the client uses to retrieve the **permissions list** of the folder, as specified in section 3.1.4.1. The server MUST determine whether the user has **permission** to view the permissions list of the folder by examining the **FolderVisible** flag of the **PidTagMemberRights** property (section 2.2.7). If the user has permission to view the permissions list of the folder, the server returns the permissions list in a **RopQueryRows** ROP response buffer ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.5.4). If the user does not have permission to view the permissions list of the folder, the server returns 0x80070005 (AccessDenied) in the **ReturnValue** field of the **RopQueryRows** ROP response buffer.

3.2.5.2 Processing a RopModifyPermissions ROP Request

When the server receives a **RopModifyPermissions ROP request buffer** ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.10.1) from the client, the server parses the buffer. The server responds with a **RopModifyPermissions ROP response buffer**. For details about how the server parses buffers and processes **ROPs**, see [MS-OXCROPS] section 3.2.5.1. For details about how the server formats buffers for the response, see [MS-OXCROPS] section 3.2.5.2.

The server MUST determine whether the user has **permission** to modify the properties of the folder by examining the **FolderOwner** flag of the **PidTagMemberRights** property (section 2.2.7). If the user does not have permission to modify the folder's properties, the server MUST return the AccessDenied (0x80070005) error code in the **ReturnValue** field of the ROP response buffer. If the user does have permission to modify the folder's properties, the server MUST update the **permissions list** for the folder according to the **PermissionData** structures listed in the **PermissionsData** field of the ROP request buffer, as specified in section 2.2.2.1.

If any **PermissionData** structure specifies deletion or modification of a user that is not currently in the permissions list, the server MUST ignore that **PermissionData** structure.

3.2.5.3 Processing a Request for PidTagSecurityDescriptorAsXml Property

When the server receives a **RopOpenStream ROP request** ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.9.1) on the **PidTagSecurityDescriptorAsXml** property ([MS-XWDVSEC] section 2.2.2) of the folder, the server MUST return an error code of **ecNotImplemented** rather than satisfying the **RopOpenStream** ROP request.

3.2.6 Timer Events

None.

3.2.7 Other Local Events

None.

Preliminary

4 Protocol Examples

4.1 Adding an Entry to the Permissions List

In this example, the client is adding an entry for "user8" to the **permissions list** on the **Calendar folder**. To retrieve the current **permissions** on the folder, the client starts by trying to read the deprecated **PidTagSecurityDescriptorAsXml** property ([\[MS-XWDVSEC\]](#) section 2.2.2) of the folder, as described in section [3.1.4.1](#). To read this property, the client sends the following **RopOpenStream ROP request** ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.9.1).

The **RopOpenStream ROP request buffer** contains the following data (9 bytes).

```
0000: 2B 00 01 02 1F 00 6A 0E-00
```

RopId: 0x2B

LogonId: 0

InputHandleIndex: 1 (HSOT=0x000001DA)

OutputHandleIndex: 2 (HSOT=0xFFFFFFFF)

PropertyTag: 0x0E6A001F (**PidTagSecurityDescriptorAsXml** property)

OpenModeFlags: 0x00 (**ReadOnly** flag is set)

The server returns the following **ROP response buffer**, which indicates that it does not support the **PidTagSecurityDescriptorAsXml** property on this folder.

The **RopOpenStream ROP response buffer** contains the following data (6 bytes):

```
0000: 2B 02 02 01 04 80
```

RopId: 0x2B

OutputHandleIndex: 2 (HSOT=0xFFFFFFFF)

ReturnValue: 0x80040102 (ecNotImplemented)

Because the server does not support the **PidTagSecurityDescriptorAsXml** property, the client falls back to using the **RopGetPermissionsTable ROP** ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.10.2) as described in section [3.1.4.1](#). To retrieve a table that contains the current permissions list of the folder, the client sends the following three ROP requests, batched together into a single **remote procedure call (RPC)**.

The **RopGetPermissionsTable ROP request buffer** contains the following data (5 bytes):

```
0000: 3E 00 00 01 02
```

RopId: 0x3E

LogonId: 0

InputHandleIndex: 0 (HSOT=0x000001DA)

OutputHandleIndex: 1 (HSOT=0xFFFFFFFF)

TableFlags: 0x02 (**IncludeFreeBusy** flag is set)

The **RopSetColumns** ROP request buffer ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.5.1) contains the following data (22 bytes):

```
0000: 12 00 01 00 04 00 14 00-71 66 1F 00 72 66 03 00 .....qf..rf..
0010: 73 66 02 01 FF 0F                                     sf....
```

RopId: 0x12

LogonId: 0

InputHandleIndex: 1 (HSOT=0xFFFFFFFF)

SetColumnsFlags: 0x00 (**Wait** flag is set)

PropertyTagCount: 0x0004 (four **property tags** in the **PropertyTags** field)

PropertyTags:

0x66710014 (**PidTagMemberId** property (section [2.2.5](#)))

0x6672001F (**PidTagMemberName** property (section [2.2.6](#)))

0x66730003 (**PidTagMemberRights** property (section [2.2.7](#)))

0x0FFF0102 (**PidTagEntryId** property (section [2.2.4](#)))

The **RopQueryRows** ROP request buffer ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.5.4) contains the following data (7 bytes):

```
0000: 15 00 01 00 01 00 10
```

RopId: 0x15

LogonId: 0

InputHandleIndex: 1 (HSOT=0xFFFFFFFF)

QueryRowsFlags: 0x00 (Advance)

ForwardRead: 0x01 (True)

RowCount: 0x1000 (4096)

The server returns the following three ROP response buffers. The folder's current permissions list is in the **RowData** field of the **RopQueryRows** ROP response buffer.

The **RopGetPermissionsTable** ROP response buffer contains the following data (6 bytes):

```
0000: 3E 01 00 00 00 00
```

RopId: 0x3E

OutputHandleIndex: 1 (HSOT=0x000000CA)

ReturnValue: 0x00000000 (success)

The **RopSetColumns** ROP response buffer contains the following data (7 bytes):

```
0000: 12 01 00 00 00 00 00
```

RopId: 0x12

InputHandleIndex: 1 (HSOT=0x000000CA)

ReturnValue: 0x00000000 (success)

TableStatus: 0x00 (**TBLSTAT_COMPLETE** flag is set)

The **RopQueryRows** ROP response buffer contains the following data (61 bytes):

```
0000: 15 01 00 00 00 00 02 02-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....  
0010: 00 00 00 00 00 08 00 00-00 00 00 FF FF FF FF FF .....  
0020: FF FF FF 41 00 6E 00 6F-00 6E 00 79 00 6D 00 6F ...A.n.o.n.y.m.o  
0030: 00 75 00 73 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 .....  
          .u.s.....
```

RopId: 0x15

InputHandleIndex: 1 (HSOT=0x000000CA)

ReturnValue: 0x00000000 (success)

Origin: 0x02 (**BOOKMARK_END** flag is set)

RowCount: 0x0002 (two **PropertyRow** structures in the **RowData** field)

RowData:

PropertyRow structure #1 (beginning at address 0x0009 in the **RopQueryRows** ROP response buffer):

Flag: 0x00 (no errors)

ValueArray: This field contains the values of the properties that were specified in the **PropertyTags** field of the previous **RopSetColumns** request and are in the same order as those properties.

0x0000000000000000 (default user)

0x0000 (**Unicode** null)

0x00000800 (**FreeBusySimple** flag is set)

0x0000 (byte count is zero bytes, indicating that no **PermanentEntryID** structure ([\[MS-OXNSPI\]](#) section 2.2.9.3) is present)

PropertyRow structure #2 (beginning at address 0x001A in the **RopQueryRows** ROP response buffer):

Flag: 0x00 (no errors)

ValueArray:

0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF (anonymous user)

"Anonymous"

0x00000000 (no permissions flags are set)

0x0000 (byte count is zero bytes, indicating that no **PermanentEntryID** structure is present)

Note that the current permissions list on this folder has two entries. The default user entry, contained in **PropertyRow** structure #1, has the **FreeBusySimple** permissions (0x00000800) on this folder. The **anonymous user** entry, contained in **PropertyRow** structure #2, has no permissions (0x00000000) on this folder.

Finally, the client sends the following **RopModifyPermissions** ROP request ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.10.1) to add "user8" to the permissions list with the **FreeBusyDetailed**, **FreeBusySimple**, **FolderVisible**, **FolderContact**, **FolderOwner**, **CreateSubFolder**, **DeleteAny**, **EditAny**, **DeleteOwned**, **EditOwned**, **Create**, and **ReadAny** permissions flags set (0x00001FFB) for "user8" on this folder:

The **RopModifyPermissions** ROP request buffer contains the following data (147 bytes):

```
0000: 40 00 02 02 01 00 01 02-00 02 01 FF 0F 7C 00 00 @.....|..
0010: 00 00 00 DC A7 40 C8 C0-42 10 1A B4 B9 08 00 2B .....@..B.....+
0020: 2F E1 82 01 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 2F 6F 3D 46 69 /...../o=Fi
0030: 72 73 74 20 4F 72 67 61-6E 69 7A 61 74 69 6F 6E rst Organization
0040: 2F 6F 75 3D 45 78 63 68-61 6E 67 65 20 41 64 6D /ou=Exchange Adm
0050: 69 6E 69 73 74 72 61 74-69 76 65 20 47 72 6F 75 inistrative Grou
0060: 70 20 28 46 59 44 49 42-4F 48 46 32 33 53 50 44 p (FYDIBOHF23SPD
0070: 4C 54 29 2F 63 6E 3D 52-65 63 69 70 69 65 6E 74 LT)/cn=Recipient
0080: 73 2F 63 6E 3D 75 73 65-72 38 00 03 00 73 66 FB s/cn=user8...sf.
0090: 1F 00 00 ...
```

RopId: 0x40

LogonId: 0

InputHandleIndex: 2 (HSOT=0x000001DA)

ModifyFlags: 0x02 (**IncludeFreeBusy** flag is set)

ModifyCount: 0x0001 (one **PermissionData** structure in the **PermissionsData** field)

PermissionsData:

PermissionData structure (beginning at address 0x0006 in the **RopModifyPermissions** ROP request buffer):

PermissionDataFlags: 0x01 (**AddRow** flag is set)

PropertyValueCount: 0x0002 (two **TaggedPropertyValue** structures in the **PropertyValues** field)

PropertyValues:

TaggedPropertyValue structure #1 (beginning at address 0x0009 in the **RopModifyPermissions** ROP request buffer):

PropertyTag: 0x0FFF0102 (**PidTagEntryId** property)

PropertyValue: Beginning at address 0x000D in the **RopModifyPermissions** ROP request buffer, this field contains the byte-count, 0x007C (124), followed by the 124-byte **PermanentEntryID** structure.

TaggedPropertyValue structure #2 (beginning at address 0x008B in the **RopModifyPermissions** ROP request buffer):

PropertyTag: 0x66730003 (**PidTagMemberRights** property)

PropertyValue: 0x00001FFB (**FreeBusyDetailed**, **FreeBusySimple**, **FolderVisible**, **FolderContact**, **FolderOwner**, **CreateSubFolder**, **DeleteAny**, **EditAny**, **DeleteOwned**, **EditOwned**, **Create**, and **ReadAny** flags are set)

The server returns the following response buffer, which indicates that it has successfully updated the permissions list for the folder.

The **RopModifyPermissions** ROP response buffer contains the following data (6 bytes):

```
0000: 40 02 00 00 00 00
```

RopId: 0x40

InputHandleIndex: 2 (HSOT=0x000001DA)

ReturnValue: 0x00000000 (success)

4.2 Modifying an Entry in the Permissions List

In this example, the client is modifying the entry for "user8" in the **permissions list** on the **Calendar folder**. First, the client retrieves the permissions list by sending the same **RopGetPermissionsTable** ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.10.2), **RopSetColumns** ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.5.1), and **RopQueryRows** ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.5.4) **ROP requests** as in the example in section 4.1. The server returns the following three **ROP response buffers** with the current permissions list contained in the **RowData** field of the **RopQueryRows** ROP response buffer.

The **RopGetPermissionsTable** ROP response buffer contains the following data (6 bytes).

```
0000: 3E 01 00 00 00 00
```

RopId: 0x3E

OutputHandleIndex: 1 (HSOT=0x000000CA)

ReturnValue: 0x00000000 (success)

The **RopSetColumns** ROP response buffer contains the following data (7 bytes).

```
0000: 12 01 00 00 00 00 00
```

RopId: 0x12

InputHandleIndex: 1 (HSOT=0x000000CA)

ReturnValue: 0x00000000 (success)

TableStatus: 0x00 (**TBLSTAT_COMPLETE** flag is set)

The **RopQueryRows** ROP response buffer contains the following data (212 bytes).

```
0000: 15 01 00 00 00 00 02 03-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
0010: 00 00 00 00 00 08 00 00-00 00 00 02 00 00 00 15 .....
0020: 00 00 00 75 00 73 00 65-00 72 00 38 00 00 00 FB ...u.s.e.r.8...
0030: 1F 00 00 7C 00 00 00 00-00 DC A7 40 C8 C0 42 10 ...|.....@..B.
0040: 1A B4 B9 08 00 2B 2F E1-82 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....+/.....
0050: 00 2F 4F 3D 46 49 52 53-54 20 4F 52 47 41 4E 49 ./O=FIRST ORGANI
0060: 5A 41 54 49 4F 4E 2F 4F-55 3D 45 58 43 48 41 4E ZATION/OU=EXCHAN
```

```
0070: 47 45 20 41 44 4D 49 4E-49 53 54 52 41 54 49 56 GE ADMINISTRATIV
0080: 45 20 47 52 4F 55 50 20-28 46 59 44 49 42 4F 48 E GROUP (FYDIBOH
0090: 46 32 33 53 50 44 4C 54-29 2F 43 4E 3D 52 45 43 F23SPDLT)/CN=REC
00A0: 49 50 49 45 4E 54 53 2F-43 4E 3D 55 53 45 52 38 IPIENTS/CN=USER8
00B0: 00 00 FF FF FF FF FF FF-FF FF 41 00 6E 00 6F 00 .....A.n.o.
00C0: 6E 00 79 00 6D 00 6F 00-75 00 73 00 00 00 00 n.y.m.o.u.s.....
00D0: 00 00 00 00 .....
```

RopId: 0x15

InputHandleIndex: 1 (HSOT=0x000000CA)

ReturnValue: 0x00000000 (success)

Origin: 0x02 (**BOOKMARK_END** flag is set)

RowCount: 0x0003 (three **PropertyRow** structures in the **RowData** field)

RowData:

PropertyRow structure #1 (beginning at address 0x0009 in the **RopQueryRows** ROP response buffer):

Flag: 0x00 (no errors)

ValueArray:

0x0000000000000000 (default user)

0x0000 (**Unicode** null)

0x00000800 (**FreeBusySimple** flag is set)

0x0000 (byte count is zero bytes, indicating that no **PermanentEntryID** structure ([\[MS-OXNSPI\]](#) section 2.2.9.3) is present)

PropertyRow structure #2 (beginning at address 0x001A in the **RopQueryRows** ROP response buffer):

Flag: 0x00 (no errors)

ValueArray:

0x0000001500000002

"user8"

0x00001FFB (**FreeBusyDetailed**, **FreeBusySimple**, **FolderVisible**, **FolderContact**, **FolderOwner**, **CreateSubFolder**, **DeleteAny**, **EditAny**, **DeleteOwned**, **EditOwned**, **Create**, and **ReadAny** flags are set)

The last value in the **ValueArray** field is the value of the **PidTagEntryId** property (section [2.2.4](#)). The value begins with the byte count, 0x007C (124), at address 0x0033 in the **RopQueryRows** ROP response buffer, followed by the 124-byte **PermanentEntryID** structure.

PropertyRow structure #3 (beginning at address 0x00B1 in the **RopQueryRows** ROP response buffer):

Flag: 0x00 (no errors)

ValueArray:

0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF (anonymous user)

"Anonymous"

0x00000000 (no **permissions** flags are set)

0x0000 (byte count is zero bytes, indicating that no **PermanentEntryID** structure is present)

The permissions list on this folder now has an entry for "user8", which the client added as shown in the example in section 4.1. The client changes the permissions for "user8" from 0x00001FFB to 0x00001800 (**FreeBusyDetailed** and **FreeBusySimple** flags) by sending the following **RopModifyPermissions** request ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.10.1) with the **PermissionsData** field containing the entry to be modified.

The **RopModifyPermissions ROP request buffer** contains the following data (29 bytes).

```
0000: 40 00 00 02 01 00 02 02-00 14 00 71 66 02 00 00 @.....qf...
0010: 00 15 00 00 00 03 00 73-66 00 18 00 00 .....sf....
```

RopId: 0x40

LogonId: 0

InputHandleIndex: 0 (HSOT=0x000001DA)

ModifyFlags: 0x02 (**IncludeFreeBusy** flag is set)

ModifyCount: 0x0001 (one **PermissionData** structure in the **PermissionsData** field)

PermissionsData:

PermissionData structure (beginning at address 0x0006 in the **RopModifyPermissions** ROP request buffer):

PermissionDataFlags: 0x02 (**ModifyRow** flag is set)

PropertyValueCount: 0x0002 (two **TaggedPropertyValue** structures in the **PropertyValues** field)

PropertyValues:

TaggedPropertyValue structure #1 (beginning at address 0x0009 in the **RopModifyPermissions** ROP request buffer):

PropertyTag: 0x66710014 (**PidTagMemberId** property (section [2.2.5](#)))

PropertyValue: 0x0000001500000002

TaggedPropertyValue structure #2 (beginning at address 0x0015 in the **RopModifyPermissions** ROP request buffer):

PropertyTag: 0x66730003 (**PidTagMemberRights** property (section [2.2.7](#)))

PropertyValue: 0x00001800 (**FreeBusyDetailed** and **FreeBusySimple** flags are set)

The server returns the following ROP response buffer, which indicates that it successfully updated the permissions list for the folder.

The **RopModifyPermissions** ROP response buffer contains the following data (6 bytes).

```
0000: 40 00 00 00 00 00
```

RopId: 0x40

InputHandleIndex: 0 (HSOT=0x000001DA)

ReturnValue: 0x00000000 (success)

4.3 Removing an Entry from the Permissions List

In this example, the client is removing the entry for "user8" from the **permissions list** on the **Calendar folder**. First, the client retrieves the permissions list by sending the same **RopGetPermissionsTable** ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.10.2), **RopSetColumns** [MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.5.1, and **RopQueryRows** ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.5.4) **ROP requests** as in the example in section 4.1. The server returns the following three **ROP response buffers** with the current permissions list contained in the **RowData** field of the **RopQueryRows** ROP response buffer.

The **RopGetPermissionsTable** ROP response buffer contains the following data (6 bytes).

```
0000: 3E 01 00 00 00 00
```

RopId: 0x3E

OutputHandleIndex: 1 (HSOT=0x000000CA)

ReturnValue: 0x00000000 (success)

The **RopSetColumns** ROP response buffer contains the following data (7 bytes).

```
0000: 12 01 00 00 00 00 00
```

RopId: 0x12

InputHandleIndex: 1 (HSOT=0x000000CA)

ReturnValue: 0x00000000 (success)

TableStatus: 0x00 (**TBLSTAT_COMPLETE** flag is set)

The **RopQueryRows** ROP response buffer contains the following data (212 bytes).

```
0000: 15 01 00 00 00 00 02 03-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
0010: 00 00 00 00 00 08 00 00-00 00 00 02 00 00 00 15 .....
0020: 00 00 00 75 00 73 00 65-00 72 00 38 00 00 00 00 ...u.s.e.r.8...
0030: 18 00 00 7C 00 00 00 00-00 DC A7 40 C8 C0 42 10 ...|.....@..B.
0040: 1A B4 B9 08 00 2B 2F E1-82 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....+/.....
0050: 00 2F 4F 3D 46 49 52 53-54 20 4F 52 47 41 4E 49 ./O=FIRST ORGANI
0060: 5A 41 54 49 4F 4E 2F 4F-55 3D 45 58 43 48 41 4E ZATION/OU=EXCHAN
0070: 47 45 20 41 44 4D 49 4E-49 53 54 52 41 54 49 56 GE ADMINISTRATIV
0080: 45 20 47 52 4F 55 50 20-28 46 59 44 49 42 4F 48 E GROUP (FYDIBOH
0090: 46 32 33 53 50 44 4C 54-29 2F 43 4E 3D 52 45 43 F23SPDLT)/CN=REC
00A0: 49 50 49 45 4E 54 53 2F-43 4E 3D 55 53 45 52 38 IPIENTS/CN=USER8
00B0: 00 00 FF FF FF FF FF FF-FF FF 41 00 6E 00 6F 00 .....A.n.o.
00C0: 6E 00 79 00 6D 00 6F 00-75 00 73 00 00 00 00 00 n.y.m.o.u.s.....
00D0: 00 00 00 00 .....
```

RopId: 0x15

InputHandleIndex: 1 (HSOT=0x000000CA)

ReturnValue: 0x00000000 (success)

Origin: 0x02 (**BOOKMARK_END** flag is set)

RowCount: 0x0003 (three **PropertyRow** structures in the **RowData** field)

RowData:

PropertyRow structure #1 (beginning at address 0x0009 in the **RopQueryRows** ROP response buffer):

Flag: 0x00 (no errors)

ValueArray:

0x0000000000000000 (default user)

0x0000 (**Unicode** null)

0x00000800 (**FreeBusySimple** flag is set)

0x0000 (byte count is zero bytes, indicating that no **PermanentEntryID** structure ([\[MS-OXNSPI\]](#) section 2.2.9.3) is present)

PropertyRow structure #2 (beginning at address 0x001A in the **RopQueryRows** ROP response buffer):

Flag: 0x00 (no errors)

ValueArray:

0x0000001500000002

"user8"

0x00001800 (**FreeBusyDetailed** and **FreeBusySimple** flags are set)

The last value in the **ValueArray** field is the value of the **PidTagEntryId** property (section [2.2.4](#)). The value begins with the byte count, 0x007C (124), at address 0x0033 in the **RopQueryRows** ROP response buffer, followed by the 124-byte **PermanentEntryID** structure.

PropertyRow structure #3 (beginning at address 0x00B1 in the **RopQueryRows** ROP response buffer):

Flag: 0x00 (no errors)

ValueArray:

0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF (anonymous user)

"Anonymous"

0x00000000 (no **permissions** flags are set)

0x0000 (byte count is zero bytes, indicating that no **PermanentEntryID** structure is present)

The permissions list on this folder now has an entry for "user8", which the client added as shown in the example in section 4.1 and modified as shown in the example in section [4.2](#). The client removes the permissions for "user8" from the permissions list by sending the following

RopModifyPermissions ROP request ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.10.1) with the **PermissionsData** field containing the entry to be removed.

The **RopModifyPermissions ROP request buffer** contains the following data (21 bytes).

```
0000: 40 00 00 02 01 00 04 01-00 14 00 71 66 02 00 00 @.....qf...
0010: 00 15 00 00 00 .....

```

RopId: 0x40

LogonId: 0

InputHandleIndex: 0 (HSOT=0x000001DA)

ModifyFlags: 0x02 (**IncludeFreeBusy** flag is set)

ModifyCount: 0x0001 (one **PermissionData** structure in the **PermissionsData** field)

PermissionsData:

PermissionData structure (beginning at address 0x0006 in the **RopModifyPermissions** ROP request buffer):

PermissionDataFlags: 0x04 (**RemoveRow** flag is set)

PropertyValueCount: 0x0001 (one **TaggedPropertyValue** structure in the **PropertyValues** field)

PropertyValues:

TaggedPropertyValue structure #1 (beginning at address 0x0009 in the **RopModifyPermissions** ROP request buffer):

PropertyTag: 0x66710014 (**PidTagMemberId** property (section [2.2.5](#)))

PropertyValue: 0x0000001500000002

The server returns the following ROP response buffer, indicating that it has successfully updated the permissions list for the folder.

The **RopModifyPermissions** ROP response buffer contains the following data (6 bytes).

```
0000: 40 00 00 00 00 00
```

RopId: 0x40

InputHandleIndex: 0 (HSOT=0x000001DA)

ReturnValue: 0x00000000 (success)

5 Security

5.1 Security Considerations for Implementers

Implementers of this protocol have to manage the folder **permissions** specified by the **FolderVisible**, **FolderContact**, and **FolderOwner flags** properly. General security considerations pertaining to the underlying **ROP**-based transport apply.

5.2 Index of Security Parameters

None.

Preliminary

6 Appendix A: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include updates to those products.

- Microsoft Exchange Server 2003
- Microsoft Exchange Server 2007
- Microsoft Exchange Server 2010
- Microsoft Exchange Server 2013
- Microsoft Exchange Server 2016
- Microsoft Exchange Server 2019
- Microsoft Office Outlook 2003
- Microsoft Office Outlook 2007
- Microsoft Outlook 2010
- Microsoft Outlook 2013
- Microsoft Outlook 2016
- Microsoft Outlook 2019
- Microsoft Outlook 2021

Exceptions, if any, are noted in this section. If an update version, service pack or Knowledge Base (KB) number appears with a product name, the behavior changed in that update. The new behavior also applies to subsequent updates unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms "SHOULD" or "SHOULD NOT" implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term "MAY" implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

<1> [Section 2.2.2.1](#): Office Outlook 2003 and Office Outlook 2007 do not set the **ReplaceRows** flag in the **RopModifyPermissions ROP request buffer** ([\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#) section 2.2.10.1.1).

<2> [Section 2.2.3](#): Outlook 2010, Outlook 2013, Outlook 2016, Outlook 2019 do not use the **PidTagAccessControlListData** property (section [2.2.3](#)).

<3> [Section 2.2.7](#): Exchange 2007 does not allow the properties of a folder to be modified when the **FolderOwner** flag is set.

<4> [Section 2.2.7](#): Exchange 2007 and Exchange 2010 allow the properties of a folder to be modified when the **FolderOwner** flag is not set.

<5> [Section 2.2.7](#): Exchange 2007, Exchange 2010, Exchange 2013, Exchange 2016, and Exchange 2019 include the **FreeBusySimple** flag by default on the **Calendar folder** for any entry in the **permissions list** except the **anonymous user** and add the **FreeBusyDetailed** flag to any entries that have the **ReadAny** flag set. Exchange 2007, Exchange 2010, Exchange 2013, Exchange 2016, and Exchange 2019 use these defaults until the client modifies the permissions list with the **IncludeFreeBusy** flag set in the **RopModifyPermissions ROP request** to override the default value.

<6> [Section 3.1.4.2](#): Office Outlook 2003 and Office Outlook 2007 do not set the **ReplaceRows** flag in the **RopModifyPermissions** ROP request buffer ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.10.1.1).

Preliminary

7 Change Tracking

This section identifies changes that were made to this document since the last release. Changes are classified as Major, Minor, or None.

The revision class **Major** means that the technical content in the document was significantly revised. Major changes affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of major changes are:

- A document revision that incorporates changes to interoperability requirements.
- A document revision that captures changes to protocol functionality.

The revision class **Minor** means that the meaning of the technical content was clarified. Minor changes do not affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of minor changes are updates to clarify ambiguity at the sentence, paragraph, or table level.

The revision class **None** means that no new technical changes were introduced. Minor editorial and formatting changes may have been made, but the relevant technical content is identical to the last released version.

The changes made to this document are listed in the following table. For more information, please contact dochelp@microsoft.com.

Section	Description	Revision class
6 Appendix A: Product Behavior	Updated list of supported products.	major

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