

[MS-OXCMMSG]: Message and Attachment Object Protocol Specification

Intellectual Property Rights Notice for Open Specifications Documentation

- **Technical Documentation.** Microsoft publishes Open Specifications documentation for protocols, file formats, languages, standards as well as overviews of the interaction among each of these technologies.
- **Copyrights.** This documentation is covered by Microsoft copyrights. Regardless of any other terms that are contained in the terms of use for the Microsoft website that hosts this documentation, you may make copies of it in order to develop implementations of the technologies described in the Open Specifications and may distribute portions of it in your implementations using these technologies or your documentation as necessary to properly document the implementation. You may also distribute in your implementation, with or without modification, any schema, IDL's, or code samples that are included in the documentation. This permission also applies to any documents that are referenced in the Open Specifications.
- **No Trade Secrets.** Microsoft does not claim any trade secret rights in this documentation.
- **Patents.** Microsoft has patents that may cover your implementations of the technologies described in the Open Specifications. Neither this notice nor Microsoft's delivery of the documentation grants any licenses under those or any other Microsoft patents. However, a given Open Specification may be covered by Microsoft's Open Specification Promise (available here: <http://www.microsoft.com/interop/osp>) or the Community Promise (available here: <http://www.microsoft.com/interop/cp/default.mspx>). If you would prefer a written license, or if the technologies described in the Open Specifications are not covered by the Open Specifications Promise or Community Promise, as applicable, patent licenses are available by contacting iplq@microsoft.com.
- **Trademarks.** The names of companies and products contained in this documentation may be covered by trademarks or similar intellectual property rights. This notice does not grant any licenses under those rights.

Reservation of Rights. All other rights are reserved, and this notice does not grant any rights other than specifically described above, whether by implication, estoppel, or otherwise.

Tools. The Open Specifications do not require the use of Microsoft programming tools or programming environments in order for you to develop an implementation. If you have access to Microsoft programming tools and environments you are free to take advantage of them. Certain Open Specifications are intended for use in conjunction with publicly available standard specifications and network programming art, and assumes that the reader either is familiar with the aforementioned material or has immediate access to it.

Revision Summary

Date	Revision History	Revision Class	Comments
04/04/2008	0.1		Initial Availability.
04/25/2008	0.2		Revised and updated property names and other technical content.
06/27/2008	1.0		Initial Release.
08/06/2008	1.01		Revised and edited technical content.
09/03/2008	1.02		Revised and edited technical content.
10/01/2008	1.03		Revised and edited technical content.
12/03/2008	1.04		Updated IP notice.
04/10/2009	2.0		Updated technical content and applicable product releases.
07/15/2009	3.0	Major	Revised and edited for technical content.
11/04/2009	4.0.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.

Table of Contents

1 Introduction	9
1.1 Glossary.....	9
1.2 References.....	10
1.2.1 Normative References	10
1.2.2 Informative References	11
1.3 Protocol Overview	11
1.3.1 Messages.....	11
1.3.2 FAI Messages.....	12
1.3.3 Message Recipients	12
1.3.4 Message Attachments.....	12
1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols.....	12
1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions.....	13
1.6 Applicability Statement.....	13
1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation.....	13
1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields	13
1.9 Standards Assignments	13
2 Messages	14
2.1 Transport.....	14
2.2 Message Syntax.....	14
2.2.1 Message Object Properties.....	14
2.2.1.1 General Properties.....	14
2.2.1.2 PidTagHasAttachments.....	14
2.2.1.3 PidTagMessageClass.....	15
2.2.1.4 PidTagMessageCodepage.....	15
2.2.1.5 PidTagMessageLocaleId	15
2.2.1.6 PidTagMessageFlags.....	15
2.2.1.7 PidTagMessageSize	16
2.2.1.8 PidTagMessageStatus.....	16
2.2.1.9 PidTagSubjectPrefix.....	17
2.2.1.10 PidTagNormalizedSubject	17
2.2.1.11 PidTagImportance	17
2.2.1.12 PidTagPriority.....	18
2.2.1.13 PidTagSensitivity.....	18
2.2.1.14 PidLidSmartNoAttach.....	18
2.2.1.15 PidLidPrivate	18
2.2.1.16 PidLidSideEffects	18
2.2.1.17 PidNameKeywords.....	19
2.2.1.18 PidLidCommonStart.....	19
2.2.1.19 PidLidCommonEnd.....	19
2.2.1.20 Body Properties	19
2.2.1.20.1 PidTagBody.....	20
2.2.1.20.2 PidTagNativeBody	20
2.2.1.20.3 PidTagBodyHtml.....	20
2.2.1.20.4 PidTagRtfCompressed.....	20
2.2.1.20.5 PidTagRtfInSync.....	20
2.2.1.20.6 PidTagInternetCodepage	20
2.2.1.21 Contact Linking Properties	20
2.2.1.21.1 PidLidContactLinkEntry	21
2.2.1.21.2 PidLidContacts.....	21

2.2.1.21.3	PidLidContactLinkName	21
2.2.1.21.4	PidLidContactLinkSearchKey	21
2.2.1.22	Retention and Archive Properties	21
2.2.1.22.1	PidTagArchiveTag	21
2.2.1.22.2	PidTagPolicyTag	22
2.2.1.22.3	PidTagRetentionPeriod	22
2.2.1.22.4	PidTagStartDateEtc	22
2.2.1.22.5	PidTagRetentionDate	22
2.2.1.22.6	PidTagRetentionFlags	23
2.2.1.22.7	PidTagArchivePeriod	23
2.2.1.22.8	PidTagArchiveDate	24
2.2.2	Attachment Object Properties	24
2.2.2.1	General Properties	24
2.2.2.2	PidTagLastModificationTime	24
2.2.2.3	PidTagCreationTime	24
2.2.2.4	PidTagDisplayName	24
2.2.2.5	PidTagAttachSize	24
2.2.2.6	PidTagAttachNumber	25
2.2.2.7	PidTagAttachDataBinary	25
2.2.2.8	PidTagAttachDataObject	25
2.2.2.9	PidTagAttachMethod	25
2.2.2.10	PidTagAttachLongFilename	25
2.2.2.11	PidTagAttachFilename	25
2.2.2.12	PidTagAttachExtension	26
2.2.2.13	PidTagAttachLongPathname	26
2.2.2.14	PidTagAttachPathname	26
2.2.2.15	PidTagAttachTag	26
2.2.2.16	PidTagRenderingPosition	26
2.2.2.17	PidTagAttachRendering	26
2.2.2.18	PidTagAttachFlags	26
2.2.2.19	PidTagAttachTransportName	27
2.2.2.20	PidTagAttachEncoding	27
2.2.2.21	PidTagAttachAdditionalInformation	27
2.2.2.22	PidTagAttachmentLinkId	27
2.2.2.23	PidTagAttachmentFlags	27
2.2.2.24	PidTagAttachmentHidden	27
2.2.2.25	MIME properties	28
2.2.3	Message Object ROPS	28
2.2.3.1	RopOpenMessage Buffer Format	28
2.2.3.1.1	Request Buffer	28
2.2.3.1.1.1	CodePageId	28
2.2.3.1.1.2	FolderId	28
2.2.3.1.1.3	OpenModeFlag	29
2.2.3.1.1.4	MessageId	29
2.2.3.1.2	Response Buffer	29
2.2.3.1.2.1	HasNamedProperties	29
2.2.3.1.2.2	SubjectPrefix	29
2.2.3.1.2.3	NormalizedSubject	29
2.2.3.1.2.4	RecipientCount	29
2.2.3.1.2.5	ColumnCount	29
2.2.3.1.2.6	RecipientColumns	30
2.2.3.1.2.7	RowCount	30
2.2.3.1.2.8	RecipientRows	30

2.2.3.2 RopCreateMessage Buffer Format.....	30
2.2.3.2.1 Request Buffer.....	31
2.2.3.2.1.1 CodePageId.....	31
2.2.3.2.1.2 FolderId.....	31
2.2.3.2.1.3 AssociatedFlag.....	31
2.2.3.2.2 Response Buffer.....	31
2.2.3.2.2.1 HasMessageId.....	31
2.2.3.2.2.2 MessageId.....	31
2.2.3.3 RopSaveChangesMessageBuffer Format.....	31
2.2.3.3.1 Request Buffer.....	32
2.2.3.3.1.1 SaveFlags.....	32
2.2.3.3.2 Response Buffer.....	32
2.2.3.3.2.1 Message Id.....	32
2.2.3.4 RopRemoveAllRecipients Buffer Format.....	32
2.2.3.4.1 Request Buffer.....	33
2.2.3.4.1.1 Reserved.....	33
2.2.3.4.2 Response Buffer.....	33
2.2.3.5 RopModifyRecipients Buffer Format.....	33
2.2.3.5.1 Request Buffer.....	33
2.2.3.5.1.1 ColumnCount.....	33
2.2.3.5.1.2 RecipientColumns.....	33
2.2.3.5.1.3 RowCount.....	33
2.2.3.5.1.4 RecipientRows.....	33
2.2.3.5.2 Response Buffer.....	34
2.2.3.6 RopReadRecipients Buffer Format.....	34
2.2.3.6.1 Request Buffer.....	34
2.2.3.6.1.1 RowId.....	34
2.2.3.6.1.2 Reserved.....	34
2.2.3.6.2 Response Buffer.....	34
2.2.3.6.2.1 RowCount.....	34
2.2.3.6.2.2 RecipientRows.....	34
2.2.3.7 RopReloadCachedInformation Buffer Format.....	35
2.2.3.7.1 Request Buffer.....	35
2.2.3.7.1.1 Reserved.....	35
2.2.3.7.2 Response Buffer.....	35
2.2.3.8 RopSetMessageStatus Buffer Format.....	35
2.2.3.8.1 Request Buffer.....	35
2.2.3.8.1.1 MessageId.....	35
2.2.3.8.1.2 MessageStatusFlags.....	36
2.2.3.8.1.3 MessageStatusMask.....	36
2.2.3.8.2 Response Buffer.....	36
2.2.3.8.2.1 MessageStatusFlags.....	36
2.2.3.9 RopGetMessageStatus Buffer Format.....	36
2.2.3.9.1 Request Buffer.....	36
2.2.3.9.1.1 MessageId.....	36
2.2.3.9.2 Response Buffer.....	36
2.2.3.9.2.1 MessageStatusFlags.....	36
2.2.3.10 RopSetReadFlags Buffer Format.....	37
2.2.3.10.1 Request Buffer.....	37
2.2.3.10.1.1 WantAsynchronous.....	37
2.2.3.10.1.2 ReadFlags.....	37
2.2.3.10.1.3 MessageIdCount.....	37
2.2.3.10.1.4 MessageIds.....	38

2.2.3.10.2	Response Buffer	38
2.2.3.10.2.1	PartialCompletion	38
2.2.3.11	RopSetMessageReadFlag	38
2.2.3.11.1	Request Buffer	38
2.2.3.11.1.1	ReadFlags	38
2.2.3.11.1.2	ClientData	38
2.2.3.11.2	Response Buffer	38
2.2.3.11.2.1	ReadStatusChanged	38
2.2.3.11.2.2	LogonId	39
2.2.3.11.2.3	ClientData	39
2.2.3.12	RopOpenAttachment	39
2.2.3.12.1	Request Buffer	39
2.2.3.12.1.1	OpenAttachmentFlags	39
2.2.3.12.1.2	AttachmentID	39
2.2.3.12.2	Response Buffer	39
2.2.3.13	RopCreateAttachment	40
2.2.3.13.1	Request Buffer	40
2.2.3.13.2	Response Buffer	40
2.2.3.13.2.1	AttachmentID	40
2.2.3.14	RopDeleteAttachment	40
2.2.3.14.1	Request Buffer	40
2.2.3.14.1.1	AttachmentID	40
2.2.3.14.2	Response Buffer	40
2.2.3.15	RopSaveChangesAttachment Buffer Format	40
2.2.3.15.1	Request Buffer	41
2.2.3.15.1.1	SaveFlags	41
2.2.3.15.2	Response Buffer	41
2.2.3.16	RopOpenEmbeddedMessage Buffer Format	41
2.2.3.16.1	Request Buffer	41
2.2.3.16.1.1	CodePageId	41
2.2.3.16.1.2	OpenModeFlags	41
2.2.3.16.2	Response Buffer	41
2.2.3.16.2.1	MessageId	42
2.2.3.16.2.2	HasNamedProperties	42
2.2.3.16.2.3	Subject Prefix	42
2.2.3.16.2.4	NormalizedSubject	42
2.2.3.16.2.5	RecipientCount	42
2.2.3.16.2.6	ColumnCount	42
2.2.3.16.2.7	RecipientColumns	42
2.2.3.16.2.8	Row Count	42
2.2.3.16.2.9	RecipientRows	42
2.2.3.17	RopGetAttachmentTable Buffer Format	42
2.2.3.17.1	Request Buffer	42
2.2.3.17.1.1	Table Flags	43
2.2.3.17.2	Response Buffer	43
2.2.3.18	RopGetValidAttachments Buffer Format	43
2.2.3.18.1	Request Buffer	43
2.2.3.18.2	Success Response Buffer	43
2.2.3.18.3	Failure Response Buffer	43
3	Protocol Details	44
3.1	Client Details	44
3.1.1	Abstract Data Model	44

3.1.1.1	Linking a Contact Object	44
3.1.2	Timers	44
3.1.3	Initialization	44
3.1.4	Higher-Layer Triggered Events	44
3.1.4.1	Opening a Message Object	44
3.1.4.2	Creating a Message Object	45
3.1.4.3	Saving Message Object Changes.....	45
3.1.4.4	Removing All Recipients	45
3.1.4.5	Adding, Deleting, and Modifying Recipients.....	45
3.1.4.6	Reading Recipients.....	45
3.1.4.7	Reload Message Object Header Info.....	46
3.1.4.8	Setting Message Status	46
3.1.4.9	Getting Message Status.....	46
3.1.4.10	Setting Message Object Read State	46
3.1.4.11	Opening Attachments	46
3.1.4.12	Creating Attachments.....	47
3.1.4.13	Setting Attachment Object Content.....	47
3.1.4.14	Saving Attachment Object Changes	47
3.1.4.15	Opening an Embedded Message Object.....	47
3.1.4.16	Accessing the Attachments Table.....	47
3.1.4.17	Creating an Embedded Message	48
3.1.4.18	Saving an Embedded Message	48
3.1.5	Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules	48
3.1.6	Timer Events.....	48
3.1.7	Other Local Events	48
3.2	Server Details	48
3.2.1	Abstract Data Model.....	48
3.2.2	Timers	48
3.2.3	Initialization	48
3.2.4	Higher-Layer Triggered Events	48
3.2.5	Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules	48
3.2.5.1	RopOpenMessage.....	48
3.2.5.2	RopCreateMessage.....	49
3.2.5.3	RopSaveChangesMessage.....	50
3.2.5.4	RopRemoveAllRecipients.....	50
3.2.5.5	RopModifyRecipients.....	51
3.2.5.6	RopReadRecipients.....	51
3.2.5.7	RopReloadCachedInformation.....	52
3.2.5.8	RopSetMessageStatus	52
3.2.5.9	RopGetMessageStatus.....	52
3.2.5.10	RopSetReadFlags.....	53
3.2.5.11	RopSetMessageReadFlag	53
3.2.5.12	RopOpenAttachment	53
3.2.5.13	RopCreateAttachment	54
3.2.5.14	RopSaveChangesAttachment	54
3.2.5.15	RopDeleteAttachment.....	55
3.2.5.16	RopOpenEmbeddedMessage	55
3.2.5.17	RopGetAttachmentTable.....	55
3.2.6	Timer Events.....	56
3.2.7	Other Local Events	56
4	Protocol Examples	57
4.1	Create Message.....	57

4.1.1	RopCreateMessage Request Buffer.....	57
4.1.2	RopCreateMessage Response Buffer	57
4.2	Name to Id Mapping.....	57
4.3	Get Attachment Table.....	57
4.3.1	RopGetAttachmentTable Request Buffer	58
4.3.2	RopGetAttachmentTable Response Buffer	58
4.4	Insert HTML Embedded Image.....	58
4.4.1	RopCreateAttachment Request Buffer.....	58
4.4.2	RopCreateAttachment Response Buffer.....	58
4.4.3	Setting Properties	59
4.4.4	RopSaveChangesAttachment Request Buffer.....	59
4.4.5	RopSaveChangesAttachment Response Buffer	60
4.4.6	Releasing Attachment Object.....	60
4.5	Attach Text File	60
4.5.1	RopCreateAttachment Request Buffer.....	60
4.5.2	RopCreateAttachment Response Buffer.....	60
4.5.3	Setting Properties	60
4.5.4	RopSaveChangesAttachment Request Buffer.....	61
4.5.5	RopSaveChangesAttachment Response Buffer	61
4.5.6	Releasing Attachment Object.....	62
4.6	Setting Message Properties.....	62
4.7	Adding Recipients.....	62
4.7.1	RopModifyRecipients Request Buffer	62
4.7.2	RopModifyRecipients Response Buffer.....	64
4.8	Save Message	64
4.8.1	RopSaveChangesMessage Request Buffer	64
4.8.2	RopSaveChangesMessage Response Buffer.....	65
4.9	Releasing Message Object	65
5	Security.....	66
5.1	Security Considerations for Implementers.....	66
5.2	Index of Security Parameters	66
6	Appendix A: Product Behavior	67
7	Change Tracking	68
8	Index.....	74

1 Introduction

The Message and Attachment Object Protocol provides the methods used within the server for manipulating **Message objects**.

1.1 Glossary

The following terms are defined in [\[MS-OXGLOS\]](#):

- address book**
- ASCII**
- attachment**
- Attachment object**
- Archive Policy**
- Bcc recipient**
- Cc recipient**
- code page**
- Contact object**
- contents table**
- Coordinated Universal Time (UTC)**
- Email object**
- Embedded Message object**
- Entry ID**
- folder**
- Folder Associated Information (FAI)**
- folder ID (FID)**
- Folder object**
- GUID**
- handle**
- HTML**
- Journal object**
- LogonID**
- Logon object**
- LongTermID**
- message**
- message class**
- message ID (MID)**
- Message object**
- metafile**
- MIME**
- named property**
- non-Unicode**
- Note object**
- permissions**
- plain text**
- primary recipient**
- property**
- property tag**
- read receipt**
- remote operation (ROP)**
- Retention Policy**
- Rich Text Format (RTF)**
- ROP request buffer**
- ROP response buffer**

S/MIME
soft delete
Store object
table
Transport Neutral Encapsulation Format (TNEF)
Unicode
Uniform Resource Identifier (URI)

The following terms are specific to this document:

archive tag: An element that contains information about the **Archive Policy** of a **Message object** or **folder**.

header message object: A Message object that contains partial information about a message left on a server such as an identifier for the message, the display names of the recipients and sender of the message, the subject of the message, and the delivery time of the message. It allows a client to display enough information about a message to let a user choose which messages to download.

Object Linking and Embedding (OLE): A Microsoft compound document standard that enables cross-application linking and embedding of objects.

retention tag: An element that contains information about the **Retention Policy** of a **Message object** or **folder**.

MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT: These terms (in all caps) are used as described in [\[RFC2119\]](#). All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

1.2 References

1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact dochejp@microsoft.com. We will assist you in finding the relevant information. Please check the archive site, <http://msdn2.microsoft.com/en-us/library/E4BD6494-06AD-4aed-9823-445E921C9624>, as an additional source.

[MS-LCID] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Language Code Identifier (LCID) Reference", March 2007, <http://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=112265>.

[MS-OXCDATA] Microsoft Corporation, "[Data Structures](#)", June 2008.

[MS-OXCFOLD] Microsoft Corporation, "[Folder Object Protocol Specification](#)", June 2008.

[MS-OXCMAIL] Microsoft Corporation, "[RFC2822 and MIME to E-Mail Object Conversion Protocol Specification](#)", June 2008.

[MS-OXCPRPT] Microsoft Corporation, "[Property and Stream Object Protocol Specification](#)", June 2008.

[MS-OXCROPS] Microsoft Corporation, "[Remote Operations \(ROP\) List and Encoding Protocol Specification](#)", June 2008.

[MS-OXCSTOR] Microsoft Corporation, "[Store Object Protocol Specification](#)", June 2008.

[MS-OXCTABL] Microsoft Corporation, "[Table Object Protocol Specification](#)", June 2008.

[MS-OXGLOS] Microsoft Corporation, "[Exchange Server Protocols Master Glossary](#)", June 2008.

[MS-OXOABK] Microsoft Corporation, "[Address Book Object Protocol Specification](#)", June 2008.

[MS-OXOCAL] Microsoft Corporation, "[Appointment and Meeting Object Protocol Specification](#)", June 2008.

[MS-OXOCNTC] Microsoft Corporation, "[Contact Object Protocol Specification](#)", June 2008.

[MS-OXODOC] Microsoft Corporation, "[Document Object Protocol Specification](#)", June 2008.

[MS-OXOJRN] Microsoft Corporation, "[Journal Object Protocol Specification](#)", June 2008.

[MS-OXOMSG] Microsoft Corporation, "[E-Mail Object Protocol Specification](#)", June 2008.

[MS-OXONOTE] Microsoft Corporation, "[Note Object Protocol Specification](#)", June 2008.

[MS-OXOPOST] Microsoft Corporation, "[Post Object Protocol Specification](#)", June 2008.

[MS-OXORSS] Microsoft Corporation, "[RSS Object Protocol Specification](#)", June 2008.

[MS-OXOSFLD] Microsoft Corporation, "[Special Folders Protocol Specification](#)", June 2008.

[MS-OXOSMIME] Microsoft Corporation, "[S/MIME E-Mail Object Protocol Specification](#)", June 2008.

[MS-OXOSMMS] Microsoft Corporation, "[Short Message Service \(SMS\) and Multimedia Messaging Service \(MMS\) Object Protocol Specification](#)", June 2008.

[MS-OXOTASK] Microsoft Corporation, "[Task-Related Objects Protocol Specification](#)", June 2008.

[MS-OXOUM] Microsoft Corporation, "[Voice Mail and Fax Objects Protocol Specification](#)", June 2008.

[MS-OXPROPS] Microsoft Corporation, "[Exchange Server Protocols Master Property List](#)", June 2008.

[MS-OXTNEF] Microsoft Corporation, "[Transport Neutral Encapsulation Format \(TNEF\) Data Structure](#)", June 2008.

[MS-WMF] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Metafile Format Specification", June 2007, <http://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=112205>.

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt>.

[RFC2822] Resnick, P., Ed., "Internet Message Format", RFC 2822, April 2001, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2822.txt>.

1.2.2 Informative References

None.

1.3 Protocol Overview

1.3.1 Messages

Message objects are representations of end-users' data that store **properties** and are persisted in a **folder** hierarchy within a **message store**.

1.3.2 FAI Messages

Folder Associated Information (FAI) messages are a type of message that contains non-user data needed by the client or server. FAI messages are persisted in the same way as Message objects, but cannot be sent.

1.3.3 Message Recipients

Message objects allow clients to associate one or more **recipients** to a message. A recipient is a set of properties that describe where the message is to be delivered. Clients add, remove or modify recipients through the **RecipientRows**.

1.3.4 Message Attachments

An **Attachment object** is used by a client to associate files, **Object Linking and Embedding (OLE)** objects, other messages, or binary data with a particular Message object. Because Attachment objects are created, maintained, and accessed only in the context of a message, they are considered sub-objects. Operations that affect the location of a Message object also apply to its **attachments**. Clients retrieve information about attachments in a message via an attachment **table**, which is a table object as specified in the [\[MS-OXCTABL\]](#).

1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols

The Message and Attachment Object Protocol relies on folders, tables, and properties, as specified in [\[MS-OXCFOLD\]](#), [\[MS-OXOSFLD\]](#), [\[MS-OXCTABL\]](#), [\[MS-OXCPRPT\]](#), as well as the underlying **remote operations** transport, specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

At the time of this publication, the following protocols are known to extend Message and Attachment Object Protocol.

- Appointment and Meeting Object Protocol, [\[MS-OXOCAL\]](#)
- Contact Object Protocol, [\[MS-OXOCNTC\]](#)
- E-mail Object Protocol, [\[MS-OXOMSG\]](#)
- Task –Related Objects Protocol, [\[MS-OXOTASK\]](#)
- Note Object Protocol, [\[MS-OXONOTE\]](#)
- Journal Object Protocol, [\[MS-OXOJRNL\]](#)
- RSS Object Protocol, [\[MS-OXORSS\]](#)
- Post Object Protocol, [\[MS-OXOPOST\]](#)
- SMS and MMS Object Protocol, [\[MS-OXOSMMS\]](#)
- Document Object Protocol, [\[MS-OXODOC\]](#)
- S/MIME E-mail Object Protocol, [\[MS-OXOSMIME\]](#)
- Voice Mail and Fax Objects Protocol, [\[MS-OXOUM\]](#)

1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions

The Message and Attachment Object Protocol assumes the client has previously logged on to the server and has acquired a **handle** to the **Folder object** upon which it needs to operate. For more information, see [\[MS-OXCFOLD\]](#) and [\[MS-OXCSTOR\]](#).

1.6 Applicability Statement

The Message and Attachment Object Protocol can be used as the basis for different types of personal information messages, like E-mail, **Contacts**, **Appointments**, Notes, etc.

1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation

None.

1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields

A third-party application can create its own set of **named properties** on a Message object as specified in [\[MS-OXCPRPT\]](#). A third-party application can also extend the Message and Attachment Object Protocol to implement its own object type, by changing [PidTagMessageClass](#). See [\[MS-OXONOTE\]](#) for a simple example that extends this protocol to implement an electronic representation of a "Sticky Note".

1.9 Standards Assignments

None.

2 Messages

2.1 Transport

The **ROP request buffers** and **ROP response buffers** specified by this protocol are sent to and respectively are received from the server using the underlying remote operations transport as specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

2.2 Message Syntax

Message objects can be created and modified by clients and servers. Except where noted below, this section defines constraints to which both clients and servers adhere when operating on Message objects.

Clients operate on Message objects using the ROPs as specified in section [2.2.3](#), and the Property and Stream Object Protocol. See [\[MS-OXCPRPT\]](#) for more details.

Unless otherwise specified below, all property constraints specified in [\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) apply to Message objects. A Message object can also contain other properties defined in [\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#) but these properties have no impact on this protocol.

When a property is referred to as "read-only for the client" the server returns an error and ignore any request to change the value of that property.

2.2.1 Message Object Properties

All property value types (**PtypBoolean**, **PtypInteger32**, etc.) that are specified in the following sub-sections are defined in [\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.12.1.

2.2.1.1 General Properties

The following properties exist on all Message objects. These properties are read-only for the client. For specifications of the properties listed here see [\[MS-OXCPRPT\]](#).

[PidTagAccess](#)

[PidTagAccessLevel](#)

[PidTagChangeKey](#)

[PidTagCreationTime](#)

[PidTagLastModificationTime](#)

[PidTagLastModifierName](#)

[PidTagObjectType](#)

[PidTagRecordKey](#)

[PidTagSearchKey](#)

2.2.1.2 PidTagHasAttachments

Type: **PtypBoolean**.

Indicates whether the Message object contains at least one attachment. This property is read-only for the client.

The server computes this property from the **mfHasAttach** flag of [PidTagMessageFlags](#).

2.2.1.3 PidTagMessageClass

Type: **PtypString**.

Denotes the specific type of the Message object. It determines the set of properties defined for the message, the kind of information the message conveys, and how to handle the message.

All characters in this property MUST be from the **ASCII** characters 0x20 through 0x7F. It MUST NOT end with a period (ASCII character 0x2E), and its length MUST be greater than zero and less than 256 characters. Furthermore, its length SHOULD be fewer than 128 characters, because some operations require extending the value of [PidTagMessageClass](#).

The value of this property is interpreted in groups of characters separated by periods ("."). Each group specifies a derived type of object. If a server or client does not recognize a **message class**, it reverts to acting on all but the last group, recursively, until a recognized form remains. A message class of "IPM.Note" denotes a standard Message object, and a message class of "Remote.IPM.Note" indicates a **header message object**.

2.2.1.4 PidTagMessageCodepage

Type: **PtypInteger32**, unsigned

Specifies the **code page** used to encode the non-**Unicode string properties** on this Message object. The Folder Object code page is used if this property is set to "0x0000".

2.2.1.5 PidTagMessageLocaleId

Type: **PtypInteger32**, unsigned

Contains the Windows LCID of the end-user who created this message. For more details see [\[MS-LCID\]](#).

2.2.1.6 PidTagMessageFlags

Type: **PtypeInteger32**

Specifies the status of the Message object. Set to a bitwise OR of zero or more of the values from the following tables.

After the first successful [RopSaveChangesMessage](#), as described in section [2.2.3.3](#), these flags are read-only for the client.

Name	Value	Description
mfRead	0x00000001	The message is marked as having been read.
mfUnsent	0x00000008	The message is still being composed. This bit is cleared by the server when responding to RopSubmitMessage with a success code. See [MS-OXOMSG] for details.
mfResend	0x00000080	The message includes a request for a resend operation with a non-delivery

Name	Value	Description
		report. See [MS-OXOMSG] for details.

These flags are always read-only for the client.

Type	Value	Description
mfUnmodified	0x00000002	The message has not been modified since it was first saved (if unsent) or it was delivered (if sent).
mfSubmitted	0x00000004	The message is marked for sending as a result of a call to RopSubmitMessage [MS-OXOMSG].
mfHasAttach	0x00000010	The message has at least one attachment. This flag corresponds to the message's PidTagHasAttachments property.
mfFromMe	0x00000020	The user receiving the message was also the user who sent the message.
mfFAI	0x00000040	The message is an FAI message.
mfNotifyRead	0x00000100	The user who sent the message has requested notification when a recipient first reads it.
mfNotifyUnread	0x00000200	The user who sent the message has requested notification when a recipient deletes it before reading or the Message object expires as specified in [MS-OXOMSG].
mfInternet	0x00002000	The incoming message arrived over the Internet and originated either outside the organization or from a source the gateway does not consider trusted.
mfUntrusted	0x00008000	The incoming message arrived over an external link other than X.400 or the Internet. It originated either outside the organization or from a source the gateway does not consider trusted.

[PidTagMessageFlags](#) are also modified using [RopSetMessageReadFlag](#) request, as described in section [2.2.3.11](#), or [RopSetReadFlags](#), as described in section [2.2.3.10](#).

2.2.1.7 PidTagMessageSize

Type: **PtypInteger32**, unsigned

Contains the size in bytes consumed by the Message object on the server. This property is read-only for the client.

2.2.1.8 PidTagMessageStatus

Type: **PtypInteger32**

Specifies the status of a message in a contents table. Contains a bitwise OR of zero or more of the following values.

Type	Value	Description
msRemoteDownload	0x00001000	The message has been marked for downloading from the remote

Type	Value	Description
		message store to the local client.
msInConflict	0x00000800	This is a conflict resolve message as specified in [MS-OXCSYNC] . This is a read-only value for the client.
msRemoteDelete	0x00002000	The message has been marked for deletion at the remote message store without downloading to the local client.

In order to set [PidTagMessageStatus](#), the client does not include it in a [RopSetProperties](#) request, as described in [\[MS-OXCPRPT\]](#). Instead, the client calls [RopSetMessageStatus](#), as described in section [2.2.3.8](#).

In order to get [PidTagMessageStatus](#), the client does not include it in a [RopGetPropertiesSpecific](#) request. Instead, the client calls [RopSetMessageStatus](#), as described in section [2.2.3.8](#). Additionally, [PidTagMessageStatus](#) can be set as a column on a **contents table** (for more details on tables, see [\[MS-OXCTABL\]](#)).

2.2.1.9 PidTagSubjectPrefix

Type: **PtypString**

Contains the prefix for the subject of the message. Set by the client, but can be an empty string if there is no subject. The sum of the lengths of [PidTagNormalizedSubject](#) and [PidTagSubjectPrefix](#) MUST be less than 254 characters.

The client does not include [PidTagSubjectPrefix](#) in a [RopGetPropertiesSpecific](#) request. Instead, the client uses the **SubjectPrefix** field from the [RopOpenMessage](#) response buffer.

2.2.1.10 PidTagNormalizedSubject

Type: **PtypString**

Contains the normalized subject of the message. Set by the client, but can be an empty string if there is no subject. The sum of the lengths of [PidTagNormalizedSubject](#) and [PidTagSubjectPrefix](#) MUST be less than 254 characters.

The client does not include [PidTagNormalizedSubject](#) in a [RopGetPropertiesSpecific](#) request. Instead, the client uses the **NormalizedSubject** field from the [RopOpenMessage](#) response buffer.

2.2.1.11 PidTagImportance

Type: **PtypInteger32**

Indicates the level of importance assigned by the end-user to the Message object; MUST be set to one of the following values.

Value	Description
0x00000000	Low importance.
0x00000001	Normal importance.
0x00000002	High importance.

2.2.1.12 PidTagPriority

Type: **PtypInteger32**

Indicates the client's request for the priority at which the message is to be sent by the messaging system. Is one of the following values.

Value	Description
0xFFFFFFFF	Urgent.
0x00000000	Normal.
0x00000001	Non-Urgent

2.2.1.13 PidTagSensitivity

Type: **PtypInteger32**

Indicates the sender's assessment of the sensitivity of the Message object. Is one of the following.

Value	Description
0x00000000	Normal
0x00000001	Personal
0x00000002	Private
0x00000003	Confidential

2.2.1.14 PidLidSmartNoAttach

Type: **PtypBoolean**

Indicates whether the Message object has no end-user visible attachments. If this property is unset, then a default value of "0x00" is assumed.

2.2.1.15 PidLidPrivate

Type: **PtypBoolean**

Indicates whether the end-user wishes for this Message object to be hidden from other users who have access to the Message object.

2.2.1.16 PidLidSideEffects

Type: **PtypInteger32**

Controls how a Message object is handled by the client when acting on end-user input. Is set to a bitwise OR of zero or more of the following flags.

Name	Value	Description
seOpenToDelete	0x0001	Additional processing is required on the Message object when deleting.

Name	Value	Description
seNoFrame	0x0008	No UI is associated with the Message object.
seCoerceToInbox	0x0010	Additional processing is required on the Message object when moving or copying to a Folder Object with a PidTagContainerClass of "IPF.Note". For more details about the PidTagContainerClass property, see [MS-OXOSFLD] section 2.2.5.
seOpenToCopy	0x0020	Additional processing is required on the Message object when copying to another folder.
seOpenToMove	0x0040	Additional processing is required on the Message object when moving to another folder.
seOpenForCtxMenu	0x0100	Additional processing is required on the Message object when displaying verbs to the end-user.
seCannotUndoDelete	0x0400	Cannot undo delete operation, MUST NOT be set unless "0x0001" is set
seCannotUndoCopy	0x0800	Cannot undo copy operation, MUST NOT be set unless "0x0020" is set
seCannotUndoMove	0x1000	Cannot undo move operation, MUST NOT be set unless "0x0040" is set
seHasScript	0x2000	The Message object contains end-user script.
seOpenToPermDelete	0x4000	Additional processing is required to permanently delete the Message object.

2.2.1.17 PidNameKeywords

Type: **PtypMultipleString**

Contains keywords or categories for the Message object. The length of each string within the multi-value string is less than 256.

2.2.1.18 PidLidCommonStart

Type: **PtypTime**

Indicates the start time for the Message object. Is less than or equal to the value of [PidLidCommonEnd](#). This time is interpreted as **Coordinated Universal Time (UTC)** or local depending on the specification of an extension to this protocol.

2.2.1.19 PidLidCommonEnd

Type: **PtypTime**

Indicates the end time for the Message object. MUST be greater than or equal to the value of [PidLidCommonStart](#). This time is interpreted as UTC or local depending on the specification of an extension to this protocol.

2.2.1.20 Body Properties

A group of related properties valid on any Message object that specify the body text format and contents and conform to the specification in [\[MS-OXBBODY\]](#).

2.2.1.20.1 PidTagBody

Type: **PtypString**

Contains the unformatted text analogous to the text/plain body of [\[RFC2822\]](#).

2.2.1.20.2 PidTagNativeBody

Type: **PtypInteger32**

Indicates the best available format for storing the **message body**. The possible property values are shown in the following table.

Meaning	Value
Undefined body	0x00
Plain text body	0x01
RTF compressed body	0x02
HTML body	0x03
Clear signed body	0x04

2.2.1.20.3 PidTagBodyHtml

Type: **PtypBinary**

Contains the HTML body as specified in [\[RFC2822\]](#).

2.2.1.20.4 PidTagRtfCompressed

Type: **PtypBinary**

Contains a Rich Text Format (RTF) body compressed as specified in [\[MS-OXRTEFCP\]](#).

2.2.1.20.5 PidTagRtfInSync

Type: **PtypBoolean**

Indicates whether the RTF body has been synchronized with the contents in [PidTagBody](#).

2.2.1.20.6 PidTagInternetCodepage

Type: **PtypInteger32**

Indicates the code page used for [PidTagBody](#) or [PidTagBodyHtml](#).

2.2.1.21 Contact Linking Properties

A group of related properties valid on any Message object containing information about the linked **Contact objects**.

2.2.1.21.1 PidLidContactLinkEntry

Type: **PtypBinary**

Contains the list of **Address Book EntryIDs** linked to by this Message object.

Size in bytes	Meaning	Notes
4	Address Entry COUNT	
4	Size of this property minus 4 (FieldSize)	
variable	Address Book EntryID data	Repeats Address Entry COUNT times
0 – 3	Padding to make FieldSize a multiple of 4	Each padding BYTE MUST be 0x00.

2.2.1.21.2 PidLidContacts

Type: **PtypMultipleString**

Contains the [PidTagDisplayName](#) of each address book EntryID referenced in the value of [PidLidContactLinkEntry](#). Can also include names not referenced in [PidLidContactLinkEntry](#).

2.2.1.21.3 PidLidContactLinkName

Type: **PtypString**

Contains the elements of [PidLidContacts](#), separated by a semicolon and a space (" ; ").

2.2.1.21.4 PidLidContactLinkSearchKey

Type: **PtypBinary**

Contains the list of search keys for the Contact object linked to by this Message object. Search keys are used to find related objects. Search keys for address book data are further specified by [PidTagSearchKey](#) in [\[MS-OXOABK\]](#).

Length in bytes	Meaning	Notes
2	ContactEntryCount	
variable	SearchKey data	Repeats ContactEntryCount times

2.2.1.22 Retention and Archive Properties

Properties that specify information about the **Retention Policy** or **Archive Policy**. These properties are valid on any Message object. Some of these properties are also valid on folders. The Retention Policy and the Archive Policy are independent features. The server can enable one of these policies, both of these policies, or neither of them. For details about how the Retention Policy and Archive Policy settings are communicated between client and server, see [\[MS-OXOCFG\]](#).

2.2.1.22.1 PidTagArchiveTag

Type: **PtypBinary**

Specifies the **GUID** of an **archive tag**. The [PidTagArchiveTag](#) property can be present on both Message objects and folders and can be set by both client and server.

2.2.1.22.2 PidTagPolicyTag

Type: **PtypBinary**

Specifies the GUID of a **retention tag**. The [PidTagPolicyTag](#) property can be present on both Message objects and folders and can be set by both client and server.

2.2.1.22.3 PidTagRetentionPeriod

Type: **PtypInteger32**

Specifies the number of days that a Message object can be retained. The [PidTagRetentionPeriod](#) property can be present on both Message objects and folders and can be set by both client and server.

The presence of the [PidTagRetentionPeriod](#) property on a Message object indicates that the retention tag on that Message object was explicitly applied by the end-user. If the value of [PidTagRetentionPeriod](#) is 0, the Message object never expires.

When the [PidTagRetentionPeriod](#) property is present on a folder, it has no special significance; it simply specifies the retention period that corresponds to the retention tag on that folder.

2.2.1.22.4 PidTagStartDateEtc

Type: **PtypBinary**

A composite property that holds two pieces of information, as follows:

- Default retention period — The first four bytes contain the retention period of the default retention tag. (A default retention tag is applied to a Message object when a regular retention tag is not present on the Message object. The absence of a regular retention tag indicates that the Message object does not have a specific Retention Policy. The application of the default tag is based on the Message object's message class).
- Start date — The next eight bytes contain the date, in UTC, from which the Message object's age is calculated.

The [PidTagStartDateEtc](#) property can be present on only Message objects, not on folders. The [PidTagStartDateEtc](#) property is read-only for the client and is set by only the server.

2.2.1.22.5 PidTagRetentionDate

Type: **PtypTime**

Specifies the date, in UTC, after which a Message object is expired by the server. The [PidTagRetentionDate](#) property can be present on only Message objects, not on folders. If the property is not present, the Message object never expires. The [PidTagRetentionDate](#) property can be set by both client and server.

The value of the [PidTagRetentionDate](#) property is calculated from the values of other properties. The values used in the calculation depend on whether the Message object has a specific Retention Policy. (A Message object will have the default Retention Policy in the absence of a specific Retention Policy.) The explicit method of calculation is as follows.

- When the Message object has a specific Retention Policy:

[PidTagRetentionDate](#) = start date + [PidTagRetentionPeriod](#)

- When the Message object has the default Retention Policy:

[PidTagRetentionDate](#) = start date + default retention period

In both cases, the start date is obtained from the last eight bytes of the [PidTagStartDateEtc](#) property. In the second case, the default retention period is obtained from the first four bytes of the [PidTagStartDateEtc](#) property.

2.2.1.22.6 PidTagRetentionFlags

Type: **PtypInteger32**

Contains flags that specify the status or nature of an item's retention tag or archive tag. The [PidTagRetentionFlags](#) property can be present on both Message objects and folders and can be set by both client and server.

The value of the [PidTagRetentionFlags](#) property is a bitwise OR of zero or more of the values from the following table:

Name	Value	Description
ExplicitTag	0x00000001	The retention tag on the folder is explicitly set.
UserOverride	0x00000002	The retention tag was not changed by the end-user.
AutoTag	0x00000004	The retention tag on the Message object is an auto-tag, which is predicted by the system.
PersonalTag	0x00000008	The retention tag on the folder is of a personal type and can be made available to the end-user.
ExplicitArchiveTag	0x00000010	The archive tag on the folder is explicitly set.
KeepInPlace	0x00000020	The Message object remains in place and is not archived.
SystemData	0x00000040	The Message object or folder is system data.

2.2.1.22.7 PidTagArchivePeriod

Type: **PtypInteger32**

Specifies the number of days that a Message object can remain unarchived. The [PidTagArchivePeriod](#) property can be present on both Message objects and folders and can be set by both client and server.

The presence of the [PidTagArchivePeriod](#) property on a Message object indicates that the archive tag on that Message object was explicitly applied by the end-user. If the value of [PidTagArchivePeriod](#) is 0, the Message object is never moved to archive by the server.

When the [PidTagArchivePeriod](#) property is present on a folder, it has no special significance; it simply specifies the archive period that corresponds to the archive tag on that folder.

2.2.1.22.8 PidTagArchiveDate

Type: **PtypTime**

Specifies the date, in UTC, after which a Message object is moved to archive by the server. The [PidTagArchiveDate](#) property can be present on only Message objects, not on folders, and can be set by both client and server. If the [PidTagArchiveDate](#) property is not present, the Message object is never moved to archive by the server.

The value of the [PidTagArchiveDate](#) property is calculated from the values of other properties as follows:

[PidTagArchiveDate](#) = start date + [PidTagArchivePeriod](#)

The start date is obtained from the last eight bytes of the [PidTagStartDateEtc](#) property.

2.2.2 Attachment Object Properties

All property value types (**PtypBoolean**, **PtypInteger32**, etc.) that are specified in the following sub-sections are defined in [\[MS-OXCDATA\]](#) section 2.12.1.

2.2.2.1 General Properties

The following properties exist on any Attachment object. These properties are set by the server and are read-only for the client. For specifications of these properties see [\[MS-OXCPRPT\]](#).

[PidTagAccessLevel](#)

[PidTagObjectType](#)

[PidTagRecordKey](#)

2.2.2.2 PidTagLastModificationTime

Type: **PtypTime**, in UTC

Indicates the last time the file referenced by the Attachment object was modified, or the last time the Attachment object itself was modified.

2.2.2.3 PidTagCreationTime

Type: **PtypTime**, in UTC

Indicates the time the file referenced by the Attachment object was created, or the time the Attachment object itself was created.

2.2.2.4 PidTagDisplayName

Type: **PtypString**

Contains the name of the attachment as input by the end-user. Set to the same value as [PidTagAttachLongFilename](#).

2.2.2.5 PidTagAttachSize

Type: **PtypInteger32**, unsigned

Contains the size in bytes consumed by the Attachment object on the server. This property is read-only for the client.

2.2.2.6 PidTagAttachNumber

Type: **PtypInteger32**, unsigned

Identifies the Attachment object within its Message object. MUST be unique among the Attachment objects in a Message.

2.2.2.7 PidTagAttachDataBinary

Type: **PtypBinary**

Contains the contents of the file to be attached.

2.2.2.8 PidTagAttachDataObject

Type: **PtypObject**

Contains the binary representation of the Attachment object in an application-specific format.

2.2.2.9 PidTagAttachMethod

Type: **PtypInteger32**

Represents the way the contents of an attachment are accessed. Set to one of the following values.

Name	Value	Description
afNone	0x00000000	The attachment has just been created.
afByValue	0x00000001	PidTagAttachDataBinary contains the attachment data.
afByReference	0x00000002	PidTagAttachLongPathname contains a fully qualified path identifying the attachment To recipients with access to a common file server.
afByReferenceOnly	0x00000004	PidTagAttachLongPathname contains a fully qualified path identifying the attachment.
afEmbeddedMessage	0x00000005	The attachment is an embedded message that is accessed via RopOpenEmbeddedMessage
afStorage	0x00000006	PidTagAttachDataObject contains data in an application-specific format.

2.2.2.10 PidTagAttachLongFilename

Type: **PtypString**

Contains the full filename and extension of the Attachment object.

2.2.2.11 PidTagAttachFilename

Type: **PtypString**

Contains the 8.3 name of [PidTagAttachLongFilename](#)

2.2.2.12 PidTagAttachExtension

Type: **PtypString**

Contains a filename extension that indicates the document type of an attachment.

2.2.2.13 PidTagAttachLongPathname

Type: **PtypString**

Contains the fully qualified path and filename with extension.

2.2.2.14 PidTagAttachPathname

Type: **PtypString**

Contains the 8.3 name of [PidTagAttachLongPathname](#).

2.2.2.15 PidTagAttachTag

Type: **PtypBinary**

Contains the identifier information for the application which supplied the Attachment object's data. This property can be left unset; if set, it MUST be one of the following.

Definition	Data	Comments
TNEF	{0x2A,86,48,86,F7,14,03,0A,01}	See [MS-OXTNEF]
afStorage	{0x2A,86,48,86,F7,14,03,0A,03,02,01}	Data is in an application-specific format.
MIME	{0x2A,86,48,86,F7,14,03,0A,04}	See [MS-OXCMAIL]

2.2.2.16 PidTagRenderingPosition

Type: **PtypInteger32**, unsigned

Represents an offset, in rendered characters, to use when rendering an attachment within the main message text. The value "0xFFFFFFFF" indicates a hidden attachment.

2.2.2.17 PidTagAttachRendering

Type: **PtypBinary**

Contains a Windows **metafile** as specified in [MS-WMF] for the Attachment object.

2.2.2.18 PidTagAttachFlags

Type: **PtypInteger32**, as a bit field

Indicates which body formats might reference this attachment when rendering data. Contains a bitwise OR of zero or more of the following flags. If this property is absent or its value is 0x00000000, the attachment is available to be rendered in any format.

Value	Meaning
0x00000001	The Attachment object is not available to be rendered in HTML.
0x00000002	The Attachment object is not available to be rendered in Rich Text Format.
0x00000004	The Attachment object is referenced and rendered within the HTML body of the associated Message object. See PidTagBodyHtml .

2.2.2.19 PidTagAttachTransportName

Type: **PtypString**.

Contains the name of an attachment file, modified so that it can be correlated with TNEF messages, see [\[MS-OXTNEF\]](#).

2.2.2.20 PidTagAttachEncoding

Type: **PtypBinary**

Contains encoding information about the Attachment object. Is either unset or set to "{0x2A,86,48,86,F7,14,03,0B,01}". This property is used to indicate that the attachment content, which is the value of the [PidTagAttachDataBinary](#) property, MUST be encoded in the MacBinary format as specified in [\[MS-OXCMAIL\]](#).

2.2.2.21 PidTagAttachAdditionalInformation

Type: **PtypString**

MUST be unset if [PidTagAttachEncoding](#) is unset. MUST be set to ":CREA:TYPE" if [PidTagAttachEncoding](#) is set.

2.2.2.22 PidTagAttachmentLinkId

Type: **PtypInteger32**

The type of Message object to which this attachment is linked. MUST be "0x00000000", unless overridden by other protocols that extend the Message and Attachment Object Protocol as noted in section [1.4](#).

2.2.2.23 PidTagAttachmentFlags

Type: **PtypInteger32**

Indicates special handling for this Attachment object. MUST be "0x00000000", unless overridden by other protocols that extend the Message and Attachment Object Protocol as noted in section [1.4](#)

2.2.2.24 PidTagAttachmentHidden

Type: **PtypBoolean**

Indicates whether this Attachment object is hidden from the end-user.

2.2.2.25 MIME properties

The following properties contain MIME information and can be left unset. For MIME specifications, see [\[RFC2045\]](#). For the specification on mapping these properties, see [\[MS-OXCMAIL\]](#).

Type	Property	Content
PtypString	PidTagAttachMimeTag	The content-type MIME header
PtypString	PidTagAttachContentId	A content identifier unique to this Message object that matches a corresponding "cid:" Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) scheme reference in the HTML body of the Message object
PtypString	PidTagAttachContentLocation	A relative or full URI that matches a corresponding reference in the HTML body of the Message object
PtypString	PidTagAttachContentBase	The base of a relative URI. MUST be set if PidTagAttachContentLocation contains a relative URI.

2.2.3 Message Object ROPS

The following sections specify the format of the ROP request buffers specific to the Message and Attachment Object Protocol. Before sending these requests to the server, the client has logged on to the server, and acquired a handle to the Message object or Folder object used in the **ROP request**.

2.2.3.1 RopOpenMessage Buffer Format

[RopOpenMessage](#) provides access to an existing Message object, which is identified by the **message ID (MID)**. The folder containing the Message object is identified by the **FID**.

For this ROP, the **InputHandleIndex** is either a **Store object** or a Folder Object. If a folder is used, it is not necessary that it is the parent folder, only that it is a folder within the same store. The **OutputHandleIndex** is a Message object.

When the server receives multiple requests to open the same Message object, it returns a different handle and maintains a separate transaction for each.

2.2.3.1.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the [RopOpenMessage](#) request buffer is specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the [RopOpenMessage](#) request buffer.

2.2.3.1.1.1 CodePageId

2-bytes specifying the code page in which the non-Unicode representation of the strings on this Message object are encoded. A value of 0x0FFF means that the code page of the **Logon object** is used.

2.2.3.1.1.2 FolderId

8-bytes containing the FID of the folder from which the message is to be opened.

2.2.3.1.1.3 OpenModeFlag

1-byte; MUST be one of the following.

Name	Value	Meaning
ReadOnly	0x00	Message will be opened as read only.
ReadWrite	0x01	Message will be opened for both reading and writing.
BestAccess	0x03	Open for read/write if possible, read-only if not.
OpenSoftDeleted	0x04	Open a soft deleted Message object if available.

2.2.3.1.1.4 MessageId

8-bytes containing the MID for the Message object to open.

2.2.3.1.2 Response Buffer

The syntax of the [RopOpenMessage](#) response buffer is specified in the [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the [RopOpenMessage](#) response buffer.

2.2.3.1.2.1 HasNamedProperties

1-byte.

Value	Meaning
0x00	No named properties are included in the ROP response buffer.
non-zero	named properties are included.

2.2.3.1.2.2 SubjectPrefix

A **TypedString** structure specifying the prefix for the subject of the Message object. Contains the value of the [PidTagSubjectPrefix](#) property.

2.2.3.1.2.3 NormalizedSubject

A **TypedString** structure specifying the normalized subject of the Message object. Contains the value of the [PidTagNormalizedSubject](#) property.

2.2.3.1.2.4 RecipientCount

A 2-BYTE unsigned **integer** containing the number of recipients associated with the Message object.

2.2.3.1.2.5 ColumnCount

A 2-BYTE unsigned **integer** containing the number of elements in the **RecipientColumns** field.

2.2.3.1.2.6 RecipientColumns

An array of **PropertyTag** structures with <ColumnCount> elements. Each element is valid for a recipient as specified in [\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#).

2.2.3.1.2.7 RowCount

A 1-BYTE unsigned **integer** containing the number of rows in the **RecipientRows** field. The value MUST be less than or equal to **RecipientCount**.

2.2.3.1.2.8 RecipientRows

An array of **OpenRecipientRow** structures with <RowCount> elements.

Element	Type	Size in bytes	Description
Recipient Type	Byte	1	See Recipient Type, below.
CodePageId	Integer	2	The code page in which the non-Unicode representation of the strings in the Recipient Data are encoded.
Reserved	Integer	2	MUST be "0x0000"
RecipientRowSize	Integer	2	The total number of bytes in the following RecipientRow .
RecipientRow	RecipientRow	RecipientRowSize	See [MS-OXCDATA] .

A Recipient Type is a bitwise OR of one value from the Types table with zero or more values from the flags table.

Types are as follows.

Value	Description
0x01	Primary recipient.
0x02	Carbon copy (Cc) recipient.
0x03	Bcc recipient.

Flags are as follows.

Value	Description
0x10	When resending a previous failure this flag indicates that this recipient did not successfully receive the message on the previous attempt.
0x80	When resending a previous failure this flag indicates that this recipient did successfully receive the message on the previous attempt.

2.2.3.2 RopCreateMessage Buffer Format

[RopCreateMessage](#) is used to create a new Message object.

For this ROP, the **InputHandleIndex** is a folder or Logon object and the **OutputHandleIndex** is a Message object.

2.2.3.2.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the [RopCreateMessage](#) request buffer is specified in the [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the [RopCreateMessage](#) request buffer.

2.2.3.2.1.1 CodePageId

2-bytes specifying the code page that the non-Unicode representation of the strings on this Message object are to be encoded; a value of "0x0FFF" means that the code page of the Logon object is used.

2.2.3.2.1.2 FolderId

8-bytes containing the FID for the Folder Object in which the Message object is to be created.

2.2.3.2.1.3 AssociatedFlag

1-byte.

Value	Meaning
0x00	Not an FAI message
non-zero	Is an FAI message

2.2.3.2.2 Response Buffer

The syntax of the [RopCreateMessage](#) response buffer is specified in the [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the [RopCreateMessage](#) response buffer.

2.2.3.2.2.1 HasMessageId

1-byte.

Value	Meaning
0x00	This is the last byte in the buffer.
non-zero	MessageId follows beginning with the next byte in the buffer.

2.2.3.2.2.2 MessageId

8-bytes containing the MID for the newly created Message object.

2.2.3.3 RopSaveChangesMessageBuffer Format

[RopSaveChangesMessage](#) commits the changes made to the Message object.

For this ROP, the **ResponseHandleIndex** is the containing Folder object or, for an embedded message, the **Embedded Message object**. The **InputHandleIndex** is a Message object.

When the server receives multiple requests to open the same Message object, it returns a different handle and maintains a separate transaction for each. Any changes made on one transaction MUST NOT be visible to another transaction until the changes are committed via [RopSaveChangesMessage](#). Once a transaction on one handle has been committed, the server MUST return **ecObjectModified** for [RopSaveChangesMessage](#) requests on other handles and MUST NOT allow those transactions to be committed, unless the client instructs the server to override previous changes with the **ForceSave** flag from section [2.2.3.3.1.1](#).

2.2.3.3.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the [RopSaveChangesMessage](#) request buffer is specified in the [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the [RopSaveChangesMessage](#) request buffer.

2.2.3.3.1.1 SaveFlags

1-byte indicating the server save behavior; MUST be one value from the following table.

SaveType

Name	Value	Description
KeepOpenReadOnly	0x09	The client requests that the server commit the changes. The server either returns an error and leaves the Message object open with unchanged access level, or returns a success code and keeps the Message object open with read only access.
KeepOpenReadWrite	0x0A	The client requests that the server commit the changes. The server either returns an error and leaves the Message object open with unchanged access level, or returns a success code and keeps the Message object open with read/write access.
ForceSave	0x0C	The client requests that the server commit the changes. The server either returns an error and leaves the Message object open with unchanged access level, or returns a success code and keeps the Message object open with read/write access. The ecObjectModified error code is not valid when this flag is set: the server overwrites any changes instead.

2.2.3.3.2 Response Buffer

The syntax of the [RopSaveChangesMessage](#) response buffer is specified in the [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the [RopSaveChangesMessage](#) response buffer.

2.2.3.3.2.1 Message Id

8-bytes containing the MID for the saved Message object.

2.2.3.4 RopRemoveAllRecipients Buffer Format

The client sends the [RopRemoveAllRecipients](#) request to delete all recipients from a message.

For this ROP the **InputHandleIndex** is a Message object.

2.2.3.4.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the [RopRemoveAllRecipients](#) request buffer is specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the [RopRemoveAllRecipients](#) request buffer.

2.2.3.4.1.1 Reserved

4-bytes; unspecified value.

2.2.3.4.2 Response Buffer

The syntax of the [RopRemoveAllRecipients](#) response buffer is specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

This protocol adds no additional field information to the [RopRemoveAllRecipients](#) response buffer.

2.2.3.5 RopModifyRecipients Buffer Format

[RopModifyRecipients](#) modifies recipients associated with the Message object.

For this ROP the **InputHandleIndex** is a Message object.

2.2.3.5.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the [RopModifyRecipients](#) request buffer is specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the [RopModifyRecipients](#) request buffer.

2.2.3.5.1.1 ColumnCount

2-bytes containing the number of elements in the **RecipientColumns** field. Is greater than or equal to "0x0000" and less than "0x7FEF".

2.2.3.5.1.2 RecipientColumns

An array of **PropertyTag** structures with <ColumnCount> elements. Each element is valid for a recipient as specified in [\[MS-OXPROPS\]](#). The client MUST NOT include **property tags** for any properties that are part of an unextended RecipientRow, as specified in [\[MS-OXCADATA\]](#):

[PidTagAddressType](#) [PidTagDisplayName](#)

[PidTagEmailAddress](#) [PidTagEntryId](#)

[PidTagInstanceKey](#) [PidTagRecipientType](#)

[PidTagSearchKey](#) [PidTagSendRichInfo](#) [PidTagTransmittableDisplayName](#)

2.2.3.5.1.3 RowCount

2-bytes containing the number of elements in the **RecipientRows** field. Is greater than or equal to "0x0000" and less than "0x7FEF".

2.2.3.5.1.4 RecipientRows

An array of **ModifyRecipientRow** structures with <RowCount> elements.

Element	Type	Size in bytes	Description
RowId	Integer	4	Row identifier
RecipientType	Byte	1	See Recipient Type in section 2.2.3.1.2.8
RecipientRowSize	Integer	2	The total number of bytes in the RecipientRow that follows.
RecipientRow	RecipientRow	RecipientRowSize	See [MS-OXCDATA] .

2.2.3.5.2 Response Buffer

The syntax of the [RopModifyRecipients](#) response buffer is specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

This protocol adds no additional field information to the [RopModifyRecipients](#) response buffer.

2.2.3.6 RopReadRecipients Buffer Format

[RopReadRecipients](#) retrieves the recipients associated with the Message object.

For this ROP, the **InputHandleIndex** is a Message object.

2.2.3.6.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the [RopReadRecipients](#) request buffer is specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the [RopReadRecipients](#) request buffer.

2.2.3.6.1.1 RowId

4-bytes containing the starting index for the recipients to be retrieved.

2.2.3.6.1.2 Reserved

2-bytes; MUST be 0x0000.

2.2.3.6.2 Response Buffer

The syntax of the [RopReadRecipients](#) response buffer is specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the [RopReadRecipients](#) response buffer.

2.2.3.6.2.1 RowCount

2-bytes containing the number of elements in the **RecipientRows** field. Is greater than or equal "0x0000" and less than "0x7FEF".

2.2.3.6.2.2 RecipientRows

An array of **ReadRecipientRow** structures with <RowCount> elements.

Element	Type	Size	Description
RowId	Integer	4	Index into the recipient list

Element	Type	Size	Description
Recipient Type	Byte	1	See Recipient Type in section 2.2.3.1.2.8
CodePageId	Integer	2	The code page that the non-Unicode representation of the strings in the RecipientData are encoded.
Reserved	n/a	2	MUST be "0x0000"
RecipientRowSize	Integer	2	The total number of bytes in the RecipientRow .
RecipientRow	RecipientRow	RecipientRowSize	See [MS-OXCDATA] .

2.2.3.7 RopReloadCachedInformation Buffer Format

[RopReloadCachedInformation](#) retrieves the same information as [RopOpenMessage](#) but operates on an already opened Message object.

For this ROP the **InputHandleIndex** is a Message object.

2.2.3.7.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the [RopReloadCachedInformation](#) request buffer is specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the RopReloadCachedInformation request buffer.

2.2.3.7.1.1 Reserved

2-bytes; MUST be "0x0000".

2.2.3.7.2 Response Buffer

The response buffer for [RopReloadCachedInformation](#) is identical to the response buffer for [RopOpenMessage](#).

2.2.3.8 RopSetMessageStatus Buffer Format

[RopSetMessageStatus](#) sets [PidTagMessageStatus](#) on a message in a folder without the need to open or save the Message object.

For this ROP the **InputHandleIndex** is a Folder object.

2.2.3.8.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the [RopSetMessageStatus](#) request buffer is specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the [RopSetMessageStatus](#) request buffer.

2.2.3.8.1.1 MessageId

8-bytes containing the MID for the Message object to modify.

2.2.3.8.1.2 MessageStatusFlags

4-bytes containing the [PidTagMessageStatus](#).

2.2.3.8.1.3 MessageStatusMask

4-bytes indicating which status flags are to be set and which are to be cleared. Contains a bitwise OR of zero or more values from the table in section [2.2.1.8](#). The server sets all flags that are set in both **MessageStatusMask** and **MessageStatusFlags**, and clears all flags that are set in **MessageStatusMask** but clear in **MessageStatusFlags**.

2.2.3.8.2 Response Buffer

The syntax of the [RopSetMessageStatus](#) response buffer is specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the [RopSetMessageStatus](#) response buffer.

2.2.3.8.2.1 MessageStatusFlags

4-bytes indicating the status flags that were set on the Message object prior to processing this request. MUST contain a bitwise OR of zero or more values from the table in section [2.2.1.8](#).

2.2.3.9 RopGetMessageStatus Buffer Format

[RopGetMessageStatus](#) gets the message status of a message in a folder.

For this ROP the **InputHandleIndex** is a Folder object.

2.2.3.9.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the [RopGetMessageStatus](#) request buffer is specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the [RopGetMessageStatus](#) request buffer.

2.2.3.9.1.1 MessageId

8-bytes containing the MID for the Message object in which to operate.

2.2.3.9.2 Response Buffer

The syntax of the [RopGetMessageStatus](#) response buffer is specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the [RopSetMessageStatus](#) response buffer.

2.2.3.9.2.1 MessageStatusFlags

4-bytes indicating the status of the Message object. Contains a bitwise OR of zero or more values from the table in section [2.2.1.8](#).

2.2.3.10 RopSetReadFlags Buffer Format

[RopSetReadFlags](#) changes the state of the [PidTagMessageFlags](#) property on one or more Message objects within a Folder object. It also triggers the sending of **read receipts**, as specified in [\[MS-OXOMSG\]](#).

For this ROP the **InputHandleIndex** is a Folder object.

2.2.3.10.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the [RopSetReadFlags](#) request buffer is specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the [RopSetReadFlags](#) request buffer.

2.2.3.10.1.1 WantAsynchronous

1-byte indicating whether client is prepared for the [RopSetReadFlags](#) request to be processed asynchronously with status reported via [RopProgress](#) .

If the value is non-zero, the server SHOULD return a RopAsyncProgress response, but MAY return a [RopSetReadFlags](#) response instead. For more details on the asynchronous behavior of ROPs see [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

2.2.3.10.1.2 ReadFlags

1-byte containing a bitwise OR of zero or more values from the following table. The server modifies bits on the [PidTagMessageFlags](#) property. The flags, **rfGenerateReceiptOnly**, **rfSuppressReceipt**, and **rfClearReadFlag**, (**rfClearNotifyRead** OR **rfClearNotifyUnread**), are mutually exclusive.

Name	Value	Description
rfDefault	0x00	The server sets the read flag and sends the receipt.
rfSuppressReceipt	0x01	The user requests that any pending read report be canceled; Server sets mfRead bit.
rfReserved	0x0A	Ignored by the server.
rfClearReadFlag	0x04	Server clears the mfRead bit; Client MUST include rfSuppressReceipt with this flag.
rfGenerateReceiptOnly	0x10	The server sends a read report if one is pending, but does not change the mfRead bit.
rfClearNotifyRead	0x20	The server clears the mfNotifyRead bit, but does not send a read report.
rfClearNotifyUnread	0x40	The server clears the mfNotifyUnread bit, but does not send a non-read report.

2.2.3.10.1.3 MessageIdCount

2-bytes containing the number of elements in the **MessageIds** field.

2.2.3.10.1.4 MessageIds

An array of MIDs with <MessageIdCount> elements.

2.2.3.10.2 Response Buffer

The syntax of the [RopSetReadFlags](#) response buffer is specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the [RopSetReadFlags](#) response buffer.

2.2.3.10.2.1 PartialCompletion

1-byte indicating the server was unable to modify one or more of the Message objects represented in the **MessageIds** field.

2.2.3.11 RopSetMessageReadFlag

[RopSetMessageReadFlag](#) changes the state of the [PidTagMessageFlags](#) property for the Message object. It also triggers the sending of read receipts, as specified in [\[MS-OXOMSG\]](#).

In this section, "in **public folder** mode" means that the logon associated with the **LogonID** from the request was created with the Private flag unset (see [\[MS-OXCSTOR\]](#) for more details).

For this ROP the ResponseHandleIndex is a Folder object and the InputHandleIndex is a Message object.

2.2.3.11.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the [RopSetMessageReadFlag](#) request buffer is specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the [RopSetMessageReadFlag](#) request buffer.

2.2.3.11.1.1 ReadFlags

1-byte containing a bitwise OR of one or more values from the table in section [2.2.3.10.1.2](#)

2.2.3.11.1.2 ClientData

24-bytes containing a **LongTermID** (see [\[MS-OXCADATA\]](#)) for the user that is making the ROP request when in public folder mode; 0-bytes otherwise.

2.2.3.11.2 Response Buffer

The syntax of the [RopSetMessageReadFlag](#) response buffer is specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the [RopSetMessageReadFlag](#) response buffer.

2.2.3.11.2.1 ReadStatusChanged

1-byte:

Value	Description
0x00	The read status on the Message object was unchanged or the logon is not in public folder mode.
non-zero	The read status on the Message object changed and the logon is in public folder mode.

2.2.3.11.2.2 LogonId

1-byte; containing the LogonID from the request when the value in **ReadStatusChanged** is non-zero; 0-bytes otherwise.

2.2.3.11.2.3 ClientData

24-bytes; containing the **ClientData** from the request when the value in **ReadStatusChanged** is non-zero; 0-bytes otherwise.

2.2.3.12 RopOpenAttachment

[RopOpenAttachment](#) opens an Attachment object stored on the Message object.

For this ROP the **InputHandleIndex** is a Message object and the **OutputHandleIndex** is an Attachment object.

2.2.3.12.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the [RopOpenAttachment](#) request buffer is specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the [RopOpenAttachment](#) request buffer.

2.2.3.12.1.1 OpenAttachmentFlags

1-byte containing one of the following values.

Name	Value	Meaning
ReadOnly	0x00	Message will be opened as read only.
ReadWrite	0x01	Message will be opened for both reading and writing.
BestAccess	0x03	Open for read/write if possible, read-only if not.

2.2.3.12.1.2 AttachmentID

4-bytes containing the ID of the Attachment object to be opened. See [PidTagAttachNumber](#).

2.2.3.12.2 Response Buffer

The syntax of the [RopOpenAttachment](#) response buffer is specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

This protocol adds no additional field information to the [RopOpenAttachment](#) response buffer.

2.2.3.13 RopCreateAttachment

[RopCreateAttachment](#) creates a new Attachment object on the Message object.

For this ROP the **InputHandleIndex** is a Message object and the **OutputHandleIndex** is an Attachment object.

2.2.3.13.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the [RopCreateAttachment](#) request buffer is specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

This protocol adds no additional field information to the [RopCreateAttachment](#) request buffer.

2.2.3.13.2 Response Buffer

The syntax of the [RopCreateAttachment](#) response buffer is specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the [RopCreateAttachment](#) response buffer.

2.2.3.13.2.1 AttachmentID

4-bytes containing the ID for the Attachment object that was created. See [PidTagAttachNumber](#).

2.2.3.14 RopDeleteAttachment

[RopDeleteAttachment](#) deletes an existing Attachment object from the Message object.

For this ROP, the **InputHandleIndex** is a Message object.

2.2.3.14.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the [RopDeleteAttachment](#) request buffer is specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the [RopDeleteAttachment](#) request buffer.

2.2.3.14.1.1 AttachmentID

4-bytes containing the ID of the Attachment object to be deleted. See [PidTagAttachNumber](#).

2.2.3.14.2 Response Buffer

The syntax of the [RopDeleteAttachment](#) response buffer is specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

This protocol adds no additional field information to the [RopDeleteAttachment](#) response buffer.

2.2.3.15 RopSaveChangesAttachment Buffer Format

[RopSaveChangesAttachment](#) commits the changes made to the Attachment object.

For this ROP, the **ResponseHandleIndex** is the containing Message object and **InputHandleIndex** is an Attachment object.

2.2.3.15.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the [RopSaveChangesAttachment](#) request buffer is specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the [RopSaveChangesAttachment](#) request buffer.

2.2.3.15.1.1 SaveFlags

See section [2.2.3.3.1.1](#).

2.2.3.15.2 Response Buffer

The syntax of the **RopSaveChangesAttachment** response buffer is specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

This protocol adds no additional field information to the **RopSaveChangesAttachment** response buffer.

2.2.3.16 RopOpenEmbeddedMessage Buffer Format

[RopOpenEmbeddedMessage](#) retrieves a handle to a Message object from the given Attachment object.

For this ROP the **InputHandleIndex** is an Attachment object and the **OutputHandleIndex** is a Message object.

2.2.3.16.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the [RopOpenEmbeddedMessage](#) request buffer is specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#). The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the [RopOpenEmbeddedMessage](#) request buffer.

2.2.3.16.1.1 CodePageId

2-bytes specifying the code page in which the non-Unicode representation of the strings on this Message object MUST be encoded.

2.2.3.16.1.2 OpenModeFlags

1-byte.

Name	Value	Meaning
ReadOnly	0x00	Message will be opened as read only.
ReadWrite	0x01	Message will be opened for both reading and writing.
Create	0x02	Create the attachment if it does not already exist and open the message for both reading and writing.

2.2.3.16.2 Response Buffer

The syntax of the [RopOpenEmbeddedMessage](#) response buffer is specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the [RopOpenEmbeddedMessage](#) response buffer.

2.2.3.16.2.1 MessageId

8 bytes containing the MID for the Message object.

2.2.3.16.2.2 HasNamedProperties

See section [2.2.3.1.2.1](#)

2.2.3.16.2.3 Subject Prefix

See section [2.2.3.1.2.2](#).

2.2.3.16.2.4 NormalizedSubject

See section [2.2.3.1.2.3](#).

2.2.3.16.2.5 RecipientCount

See section [2.2.3.1.2.4](#).

2.2.3.16.2.6 ColumnCount

See section [2.2.3.1.2.5](#).

2.2.3.16.2.7 RecipientColumns

See section [2.2.3.1.2.6](#).

2.2.3.16.2.8 RowCount

See section [2.2.3.1.2.7](#).

2.2.3.16.2.9 RecipientRows

See section [2.2.3.1.2.8](#).

2.2.3.17 RopGetAttachmentTable Buffer Format

[RopGetAttachmentTable](#) retrieves a handle to a table object that represents the attachments stored on the Message object. See [\[MS-OXCTABL\]](#) for more details on table objects.

For this ROP the **InputHandleIndex** is a Message object and the **OutputHandleIndex** is a table object.

2.2.3.17.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the [RopGetAttachmentTable](#) request buffer is specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the [RopGetAttachmentTable](#) request buffer.

2.2.3.17.1.1 Table Flags

1-byte.

Name	Value	Description
Standard	0x00	Open the table.
Unicode	0x40	Open the table. Also requests that the columns containing string data be returned in Unicode format.

2.2.3.17.2 Response Buffer

The syntax of the [RopGetAttachmentTable](#) response buffer is specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

This protocol adds no additional field information to the [RopGetAttachmentTable](#) response buffer.

2.2.3.18 RopGetValidAttachments Buffer Format

This **remote operation** gets the valid attachment identifiers of a **message**.

2.2.3.18.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the [RopGetValidAttachments](#) request buffer is specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

2.2.3.18.2 Success Response Buffer

The syntax of the [RopGetValidAttachments](#) success response buffer is specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

This protocol adds no additional field information to the [RopGetValidAttachments](#) success response buffer.

2.2.3.18.3 Failure Response Buffer

The syntax of the [RopGetValidAttachments](#) failure response buffer is specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

This protocol adds no additional field information to the [RopGetValidAttachments](#) failure response buffer.

3 Protocol Details

3.1 Client Details

3.1.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of how the protocol behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

3.1.1.1 Linking a Contact Object

To link a Contact object with another Message object, the client sets the following properties. See section [2.2.1.20](#) for more details.

- [PidLidContactLinkEntry](#)
- [PidLidContactLinkName](#)
- [PidLidContactLinkSearchKey](#)
- [PidLidContacts](#)

3.1.2 Timers

None.

3.1.3 Initialization

None.

3.1.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

3.1.4.1 Opening a Message Object

When a higher layer needs to obtain a handle to an existing Message object the client sends a [RopOpenMessage](#) request. In order to send this request, the client first obtains the MID for the Message object to be opened, and either the FID or the LogonID. The MID is accessible from the contents table of the Folder Object that contains the Message object by including [PidTagMid](#) in a [RopSetColumns](#) request. For more details, see [\[MS-OXCTABL\]](#).

To open a soft deleted Message object, the client MUST include **OpenSoftDeleted** in the **OpenModeFlag** field.

When the client receives the response buffer, it caches the data from the **NormalizedSubject** and **SubjectPrefix** fields; it also updates the cache when issuing [RopSetProperties](#) for [PidTagNormalizedSubject](#) and [PidTagSubjectPrefix](#) and uses the cached values.

The client uses the opened Message object in subsequent ROPs ; it MUST eventually send a [RopRelease](#) request on the Message object, and after doing so, MUST NOT use the Message object for any subsequent ROPs.

The client is responsible for maintaining the privacy of the properties on the Message object when [PidLidPrivate](#) is set to "0x01".

3.1.4.2 Creating a Message Object

When a higher layer needs to create a new Message object, the client sends a [RopCreateMessage](#) request. The client sends a [RopSaveChangesMessage](#) request to commit the new Message object, and uses the opened Message object in subsequent ROPs. It MUST eventually send a [RopRelease](#) request on the Message object and after doing so MUST NOT use the Message object for any subsequent ROPs.

3.1.4.3 Saving Message Object Changes

When a higher layer wants to save all the changes to a Message object, the client sends a [RopSaveChangesMessage](#) request.

The client controls the access level of the Message object handle after saving changes by setting the proper flags as specified in section [2.2.3.3.1.1](#).

3.1.4.4 Removing All Recipients

When a higher layer wants to clear all recipients from a Message object, the client sends a [RopRemoveAllRecipients](#) request.

The client sends a [RopSaveChangesMessage](#) for the Message object associated with the removed recipients in order to commit the changes.

3.1.4.5 Adding, Deleting, and Modifying Recipients

When a higher layer wants to modify recipients of the Message object, the client sends a [RopModifyRecipients](#) request.

To modify an existing recipient the client sets the **RowId** field to the **RowId** of the recipient to be modified and sets all of the **ModifyRecipientRow** data to the desired values for that recipient, including any additional property information for the recipients. Additional property information is set by adding PropertyTag values to the **RecipientColumns** field and including the property values in the **RecipientProperties** field.

To delete an existing recipient the client sets the **RowId** field to the **RowId** of the recipient to be deleted and sets the **RecipientRowSize** field to "0x0000".

To add a new recipient the client sets the **RowId** field to a value greater than the largest **RowId** for any recipient that already exists on the Message object. The client sets all of the **ModifyRecipientRow** data to the desired values for that recipient, including any additional property information.

The client sends a [RopSaveChangesMessage](#) for the Message object associated with the added recipients in order to commit the changes.

3.1.4.6 Reading Recipients

When a higher layer want a list of all recipients on the Message object, the client sends a [RopReadRecipients](#) request.

If the COUNT of recipients and the COUNT of recipient rows in the [RopOpenMessage](#) response buffer are the same, then the client uses the **RecipientRow** information from [RopOpenMessage](#) instead of

sending a [RopReadRecipients](#) request. If the counts are not equal then the response buffers for a series of [RopReadRecipients](#) contain all the recipients associated with the Message object including those returned in the [RopOpenMessage](#) response buffer.

A client accesses the information for all recipients in the message by setting the **RowId** field to "0x0000", and then iteratively sending [RopReadRecipients](#) with an increasing **RowId** value to obtain the recipients that did not fit in the previous request.

3.1.4.7 Reload Message Object Header Info

When a higher layer wants to retrieve the current state of the data returned in [RopOpenMessage](#) then the client sends a [RopReloadCachedInformation](#) request.

3.1.4.8 Setting Message Status

When a higher layer is working with a header message object and wants to change its status, (mark or unmark the header message object for download or delete), the client sends a [RopSetMessageStatus](#) request.

To modify the status of a header message object:

1. Obtain the message's MID, see section [3.1.4.1](#).
2. Send the [RopSetMessageStatus](#) request, setting the mask and status appropriately.

3.1.4.9 Getting Message Status

When a higher layer is working with a header message object and wants to check its status, the client sends a [RopGetMessageStatus](#) request.

To retrieve the status of a header message object:

1. Obtain the message's MID, see section [3.1.4.1](#).
2. Sent the [RopGetMessageStatus](#) request; if the request succeeds then the header message object's [PidTagMessageStatus](#) value is returned in the response buffer.

3.1.4.10 Setting Message Object Read State

When a higher layer wants to mark one or more Message objects as read or unread without opening the Message objects, the client sends a [RopSetReadFlags](#) request. The client obtains a list of MIDs using a contents table; see section [3.1.4.1](#), and uses the list of MIDs in the [RopSetReadFlags](#) request.

When a higher layer wants to mark or unmark a single opened Message object as read, the client sends a [RopSetMessageReadFlag](#) request.

The client controls whether the Message object is marked as read or unread, as well as the sending of read receipts by setting the appropriate flags as specified in section [2.2.3.10.1.2](#).

3.1.4.11 Opening Attachments

When a higher layer wants to open and manipulate an existing Attachment object to a Message object, the client sends a [RopOpenAttachment](#) request.

The client MUST use a valid AttachmentID (see section [2.2.3.12.1.2](#)) when requesting to open an attachment. See section [3.1.4.16](#).

The client uses the opened Attachment object in subsequent ROPs. It eventually sends a [RopRelease](#) request on the Attachment object and after doing so, MUST NOT use the Attachment object for any subsequent ROPs.

3.1.4.12 Creating Attachments

When a higher layer wants to add a new Attachment object to a Message object, the client sends a [RopCreateAttachment](#) request.

The client sends a [RopSaveChangesAttachment](#) request to commit the new Attachment object, and uses the newly created Attachment object in subsequent ROPs. The client eventually sends a [RopRelease](#) request on the Attachment object and after doing so, MUST NOT use the Attachment object for any subsequent ROPs.

The client sends a [RopSaveChangesMessage](#) request to commit the Attachment object change to the Message object.

3.1.4.13 Setting Attachment Object Content

When a higher layer wants to add the contents of a file to an Attachment object, the client sends a [RopSetProperties](#) request as specified in [\[MS-OXCPRPT\]](#).

Depending on the type of Attachment object the higher layer intends to use, the client sets the appropriate value for [PidTagAttachMethod](#) and sets the properties as specified in section [2.2.2](#).

The client sends a [RopSaveChangesAttachment](#) request to commit the change to the Attachment object and a [RopSaveChangesMessage](#) request to commit the Attachment object change to the Message object.

3.1.4.14 Saving Attachment Object Changes

When a higher layer wants to save changes to an Attachment object, the client sends a [RopSaveChangesAttachment](#) request. It sends a [RopSaveChangesMessage](#) request to commit the Attachment object changes to the Message object.

3.1.4.15 Opening an Embedded Message Object

When a higher layer wants to open an existing Attachment object and access and manipulate it as if it were a Message object, the client sends a [RopOpenEmbeddedMessage](#) request.

The client uses the opened Message object in subsequent ROPs; it eventually sends a [RopRelease](#) request on the Message object and after doing so, MUST NOT use the Message object for any subsequent ROPs.

3.1.4.16 Accessing the Attachments Table

When a higher layer wants to retrieve information about all Attachment objects associated with a Message object without opening each Attachment object, the client sends a [RopGetAttachmentTable](#) request.

The server returns a table of properties for each Attachment object associated with the Message object as specified in [\[MS-OXCTABL\]](#). To retrieve the AttachmentID, the client includes [PidTagAttachNumber](#) when sending a [RopSetColumns](#) request.

3.1.4.17 Creating an Embedded Message

When a higher layer wants to create an embedded message, the client sends a [RopCreateAttachment](#) to create an attachment on a message. The client uses [RopSetProperties](#) to set the value of [PidTagAttachMethod](#) to **afEmbeddedMessage**. Finally the client sends a [RopOpenEmbeddedMessage](#) on the attachment to get a Message object handle.

3.1.4.18 Saving an Embedded Message

When a higher layer wants to save an embedded message, the client sends a [RopSaveChangesMessage](#) on the embedded message. Then the client sends a [RopSaveChangesAttachment](#) on the attachment from which the embedded message was opened. Finally, the client sends a [RopSaveChangesMessage](#) on the enclosing message.

3.1.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

None.

3.1.6 Timer Events

None.

3.1.7 Other Local Events

None.

3.2 Server Details

3.2.1 Abstract Data Model

None.

3.2.2 Timers

None.

3.2.3 Initialization

None.

3.2.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

None.

3.2.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

3.2.5.1 RopOpenMessage

Provides access to existing Message objects stored by the server. The Message object returned by this ROP is used in subsequent ROPs, such as [RopGetPropertiesSpecific](#). See specific ROPs for information of which operate on Message objects, as specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

[RopOpenMessage](#) MUST NOT succeed if a Message object with the specified ID does not exist or the client has insufficient access rights to view the Message object.

If the **OpenModeFlag** field includes the **OpenSoftDeleted** flag, then [RopOpenMessage](#) provides access to all Message objects, including soft deleted Message objects. If **OpenSoftDeleted** is not included, then the server MUST NOT provide access to soft deleted Message objects.

The response field **RecipientCount** indicates the current number of recipients in the message. In addition, the server returns data for as many recipients as will fit in the response buffer, in order of **RowId** value. The data for each recipient is encoded as an **OpenRecipientRow** structure in the **RecipientRows** field. The response field **RowCount** indicates how many recipients are present in **RecipientRows**.

The following are specific error codes which apply to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecNotFound	0x8004010F	The MID does not correspond to a message in the database. The user does not have rights to the message. The message is soft deleted and the client has not specified the OpenSoftDeleted flag as part of the OpenModeFlag field.
ecNotSupported	0x80040102	The InputHandleIndex on which this ROP was called does not refer to a folder or Logon object.

3.2.5.2 RopCreateMessage

Creates a new Message object on the server and provides access to it by returning a Message object handle for use in subsequent ROPs. The server MUST NOT commit the new Message object until it receives a [RopSaveChangesMessage](#) request.

The server MUST initialize the following properties before responding.

Property name	Initial Data
PidTagImportance	"0x00000001"
PidTagMessageClass	"IPM.Note"
PidTagSensitivity	"0x00000000"
PidTagDisplayBcc	""
PidTagDisplayCc	""
PidTagDisplayTo	""
PidTagMessageFlags	"0x00000009"
PidTagMessageSize	Calculated based on the data
PidTagHasAttachments	"0x00"
PidTagSecurityDescriptor	See PidTagSecurityDescriptor
PidTagUrlCompNameSet	"0x00"
PidTagTrustSender	"0x00000001"
PidTagAccess	"0x00000003"

Property name	Initial Data
PidTagAccessLevel	"0x00000001"
PidTagUrlCompName	"No Subject.EML"
PidTagCreationTime	Time RopCreateMessage was processed
PidTagLastModificationTime	Same as PidTagCreationTime
PidTagSearchKey	Server generated SearchKey.
PidTagMessageLocaleId	The Logon object LocaleID.
PidTagCreatorName	Name of the creator.
PidTagCreatorEntryId	Address Book EntryID of the creator
PidTagLastModifierName	Same as PidTagCreatorName
PidTagLastModifierEntryId	Same as PidTagCreatorEntryId
PidTagHasNamedProperties	"0x00"
PidTagLocaleId	Same as PidTagMessageLocaleId
PidTagLocalCommitTime	Same as PidTagCreationTime

The following specific error code applies to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecAccessDenied	0x80000009	The user does not have permissions to create this message.

3.2.5.3 RopSaveChangesMessage

Commits the changes made to a Message object on the server. The status of the Message object after the commit is determined by the value of the **SaveFlags** as documented in section [2.2.3.3.1.1](#).

The response contains the message ID of the committed message.

The following specific error code applies to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecNotSupported	0x80040102	The values of the SaveFlags are not a supported combination as documented in section 2.2.3.3.1.1 .
ecObjectModified	0x80040109	The underlying data for this Message object was changed through another transaction context.

3.2.5.4 RopRemoveAllRecipients

Removes all the recipients from a Message object.

The server ignores the value of Reserved.

Until the server receives a [RopSaveChangesMessage](#) request from the client, the server adheres to the following:

- The **RowIds** and associated data of removed recipients MUST NOT be returned as part of any subsequent handling of ROPs for the opened Message object.
- The changes made to the recipients MUST NOT be included in the response buffer returned for ROP requests that apply To recipients on Message object handles.

The following specific error code applies to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecNotSupported	0x80040102	The InputHandleIndex on which this ROP was called does not refer to a Message object.

3.2.5.5 RopModifyRecipients

Modifies the recipients on a Message object according to the data in the request buffer. The format of the request buffer is specified in section [2.2.3.5.1](#).

For each recipient provided the server locates its representation of the recipient based on **RowId**. If the recipient indicated by **RowId** does not exist then the server creates a new recipient with that **RowId** and applies the data from the request.

If the recipient currently exists on the Message object and the value of **RecipientRowSize** in the request buffer is non-zero, the server replaces all existing properties of the recipient with the property values supplied in the request. If the value of **RecipientRowSize** in the request buffer is "0x0000" then the server deletes the recipient from the Message object.

Until the server receives a [RopSaveChangesMessage](#) request from the client, the server adheres to the following:

- If a recipient was deleted, its **RowId** and associated data MUST NOT be returned as part of any subsequent handling of ROPs for the opened Message object.
- Any changes made to the recipients MUST be included in the response buffer for any subsequent ROP requests that apply To recipients for the same Message object handle.
- The changes made to the recipients MUST NOT be included in the response buffer returned for ROP requests that apply To recipients on different Message object handles.

The following specific error code applies to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecNotSupported	0x80040102	The InputHandleIndex on which this ROP was called does not refer to a Message object.

3.2.5.6 RopReadRecipients

Provides the recipient information for the Message object in a tabular form, where each row has information for a single recipient. [RopReadRecipients](#) is used to obtain information for all recipients in the Message object, regardless of the number of recipients on the message.

The server provides the recipient information starting with the recipient specified by the **RowId** field. If there is a recipient with the given **RowId**, the server provides the information for that recipient and as many recipients as possible, limited by the number of actual recipients in the message and the amount of recipient information that fits in the response buffer.

When **RowId** is "0x0000", the server chooses the first recipient in the message even if its **RowId** does not match. If the Message does not have recipients, the server returns **ecNotFound**.

The following specific error codes apply to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecNotFound	0x8004010F	Recipient row RowId does not exist on the message.
ecBufferTooSmall	0x0000047D	Unable to fit at least one recipient in the response buffer. See [MS-OXCROPS] for specific handling.
ecNotSupported	0x80040102	The InputHandleIndex on which this ROP was called does not refer to a Message object.

3.2.5.7 RopReloadCachedInformation

Returns the same information as would be returned by [RopOpenMessage](#), except that it is updated with the information that has been modified on the Message object.

The following specific error code applies to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecNotSupported	0x80040102	The InputHandleIndex on which this ROP was called does not refer to a Message object.

3.2.5.8 RopSetMessageStatus

Modifies the [PidTagMessageStatus](#) property of a single message.

The server modifies the bits on this property specified by the **MessageStatusMask**.

The server immediately commits the changes to the Message object as if the Message object had been opened and [RopSaveChangesMessage](#) had been called, except that it only changes [PidTagMessageStatus](#), not [PidTagChangeKey](#), [PidTagLastModificationTime](#), or any other property that is modified during [RopSaveChangesMessage](#).

The following specific error code applies to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecNotSupported	0x80040102	The InputHandleIndex on which this ROP was called does not refer to a Folder object.

3.2.5.9 RopGetMessageStatus

Provides the value of [PidTagMessageStatus](#) property of a single message; MUST NOT require the Message object to be opened.

The following specific error code applies to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecNotSupported	0x80040102	The InputHandleIndex on which this ROP was called does not refer to a Folder object.

3.2.5.10 RopSetReadFlags

Modifies the [PidTagMessageFlags](#) property of several messages.

The server immediately commits the changes to the Message objects as if the Message objects had been opened and [RopSaveMessageChanges](#) had been called, except that it only changes [PidTagMessageFlags](#), not [PidTagChangeKey](#), [PidTagLastModificationTime](#), or any other property that is modified during [RopSaveChangesMessage](#).

If the **WantAsynchronous** flag is non-zero, then the server MAY execute this ROP asynchronously. For more details, see [RopProgress](#) in [\[MS-OXCPRPT\]](#).

The following specific error code applies to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecNotSupported	0x80040102	The InputHandleIndex on which this ROP was called does not refer to a Folder object.

3.2.5.11 RopSetMessageReadFlag

Modifies the [PidTagMessageFlags](#) property of a single message.

The server immediately commits the changes to the Message object as if the Message object had been opened and [RopSaveChangesMessage](#) had been called, except that it only changes [PidTagMessageFlags](#), not [PidTagChangeKey](#), [PidTagLastModificationTime](#), or any other property that is modified during [RopSaveChangesMessage](#).

The following specific error code applies to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecNotSupported	0x80040102	The InputHandleIndex on which this ROP was called does not refer to a Message object.

3.2.5.12 RopOpenAttachment

Provides access to a single existing Attachment object. The handle returned by this ROP is used in subsequent ROPs, such as [RopGetPropertiesSpecific](#). See specific ROPs for information of which operate on Attachment objects [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

The following specific error codes apply to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecNotFound	0x8004010F	The AttachmentID does not correspond to an attachment on the Message object.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecAccessDenied	0x80000009	The user has insufficient privileges.
ecNotSupported	0x80040102	The InputHandleIndex on which this ROP was called does not refer to a Message object.

3.2.5.13 RopCreateAttachment

Creates a new Attachment object and provides a handle to it for use in subsequent ROPs. The server does not commit the new Attachment object until it receives a call to [RopSaveChangesAttachment](#).

The server MUST initialize the following properties before responding.

Property Name	Initial Data
PidTagAttachNumber	Varies, depending on the number of existing attachments on the Message object.
PidTagAttachSize	"0x00000000 "
PidTagAccessLevel	"0x00000001"
PidTagRenderingPosition	"0x00000000"
PidTagCreationTime	Time RopCreateAttachment was processed.
PidTagLastModificationTime	Same as PidTagCreationTime

The following specific error codes apply to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecAccessDenied	0x80000009	The user does not have permissions to create an attachment on this message.
ecMaxAttachmentExceeded	0x000004DB	The (server defined) maximum number of attachments for a message has been exceeded.
ecNotSupported	0x80040102	The InputHandleIndex on which this ROP was called does not refer to a Message object.

3.2.5.14 RopSaveChangesAttachment

Commits the changes made to an Attachment object. The status of the Attachment object after the commit is determined by the values of the **SaveFlags** as documented in section [2.2.3.3.1.1](#).

Although the server commits any pending changes to the Attachment object in the context of its containing Message object, the changes MUST NOT be committed to the database until [RopSaveChangesMessage](#) has been executed on the handle of the Message object.

The following specific error code applies to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecNotSupported	0x80040102	The value of SaveFlags is not a supported combination as documented

Name	Value	Meaning
		in section 2.2.3.3.1.1 . The InputHandleIndex on which this ROP was called does not refer to an Attachment object.

3.2.5.15 RopDeleteAttachment

Removes an Attachment object from a message. The server recalculates [PidTagHasAttachments](#) during this ROP.

The following specific error codes apply to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecNotFound	0x8004010F	The AttachmentID does not correspond to an attachment on the Message object.
ecAccessDenied	0x80000009	The user has insufficient privileges.
ecNotSupported	0x80040102	The InputHandleIndex on which this ROP was called does not refer to a Message object.

3.2.5.16 RopOpenEmbeddedMessage

Provides access to an Embedded Message object stored in an Attachment object. If the embedded object does not exist, then the client creates an Attachment object following the process defined in section [3.1.4.17](#). Once the attachment is created and its properties initialized, as specified in section [3.1.4.17](#), the client sends a [RopOpenEmbeddedMessage](#) on the attachment to get a Message object handle. The returned handle is used in subsequent ROPs (similar to the one returned by [RopOpenMessage](#)). The server MUST NOT commit the Message object to the containing Attachment object until [RopSaveChangesMessage](#) is called with the Embedded Message object's handle.

The following specific error codes apply to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecAccessDenied	0x80000009	The user does not have permission to open or create this message.
ecNotSupported	0x80040102	The InputHandleIndex on which this ROP was called does not refer to an Attachment object.
ecUnknownCodePage	0x000003ef	The code page is unknown

3.2.5.17 RopGetAttachmentTable

Returns a handle to a table object for use in subsequent ROPs as specified in [\[MS-OXCTABL\]](#). The table object returned allows access to the properties of Attachment objects.

The following specific error codes apply to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecNotSupported	0x80040102	The InputHandleIndex on which this ROP was called does not refer to

Name	Value	Meaning
		a Message object.
ecBusy	0x80040108	The server is too busy to complete the request.

3.2.6 Timer Events

None.

3.2.7 Other Local Events

None.

4 Protocol Examples

A user creates a new HTML-format e-mail, sets its subject to "abc123sample" and its body to "This is a sample body text". The user also adds two attachments: an HTML embedded image and a text file, adds a recipient, then saves and closes the message.

4.1 Create Message

The client first creates a new Message object by sending a [RopCreateMessage](#) request.

4.1.1 RopCreateMessage Request Buffer

```
0000: 06 00 00 01 ff 0f 01 00-00 00 00 f0 79 93 00
```

RopId: 0x06

LogonId: 0x00

InputHandleIndex: 0x00

OutputHandleIndex: 0x01

CodePageId: 0x0FFF

FolderId: 01 00 00 00 00 f0 79 93

AssociatedFlag: 0x00

4.1.2 RopCreateMessage Response Buffer

```
0000: 06 01 00 00 00 00 00 00
```

RopId: 0x06

OutputHandleIndex: 0x01

ReturnValue: 0x00000000

HasMessageId: 0x00

4.2 Name to Id Mapping

Before manipulating named properties on Message objects, the client needs to ask the server to perform a mapping from the named properties to **property identifiers**, using [RopGetPropertyIdsFromNames](#) as specified in [\[MS-OXCPRPT\]](#).

4.3 Get Attachment Table

The client sends a [RopGetAttachmentTable](#) request to retrieve the attachment table for a Message object.

4.3.1 RopGetAttachmentTable Request Buffer

```
0000:21 00 00 01 00
```

RopId: 0x21

LogonId: 0x00

InputHandleIndex: 0x00

OutputHandleIndex: 0x01

TableFlags: 0x00 (Standard)

4.3.2 RopGetAttachmentTable Response Buffer

```
0000:21 01 00 00 00 00
```

RopId: 0x21

OutputHandleIndex: 0x01

ReturnValue: 0x00000000

4.4 Insert HTML Embedded Image

The client first creates the Attachment object on the Message object, then sets its properties and commits the changes.

4.4.1 RopCreateAttachment Request Buffer

```
0000: 23 00 00 01
```

RopId: 0x23

LogonId: 0x00

InputHandleIndex: 0x00

OutputHandleIndex: 0x01

4.4.2 RopCreateAttachment Response Buffer

```
0000: 23 01 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00
```

RopId: 0x23

OutputHandleIndex: 0x01

ReturnValue: 0x00000000

AttachmentID: 0x00000000

4.4.3 Setting Properties

At this point the client uses [RopSetProperties](#) as specified in [\[MS-OXCPRPT\]](#) to set properties on the Attachment objects.

Property tag	Property name	Data
0x37050003	PidTagAttachMethod	"0x00000001"
0x370b0003	PidTagRenderingPosition	"0xFFFFFFFF"
0x7ffd0003	PidTagAttachmentFlags	"0x00000000"
0x3001001f	PidTagDisplayName	"image001.PNG"
0x3712001f	PidTagAttachContentId	"image001.PNG@01C86E1C.F1954390"
0x370e001f	PidTagAttachMimeTag	"image/PNG"
0x7ffa0003	PidTagAttachmentLinkId	"0x00000000"
0x37140003	PidTagAttachFlags	"0x00000004"
0x7ffe000b	PidTagAttachmentHidden	"0x01"
0x3707001f	PidTagAttachLongFilename	"image001.PNG"
0x3704001f	PidTagAttachFilename	"image001.PNG"
0x3703001f	PidTagAttachExtension	".PNG"

To set the contents of the embedded image, the client uses four ROPs, as described in [\[MS-OXCPRPT\]](#).

[RopOpenStream](#) with [PidTagAttachDataBinary](#).

[RopSetStreamSize](#) with the size of image file data.

[RopWriteStream](#) request with the actual file contents.

[RopRelease](#) for the handle returned from [RopOpenStream](#).

4.4.4 RopSaveChangesAttachment Request Buffer

```
0000: 25 00 01 00 02
```

RopId: 0x25

LogonId: 0x00

ResponseHandleIndex: 0x01

InputHandleIndex: 0x00

SaveFlags: 0x0A (**KeepOpenReadWrite**)

4.4.5 RopSaveChangesAttachment Response Buffer

0000: 25 01 00 00 00 00

RopId: 0x25

ResponseHandleIndex: 0x01

ReturnValue: 0x00000000

4.4.6 Releasing Attachment Object

Finally, the client releases the Attachment object by using [RopRelease](#), as specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

4.5 Attach Text File

The client first creates the Attachment object on the Message object, then sets its properties and commits the changes.

4.5.1 RopCreateAttachment Request Buffer

0000:23 00 00 03

RopId: 0x23

LogonId: 0x00

InputHandleIndex: 0x00

OutputHandleIndex: 0x03

4.5.2 RopCreateAttachment Response Buffer

0000: 23 03 00 00 00 00 01 00-00 00

RopId: 0x23

OutputHandleIndex: 0x03

ReturnValue: 0x00000000

AttachmentID: 0x00000001

4.5.3 Setting Properties

At this point the client uses [RopSetProperties](#) as specified in [\[MS-OXCPRPT\]](#) to set properties on the Attachment objects.

Property tag	Property name	Data
0x37050003	PidTagAttachMethod	"0x00000001"

Property tag	Property name	Data
0x370b0003	PidTagRenderingPosition	"0xFFFFFFFF"
0x7ffd0003	PidTagAttachmentFlags	"0x00000000"
0x3001001f	PidTagDisplayName	"test.txt"
0x7ffa0003	PidTagAttachmentLinkId	"0x00000000"
0x37140003	PidTagAttachFlags	"0x00000000"
0x7ffe000b	PidTagAttachmentHidden	"0x00"
0x3707001f	PidTagAttachLongFilename	"test.txt"
0x3704001f	PidTagAttachFilename	"test.txt"
0x3703001f	PidTagAttachExtension	".txt"
0x30070040	PidTagCreationTime	"2008/02/1222:28:34.636"
0x30080040	PidTagLastModificationTime	"2008/02/1222:28:50.112"
0x37090102	PidTagAttachRendering	3512 Bytes of Windows Metafile

To set the contents of the embedded image, the client uses four ROPs. For more information, see [MS-OXCPRPT].

1. [RopOpenStream](#) with [PidTagAttachDataBinary](#).
2. [RopSetStreamSize](#) with the size of image file data.
3. [RopWriteStream](#) request with the actual file contents.
4. [RopRelease](#) for the handle returned from [RopOpenStream](#).

4.5.4 RopSaveChangesAttachment Request Buffer

```
0000: 25 00 02 01 02
```

RopId: 0x25

LogonId: 0x00

ResponseHandleIndex: 0x02

InputHandleIndex: 0x01

SaveFlags: 0x0A (**KeepOpenReadWrite**)

4.5.5 RopSaveChangesAttachment Response Buffer

```
0000: 25 02 00 00 00 00
```

RopId: 0x25

ResponseHandleIndex: 0x02

ReturnValue: 0x00000000

4.5.6 Releasing Attachment Object

Finally, the client releases the Attachment object by using [RopRelease](#), as specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

4.6 Setting Message Properties

The client sets all the necessary properties using [RopSetProperties](#) as specified in [\[MS-OXCPRPT\]](#).

The HTML body, stored in [PidTagBodyHtml](#), is the following:

```
<html>
<head>
<meta http-equiv=Content-Type content="text/html; charset=us-ascii">
</head>
<body lang=EN-US link=blue vlink=purple>
<p>This is a sample body text<o:p></o:p></p>
<p ><o:p></o:p></p>
</div>
</body>
</html>
```

4.7 Adding Recipients

4.7.1 RopModifyRecipients Request Buffer

```
0000:0e 00 08 0c 00 03 00 fe-0f 03 00 00 39 1f 00 ff
0010:39 1f 00 fe 39 03 00 71-3a 03 00 05 39 1f 00 f6
0020:5f 03 00 fd 5f 03 00 ff-5f 03 00 de 5f 03 00 df
0030:5f 02 01 f7 5f 01 00 00-00 00 00 01 27 01 51 06
0040:5a 00 55 73 65 72 32 00-75 00 73 00 65 00 72 00
0050:32 00 00 00 75 00 73 00-65 00 72 00 32 00 00 00
0060:0c 00 00 06 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 75 00 73 00 65
0070:00 72 00 32 00 00 00 75-00 73 00 65 00 72 00 32
0080:00 40 00 73 00 7a 00 66-00 6b 00 75 00 6b 00 2d
0090:00 64 00 6f 00 6d 00 2e-00 65 00 78 00 74 00 65
00a0:00 73 00 74 00 2e 00 6d-00 69 00 63 00 72 00 6f
00b0:00 73 00 6f 00 66 00 74-00 2e 00 63 00 6f 00 6d
00c0:00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 40 75 00 73 00 65
00d0:00 72 00 32 00 00 00 01-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
00e0:00 00 00 00 00 00 00 7c-00 00 00 00 00 dc a7 40
00f0:c8 c0 42 10 1a b4 b9 08-00 2b 2f e1 82 01 00 00
0100:00 00 00 00 00 00 2f 6f 3d-46 69 72 73 74 20 4f 72
0110:67 61 6e 69 7a 61 74 69-6f 6e 2f 6f 75 3d 45 78
0120:63 68 61 6e 67 65 20 41-64 6d 69 6e 69 73 74 72
0130:61 74 69 76 65 20 47 72-6f 75 70 20 28 46 59 44
0140:49 42 4f 48 46 32 33 53-50 44 4c 54 29 2f 63 6e
0150:3d 52 65 63 69 70 69 65-6e 74 73 2f 63 6e 3d 75
0160:73 65 72 32 00
```

RopId: 0x0e
LogonId: 0x00
InputHandleIndex: 0x08
ColumnCount: 0x000C (COUNT of following **RecipientColumns**)
[PidTagObjectType](#): 0x0ffe0003
[PidTagDisplayType](#): 0x39000003
[PidTagAddressBookDisplayNamePrintable](#): 0x39ff001f
[PidTagSmtpAddress](#): 0x39fe001f
[PidTagSendInternetEncoding](#): 0x3a710003
[PidTagDisplayTypeEx](#): 0x39050003
[PidTagRecipientDisplayName](#): 0x5ff6001f
[PidTagRecipientFlags](#): 0x5ffd0003
[PidTagRecipientTrackStatus](#): 0x5fff0003
[PidTagRecipientResourceState](#): 0x5fde0003
[PidTagRecipientOrder](#): 0x5fd0003
[PidTagRecipientEntryId](#): 0x5ff70102
RowCount: 0x0001 (COUNT of following **ModifyRecipientRows**)
RowId: 0x00000000
RecipientType: 0x01(primary recipient)
RecipientRowSize: 0x0127(bytes in following RecipientRow)
RecipientFlags: 0101000100000110 (S,D,Type=X500DN,I,U)
AddressPrefixUsed: 0x5A (present because Type=X500DN)
DisplayType: 0x00 (present because Type=X500DN)
EmailAddress: User2 (present because Type=X500DN)
DisplayName: user2 (present because D is set)
SimpleDisplayName: user2 (present because I is set)
RecipientColumnCount: 0x000C (matches ColumnCount)
StandardPropertyRow:
Flag: 0x00
ValueArray: (property order defined by **RecipientColumns**)

[PidTagObjectType](#):0x00000006
[PidTagDisplayType](#):0x00000000
[PidTag7BitDisplayName](#):user2
[PidTagSmtAddress](#):user2@szfkuk-dom.extest.microsoft.com
[PidTagSendInternetEncoding](#):0
[PidTagDisplayTypeEx](#):0x40000000
[PidTagRecipientDisplayName](#):user2
[PidTagRecipientFlags](#):0x00000001
[PidTagRecipientTrackStatus](#):0x00000000
[PidTagRecipientResourceState](#):0x00000000
[PidTagRecipientOrder](#):0x00000000
[PidTagRecipientEntryId](#):0x007c and the subsequent 124 (0x7c) bytes

4.7.2 RopModifyRecipients Response Buffer

0000: 0e 08 00 00 00 00

RopId: 0x0e
InputHandleIndex: 0x08
ReturnValue: 0x000000

4.8 Save Message

After all necessary properties set for the message it was saved. The client sends [RopSaveChangesMessage](#) request.

4.8.1 RopSaveChangesMessage Request Buffer

0000: 0c 00 00 01 0a

RopId: 0x0c
LogonId: 0x00
ResponseHandleIndex: 0x00
InputHandleIndex: 0x01
SaveFlags: 0x0A (KeepOpenReadWrite)

4.8.2 RopSaveChangesMessage Response Buffer

0000: 0c 00 00 00 00 00 01 01-00 00 00 00 f0 86 39

RopId: 0x0c

ResponseHandleIndex: 0x00

ReturnValue: 0x00000000

InputHandleIndex: 0x01

MessageId: 01 00 00 00 00 f0 86 39

4.9 Releasing Message Object

Finally, the client releases the Message object by using [RopRelease](#), as specified in [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#).

5 Security

5.1 Security Considerations for Implementers

There are no special security considerations specific to the [MS-OXCMSG] protocol. General security considerations pertaining to the underlying **RPC**-based transport apply (see [\[MS-OXCROPS\]](#)).

5.2 Index of Security Parameters

None.

6 Appendix A: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following product versions. References to product versions include released service packs.

- Microsoft Office Outlook 2003
- Microsoft Exchange Server 2003
- Microsoft Office Outlook 2007
- Microsoft Exchange Server 2007
- Microsoft Outlook 2010
- Microsoft Exchange Server 2010

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. If a service pack number appears with the product version, behavior changed in that service pack. The new behavior also applies to subsequent service packs of the product unless otherwise specified.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification prescribed using the terms SHOULD or SHOULD NOT implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term MAY implies that product does not follow the prescription.

7 Change Tracking

This section identifies changes made to [MS-OXCMSG] protocol documentation between July 2009 and November 2009 releases. Changes are classed as major, minor, or editorial.

Major changes affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of major changes are:

- A document revision that incorporates changes to interoperability requirements or functionality.
- An extensive rewrite, addition, or deletion of major portions of content.
- A protocol is deprecated.
- The removal of a document from the documentation set.
- Changes made for template compliance.

Minor changes do not affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples are updates to fix technical accuracy or ambiguity at the sentence, paragraph, or table level.

Editorial changes apply to grammatical, formatting, and style issues.

No changes means that the document is identical to its last release.

Major and minor changes can be described further using the following revision types:

- New content added.
- Content update.
- Content removed.
- New product behavior note added.
- Product behavior note updated.
- Product behavior note removed.
- New protocol syntax added.
- Protocol syntax updated.
- Protocol syntax removed.
- New content added due to protocol revision.
- Content updated due to protocol revision.
- Content removed due to protocol revision.
- New protocol syntax added due to protocol revision.
- Protocol syntax updated due to protocol revision.
- Protocol syntax removed due to protocol revision.
- New content added for template compliance.
- Content updated for template compliance.

- Content removed for template compliance.
- Obsolete document removed.

Editorial changes always have the revision type "Editorially updated."

Some important terms used in revision type descriptions are defined as follows:

Protocol syntax refers to data elements (such as packets, structures, enumerations, and methods) as well as interfaces.

Protocol revision refers to changes made to a protocol that affect the bits that are sent over the wire.

Changes are listed in the following table. If you need further information, please contact protocol@microsoft.com.

Section	Tracking number (if applicable) and description	Major change (Y or N)	Revision Type
2.2 Message Syntax	51587 Changed "information" to "details" in reference to [MS-OXCPRPT].	N	Content update.
2.2.1 Message Object Properties	49624 Added statement with reference for property value types.	N	Content update.
2.2.1.5 PidTagMessageLocaleId	51587 Changed "information" to "details" in reference to [MS-LCID].	N	Content update.
2.2.1.6 PidTagMessageFlags	49630 Updated reference for RopSetReadFlags.	N	Content update.
2.2.1.8 PidTagMessageStatus	51639 Added link to MS-OXCPRPT.	N	Content update.
2.2.1.8 PidTagMessageStatus	51587 Changed "information" to "details" in reference to [MS-OXCTABL].	N	Content update.
2.2.1.11 PidTagImportance	51638 Updated "end user" to "end-user".	N	Content update.
2.2.1.16 PidLidSideEffects	49607 Added reference for the PidTagContainerClass property in the description of the SeCoerceToInbox flag.	N	Content update.
2.2.1.17 PidNameKeywords	49623 Changed type from "PtypMultiString" to "PtypMultipleString".	N	Content update.
2.2.1.21.2 PidLidContacts	49623 Changed type from "PtypMultiString" to "PtypMultipleString".	N	Content update.

Section	Tracking number (if applicable) and description	Major change (Y or N)	Revision Type
2.2.1.21.4 PidLidContactLinkSearchKey	49625 Added definition and references for term "search keys."	N	Content update.
2.2.2 Attachment Object Properties	49624 Added statement with reference for property value types.	N	Content update.
2.2.2.4 PidTagDisplayName	51638 Updated "end user" to "end-user".	N	Content update.
2.2.2.18 PidTagAttachFlags	53553 Specified how the attachment is available to be rendered when the property is absent or its value is 0x00000000.	N	Content update.
2.2.2.24 PidTagAttachmentHidden	51638 Updated "end user" to "end-user".	N	Content update.
2.2.3.3.1.1 SaveFlags	51938 Updated spelling.	N	Content update.
2.2.3.9 RopGetMessageStatus Buffer Format	51638 Added space to title.	N	Content update.
2.2.3.10.1.2 ReadFlags	51638 Updated flag name.	N	Content update.
2.2.3.11 RopSetMessageReadFlag	50604 Revised wording	N	Content update.
2.2.3.15.2 Response Buffer	49629 Changed name of ROP.	N	Content update.
2.2.3.17 RopGetAttachmentTable Buffer Format	51587 Changed "information" to "details" in reference to [MS-OXC TABL].	N	Content update.
2.2.3.18 RopGetValidAttachments Buffer Format	49448 Added documentation for this ROP.	Y	New content added.
2.2.3.18.2 Success Response Buffer	49448 Created documentation for RopGetValidAttachments success response buffer.	Y	New content added.
2.2.3.18.3 Failure Response Buffer	49448 Created documentation for RopGetValidAttachments failure response buffer.	Y	New content added.
3.2.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events	51567 Moved all sub-sections of this section to	Y	Content removed.

Section	Tracking number (if applicable) and description	Major change (Y or N)	Revision Type
	section 3.2.5.		
3.2.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules	51567 Added new topic.	Y	New content added.
3.2.5.1 RopOpenMessage	50472 Updated name of field.	N	Content update.
3.2.5.1 RopOpenMessage	51573 Changed "caller" to "client" in description of ecNotFound.	N	Content update.
3.2.5.4 RopRemoveAllRecipients	50702 Updated value of ecNotSupported.	N	Content update.
3.2.5.5 RopModifyRecipients	50702 Updated value of ecNotSupported.	N	Content update.
3.2.5.6 RopReadRecipients	50702 Updated value of ecNotSupported.	N	Content update.
3.2.5.7 RopReloadCachedInformation	50702 Updated value of ecNotSupported.	N	Content update.
3.2.5.8 RopSetMessageStatus	49615 Deleted the word "normally" from the statement about properties that are modified by RopSaveChangesMessage.	N	Content update.
3.2.5.10 RopSetReadFlags	49615 Deleted the word "normally" from the statement about properties that are modified by RopSaveChangesMessage.	N	Content update.
3.2.5.10 RopSetReadFlags	51587 Changed "information" to "details" in reference to [MS-OXCPRPT].	N	Content update.
3.2.5.11 RopSetMessageReadFlag	49615 Deleted the word "normally" from the statement about properties that are modified by RopSaveChangesMessage.	N	Content update.
3.2.6 Timer Events	51567 Added new topic.	Y	New content added.
3.2.7 Other Local Events	51567 Added new topic.	Y	New content added.
4.1.1 RopCreateMessage Request Buffer	50501 Changed names of fields to match the MS-OXCROPS document.	N	Content update.

Section	Tracking number (if applicable) and description	Major change (Y or N)	Revision Type
4.1.2 RopCreateMessage Response Buffer	50501 Changed names of fields to match the MS-OXCROPS document.	N	Content update.
4.3.1 RopGetAttachmentTable Request Buffer	50501 Changed names of fields to match the MS-OXCROPS document.	N	Content update.
4.3.2 RopGetAttachmentTable Response Buffer	50501 Changed names of fields to match the MS-OXCROPS document.	N	Content update.
4.4.1 RopCreateAttachment Request Buffer	50501 Changed names of fields to match the MS-OXCROPS document.	N	Content update.
4.4.2 RopCreateAttachment Response Buffer	50501 Changed names of fields to match the MS-OXCROPS document.	N	Content update.
4.4.3 Setting Properties	50474 Changed value of PidTagAttachmentFlags, which must be 0 unless object is being overridden by other protocols.	Y	Content update.
4.4.4 RopSaveChangesAttachment Request Buffer	50475 Updated value of SaveFlags.	N	Content update.
4.4.4 RopSaveChangesAttachment Request Buffer	50501 Changed names of fields to match the MS-OXCROPS document.	N	Content update.
4.4.5 RopSaveChangesAttachment Response Buffer	50501 Changed names of fields to match the MS-OXCROPS document.	N	Content update.
4.4.6 Releasing Attachment Object	50476 Changed reference from [MS-OXCPRPT] to [MS-OXCROPS].	N	Content update.
4.5.1 RopCreateAttachment Request Buffer	50501 Changed names of fields to match the MS-OXCROPS document.	N	Content update.
4.5.2 RopCreateAttachment Response Buffer	50501 Changed names of fields to match the MS-OXCROPS document.	N	Content update.
4.5.4 RopSaveChangesAttachment Request Buffer	50475 Updated value of SaveFlags.	N	Content update.
4.5.4 RopSaveChangesAttachment	50501 Changed names of fields to match the MS-	N	Content update.

Section	Tracking number (if applicable) and description	Major change (Y or N)	Revision Type
Request Buffer	OXCROPS document.		
4.5.5 RopSaveChangesAttachment Response Buffer	50501 Changed names of fields to match the MS-OXCROPS document.	N	Content update.
4.5.6 Releasing Attachment Object	50476 Changed reference from [MS-OXCPRPT] to [MS-OXCROPS].	N	Content update.
4.7.1 RopModifyRecipients Request Buffer	50478 Changed name of RecipientFlags Type value to be consistent with [MS-OXCDATA].	N	Content update.
4.7.1 RopModifyRecipients Request Buffer	50470 Changed ExchangeAddress to EmailAddress.	N	Content update.
4.7.1 RopModifyRecipients Request Buffer	50501 Changed names of fields to match the MS-OXCROPS document.	N	Content update.
4.7.2 RopModifyRecipients Response Buffer	50501 Changed names of fields to match the MS-OXCROPS document.	N	Content update.
4.8.1 RopSaveChangesMessage Request Buffer	50501 Changed names of fields to match the MS-OXCROPS document.	N	Content update.
4.8.2 RopSaveChangesMessage Response Buffer	50501 Changed names of fields to match the MS-OXCROPS document.	N	Content update.
4.9 Releasing Message Object	50476 Changed reference from [MS-OXCPRPT] to [MS-OXCROPS].	N	Content update.

8 Index

A

[Applicability](#) 13

C

[Capability negotiation](#) 13

[Change tracking](#) 68

Client

[overview](#) 44

E

Examples

[overview](#) 57

F

[Fields – vendor-extensible](#) 13

G

[Glossary](#) 9

I

[Implementer – security considerations](#) 66

[Index of security parameters](#) 66

[Informative references](#) 11

[Introduction](#) 9

M

Messages

[overview](#) 14

Messaging

[transport](#) 14

N

[Normative references](#) 10

O

[Overview \(synopsis\)](#) 11

P

[Parameters – security index](#) 66

[Preconditions](#) 13

[Prerequisites](#) 13

[Product behavior](#) 67

R

References

[informative](#) 11

[normative](#) 10

[Relationship to other protocols](#) 12

S

Security

[implementer considerations](#) 66

[overview](#) 66

[parameter index](#) 66

Server

[overview](#) 48

[Standards Assignments](#) 13

T

[Tracking changes](#) 68

[Transport](#) 14

V

[Vendor-extensible fields](#) 13

[Versioning](#) 13