[MS-OXCDATA]: Data Structures

Intellectual Property Rights Notice for Open Specifications Documentation

- Technical Documentation. Microsoft publishes Open Specifications documentation for protocols, file formats, languages, standards as well as overviews of the interaction among each of these technologies.
- **Copyrights.** This documentation is covered by Microsoft copyrights. Regardless of any other terms that are contained in the terms of use for the Microsoft website that hosts this documentation, you may make copies of it in order to develop implementations of the technologies described in the Open Specifications and may distribute portions of it in your implementations using these technologies or your documentation as necessary to properly document the implementation. You may also distribute in your implementation, with or without modification, any schema, IDL's, or code samples that are included in the Open Specifications.
- **No Trade Secrets.** Microsoft does not claim any trade secret rights in this documentation.
- Patents. Microsoft has patents that may cover your implementations of the technologies described in the Open Specifications. Neither this notice nor Microsoft's delivery of the documentation grants any licenses under those or any other Microsoft patents. However, a given Open Specification may be covered by Microsoft <u>Open Specification Promise</u> or the <u>Community Promise</u>. If you would prefer a written license, or if the technologies described in the Open Specifications are not covered by the Open Specifications Promise or Community Promise, as applicable, patent licenses are available by contacting iplg@microsoft.com.
- Trademarks. The names of companies and products contained in this documentation may be covered by trademarks or similar intellectual property rights. This notice does not grant any licenses under those rights. For a list of Microsoft trademarks, visit <u>www.microsoft.com/trademarks</u>.
- Fictitious Names. The example companies, organizations, products, domain names, email addresses, logos, people, places, and events depicted in this documentation are fictitious. No association with any real company, organization, product, domain name, email address, logo, person, place, or event is intended or should be inferred.

Reservation of Rights. All other rights are reserved, and this notice does not grant any rights other than specifically described above, whether by implication, estoppel, or otherwise.

Tools. The Open Specifications do not require the use of Microsoft programming tools or programming environments in order for you to develop an implementation. If you have access to Microsoft programming tools and environments you are free to take advantage of them. Certain Open Specifications are intended for use in conjunction with publicly available standard specifications and network programming art, and assumes that the reader either is familiar with the aforementioned material or has immediate access to it.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Revision Summary

Date	Revision History	Revision Class	Comments
04/04/2008	0.1.0	Major	Initial Availability.
04/25/2008	0.2.0	Minor	Revised and updated property names and other technical content.
06/27/2008	1.0.0	Major	Initial Release.
08/06/2008	1.01	Editorial	Revised and edited technical content.
09/03/2008	1.02	Editorial	Revised and edited technical content.
12/03/2008	1.03	Editorial	Revised and edited technical content.
04/10/2009	2.0.0	Major	Updated technical content and applicable product releases.
07/15/2009	3.0.0	Major	Revised and edited for technical content.
11/04/2009	3.1.0	Minor	Updated the technical content.
02/10/2010	4.0.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
05/05/2010	4.1.0	Minor	Updated the technical content.
08/04/2010	5.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
11/03/2010	5.1	Minor	Clarified the meaning of the technical content.
03/18/2011	5.2	Minor	Clarified the meaning of the technical content.
08/05/2011	6.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
10/07/2011	7.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
01/20/2012	8.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
04/27/2012	8.0	No change	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
07/16/2012	9.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
10/08/2012	9.1	Minor	Clarified the meaning of the technical content.
02/11/2013	9.2	Minor	Clarified the meaning of the technical content.
07/26/2013	10.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
11/18/2013	11.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
02/10/2014	11.0	No change	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
04/30/2014	11.0	No change	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Release: July 31, 2014

Date	Revision History	Revision Class	Comments
			the technical content.
07/31/2014	12.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright ${\ensuremath{\mathbb C}}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Table of Contents

1	Introduction	7
	1.1 Glossary	7
	1.2 References	
	1.2.1 Normative References	
	1.2.2 Informative References	10
	1.3 Overview	
	1.4 Relationship to Protocols and Other Structures	10
	1.5 Applicability Statement	11
	1.6 Versioning and Localization	11
	1.7 Vendor-Extensible Fields	11
2	Structures	12
_	2.1 AddressList Structures	
	2.1.1 AddressEntry Structure	
	2.1.2 AddressList Structure	
	2.2 EntryID and Related Types	
	2.2.1 Folder ID, Message ID, and Global Identifier Structures	
	2.2.1.1 Folder ID Structure	
	2.2.1.2 Message ID Structure	
	2.2.1.3 Global Identifier Structure	
	2.2.1.3.1 LongTermID Structure	
	2.2.2 NNTP Newsgroup Folder EntryID Structure	15
	2.2.3 General EntryID Structure	
	2.2.4 Messaging Object EntryIDs Structures	
	2.2.4.1 Folder EntryID Structure	
	2.2.4.2 Message EntryID Structure	
	2.2.4.3 Store Object EntryID Structure	
	2.2.5 Recipient EntryID Structures	
	2.2.5.1 One-Off EntryID Structure	
	2.2.5.2 Address Book EntryID Structure	
	2.2.5.3 Contact Address EntryID Structure	
	2.2.5.4 Personal Distribution List EntryID Structure	
	2.3 EntryID Lists	
	2.3.1 EntryList Structure	
	2.3.2 FlatÉntry Structure	
	2.3.3 FlatEntryList Structure	28
	2.4 Error Codes	29
	2.4.1 Additional Error Codes	34
	2.4.2 Property Error Codes	80
	2.4.3 Warning Codes	
	2.5 Flat UID Structures	84
	2.5.1 FlatUID Structure	84
	2.5.2 FlatUID_r Structure	85
	2.6 Property Name Structures	
	2.6.1 PropertyName Structure	
	2.6.2 PropertyName_r Structure	
	2.7 PropertyProblem Structure	
	2.8 Property Row Structures	
	2.8.1 PropertyRow Structures	
	2.8.1.1 StandardPropertyRow Structure	

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

2.8.1.2 FlaggedPropertyRow Structure	89
2.8.1.3 PropertyRow_r Structure	89
2.8.2 PropertyRowSet Structures	
2.8.2.1 PropertyRowSet Structure	
2.8.2.2 PropertyRowSet_r Structure	
2.8.3 RecipientRow Structure	90
2.8.3.1 RecipientFlags Field	
2.8.3.2 RecipientRow Structure	
2.9 PropertyTag Structure 2.10 Property Tag Array Structures	
2.10 Property Tag Array Structure	
2.10.1 Property TagArray_r Structure	
2.10.2 Property Values	
2.11.1 Property Data Types	
2.11.1.1 COUNT Data Type Values	
2.11.1.2 String Property Values	
2.11.1.3 Multivalue Property Value Instances	99
2.11.1.4 PtypServerId Type	
2.11.1.5 PtypObject and PtypEmbeddedTable Types	
2.11.1.6 WebDAV Property Data Types	
2.11.1.6.1 Multivalue WebDAV Property Data Types	108
2.11.2 Property Value Structures	
2.11.2.1 PropertyValue Structure	109
2.11.2.2 PropertyValue_r Structure	
2.11.3 TypedPropertyValue Structure	
2.11.4 TaggedPropertyValue Structure	
2.11.5 FlaggedPropertyValue Structure	L10
2.11.6 FlaggedPropertyValueWithType Structure	
2.11.7 TypedString Structure	
2.12 Restrictions	
2.12.1 And Restriction Structures	
2.12.1.1 AndRestriction Structure	
2.12.1.2 Anukestriction_r structure	
2.12.2 Or Restriction Structures	
2.12.2.1 OrRestriction structure	
2.12.3 Not Restriction Structures	
2.12.3.1 NotRestriction Structure	
2.12.3.2 NotRestriction r Structure	
2.12.4 Content Restriction Structures	
2.12.4.1 ContentRestriction Structure	
2.12.4.2 ContentRestriction_r Structure	
2.12.5 Property Restriction Structures	
2.12.5.1 PropertyRestriction Structure	119
2.12.5.2 PropertyRestriction_r Structure1	
2.12.6 Compare Properties Restriction Structures	
2.12.6.1 ComparePropertiesRestriction Structure	
2.12.6.2 ComparePropsRestriction_r Structure	
2.12.7 Bitmask Restriction Structures	
2.12.7.1 BitMaskRestriction Structure	
2.12.7.2 BitMaskRestriction_r Structure	
2.12.8 Size Restriction Structures	
2.12.8.1 SizeRestriction Structure	12/

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Release: July 31, 2014

2.12.8.2 SizeRestriction_r Structure	
2.12.9 Exist Restriction Structures	
2.12.9.1 ExistRestriction Structure	
2.12.9.2 ExistRestriction_r Structure	
2.12.10 Subobject Restriction Structures	130
2.12.10.1 SubObjectRestriction Structure	130
2.12.10.2 SubRestriction_r Structure	
2.12.11 CommentRestriction Structure	
2.12.12 CountRestriction Structure	
2.13 Table Sorting Structures	
2.13.1 SortOrder Structure	
2.13.2 SortOrderSet Structure	133
3 Structure Examples	134
3 Structure Examples	134 134
3 Structure Examples	134
 3 Structure Examples 3.1 Restriction Example 3.2 PropertyRow Example 	134
3.1 Restriction Example	
 3.1 Restriction Example 3.2 PropertyRow Example 4 Security 	
3.1 Restriction Example3.2 PropertyRow Example	
 3.1 Restriction Example	
 3.1 Restriction Example	
 3.1 Restriction Example	

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright ${\ensuremath{\mathbb C}}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

1 Introduction

Certain structures and data types are common to **remote operations (ROPs)** and properties used by clients and servers. These structures include Ids, property tags, and property data types, and are used by client protocols for messaging and storage.

Sections 1.7 and 2 of this specification are normative and contain RFC 2119 language. All other sections and examples in this specification are informative.

1.1 Glossary

The following terms are defined in [MS-GLOS]:

```
access control list (ACL)
ASCII
Augmented Backus-Naur Form (ABNF)
big-endian
code page
Component Object Model (COM)
database
flags
GUID
handle
little-endian
NTFS
property set
remote procedure call (RPC)
Unicode
universally unique identifier (UUID)
UTF-16
XML
```

The following terms are defined in [MS-OXGLOS]:

action address book **Address Book object** attachments table base64 encoding binary large object (BLOB) character set contact **Contact object** database object **Deleted Items folder** distribution list **Drafts folder** email address EntryID extended rule Folder object Hypertext Markup Language (HTML) Junk Email folder long ID (LID) mail user

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

mailbox message body message class Message object message store meta-property multibyte character set (MBCS) Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) multivalue property named property **Outbox folder Personal Distribution List object** Personal Information Manager (PIM) plain text plain text message body property ID property tag property type public folder **Receive folder** recipient recipient table remote operation (ROP) replica restriction **ROP** buffer **ROP** request **ROP** response **ROP** response buffer rule search criteria search folder search folder definition message search key Server object server-side rule session special folder Store object subobject **Transport Neutral Encapsulation Format (TNEF) Uniform Resource Identifier (URI)** UTF-16LE Web Distributed Authoring and Versioning Protocol (WebDAV) **X500 DN**

The following terms are specific to this document:

Distribution List object: A Message object that contains properties that describe a distribution list.

MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT: These terms (in all caps) are used as described in [RFC2119]. All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 8 / 151

Copyright \odot 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

1.2 References

References to Microsoft Open Specification documents do not include a publishing year because links are to the latest version of the documents, which are updated frequently. References to other documents include a publishing year when one is available.

1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact <u>dochelp@microsoft.com</u>. We will assist you in finding the relevant information.

[ISO-8601] International Organization for Standardization, "Data Elements and Interchange Formats - Information Interchange - Representation of Dates and Times", ISO/IEC 8601:2004, December 2004,

http://www.iso.org/iso/en/CatalogueDetailPage.CatalogueDetail?CSNUMBER=40874&ICS1=1&ICS2 =140&ICS3=30

Note There is a charge to download the specification.

[MS-DTYP] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Data Types".

[MS-NSPI] Microsoft Corporation, "Name Service Provider Interface (NSPI) Protocol".

[MS-OAUT] Microsoft Corporation, "OLE Automation Protocol".

[MS-OXCFOLD] Microsoft Corporation, "Folder Object Protocol".

[MS-OXCFXICS] Microsoft Corporation, "Bulk Data Transfer Protocol".

[MS-OXCMAIL] Microsoft Corporation, "RFC 2822 and MIME to Email Object Conversion Algorithm".

[MS-OXCMAPIHTTP] Microsoft Corporation, "<u>Messaging Application Programming Interface (MAPI)</u> <u>Extensions for HTTP</u>".

[MS-OXCMSG] Microsoft Corporation, "Message and Attachment Object Protocol".

[MS-OXCPERM] Microsoft Corporation, "Exchange Access and Operation Permissions Protocol".

[MS-OXCROPS] Microsoft Corporation, "Remote Operations (ROP) List and Encoding Protocol".

[MS-OXCRPC] Microsoft Corporation, "Wire Format Protocol".

[MS-OXCTABL] Microsoft Corporation, "Table Object Protocol".

[MS-OXOAB] Microsoft Corporation, "Offline Address Book (OAB) File Format and Schema".

[MS-OXOABK] Microsoft Corporation, "Address Book Object Protocol".

[MS-OXOCNTC] Microsoft Corporation, "Contact Object Protocol".

[MS-OXOMSG] Microsoft Corporation, "Email Object Protocol".

[MS-OXORULE] Microsoft Corporation, "Email Rules Protocol".

[MS-OXOSRCH] Microsoft Corporation, "Search Folder List Configuration Protocol".

[MS-OXPROPS] Microsoft Corporation, "Exchange Server Protocols Master Property List".

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

[RFC1123] Braden, R., "Requirements for Internet Hosts - Application and Support", STD 3, RFC 1123, October 1989, <u>http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1123.txt</u>

[RFC2045] Freed, N., and Borenstein, N., "Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) Part One: Format of Internet Message Bodies", RFC 2045, November 1996, <u>http://ietf.org/rfc/rfc2045.txt</u>

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, <u>http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt</u>

[RFC3986] Berners-Lee, T., Fielding, R., and Masinter, L., "Uniform Resource Identifier (URI): Generic Syntax", STD 66, RFC 3986, January 2005, <u>http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3986.txt</u>

[RFC4122] Leach, P., Mealling, M., and Salz, R., "A Universally Unique Identifier (UUID) URN Namespace", RFC 4122, July 2005, <u>http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4122.txt</u>

[RFC5234] Crocker, D., Ed., and Overell, P., "Augmented BNF for Syntax Specifications: ABNF", STD 68, RFC 5234, January 2008, <u>http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc5234.txt</u>

[XMLSCHEMA2/2] Biron, P.V., and Malhotra, A., Eds., "XML Schema Part 2: Datatypes Second Edition", W3C Recommendation, October 2004, <u>http://www.w3.org/TR/2004/REC-xmlschema-2-20041028/</u>

1.2.2 Informative References

[MS-GLOS] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Protocols Master Glossary".

[MS-OXGLOS] Microsoft Corporation, "Exchange Server Protocols Master Glossary".

[MS-OXOCAL] Microsoft Corporation, "Appointment and Meeting Object Protocol".

[MS-OXORMDR] Microsoft Corporation, "Reminder Settings Protocol".

[MS-OXOSFLD] Microsoft Corporation, "Special Folders Protocol".

[MS-OXPROTO] Microsoft Corporation, "Exchange Server Protocols System Overview".

1.3 Overview

Data structures are used in properties, **Folder object** and **Message object** identifiers, remote operations (ROPs), and folder queries.

Apparent redundancies occur in the data structures because information is formatted differently in different contexts. For example, **storeEntryIDs** are formatted differently in the context of a ROP than in the context of a binary property value created by clients.

As a rule, integers in the data structures are transmitted in **little-endian** byte order, with the least significant byte first. But when individual bits within a byte field are specified, they are numbered starting with the most significant bit. Therefore, in a 1-byte field, bit 0 is the 0x80 bit, bit 1 is the 0x40 bit, and bit 7 is the 0x01 bit. Also, where field values are described as "b'x", where x is either 0 (zero) or 1, the value is a binary value. For example, b'1110' is a 4-bit value where the first three bits are set and the last is not.

1.4 Relationship to Protocols and Other Structures

The data structures are used by ROPs as described in [MS-OXCROPS] and by more than one of the **Personal Information Manager (PIM)** object type protocols, such as the Email Object Protocol described in [MS-OXOMSG] and the protocols that extend it.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Release: July 31, 2014

The descriptions and list of properties in [MS-OXPROPS] provide context for many of the data structures.

For conceptual background information and overviews of the relationships and interactions between this and other protocols, see [MS-OXPROTO].

1.5 Applicability Statement

The data structures specified apply to communication between clients and **mailbox** or **public folder** servers via the Remote Operations (ROP) List and Encoding Protocol as described in [MS-OXCROPS].

1.6 Versioning and Localization

None.

1.7 Vendor-Extensible Fields

None.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

2 Structures

2.1 AddressList Structures

In the context of a ROP, addressees or **recipients (2)** of a Message object are represented either by a set of property values or by a **RecipientRow** structure, as specified in section 2.8.3. In other contexts, such as in saved **search folder (2)** criteria, addressees are represented less compactly by using **AddressList** structures which contain **property tags** and values.

2.1.1 AddressEntry Structure

An AddressEntry structure is a set of properties representing one addressee.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	PropertyCount																														
													V	/alu	es (var	iabl	e)													

PropertyCount (4 bytes): An unsigned integer whose value is equal to the number of associated **TaggedPropertyValue** structures, as specified in section 2.11.4.

Values (variable): A set of TaggedPropertyValue structures representing one addressee. The number of structures is indicated by the PropertyCount field.

2.1.2 AddressList Structure

An **AddressList** structure contains a set of **AddressEntry** structures. Each **AddressEntry** structure represents one addressee.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	AddressCount																														
													Ad	dre	sses	5 (V	aria	ble))												

AddressCount (4 bytes): An unsigned integer whose value is equal to the number of associated addressees.

Addresses (variable): An array of AddressEntry structures. The number of structures is indicated by the AddressCount field.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 12 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

2.2 EntryID and Related Types

EntryID is an abstraction of an identifier for many different types of objects, including folders, messages, recipients (2), address book entries, and **message stores**, whose structure and fields depend on the context in which the EntryID is used.

For most ROPs, identifiers are used, such as a **Folder ID** structure, as specified in section 2.2.1.1, or a **Message ID** structure, as specified in section 2.2.1.2. However, in many cases, EntryIDs are stored as part or all of a binary property value; for example:

- Address book IDs are stored in the PidTagSentRepresentingEntryId property (<u>MS-OXOMSG</u>) section 2.2.1.56) of a Message object.
- Address book and one-off EntryIDs, as specified in section <u>2.2.5.1</u>, are stored in the **PidTagEntryId** property (<u>MS-OXCPERM</u>] section 2.2.4) of a recipient (2).
- Contact (3) address EntryIDs are stored in the PidLidDistributionListMembers property (<u>[MS-OXOCNTC]</u> section 2.2.2.2.1) of a contact distribution list.

This section first describes the compact **Folder ID**, **Message ID**, and **Global Identifier** structures, then the general **EntryID** structure, followed by the **Folder EntryID**, **Message EntryID**, and **Store Object EntryID** structures, and finally the recipient EntryID structures.

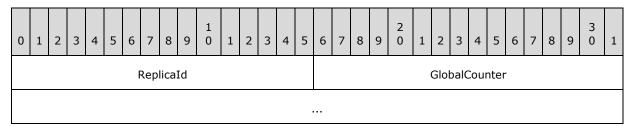
2.2.1 Folder ID, Message ID, and Global Identifier Structures

In ROPs where the **Store object** context of the objects that an identifier refers to is known, the following compact structures are used:

- Folder ID, as specified in section 2.2.1.1
- Message ID, as specified in section 2.2.1.2
- Global Identifier, as specified in section 2.2.1.3

2.2.1.1 Folder ID Structure

A **Folder ID** structure uniquely identifies a folder in the context of a logon to a Store object. The **Folder ID** structure is used in the context of a ROP, such as the **RopOpenFolder** ROP (<u>[MS-OXCROPS]</u> section 2.2.4.1), where the Store object context is already established. It is an 8-byte structure.



ReplicaId (2 bytes): An unsigned integer identifying a Store object.

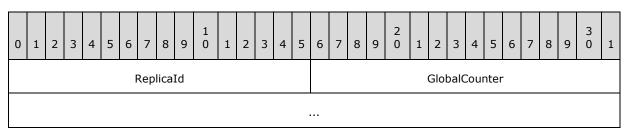
GlobalCounter (6 bytes): An unsigned integer identifying the folder within its Store object.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 13 / 151

Copyright \circledast 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

2.2.1.2 Message ID Structure

A **Message ID** structure uniquely identifies a message in the context of a logon to a Store object. The **Message ID** structure is serialized compactly in the context of a ROP, such as the **RopOpenMessage** ROP (<u>[MS-OXCROPS]</u> section 2.2.6.1), where the Store object context is already established. It is an 8-byte structure.



ReplicaId (2 bytes): An unsigned integer identifying a Store object.

GlobalCounter (6 bytes): An unsigned integer identifying the message within its Store object.

2.2.1.3 Global Identifier Structure

A **Global Identifier** structure identifies a folder or message in a Store object. It differs from a **Folder ID** structure, as specified in section 2.2.1.1, or **Message ID** structure, as specified in section 2.2.1.2, in that the **ReplicaId** field is replaced by the corresponding Store object's **GUID**. The last fields of a **Folder ID** structure or **message EntryID** structure, as specified in section 2.2.4.2 are effectively a **Global Identifier** structure.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
														Da	taba	ase	Guio	ł													
														Glo	bal	Cou	inte	r													

DatabaseGuid (16 bytes): A GUID identifying a Store object.

GlobalCounter (6 bytes): An unsigned integer identifying the folder or message within its Store object.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

2.2.1.3.1 LongTermID Structure

A **LongTermID** structure is a **Global Identifier** structure, as specified in section 2.2.1.3, plus a 2byte **Pad** field that has the value 0x0000. The total length of the **LongTermID** structure is 24 bytes.

LongTermID structures can be generated from the **Message ID** structure, as specified in section 2.2.1.2, or **Folder ID** structure, as specified in section 2.2.1.1, by using the **RopLongTermIdFromId** ROP ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.3.8). **Message ID** structures and **Folder ID** structures can be generated from their associated **LongTermID** structures by using the **RopIdFromLongTermId** ROP ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.3.9).

2.2.2 NNTP Newsgroup Folder EntryID Structure

The **NNTP Newsgroup Folder EntryID** structure identifies a newsgroup folder in a public message store.<a><1>

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
															Fla	ags															
	ProviderUID																														
	ProviderUID 																														
																••															
						F	olde	erTy	рe											Ne	wsg	rou	pNa	me	(va	rial	ole)				

Flags (4 bytes): This value MUST be set to 0x00000000. Bits in this field indicate under what circumstances a short-term EntryID is valid. However, in any EntryID stored in a property value, these 4 bytes MUST be zero indicating a long-term EntryID.

ProviderUID (16 bytes): The identifier for the provider that created the EntryID. The value is used to route EntryIDs to the correct provider and MUST be set to %x38.A1.BB.10.05.E5.10.1A.A1.BB.08.00.2B.2A.56.C2.

FolderType (2 bytes): Folder is a public newsgroup folder. This value MUST be set to 0x000C.

NewsgroupName (variable): The name of the newsgroup formatted as a null-terminated string of 8-bit characters.

2.2.3 General EntryID Structure

A **General EntryID** structure is used to identify and access an object. Note that the length of an EntryID is specified externally, not in the structure itself.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Release: July 31, 2014

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	З	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
															Fla	ags															
	ProviderUID																														
	ProviderUID 																														
												F	rov	ide	rDa	ta (var	iabl	e)												

- **Flags (4 bytes):** This value is set to 0x00000000. Bits in this field indicate under what circumstances a short-term EntryID is valid. However, in any EntryID stored in a property value, these 4 bytes are zero, indicating a long-term EntryID.
- **ProviderUID (16 bytes):** The identifier for the provider that created the EntryID. This value is used to route EntryIDs to the correct provider. Values for this field appear in the following table.

EntryID UID type	ProviderUID value
Object in private message store	Is set to the MailboxGuid field value provided in the RopLogon ROP response buffer (<u>[MS-OXCROPS]</u> section 2.2.3.1.2).
Object in public message store	%x1A. 44.73.90.AA.66.11.CD.9B.C8.00.AA.00.2F.C4.5A
Address book recipient (1)	%xDC.A7.40.C8.C0.42.10.1A.B4.B9.08.00.2B.2F.E1.82
One-off recipient (1)	%x81.2B.1F.A4.BE.A3.10.19.9D.6E.00.DD.01.0F.54.02
Contact (3) address or personal distribution list recipient	%xFE.42.AA.0A.18.C7.1A.10.E8.85.0B.65.1C.24.00.00

ProviderData (variable): Provider-specific data further specified in section <u>2.2.4.1</u>, section <u>2.2.4.2</u>, and section <u>2.2.4.3</u>.

2.2.4 Messaging Object EntryIDs Structures

A **Messaging Object EntryID** structure specifies a set of data that identifies the type of object pointed to. (EntryIDs for objects in a Store object include, at the beginning of the **ProviderData** field, a 16-bit unsigned integer indicating the type of object to which the EntryID corresponds.) The format of the **ProviderData** field is specified in the following diagram.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Release: July 31, 2014

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	З	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	ObjectType																				۵	Data	a (v	aria	ble)					

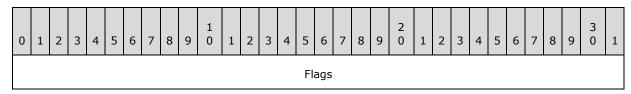
ObjectType (2 bytes): An unsigned integer indicating the type of Store object to which the EntryID corresponds. The object types and their associated values are specified in the following table.

Store object type (alternate name)	Hexadecimal value
PrivateFolder	0x0001
(eitLTPrivateFolder)	%x01.00
PublicFolder	0x0003
(eitLTPublicFolder)	%x03.00
MappedPublicFolder <u><2></u>	0x0005
(eitLTWackyFolder)	%x05.00
PrivateMessage	0x0007
(eitLTPrivateMessage)	%x07.00
PublicMessage	0x0009
(eitLTPublicMessage)	%x09.00
MappedPublicMessage <u><3></u>	0x000B
(eitLTWackyMessage)	%x0B.00
PublicNewsgroupFolder	0x000C
(eitLTPublicFolderByName)	%x0C.00

Data (variable): Type-specific data. The format of this data is specified in sections <u>2.2.4.1</u>, <u>2.2.4.2</u>, and <u>2.2.4.3</u>.

2.2.4.1 Folder EntryID Structure

A **Folder EntryID** structure specifies a set of data that identify a Store object. The format and information of **Folder EntryID** structures differ from that of **EntryIDs** used in ROPs. For folders, the **ReplicaId** field, as specified in section 2.2.1.1, is mapped to a **DatabaseGuid** by using the **RopLongTermIdFromId** ROP ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.3.8).This less compact format is necessary because no assumptions can be made about the Store object context in which a **Folder EntryID** structure is used.



[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 17 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Provic	ler UID
FolderType	DatabaseGuid
	GlobalCounter
Pad	

Flags (4 bytes): This value MUST be set to 0x00000000. Bits in this field indicate under what circumstances a short-term EntryID is valid. However, in any EntryID stored in a property value, these 4 bytes MUST be zero, indicating a long-term EntryID.

Provider UID (16 bytes): The value of this field is determined by where the folder is located. For a folder in a private mailbox, this value MUST be set to value of the **MailboxGuid** field from the **RopLogon** ROP response buffer ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.3.1.2). For a folder in the public message store, this value MUST be set to %x1A.44.73.90.AA.66.11.CD.9B.C8.00.AA.00.2F.C4.5A.

FolderType (2 bytes): One of several Store object types specified in the table in section 2.2.4.

DatabaseGuid (16 bytes): A GUID associated with the Store object and corresponding to the **ReplicaId** field of the **FID** structure.

GlobalCounter (6 bytes): An unsigned integer identifying the folder.

Pad (2 bytes): This value MUST be set to zero.

2.2.4.2 Message EntryID Structure

In the context of an EntryID, a **Message EntryID** structure, as specified in section 2.2.1.2, differs from the structure in the context of a ROP. The **ReplicaId** field, as specified in section 2.2.1.2, is mapped to a **MessageDatabaseGuid** field, and the whole ID is prefixed with **flags** and a **provider UID** field. In addition, the **Folder ID** structure, as specified in section 2.2.1.1, of the folder in which the message resides is included.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 18 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
															FI	ags															
														Pr	ovi	der	UID														
						Me	essa	igeT	-уре	1											Fol	derl	Data	aba	seG	uid					
┢																															
																					Fol	der(Glob	balC	Cour	nter					
							Р	ad												I	Mes	sage	eDa	tab	ase	Gui	d				
																				I	Mes	sage	eGlo	bal	Cou	inte	er				
							Ρ	ad																							

- **Flags (4 bytes):** This value MUST be set to 0x00000000. Bits in this field indicate under what circumstances a short-term EntryID is valid. However, in any EntryID stored in a property value, these 4 bytes MUST be zero, indicating a long-term EntryID.
- **ProviderUID (16 bytes):** The value of this field is determined by where the folder is located. For a folder in a private mailbox, this value MUST be set to the value of the **MailboxGuid** field from the **RopLogon** ROP response buffer ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.3.1.2). For a folder in the public message store, this value MUST be set to %x1A.44.73.90.AA.66.11.CD.9B.C8.00.AA.00.2F.C4.5A.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 19 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

MessageType (2 bytes): One of several Store object types specified in the table in section 2.2.4.

- **FolderDatabaseGuid (16 bytes):** A GUID associated with the Store object of the folder in which the message resides and corresponding to the **ReplicaId** field in the **folder ID** structure, as specified in section 2.2.1.1.
- **FolderGlobalCounter (6 bytes):** An unsigned integer identifying the folder in which the message resides.

Pad (2 bytes): This value MUST be set to zero.

MessageDatabaseGuid (16 bytes): A GUID associated with the Store object of the message and corresponding to the **ReplicaId** field of the **Message ID** structure, as specified in section 2.2.1.2.

MessageGlobalCounter (6 bytes): An unsigned integer identifying the message.

Pad (2 bytes): This value MUST be set to zero.

2.2.4.3 Store Object EntryID Structure

A **Store Object EntryID** structure specifies a mailbox Store object or a public folder Store object itself, rather than a Message object or Folder object residing in such a database. It is used in certain property values.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
															Fla	ags															
														Pr	ovic	derl	JID														
		١	Vers	sion	I						Fla	ıg										DL	LFile	eNa	me						
														Wra	app	edF	lag	s													
													Wra	арре	edPi	rovi	der	UI	D												

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright \odot 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

WrappedType
ServerShortname (variable)
MailboxDN (variable)

- **Flags (4 bytes):** This value MUST be set to 0x00000000. Bits in this field indicate under what circumstances a short-term EntryID is valid. However, in any EntryID stored in a property value, these 4 bytes MUST be zero, indicating a long-term EntryID.
- ProviderUID (16 bytes): The identifier for the provider that created the EntryID. This value is used to route EntryIDs to the correct provider and MUST be set to %x38.A1.BB.10.05.E5.10.1A.A1.BB.08.00.2B.2A.56.C2.

Version (1 byte): This value MUST be set to zero.

Flag (1 byte): This value MUST be set to zero.

DLLFileName (14 bytes): This field MUST be set to the following value, which represents "emsmdb.dll": %x45.4D.53.4D.44.42.2E.44.4C.4C.00.00.00.00.

WrappedFlags (4 bytes): This value MUST be set to 0x00000000.

WrappedProvider UID (16 bytes): This field MUST be set to one of the values in the following table.

Store object type	ProviderUID value
Mailbox Store object	%x1B.55.FA.20.AA.66.11.CD.9B.C8.00.AA.00.2F.C4.5A
Public folder Store object	%x1C.83.02.10.AA.66.11.CD.9B.C8.00.AA.00.2F.C4.5A

- **WrappedType (4 bytes):** The value of this field is determined by where the folder is located. For a mailbox this value MUST be set to %x0C.00.00.00. For a public message store, this value MUST be set to %x06.00.00.00.
- **ServerShortname (variable):** A string of single-byte characters terminated by a single zero byte, indicating the short name or NetBIOS name of the server.
- **MailboxDN (variable):** A string of single-byte characters terminated by a single zero byte and representing the **X500 DN** of the mailbox, as specified in [MS-OXOAB]. This field is present only for mailbox <u>databases</u>.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 21 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

2.2.5 Recipient EntryID Structures

2.2.5.1 One-Off EntryID Structure

A **One-Off EntryID** structure specifies a set of data representing recipients (1) that do not exist in the directory. All information about a one-off recipient (1) is contained in the EntryID.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
															F	lags															
														Ρ	rov	iderU	ID														
							Ve	rsio	n							Pa d	M	٩E		Forr	nat		М	U	F	ર	L		Pa	ad	
													Dis	play	/Na	me (v	/aria	able	2)					•	•						
	AddressType (variable)																														
													Em	ailA	ddr	ess ('	vari	able	e)												

- **Flags (4 bytes):** This value is set to 0x00000000. Bits in this field indicate under what circumstances a short-term EntryID is valid. However, in any EntryID stored in a property value, these 4 bytes are zero, indicating a long-term EntryID.
- ProviderUID (16 bytes): The identifier of the provider that created the EntryID. This value is used to route EntryIDs to the correct provider and MUST be set to %x81.2B.1F.A4.BE.A3.10.19.9D.6E.00.DD.01.0F.54.02.

Version (2 bytes): This value is set to 0x0000.

Pad (1 bit): (mask 0x8000) Reserved. This value is set to '0'.

MAE (2 bits): (mask 0x0C00) The encoding used for Macintosh-specific data attachments, as specified in [MS-OXCMAIL] section 2.1.3.4.3. The values for this field are specified in the following table.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Release: July 31, 2014

Name	Word value	Field value	Description
BinHex	0x0000	b'00'	BinHex encoded.
UUENCODE	0x0020	b'01'	UUENCODED. Not valid if the message is in Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) format, in which case the flag will be ignored and BinHex used instead.
AppleSingle	0x0040	b'10'	Apple Single encoded. Allowed only when the message format is MIME.
AppleDouble	0x0060	b'11'	Apple Double encoded. Allowed only when the message format is MIME.

Format (4 bits): (enumeration, mask 0x1E00) The message format desired for this recipient (1), as specified in the following table.

Name	Word value	Field value	Description
TextOnly	0x0006	b'0011'	Send a plain text message body .
HtmlOnly	0x000E	b'0111'	Send an HTML message body (1).
TextAndHtml	0x0016	b'1011'	Send a multipart/alternative body with both plain text and HTML.

M (1 bit): (mask 0x0100) A flag that indicates how messages are to be sent. If b'0', indicates messages are to be sent to the recipient (1) in Transport Neutral Encapsulation Format (TNEF) format; if b'1', messages are sent to the recipient (1) in pure MIME format.

- U (1 bit): (mask 0x0080) A flag that indicates the format of the string fields that follow. If b'1', the string fields following are in Unicode (UTF-16 form) with 2-byte terminating null characters; if b'0', the string fields following are multibyte character set (MBCS) characters terminated by a single 0 byte.
- R (2 bits): (mask 0x0060) Reserved. This value is set to b'00'.
- L (1 bit): (mask 0x0010) A flag that indicates whether the server can look up an address in the address book. If b'1', server cannot look up this user's email address in the address book. If b'0', server can look up this user's email address in the address book.

Pad (4 bits): (mask 0x000F) Reserved. This value is set to b'0000'.

- **DisplayName (variable):** The recipient's display name (in the **recipient table**, the **PidTagDisplayName** property ([MS-OXCFOLD] section 2.2.2.2.5)) as a null-terminated string. If the **U** field is b'1', the terminating null character is 2 bytes long; otherwise, 1 byte.
- AddressType (variable): The recipient's email address type (in the recipient table, the **PidTagAddressType** property ([MS-OXOABK] section 2.2.3.13)) as a null-terminated string. If the **U** field is b'1', the terminating null character is 2 bytes long; otherwise, 1 byte.
- **EmailAddress (variable):** The recipient's email address (in the recipient table, the **PidTagEmailAddress** property ([MS-OXOABK] section 2.2.3.14)) as a null-terminated string. If the **U** field is b'1', the terminating null character is 2 bytes long; otherwise, 1 byte.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 23 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

2.2.5.2 Address Book EntryID Structure

An **Address Book EntryID** structure specifies several types of **Address Book objects**, including individual users, distribution lists, containers, and templates.

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 3 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 3 0	1
Flags	
ProviderUID	
Version	
Туре	
X500DN (variable)	

- **Flags (4 bytes):** This value MUST be set to 0x00000000. Bits in this field indicate under what circumstances a short-term EntryID is valid. However, in any EntryID stored in a property value, these 4 bytes MUST be zero, indicating a long-term EntryID.
- ProviderUID (16 bytes): The identifier for the provider that created the EntryID. This value is used to route EntryIDs to the correct provider and MUST be set to %xDC.A7.40.C8.C0.42.10.1A.B4.B9.08.00.2B.2F.E1.82.

Version (4 bytes): This value MUST be set to %x01.00.00.00.

Type (4 bytes): An integer representing the type of the object. It MUST be one of the values from the following table.

Value (hex bytes)	Address book EntryID type
0x0000000 %x00.00.00.00	Local mail user
0x0000001 %x01.00.00.00	Distribution list
0x0000002 %x02.00.00.00	Bulletin board or public folder
0x0000003	Automated mailbox

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 24 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Value (hex bytes)	Address book EntryID type
%×03.00.00.00	
0x00000004 %x04.00.00.00	Organizational mailbox
0x0000005 %x05.00.00.00	Private distribution list
0x0000006 %x06.00.00.00	Remote mail user
0x00000100 %x00.01.00.00	Container
0x00000101 %x01.01.00.00	Template
0x00000102 %x02.01.00.00	One-off user
0x0000200 %x00.02.00.00	Search

X500DN (variable): The X500 DN of the Address Book object. The **X500DN** field is a null-terminated string of 8-bit characters.

2.2.5.3 Contact Address EntryID Structure

A **Contact Address EntryID** structure specifies a set of data representing recipients whose information is stored in a **Contact object**, as specified in [MS-OXOCNTC].

Flags ProviderUID											
Version											
Туре											
Index											

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright ${\small ©}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

EntryIdCount	
EntryIdBytes (variable)	

Flags (4 bytes): This value MUST be set to 0x00000000. Bits in this field indicate under what circumstances a short-term EntryID is valid. However, in any EntryID stored in a property value, these 4 bytes MUST be zero, indicating a long-term EntryID.

ProviderUID (16 bytes): The Identifier for the provider that created the EntryID. This value is used to route EntryIDs to the correct provider and MUST be set to %xFE.42.AA.0A.18.C7.1A.10.E8.85.0B.65.1C.24.00.00.

Version (4 bytes): This value MUST be set to %x03.00.00.00.

Type (4 bytes): This value MUST be set to %x04.00.00.00.

Index (4 bytes): An unsigned integer value that MUST be a number from 0 through 5. This value represents which electronic address in the contact information to use. A value of 0, 1, or 2 represents Email1, Email2, and Email3 respectively, and a value of 3, 4, or 5 represents Fax1, Fax2, and Fax3 respectively. For more details, see [MS-OXOCNTC] section 2.2.1.2.

EntryIdCount (4 bytes): An unsigned integer value representing the count of bytes in the **EntryIdBytes** field.

EntryIdBytes (variable): The EntryID of the Contact object that contains this address, which in turn has the format specified in section <u>2.2.4.2</u>. The size of this structure is specified by the EntryIdCount field.

2.2.5.4 Personal Distribution List EntryID Structure

The **Personal Distribution List EntryID** structure specifies recipients (1) whose information is stored in a **Personal Distribution List object**, as specified in [MS-OXOCNTC] section 2.2.2.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	Flags																														
	ProviderUID																														
	Version																														

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 26 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Туре
Index
EntryIdCount
EntryIdBytes (variable)

Flags (4 bytes): This value MUST be set to 0x00000000. Bits in this field indicate under what circumstances a short-term EntryID is valid. However, in any EntryID stored in a property value, these 4 bytes MUST be zero, indicating a long-term EntryID.

ProviderUID (16 bytes): The identifier for the provider that created the EntryID. This value is used to route EntryIDs to the correct provider and MUST be set to %xFE.42.AA.0A.18.C7.1A.10.E8.85.0B.65.1C.24.00.00.

Version (4 bytes): This value MUST be set to %x03.00.00.00.

Type (4 bytes): This value MUST be set to %x05.00.00.00.

Index (4 bytes): This value MUST be set to %xFF.00.00.00.

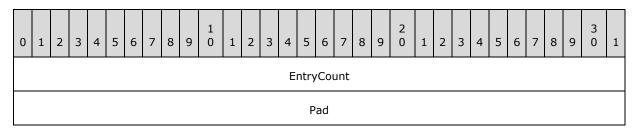
- EntryIdCount (4 bytes): An unsigned integer value representing the count of bytes in the EntryIdBytes field.
- **EntryIdBytes (variable):** The EntryID of the Personal Distribution List object to which this address refers, which in turn has the format specified in section <u>2.2.4.2</u>. The size of this structure is specified by the **EntryIdCount** field.<5>

2.3 EntryID Lists

2.3.1 EntryList Structure

An **EntryList** structure specifies a set of data used in search folder (2) **search criteria** to serialize a list of **EntryID** structures. **EntryList** structures contain three parts:

- The count of entries in the list
- **COUNT** structures (section <u>2.11.1.1</u>) giving the length of individual entries
- Data for each of the individual entries



[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

EntryLength (variable)
EntryIDs (variable)

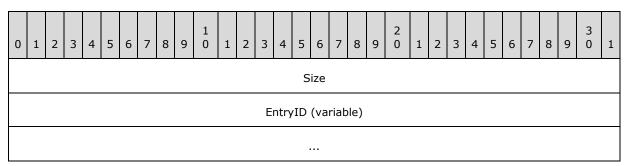
EntryCount (4 bytes): An unsigned integer giving the number of **EntryID** structures in the list. It MUST be followed by that many **EntryLength** and that many **EntryID** structures.

Pad (4 bytes): This field can be any value; clients and servers MUST ignore the value.

- **EntryLength (variable):** A series of **EntryCount** field pairs. Each pair consists of an unsigned 32-bit integer giving the size of one **EntryID** field, followed by 4-byte pad that can have any value.
- **EntryIDs (variable):** A series of **EntryID** fields. The number of **EntryID** fields is specified by the **EntryCount** field. The length of the first **EntryID** field is specified by the first 32 bits of the first element of the **EntryLength** field; the length of the second **EntryID** field is specified by the first 32 bits of the second element of the **EntryLength** field; and so on up to the number of **EntryID** fields specified by the **EntryCount** field. There is no padding between **EntryID** fields.

2.3.2 FlatEntry Structure

A **FlatEntry** structure is the size of an EntryID, followed by the EntryID itself, for ease of serialization.



- Size (4 bytes): An unsigned integer giving the size of the following EntryID field, not including the Size field.
- EntryID (variable): The EntryID structure itself. It MUST be exactly the length, in bytes, indicated by the Size field.

2.3.3 FlatEntryList Structure

A **FlatEntryList** structure gives the number of EntryIDs and their total size, followed by a series of **FlatEntry** structures.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 28 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	Count																														
	Size																														
	FlatEntries (variable)																														

Count (4 bytes): An unsigned integer giving the number of FlatEntry structures in the list.

Size (4 bytes): The total size of all the FlatEntry structures, not including the Count and Size fields.

2.4 Error Codes

When encoded in **ROP buffers**, all error codes are transmitted as integers in little-endian format. Error codes are presented in the following table.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
Success	The operation succeeded. (S_OK, SUCCESS_SUCCESS)	0x00000000, %x00.00.00.00
GeneralFailure	The operation failed for an unspecified reason. (E_FAIL, MAPI_E_CALL_FAILED, ecError, SYNC_E_ERROR)	0x80004005, %x05.40.00.80
OutOfMemory	Not enough memory was available to complete the operation. (E_NOMEMORY, MAPI_E_NOT_ENOUGH_MEMORY, ecMAPIOOM, ecPropSize)	0x8007000E, %x0E.00.07.80
InvalidParameter	An invalid parameter was passed to a remote procedure call (RPC) . (E_INVALIDARG, MAPI_E_INVALID_PARAMETER, ecInvalidParam, ecInvalidSession, ecBadBuffer, SYNC_E_INVALID_PARAMETER)	0x80070057, %x57.00.07.80
NoInterface	The requested interface is not supported. (E_NOINTERFACE, MAPI_E_INTERFACE_NOT_SUPPORTED, ecinterfacenotsupported)	0x80004002 %x02.40.00.80
AccessDenied	The caller does not have sufficient access rights to perform the operation. (E_ACCESSDENIED, MAPI_E_NO_ACCESS,	0x80070005, %x05.00.07.80

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

FlatEntries (variable): A series of **FlatEntry** structures with the actual EntryID data. The number of structures MUST be exactly the same as the value of the **Count** field, and their total size MUST be exactly the same as the value of the **Size** field.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
	ecaccessdenied, ecpropsecurityviolation)	
StorageInvalidFunction	The server was unable to perform the requested operation. (STG_E_INVALIDFUNCTION)	0x80030001 %x01.00.03.80
StorageAccessDenied	The caller does not have sufficient access rights to perform the operation. (STG_E_ACCESSDENIED)	0x80030005 %x05.00.03.80
StorageInsufficientMemory	There is insufficient memory available to complete the operation. (STG_E_INSUFFICIENTMEMORY)	0x80030008 %x08.00.03.80
StorageInvalidPointer	An invalid pointer was passed to the remote procedure call. (STG_E_INVALIDPOINTER)	0x80030009 %x09.00.03.80
StorageReadFault	A disk error occurred during a read operation. (STG_E_READFAULT)	0x8003001E %x1E.00.03.80
StorageLockViolation	A lock violation has occurred. (STG_E_LOCKVIOLATION)	0x80030021 %x21.00.03.80
StorageInvalidParameter	An invalid parameter was passed to the remote procedure call. (STG_E_INVALIDPARAMETER)	0x80030057 %x57.00.03.80
StreamSizeError	There is insufficient disk space to complete the operation. (ecStreamSizeError, STG_E_MEDIUMFULL)	0x80030070 %x70.00.03.80
StorageInvalidFlag	An invalid flag was passed to a remote procedure call. (STG_E_INVALIDFLAG)	0x800300FF %xFF.00.03.80
StorageCannotSave	A stream could not be saved. (STG_E_CANTSAVE)	0x80030103 %x03.01.03.80
NotSupported	The server does not support this method call. (MAPI_E_NO_SUPPORT, ecNotSupported, ecNotImplemented)	0x80040102, %x02.01.04.80
InvalidCharacterWidth	Unicode characters were requested when only 8-bit characters are supported, or vice versa. (MAPI_E_BAD_CHARWIDTH, ecBadCharwidth)	0x80040103, %x03.01.04.80
StringTooLong	In the context of this method call, a string exceeds the maximum permitted length. (MAPI_E_STRING_TOO_LONG, ecStringTooLarge)	0x80040105, %x05.01.04.80
InvalidFlag	An unrecognized flag bit was passed to a method call. (MAPI_E_UNKNOWN_FLAGS, ecUnknownFlags, SYNC_E_UNKNOWN_FLAGS)	0x80040106, %x06.01.04.80

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
InvalidEntryID	An incorrectly formatted EntryID was passed to a method call. (MAPI_E_INVALID_ENTRYID, ecInvalidEntryId)	0x80040107, %x07.01.04.80
InvalidObject	A method call was made using a reference to an object that has been destroyed or is not in a viable state. (MAPI_E_INVALID_OBJECT, ecInvalidObject)	0x80040108, %x08.01.04.80
ObjectChanged	An attempt to commit changes failed because the object was changed separately. (MAPI_E_OBJECT_CHANGED, ecObjectModified)	0x80040109, %x09.01.04.80
ObjectDeleted	An operation failed because the object was deleted separately. (MAPI_E_OBJECT_DELETED, ecObjectDeleted)	0x8004010A, %x0A.01.04.80
ServerBusy	A table operation failed because a separate operation was in progress at the same time. (MAPI_E_BUSY, ecBusy)	0x8004010B, %x0B.01.04.80
OutOfDisk	Not enough disk space was available to complete the operation. (MAPI_E_NOT_ENOUGH_DISK, ecDiskFull)	0x8004010D, %x0D.01.04.80
OutOfResources	Not enough of an unspecified resource was available to complete the operation. (MAPI_E_NOT_ENOUGH_RESOURCES, ecInsufficientResrc)	0x8004010E, %x0E.01.04.80
NotFound	The requested object could not be found at the server. (MAPI_E_NOT_FOUND, ecNotFound, ecAttachNotFound, ecUnknownRecip, ecPropNotExistent)	0x8004010F, %x0F.01.04.80
VersionMismatch	Client and server versions are not compatible. (MAPI_E_VERSION, ecVersionMismatch, ecVersion)	0x80040110, %x10.01.04.80
LogonFailed	A client was unable to log on to the server. (MAPI_E_LOGON_FAILED, ecLoginFailure)	0x80040111, %x11.01.04.80
TooManySessions	A server or service is unable to create any more sessions (2) . (MAPI_E_SESSION_LIMIT, ecTooManySessions)	0x80040112, %x12.01.04.80
UserCanceled	An operation failed because a user cancelled it. (MAPI_E_USER_CANCEL, ecUserAbort)	0x80040113, %x13.01.04.80
AbortFailed	A RopAbort ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.5.5) or RopAbortSubmit ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.7.2) ROP request was unsuccessful. (MAPI_E_UNABLE_TO_ABORT, ecUnableToAbort)	0x80040114, %x14.01.04.80
NetworkError	An operation was unsuccessful because of a problem with network operations or services. (MAPI_E_NETWORK_ERROR, ecNetwork)	0x80040115, %x15.01.04.80

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
DiskError	There was a problem writing to or reading from disk. (MAPI_E_DISK_ERROR, ecWriteFault, ecReadFault)	0x80040116, %x16.01.04.80
TooComplex	The operation requested is too complex for the server to handle; often applied to restrictions. (MAPI_E_TOO_COMPLEX, ecTooComplex)	0x80040117, %x17.01.04.80
InvalidColumn	The column requested is not allowed in this type of table. (MAPI_E_BAD_COLUMN)	0x80040118, %x18.01.04.80
ComputedValue	A property cannot be updated because it is read-only, computed by the server. (MAPI_E_COMPUTED, ecComputed)	0x8004011A, %x1A.01.04.80
CorruptData	There is an internal inconsistency in a database, or in a complex property value. (MAPI_E_CORRUPT_DATA, ecCorruptData)	0x8004011B, %x1B.01.04.80
InvalidCodepage	The server is not configured to support the code page requested by the client. (MAPI_E_UNKNOWN_CPID)	0x8004011E, %x1E.01.04.80
InvalidLocale	The server is not configured to support the locale requested by the client. (MAPI_E_UNKNOWN_LCID)	0x8004011F, %x1F.01.04.80
TimeSkew	The operation failed due to clock skew between servers. (MAPI_E_INVALID_ACCESS_TIME, ecTimeSkew)	0x80040123, %x23.01.04.80
EndOfSession	Indicates that the server session (2) has been destroyed, possibly by a server restart. (MAPI_E_END_OF_SESSION)	0x80040200, %x00.02.04.80
UnknownEntryId	Indicates that the EntryID passed to OpenEntry was created by a different MAPI provider. (MAPI_E_UNKNOWN_ENTRYID)	0x80040201, %x01.02.04.80
NotCompleted	A complex operation such as building a table row set could not be completed. (MAPI_E_UNABLE_TO_COMPLETE, ecUnableToComplete)	0x80040400, %x00.04.04.80
Timeout	An asynchronous operation did not succeed within the specified time-out. (MAPI_E_TIMEOUT, ecTimeout)	0x80040401, %x01.04.04.80
EmptyTable	A table essential to the operation is empty. (MAPI_E_TABLE_EMPTY, ecTableEmpty)	0x80040402, %x02.04.04.80
TableTooBig	The table is too big for the requested operation to complete. (MAPI_E_TABLE_TOO_BIG, ecTableTooBig)	0x80040403, %x03.04.04.80
InvalidBookmark	The bookmark passed to a table operation was not	0x80040405,

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Release: July 31, 2014

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
	created on the same table. (MAPI_E_INVALID_BOOKMARK, ecInvalidBookmark)	%x05.04.04.80
ErrorWait	A wait time-out has expired. (MAPI_E_WAIT, ecWait)	0x80040500, %x00.05.04.80
ErrorCancel	The operation had to be canceled. (MAPI_E_CANCEL, ecCancel)	0x80040501, %x01.05.04.80
NoSuppress	The server does not support the suppression of read receipts. (MAPI_E_NO_SUPPRESS)	0x80040602, %x02.06.04.80
CollidingNames	A folder or item cannot be created because one with the same name or other criteria already exists. (MAPI_E_COLLISION, ecDuplicateName)	0x80040604, %x04.06.04.80
NotInitialized	The subsystem is not ready. (MAPI_E_NOT_INITIALIZED, ecNotInitialized)	0x80040605, %x05.06.04.80
NoRecipients	A message cannot be sent because it has no recipients (1). (MAPI_E_NO_RECIPIENTS)	0x80040607, %x07.06.04.80
AlreadySent	A message cannot be opened for modification because it has already been sent. (MAPI_E_SUBMITTED, ecSubmitted)	0x80040608, %x08.06.04.80
HasFolders	A folder cannot be deleted because it still contains subfolders. (MAPI_E_HAS_FOLDERS, ecFolderHasChildren)	0x80040609, %x09.06.04.80
HasMessages	A folder cannot be deleted because it still contains messages. (MAPI_E_HAS_MESSAGES, ecFolderHasContents)	0x8004060A, %x0A.06.04.80
FolderCycle	A folder move or copy operation would create a cycle (typically when the request is to copy a parent folder to one of its subfolders). (MAPI_E_FOLDER_CYCLE, ecRootFolder)	0x8004060B, %x0B.06.04.80
TooManyLocks	Too many locks have been requested. (MAPI_E_LOCKID_LIMIT, ecLockIdLimit)	0x8004060D, %x0D.06.04.80
AmbiguousRecipient	An unresolved recipient (2) matches more than one entry in the directory. (MAPI_E_AMBIGUOUS_RECIP, ecAmbiguousRecip)	0x80040700, %x00.07.04.80
SyncObjectDeleted	The requested object was previously deleted. (SYNC_E_OBJECT_DELETED)	0x80040800, %x00.08.04.80
IgnoreFailure	An error occurred, but it's safe to ignore the error, perhaps because the change in question has been superseded.	0x80040801 %x01.08.04.80

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Release: July 31, 2014

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
	(SYNC_E_IGNORE)	
SyncConflict	Conflicting changes to an object have been detected. (SYNC_E_CONFLICT)	0x80040802 %x02.08.04.80
NoParentFolder	The parent folder could not be found. (SYNC_E_NO_PARENT)	0x80040803 %x03.08.04.80
CycleDetected	An operation would create a cycle (for instance, by copying a parent folder to one of its subfolders).	0x80040804 %x04.08.04.80
NotSynchronized	A sync operation did not take place, possibly due to a conflicting change. (SYNC_E_UNSYNCHRONIZED)	0x80040805 %x05.08.04.80
NamedPropertyQuota	The Store object cannot store any more named property mappings. (MAPI_E_NAMED_PROP_QUOTA_EXCEEDED, ecNPQuotaExceeded)	0x80040900, %x00.09.04.80
NotImplemented	The server does not implement this method call.	0x80040FFF, %xFF.0F.04.80

2.4.1 Additional Error Codes

When encoded in ROP buffers, all error codes are transmitted as 32-bit integers in little-endian format. Additional error codes are presented in the following table.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
IsamError	Unspecified database failure. (ecJetError)	0x000003EA , %EA.03.00. 00
UnknownUser	Unable to identify a home Store object for this user. (ecUnknownUser)	0x000003EB , %xEB.03.00 .00
Exiting	The server is in the process of stopping. (ecExiting)	0x000003E D, %xED.03.00 .00
BadConfiguration	Protocol settings for this user are incorrect. (ecBadConfig)	0x000003EE , %xEE.03.00 .00
UnknownCodePage	The specified code page is not installed on the server.	0x000003EF ,

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
	(ecUnknownCodePage)	%xEF.03.00 .00
ServerMemory	The server is out of memory. (ecServerOOM, ecMemory)	0x000003F0 , %xF0.03.00 .00
LoginPermission	This user does not have access rights to the mailbox. (ecLoginPerm)	0x000003F2 , %xF2.03.00 .00
DatabaseRolledBack	The database has been restored and needs fix-up but cannot be fixed up. (ecDatabaseRolledBack)	0x000003F3 , %xF3.03.00 .00
DatabaseCopiedError	The database file has been copied from another server. (ecDatabaseCopiedError)	0x000003F4 , %xF4.03.00 .00
AuditNotAllowed	Auditing of security operations is not permitted. (ecAuditNotAllowed)	0x000003F5 , %xF5.03.00 .00
ZombieUser	User has no security identifier. (ecZombieUser)	0x000003F6 , %xF6.03.00 .00
UnconvertableACL	An access control list (ACL) cannot be converted to NTFS format. (ecUnconvertableACL)	0x000003F7 , %xF7.03.00 .00
NoFreeJetSessions	No Jet session (2) is available. (ecNoFreeJses) A Jet session (2) is an internal resource created and used by the server. Like any other resource, its supply can be exhausted; when that happens, this error is returned from the server.	0x0000044C , %x4C.04.00 .00
DifferentJetSession	Warning, a Jet session (2) other than the one requested was returned. (ecDifferentJses) A Jet session (2) is an internal resource created and used by the Exchange server.	0x0000044 D, %x4D.04.00 .00
FileRemove	An error occurred when attempting to remove a database file.	0x0000044F
		%x4F.04.00

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
	(ecFileRemove)	.00
ParameterOverflow	Parameter value overflow. (ecParameterOverflow)	0x00000450 , %x50.04.00
		.00
BadVersion	Bad message store database version number.	0x00000451 ,
	(ecBadVersion)	%x51.04.00 .00
TooManyColumns	Too many columns requested in SetColumns. (ecTooManyCols)	0x00000452
		%x52.04.00 .00
HaveMore	A ROP has more data to return. (ecHaveMore)	0x00000453
		%x53.04.00 .00
DatabaseError	General database problem.	0x00000454
	(ecDatabaseError)	, %x54.04.00 .00
IndexNameTooBig	An index name is larger than what Jet allows.	0x00000455
	(ecIndexNameTooBig)	%x55.04.00 .00
UnsupportedProperty	The property data type is not supported.	0x00000456
	(ecUnsupportedProp)	, %x56.04.00 .00
MessageNotSaved	During AbortSubmit, a message was not saved.	0x00000457
	(ecMsgNotSaved)	%x57.04.00 .00
UnpublishedNotification	A notification could not be published at this time.	0x00000459
	(ecUnpubNotif)	%x59.04.00 .00
DifferentRoot	Moving or copying folders to a different top- level hierarchy is not supported.	0x0000045B
	(ecDifferentRoot)	%x5B.04.00 .00
BadFolderName	Invalid folder name.	0x0000045C
	(ecBadFolderName)	, %x5C.04.00

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 36 / 151

Copyright ${\ensuremath{\mathbb C}}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
		.00
AttachmentOpen	The attachment is open. (ecAttachOpen)	0x0000045 D, %x5D.04.00 .00
InvalidCollapseState	The collapse state given to SetCollapseState is invalid. (ecInvClpsState)	0x0000045E , %x5E.04.00 .00
SkipMyChildren	While walking a folder tree, do not consider children of this folder. (ecSkipMyChildren)	0x0000045F , %x5F.04.00 .00
SearchFolder	The operation is not supported on a search folder (2). (ecSearchFolder)	0x00000460 , %x60.04.00 .00
NotSearchFolder	The operation is valid only on a search folder (2). (ecNotSearchFolder)	0x00000461 , %x61.04.00 .00
FolderSetReceive	This is a Receive folder and cannot be deleted. (ecFolderSetReceive)	0x00000462 , %x62.04.00 .00
NoReceiveFolder	No Receive folder is available (even no default). (ecNoReceiveFolder)	0x00000463 , %x63.04.00 .00
DeleteSubmittedMessage	Deleting a message that has been submitted for sending is not permitted. (ecNoDelSubmitMsg)	0x00000465 , %x65.04.00 .00
InvalidRecipients	It was impossible to deliver to this recipient (1). (ecInvalidRecips)	0x00000467 , %x67.04.00 .00
NoReplicaHere	No replica (2) of the public folder in this Store object. (ecNoReplicaHere)	0x00000468 , %x68.04.00 .00
NoReplicaAvailable	No available Store object has a replica (2) of this public folder. (ecNoReplicaAvailable)	0x00000469 , %x69.04.00

37 / 151

Copyright $\ensuremath{{\rm Copyright}}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
		.00
PublicDatabase	The operation is invalid on a public Store object.	0x0000046A ,
	(ecPublicMDB)	%x6A.04.00 .00
NotPublicDatabase	The operation is valid only on a public Store object.	0x0000046B
	(ecNotPublicMDB)	%x6B.04.00 .00
RecordNotFound	The record was not found. (ecRecordNotFound)	0x0000046C
	(cenceoranou ouna)	%x6C.04.00 .00
ReplicationConflict	A replication conflict was detected.	0x0000046 D,
	(ecReplConflict)	%x6D.04.00 .00
FXBufferOverrun	Prevented an overrun while reading a fast transfer buffer.	0x00000470
	(ecFxBufferOverrun)	%x70.04.00 .00
FXBufferEmpty	No more in a fast transfer buffer.	0x00000471
	(ecFxBufferEmpty)	, %x71.04.00 .00
FXPartialValue	Partial long value in a fast transfer buffer.	0x00000472
	(ecFxPartialValue)	, %x72.04.00 .00
FxNoRoom	No room for an atomic value in a fast transfer buffer.	0x00000473
	(ecFxNoRoom)	%x73.04.00 .00
TimeExpired	Housekeeping functions have exceeded their time window.	0x00000474
	(ecMaxTimeExpired)	%x74.04.00 .00
DestinationError	An error occurred on the destination folder during a copy operation.	0x00000475
	(ecDstError)	%x75.04.00 .00
DatabaseNotInitialized	The Store object was not properly initialized.	0x00000476
	(ecMDBNotInit)	, %x76.04.00

38 / 151

Copyright $\ensuremath{{\rm Copyright}}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
		.00
WrongServer	This server does not host the user's mailbox database.	0x00000478 ,
	(ecWrongServer)	%x78.04.00 .00
BufferTooSmall	A buffer passed to this function is not big enough.	0x0000047 D,
	(ecBufferTooSmall)	%x7D.04.00 .00
AttachmentResolutionRequired	Linked attachments could not be resolved to actual files.	0x0000047E
	(ecRequiresRefResolve)	%x7E.04.00 .00
ServerPaused	The service is in a paused state. (ecServerPaused)	0x0000047F
	(ecserverrauseu)	, %x7F.04.00 .00
ServerBusy	The server is too busy to complete an operation.	0x00000480
	(ecServerBusy)	%x80.04.00 .00
NoSuchLogon	No such logon exists in the Store object's Logon list.	0x00000481
	(ecNoSuchLogon)	%x81.04.00 .00
LoadLibraryFailed	Internal error: the service cannot load a required DLL.	0x00000482
	(ecLoadLibFailed)	%x82.04.00 .00
AlreadyConfigured	A synchronization object has already been configured.	0x00000483
	(ecObjAlreadyConfig)	%x83.04.00 .00
NotConfigured	A synchronization object has not yet been configured.	0x00000484
	(ecObjNotConfig)	, %x84.04.00 .00
DataLoss	A code page conversion incurred data loss.	0x00000485
	(ecDataLoss)	, %x85.04.00 .00
MaximumSendThreadExceeded	The maximum number of send threads has been exceeded.	0x00000488
	(ecMaxSendThreadExceeded)	, %x88.04.00

39 / 151

Copyright $\ensuremath{{\rm Copyright}}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
		.00
FxErrorMarker	A fast transfer error marker was found, and recovery is necessary.	0x00000489 ,
	(ecFxErrorMarker)	%x89.04.00 .00
NoFreeJtabs	There are no more free Jet tables.	0x0000048A
	(ecNoFreeJtabs)	, %x8A.04.00 .00
NotPrivateDatabase	The operation is valid only on a private mailbox database.	0x0000048B
	(ecNotPrivateMDB)	%x8B.04.00 .00
IsintegMDB	The Store object has been locked by the ISINTEG utility.	0x0000048C
	(ecIsintegMDB)	%x8C.04.00 .00
RecoveryMismatch	A recovery storage group operation was attempted on a non-RSG Store object, or vice versa.	0x0000048 D, %x8D.04.00
	(ecRecoveryMDBMismatch)	.00
TableMayNotBeDeleted	Attempt to delete a critical table, such as the messages or attachments table .	0x0000048E
	(ecTableMayNotBeDeleted)	%x8E.04.00 .00
SearchFolderScopeViolation	Attempt to perform a recursive search on a search folder (2).	0x00000490
	(ecSearchFolderScopeViolation)	%x90.04.00 .00
RpcRegisterIf	Error in registering RPC interfaces.	0x000004B1
	(ecRpcRegisterIf)	, %xB1.04.00 .00
RpcListen	Error in starting the RPC listener.	0x000004B2
	(ecRpcListen)	, %xB2.04.00 .00
RpcFormat	A badly formatted RPC buffer was detected.	0x000004B6
	(ecRpcFormat)	, %xB6.04.00 .00
NoCopyTo	Single instance storage cannot be used in this case.	0x000004B7
	(ecNoCopyTo)	%xB7.04.00

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
		.00
NullObject	An object handle reference in the RPC buffer could not be resolved. (ecNullObject)	0x000004B9 , %xB9.04.00
RpcAuthentication	Server requests client to use authentication. (ecRpcAuthentication)	.00 0x000004B C, %xBC.04.00 .00
RpcBadAuthenticationLevel	The server doesn't recognize a client's authentication level. (ecRpcBadAuthenticationLevel)	0x000004B D, %xBD.04.00 .00
NullCommentRestriction	The subrestriction of a comment restriction is empty. (ecNullCommentRestriction)	0x000004BE , %xBE.04.00 .00
RulesLoadError	Rule (4) data was unavailable for this folder. (ecRulesLoadError)	0x000004C C, %xCC.04.00 .00
RulesDeliverErr	Delivery-time failure in rule (4) execution. (ecRulesDeliverErr)	0x000004C D, %xCD.04.00 .00
RulesParsingErr	Invalid syntax in a stored rule (4) condition or action (3) . (ecRulesParsingErr)	0x000004CE , %xCE.04.00 .00
RulesCreateDAE	Failure creating a deferred rule (4) action (3) error message. (ecRulesCreateDaeErr)	0x000004CF , %xCF.04.00 .00
RulesCreateDAM	Failure creating a deferred rule (4) action (3) message. (ecRulesCreateDamErr)	0x000004D 0, %xD0.04.00 .00
RulesNoMoveCopyFolder	A move or copy rule (4) action (3) could not be performed due to a problem with the target folder. (ecRulesNoMoveCopyFolder)	0x000004D 1, %xD1.04.00 .00
RulesNoFolderRights	A move or copy rule (4) action (3) could not be performed due to a permissions problem with the target folder.	0x000004D 2, %xD2.04.00

41 / 151

Copyright $\ensuremath{{\rm Copyright}}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
	(ecRulesNoFolderRights)	.00
MessageTooBig	A message could not be delivered because it exceeds a size limit. (ecMessageTooBig)	0x000004D 4, %xD4.04.00 .00
FormNotValid	There is a problem with the form mapped to the message's message class . (ecFormNotValid)	0x000004D 5, %xD5.04.00 .00
NotAuthorized	Delivery to the desired folder was not authorized. (ecNotAuthorized)	0x000004D 6, %xD6.04.00 .00
DeleteMessage	The message was deleted by a rule (4) action (3). (ecDeleteMessage)	0x000004D 7, %xD7.04.00 .00
BounceMessage	Delivery of the message was denied by a rule (4) action (3). (ecBounceMessage)	0x000004D 8, %xD8.04.00 .00
QuotaExceeded	The operation failed because it would have exceeded a resource quota. (ecQuotaExceeded)	0x000004D 9, %xD9.04.00 .00
MaxSubmissionExceeded	A message could not be submitted because its size exceeds the defined maximum. (ecMaxSubmissionExceeded)	0x000004D A, %xDA.04.00 .00
MaxAttachmentExceeded	The maximum number of message attachments has been exceeded. (ecMaxAttachmentExceeded)	0x000004D B, %xDB.04.00 .00
SendAsDenied	The user account does not have permission to send mail as the owner of this mailbox. (ecSendAsDenied)	0x000004D C, %xDC.04.00 .00
ShutoffQuotaExceeded	The operation failed because it would have exceeded the mailbox's shutoff quota. (ecShutoffQuotaExceeded)	0x000004D D, %xDD.04.0 0.00
TooManyOpenObjects	A client has opened too many objects of a specific type. (ecMaxObjsExceeded)	0x000004D E, %xDE.04.00

42 / 151

Copyright $\ensuremath{{\rm Copyright}}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
		.00
ClientVersionBlocked	The server is configured to block clients of this version.	0x000004DF
	(ecClientVerDisallowed)	%xDF.04.00 .00
RpcHttpDisallowed	The server is configured to block RPC connections via HTTP.	0x000004E0 ,
	(ecRpcHttpDisallowed)	%xE0.04.00 .00
CachedModeRequired	The server is configured to block online mode connections; only cached mode connections	0x000004E1 ,
	are allowed. (ecCachedModeRequired)	%xE1.04.00 .00
FolderNotCleanedUp	The folder has been deleted but not yet cleaned up.	0x000004E3 ,
	(ecFolderNotCleanedUp)	%xE3.04.00 .00
FormatError	Part of a ROP buffer was incorrectly formatted.	0x000004E D,
	(ecFmtError)	%xED.04.00 .00
NotExpanded	Error in expanding or collapsing rows in a categorized view.	0x000004F7 ,
	(ecNotExpanded)	%xF7.04.00 .00
NotCollapsed	Error in expanding or collapsing rows in a categorized view.	0x000004F8 ,
	(ecNotCollapsed)	%xF8.04.00 .00
NoExpandLeafRow	Leaf rows cannot be expanded; only category header rows can be expanded.	0x000004F9 ,
	(ecLeaf)	%xF9.04.00 .00
UnregisteredNameProp	An operation was attempted on a named property ID for which no name has been	0x000004FA ,
	registered. (ecUnregisteredNameProp)	%xFA.04.00 .00
FolderDisabled	Access to the folder is disabled, perhaps because form design is in progress.	0x000004FB ,
	(ecFolderDisabled)	%xFB.04.00 .00
DomainError	There is an inconsistency in the Store object's association with its server.	0x000004FC ,
	(ecDomainError)	%xFC.04.00

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
		.00
NoCreateRight	The operation requires create access rights that the user does not have.	0x000004FF ,
	(ecNoCreateRight)	%xFF.04.00 .00
PublicRoot	The operation requires create access rights at a public folder root.	0x00000500
	(ecPublicRoot)	%x00.05.00 .00
NoReadRight	The operation requires read access rights that the user does not have.	0x00000501
	(ecNoReadRight)	%x01.05.00 .00
NoCreateSubfolderRight	The operation requires create subfolder access rights that the user does not have.	0x00000502
	(ecNoCreateSubfolderRight)	%x02.05.00 .00
MessageCycle	The source message contains the destination message and cannot be attached to it.	0×00000504
	(ecMsgCycle)	%x04.05.00 .00
NullDestinationObject	The RPC buffer contains a destination object handle that could not be resolved to a	0x00000503
	Server object. (ecDstNullObject)	%x03.05.00 .00
TooManyRecips	A hard limit on the number of recipients (1) per message was exceeded.	0×00000505
	(ecTooManyRecips)	, %x05.05.00 .00
VirusScanInProgress	The operation failed because the target message is being scanned for viruses.	0x0000050A
	(ecVirusScanInProgress)	%x0A.05.00 .00
VirusDetected	The operation failed because the target message is infected with a virus.	0x0000050B
	(ecVirusDetected)	, %x0B.05.00 .00
MailboxInTransit	The mailbox is in transit and is not accepting mail.	0×0000050C
	(ecMailboxInTransit)	%x0C.05.00 .00
BackupInProgress	The operation failed because the Store object is being backed up.	0x0000050 D,
	(ecBackupInProgress)	%x0D.05.00

44 / 151

Copyright $\ensuremath{{\rm Copyright}}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
		.00
VirusMessageDeleted	The operation failed because the target message was infected with a virus and has been deleted. (ecVirusMessageDeleted)	0×0000050E , %×0E.05.00 .00
InvalidBackupSequence	Backup steps were performed out of sequence.	0x0000050F ,
	(ecInvalidBackupSequence)	%x0F.05.00 .00
InvalidBackupType	The requested backup type was not recognized.	0x00000510
	(ecInvalidBackupType)	%x10.05.00 .00
TooManyBackups	Too many backups are already in progress.	0x00000511
	(ecTooManyBackupsInProgress)	, %x11.05.00 .00
RestoreInProgress	A restore is already in progress.	0x00000512
	(ecRestoreInProgress)	, %x12.05.00 .00
DuplicateObject	The object already exists.	0x00000579
	(ecDuplicateObject)	, %x79.05.00 .00
ObjectNotFound	An internal database object could not be found.	0x0000057A
	(ecObjectNotFound)	, %x7A.05.00 .00
FixupReplyRule	The template Message ID in a reply rule (4) object is missing or incorrect.	0x0000057B
	(ecFixupReplyRule)	%x7B.05.00 .00
TemplateNotFound	The reply template could not be found for a message that triggered an auto-reply rule	0x0000057C
	(4). (ecTemplateNotFound)	%x7C.05.00 .00
RuleExecution	An error occurred while executing a rule (4) action (3).	0x0000057 D,
	(ecRuleExecution)	%x7D.05.00 .00
DSNoSuchObject	A Server object could not be found in the directory.	0x0000057E
	(ecDSNoSuchObject)	%x7E.05.00

45 / 151

Copyright $\ensuremath{{\rm Copyright}}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
		.00
AlreadyTombstoned	An attempt to tombstone a message already in the message tombstone list failed.	0x0000057F ,
	(ecMessageAlreadyTombstoned)	%x7F.05.00 .00
ReadOnlyTransaction	A write operation was attempted in a read- only transaction.	0x00000596 ,
	(ecRequiresRWTransaction)	%x96.05.00 .00
Paused	Attempt to pause a server that is already paused.	0x0000060E
	(ecPaused)	%x0E.06.00 .00
NotPaused	Attempt to unpause a server that is not paused.	0x0000060F
	(ecNotPaused)	%x0F.06.00 .00
WrongMailbox	The operation was attempted on the wrong mailbox.	0x00000648
	(ecWrongMailbox)	%x48.06.00 .00
ChangePassword	The account password needs to be changed. (ecChgPassword)	0x0000064C
		%x4C.06.00 .00
PasswordExpired	The account password has expired.	0x0000064 D,
	(ecPwdExpired)	%x4D.06.00 .00
InvalidWorkstation	The account has logged on from the wrong workstation.	0x0000064E
	(ecInvWkstn)	%x4E.06.00 .00
InvalidLogonHours	The account has logged on at the wrong time of day.	0x0000064F
	(ecInvLogonHrs)	, %x4F.06.00 .00
AccountDisabled	The account is disabled.	0x00000650
	(ecAcctDisabled)	, %x50.06.00 .00
RuleVersion	The rule (4) data contains an invalid rule (4) version.	0x000006A4
	(ecRuleVersion)	, %xA4.06.00

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
		.00
RuleFormat	The rule (4) condition or action (3) was incorrectly formatted.	0x000006A5 ,
	(ecRuleFormat)	%xA5.06.00 .00
RuleSendAsDenied	The rule (4) is not authorized to send from this mailbox.	0x000006A6 ,
	(ecRuleSendAsDenied)	%xA6.06.00 .00
NoServerSupport	A newer client requires functionality that an older server does not support.	0x000006B9 ,
	(ecNoServerSupport)	%xB9.06.00 .00
LockTimedOut	An attempt to unlock a message failed because the lock had already timed out.	0x000006BA
	(ecLockTimedOut)	%xBA.06.00 .00
ObjectLocked	The operation failed because the target object is locked.	0x000006BB
	(ecObjectLocked)	%xBB.06.00 .00
InvalidLockNamespace	Attempt to lock a nonexistent object. (ecInvalidLockNamespace)	0x000006B D,
	(certivalia_beckivalitespace)	%xBD.06.00 .00
MessageDeleted	Operation failed because the message has been deleted.	0x000007D 6,
	(ecMessageDeleted)	%xD6.07.00 .00
ProtocolDisabled	The requested protocol is disabled in the server configuration.	0x000007D 8,
	(ecProtocolDisabled)	%xD8.07.00 .00
CleartextLogonDisabled	Clear text logons were disabled.	0x000007D 9,
	(ecCleartextLogonDisabled)	%xD9.07.00 .00
Rejected	The operation was rejected, perhaps because it is not supported.	0×000007EE
	(ecRejected)	%xEE.07.00 .00
AmbiguousAlias	User account information did not uniquely identify a user.	0×0000089A
	(ecAmbiguousAlias)	, %x9A.08.00

47 / 151

Copyright $\ensuremath{{\rm Copyright}}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
		.00
UnknownMailbox	No mailbox object for this logon exists in the address book.	0x0000089B ,
	(ecUnknownMailbox)	%x9B.08.00 .00
ExpressionReserved	Internal error in evaluating an expression.	0x000008FC
	(ecExpReserved)	, %xFC.08.00 .00
ExpressionParseDepth	The expression tree exceeds a defined depth limit.	0x000008FD
	(ecExpParseDepth)	%xFD.08.00 .00
ExpressionArgumentType	An argument to a function has the wrong type.	0x000008FE
	(ecExpFuncArgType)	%xFE.08.00 .00
ExpressionSyntax	Syntax error in expression.	0x000008FF
	(ecExpSyntax)	, %xFF.08.00 .00
ExpressionBadStringToken	Invalid string token in expression.	0x00000900
	(ecExpBadStrToken)	, %x00.09.00 .00
ExpressionBadColToken	Invalid column name in expression.	0x00000901
	(ecExpBadColToken)	, %x01.09.00 .00
ExpressionTypeMismatch	Property types , for example, in a comparison expression, are incompatible.	0x00000902
	(ecExpTypeMismatch)	, %x02.09.00 .00
ExpressionOperatorNotSupported	The requested operator is not supported.	0x00000903
	(ecExpOpNotSupported)	, %x03.09.00 .00
ExpressionDivideByZero	Divide by zero doesn't work.	0x00000904
	(ecExpDivByZero)	, %x04.09.00 .00
ExpressionUnaryArgument	The argument to a unary expression is of incorrect type.	0x00000905
	(ecExpUnaryArgType)	, %x05.09.00

48 / 151

Copyright $\ensuremath{{\rm Copyright}}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
		.00
NotLocked	An attempt to lock a resource failed. (ecNotLocked)	0x00000960 , %x60.09.00 .00
ClientEvent	A client-supplied event has fired. (ecClientEvent)	0x00000961 , %x61.09.00 .00
CorruptEvent	Data in the event table is bad. (ecCorruptEvent)	0x00000965 , %x65.09.00 .00
CorruptWatermark	A watermark in the event table is bad. (ecCorruptWatermark)	0x00000966 , %x66.09.00 .00
EventError	General event processing error. (ecEventError)	0x00000967 , %x67.09.00 .00
WatermarkError	An event watermark is out of range or otherwise invalid. (ecWatermarkError)	0x00000968 , %x68.09.00 .00
NonCanonicalACL	A modification to an ACL failed because the existing ACL is not in canonical format. (ecNonCanonicalACL)	0x00000969 , %x69.09.00 .00
MailboxDisabled	Logon was unsuccessful because the mailbox is disabled. (ecMailboxDisabled)	0x0000096C , %x6C.09.00 .00
RulesFolderOverQuota	A move or copy rule (4) action (3) failed because the destination folder is over quota. (ecRulesFolderOverQuota)	0x0000096 D, %x6D.09.00 .00
AddressBookUnavailable	The address book server could not be reached. (ecADUnavailable)	0x0000096E , %x6E.09.00 .00
AddressBookError	Unspecified error from the address book server. (ecADError)	0x0000096F , %x6F.09.00

49 / 151

Copyright $\ensuremath{{\rm Copyright}}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
		.00
AddressBookObjectNotFound	An object was not found in the address book. (ecADNotFound)	0x00000971 , %x71.09.00 .00
AddressBookPropertyError	A property was not found in the address book. (ecADPropertyError)	0x00000972 , %x72.09.00 .00
NotEncrypted	The server is configured to force encrypted connections, but the client requested an unencrypted connection. (ecNotEncrypted)	0x00000970 , %x70.09.00 .00
RpcServerTooBusy	An external RPC failed because the server was too busy. (ecRpcServerTooBusy)	0x00000973 , %x73.09.00 .00
RpcOutOfMemory	An external RPC failed because the local server was out of memory. (ecRpcOutOfMemory)	0x00000974 , %x74.09.00 .00
RpcServerOutOfMemory	An external RPC failed because the remote server was out of memory. (ecRpcServerOutOfMemory)	0x00000975 , %x75.09.00 .00
RpcOutOfResources	An external RPC failed because the remote server was out of an unspecified resource. (ecRpcOutOfResources)	0x00000976 , %x76.09.00 .00
RpcServerUnavailable	An external RPC failed because the remote server was unavailable. (ecRpcServerUnavailable)	0x00000977 , %x77.09.00 .00
SecureSubmitError	A failure occurred while setting the secure submission state of a message. (ecSecureSubmitError)	0x0000097A , %x7A.09.00 .00
EventsDeleted	Requested events were already deleted from the queue. (ecEventsDeleted)	0x0000097C , %x7C.09.00 .00
SubsystemStopping	A component service is in the process of shutting down. (ecSubsystemStopping)	0x0000097 D, %x7D.09.00

50 / 151

Copyright $\ensuremath{{\rm Copyright}}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
		.00
AttendantUnavailable	The system attendant service is unavailable. (ecSAUnavailable)	0x0000097E
		%x7E.09.00 .00
CIStopping	The content indexer service is stopping. (ecCIStopping)	0x00000A28 ,
		%x28.0A.00 .00
FxInvalidState	An internal fast transfer object has invalid state.	0x00000A29 ,
	(ecFxInvalidState)	%x29.0A.00 .00
FxUnexpectedMarker	Fast transfer parsing has hit an invalid marker.	0x00000A2A ,
	(ecFxUnexpectedMarker)	%x2A.0A.00 .00
DuplicateDelivery	A copy of this message has already been delivered.	0x00000A2B
	(ecDuplicateDelivery)	%x2B.0A.00 .00
ConditionViolation	The condition was not met for a conditional operation.	0x00000A2C
	(ecConditionViolation)	%x2C.0A.00 .00
MaximumConnectionPoolsExceeded	An RPC client has exceeded the defined limit of RPC connection pools.	0x00000A2 D,
	(ecMaxPoolExceeded)	%x2D.0A.00 .00
InvalidRpcHandle	The RPC connection is no longer valid. (ecRpcInvalidHandle)	0x00000A2E
		%x2E.0A.00 .00
EventNotFound	There are no events in the event table, or the requested event was not found.	0x00000A2F
	(ecEventNotFound)	, %x2F.0A.00 .00
PropertyNotPromoted	A property was not copied from the message table to the message header table.	0x00000A30
	(ecPropNotPromoted)	%x30.0A.00 .00
LowFreeSpaceForDatabase	The drive hosting database files has little or no free space.	0x00000A31
	(ecLowMdbSpace)	%x31.0A.00

51 / 151

Copyright ${\ensuremath{{\odot}}}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
		.00
LowFreeSpaceForLogs	The drive hosting log files for the database has little or no free space.	0x00000A32 ,
	(ecLowMdbLogSpace)	%x32.0A.00 .00
MailboxIsQuarantined	The mailbox has been placed under quarantine by an administrator.	0x00000A33 ,
	(ecMailboxQuarantined)	%x33.0A.00 .00
DatabaseMountInProgress	The mailbox database is being mounted. (ecMountInProgress)	0x00000A34
	(echountinriogress)	, %x34.0A.00 .00
DatabaseDismountInProgress	The mailbox database is being dismounted. (ecDismountInProgress)	0x00000A35
		%x35.0A.00 .00
ConnectionsOverBudget	The number of RPC connections in use exceeds the amount budgeted for this client.	0x00000A36
	(ecMaxConnectionsExceeded)	%x36.0A.00 .00
NotFoundInContainer	The mailbox was not found in the mailbox metadata cache.	0x00000A37
	(ecNotFoundInContainer)	%x37.0A.00 .00
CannotRemove	An item cannot be removed from an internal list.	0x00000A38
	(ecCannotRemove)	%x38.0A.00 .00
InvalidConnectionPool	An RPC client has attempted connection using a connection pool unknown to the	0x00000A39
	server. (ecInvalidPool)	%x39.0A.00 .00
VirusScanGeneralFailure	A nonspecified failure occurred while scanning an item.	0x00000A3A
	ecVirusScannerError	, %x3A.0A.00 .00
IsamErrorRfsFailure	The Resource Failure Simulator failed.	0xFFFFFF9C,
	(JET_errRfsFailure)	%x9C.FF.FF. FF
IsamErrorRfsNotArmed	The Resource Failure Simulator has not been initialized.	0xFFFFFF9B, %x9B.FF.FF.
	(JET_errRfsNotArmed)	FF

52 / 151

Copyright $\ensuremath{{\rm Copyright}}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
IsamErrorFileClose	The file could not be closed. (JET_errFileClose)	0xFFFFFF9A, %x9A.FF.FF. FF
IsamErrorOutOfThreads	The thread could not be started. (JET_errOutOfThreads)	0xFFFFFF99, %x99.FF.FF. FF
IsamErrorTooManyIO	The system is busy due to too many I/Os. (JET_errTooManyIO)	0xFFFFFF97, %x97.FF.FF. FF
IsamErrorTaskDropped	The requested asynchronous task could not be executed. (JET_errTaskDropped)	0xFFFFFF96, %x96.FF.FF. FF
IsamErrorInternalError	There was a fatal internal error. (JET_errInternalError)	0xFFFFFF95, %x95.FF.FF. FF
IsamErrorDatabaseBufferDependenciesCorrup ted	The buffer dependencies were set improperly and there was a recovery failure. (JET_errDatabaseBufferDependenciesCorrupt ed)	0xFFFFFF01, %x01.FF.FF. FF
IsamErrorPreviousVersion	The version already existed and there was a recovery failure. (JET_errPreviousVersion)	0xFFFFFEBE, %xBE.FE.FF .FF
IsamErrorPageBoundary	The page boundary has been reached. (JET_errPageBoundary)	0xFFFFFEBD , %xBD.FE.FF .FF
IsamErrorKeyBoundary	The key boundary has been reached. (JET_errKeyBoundary)	0xFFFFFEBC , %xBC.FE.FF .FF
IsamErrorBadPageLink	The database is corrupt. (JET_errBadPageLink)	0xFFFFFEB9, %xB9.FE.FF .FF
IsamErrorBadBookmark	The bookmark has no corresponding address in the database. (JET_errBadBookmark)	0xFFFFFEB8, %xB8.FE.FF .FF
IsamErrorNTSystemCallFailed	The call to the operating system failed. (JET_errNTSystemCallFailed)	0xFFFFFEB2, %xB2.FE.FF .FF
IsamErrorBadParentPageLink	A parent database is corrupt. (JET_errBadParentPageLink)	0xFFFFFEAE, %xAE.FE.FF .FF

Copyright ${\ensuremath{{\odot}}}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
IsamErrorSPAvailExtCacheOutOfSync	The AvailExt cache does not match the B+ tree. (JET_errSPAvailExtCacheOutOfSync)	0xFFFFFEAC , %xAC.FE.FF .FF
IsamErrorSPAvailExtCorrupted	The AllAvailExt space tree is corrupt. (JET_errSPAvailExtCorrupted)	0xFFFFFEAB , %xAB.FE.FF .FF
IsamErrorSPAvailExtCacheOutOfMemory	An out of memory error occurred while allocating an AvailExt cache node. (JET_errSPAvailExtCacheOutOfMemory)	0xFFFFFEAA , %xAA.FE.FF .FF
IsamErrorSPOwnExtCorrupted	The OwnExt space tree is corrupt. (JET_errSPOwnExtCorrupted)	0xFFFFFEA9, %xA9.FE.FF .FF
IsamErrorDbTimeCorrupted	The Dbtime on the current page is greater than the global database dbtime. (JET_errDbTimeCorrupted)	0xFFFFFEA8, %xA8.FE.FF .FF
IsamErrorKeyTruncated	An attempt to create a key for an index entry failed because the key would have been truncated and the index definition disallows key truncation. (JET_errKeyTruncated)	0xFFFFFEA6, %xA6.FE.FF .FF
IsamErrorKeyTooBig	The key is too large. (JET_errKeyTooBig)	0xFFFFFE68, %x68.FE.FF. FF
IsamErrorInvalidLoggedOperation	The logged operation cannot be redone. (JET_errInvalidLoggedOperation)	0xFFFFFE0C , %x0C.FE.FF .FF
IsamErrorLogFileCorrupt	The log file is corrupt. (JET_errLogFileCorrupt)	0xFFFFFE0B, %x0B.FE.FF .FF
IsamErrorNoBackupDirectory	A backup directory was not given. (JET_errNoBackupDirectory)	0xFFFFFE09, %x09.FE.FF. FF
IsamErrorBackupDirectoryNotEmpty	The backup directory is not empty. (JET_errBackupDirectoryNotEmpty)	0xFFFFFE08, %x08.FE.FF. FF
IsamErrorBackupInProgress	The backup is already active. (JET_errBackupInProgress)	0xFFFFFE07, %x07.FE.FF. FF

54 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
IsamErrorRestoreInProgress	A restore is in progress. (JET_errRestoreInProgress)	0xFFFFFE06, %x06.FE.FF. FF
IsamErrorMissingPreviousLogFile	The log file is missing for the checkpoint. (JET_errMissingPreviousLogFile)	0xFFFFFE03, %x03.FE.FF. FF
IsamErrorLogWriteFail	There was a failure writing to the log file. (JET_errLogWriteFail)	0xFFFFFE02, %x02.FE.FF. FF
IsamErrorLogDisabledDueToRecoveryFailure	The attempt to write to the log after recovery failed. (JET_errLogDisabledDueToRecoveryFailure)	0xFFFFFE01, %x01.FE.FF. FF
IsamErrorCannotLogDuringRecoveryRedo	The attempt to write to the log during the recovery redo failed. (JET_errCannotLogDuringRecoveryRedo)	0xFFFFFE00, %x00.FE.FF. FF
IsamErrorLogGenerationMismatch	The name of the log file does not match the internal generation number. (JET_errLogGenerationMismatch)	0xFFFFFDFF, %xFF.FD.FF. FF
IsamErrorBadLogVersion	The version of the log file is not compatible with the ESE version. (JET_errBadLogVersion)	0xFFFFFDFE , %xFE.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorInvalidLogSequence	The time stamp in the next log does not match the expected time stamp. (JET_errInvalidLogSequence)	0xFFFFFDFD , %xFD.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorLoggingDisabled	The log is not active. (JET_errLoggingDisabled)	0xFFFFFDFC , %xFC.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorLogBufferTooSmall	The log buffer is too small for recovery. (JET_errLogBufferTooSmall)	0xFFFFFDFB , %xFB.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorLogSequenceEnd	The maximum log file number has been exceeded. (JET_errLogSequenceEnd)	0xFFFFFDF9 , %xF9.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorNoBackup	There is no backup in progress. (JET_errNoBackup)	0xFFFFFDF8 , %xF8.FD.FF .FF

Copyright $\ensuremath{{\rm Copyright}}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
IsamErrorInvalidBackupSequence	The backup call is out of sequence. (JET_errInvalidBackupSequence)	0xFFFFFDF7
	(JET_entimaliabackapSequence)	, %xF7.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorBackupNotAllowedYet	A backup cannot be done at this time. (JET errBackupNotAllowedYet)	0xFFFFFDF5 ,
	(,	, %xF5.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorDeleteBackupFileFail	A backup file could not be deleted. (JET_errDeleteBackupFileFail)	0xFFFFFDF4
		, %xF4.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorMakeBackupDirectoryFail	The backup temporary directory could not be created.	0xFFFFFDF3
	(JET_errMakeBackupDirectoryFail)	, %xF3.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorInvalidBackup	Circular logging is enabled; an incremental backup cannot be performed.	0xFFFFFDF2 ,
	(JET_errInvalidBackup)	, %xF2.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorRecoveredWithErrors	The data was restored with errors. (JET_errRecoveredWithErrors)	0xFFFFFDF1
		, %xF1.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorMissingLogFile	The current log file is missing. (JET_errMissingLogFile)	0xFFFFFDF0
		, %xF0.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorLogDiskFull	The log disk is full. (JET_errLogDiskFull)	0xFFFFFDEF
		, %xEF.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorBadLogSignature	There is a bad signature for a log file. (JET_errBadLogSignature)	0xFFFFFDEE
	()	, %xEE.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorBadDbSignature	There is a bad signature for a database file. (JET_errBadDbSignature)	0xFFFFFDED
	(, , <u></u> , <u>_</u> , <u></u>	, %xED.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorBadCheckpointSignature	There is a bad signature for a checkpoint file. (JET_errBadCheckpointSignature)	0xFFFFFDEC
		, %xEC.FD.FF .FF

56 / 151

Copyright ${\ensuremath{{\odot}}}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
IsamErrorCheckpointCorrupt	The checkpoint file was not found or was corrupt.	0xFFFFFDEB
	(JET_errCheckpointCorrupt)	%xEB.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorMissingPatchPage	The database patch file page was not found during recovery.	0xFFFFFDEA ,
	(JET_errMissingPatchPage)	%xEA.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorBadPatchPage	The database patch file page is not valid. (JET_errBadPatchPage)	0xFFFFFDE9 ,
		%xE9.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorRedoAbruptEnded	The redo abruptly ended due to a sudden failure while reading logs from the log file.	0xFFFFFDE8
	(JET_errRedoAbruptEnded)	%xE8.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorBadSLVSignature	The signature in the SLV file does not agree with the database.	0xFFFFFDE7
	(JET_errBadSLVSignature)	%xE7.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorPatchFileMissing	The hard restore detected that a database patch file is missing from the backup set. (JET_errPatchFileMissing)	0xFFFFFDE6
		%xE6.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorDatabaseLogSetMismatch	The database does not belong with the current set of log files.	0xFFFFFDE5
	(JET_errDatabaseLogSetMismatch)	%xE5.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorDatabaseStreamingFileMismatch	This flag is reserved. (JET_errDatabaseStreamingFileMismatch)	0xFFFFFDE4
		%xE4.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorLogFileSizeMismatch	The actual log file size does not match the configured size.	0xFFFFFDE3
	(JET_errLogFileSizeMismatch)	%xE3.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorCheckpointFileNotFound	The checkpoint file could not be located. (JET_errCheckpointFileNotFound)	0xFFFFFDE2
		%xE2.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorRequiredLogFilesMissing	The required log files for recovery are missing.	0xFFFFFDE1
	(JET_errRequiredLogFilesMissing)	%xE1.FD.FF .FF

57 / 151

Copyright $\ensuremath{{\rm Copyright}}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
IsamErrorSoftRecoveryOnBackupDatabase	A soft recovery is about to be used on a backup database when a restore is supposed to be used instead. (JET_errSoftRecoveryOnBackupDatabase)	0xFFFFFDE0 , %xE0.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorLogFileSizeMismatchDatabasesCons istent	The <u>databases</u> have been recovered, but the log file size used during recovery does not match JET_paramLogFileSize. (JET_errLogFileSizeMismatchDatabasesConsi stent)	0xFFFFFDDF , %xDF.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorLogSectorSizeMismatch	The log file sector size does not match the sector size of the current volume. (JET_errLogSectorSizeMismatch)	0xFFFFFDDE , %xDE.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorLogSectorSizeMismatchDatabasesC onsistent	The databases have been recovered, but the log file sector size (used during recovery) does not match the sector size of the current volume. (JET_errLogSectorSizeMismatchDatabasesCo nsistent)	0xFFFFFDDD , %xDD.FD.F F.FF
IsamErrorLogSequenceEndDatabasesConsiste nt	The databases have been recovered, but all possible log generations in the current sequence have been used. All log files and the checkpoint file is required to be deleted and databases are required to be backed up before continuing. (JET_errLogSequenceEndDatabasesConsisten t)	0xFFFFFDDC , %xDC.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorStreamingDataNotLogged	There was an illegal attempt to replay a streaming file operation where the data was not logged. This is probably caused by an attempt to roll forward with circular logging enabled. (JET_errStreamingDataNotLogged)	0xFFFFFDDB , %xDB.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorDatabaseDirtyShutdown	The database was not shut down cleanly. A recovery is required first be run to properly complete database operations for the previous shutdown. (JET_errDatabaseDirtyShutdown)	0xFFFFFDDA , %xDA.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorConsistentTimeMismatch	The last consistent time for the database has not been matched. (JET_errConsistentTimeMismatch)	0xFFFFFDD9 , %xD9.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorDatabasePatchFileMismatch	The database patch file is not generated from this backup. (JET_errDatabasePatchFileMismatch)	0xFFFFFDD8 , %xD8.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorEndingRestoreLogTooLow	The starting log number is too low for the	0xFFFFFDD7

58 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
	restore. (JET_errEndingRestoreLogTooLow)	, %xD7.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorStartingRestoreLogTooHigh	The starting log number is too high for the restore. (JET_errStartingRestoreLogTooHigh)	0xFFFFFDD6 , %xD6.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorGivenLogFileHasBadSignature	The restore log file has a bad signature. (JET_errGivenLogFileHasBadSignature)	0xFFFFFDD5 , %xD5.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorGivenLogFileIsNotContiguous	The restore log file is not contiguous. (JET_errGivenLogFileIsNotContiguous)	0xFFFFFDD4 , %xD4.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorMissingRestoreLogFiles	Some restore log files are missing. (JET_errMissingRestoreLogFiles)	0xFFFFFDD3 , %xD3.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorMissingFullBackup	The database missed a previous full backup before attempting to perform an incremental backup. (JET_errMissingFullBackup)	0xFFFFFDD0 , %xD0.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorBadBackupDatabaseSize	The backup database size is not a multiple of the database page size. (JET_errBadBackupDatabaseSize)	0xFFFFFDCF , %xCF.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorDatabaseAlreadyUpgraded	The current attempt to upgrade a database has been stopped because the database is already current. (JET_errDatabaseAlreadyUpgraded)	0xFFFFFDCE , %xCE.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorDatabaseIncompleteUpgrade	The database was only partially converted to the current format. The database is required to be restored from backup. (JET_errDatabaseIncompleteUpgrade)	0xFFFFFDCD , %xCD.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorMissingCurrentLogFiles	Some current log files are missing for continuous restore. (JET_errMissingCurrentLogFiles)	0xFFFFFDCB , %xCB.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorDbTimeTooOld	The dbtime on a page is smaller than the dbtimeBefore that is in the record. (JET_errDbTimeTooOld)	0xFFFFFDCA , %xCA.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorDbTimeTooNew	The dbtime on a page is in advance of the	0xFFFFFDC9

Copyright $\ensuremath{{\rm Copyright}}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
	dbtimeBefore that is in the record. (JET_errDbTimeTooNew)	, %xC9.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorMissingFileToBackup	Some log or database patch files were missing during the backup. (JET_errMissingFileToBackup)	0xFFFFFDC7 , %xC7.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorLogTornWriteDuringHardRestore	A torn write was detected in a backup that was set during a hard restore. (JET_errLogTornWriteDuringHardRestore)	0xFFFFFDC6 , %xC6.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorLogTornWriteDuringHardRecovery	A torn write was detected during a hard recovery (the log was not part of a backup set). (JET_errLogTornWriteDuringHardRecovery)	0xFFFFFDC5 , %xC5.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorLogCorruptDuringHardRestore	Corruption was detected in a backup set during a hard restore. (JET_errLogCorruptDuringHardRestore)	0xFFFFFDC3 , %xC3.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorLogCorruptDuringHardRecovery	Corruption was detected during hard recovery (the log was not part of a backup set). (JET_errLogCorruptDuringHardRecovery)	0xFFFFFDC2 , %xC2.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorMustDisableLoggingForDbUpgrade	Logging cannot be enabled while attempting to upgrade a database. (JET_errMustDisableLoggingForDbUpgrade)	0xFFFFFDC1 , %xC1.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorBadRestoreTargetInstance	Either the TargetInstance that was specified for restore has not been found or the log files do not match. (JET_errBadRestoreTargetInstance)	0xFFFFFDBF , %xBF.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorRecoveredWithoutUndo	The database engine successfully replayed all operations in the transaction log to perform a crash recovery but the caller elected to stop recovery without rolling back uncommitted updates. (JET_errRecoveredWithoutUndo)	0xFFFFFDBD , %xBD.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorDatabasesNotFromSameSnapshot	The databases to be restored are not from the same shadow copy backup. (JET_errDatabasesNotFromSameSnapshot)	0xFFFFFDBC , %xBC.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorSoftRecoveryOnSnapshot	There is a soft recovery on a database from a shadow copy backup set. (JET_errSoftRecoveryOnSnapshot)	0xFFFFFDBB , %xBB.FD.FF .FF

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
IsamErrorCommittedLogFilesMissing	One or more logs that were committed to this database are missing. (JET_errCommittedLogFilesMissing)	0xFFFFFDBA , %xBA.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorCommittedLogFilesCorrupt	One or more logs were found to be corrupt during recovery. (JET_errCommittedLogFilesCorrupt)	0xFFFFFDB6 , %xB6.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorUnicodeTranslationBufferTooSmall	The Unicode translation buffer is too small. (JET_errUnicodeTranslationBufferTooSmall)	0xFFFFFDA7 , %xA7.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorUnicodeTranslationFail	The Unicode normalization failed. (JET_errUnicodeTranslationFail)	0xFFFFFDA6 , %xA6.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorUnicodeNormalizationNotSupported	The operating system does not provide support for Unicode normalization and a normalization callback was not specified. (JET_errUnicodeNormalizationNotSupported)	0xFFFFFDA5 , %xA5.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorExistingLogFileHasBadSignature	The existing log file has a bad signature. (JET_errExistingLogFileHasBadSignature)	0xFFFFFD9E , %x9E.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorExistingLogFileIsNotContiguous	An existing log file is not contiguous. (JET_errExistingLogFileIsNotContiguous)	0xFFFFFD9D , %x9D.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorLogReadVerifyFailure	A checksum error was found in the log file during backup. (JET_errLogReadVerifyFailure)	0xFFFFFD9C , %x9C.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorSLVReadVerifyFailure	A checksum error was found in the SLV file during backup. (JET_errSLVReadVerifyFailure)	0xFFFFFD9B , %x9B.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorCheckpointDepthTooDeep	There are too many outstanding generations between the checkpoint and the current generation. (JET_errCheckpointDepthTooDeep)	0xFFFFFD9A , %x9A.FD.FF .FF
IsamErrorRestoreOfNonBackupDatabase	A hard recovery was attempted on a database that was not a backup database. (JET_errRestoreOfNonBackupDatabase)	0xFFFFD99 , %x99.FD.FF .FF

61 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
IsamErrorInvalidGrbit	There is an invalid <i>grbit</i> parameter. (JET_errInvalidGrbit)	0xFFFFFC7C
		, %x7C.FC.FF .FF
IsamErrorTermInProgress	Termination is in progress. (JET_errTermInProgress)	0xFFFFFC18
		, %x18.FC.FF .FF
IsamErrorFeatureNotAvailable	This API element is not supported. (JET_errFeatureNotAvailable)	0xFFFFFC17
		, %x17.FC.FF .FF
IsamErrorInvalidName	An invalid name is being used. (JET_errInvalidName)	0xFFFFFC16
		, %x16.FC.FF .FF
IsamErrorInvalidParameter	An invalid API parameter is being used. (JET_errInvalidParameter)	0xFFFFFC15
		, %x15.FC.FF .FF
IsamErrorDatabaseFileReadOnly	There was an attempt to attach to a read- only database file for read/write operations.	0xFFFFFC10
	(JET_errDatabaseFileReadOnly)	, %x10.FC.FF .FF
IsamErrorInvalidDatabaseId	There is an invalid database ID. (JET_errInvalidDatabaseId)	0xFFFFFC0E
		, %x0E.FC.FF .FF
IsamErrorOutOfMemory	The system is out of memory. (JET_errOutOfMemory)	0xFFFFFC0D
		, %x0D.FC.FF .FF
IsamErrorOutOfDatabaseSpace	The maximum database size has been reached.	0xFFFFFC0C
	(JET_errOutOfDatabaseSpace)	, %x0C.FC.FF .FF
IsamErrorOutOfCursors	The table is out of cursors. (JET_errOutOfCursors)	0xFFFFFC0B
	(, %x0B.FC.FF .FF
IsamErrorOutOfBuffers	The database is out of page buffers. (JET errOutOfBuffers)	0xFFFFFC0A
		, %x0A.FC.FF .FF

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
IsamErrorTooManyIndexes	There are too many indexes. (JET_errTooManyIndexes)	0xFFFFFC09
		, %x09.FC.FF .FF
IsamErrorTooManyKeys	There are too many columns in an index. (JET_errTooManyKeys)	0xFFFFFC08
		%x08.FC.FF .FF
IsamErrorRecordDeleted	The record has been deleted. (JET_errRecordDeleted)	0xFFFFFC07
		%x07.FC.FF .FF
IsamErrorReadVerifyFailure	There is a checksum error on a database page.	0xFFFFFC06
	(JET_errReadVerifyFailure)	, %x06.FC.FF .FF
IsamErrorPageNotInitialized	There is a blank database page. (JET_errPageNotInitialized)	0xFFFFFC05
	(0-1_0.11 agotto annualized)	, %x05.FC.FF .FF
IsamErrorOutOfFileHandles	There are no file handles . (JET_errOutOfFileHandles)	0xFFFFFC04
		%x04.FC.FF .FF
IsamErrorDiskIO	There is a disk I/O error.	0xFFFFFC02
	(JET_errDiskIO)	, %x02.FC.FF .FF
IsamErrorInvalidPath	A file path is invalid.	0xFFFFFC01
	(JET_errInvalidPath)	, %x01.FC.FF .FF
IsamErrorInvalidSystemPath	A system path is invalid. (JET_errInvalidSystemPath)	0xFFFFFC00
		, %x00.FC.FF .FF
IsamErrorInvalidLogDirectory	A log directory is invalid. (JET_errInvalidLogDirectory)	0xFFFFFBFF, %xFF.FB.FF. FF
IsamErrorRecordTooBig	The record is larger than maximum size. (JET_errRecordTooBig)	0xFFFFFBFE, %xFE.FB.FF. FF
IsamErrorTooManyOpenDatabases	Too many databases are open.	0xFFFFFBFD

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
	(JET_errTooManyOpenDatabases)	, %xFD.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorInvalidDatabase	This is not a database file. (JET_errInvalidDatabase)	0xFFFFFBFC, %xFC.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorNotInitialized	The database engine has not been initialized. (JET_errNotInitialized)	0xFFFFFBFB, %xFB.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorAlreadyInitialized	The database engine is already initialized. (JET_errAlreadyInitialized)	0xFFFFFBFA, %xFA.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorInitInProgress	The database engine is being initialized. (JET_errInitInProgress)	0xFFFFFBF9, %xF9.FB.FF. FF
IsamErrorFileAccessDenied	The file cannot be accessed because the file is locked or in use. (JET_errFileAccessDenied)	0xFFFFFBF8, %xF8.FB.FF. FF
IsamErrorBufferTooSmall	The buffer is too small. (JET_errBufferTooSmall)	0xFFFFFBF2, %xF2.FB.FF. FF
IsamErrorTooManyColumns	Too many columns are defined. (JET_errTooManyColumns)	0xFFFFFBF0, %xF0.FB.FF. FF
IsamErrorContainerNotEmpty	The container is not empty. (JET_errContainerNotEmpty)	0xFFFFFBED , %xED.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorInvalidFilename	The file name is invalid. (JET_errInvalidFilename)	0xFFFFFBEC , %xEC.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorInvalidBookmark	A bookmark is invalid. (JET_errInvalidBookmark)	0xFFFFFBEB , %xEB.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorColumnInUse	The column used is in an index. (JET_errColumnInUse)	0xFFFFFBEA , %xEA.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorInvalidBufferSize	The data buffer does not match the column size.	0xFFFFFBE9, %xE9.FB.FF

Copyright $\ensuremath{{\rm Copyright}}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
	(JET_errInvalidBufferSize)	.FF
IsamErrorColumnNotUpdatable	The column value cannot be set. (JET_errColumnNotUpdatable)	0xFFFFFBE8, %xE8.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorIndexInUse	The index is in use. (JET_errIndexInUse)	0xFFFFFBE5, %xE5.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorLinkNotSupported	The link support is unavailable. (JET_errLinkNotSupported)	0xFFFFFBE4, %xE4.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorNullKeyDisallowed	Null keys are not allowed on an index. (JET_errNullKeyDisallowed)	0xFFFFBE3, %xE3.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorNotInTransaction	The operation has to occur within a transaction. (JET_errNotInTransaction)	0xFFFFFBE2, %xE2.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorTooManyActiveUsers	There are too many active database users. (JET_errTooManyActiveUsers)	0xFFFFFBDD , %xDD.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorInvalidCountry	A country/region code is invalid or unknown. (JET_errInvalidCountry)	0xFFFFFBDB , %xDB.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorInvalidLanguageId	A language ID is invalid or unknown. (JET_errInvalidLanguageId)	0xFFFFFBDA , %xDA.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorInvalidCodePage	A code page is invalid or unknown. (JET_errInvalidCodePage)	0xFFFFFBD9 , %xD9.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorInvalidLCMapStringFlags	Invalid flags are being used for LCMapString. (JET_errInvalidLCMapStringFlags)	0xFFFFBD8 , %xD8.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorVersionStoreEntryTooBig	There was an attempt to create a version store entry (RCE) that was larger than a version bucket. (JET_errVersionStoreEntryTooBig)	0xFFFFBD7 , %xD7.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorVersionStoreOutOfMemoryAndClean upTimedOut	The version store is out of memory and the cleanup attempt failed to complete. (JET_errVersionStoreOutOfMemoryAndClean	0xFFFFBD6 , %xD6.FB.FF

65 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
	upTimedOut)	.FF
IsamErrorVersionStoreOutOfMemory	The version store is out of memory and a cleanup was already attempted. (JET_errVersionStoreOutOfMemory)	0xFFFFFBD3 , %xD3.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorCannotIndex	The escrow and SLV columns cannot be indexed. (JET_errCannotIndex)	0xFFFFFBD1 , %xD1.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorRecordNotDeleted	The record has not been deleted. (JET_errRecordNotDeleted)	0xFFFFFBD0 , %xD0.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorTooManyMempoolEntries	Too many mempool entries have been requested. (JET_errTooManyMempoolEntries)	0xFFFFFBCF, %xCF.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorOutOfObjectIDs	The database is out of B+ tree ObjectIDs so an offline defragmentation has to be performed to reclaim freed or unused ObjectIDs. (JET_errOutOfObjectIDs)	0xFFFFFBCE , %xCE.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorOutOfLongValueIDs	The Long-value ID counter has reached the maximum value. An offline defragmentation has to be performed to reclaim free or unused LongValueIDs. (JET_errOutOfLongValueIDs)	0xFFFFBCD , %xCD.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorOutOfAutoincrementValues	The automatic increment counter has reached the maximum value. An offline defragmentation will not be able to reclaim free or unused automatically increment values. (JET_errOutOfAutoincrementValues)	0xFFFFFBCC , %xCC.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorOutOfDbtimeValues	The Dbtime counter has reached the maximum value. An offline defragmentation is required to be performed to reclaim free or unused Dbtime values. (JET_errOutOfDbtimeValues)	0xFFFFFBCB , %xCB.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorOutOfSequentialIndexValues	A sequential index counter has reached the maximum value. An offline defragmentation has to be performed to reclaim Free or unused SequentialIndex values. (JET_errOutOfSequentialIndexValues)	0xFFFFBCA , %xCA.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorRunningInOneInstanceMode	This multi-instance call has the single- instance mode enabled. (JET_errRunningInOneInstanceMode)	0xFFFFFBC8 , %xC8.FB.FF

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
		.FF
IsamErrorRunningInMultiInstanceMode	This single-instance call has the multi- instance mode enabled. (JET_errRunningInMultiInstanceMode)	0xFFFFFBC7 , %xC7.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorSystemParamsAlreadySet	The global system parameters have already been set. (JET_errSystemParamsAlreadySet)	0xFFFFFBC6 , %xC6.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorSystemPathInUse	The system path is already being used by another database instance. (JET_errSystemPathInUse)	0xFFFFBC5 , %xC5.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorLogFilePathInUse	The log file path is already being used by another database instance. (JET_errLogFilePathInUse)	0xFFFFBC4 , %xC4.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorTempPathInUse	The path to the temporary database is already being used by another database instance. (JET_errTempPathInUse)	0xFFFFBC3 , %xC3.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorInstanceNameInUse	The instance name is already in use. (JET_errInstanceNameInUse)	0xFFFFFBC2 , %xC2.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorInstanceUnavailable	This instance cannot be used because it encountered a fatal error. (JET_errInstanceUnavailable)	0xFFFFFBBE , %xBE.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorDatabaseUnavailable	This database cannot be used because it encountered a fatal error. (JET_errDatabaseUnavailable)	0xFFFFFBBD , %xBD.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorInstanceUnavailableDueToFatalLog DiskFull	This instance cannot be used because it encountered a log-disk-full error while performing an operation (such as a transaction rollback) that could not tolerate failure. (JET_errInstanceUnavailableDueToFatalLogDi skFull)	0xFFFFBBC , %xBC.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorOutOfSessions	The database is out of sessions (2). (JET_errOutOfSessions)	0xFFFFBB3 , %xB3.FB.FF .FF

Copyright $\ensuremath{{\rm Copyright}}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
IsamErrorWriteConflict	The write lock failed due to the existence of an outstanding write lock. (JET_errWriteConflict)	0xFFFFFBB2 , %xB2.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorTransTooDeep	The transactions are nested too deeply. (JET_errTransTooDeep)	0xFFFFFBB1 , %xB1.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorInvalidSesid	A session (2) handle is invalid. (JET_errInvalidSesid)	0xFFFFFBB0 , %xB0.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorWriteConflictPrimaryIndex	An update was attempted on an uncommitted primary index. (JET_errWriteConflictPrimaryIndex)	0xFFFFFBAF, %xAF.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorInTransaction	The operation is not allowed within a transaction. (JET_errInTransaction)	0xFFFFFBAC , %xAC.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorRollbackRequired	The current transaction is required to be rolled back. It cannot be committed and a new one cannot be started. (JET_errRollbackRequired)	0xFFFFFBAB , %xAB.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorTransReadOnly	A read-only transaction tried to modify the database. (JET_errTransReadOnly)	0xFFFFFBAA , %xAA.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorSessionWriteConflict	Two different cursors attempted to replace the same record in the same session (2). (JET_errSessionWriteConflict)	0xFFFFFBA9 , %xA9.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorRecordTooBigForBackwardCompatib ility	The record would be too big if represented in a database format from a previous version of Jet. (JET_errRecordTooBigForBackwardCompatibil ity)	0xFFFFFBA8 , %xA8.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorCannotMaterializeForwardOnlySort	The temporary table could not be created due to parameters that conflict with JET_bitTTForwardOnly. (JET_errCannotMaterializeForwardOnlySort)	0xFFFFFBA7 , %xA7.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorSesidTableIdMismatch	The session (2) handle cannot be used with the table id because it was not used to create it. (JET_errSesidTableIdMismatch)	0xFFFFFBA6 , %xA6.FB.FF .FF

68 / 151

Copyright ${\ensuremath{{\odot}}}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
IsamErrorInvalidInstance	The instance handle is invalid or refers to an instance that has been shut down. (JET_errInvalidInstance)	0xFFFFFBA5 , %xA5.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorDatabaseDuplicate	The database already exists. (JET_errDatabaseDuplicate)	0xFFFFFB4F, %x4F.FB.FF. FF
IsamErrorDatabaseInUse	The database in use. (JET_errDatabaseInUse)	0xFFFFFB4E, %x4E.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorDatabaseNotFound	No such database exists. (JET_errDatabaseNotFound)	0xFFFFFB4D , %x4D.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorDatabaseInvalidName	The database name is invalid. (JET_errDatabaseInvalidName)	0xFFFFFB4C , %x4C.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorDatabaseInvalidPages	The number of pages is invalid. (JET_errDatabaseInvalidPages)	0xFFFFFB4B , %x4B.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorDatabaseCorrupted	There is a nondatabase file or corrupt database. (JET_errDatabaseCorrupted)	0xFFFFFB4A , %x4A.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorDatabaseLocked	The database is exclusively locked. (JET_errDatabaseLocked)	0xFFFFFB49, %x49.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorCannotDisableVersioning	The versioning for this database cannot be disabled. (JET_errCannotDisableVersioning)	0xFFFFFB48, %x48.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorInvalidDatabaseVersion	The database engine is incompatible with the database. (JET_errInvalidDatabaseVersion)	0xFFFFFB47, %x47.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorDatabase200Format	The database is in an older (200) format. (JET_errDatabase200Format)	0xFFFFFB46, %x46.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorDatabase400Format	The database is in an older (400) format. (JET_errDatabase400Format)	0xFFFFFB45, %x45.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorDatabase500Format	The database is in an older (500) format.	0xFFFFFB44,

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
	(JET_errDatabase500Format)	%x44.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorPageSizeMismatch	The database page size does not match the engine. (JET_errPageSizeMismatch)	0xFFFFFB43, %x43.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorTooManyInstances	No more database instances can be started. (JET_errTooManyInstances)	0xFFFFFB42, %x42.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorDatabaseSharingViolation	A different database instance is using this database. (JET_errDatabaseSharingViolation)	0xFFFFFB41, %x41.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorAttachedDatabaseMismatch	An outstanding database attachment has been detected at the start or end of the recovery, but the database is missing or does not match attachment info. (JET_errAttachedDatabaseMismatch)	0xFFFFFB40, %x40.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorDatabaseInvalidPath	The specified path to the database file is illegal. (JET_errDatabaseInvalidPath)	0xFFFFFB3F, %x3F.FB.FF. FF
IsamErrorDatabaseIdInUse	A database is being assigned an ID that is already in use. (JET_errDatabaseIdInUse)	0xFFFFFB3E, %x3E.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorForceDetachNotAllowed	The forced detach is allowed only after the normal detach was stopped due to an error. (JET_errForceDetachNotAllowed)	0xFFFFFB3D , %x3D.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorCatalogCorrupted	Corruption was detected in the catalog. (JET_errCatalogCorrupted)	0xFFFFFB3C , %x3C.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorPartiallyAttachedDB	The database is only partially attached and the attach operation cannot be completed. (JET_errPartiallyAttachedDB)	0xFFFFFB3B , %x3B.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorDatabaseSignInUse	The database with the same signature is already in use. (JET_errDatabaseSignInUse)	0xFFFFFB3A , %x3A.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorDatabaseCorruptedNoRepair	The database is corrupted but a repair is not allowed. (JET_errDatabaseCorruptedNoRepair)	0xFFFFFB38, %x38.FB.FF .FF
IsamErrorInvalidCreateDbVersion	The database engine attempted to replay a Create Database operation from the	0xFFFFFB37, %x37.FB.FF

70 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
	transaction log but failed due to an incompatible version of that operation. (JET_errInvalidCreateDbVersion)	.FF
IsamErrorTableLocked	The table is exclusively locked. (JET_errTableLocked)	0xFFFFFAEA , %xEA.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorTableDuplicate	The table already exists. (JET_errTableDuplicate)	0xFFFFFAE9, %xE9.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorTableInUse	The table is in use and cannot be locked. (JET_errTableInUse)	0xFFFFFAE8, %xE8.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorObjectNotFound	There is no such table or object. (JET_errObjectNotFound)	0xFFFFFAE7, %xE7.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorDensityInvalid	There is a bad file or index density. (JET_errDensityInvalid)	0xFFFFFAE5, %xE5.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorTableNotEmpty	The table is not empty. (JET_errTableNotEmpty)	0xFFFFFAE4, %xE4.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorInvalidTableId	The table ID is invalid. (JET_errInvalidTableId)	0xFFFFFAE2, %xE2.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorTooManyOpenTables	No more tables can be opened, even after the internal cleanup task has run. (JET_errTooManyOpenTables)	0xFFFFFAE1, %xE1.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorIllegalOperation	The operation is not supported on the table. (JET_errIllegalOperation)	0xFFFFFAE0, %xE0.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorTooManyOpenTablesAndCleanupTi medOut	No more tables can be opened because the cleanup attempt failed to complete. (JET_errTooManyOpenTablesAndCleanupTim edOut)	0xFFFFFADF , %xDF.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorObjectDuplicate	The table or object name is in use. (JET_errObjectDuplicate)	0xFFFFFADE , %xDE.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorInvalidObject	The object is invalid for operation. (JET errInvalidObject)	0xFFFFFADC
		, %xDC.FA.FF

71 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
		.FF
IsamErrorCannotDeleteTempTable	JetCloseTable is required to be used instead of JetDeleteTable to delete a temporary table. (JET_errCannotDeleteTempTable)	0xFFFFFADB , %xDB.FA.FF
		.FF
IsamErrorCannotDeleteSystemTable	There was an illegal attempt to delete a system table. (JET_errCannotDeleteSystemTable)	0xFFFFFADA , %xDA.FA.FF
		.FF
IsamErrorCannotDeleteTemplateTable	There was an illegal attempt to delete a template table.	0xFFFFFAD9 ,
	(JET_errCannotDeleteTemplateTable)	%xD9.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorExclusiveTableLockRequired	There has to be an exclusive lock on the table. (JET_errExclusiveTableLockRequired)	0xFFFFFAD6 ,
		%xD6.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorFixedDDL	DDL operations are prohibited on this table. (JET_errFixedDDL)	0xFFFFFAD5 ,
		%xD5.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorFixedInheritedDDL	On a derived table, DDL operations are prohibited on the inherited portion of the	0xFFFFFAD4 ,
	DDL. (JET_errFixedInheritedDDL)	%xD4.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorCannotNestDDL	Nesting the hierarchical DDL is not currently supported.	0xFFFFFAD3
	(JET_errCannotNestDDL)	%xD3.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorDDLNotInheritable	There was an attempt to inherit a DDL from a table that is not marked as a template	0xFFFFFAD2
	table. (JET_errDDLNotInheritable)	%xD2.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorInvalidSettings	The system parameters were set improperly. (JET_errInvalidSettings)	0xFFFFFAD0
		, %xD0.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorClientRequestToStopJetService	The client has requested that the service be stopped.	0xFFFFFACF,
	(JET_errClientRequestToStopJetService)	%xCF.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorCannotAddFixedVarColumnToDerive dTable	The template table was created with the NoFixedVarColumnsInDerivedTables flag	0xFFFFFACE
	set. (JET_errCannotAddFixedVarColumnToDerive	%xCE.FA.FF .FF

72 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
	dTable)	
IsamErrorIndexCantBuild	The index build failed. (JET_errIndexCantBuild)	0xFFFFFA87, %x87.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorIndexHasPrimary	The primary index is already defined. (JET_errIndexHasPrimary)	0xFFFFFA86, %x86.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorIndexDuplicate	The index is already defined. (JET_errIndexDuplicate)	0xFFFFFA85, %x85.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorIndexNotFound	There is no such index. (JET_errIndexNotFound)	0xFFFFFA84, %x84.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorIndexMustStay	The clustered index cannot be deleted. (JET_errIndexMustStay)	0xFFFFFA83, %x83.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorIndexInvalidDef	The index definition is invalid. (JET_errIndexInvalidDef)	0xFFFFFA82, %x82.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorInvalidCreateIndex	The creation of the index description was invalid. (JET_errInvalidCreateIndex)	0xFFFFFA7F, %x7F.FA.FF. FF
IsamErrorTooManyOpenIndexes	The database is out of index description blocks. (JET_errTooManyOpenIndexes)	0xFFFFFA7E, %x7E.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorMultiValuedIndexViolation	Non-unique inter-record index keys have been generated for a multivalued index. (JET_errMultiValuedIndexViolation)	0xFFFFFA7D , %x7D.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorIndexBuildCorrupted	A secondary index that properly reflects the primary index failed to build. (JET_errIndexBuildCorrupted)	0xFFFFFA7C , %x7C.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorPrimaryIndexCorrupted	The primary index is corrupt and the database is required be defragmented. (JET_errPrimaryIndexCorrupted)	0xFFFFFA7B , %x7B.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorSecondaryIndexCorrupted	The secondary index is corrupt and the database is required to be defragmented. (JET_errSecondaryIndexCorrupted)	0xFFFFFA7A , %x7A.FA.FF .FF

Copyright ${\ensuremath{{ \mathbb C} }}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
IsamErrorInvalidIndexId	The index ID is invalid. (JET_errInvalidIndexId)	0xFFFFFA78, %x78.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorIndexTuplesSecondaryIndexOnly	The tuple index can only be set on a secondary index. (JET_errIndexTuplesSecondaryIndexOnly)	0xFFFFFA6A , %x6A.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorIndexTuplesTooManyColumns	The index definition for the tuple index contains more key columns that the database engine can support. (JET_errIndexTuplesTooManyColumns)	0xFFFFFA69, %x69.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorIndexTuplesNonUniqueOnly	The tuple index cannot be a unique index. (JET_errIndexTuplesNonUniqueOnly)	0xFFFFFA68, %x68.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorIndexTuplesTextBinaryColumnsOnly	A tuple index definition can only contain key columns that have text or binary column types. (JET_errIndexTuplesTextBinaryColumnsOnly)	0xFFFFFA67, %x67.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorIndexTuplesVarSegMacNotAllowed	The tuple index does not allow setting cbVarSegMac. (JET_errIndexTuplesVarSegMacNotAllowed)	0xFFFFFA66, %x66.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorIndexTuplesInvalidLimits	The minimum/maximum tuple length or the maximum number of characters that are specified for an index is invalid. (JET_errIndexTuplesInvalidLimits)	0xFFFFFA65, %x65.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorIndexTuplesCannotRetrieveFromInd ex	JetRetrieveColumn cannot be called with the JET_bitRetrieveFromIndex flag set while retrieving a column on a tuple index. (JET_errIndexTuplesCannotRetrieveFromInde x)	0xFFFFFA64, %x64.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorIndexTuplesKeyTooSmall	The specified key does not meet the minimum tuple length. (JET_errIndexTuplesKeyTooSmall)	0xFFFFFA63, %x63.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorColumnLong	The column value is long. (JET_errColumnLong)	0xFFFFFA23, %x23.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorColumnNoChunk	There is no such chunk in a long value. (JET_errColumnNoChunk)	0xFFFFFA22, %x22.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorColumnDoesNotFit	The field will not fit in the record. (JET_errColumnDoesNotFit)	0xFFFFFA21, %x21.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorNullInvalid	Null is not valid.	0xFFFFFA20,

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
	(JET_errNullInvalid, JET_errColumnIllegalNull)	%x20.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorColumnIndexed	The column is indexed and cannot be deleted. (JET_errColumnIndexed)	0xFFFFFA1F, %x1F.FA.FF. FF
IsamErrorColumnTooBig	The field length is greater than the maximum allowed length. (JET_errColumnTooBig)	0xFFFFFA1E, %x1E.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorColumnNotFound	No such column exists. (JET_errColumnNotFound)	0xFFFFFA1D , %x1D.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorColumnDuplicate	This field is already defined. (JET_errColumnDuplicate)	0xFFFFFA1C , %x1C.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorMultiValuedColumnMustBeTagged	An attempt was made to create a multivalued column, but the column was not tagged. (JET_errMultiValuedColumnMustBeTagged)	0xFFFFFA1B , %x1B.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorColumnRedundant	There is a second automatic increment or version column. (JET_errColumnRedundant)	0xFFFFFA1A , %x1A.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorInvalidColumnType	The column data type is invalid. (JET_errInvalidColumnType)	0xFFFFFA19, %x19.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorTaggedNotNULL	There are no non-NULL tagged columns. (JET_errTaggedNotNULL)	0xFFFFFA16, %x16.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorNoCurrentIndex	The database is invalid because it does not contain a current index. (JET_errNoCurrentIndex)	0xFFFFFA15, %x15.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorKeyIsMade	The key is completely made. (JET_errKeyIsMade)	0xFFFFFA14, %x14.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorBadColumnId	The column ID is incorrect. (JET_errBadColumnId)	0xFFFFFA13, %x13.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorBadItagSequence	There is a bad itagSequence for the tagged column. (JET_errBadItagSequence)	0xFFFFFA12, %x12.FA.FF .FF

75 / 151

Copyright ${\ensuremath{\mathbb C}}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
IsamErrorColumnInRelationship	A column cannot be deleted because it is part of a relationship. (JET_errColumnInRelationship)	0xFFFFFA11, %x11.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorCannotBeTagged	The automatic increment and version cannot be tagged. (JET_errCannotBeTagged)	0xFFFFFA0F, %x0F.FA.FF. FF
IsamErrorDefaultValueTooBig	The default value exceeds the maximum size. (JET_errDefaultValueTooBig)	0xFFFFFA0C , %x0C.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorMultiValuedDuplicate	A duplicate value was detected on a unique multivalued column. (JET_errMultiValuedDuplicate)	0xFFFFFA0B , %x0B.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorLVCorrupted	Corruption was encountered in a long-value tree. (JET_errLVCorrupted)	0xFFFFFA0A , %x0A.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorMultiValuedDuplicateAfterTruncatio n	A duplicate value was detected on a unique multivalued column after the data was normalized, and it is normalizing truncated data before comparison. (JET_errMultiValuedDuplicateAfterTruncation)	0xFFFFFA08, %x08.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorDerivedColumnCorruption	There is an invalid column in a derived table. (JET_errDerivedColumnCorruption)	0xFFFFFA07, %x07.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorInvalidPlaceholderColumn	An attempt was made to convert a column to a primary index placeholder, but the column does not meet the necessary criteria. (JET_errInvalidPlaceholderColumn)	0xFFFFFA06, %x06.FA.FF .FF
IsamErrorRecordNotFound	The key was not found. (JET_errRecordNotFound)	0xFFFFF9BF, %xBF.F9.FF. FF
IsamErrorRecordNoCopy	There is no working buffer. (JET_errRecordNoCopy)	0xFFFFF9BE, %xBE.F9.FF .FF
IsamErrorNoCurrentRecord	There is no current record. (JET_errNoCurrentRecord)	0xFFFFF9BD , %xBD.F9.FF .FF
IsamErrorRecordPrimaryChanged	The primary key might not change. (JET_errRecordPrimaryChanged)	0xFFFFF9BC , %xBC.F9.FF

76 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
		.FF
IsamErrorKeyDuplicate	There is an illegal duplicate key. (JET_errKeyDuplicate)	0xFFFFF9BB , %xBB.F9.FF .FF
IsamErrorAlreadyPrepared	An attempt was made to update a record while a record update was already in progress. (JET_errAlreadyPrepared)	0xFFFFF9B9, %xB9.F9.FF .FF
IsamErrorKeyNotMade	A call was not made to JetMakeKey. (JET_errKeyNotMade)	0xFFFFF9B8, %xB8.F9.FF .FF
IsamErrorUpdateNotPrepared	A call was not made to JetPrepareUpdate. (JET_errUpdateNotPrepared)	0xFFFFF9B7, %xB7.F9.FF .FF
IsamErrorDataHasChanged	The data has changed and the operation was aborted. (JET_errDataHasChanged)	0xFFFFF9B5, %xB5.F9.FF .FF
IsamErrorLanguageNotSupported	The operating system does not support the selected language. (JET_errLanguageNotSupported)	0xFFFFF9AD , %xAD.F9.FF .FF
IsamErrorTooManySorts	There are too many sort processes. (JET_errTooManySorts)	0xFFFFF95B, %x5B.F9.FF .FF
IsamErrorInvalidOnSort	An invalid operation occurred during a sort. (JET_errInvalidOnSort)	0xFFFFF95A, %x5A.F9.FF .FF
IsamErrorTempFileOpenError	The temporary file could not be opened. (JET_errTempFileOpenError)	0xFFFFF8F5, %xF5.F8.FF. FF
IsamErrorTooManyAttachedDatabases	Too many databases are open. (JET_errTooManyAttachedDatabases)	0xFFFFF8F3, %xF3.F8.FF. FF
IsamErrorDiskFull	There is no space left on disk. (JET_errDiskFull)	0xFFFFF8F0, %xF0.F8.FF. FF
IsamErrorPermissionDenied	Permission is denied. (JET_errPermissionDenied)	0xFFFFF8EF, %xEF.F8.FF. FF
IsamErrorFileNotFound	The file was not found.	0xFFFFF8ED

77 / 151

Copyright ${\ensuremath{\mathbb C}}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
	(JET_errFileNotFound)	, %xED.F8.FF .FF
IsamErrorFileInvalidType	The file type is invalid. (JET_errFileInvalidType)	0xFFFFF8EC , %xEC.F8.FF .FF
IsamErrorAfterInitialization	A restore cannot be started after initialization. (JET_errAfterInitialization)	0xFFFFF8C6 , %xC6.F8.FF .FF
IsamErrorLogCorrupted	The logs could not be interpreted. (JET_errLogCorrupted)	0xFFFFF8C4 , %xC4.F8.FF .FF
IsamErrorInvalidOperation	The operation is invalid. (JET_errInvalidOperation)	0xFFFFF88E, %x8E.F8.FF. FF
IsamErrorAccessDenied	Access is denied. (JET_errAccessDenied)	0xFFFFF88D , %x8D.F8.FF .FF
IsamErrorTooManySplits	An infinite split. (JET_errTooManySplits)	0xFFFFF88B, %x8B.F8.FF .FF
IsamErrorSessionSharingViolation	Multiple threads are using the same session (2). (JET_errSessionSharingViolation)	0xFFFFF88A, %x8A.F8.FF .FF
IsamErrorEntryPointNotFound	An entry point in a required DLL could not be found. (JET_errEntryPointNotFound)	0xFFFFF889, %x89.F8.FF. FF
IsamErrorSessionContextAlreadySet	The specified session (2) already has a session context set. (JET_errSessionContextAlreadySet)	0xFFFFF888, %x88.F8.FF. FF
IsamErrorSessionContextNotSetByThisThread	An attempt was made to reset the session context, but the current thread was not the original one that set the session context. (JET_errSessionContextNotSetByThisThread)	0xFFFFF887, %x87.F8.FF. FF
IsamErrorSessionInUse	An attempt was made to terminate the session (2) currently in use. (JET_errSessionInUse)	0xFFFFF886, %x86.F8.FF. FF
IsamErrorRecordFormatConversionFailed	An internal error occurred during a dynamic record format conversion.	0xFFFFF885, %x85.F8.FF.

78 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
	(JET_errRecordFormatConversionFailed)	FF
IsamErrorOneDatabasePerSession	Only one open user database per session (2) is allowed. (JET_errOneDatabasePerSession)	0xFFFFF884, %x84.F8.FF. FF
IsamErrorRollbackError	There was an error during rollback. (JET_errRollbackError)	0xFFFFF883, %x83.F8.FF. FF
IsamErrorCallbackFailed	A callback function call failed. (JET_errCallbackFailed)	0xFFFFF7CB , %xCB.F7.FF .FF
IsamErrorCallbackNotResolved	A callback function could not be found. (JET_errCallbackNotResolved)	0xFFFFF7CA , %xCA.F7.FF .FF
IsamErrorOSSnapshotInvalidSequence	The operating system shadow copy API was used in an invalid sequence. (JET_errOSSnapshotInvalidSequence)	0xFFFFF69F, %x9F.F6.FF. FF
IsamErrorOSSnapshotTimeOut	The operating system shadow copy ended with a time-out. (JET_errOSSnapshotTimeOut)	0xFFFFF69E, %x9E.F6.FF. FF
IsamErrorOSSnapshotNotAllowed	The operating system shadow copy is not allowed because a backup or recovery in is progress. (JET_errOSSnapshotNotAllowed)	0xFFFFF69D , %x9D.F6.FF .FF
IsamErrorOSSnapshotInvalidSnapId	The operation failed because the specified operating system shadow copy handle was invalid. (JET_errOSSnapshotInvalidSnapId)	0xFFFFF69C , %x9C.F6.FF .FF
IsamErrorLSCallbackNotSpecified	An attempt was made to use local storage without a callback function being specified. (JET_errLSCallbackNotSpecified)	0xFFFFF448, %x48.F4.FF. FF
IsamErrorLSAlreadySet	An attempt was made to set the local storage for an object that already had it set. (JET_errLSAlreadySet)	0xFFFFF447, %x47.F4.FF. FF
IsamErrorLSNotSet	An attempt was made to retrieve local storage from an object that did not have it set. (JET_errLSNotSet)	0xFFFFF446, %x46.F4.FF. FF
IsamErrorFileIOSparse	An I/O operation failed because it was attempted against an unallocated region of a file.	0xFFFFF060, %x60.F0.FF. FF

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
	(JET_errFileIOSparse)	
IsamErrorFileIOBeyondEOF	A read was issued to a location beyond the EOF (writes will expand the file). (JET_errFileIOBeyondEOF)	0xFFFFF05F, %x5F.F0.FF. FF
IsamErrorFileCompressed	Read/write access is not supported on compressed files. (JET_errFileCompressed)	0xFFFFF05B, %x5B.F0.FF .FF

2.4.2 Property Error Codes

Property errors appear in two different contexts. When an error occurs in getting a property of an object, or a column of a table, from the server, then the type of the returned property value is ErrorCode (0x000A) and the property value itself is the error code. When an error occurs in setting a property of an object on the server, the **RopSetProperties** ROP (<u>MS-OXCROPS</u> section 2.2.8.6) returns an array of **PropertyProblem** structures, as specified in section <u>2.7</u>, that includes the error code.

Most property error codes are also used as general error codes, but they have a special meaning in the context of a property operation.

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
NotEnoughMemory	On get, indicates that the property or column value is too large to be retrieved by the request, and the property value needs to be accessed with the RopOpenStream ROP (<u>[MS-OXCROPS]</u> section 2.2.9.1). (E_NOMEMORY, MAPI_E_NOT_ENOUGH_MEMORY)	0x8007000E, %x0E.00.07.80
NotFound	On get, indicates that the property or column has no value for this object. (MAPI_E_NOT_FOUND)	0x8004010F, %x0F.01.04.80
BadValue	On set, indicates that the property value is not acceptable to the server. (MAPI_E_BAD_VALUE, ecPropBadValue)	0x80040301, %x01.03.04.80
InvalidType	On get or set, indicates that the data type passed with the property or column is undefined. (MAPI_E_INVALID_TYPE, ecInvalidType)	0x80040302, %x02.03.04.80
UnsupportedType	On get or set, indicates that the data type passed with the property or column is not acceptable to the server. (MAPI_E_TYPE_NO_SUPPORT, ecTypeNotSupported)	0x80040303, %x03.03.04.80
UnexpectedType	On get or set, indicates that the data type passed with the property or column is not the type expected by the server. (MAPI_E_UNEXPECTED_TYPE, ecPropType)	0x80040304, %x04.03.04.80

Property error codes are presented in the following table.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Release: July 31, 2014

80 / 151

Error code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
TooBig	Indicates that the result set of the operation is too big for the server to return. (MAPI_E_TOO_BIG, ecTooBig)	0x80040305, %x05.03.04.80
DeclineCopy	On a copy operation, indicates that the server cannot copy the object, possibly because the source and destination are on different types of servers, and the server will delegate the copying to client code. (MAPI_E_DECLINE_COPY)	0x80040306, %x06.03.04.80
UnexpectedId	On get or set, indicates that the server does not support property IDs in this range, usually the named property ID range (from 0x8000 through 0xFFFF). (MAPI_E_UNEXPECTED_ID)	0x80040307, %x07.03.04.80

2.4.3 Warning Codes

Warning codes indicate that while the operation as a whole was processed successfully by the server, individual items or properties were not processed successfully. For example, if three properties are requested from a Message object in a **RopGetPropertiesSpecific** ROP request ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.8.3) and one of the three properties does not exist on the Message object, then in the response buffer:

1. The ROP returns an **ErrorsReturned** warning, as specified in the following table.

2. The type in the property tag of the missing property is **PtypErrorCode** (section 2.11.1).

3. The property value of the missing property is **NotFound**, as specified in section 2.4.

Warning codes are presented in the following table.

Warning code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
ErrorsReturned	A request involving multiple properties failed for one or more individual properties, while succeeding overall. (MAPI_W_ERRORS_RETURNED, ecWarnWithErrors)	0x00040380, %x80.03.04.00
PositionChanged	A table operation succeeded, but the bookmark specified is no longer set at the same row as when it was last used. (MAPI_W_POSITION_CHANGED, ecWarnPositionChanged)	0x00040481, %x81.04.04.00
ApproximateCount	The row count returned by a table operation is approximate, not exact. (MAPI_W_APPROX_COUNT, ecWarnApproxCount)	0x00040482, %x82.04.04.00
PartiallyComplete	A move, copy, or delete operation succeeded for some messages but not for others.	0x00040680, %x80.06.04.00

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Warning code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
	(MAPI_W_PARTIAL_COMPLETION, ecPartialCompletion)	
SyncProgress	The operation succeeded, but there is more to do. (SYNC_W_PROGRESS)	0x00040820, %x20.08.04.00
NewerClientChange	In a change conflict, the client has the more recent change. (SYNC_W_CLIENT_CHANGE_NEWER)	0x00040821, %x21.08.04.00
IsamWarningRemainingVersions	The version store is still active. (JET_wrnRemainingVersions)	0x00000141, %x41.01.00.00
IsamWarningUniqueKey	A seek on an index that is not unique yielded a unique key. (JET_wrnUniqueKey)	0x00000159, %x59.01.00.00
IsamWarningSeparateLongValue	A database column is a separated long value. (JET_wrnSeparateLongValue)	0x00000196, %x96.01.00.00
IsamWarningExistingLogFileHasBadSignature	The existing log file has a bad signature. (JET_wrnExistingLogFileHasBadSignature)	0x0000022E, %x2E.02.00.00
IsamWarningExistingLogFileIsNotContiguous	The existing log file is not contiguous. (JET_wrnExistingLogFileIsNotContiguous)	0x0000022F, %x2F.02.00.00
IsamWarningSkipThisRecord	This error is for internal use only. (JET_wrnSkipThisRecord)	0x00000234, %x34.02.00.00
IsamWarningTargetInstanceRunning	The TargetInstance specified for the restore is running. (JET_wrnTargetInstanceRunning)	0x00000242, %x42.02.00.00
IsamWarningDatabaseRepaired	The database corruption has been repaired. (JET_wrnDatabaseRepaired)	0x00000253, %x53.02.00.00
IsamWarningColumnNull	The column has a null value. (JET_wrnColumnNull)	0x000003EC, %xEC.03.00.00
IsamWarningBufferTruncated	The buffer is too small for the data. (JET_wrnBufferTruncated)	0x000003EE, %xEE.03.00.00
IsamWarningDatabaseAttached	The database is already attached. (JET_wrnDatabaseAttached)	0x000003EF, %xEF.03.00.00
IsamWarningSortOverflow	The sort that is being attempted does not have enough memory to complete. (JET_wrnSortOverflow)	0x000003F1, %xF1.03.00.00
IsamWarningSeekNotEqual	An exact match was not found during a seek. (JET_wrnSeekNotEqual,	0x0000040F, %x0F.04.00.00

82 / 151

Copyright ${\ensuremath{\mathbb C}}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Warning code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
	JET_wrnRecordFoundGreater, JET_wrnRecordFoundLess)	
IsamWarningNoErrorInfo	There is no extended error information. (JET_wrnNoErrorInfo)	0x0000041F, %x1F.04.00.00
IsamWarningNoIdleActivity	No idle activity occurred. (JET_wrnNoIdleActivity)	0x00000422, %x22.04.00.00
IsamWarningNoWriteLock	There is a no write lock at transaction level 0. (JET_wrnNoWriteLock)	0x0000042B, %x2B.04.00.00
IsamWarningColumnSetNull	The column is set to a null value. (JET_wrnColumnSetNull)	0x0000042C, %x2C.04.00.00
IsamWarningTableEmpty	An empty table was opened. (JET_wrnTableEmpty)	0x00000515, %x15.05.00.00
IsamWarningTableInUseBySystem	The system cleanup has a cursor open on the table. (JET_wrnTableInUseBySystem)	0x0000052F, %x2F.05.00.00
IsamWarningCorruptIndexDeleted	The out-of-date index is required to be removed. (JET_wrnCorruptIndexDeleted)	0x00000587, %x87.05.00.00
IsamWarningColumnMaxTruncated	The maximum length is too large and has been truncated. (JET_wrnColumnMaxTruncated)	0x000005E8, %xE8.05.00.00
IsamWarningCopyLongValue	A binary large object (BLOB) value has been moved from the record into a separate storage of BLOBs. (JET_wrnCopyLongValue)	0x000005F0, %xF0.05.00.00
IsamWarningColumnSkipped	The column values were not returned because the corresponding column ID or itagSequence member from the JET_ENUMCOLUMNVALUE structure that was requested for enumeration was null. (JET_wrnColumnSkipped)	0x000005FB, %xFB.05.00.00
IsamWarningColumnNotLocal	The column values were not returned because they could not be reconstructed from the existing data. (JET_wrnColumnNotLocal)	0x000005FC, %xFC.05.00.00
IsamWarningColumnMoreTags	The existing column values were not requested for enumeration. (JET_wrnColumnMoreTags)	0x000005FD, %xFD.05.00.00
IsamWarningColumnTruncated	The column value was truncated at the requested size limit during enumeration. (JET_wrnColumnTruncated)	0x000005FE, %xFE.05.00.00

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Warning code name	Description (alternate names)	Numeric value (hex)
IsamWarningColumnPresent	The column values exist but were not returned by the request. (JET_wrnColumnPresent)	0x000005FF, %xFF.05.00.00
IsamWarningColumnSingleValue	The column value was returned in JET_COLUMNENUM as a result of the JET_bitEnumerateCompressOutput being set. (JET_wrnColumnSingleValue)	0x00000600, %x00.06.00.00
IsamWarningColumnDefault	The column value is set to the default value of the column. (JET_wrnColumnDefault)	0x00000601, %x01.06.00.00
IsamWarningDataHasChanged	The data has changed. (JET_wrnDataHasChanged)	0x0000064A, %x4A.06.00.00
IsamWarningKeyChanged	A new key is being used. (JET_wrnKeyChanged)	0x00000652, %x52.06.00.00
IsamWarningFileOpenReadOnly	The database file is read-only. (JET_wrnFileOpenReadOnly)	0x00000715, %x15.07.00.00
IsamWarningIdleFull	The idle registry is full. (JET_wrnIdleFull)	0x00000774, %x74.07.00.00
IsamWarningDefragAlreadyRunning	An online defragmentation was already running on the specified database. (JET_wrnDefragAlreadyRunning)	0x000007D0, %xD0.07.00.00
IsamWarningDefragNotRunning	An online defragmentation is not running on the specified database. (JET_wrnDefragNotRunning)	0x000007D1, %xD1.07.00.00
IsamWarningCallbackNotRegistered	A nonexistent callback function was unregistered. (JET_wrnCallbackNotRegistered)	0x00000834, %x34.08.00.00
IsamWarningNotYetImplemented	The function is not yet implemented. (JET_wrnNyi)	0xFFFFFFF, %xFF.FF.FF.FF

2.5 Flat UID Structures

The **FlatUID** structure, as specified in section 2.5.1, is a byte-order independent version of a **GUID** structure and is used to uniquely identify a service provider. It appears in EntryIDs.

The **FlatUID_r** structure is an encoding of the **FlatUID** structure. The semantic meaning is unchanged from the **FlatUID** data structure.

2.5.1 FlatUID Structure

A **FlatUID** structure is a **GUID** structure put into little-endian byte order. That is, **FlatUID** and **GUID** structures have the same byte order when used on a little-endian processor. However, on a **big-endian** processor, the **FlatUID** structure has the same byte order as on the little-endian machine, but the **GUID** structure uses big-endian format for all multi-byte fields.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

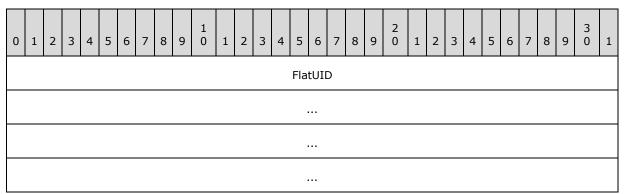
Release: July 31, 2014

84 / 151

0	1	2	З	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
															Fla	tUII	D														

FlatUID (16 bytes): A flat little-endian sequence used as a unique identifier in various structures.

2.5.2 FlatUID_r Structure



FlatUID (16 bytes): A flat little-endian sequence used as a unique identifier in various structures.

2.6 Property Name Structures

The **PropertyName** structure, as specified in section <u>2.6.1</u>, describes a named property. It is used in **RopGetPropertyIdsFromNames** (<u>[MS-OXCROPS]</u> section 2.2.8.1) and **RopGetNamesFromPropertyIds** (<u>[MS-OXCROPS]</u> section 2.2.8.2) ROP requests.

The **PropertyName_r** structure, specified in [MS-NSPI], is an encoding of the **PropertyName** data structure. Strictly speaking, both the **PropertyName_r** structure and the **PropertyName** structure are distinct encodings of the same abstract data structure rather than **PropertyName_r** being an encoding of **PropertyName**. In this case, the semantics of the **PropertyName_r** structure is different from the **PropertyName** structure; **PropertyName_r** uses no string names, only **long IDs (LIDs)**. The packet diagrams in sections 2.6.1 and 2.6.2 illustrate the differences between the two structures.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 85 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

2.6.1 PropertyName Structure

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 3 1													
Kind GUID														
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·														
	LID (optional)													
	NameSize (optional) Name (optional) (variable)													

Kind (1 byte): The possible values for the Kind field are in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0x00	The property is identified by the LID field.
0x01	The property is identified by the Name field.
0xFF	The property does not have an associated PropertyName field.

GUID (16 bytes): The GUID that identifies the property set for the named property.

Note The **GUID** field is treated as a **FlatUID** structure, as specified in section 2.5.1, and consequently, all multi-byte fields are in little-endian byte order. Client code on big-endian systems therefore places all multi-byte **GUID** fields in little-endian byte order in the request buffer.

- **LID (optional) (4 bytes):** This field is present only if the value of the **Kind** field is equal to 0x00. An unsigned integer that identifies the named property within its property set.
- NameSize (optional) (1 byte): The value of this field is equal to the number of bytes in the Name string that follows it. This field is present only if the value of the Kind field is equal to 0x01.
- **Name (optional) (variable):** This field is present only if Kind is equal to 0x01. The value is a Unicode (UTF-16 format) string, followed by two zero bytes as terminating null characters, that identifies the property within its property set.

2.6.2 PropertyName_r Structure

The **PropertyName_r** structure does not support string names for named properties. The **PropertyName_r** structure only supports LIDs.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Release: July 31, 2014

86 / 151

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	GUID																														
	Reserved																														
	LID																														

GUID (16 bytes): Encodes the GUID field of the **PropertyName** structure, as specified in section 2.6.1.

Reserved (4 bytes): All clients and servers MUST set this value to 0x00000000.

LID (4 bytes): This value encodes the LID field in the PropertyName structure, as specified in section <u>2.6.1</u>. But unlike the PropertyName structure, in the PropertyName_r structure the LID field alone is present; string names for named properties are not supported.

2.7 PropertyProblem Structure

A **PropertyProblem** structure describes an error relating to an operation involving a property.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	Index																			Pro	ре	rtyT	ag								
																			E	ror	Coc	le									

- **Index (2 bytes):** An unsigned integer. This value specifies an index into an array of property tags.
- **PropertyTag (4 bytes):** A **PropertyTag** structure, as specified in section <u>2.9</u>. This value specifies the property for which there was an error.
- **ErrorCode (4 bytes):** An unsigned integer. This value specifies the error that occurred when processing this property.

An array of **PropertyProblem** structures is returned from the following ROPs:

- RopDeleteProperties (<u>MS-OXCROPS</u>] section 2.2.8.8)
- RopDeletePropertiesNoReplicate (<u>MS-OXCROPS</u> section 2.2.8.9)

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Release: July 31, 2014

87 / 151

- RopSetProperties (<u>[MS-OXCROPS]</u> section 2.2.8.6)
- RopSetPropertiesNoReplicate (<u>[MS-OXCROPS]</u> section 2.2.8.7)
- RopCopyProperties (<u>[MS-OXCROPS]</u> section 2.2.8.11)
- **RopCopyTo** ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.8.12)

A **PropertyProblem** structure contains an error value that is a result of an operation attempting to modify or delete a property, as specified in section <u>2.4.2</u>. That property is identified by its **PropertyTag** field and also by its index in the property array passed to the request.

2.8 Property Row Structures

2.8.1 PropertyRow Structures

A **PropertyRow** structure is used to pass back a list of property values without including the property tag values that correspond to them. It is used to format property data returned to the client when the list of property tags is known in advance.

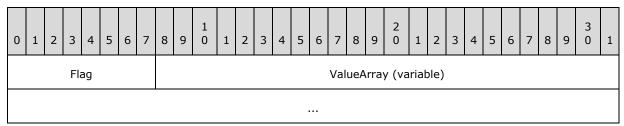
For instance, this data structure is used to format the ROP response buffers of the **RopGetPropertiesSpecific** ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.8.3), **RopFindRow** ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.5.13), and **RopGetReceiveFolderTable** ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.3.4) ROPs. In addition, an array of **PropertyRow** structures makes up the key part of the **PropertyRowSet** structure, as specified in section 2.8.2, returned in the **RopQueryRows** ROP response buffer ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.5.4).

Because the property tags are not returned, clients interpret the property values based on the context of the ROP request. For the **RopGetPropertiesSpecific** ROP, property values are returned in the order that the properties were requested. For the **RopFindRow**,

RopGetReceiveFolderTable, and **RopQueryRows** ROPs, property values are returned in the order of the properties in the table, set by a prior call to a **RopSetColumns** ROP request (<u>MS-OXCROPS</u>) section 2.2.5.1).

There are three **PropertyRow** structure variants. A **StandardPropertyRow** structure, as specified in section 2.8.1.1, contains no error values and no type data; it is a sequence of property values. A **FlaggedPropertyRow** structure contains type data, if the request included **PtypUnspecified**, as specified in section 2.11.1, for any property or column, and it contains error values if a property value is missing or there was a problem retrieving the value. By examining the first byte of the property row, the client can identify the variant. A **PropertyRow_r** structure, as specified in [MS-NSPI], is an encoding of the **StandardPropertyRow** structure.

2.8.1.1 StandardPropertyRow Structure



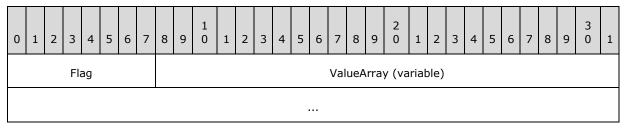
Flag (1 byte): An unsigned integer. This value MUST be set to 0x00 to indicate that all property values are present and without error.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 88 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

ValueArray (variable): An array of variable-sized structures. At each position of the array, the structure will either be a PropertyValue structure, as specified in section 2.11.2.1, if the type of the corresponding property tag was specified, or a TypedPropertyValue structure, as specified in section 2.11.3, if the type of the corresponding property tag was PtypUnspecified (section 2.11.1).

2.8.1.2 FlaggedPropertyRow Structure

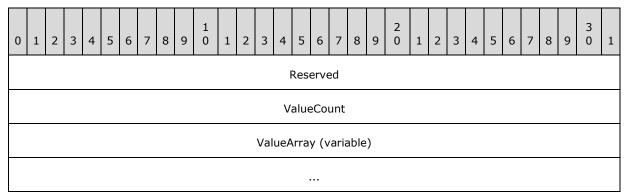


Flag (1 byte): An unsigned integer. This value MUST be set to 0x01 to indicate that there are errors or some property values are missing. This value MUST also be set to 0x01 to indicate when **PtypUnspecified** (section 2.11.1) was used in the ROP request and the **ROP response** includes a type. Otherwise, this value MUST be set to 0x00.

ValueArray (variable): An array of variable-sized structures. At each position of the array, the structure will be either a **FlaggedPropertyValue** structure, as specified in section 2.11.5, if the type of the corresponding property tag was previously specified or a

FlaggedPropertyValueWithType structure, as specified in section <u>2.11.6</u>, if the type of the corresponding property tag was **PtypUnspecified**.

2.8.1.3 PropertyRow_r Structure



Reserved (4 bytes): Servers MUST set this value to 0x00000000.

- ValueCount (4 bytes): The number of property values represented in the ValueArray field. This value MUST NOT exceed 100,000.
- ValueArray (variable): Encodes the ValueArray field of a StandardPropertyRow structure, as specified in section 2.8.1.1.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 89 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

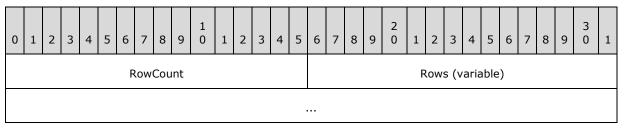
2.8.2 PropertyRowSet Structures

A **PropertyRowSet** structure, as specified in section <u>2.8.2.1</u>, is a counted series of **PropertyRow** structures. As for **PropertyRow** structures, the number of columns in each **PropertyRow** structure is not included in the **PropertyRowSet** structure.

In table operations, such as in the response to a **RopQueryRows** ROP request ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.5.4), column values larger than 255 bytes (for binary types) or 255 characters (for string types) can be truncated by the server for performance reasons. Clients analyzing data returned from table operations can assume that if the length of such a value is exactly 255 bytes or characters, then the value of the same property obtained by opening the message and issuing a **RopGetPropertiesSpecific** ROP request ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.8.3) is likely to be larger.

The **PropertyRowSet_r** structure, as specified in [MS-NSPI], is an encoding of the **PropertyRowSet** data structure. The permissible number of **PropertyRow** structures in the **PropertyRowSet_r** data structure exceeds that of the **PropertyRowSet** data structure. For more details, see section 2.8.2.2. The semantic meaning is otherwise unchanged from the **PropertyRowSet** data structure.

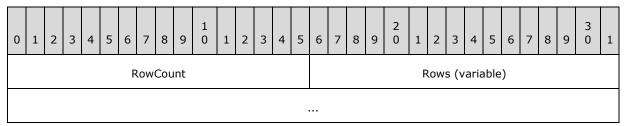
2.8.2.1 PropertyRowSet Structure



RowCount (2 bytes): An unsigned integer specifying the number of **PropertyRow** structures in the **Rows** field.

Rows (variable): A series of PropertyRow structures.

2.8.2.2 PropertyRowSet_r Structure



RowCount (2 bytes): This value encodes the **RowCount** field of the **PropertyRowSet** structure, as specified in section <u>2.8.2.1</u>.

Rows (variable): This value encodes the rows field of the PropertyRowSet structure.

2.8.3 RecipientRow Structure

A **RecipientRow** structure represents a single recipient (1) belonging to a Message object. It is rather complex but can be considered as a sequence of three different parts:

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

- A flags field indicating which of several standard properties are present
- Standard property values
- Arbitrary property values outside the standard set

This structure is used by several ROPs, including:

- **RopReadRecipients** ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.6.6)
- **RopOpenMessage** ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.6.1)
- RopOpenEmbeddedMessage (<u>[MS-OXCROPS]</u> section 2.2.6.16)

First, specify the **RecipientFlags** field.

2.8.3.1 RecipientFlags Field

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
R	s	т	D	Е	٦	Гуре	e	0	F	Rese	rveo	d	I	U	N																

- **R (1 bit):** (mask 0x0080). If this flag is b'1', a different transport is responsible for delivery to this recipient (1).
- **S (1 bit):** (mask 0x0040). If this flag is b'1', the value of the **TransmittableDisplayName** field is the same as the value of the **DisplayName** field.
- T (1 bit): (mask 0x0020). If this flag is b'1', the TransmittableDisplayName (section 2.8.3.2) field is included.
- **D** (1 bit): (mask 0x0010). If this flag is b'1', the **DisplayName** (section 2.8.3.2) field is included.
- **E (1 bit):** (mask 0x0008). If this flag is b'1', the **EmailAddress** (section 2.8.3.2) field is included.
- **Type (3 bits):** (mask 0x0007). This enumeration specifies the type of address. The valid types are:
 - NoType (0x0)
 - X500DN (0x1)
 - MsMail (0x2)
 - SMTP (0x3)
 - Fax (0x4)
 - ProfessionalOfficeSystem (0x5)
 - PersonalDistributionList1 (0x6)
 - PersonalDistributionList2 (0x7)

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

[[]MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

O (1 bit): (mask 0x8000). If this flag is b'1', this recipient (1) has a non-standard address type and the **AddressType** field is included.

Reserved (4 bits): (mask 0x7800) The server MUST set this to b'0000'.

I (1 bit): (mask 0x0400). If this flag is b'1', the SimpleDisplayName field is included.

- U (1 bit): (mask 0x0200). If this flag is b'1', the associated string properties are in Unicode with a 2-byte terminating null character; if this flag is b'0', string properties are MBCS with a single terminating null character, in the code page sent to the server in the EcDoConnectEx method, as specified in [MS-OXCRPC] section 3.1.4.1, or the Connect request type<6>, as specified in [MS-OXCMAPIHTTP] section 2.2.4.1.
- **N (1 bit):** (mask 0x0100). If b'1', this flag specifies that the recipient (1) does not support receiving rich text messages.

1 2 3 0 3 4 5 8 9 0 3 5 7 8 9 0 2 3 5 8 9 0 1 2 6 7 1 2 4 6 1 4 6 7 1 RecipientFlags AddressPrefixUsed DisplayType (optional) (optional) X500DN (optional) (variable) ••• EntryIdSize (optional) EntryID (optional) (variable) ... SearchKeySize (optional) SearchKey (optional) (variable) ... AddressType (optional) (variable) ... EmailAddress (optional) (variable) ... DisplayName (optional) (variable) ... SimpleDisplayName (optional) (variable)

2.8.3.2 RecipientRow Structure

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 92 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

TransmittableDisplayName (optional) (variable)												
RecipientColumnCount RecipientProperties (variable)												

- **RecipientFlags (2 bytes):** A **RecipientFlags** structure, as specified in section 2.8.3.1. This value specifies the type of recipient (1) and which standard properties are included.
- AddressPrefixUsed (optional) (1 byte): Unsigned integer. This field MUST be present when the Type field of the RecipientFlags field is set to X500DN (0x1) and MUST NOT be present otherwise. This value specifies the amount of the Address Prefix to be prepended to this X500 DN. The Address Prefix is used only in the context of a bulk data transfer buffer, and is specified there by the MetaTagDnPrefix meta-property. For details about the MetaTagDnPrefix meta-property, see [MS-OXCFXICS] section 2.2.4.1.5.6.
- **DisplayType (optional) (1 byte):** An enumeration. This field MUST be present when the **Type** field of the **RecipientFlags** field is set to X500DN (0x1) and MUST NOT be present otherwise. This value specifies the display type of this address. Valid values for this field are specified in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0x00	A messaging user
0x01	A distribution list
0x02	A forum, such as a bulletin board service or a public or shared folder
0x03	An automated agent
0x04	An Address Book object defined for a large group, such as helpdesk, accounting, coordinator, or department
0x05	A private, personally administered distribution list
0x06	An Address Book object known to be from a foreign or remote messaging system

- **X500DN (optional) (variable):** A null-terminated **ASCII** string. This field MUST be present when the **Type** field of the **RecipientFlags** field is set to **X500DN** (0x1) and MUST NOT be present otherwise. This value specifies the X500 DN of this recipient (1).
- EntryIdSize (optional) (2 bytes): An unsigned integer. This field MUST be present when the Type field of the RecipientFlags field is set to PersonalDistributionList1 (0x6) or PersonalDistributionList2 (0x7). This field MUST NOT be present otherwise. This value specifies the size of the EntryID field.
- EntryID (optional) (variable): An array of bytes. This field MUST be present when the Type field of the RecipientFlags field is set to PersonalDistributionList1 (0x6) or PersonalDistributionList2 (0x7). This field MUST NOT be present otherwise. The number of

93 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

bytes in this field MUST be the same as specified in the **EntryIdSize** field. This array specifies the **address book EntryID** structure, as specified in section <u>2.2.5.2</u>, of the distribution list.

- **SearchKeySize (optional) (2 bytes):** An unsigned integer. This field MUST be present when the **Type** field of the **RecipientFlags** field is set to **PersonalDistributionList1** (0x6) or **PersonalDistributionList2** (0x7). This field MUST NOT be present otherwise. This value specifies the size of the **SearchKey** field.
- SearchKey (optional) (variable): An array of bytes. This field is used when the Type field of the RecipientFlags field is set to PersonalDistributionList1 (0x6) or PersonalDistributionList2 (0x7). This field MUST NOT be present otherwise. The number of bytes in this field MUST be the same as what is specified in the SearchKeySize field and can be 0. This array specifies the search key of the distribution list.
- AddressType (optional) (variable): A null-terminated ASCII string. This field MUST be present when the Type field of the **RecipientsFlags** field is set to **NoType** (0x0) and the **O** flag of the **RecipientsFlags** field is set. This field MUST NOT be present otherwise. This string specifies the address type of the recipient (1).
- **EmailAddress (optional) (variable):** A null-terminated string. This field MUST be present when the **E** flag of the **RecipientsFlags** field is set and MUST NOT be present otherwise. This field MUST be specified in Unicode characters if the **U** flag of the **RecipientsFlags** field is set and in the 8-bit **character set (1)** otherwise. This string specifies the email address of the recipient (1).
- **DisplayName (optional) (variable):** A null-terminated string. This field MUST be present when the **D** flag of the **RecipientsFlags** field is set and MUST NOT be present otherwise. This field MUST be specified in Unicode characters if the **U** flag of the **RecipientsFlags** field is set and in the 8-bit character set (1) otherwise. This string specifies the email address of the recipient (1).
- SimpleDisplayName (optional) (variable): A null-terminated string. This field MUST be present when the I flag of the **RecipientsFlags** field is set and MUST NOT be present otherwise. This field MUST be specified in Unicode characters if the U flag of the **RecipientsFlags** field is set and in the 8-bit character set (1) otherwise. This string specifies the email address of the recipient (1).
- **TransmittableDisplayName (optional) (variable):** A null-terminated string. This field MUST be present when the **T** flag of the **RecipientsFlags** field is set and MUST NOT be present otherwise. This field MUST be specified in Unicode characters if the **U** flag of the **RecipientsFlags** field is set and in the 8-bit character set (1) otherwise. This string specifies the email address of the recipient (1).
- **RecipientColumnCount (2 bytes):** An unsigned integer. This value specifies the number of columns from the **RecipientColumns** field that are included in the **RecipientProperties** field.
- **RecipientProperties (variable): PropertyRow** structures, as specified in section <u>2.8.1</u>. The columns used for this row are those specified in **RecipientProperties**.

2.9 PropertyTag Structure

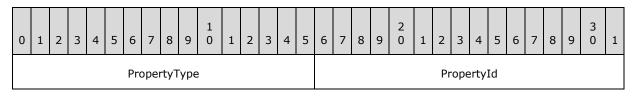
A property tag both identifies a property and gives the data type its value.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Release: July 31, 2014

94 / 151



PropertyType (2 bytes): An unsigned integer that identifies the data type of the property value, as specified by the table in section <u>2.11.1</u>.

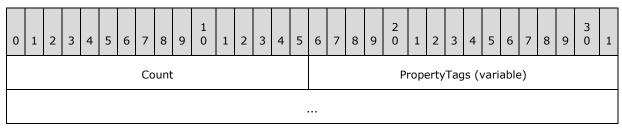
PropertyId (2 bytes): An unsigned integer that identifies the property.

2.10 Property Tag Array Structures

A **PropertyTagArray** structure, as specified in section 2.10.1, is a counted set of property tags, as specified in section 2.10.1.

The **PropertyTagArray_r** structure is an encoding of the **PropTagArray** data structure. The permissible number of property tag values in the **PropertyTagArray_r** structure exceeds that of the **PropertyTagArray** data structure. The semantic meaning is otherwise unchanged from the **PropTagArray** data structure.

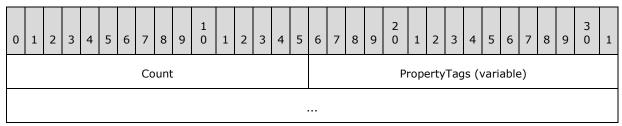
2.10.1 PropertyTagArray Structure



Count (2 bytes): An unsigned integer, specifying the number of property tags to follow.

PropertyTags (variable): Unsigned integers representing property tags, the number of which is specified by the **Count** field.

2.10.2 PropertyTagArray_r Structure



Count (2 bytes): Encodes the **Count** field in the **PropTagArray** structure, as specified in section 2.10.1.

PropertyTags (variable): Encodes the PropertyTags field of the PropTagArray structure.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 95 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

2.11 Property Values

A variety of structures are used for conveying the value of a property to and from the server. Some variants contain only the value, because the usage context dictates the type. Other variants include the type, or the full property tag. Still others include an indication of whether an error occurred.

2.11.1 Property Data Types

For all variants, the structure of a property value is the same and is specified by the property data type, whether or not the property data type is actually encoded in the buffer. The following table lists both the property data type identifiers and the format of the property values. **Web Distributed Authoring and Versioning Protocol (WebDAV)** property data type identifiers are specified in section <u>2.11.1.6</u>.

There is one variation in the width of count fields. In the context of ROP buffers, such as the **RopGetPropertiesSpecific** ROP ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.8.3), byte counts for **PtypBinary** property values and value counts for all **PtypMultiple** property values are 16 bits wide. But in the context of **extended rules**, as specified in [MS-OXCRULE] section 2.2.4, byte counts and property value counts are 32 bits wide, and in the [MS-OXCMAPIHTTP] protocol, the byte counts for **PtypBinary** property values are also 32 bits wide. Such count fields have a width designation of **COUNT**, as specified in section 2.11.1.1, rather than an explicit width, as throughout section 2.11.

In the context of a table operation, properties are referred to as columns. The format of property identifiers, types, and values in table operations such as the **RopQueryRows** ROP ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.5.4) is the same as in property operations such as the **RopGetPropertiesSpecific** ROP. Property data types are presented in the following table. The property data type values specified are 16-bit integers. The Name Service Provider Interface (NSPI) Protocol, as specified in [MS-NSPI], uses the same numeric values but expresses them as 32-bit integers, with the high-order 16 bits of the 32-bit representation set to 0x0000.

Property type name	Property type value	Property type specification	Alternate names
PtypInteger16	0x0002, %x02.00	2 bytes; a 16-bit integer [MS-DTYP]: INT16	PT_SHORT, PT_I2, i2, ui2
PtypInteger32	0x0003, %x03.00	4 bytes; a 32-bit integer [MS-DTYP]: INT32	PT_LONG, PT_I4, int, ui4
PtypFloating32	0x0004, %x04.00	4 bytes; a 32-bit floating point number [MS-DTYP]: FLOAT	PT_FLOAT, PT_R4, float, r4
PtypFloating64	0x0005, %x05.00	8 bytes; a 64-bit floating point number [MS-DTYP]: DOUBLE	PT_DOUBLE, PT_R8, r8
PtypCurrency	0x0006, %x06.00	8 bytes; a 64-bit signed, scaled integer representation of a decimal currency value, with four places to the right of the decimal point [MS-DTYP]: LONGLONG [MS-OAUT]: CURRENCY	PT_CURRENCY, fixed.14.4
PtypFloatingTime	0x0007,	8 bytes; a 64-bit floating point	PT_APPTIME

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 96 / 151

Copyright \odot 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

	Property type		
Property type name	value	Property type specification	Alternate names
	%x07.00	number in which the whole number part represents the number of days since December 30, 1899, and the fractional part represents the fraction of a day since midnight [MS-DTYP]: DOUBLE [MS-OAUT]: DATE	
PtypErrorCode	0x000A, %x0A.00	4 bytes; a 32-bit integer encoding error information as specified in section 2.4.1.	PT_ERROR
PtypBoolean	0x000B, %x0B.00	1 byte; restricted to 1 or 0 [MS-DTYP]: BOOLEAN	PT_BOOLEAN. bool
PtypInteger64	0x0014, %x14.00	8 bytes; a 64-bit integer [MS-DTYP]: LONGLONG	PT_LONGLONG, PT_I8, i8, ui8
PtypString	0x001F, %x1F.00	Variable size; a string of Unicode characters in UTF-16LE format encoding with terminating null character (0x0000).	PT_UNICODE, string
PtypString8	0x001E, %z1E.00	Variable size; a string of multibyte characters in externally specified encoding with terminating null character (single 0 byte).	PT_STRING8
PtypTime	0x0040, %x40.00	8 bytes; a 64-bit integer representing the number of 100-nanosecond intervals since January 1, 1601 [MS-DTYP]: FILETIME	PT_SYSTIME, time, datetime, datetime.tz, datetime.rfc1123, Date, time, time.tz
PtypGuid	0x0048, %x48.00	16 bytes; a GUID with Data1 , Data2 , and Data3 fields in little-endian format [MS-DTYP]: GUID	PT_CLSID, UUID
PtypServerId	0x00FB, %xFB.00	Variable size; a 16-bit COUNT field followed by a structure as specified in section 2.11.1.4.	PT_SVREID
PtypRestriction	0x00FD, %xFD.00	Variable size; a byte array representing one or more Restriction structures as specified in section 2.12.	PT_SRESTRICT
PtypRuleAction	0x00FE, %xFE.00	Variable size; a 16-bit COUNT field followed by that many rule (4) action (3) structures, as specified in <u>[MS- OXORULE]</u> section 2.2.5.	PT_ACTIONS
PtypBinary	0x0102, %x02.01	Variable size; a COUNT field followed by that many bytes.	PT_BINARY

Copyright ${\ensuremath{\mathbb C}}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Property type name	Property type value	Property type specification	Alternate names
PtypMultipleInteger16	0x1002, %x02.10	Variable size; a COUNT field followed by that many PtypInteger16 values.	PT_MV_SHORT, PT_MV_I2, mv.i2
PtypMultipleInteger32	0x1003, %x03.10	Variable size; a COUNT field followed by that many PtypInteger32 values.	PT_MV_LONG, PT_MV_I4, mv.i4
PtypMultipleFloating32	0x1004, %x04.10	Variable size; a COUNT field followed by that many PtypFloating32 values.	PT_MV_FLOAT, PT_MV_R4, mv.float
PtypMultipleFloating64	0x1005, %x05.10	Variable size; a COUNT field followed by that many PtypFloating64 values.	PT_MV_DOUBLE, PT_MV_R8
PtypMultipleCurrency	0x1006, %x06.10	Variable size; a COUNT field followed by that many PtypCurrency values.	PT_MV_CURRENCY, mv.fixed.14.4
PtypMultipleFloatingTime	0x1007, %x07.10	Variable size; a COUNT field followed by that many PtypFloatingTime values.	PT_MV_APPTIME
PtypMultipleInteger64	0x1014, %x14.10	Variable size; a COUNT field followed by that many PtypInteger64 values.	PT_MV_I8, PT_MV_LONGLONG
PtypMultipleString	0x101F, %x1F.10	Variable size; a COUNT field followed by that many PtypString values.	PT_MV_UNICODE
PtypMultipleString8	0x101E, %x1E.10	Variable size; a COUNT field followed by that many PtypString8 values.	PT_MV_STRING8, mv.string
PtypMultipleTime	0x1040, %x40.10	Variable size; a COUNT field followed by that many PtypTime values.	PT_MV_SYSTIME
PtypMultipleGuid	0x1048, %x48.10	Variable size; a COUNT field followed by that many PtypGuid values.	PT_MV_CLSID, mv.uuid
PtypMultipleBinary	0x1102, %x02.11	Variable size; a COUNT field followed by that many PtypBinary values.	PT_MV_BINARY, mv.bin.hex
PtypUnspecified	0x0000, %x00.00	Any: this property type value matches any type; a server MUST return the actual type in its response. Servers MUST NOT return this type in response to a client request other than NspiGetIDsFromNames ROP request (<u>[MS-OXCROPS]</u> section 2.2.8.1).	PT_UNSPECIFIED
PtypNull	0x0001, %x01.00	None: This property is a placeholder.	PT_NULL
PtypObject or PtypEmbeddedTable	0x000D,	The property value is a Component Object Model (COM) object, as	PT_OBJECT

98 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Property type name	Property type value	Property type specification	Alternate names
	%x0D.00	specified in section 2.11.1.5.	

2.11.1.1 COUNT Data Type Values

COUNT data type values are either 2 bytes or 4 bytes, depending on the context where this data type is referenced, though within a given buffer, they are always 2 bytes or always 4 bytes, never a mix of the two. **COUNT** values are typically used to specify the size of an associated field.

In the context of ROP buffers, byte counts for **PtypBinary** property values and value counts for all **PtypMultiple** property values, are 16 bits wide. But in the context of extended rules, as specified in [MS-OXORULE] section 2.2.4, byte counts and property value counts are 32 bits wide.

Such "count" fields have a width designation of **COUNT**, rather than an explicit width, throughout section 2.11.1.

2.11.1.2 String Property Values

Clients SHOULD use string properties in Unicode format. When using strings in Unicode format, string data MUST be encoded as UTF-16LE format, and property data types MUST be specified as 0x001F (**PtypString**) or 0x101F (**PtypMultipleString**).

Clients can use **PtypString8** and **PtypMultipleString8** properties in a specific 8-bit or MBCS code page. If they do, property data types MUST be specified as 0x001E (**PtypString8**) or 0x101E (**PtypMultipleString8**).

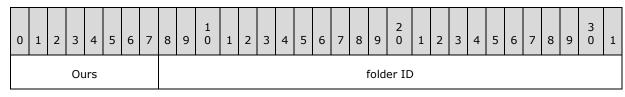
In requests sent to a message store server, the code page of strings MUST match the code page sent to the server in an **EcDoConnectEx** method call, as specified in [MS-OXCRPC] section 3.1.4.1, or sent to the server using the **Connect** request type<7>, as specified in [MS-OXCMAPIHTTP] section 2.2.4.1. Address book **server-side rules** for working with **PtypString8** properties are somewhat more involved and are specified in [MS-NSPI].

2.11.1.3 Multivalue Property Value Instances

When working with multivalue columns in the context of table operations, clients set the 0x2000 (**MultivalueInstance**, %x00.20) flag bit in the column's **PropertyType** field to indicate that the multivalue column is to be treated as individual values. The **MultivalueInstance** flag MUST NOT be set for any column that does not also set the 0x1000 (**Multivalue**) bit in its property type. All **PtypMultiple** types in the table in section 2.11.1 set the 0x1000 bit.

The **MultivalueInstance** flag specifies that table operations are to treat multivalue columns as if they were multiple instances of a single-value column (as specified in <u>[MS-OXCTABL]</u> section 2.2.2.2.1).

2.11.1.4 PtypServerId Type



[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 99 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

	message ID			
	Instance			

Ours (1 byte): The value 0x01 indicates the remaining bytes conform to this structure; the value 0x00 indicates this is a client-defined value and has whatever size and structure the client has defined.

folder ID (8 bytes): A Folder ID structure, as specified in section 2.2.1.1.

- **message ID (8 bytes):** A **Message ID** structure, as specified in section 2.2.1.2, identifying a message in a folder identified by an associated folder ID. If the object pointed to is a folder, the value of this field MUST be all zeros.
- Instance (4 bytes): An unsigned instance number within an array of PtypServerId values to compare against. This field is used only for searches against multivalue properties whose base type is PtypServerId, and MUST be zero in any other context.

2.11.1.5 PtypObject and PtypEmbeddedTable Types

Message store and address book servers treat these property type somewhat differently, but in both cases these property types represents a complex structure. Access to these properties requires the server to construct an object, and the client to issue requests similar to those used for top-level objects.

- Message store servers do not allow access to properties of type PtypObject through the RopGetPropertiesSpecific ROP ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.8.3) or the RopGetPropertiesAll ROP ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.8.4). Instead, properties of this type MUST be accessed with the RopOpenStream ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.9.1) or RopOpenEmbeddedMessage ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.6.16) ROP requests.
- Address book servers use the **PtypEmbeddedTable** type to designate properties whose value is a table, for example, the members of a distribution list. The necessary methods are specified in [MS-NSPI].

2.11.1.6 WebDAV Property Data Types

WebDAV property data types are specified for a property by using the **dt** attribute from the namespace "urn:uuid:c2f41010-65b3-11d1-a29f-00aa00c14882/".

The WebDAV property types are listed in the following table. Unless their formats are specified elsewhere, all property type formats are in **Augmented Backus-Naur Form (ABNF)** notation, as specified in [RFC5234].

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 100 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Server property type name	WebDAV property type name	Descriptio n	Format
PtypBinary	i1	The Unicode value of the element is interpreted as an optionally signed 1- byte, 8-bit decimal integer.	As a byte , as specified in [XMLSCHEMA2/2] Example: <element d:dt="i1">3</element>
PtypInteger1 6	i2	The Unicode value of the element is interpreted as an optionally signed 2- byte, 16- bit decimal integer.	As a short , as specified in [XMLSCHEMA2/2] Example: <element d:dt="i2">-255</element>
PtypInteger3 2	int	The Unicode value of the element is interpreted as an optionally signed 4- byte, 32- bit decimal integer.	As an int , as specified in [XMLSCHEMA2/2] Example: <element d:dt="int">-53496</element>
PtypInteger6 4	i8	The Unicode value of the element is interpreted as an optionally signed 8- byte, 64- bit decimal integer.	As a long , as specified in [XMLSCHEMA2/2] Example: <element d:dt="i8">-32415</element>
PtypBinary	ui1	The Unicode value of the element is	As an unsignedByte , as specified in [XMLSCHEMA2/2] Example: <element d:dt="ui1">255</element>

Copyright \circledast 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Server property type name	WebDAV property type name	Descriptio n	Format
		interpreted as an unsigned 1-byte, 8- bit decimal integer.	
PtypInteger1 6	ui2	The Unicode value of the element is interpreted as an unsigned 2-byte, 16- bit decimal integer.	As an unsignedShort , as specified in [XMLSCHEMA2/2] Example: <element d:dt="ui2">2296</element>
PtypInteger3 2	ui4	The Unicode value of the element is interpreted as an unsigned 4-byte, 32- bit decimal integer.	As an unsignedInt , as specified in [XMLSCHEMA2/2] Example: <element d:dt="ui4">32768</element>
PtypInteger6 4	ui8	The Unicode value of the element is interpreted as an unsigned 8-byte, 64- bit decimal integer.	As an unsignedLong , as specified in <u>[XMLSCHEMA2/2]</u> Example: <element d:dt="ui8">-189</element>
PtypFloating6 4	float	The Unicode value of the element is interpreted as a single precision floating point number.	<pre>float-val = (["+"] / "-") [1*DIGIT] ["." 1*DIGIT] ["d" / "D" / "e" / "E" (["+"] / "-") 1*DIGIT] Example: <element d:dt="float">9.9</element></pre>
PtypFloating3 2	r4	The Unicode	r4-val = (["+"] / "-") [1*DIGIT] ["." 1*DIGIT] ["d" / "D" / "e" / "E" (["+"] / "-") 1*DIGIT]

102 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Server property type name	WebDAV property type name	Descriptio n	Format
		value of the element is interpreted as a 4-byte single precision floating point number.	Example: <element d:dt="r4">9.9</element>
PtypFloating6 4	r8	The Unicode value of the element is interpreted as an 8- byte double precision floating point number.	<pre>r8-val = (["+"] / "-") [1*DIGIT] ["." 1*DIGIT] ["d" / "D" / "e" / "E" (["+"] / "-") 1*DIGIT] Example: <element d:dt="r8">.3333333333</element></pre>
PtypBoolean	boolean	The Unicode value of the element is interpreted as a Boolean value either "1" (TRUE) or "0" (FALSE).	As a boolean , as specified in [XMLSCHEMA2/2] Example: <element d:dt="boolean">1</element>
PtypString	string	The Unicode value of the element is interpreted as a sequence of Unicode characters.	As a string , as specified in [XMLSCHEMA2/2] Example: <element d:dt="string">Description</element>
PtypString	char	The Unicode value of the element is interpreted as a single	char-val = 1VCHAR Example: <element d:dt="char">D</element>

103 / 151

Copyright ${\ensuremath{{ \mathbb C} }}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Server property type name	WebDAV property type name	Descriptio n	Format
		Unicode character. The character data type maps to a string and can be used for any sequence of Unicode characters.	
PtypCurrency	fixed.14.4	The Unicode value of the element is interpreted as an optionally signed floating point number with no more than 14 digits to the left of the decimal point, and no more than 4 digits to the right of the decimal point. This data type is normally used to represent currency values.	<pre>fixed144-val = 0*14DIGIT "." 0*4 DIGIT Example: <element d:dt="fixed.14.4">00000000000000000000000000000000000</element></pre>
PtypString	number	The Unicode value of the element is interpreted as a number, limited by the operating system	As a string , as specified in <u>[XMLSCHEMA2/2]</u> Example: <element d:dt="number">-123.456E+10</element>

104 / 151

Copyright ${\ensuremath{{ \mathbb C} }}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Server property type name	WebDAV property type name	Descriptio n	Format
		limits, which can optionally contain a leading sign, fractional digits, and an exponent.	
PtypTime	dateTime	The Unicode value of the element is interpreted as a date and time value expressed in the format specified in <u>[ISO-8601]</u> with no time zone specified.	As specified in <u>ISO-8601</u> Example: <element d:dt="datetime">2008-09- 19T18:53:47.060</element>
PtypTime	dateTime.tz	The Unicode value of the element is interpreted as a date and time value expressed in the format specified in <u>IISO-8601</u> with an optional time zone identifier.	As specified in [ISO-8601] Example: <element d:dt="datetime.tz">2008-09- 19T18:53:47.060Z</element> <element d:dt="datetime.tz">2008-09- 19T18:53:47.060-0700</element>
PtypTime	dateTime.rfc112 3	The Unicode value of the element is interpreted as a date and time value	As specified in [RFC1123] Example: <element d:dt="datetime.rfc1123">Mon, 15 Feb 1999 13:05:29-0700</element>

105 / 151

Copyright ${\ensuremath{{ \mathbb C} }}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Server property type name	WebDAV property type name	Descriptio n	Format
		expressed in the format specified in [RFC1123].	
PtypTime	Date	The Unicode value of the element is interpreted as a date value that is expressed in the format specified in <u>[ISO-8601]</u> with no time or time zone specified.	As specified in [ISO-8601] Example: <element d:dt="date">2008-09-18</element>
PtypTime	time	The Unicode value of the element is interpreted as a time value expressed in the format specified in [ISO-8601] with no date or time zone specified.	As specified in [ISO-8601] Example: <element d:dt="time">19T18:53:47.060</element>
PtypTime	time.tz	The Unicode value of the element is interpreted as a time value expressed in the format specified in [ISO-8601] with an	As specified in <u>[ISO-8601]</u> Example: <element d:dt="time.tz">19T18:53:47.060Z <element d:dt="time.tz">19T18:53:47.060- 0700</element></element

106 / 151

Copyright ${\ensuremath{{ \mathbb C} }}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Server property type name	WebDAV property type name	Descriptio n	Format
		optional time zone identifier.	
PtypString	uri	The Unicode value of the element is interpreted as a Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) as specified in [RFC3986].	As specified in [RFC3986] Example: <element d:dt="uri">http://www.example.com/</element
PtypGuid	uuid	The Unicode value of the element is interpreted as a universall y unique identifier (UUID) as specified in [RFC4122].	As specified in [RFC4122] Example: <element d:dt="uuid">55B329F4-EF8A-4fac-A47C- C81213DB3061</element>
PtypBinary	bin.hex	The Unicode value of the element is interpreted as a BLOB encoded in hexadecim al digits.	As specified in [XMLSCHEMA2/2] Example: <element d:dt="bin.hex">1f8b9d</element>
PtypBinary	bin.base64	The Unicode value of the element is interpreted as a BLOB encoded in base64 encoding as specified in [RFC2045].	As specified in [RFC2045] Example: <element d:dt="bin.base64">jfsSUsdjsdsUSDASjsdsusaqiqent></element

107 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

2.11.1.6.1 Multivalue WebDAV Property Data Types

WebDAV supports multivalue properties in which the value of the specified property is an array of items of a specific type. Multivalue properties are represented in the **XML** markup by using the **dt** attribute with the value "mv", followed by the data type of the contents of the array.

For example, an array of strings is represented by the following:

<author d:dt="mv.string"></author>

Within the property element, the contents of the array are specified by a number of subelements, each with the element name "v" from the "xml" namespace. For example:

<author xmlns:x="xml:" d:dt="mv.string">

<x:v>Aziz Hassouneh</x:v>

<x:v>Jeff Hay</x:v>

</author>

The multivalue property data types supported by WebDAV are listed in the following table.

Server property type name	WebDAV type name
PtypMultipleInteger16	mv.i2
PtypMultipleInteger32	mv.i4
PtypMultipleFloating64	mv.float
PtypMultipleCurrency	mv.fixed.14.4
PtypMultipleString8	mv.string
PtypMultipleBinary	mv.bin.hex
PtypMultipleGuid	mv.uuid

2.11.2 Property Value Structures

The **PropertyValue** structure, as specified in section 2.11.2.1, specifies the value of the property. It contains no information about the property type or id.

The **PropertyValue_r** structure, as specified in [MS-NSPI], is an encoding of the **PropertyValue** data structure. For property values with uninterpreted byte values, the permissible number of bytes in the **PropertyValue_r** structure exceeds that of the **PropertyValue** data structure, as specified in [MS-NSPI]. For property values with multiple values, the permissible number of values in the **PropertyValue_r** structure exceeds that of the **PropertyValue** data structure. The semantic meaning is otherwise unchanged from the **PropertyValue** data structure.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

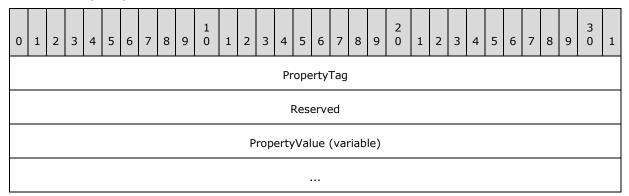
Copyright \odot 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

2.11.2.1 PropertyValue Structure

0	1	. 4	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	З	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	PropertyValue (variable)																															

PropertyValue (variable): The size of this field varies depending on the property type, which can be understood from the usage context. All numeric values are in little-endian format. For multivalue types, the first element in the ROP buffer is a 16-bit integer specifying the number of entries. If the property value being passed is a string, the data includes the terminating null characters.

2.11.2.2 PropertyValue_r Structure



PropertyTag (4 bytes): This value encodes the property tag with the value represented by the PropertyValue_r structure.

Reserved (4 bytes): All clients and servers MUST set this value to 0x00000000.

PropertyValue (variable): This value encodes the **PropertyValue** field of the **PropertyValue** structure, as specified in section 2.11.2.1. This is the actual value of the property represented by the **PropertyValue_r** structure. The type value is specified by the **PropertyTag** field.

2.11.3 TypedPropertyValue Structure

The **TypedPropertyValue** structure includes the property type with the value of the property.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	PropertyType																			Pr	ope	erty	Valu	ıe (vari	iabl	e)				

PropertyType (2 bytes): An unsigned integer that specifies the data type of the property value, according to the table in section 2.11.1.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 109 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

PropertyValue (variable): A **PropertyValue** structure, as specified in section <u>2.11.2</u>. The value MUST be compatible with the value of the **PropertyType** field.

2.11.4 TaggedPropertyValue Structure

As a rule, property tags are not specified explicitly in ROP buffers. To save space, property tags are specified implicitly by a previous operation and only the property values are put in the buffer. But under some circumstances a **TaggedPropertyValue** structure is used to explicitly include the property type and ID in the buffer.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	PropertyTag																														
												Ρ	rop	erty	/Val	ue	(var	riab	le)												

PropertyTag (4 bytes): A **PropertyTag** structure, as specified in section <u>2.9</u>, giving the values of the **PropertyId** and **PropertyType** fields for the property.

PropertyValue (variable): A PropertyValue structure, as specified in section 2.11.2.1. specifying the value of the property. Its syntax is specified by the **PropertyType** field of the **PropertyTag** structure, and its semantics by the **PropertyId** field of the **PropertyTag** structure.

2.11.5 FlaggedPropertyValue Structure

The **FlaggedPropertyValue** structure includes a flag to indicate whether the value was successfully retrieved or not. Error conditions include a missing property or a failure at the server.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
Flag PropertyValue (optional) (variable)																															

Flag (1 byte): An unsigned integer. This value of this flag determines what is conveyed in the **PropertyValue** field. The flag MUST be set to one of the values in the following table.

Flag value	Meaning
0x0	The PropertyValue field will be a PropertyValue structure containing a value compatible with the property type implied by the context.
0x1	The PropertyValue field is not present.
0xA	The PropertyValue field will be a PropertyValue structure containing an unsigned 32- bit integer. This value is a property error code, as specified in section <u>2.4.2</u> , that

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

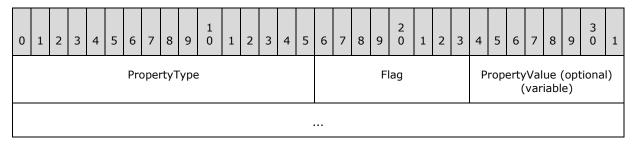
Release: July 31, 2014

Flag value	Meaning
	indicates why the property value is not present.

PropertyValue (optional) (variable): A **PropertyValue** structure, as specified in section 2.11.2.1, unless the **Flag** field is set to 0x1.

2.11.6 FlaggedPropertyValueWithType Structure

The **FlaggedPropertyValueWithType** structure includes both the property type and a flag giving more information about the property value.



PropertyType (2 bytes): An unsigned integer that specifies the data type of the property value, according to the table in section 2.11.1.

Flag (1 byte): An unsigned integer. This flag MUST be set one of three possible values: 0x0, 0x1, or 0xA, which determines what is conveyed in the **PropertyValue** field. For the interpretation of this flag, refer to the table in section 2.11.5.

PropertyValue (optional) (variable): A **PropertyValue** structure, as specified in section <u>2.11.2.1</u>, unless the **Flag** field is set to 0x1. The value MUST be compatible with the value of the **PropertyType** field.

2.11.7 TypedString Structure

A **TypedString** structure is used in certain ROPs in order to compact the string representation on the wire as much as possible.

0	-	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	StringType																	0	Strir	ıg (optic	onal)									

StringType (1 byte): An enumeration. The value MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
0x00	No string is present.
0x01	The string is empty.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Release: July 31, 2014

Value	Meaning
0x02	Null-terminated 8-bit character string. The terminating null character is one zero byte.
0x03	Null-terminated reduced Unicode character string. The terminating null character is one zero byte.
0x04	Null-terminated Unicode character string. The terminating null character is 2 zero bytes.

String (optional) (4 bytes): If the StringType field is set to 0x02, 0x03, or 0x04, then this field MUST be present and in the format specified by the Type field. Otherwise, this field MUST NOT be present.

To produce a reduced Unicode string from an original Unicode string, the server first scans the original Unicode string and determines that every character has a value less than 0x100; in other words, that the high-order byte of every character, including the terminating null character, is zero. It then produces a reduced Unicode string that is exactly half the size of the original Unicode string by omitting all the high-order zero bytes, including that of the terminating null character.

To reproduce the original Unicode string from a reduced Unicode string, the server inserts a zero byte after each byte of the reduced Unicode string, doubling its size.

2.12 Restrictions

Restrictions describe a filter for limiting the view of a table to a particular set of rows. This filter represents a Boolean expression that is evaluated against each item of the table. The item will be included as a row of the restricted table if and only if the value of the Boolean expression evaluates to **TRUE**.

Restrictions are sent to the server with the **RopFindRow** ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.5.13), **RopRestrict** ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.5.3), **RopSetSearchCriteria** ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.4.4), and **RopSynchronizationConfigure** ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.13.1) ROP requests, and they are returned from the **RopGetSearchCriteria** ROP request ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.4.5).

There are 12 different **restriction (2)** packet formats: Six of them (**AndRestriction**, **OrRestriction**, **NotRestriction**, **SubObjectRestriction**, **CommentRestriction**, and **CountRestriction**) are used to construct more complicated restrictions (2) from one or more simpler ones. The other six types (**ContentRestriction**, **PropertyRestriction**, **ComparePropertiesRestriction**, **BitMaskRestriction**, **SizeRestriction**, and **ExistRestriction**) specify specific tests based on the properties of an item.

Although the packet formats differ, every packet stores **RestrictType**, an unsigned byte value specifying the type of restriction (2), in the first 8 bits. The possible values for **RestrictType** are presented in the following table.

RestrictType value	Hexadecimal value	Description	Alternate name
AndRestriction AndRestriction_r	0x00	Logical AND operation applied to a list of subrestrictions.	RES_AND
OrRestriction OrRestriction_r	0x01	Logical OR operation applied to a list of	RES_OR

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

RestrictType value	Hexadecimal value	Description	Alternate name
		subrestrictions.	
NotRestriction NotRestriction_r	0x02	Logical NOT operation applied to a subrestriction.	RES_NOT
ContentRestriction ContentRestriction_r	0x03	Search a property value for specific content.	RES_CONTENT
PropertyRestriction PropertyRestriction_r	0x04	Compare a property value with a particular value.	RES_PROPERTY
ComparePropertiesRestriction ComparePropertiesRestriction_r	0x05	Compare the values of two properties.	RES_COMPAREPROPS
BitMaskRestriction BitMaskRestriction_r	0x06	Perform a bitwise AND operation on a property value with a mask and compare that with 0 (zero).	RES_BITMASK
SizeRestriction SizeRestriction_r	0x07	Compare the size of a property value to a particular figure.	RES_SIZE
ExistRestriction ExistRestriction_r	0x08	Test whether a property has a value.	RES_EXIST
SubObjectRestriction SubRestriction_r	0x09	Test whether any row of a message's attachment or recipient table satisfies a subrestriction.	RES_SUBRESTRICTION
CommentRestriction	0x0A	Associates a comment with a subrestriction.	RES_COMMENT
CountRestriction	0x0B	Limits the number of matches returned from a subrestriction.	RES_COUNT

The subsections that follow describe each packet format.

There is one variation in the way restriction structures are serialized. In the context of ROP buffers, such as the **RopRestrict** ROP or the **RopSetSearchCriteria** ROP, all count fields (such as the number of subrestrictions of an **AndRestriction**) are 16 bits wide. However, in the context of extended rules, as specified in [MS-OXORULE] section 2.2.4, or **search folder definition messages**, as specified in [MS-OXOSRCH] section 2.2.1, these counts are 32 bits wide. Such fields are identified as **COUNT** fields throughout section 2.12.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 113 / 151

Copyright $\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}$ 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

2.12.1 And Restriction Structures

The **AndRestriction** structure, as specified in section 2.12.1.1 describes an AND restriction (2), which is used to join a group of restrictions (2) using a logical **AND** operation.

The **AndRestriction_r** structure, as specified in [MS-NSPI], is an encoding of the **AndRestriction** data structure. The permissible number of restriction structures in the **AndRestriction_r** data structure exceeds that for the **AndRestriction** structure. The semantic meaning is otherwise unchanged from the **AndRestriction** data structure.

2.12.1.1 AndRestriction Structure

The result of an **AndRestriction** is **TRUE** if all of its child restrictions (2) evaluate to **TRUE**, and it is **FALSE** if any child restriction (2) evaluates to **FALSE**.

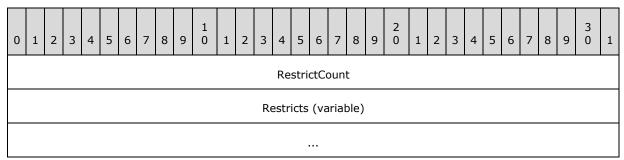
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
		Re	strio	сtТу	pe			RestrictCount (variable)																							
																	Re	estri	cts	(var	iabl	e)									

RestrictType (1 byte): An unsigned integer. This value indicates the type of restriction (2) and MUST be set to 0x00.

RestrictCount (variable): This value specifies how many restriction structures are present in the **Restricts** field. The width of this field is 16 bits in the context of ROPs and 32 bits in the context of extended rules.

Restricts (variable): An array of restriction structures. This field MUST contain the number of structures indicated in the **RestrictCount** field.

2.12.1.2 AndRestriction_r Structure



RestrictCount (4 bytes): Encodes the **RestrictCount** field of the **AndRestriction** structure, as specified in section 2.12.1.1. This value MUST NOT exceed 100,000.

Restricts (variable): Encodes the **Restricts** field of the **AndRestriction** structure. For more details, see section 2.12.1.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 114 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

2.12.2 Or Restriction Structures

The **OrRestriction** structure, as specified in section 2.12.2.1, describes an OR restriction (2), which is used to join a group of restrictions (2) by using a logical **OR** operation.

The **OrRestriction_r** structure, as specified in [MS-NSPI], is an encoding of the **OrRestriction** data structure. The permissible number of restriction structures in the **OrRestriction_r** data structure exceeds that of the **OrRestriction** structure. The semantic meaning is otherwise unchanged from the **OrRestriction** data structure.

2.12.2.1 OrRestriction Structure

The result of an **OrRestriction** is **TRUE** if at least one of its child restrictions (2) evaluates to **TRUE**, and it is **FALSE** if all child restrictions (2) evaluate to **FALSE**.

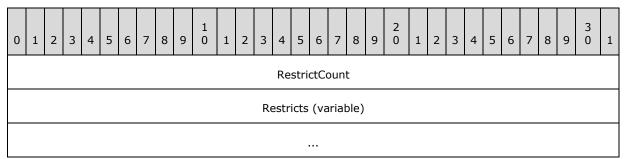
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
		Re	stric	сtТу	рe				RestrictCount (variable)																						
	Restricts (variable)																														
	····																														

RestrictType (1 byte): An unsigned integer. This value indicates the type of restriction (2) and MUST be set to 0x01.

RestrictCount (variable): This value specifies how many restriction structures are present in the **Restricts** field. The width of this field is 16 bits in the context of ROPs and 32 bits in the context of extended rules.

Restricts (variable): An array of restriction structures. This field MUST contain the number of structures indicated by the **RestrictCount** field.

2.12.2.2 OrRestriction_r Structure



RestrictCount (4 bytes): This value encodes the **RestrictCount** field of the **OrRestriction** structure, as specified in section 2.12.2.1. This value MUST NOT exceed 100,000.

Restricts (variable): This value encodes the **Restricts** field of the **OrRestriction** structure. For more details, see section 2.12.1.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 115 / 151

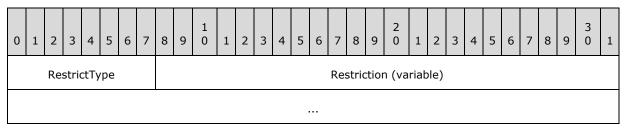
Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

2.12.3 Not Restriction Structures

The **NotRestriction** structure, as specified in section 2.12.3.1, describes a NOT restriction (2), which is used to apply a logical **NOT** operation to a single restriction (2).

The **NotRestriction_r** structure, as specified in [MS-NSPI], is an encoding of the **NotRestriction** data structure. The semantic meaning is unchanged from the **NotRestriction** data structure.

2.12.3.1 NotRestriction Structure

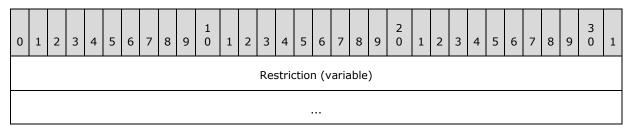


RestrictType (1 byte): An unsigned integer. This value indicates the type of restriction (2) and MUST be set to 0x02.

Restriction (variable): A restriction structure. This value specifies the restriction (2) that the logical **NOT** operation applies to.

The result of a **NotRestriction** structure is **TRUE** if the child restriction (2) evaluates to **FALSE**, and it is **FALSE** if the child restriction (2) evaluates to **TRUE**.

2.12.3.2 NotRestriction_r Structure



Restriction (variable): This value encodes the **Restriction** field of the **NotRestriction** structure, as specified in section 2.12.3.1.

2.12.4 Content Restriction Structures

The **ContentRestriction** structure, as specified in section 2.12.4.1, describes a content restriction, which is used to limit a table view to only those rows that include a column with contents matching a search string.

The **ContentRestriction_r** structure, as specified in [MS-NSPI], is an encoding of the **ContentRestriction** data structure. The semantic meaning is unchanged from the **ContentRestriction** data structure.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 116 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

2.12.4.1 ContentRestriction Structure

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
		Re	stri	ct⊤y	/pe								I	uzz	zyLe	evel	Low	ı								Fuz	zyL	eve	lHig	h	
																		Pr	ope	ertyT	ag										
																٦	Tag	ged	Valu	ue (v	aria	ble)								

- **RestrictType (1 byte):** An unsigned integer. This value indicates the type of restriction (2) and MUST be set to 0x03.
- FuzzyLevelLow (2 bytes): An unsigned integer. This field specifies the level of precision that the server enforces when checking for a match against a ContentRestriction structure. The value of the FuzzyLevelLow field applies to both binary and string properties and MUST be set to one of the values in the following table.

FuzzyLevelLow value	Meaning
0x0000 FL_FULLSTRING	The value stored in the TaggedValue field and the value of the column property tag match one another in their entirety.
0x0001 FL_SUBSTRING	The value stored in the TaggedValue field matches some portion of the value of the column property tag.
0x0002 FL_PREFIX	The value stored in the TaggedValue field matches a starting portion of the value of the column property tag.

FuzzyLevelHigh (2 bytes): This field applies only to string-value properties and can be set to the bit values listed in the following table, in any combination. The values of the FuzzyLevelHigh field can be combined by using the bitwise OR operation.

FuzzyLevelHigh values	Meaning
0x0001 FL_IGNORECASE	The comparison does not consider case.
0x0002 FL_IGNORENONSPACE	The comparison ignores Unicode-defined nonspacing characters such as diacritical marks.
0x0004 FL_LOOSE	The comparison results in a match whenever possible, ignoring case and nonspacing characters.

PropertyTag (4 bytes): An unsigned integer. This value indicates the property tag of the column whose value MUST be matched against the value specified in the **TaggedValue** field.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 117 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

TaggedValue (variable): A **TaggedPropertyValue** structure, as specified in section <u>2.11.4</u>. This structure contains the value to be matched.

The property ID portion of the **PropertyTag** field in the **TaggedValue** field is ignored.

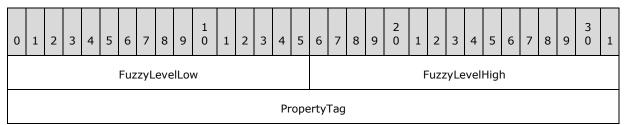
The result of a content restriction (2) imposed against a property is undefined when the property does not exist. When a client requires well-defined behavior for such a restriction (2) and is not sure whether the property exists, the client can create an **AndRestriction** to join the **ContentRestriction** with an **ExistRestriction**.

Multivalue properties (when the **MultivalueFlag** bit is set) are supported for this type of restriction (2), but the property types (obtained by masking off the **MultivalueFlag** bit) of both the **PropertyTag** field and the property tag subfield of the **TaggedValue** subfield MUST be the same in all cases.

TaggedValue PropertyTag value value Support Details Single-valued Single-valued All RelOp Simple comparison. values are supported. Single-valued Multivalued Not supported. Multivalued and the same as Single-valued All RelOp Each value of the property tag the MultivalueInstance is compared with the value in values are supported. the **TaggedValue** field. One column in the table successful match means that the restriction (2) is satisfied. Multivalued and the same as Multivalued Not the MultivalueInstance supported. column in the table Multivalued but not the Single-valued All RelOp Each value of the property tag same as the values are is compared with the value in MultivalueInstance the **TaggedValue** field. One supported. column in the table successful match means that the restriction (2) is satisfied. Multivalued but not the Multivalued Not same as the supported. MultivalueInstance column in the table

The cases supported for multivalue properties are described in the following table.

2.12.4.2 ContentRestriction_r Structure



[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 118 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

TaggedValue (variable)

FuzzyLevelLow (2 bytes): This value encodes the **FuzzyLevelLow** field of the **ContentRestriction** structure, as specified in section <u>2.12.4.1</u>.

- FuzzyLevelHigh (2 bytes): This value encodes the FuzzyLevelHigh field of the ContentRestriction structure.
- **PropertyTag (4 bytes):** This value encodes the **PropertyTag** field of the **ContentRestriction** structure.

TaggedValue (variable): This value encodes the TaggedValue field of the ContentRestriction structure.

2.12.5 Property Restriction Structures

The **PropertyRestriction** structure, as specified in section 2.12.5.1, describes a property restriction that is used to match a constant with the value of a property.

The **PropertyRestriction_r** structure, as specified in [MS-NSPI], is an encoding of the **PropertyRestriction** data structure. The semantic meaning is unchanged from that of the **PropertyRestriction** data structure.

2.12.5.1 PropertyRestriction Structure

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	RestrictType RelOp								PropTag																						
											TaggedValue (variable)																				

RestrictType (1 byte): An unsigned integer. This value indicates the type of restriction (2) and MUST be set to 0x4.

RelOp (1 byte): An unsigned integer. This value indicates the relational operator that is used to compare the property on the object with the value of the **TaggedValue** field. The value MUST be one of the values listed in the following table.

Relational operator	Hexadecima I value	Evaluation	Alternate name
RelationalOperatorLessThan	0x00	TRUE if the value of the object's property is less than the specified	RELOP_LT

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 119 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Relational operator	Hexadecima I value	Evaluation	Alternate name
		value.	
RelationalOperatorLessThanOrEqual	0x01	TRUE if the value of the object's property is less than or equal to the specified value.	RELOP_LE
RelationalOperatorGreaterThan	0x02	TRUE if the value of the object's property value is greater than the specified value.	RELOP_GT
RelationalOperatorGreaterThanOrEqu al	0x03	TRUE if the value of the object's property value is greater than or equal to the specified value.	RELOP_GE
RelationalOperatorEqual	0x04	TRUE if the object's property value equals the specified value.	RELOP_EQ
RelationalOperatorNotEqual	0x05	TRUE if the object's property value does not equal the specified value.	RELOP_NE
RelationalOperatorMemberOfDL	0x64	TRUE if the value of the object's property is in the DL membership of the specified property value. The value of the object's property	RELOP_MEMBER_OF_D L

120 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Relational operator	Hexadecima I value	Evaluation	Alternate name
		MUST be an EntryID of a mail- enabled object in the address book. The specified property value MUST be an EntryID of a Distributio n List object in the address book.	

- **PropTag (4 bytes):** An unsigned integer. This value indicates the property tag of the property that MUST be compared.
- **TaggedValue (variable):** A **TaggedValue** structure, as specified in section 2.11.4. This structure describes the property value to be compared with. The **TaggedValue** field contains a property tag subfield that is distinct from the **PropTag** field of this structure. Only the property type portion of the **TaggedValue** structure's property tag subfield is used; the property ID is ignored.

Multivalue properties (when the **MultivalueFlag** bit is set) are supported for this type of restriction (2), but the property types (obtained by masking off the **MultivalueFlag** bit) of both the **PropTag** field and property tag subfield of the **TaggedValue** subfield MUST be the same in all cases.

The **MultivalueInstance** bit MUST NOT be set on either the **PropTag** field or the property tag subfield of the **TaggedValue**.

The cases that are supported for multivalue properties are listed and described in the	
following table.	

PropTag value	TaggedValue value	Support	Details
Single-valued	Single-valued	All RelOp values are supported.	Simple comparison.
Single-valued	Multivalued	Not supported. <u><8></u>	
Multivalued and the same as a property tag for a MultivalueInstance column in the table	Single-valued	All RelOp values are supported.	In this case, the client has previously called the RopSetColumns ROP ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.5.1) with the MultivalueInstance bit set in the property tag that matches the value in the PropTag field. The value in the TaggedValue field is compared with the value in the

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

PropTag value	TaggedValue value	Support	Details
			column for each row. Only the row that has a matching value is returned.
Multivalued and the same as a property tag for a MultivalueInstance column in the table	Multivalued	Not supported.	
Multivalued and the same as a property tag for a non- MultivalueInstance column in the table	Single-valued	All RelOp values supported.	In this case, the client has previously called the RopSetColumns ROP without the MultivalueInstance bit set in the property tag that matches the value in the PropTag field. Each value of the property PropTag field is compared with the value of the TaggedValue field. For all RelOp values except RelationalOperatorNotEqual , one successful match means that the restriction (2) is satisfied. For RelationalOperatorNotEqual , the restriction (2) is satisfied when there are no matches.
Multivalued and the same as a property tag for a non- MultivalueInstance column in the table	Multi-valued	Not supported.	

In the context of a **RopFindRow** ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.5.13) or **RopRestrict** ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.5.3) ROP call, the results are undefined if the value of the property **PropTag** field does not exist on the object being tested. By creating an **AndRestriction** structure that joins the property restriction with an **ExistRestriction**, a caller can be guaranteed accurate results. Only **RelationalOperatorEqual** and **RelationalOperatorNotEqual** operators are allowed for the **RelOp** field when the type of the value of the **PropTag** field is **PtypBoolean**.

2.12.5.2 PropertyRestriction_r Structure

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
Relop PropTag																															
																٦	age	ged	Valu	ıe (v	aria	ble)								

Relop (1 byte): This value encodes the **Relop** field of the **PropertyRestriction** structure, as specified in section 2.12.5.1.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 122 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

PropTag (4 bytes): This value encodes the **PropTag** field of the **PropertyRestriction** structure.

TaggedValue (variable): This value encodes the TaggedValue field of the PropertyRestriction structure.

2.12.6 Compare Properties Restriction Structures

The **ComparePropertiesRestriction** structure, as specified in section <u>2.12.6.1</u>, specifies a comparison between the values of two properties by using a relational operator.

The **ComparePropsRestriction_r** structure, as specified in [MS-NSPI], is an encoding of the **ComparePropertiesRestriction** data structure. The semantic meaning is unchanged from that of the **ComparePropertiesRestriction** data structure.

2.12.6.1 ComparePropertiesRestriction Structure

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	RestrictType RelOp																		Ρ	rop	Tag	1									
	RestrictType RelOp																			Ρ	rop	Tag	2								

RestrictType (1 byte): An unsigned integer. This value indicates the type of restriction (2) and MUST be set to 0x05.

RelOp (1 byte): An unsigned integer. This value indicates the relational operator used to compare the two properties. The value MUST be one the values listed in the following table.

Relational operator	Hexadecima I value	Evaluation	Alternate name
RelationalOperatorLessThan	0x00	TRUE if the object's property value is less than the specified value.	RELOP_LT
RelationalOperatorLessThanOrEqual	0x01	TRUE if the object's property value is less than or equal to the specified value.	RELOP_LE
RelationalOperatorGreaterThan	0x02	TRUE if the	RELOP_GT

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 123 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Relational operator	Hexadecima I value	Evaluation	Alternate name
		object's property value is greater than the specified value.	
RelationalOperatorGreaterThanOrEqu al	0x03	TRUE if the object's property value is greater than or equal to the specified value.	RELOP_GE
RelationalOperatorEqual	0x04	TRUE if the object's property value equals the specified value.	RELOP_EQ
RelationalOperatorNotEqual	0x05	TRUE if the object's property value does not equal the specified value.	RELOP_NE
RelationalOperatorMemberOfDL	0x64	TRUE if the object's property value is in the DL membershi p of the specified property value. The object's property value MUST be an EntryID of a mail- enabled object in the address book. Also, the specified	RELOP_MEMBER_OF_D L

124 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Relational operator	Hexadecima I value	Evaluation	Alternate name
		property value MUST be an EntryID of a distribution list object in the address book.	

- **PropTag1 (4 bytes):** An unsigned integer. This value is the property tag of the first property that MUST be compared.
- **PropTag2 (4 bytes):** An unsigned integer. This value is the property tag of the second property that MUST be compared.

The comparison order is (property tag 1) (relational operator) (property tag 2).

The properties to be compared MUST both be of the same type.

The result of a compare property value restriction (2) is undefined when one or both of the properties do not exist. When a client requires well-defined behavior for such a restriction (2) and is not sure whether the property exists (for example, it is not a required column in a table), the client can create an **AndRestriction** to join the compare property restriction with an **Exist** restriction.

The properties specified by the **PropTag1** and **PropTag2** fields MUST be single-valued.

Only **Equal** and **NotEqual** operators are allowed fields when the types of the **PropTag1** and **PropTag2** fields are **PtypBoolean**.

2.12.6.2 ComparePropsRestriction_r Structure

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
			Re	lop														F	rop	Tag	1										
																		F	rop	Tag	2										

Relop (1 byte): This value encodes the **Relop** field of the **ComparePropertiesRestriction** structure, as specified in section <u>2.12.6.1</u>.

PropTag1 (4 bytes): This value encodes the PropTag1 field of the ComparePropertiesRestriction structure.

PropTag2 (4 bytes): This value encodes the PropTag2 field of the ComparePropertiesRestriction structure.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 125 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

2.12.7 Bitmask Restriction Structures

The **BitMaskRestriction** structure, as specified in section 2.12.7.1, describes a bitmask restriction, which performs a bitwise **AND** operation and compares the result with 0 (zero).

The **BitMaskRestriction_r** structure, as specified in [MS-NSPI], is an encoding of the **BitMaskRestriction** data structure. The semantic meaning is unchanged from that of the **BitMaskRestriction** data structure.

2.12.7.1 BitMaskRestriction Structure

0	1	2	З	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	RestrictType BitmapRelOp																	F	Prop	Тас]										
	RestrictType BitmapRelOp																			Ma	sk										

- **RestrictType (1 byte):** An unsigned integer. This value indicates the type of restriction (2) and MUST be set to 0x06.
- **BitmapRelOp (1 byte):** An unsigned integer. This value specifies how the server MUST perform the masking operation. The value MUST be one of the values listed in the following table.

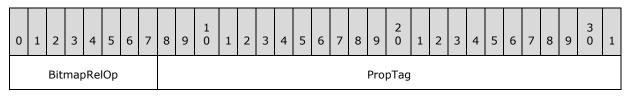
Operator name	Value	Meaning
BMR_EQZ	0x00	Perform a bitwise AND operation on the value of the Mask field with the value of the property PropTag field, and test for being equal to 0 (zero).
BMR_NEZ	0x01	Perform a bitwise AND operation on the value of the Mask field with the value of the property PropTag field, and test for not being equal to 0 (zero).

PropTag (4 bytes): An unsigned integer. This value is the property tag of the property to be tested. Its property type MUST be single-valued Int32, as specified in section 2.11.1.

Mask (4 bytes): An unsigned integer. The bitmask to be used for the AND operation.

The **BitMaskRestriction** structure performs a bitwise **AND** operation by using the bitmask from the **Mask** field and the value of the property **PropTag** field. If the result is 0 (zero), the **BMR_EQZ** operator is satisfied. If the result is not 0 (zero) — that is, if the property value has at least one of the same bits set as the **Mask** field — the **BMR_NEZ** operator is satisfied.

2.12.7.2 BitMaskRestriction_r Structure



[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 126 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

 Mask

BitmapRelOp (1 byte): This value encodes the **BitmapRelop** field of the **BitMaskRestriction** structure, as specified in section 2.12.7.1.

PropTag (4 bytes): This value encodes the PropTag field of the BitMaskRestriction structure.

Mask (4 bytes): This value encodes the Mask field of the BitMaskRestriction structure.

2.12.8 Size Restriction Structures

The **SizeRestriction** structure, as specified in section 2.12.8.1, describes a size restriction that compares the size (in bytes) of a property value with a specified size.

The **SizeRestriction_r** structure, as specified in [MS-NSPI], is an encoding of the **SizeRestriction** data structure. The semantic meaning is unchanged from that of the **SizeRestriction** data structure.

2.12.8.1 SizeRestriction Structure

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	RestrictType RelOp																		F	Prop	Тас	9									
	RestrictType RelOp																			Si	ze										

RestrictType (1 byte): An unsigned integer. This value indicates the type of restriction (2) and MUST be set to 0x07.

RelOp (1 byte): An unsigned integer. This value indicates the relational operator used in the size comparison. The value MUST be one the value listed in the following table.

Relational operator name	Hexadecimal value	Evaluation	Alternate name
RelationalOperatorLessThan	0x00	TRUE if the object's property value is less than the specified value.	RELOP_LT
RelationalOperatorLessThanOrEqual	0x01	TRUE if the object's property value is less than or equal to the specified value.	RELOP_LE
RelationalOperatorGreaterThan	0x02	TRUE if the	RELOP_GT

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Relational operator name	Hexadecimal value	Evaluation	Alternate name
		object's property value is greater than the specified value.	
RelationalOperatorGreaterThanOrEqual	0x03	TRUE if the object's property value is greater than or equal to the specified value.	RELOP_GE
RelationalOperatorEqual	0x04	TRUE if the object's property value equals the specified value.	RELOP_EQ
RelationalOperatorNotEqual	0x05	TRUE if the object's property value does not equal the specified value.	RELOP_NE

- **PropTag (4 bytes):** An unsigned integer. This value indicates the property tag of the property whose value size is being tested.
- Size (4 bytes): An unsigned integer. This value indicates the size, in bytes, that is to be used in the comparison.

If the value of the **PropTag** field is multivalued, there are two cases. If it was specified as a **MultivalueInstance** column in the table, the size restriction is evaluated for each row by using the size of the single instance value of the row. If the value of the **PropTag** field was not specified as a **MultivalueInstance** column in the table, the size restriction is evaluated for each multivalue. If one of the size restrictions succeeds, the restriction (2) is satisfied.

2.12.8.2 SizeRestriction_r Structure

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
			Rel	lop															Pro	pTag											
																			S	ize											

Relop (1 byte): This value encodes the **Relop** field of the **SizeRestriction** structure, as specified in section 2.12.8.1.

PropTag (4 bytes): This value encodes the PropTag field of the SizeRestriction structure.

Size (4 bytes): This value encodes the Size field of the SizeRestriction structure.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Release: July 31, 2014

2.12.9 Exist Restriction Structures

The **ExistRestriction** structure, as specified in section 2.12.9.1, tests whether a particular property value exists on a row in the table.

The **ExistRestriction_r** structure, as specified in [MS-NSPI], is an encoding of the **ExistRestriction** data structure. The semantic meaning is unchanged from that of the **ExistRestriction** data structure.

2.12.9.1 ExistRestriction Structure

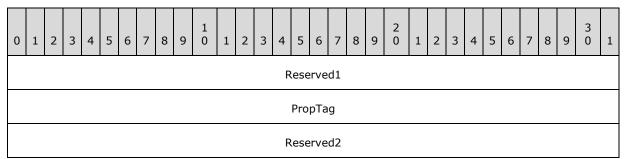
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
		Re	strio	ct⊤y	pe														Pro	pTag	l										

RestrictType (1 byte): An unsigned integer. This value indicates the type of restriction (2) and MUST be set to 0x08.

PropTag (4 bytes): An unsigned integer. This value is the property tag of the column to be tested for existence in each row.

The **ExistRestriction** structure is used to guarantee meaningful results for other types of restrictions (2) that involve properties, such as property and content restrictions. The result of a restriction (2) that involves a property that does not exist on a row is undefined. By creating an **AndRestriction** structure that joins the property restriction with an **ExistRestriction** structure, a client can be guaranteed accurate results.

2.12.9.2 ExistRestriction_r Structure



Reserved1 (4 bytes): All clients and servers MUST set this value to 0x00000000.

PropTag (4 bytes): This value encodes the **PropTag** field of the **ExistRestriction** structure, as specified in section 2.12.9.1.

Reserved2 (4 bytes): All clients and servers MUST set this value to 0x00000000.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 129 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

2.12.10 Subobject Restriction Structures

The **SubObjectRestriction** structure, as specified in section 2.12.10.1, applies its subrestriction to a Message object's attachments table or recipient table. If any row of the **subobject** satisfies the subrestriction, the message satisfies the **SubObjectRestriction** structure.

The **SubRestriction_r** structure, as specified in [MS-NSPI], is an encoding of the **SubObjectRestriction** data structure. The semantic meaning is unchanged from that of the **SubObjectRestriction** data structure.

2.12.10.1 SubObjectRestriction Structure

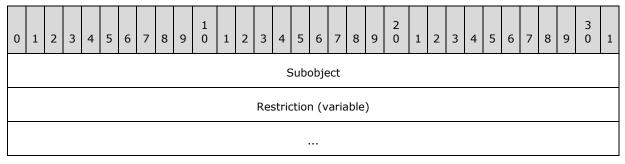
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
		Re	stric	сtТу	рe													S	ubo	objec	t										
																	Res	stric	tior	ו (va	riab	le)									

- **RestrictType (1 byte):** An unsigned integer. This value indicates the type of restriction (2) and MUST be set to 0x09.
- **Subobject (4 bytes):** An unsigned integer. This value is a property tag that designates the target of the subrestriction. Only the two values listed and described in the following table are supported.

Value	Meaning
PidTagMessageRecipients (<u>[MS-OXCMSG]</u> section 2.2.1.47)	Apply the subrestriction to a message's recipient table.
PidTagMessageAttachments (<u>[MS-OXPROPS]</u> section 2.774)	Apply the subrestriction to a message's attachments table.

Restriction (variable): A **Restriction** structure. This subrestriction is applied to the rows in the subobject.

2.12.10.2 SubRestriction_r Structure



Subobject (4 bytes): This value encodes the **Subobject** field of the **SubObjectRestriction** structure, as specified in section 2.12.10.1.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 130 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Restriction (variable): This value encodes the **Restriction** field of the **SubObjectRestriction** structure.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
		Re	strio	ct⊤y	pe				Та	ggeo	lVal	ues	Cοι	ınt						Ta	agge	edV	alue	es (vari	iabl	e)				
	Re	estri	ictio	nPr	ese	nt									R	esti	ricti	on ((opt	iona	l) (v	varia	able	e)							

2.12.11 CommentRestriction Structure

- **RestrictType (1 byte):** An unsigned integer. This value indicates the type of restriction (2) and MUST be set to 0x0A.
- TaggedValuesCount (1 byte): An unsigned integer. This value specifies how many TaggedValue structures are present in the TaggedValues field.
- TaggedValues (variable): An array of TaggedPropertyValue structures, as specified in section 2.11.4. This field MUST contain the number of structures indicated by the value of the TaggedValuesCount field. The TaggedPropertyValue structures MUST NOT include any multivalue properties.
- **RestrictionPresent (1 byte):** An unsigned integer. This field MUST contain either **TRUE** (0x01) or **FALSE** (0x00). A **TRUE** value means that the **Restriction** field is present, whereas a **FALSE** value indicates that the **Restriction** field is not present.
- **Restriction (optional) (variable):** A **Restriction** structure. This field is present only if **RestrictionPresent** is **TRUE**.

Clients can use a **CommentRestriction** structure to save associated comments together with a restriction (2) that they pertain to. The comments are formatted as an arbitrary array of **TaggedPropValue** structures, and servers MUST store and retrieve this information for the client. If the **Restriction** field is present, servers MUST evaluate it; if it is not present, the **CommentRestriction** node will effectively evaluate as **TRUE**. In either case, the comments have no effect on the evaluation of the restriction (2).

RestrictType Count SubRestriction (variable)

2.12.12 CountRestriction Structure

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 131 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

- **RestrictType (1 byte):** An unsigned integer. This value indicates the type of restriction (2) and MUST be set to 0x0B.
- **Count (4 bytes):** An unsigned integer. This value specifies the limit on the number of matches to be returned when the value of the **SubRestriction** field is evaluated.
- **SubRestriction (variable):** A restriction structure. This field specifies the restriction (2) to be limited.

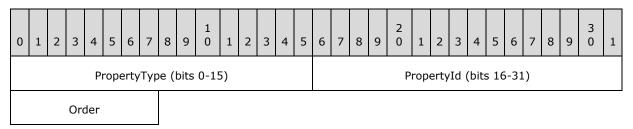
2.13 Table Sorting Structures

Table sorting is performed by sending a **RopSortTable** ROP ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.5.2) to the server. The sort key is specified by using a **SortOrderSet** structure, as specified in section 2.13.2. The **SortOrder** structure, as specified in section 2.13.1, is part of a **SortOrderSet** structure.

2.13.1 SortOrder Structure

The **SortOrder** structure describes one column that is part of a sort key for sorting rows in a table. This structure specifies both the column and the direction of the sort.

A **SortOrderSet** structure, as specified in section <u>2.13.2</u>, combines one or more **SortOrder** structures to describe multiple sort keys and directions in a **RopSortTable** ROP request (<u>MS-OXCROPS</u>) section 2.2.5.2).



PropertyType (bits 0-15) (2 bytes): This value identifies the data type of the column to be used for sorting. If the property is multivalued, for example, the MultivalueFlag bit (0x1000) is set in the PropertyType field, and clients MUST also set the MultivalueInstance bit (0x2000). In this case, the server MUST generate one row for each individual value of a multivalue column and sort the table by individual values of that column.

PropertyId (bits 16-31) (2 bytes): This value identifies the column to be used for sorting.

Order (1 byte): This field MUST be set to one of the values listed in the following table.

Order name	Order value	Meaning
Ascending	0x00	Sort by this column in ascending order.
Descending	0x01	Sort by this column in descending order.
MaximumCategory	0x04	This is an aggregated column in a categorized sort, whose maximum value (within the group of items with the same value as that of the previous category) is to be used as the sort key for the entire group.

If the **MultivalueFlag** bit is set, the **MultivalueInstance** bit MUST also be set, and if the **MultivalueInstance** bit is set, the **MultivalueFlag** bit MUST also be set. In other words, it is

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 132 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

not possible to sort on all values of a multivalue column; one row per value MUST be generated, and individual values MUST be used in the sort.

The **MaximumCategory** bit causes groups of messages in a categorized sort to be ordered by the maximum value of a column across an entire group. For example, a conversation view is grouped by the value of the **PidTagConversationTopic** property ([MS-OXOMSG] section 2.2.1.5). In this case, Groups are sorted by the value of the group's most recent (maximum) **PidTagMessageDeliveryTime** property ([MS-OXOMSG] section 2.2.3.9), and within each group messages are sorted by the value of the **PidTagConversationIndex** property ([MS-OXOMSG] section 2.2.1.3).

2.13.2 SortOrderSet Structure

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
					9	Sort	Oro	der0	Cour	nt											Ca	ateg	oriz	zed	Cou	nt					
					I	Exp	and	ledC	Cour	nt											Sort	tOrc	lers	i (va	aria	ble))				

SortOrderCount (2 bytes): An unsigned integer. This value specifies how many **SortOrder** structures are present in the **SortOrders** field.

- **CategorizedCount (2 bytes):** An unsigned integer. This value specifies that the first **CategorizedCount** columns are categorized. This value MUST be in the range from 0 to the value of the **SortOrderCount** field.
- ExpandedCount (2 bytes): An unsigned integer. This value specifies that the first ExpandedCount field in the categorized columns starts in an expanded state in which all of the rows that apply to the category are visible in the table view. This value MUST be in the range from 0 to the value of the CategorizedCount field.
- **SortOrders (variable):** An array of **SortOrder** structures. This field MUST contain the number of structures indicated by the value of the **SortOrderCount** field. At most, one of the structures can specify a multivalue property.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

3 Structure Examples

This section provides two examples of how some of the structures documented in this specification would appear as a stream of bytes.

3.1 Restriction Example

The following **restriction**, as described in section 2.12, described in high level terms, could be used to search for items with reminders set on them.

A restriction of the type AndRestriction with the following two subclauses:

- 1. A restriction of type AndRestriction, with the following eight subclauses:
 - A restriction of type PropertyRestriction with a relop value of RelationalOperatorNotEqual, comparing the value of the PidTagParentEntryId property (<u>[MS-OXCFOLD]</u> section 2.2.2.2.1.6) with the value of the PidTagEntryId property (<u>[MS-OXCPERM]</u> section 2.2.4) of the Deleted Items folder (see <u>[MS-OXOSFLD]</u>).
 - 2. A restriction of type PropertyRestriction with a relop value of RelationalOperatorNotEqual, comparing the value of the PidTagParentEntryId property with the value of the PidTagEntryId property of the Junk E-mail folder.
 - 3. A restriction of type PropertyRestriction with a relop value of RelationalOperatorNotEqual, comparing the value of the PidTagParentEntryId property with the PidTagEntryId property of the Drafts folder.
 - 4. A restriction of type PropertyRestriction with a relop value of RelationalOperatorNotEqual, comparing the value of the PidTagParentEntryId property with the value of the PidTagEntryId property of the Outbox folder.
 - 5. A restriction of type PropertyRestriction with a relop value of RelationalOperatorNotEqual, comparing the value of the PidTagParentEntryId property with the value of the PidTagEntryId property of the Conflicts special folder
 - 6. A restriction of type PropertyRestriction with a relop value of RelationalOperatorNotEqual, comparing the value of the PidTagParentEntryId property with the value of the PidTagEntryId property of the Local Failures special folder.
 - 7. A restriction of type PropertyRestriction with a relop value of RelationalOperatorNotEqual, comparing the value of the PidTagParentEntryId property with the value of the PidTagEntryId property of the Server Failures special folder.
 - 8. A restriction of type PropertyRestriction with a relop value of RelationalOperatorNotEqual, comparing the value of the PidTagParentEntryId property with the value of the PidTagEntryId property of the Sync Issues special folder.
- 2. A restriction of type AndRestriction, with the following three subclauses:
 - 1. A **restriction** of type **NotRestriction**, with a **restriction** of type **AndRestriction** that has the following two subclauses:
 - 1. A **restriction** of type **ExistRestriction** that specifies the **PidTagMessageClass** property ([MS-OXCMSG] section 2.2.1.3).

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 134 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

- A restriction of type ContentRestriction with the value FL_PREFIX in the FuzzyLevelLow field, comparing the value of the PidTagMessageClass property with the string value "IPM.Schedule".
- A restriction of type BitMaskRestriction with a BitmapRelOp value of BMR_EQZ that compares the value of the PidTagMessageFlags property ([MS-OXCMSG] section 2.2.1.6) with the ULONG value MSGFLAG_SUBMIT.
- 3. A restriction of type OrRestriction, with the following two subclauses:
 - 1. A **restriction** of type **PropertyRestriction** with **relop RelationalOperatorEqual**, comparing the value of the **PidLidReminderSet** property (<u>[MS-OXORMDR]</u> section 2.2.1.1) with the Boolean value 1.
 - 2. A **restriction** of type **AndRestriction**, with the following two subclauses:
 - 1. A **restriction** of type **ExistRestriction** that specifies the **PidLidRecurring** property ([MS-OXOCAL] section 2.2.1.12).
 - 2. A **restriction** of type **PropertyRestriction** with **relop RelationalOperatorEqual**, comparing the value of the **PidLidRecurring** property with the Boolean value 1.

The following table shows how this corresponds to a byte stream that is passed between the client and the server.

Before formatting this data structure to send to the server, the client would need to send a **RopGetPropertyIdsFromNames** ROP request ([MS-OXCROPS] section 2.2.8.1) to the server to map the two named properties **PidLidReminderSet** and **PidLidRecurring** to actual property IDs.

Ву	tes				Field name	Meaning
00)				RestrictType	AndRestriction
02	00				RestrictCount	2
	00	C			RestrictType	AndRestriction
	08	3 00)		RestrictCount	8
		04	1		RestrictType	PropertyRestriction
		05	5		RelOp	RelationalOperatorNotEqual
		20	0 10	09 0E	PropTag	PidTagParentEntryId
					TaggedValue	PtypBinary
			0E	02	COUNT , as described in section 2.11.1.1	46
					Bytes	Interpreted as Folder EntryID , as described in section <u>2.2.1.1</u>
				00 00 00 00	Flags	Zero
				EE C1 BD 78 61 11 D0 11 91 7B 00 00 00 00 00 01	Provider UID , as described in section 2.2.4.1	User ID for mailbox

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Ву	/tes		Field name	Meaning
		01 00	FolderType	eitLTPrivateFolder
		(16-byte GUID specific to database)	DatabaseGuid	UID identifies database where folder was originally created
		(6 bytes identifying Deleted Items folder)	GlobalCounter	UID identifies specific folder within database
		00 00	Pad	Zero
	04		RestrictType	PropertyRestriction
	05		RelOp	RelationalOperatorNotEqual
	20	10 09 0E	PropTag	PidTagParentEntryId
			TaggedValue	PtypBinary
		0E 02	COUNT	46
			Bytes	Interpreted as Folder EntryID
		00 00 00 00	Flags	Zero
		EE C1 BD 78 61 11 D0 11 91 7B 00 00 00 00 00 01	Provider UID	UID for mailbox
		01 00	FolderType	eitLTPrivateFolder
		(16-byte GUID specific to database)	DatabaseGuid	UID identifies database where folder was originally created
		(6 bytes identifying Junk E-mail folder)	GlobalCounter	UID identifies specific folder within database
		00 00	Pad	Zero
	04		RestrictType	PropertyRestriction
	05		RelOp	RelationalOperatorNotEqual
	20	10 09 0E	PropTag	PidTagParentEntryId
			TaggedValue	PtypBinary
		0E 02	COUNT	46
			Bytes	Interpreted as Folder EntryID
		00 00 00 00	Flags	Zero
		EE C1 BD 78 61 11 D0 11 91 7B 00 00 00 00 00 01	Provider UID	UID for mailbox

136 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Ву	/tes		Field name	Meaning
		01 00	FolderType	eitLTPrivateFolder
		(16-byte GUID specific to database)	DatabaseGuid	UID identifies database where folder was originally created
		(6 bytes identifying Drafts folder)	GlobalCounter	UID identifies specific folder within database
		00 00	Pad	Zero
	04		RestrictType	PropertyRestriction
	05		RelOp	RelationalOperatorNotEqual
	20	10 09 0E	PropTag	PidTagParentEntryId
			TaggedValue	PtypBinary
		0E 02	COUNT	46
			Bytes	Interpreted as Folder EntryID
		00 00 00 00	Flags	Zero
		EE C1 BD 78 61 11 D0 11 91 7B 00 00 00 00 00 01	Provider UID	UID for mailbox
		01 00	FolderType	eitLTPrivateFolder
		(16-byte GUID specific to database)	DatabaseGuid	UID identifies database where folder was originally created
		(6 bytes identifying Outbox folder)	GlobalCounter	UID identifies specific folder within database
		00 00	Pad	Zero
	04		RestrictType	PropertyRestriction
	05		RelOp	RelationalOperatorNotEqual
	20	10 09 0E	PropTag	PidTagParentEntryId
			TaggedValue	PtypBinary
		0E 02	COUNT	46
			Bytes	Interpreted as Folder EntryID
		00 00 00 00	Flags	Zero
		EE C1 BD 78 61 11 D0 11 91 7B 00 00 00 00 00 01	Provider UID	UID for mailbox

137 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Ву	/tes		Field name	Meaning
		01 00	FolderType	eitLTPrivateFolder
		(16-byte GUID specific to database)	DatabaseGuid	UID identifies database where folder was originally created
		(6 bytes identifying Conflicts folder)	GlobalCounter	UID identifies specific folder within database
		00 00	Pad	Zero
	04		RestrictType	PropertyRestriction
	05		RelOp	RelationalOperatorNotEqual
	20	10 09 0E	PropTag	PidTagParentEntryId
			TaggedValue	PtypBinary
		0E 02	COUNT	46
			Bytes	Interpreted as Folder EntryID
		00 00 00 00	Flags	Zero
		EE C1 BD 78 61 11 D0 11 91 7B 00 00 00 00 00 01	Provider UID	UID for mailbox
		01 00	FolderType	eitLTPrivateFolder
		(16-byte GUID specific to database)	DatabaseGuid	UID identifies database where folder was originally created
		(6 bytes identifying Local Failures folder)	GlobalCounter	UID identifies specific folder within database
		00 00	Pad	Zero
	04		RestrictType	PropertyRestriction
	05		RelOp	RelationalOperatorNotEqual
	20	10 09 0E	PropTag	PidTagParentEntryId
			TaggedValue	PtypBinary
		0E 02	COUNT	46
			Bytes	Interpreted as Folder EntryID
		00 00 00 00	Flags	Zero
		EE C1 BD 78 61 11 D0 11 91 7B 00 00 00 00 00 01	Provider UID	UID for mailbox

138 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

ytes	;		Field name	Meaning
		01 00	FolderType	eitLTPrivateFolder
		(16-byte GUID specific to database)	DatabaseGuid	UID identifies database where folder was originally created
		(6 bytes identifying Server Failures folder)	GlobalCounter	UID identifies specific folder within database
		00 00	Pad	Zero
	04		RestrictType	PropertyRestriction
	05		RelOp	RelationalOperatorNotEqual
	20 10	0 09 0E	PropTag	PidTagParentEntryId
			TaggedValue	PtypBinary
	0	E 02	COUNT	46
			Bytes	Interpreted as Folder EntryID , as described in section 2.2.1.1
		00 00 00 00	Flags	Zero
		EE C1 BD 78 61 11 D0 11 91 7B 00 00 00 00 00 01	Provider UID	UID for mailbox
		01 00	FolderType	eitLTPrivateFolder
		(16-byte GUID specific to database)	DatabaseGuid	UID identifies database where folder was originally created
		(6 bytes identifying Sync Issues folder)	GlobalCounter	UID identifies specific folder within database
		00 00	Pad	Zero
00	D		RestrictType	AndRestriction
03	3 00		RestrictCount	3
	02		RestrictType	NotRestriction
	00		RestrictType	AndRestriction
	02 00	0	RestrictCount	2
	0	8	RestrictType	ExistRestriction
	1	F 00 1A 00	PropTag	PidTagMessageClass

139 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Byte	es		Field name	Meaning
	C	13	RestrictType	ContentRestriction
	C	02 00	FuzzyLevelLow	FL_PREFIX
	C	00 00	FuzzyLevelHigh	
	1	F 00 1A 00	PropertyTag	PidTagMessageClass
	5	9 00 50 00 4D 00 2E 00 3 00 63 00 68 00 65 00 4 00 75 00 6C 00 65 00 0 00	PropValue	"IPM.Schedule"
	06		RestrictType	BitMaskRestriction
	00		BitmapRelOp	BMR EQZ
		0 07 0E		
	-	0 00 00	PropTag Mask	PidTagMessageFlags MSGFLAG_SUBMIT
	04 0	0 00 00	PIASK	MSGFLAG_SUBMIT
	01		RestrictType	OrRestriction
	02 0	0	RestrictCount	2
)4	RestrictType	PropertyRestriction
)4	RelOp	RelationalOperatorEqual
		B 00 + (2-byte mapped prop id)	PropTag	PidLidReminderSet
	0	1	PropValue	TRUE
			I	- I
	C	00	RestrictType	AndRestriction
	C	02 00	RestrictCount	2
		08	RestrictType	ExistRestriction
		0B 00 + (2-byte mapped prop id)	PropTag	PidLidRecurring
		04	RestrictType	PropertyRestriction
		04	RelOp	RelationalOperatorEqual
		0B 00 + (2-byte mapped prop id)	PropTag	PidLidRecurring
		01	PropValue	TRUE

140 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

3.2 PropertyRow Example

In this example, the client sends the **RopGetPropertiesSpecific** ROP (<u>[MS-OXCROPS]</u> section 2.2.8.3) to the server requesting the properties from an open Message object.

Hexadecimal value	Property ID	Property type
0E070003	PidTagMessageFlags ([MS-OXCMSG] section 2.2.1.6)	PtypInteger32
00370001	PidTagSubject ([MS-OXCMSG] section 2.2.1.46)	PtypUnspecified
1000001F	PidTagBody ([MS-OXCMSG] section 2.2.1.56.1)	PtypString

For this example, it is also assumed that:

- This message had been sent to this mailbox from a different user.
- The message contained an attachment.
- The message had already been read by the user but had not been modified.
- The subject of this message is "Hello".
- The body of the message is so large that the server requires the client to stream the body to the client.

Under these conditions, the data returned from the server for the **PropertyRow** structure, as described in section 2.8, would use the **FlaggedPropertyRow** structure variant, as described in section 2.11.5, to return the data from the **RopGetPropertiesSpecific** ROP with the data shown in the following table.

Bytes	Field	Meaning
01	Flag for the PropertyRow structure	Either there were errors retrieving values or some values were not returned.
00	Flag for the FlaggedPropertyValue structure, as described in section 2.11.5	The value for this property is returned.
13 00 00 00	PtypInteger32 PropertyValue	MSGFLAG_READ MSGFLAG_UMODIFIED MSGFLAG_HASATTACH
1F 00	PropertyType for the FlaggedPropertyValueWithType structure, as described in section 2.11.6	PtypString
00	Flag for the FlaggedPropertyValueWithType structure	PropertyRestriction
48 00 65 00 6C 00 6C 00 6F 00 00 00	String PropertyValue	"Hello"
0A	Flag for the FlaggedPropertyValue structure	The value for this property was not returned. The RopOpenStream ROP ([MS- OXCROPS] section 2.2.8.6) can be used to

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 141 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Bytes	Field	Meaning
		obtain the property value.
0E 00 07 80	32-bit SCODE	NotEnoughMemory error, as described in section 2.4 .

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Release: July 31, 2014

4 Security

4.1 Security Considerations for Implementers

None.

4.2 Index of Security Parameters

None.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Release: July 31, 2014

5 Appendix A: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include released service packs:

- Microsoft Exchange Server 2003
- Microsoft Exchange Server 2007
- Microsoft Exchange Server 2010
- Microsoft Exchange Server 2013
- Microsoft Office Outlook 2003
- Microsoft Office Outlook 2007
- Microsoft Outlook 2010
- Microsoft Outlook 2013

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. If a service pack or Quick Fix Engineering (QFE) number appears with the product version, behavior changed in that service pack or QFE. The new behavior also applies to subsequent service packs of the product unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms SHOULD or SHOULD NOT implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term MAY implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

<1> Section 2.2.2: Exchange 2007 and Exchange 2010 do not support the NNTP Newsgroup Folder EntryID structure.

<2> Section 2.2.4: The value for the MappedPublicFolder Store object type is neither read nor written to by the server. Only Office Outlook 2003, Office Outlook 2007, and Outlook 2010 use this object type.

<3> Section 2.2.4: The value for the MappedPublicMessage Store object type is neither read nor written to by the server. Only Office Outlook 2003, Office Outlook 2007, and Outlook 2010 use this object type.

<4> Section 2.2.5.3: Office Outlook 2003 and Office Outlook 2007 can leave 3 extra bytes not filled at the end of the Contact Address EntryID structure; in other words, the sum of all fields specified in this protocol can be 3 bytes less than the count of bytes of the entire EntryID. The value of the extra 3 bytes has no meaning to either the server or the client.

<5> Section 2.2.5.4: Office Outlook 2003 and Office Outlook 2007 can leave 3 extra bytes not filled at the end of the **Personal distribution list EntryID** structure; in other words, the sum of all fields specified in this protocol can be 3 bytes less than the count of bytes of the entire **EntryID**. The value of the extra 3 bytes has no meaning to either the server or the client.

<6> Section 2.8.3.1: Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Exchange 2010, the initial release of Exchange 2013, Office Outlook 2003, Office Outlook 2007, Outlook 2010, and the initial release of Outlook 2013 do not support the **Connec**t request type. The **Connec**t request type was introduced in Outlook 2013 SP1 and Exchange 2013 SP1.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures 144 / 151

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

<7> Section 2.11.1.2: Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Exchange 2010, the initial release of Exchange 2013, Office Outlook 2003, Office Outlook 2007, Outlook 2010, and the initial release of Outlook 2013 do not support the **Connec**t request type. The **Connec**t request type was introduced in Outlook 2013 SP1 and Exchange 2013 SP1.

<8> Section 2.12.5.1: Exchange 2003, Exchange 2007, Office Outlook 2003, Office Outlook 2007, and Outlook 2010 support the **RelationalOperatorEqual** and **RelationalOperatorNotEqual** operators when the value of the **PropTag** field is single-valued and the value of the **TaggedValue** field is multivalued. The value of the property **PropTag** field is compared with each value of the **TaggedValue** field. If there are any matches, the **RelationalOperatorEqual** operator is satisfied. If there are no matches, the **RelationalOperatorNotEqual** operator is satisfied.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

6 Change Tracking

This section identifies changes that were made to the [MS-OXCDATA] protocol document between the April 2014 and July 2014 releases. Changes are classified as New, Major, Minor, Editorial, or No change.

The revision class **New** means that a new document is being released.

The revision class **Major** means that the technical content in the document was significantly revised. Major changes affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of major changes are:

- A document revision that incorporates changes to interoperability requirements or functionality.
- The removal of a document from the documentation set.

The revision class **Minor** means that the meaning of the technical content was clarified. Minor changes do not affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of minor changes are updates to clarify ambiguity at the sentence, paragraph, or table level.

The revision class **Editorial** means that the formatting in the technical content was changed. Editorial changes apply to grammatical, formatting, and style issues.

The revision class **No change** means that no new technical changes were introduced. Minor editorial and formatting changes may have been made, but the technical content of the document is identical to the last released version.

Major and minor changes can be described further using the following change types:

- New content added.
- Content updated.
- Content removed.
- New product behavior note added.
- Product behavior note updated.
- Product behavior note removed.
- New protocol syntax added.
- Protocol syntax updated.
- Protocol syntax removed.
- New content added due to protocol revision.
- Content updated due to protocol revision.
- Content removed due to protocol revision.
- New protocol syntax added due to protocol revision.
- Protocol syntax updated due to protocol revision.
- Protocol syntax removed due to protocol revision.

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

• Obsolete document removed.

Editorial changes are always classified with the change type **Editorially updated.**

Some important terms used in the change type descriptions are defined as follows:

- Protocol syntax refers to data elements (such as packets, structures, enumerations, and methods) as well as interfaces.
- **Protocol revision** refers to changes made to a protocol that affect the bits that are sent over the wire.

The changes made to this document are listed in the following table. For more information, please contact <u>dochelp@microsoft.com</u>.

Section	Tracking number (if applicable) and description	Major change (Y or N)	Change type
<u>1.1</u> <u>Glossary</u>	Added "character set" to the list of glossary terms.	N	Content updated.
2.2.1.3 Global Identifier Structure	Changed the data type of the DatabaseGuid field from unsigned integer to GUID.	Y	Content updated.
2.3.1 EntryList Structure	Revised the description of the EntryIDs field to clarify its structure.	N	Content updated.
2.4.1 Additional Error Codes	Revised the descriptions of the NoFreeJetSessions error and the DifferentJetSession error.	N	Content updated.
2.5.1 FlatUID Structure	Clarified that the GUID structure uses big-endian format for all multi-byte fields.	N	Content updated.
2.6.1 PropertyName Structure	Clarified that all multi-byte fields are in little-endian byte order.	N	Content updated.
<u>2.6.2</u> PropertyName_r Structure	Revised the description of the LID field to clarify when the LID field is present.	N	Content updated.
2.8.3.2 RecipientRow Structure	Revised the description of the AddressPrefixUsed field for clarity.	N	Content updated.
2.11.1 Property Data Types	Clarified that the Messaging Application Programming Interface (MAPI) Extensions for HTTP protocol's byte counts for PtypBinary property values are 32 bits wide.	Y	Content updated.
2.11.1 Property Data Types	Clarified that the NSPI protocol uses the same numeric values in 32-bit integers, with the high-order 16 bits set to $0x0000$.	N	Content updated.
2.11.1.4 PtypServerId Type	Changed "ServerIds" to "PtypServerId values" in the description of the Instance field.	N	Content updated.

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Release: July 31, 2014

Section	Tracking number (if applicable) and description	Major change (Y or N)	Change type
2.12 Restrictions	Clarified that every packet stores RestrictType in the first 8 bits.	N	Content updated.
<u>2.13.1</u> <u>SortOrder</u> <u>Structure</u>	Clarified that a SortOrderSet structure combines one or more SortOrder structures.	N	Content updated.

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Release: July 31, 2014

7 Index

A

Address Book EntryID structure 24 AddressEntry structure 12 AddressList structure 12 AddressList structures 12 And restriction structures 114 AndRestriction structure 114 AndRestriction r structure 114 Applicability 11

В

Bitmask restriction structures 126 BitmaskRestriction structure 126 BitmaskRestriction r structure 126

С

Change tracking 146 CommentRestriction structure 131 Compare properties restriction structures 123 ComparePropertiesRestriction structure 123 ComparePropsRestriction r structure 125 Contact Address EntryID structure 25 Content restriction structures 116 ContentRestriction structure 117 ContentRestriction r structure 118 CountRestriction structure 131

Е

EntryID and related types 13 EntryID lists 27 EntryList structure 27 Error codes 29 Additional error codes 34 Property error codes 80 Warning codes 81 Examples 134 PropertyRow Example 141 Restriction Example 134 Exist restriction structures 129 ExistRestriction structure 129 ExistRestriction r structure 129

F

Fields - vendor-extensible 11 FlaqgedPropertyRow structure 89 FlaqgedPropertyValue structure 110 FlaqgedPropertyValueWithType structure 111 Flat UID structures 84 FlatEntry structure 28 FlatEntryList structure 28 FlatUID structure 84 FlatUID r structure 85 Folder EntryID structure 17 Folder ID structure 13

G

<u>General EntryID structure</u> 15 <u>Global Identifier structure</u> 14 <u>Glossary</u> 7

Ι

<u>Implementer - security considerations</u> 143 <u>Index of security parameters</u> 143 <u>Informative references</u> 10 <u>Introduction</u> 7

L

Localization 11 LongTermID structure 15

Μ

<u>Message EntryID structure</u> 18 <u>Message ID structure</u> 14 <u>Messaging Object EntryID structure</u> 16

Ν

NNTP Newsgroup Folder EntryID structure 15 Normative references 9 Not restriction structures 116 NotRestriction structure 116 NotRestriction r structure 116

0

One-Off EntryID structure 22 Or restriction structures 115 OrRestriction structure 115 OrRestriction r structure 115 Overview (synopsis) 10

Ρ

Parameters - security index 143 Personal Distribution List EntryID structure 26 Product behavior 144 Property data types 96 Property error codes 80 Property name structures 85 Property restriction structures 119 Property tag array structures 95 Property value structures 108 Property values 96 PropertyName structure 86 PropertyProblem structure 87 PropertyRestriction structure 119

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Release: July 31, 2014

PropertyRestriction r structure 122 PropertyRow Example example 141 PropertyRow structures 88 PropertyRow r structure 89 PropertyRowSet structure 90 PropertyRowSet structures 90 PropertyRowSet r structure 90 PropertyTag structure 94 PropertyTagArray structure 95 PropertyTagArray r structure 95 PropertyValue structure 109 PropertyValue r structure 109

R

Recipient EntryID structures 22 RecipientFlags field 91 RecipientRow structure (section 2.8.3 90, section 2.8.3.2 92) References 9 informative 10 normative 9 Relationship to protocols and other structures 10 Restriction Example example 134 Restrictions 112

S

Security implementer considerations 143 parameter index 143 Size restriction structures 127 SizeRestriction structure 127 SizeRestriction r structure 128 SortOrder structure 132 SortOrderSet structure 133 StandardPropertyRow structure 88 Store Object EntryID structure 20 Structures Address Book EntryID structure 24 AddressEntry structure 12 AddressList structure 12 AddressList structures 12 And restriction structures 114 AndRestriction structure 114 AndRestriction r structure 114 Bitmask restriction structures 126 BitmaskRestriction structure 126 BitmaskRestriction r structure 126 CommentRestriction structure 131 Compare properties restriction structures 123 ComparePropertiesRestriction structure 123 ComparePropsRestriction r structure 125 Contact Address EntryID structure 25 Content restriction structures 116 ContentRestriction structure 117 ContentRestriction r structure 118 CountRestriction structure 131 EntryID and related types 13 EntryList structure 27 Exist restriction structures 129 **ExistRestriction structure 129**

ExistRestriction r structure 129 FlaggedPropertyRow structure 89 FlaggedPropertyValue structure 110 FlaggedPropertyValueWithType structure 111 Flat UID structures 84 FlatEntry structure 28 FlatEntryList structure 28 FlatUID structure 84 FlatUID r structure 85 Folder EntryID structure 17 Folder ID structure 13 General EntryID structure 15 Global Indentifier structure 14 LongTermID structure 15 Message EntryID structure 18 Message ID structure 14 Messaging Object EntryID structure 16 NNTP Newsgroup Folder EntryID structure 15 Not restriction structures 116 NotRestriction structure 116 NotRestriction r structure 116 One-Off EntryID structure 22 Or restriction structures 115 **OrRestriction structure 115** OrRestriction r structure 115 Personal Distribution List EntryID structure 26 Property name structures 85 Property restriction structures 119 Property tag array structures 95 Property value structures 108 PropertyName structure 86 PropertyName r structure 86 PropertyProblem structure 87 PropertyRestriction structure 119 PropertyRestriction r structure 122 PropertyRow structures 88 PropertyRow r structure 89 PropertyRowSet structure 90 PropertyRowSet structures 90 PropertyRowSet r structure 90 PropertyTag structure 94 PropertyTagArray structure 95 PropertyTagArray r structure 95 PropertyValue structure 109 PropertyValue r structure 109 Recipient EntryID structures 22 RecipientFlags field 91 RecipientRow structure (section 2.8.3 90, section 2.8.3.2 92) Restrictions 112 Size restriction structures 127 SizeRestriction structure 127 SizeRestriction r structure 128 SortOrder structure 132 SortOrderSet structure 133 StandardPropertyRow structure 88 Store Object EntryID structure 20 Subobject restriction structures 130 SubobjectRestriction structure 130 SubobjectRestriction r structure 130 Table sorting structures 132

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Release: July 31, 2014

TaggedPropertyValue structure 110 TypedPropertyValue structure 109 TypedString structure 111 Subobject restriction structures 130 SubobjectRestriction structure 130 SubobjectRestriction r structure 130

Т

Table sorting structures 132TaggedPropertyValue structure 110Tracking changes 146TypedPropertyValue structure 109TypedString structure 111

V

Vendor-extensible fields 11 Versioning 11

w

Warning codes 81

[MS-OXCDATA] — v20140721 Data Structures

Copyright © 2014 Microsoft Corporation.

Release: July 31, 2014