

## [MS-ECREST]:

# Skype for Business Event Channel REST Protocol

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## Revision Summary

Date	Revision History	Revision Class	Comments
3/30/2015	1.0	New	Released new document.

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# 1 Introduction

The Skype for Business Event Channel REST Protocol describes a mechanism which web applications can use to retrieve notifications about changes to resources.

Sections 1.8, 2, and 3 of this specification are normative and can contain the terms MAY, SHOULD, MUST, MUST NOT, and SHOULD NOT as defined in [\[RFC2119\]](#). Sections 1.5 and 1.9 are also normative but do not contain those terms. All other sections and examples in this specification are informative.

## 1.1 Glossary

The following terms are specific to this document:

**byte order mark:** A Unicode character that is used to indicate that text is encoded in UTF-8, UTF-16, or UTF-32.

**Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP):** An application-level protocol for distributed, collaborative, hypermedia information systems (text, graphic images, sound, video, and other multimedia files) on the World Wide Web.

**Hypertext Transfer Protocol over Secure Sockets Layer (HTTPS):** An extension of **HTTP** that securely encrypts and decrypts webpage requests.

**Uniform Resource Identifier (URI):** A string that identifies a resource. The URI is an addressing mechanism defined in Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) Uniform Resource Identifier (URI): Generic Syntax [\[RFC3986\]](#).

**XML namespace:** A collection of names that is used to identify elements, types, and attributes in XML documents identified in a URI reference [\[RFC3986\]](#). A combination of XML namespace and local name allows XML documents to use elements, types, and attributes that have the same names but come from different sources. For more information, see [\[XMLNS-2ED\]](#).

**XML namespace prefix:** An abbreviated form of an **XML namespace**, as described in [\[XML\]](#).

**XML schema:** A description of a type of XML document that is typically expressed in terms of constraints on the structure and content of documents of that type, in addition to the basic syntax constraints that are imposed by XML itself. An XML schema provides a view of a document type at a relatively high level of abstraction.

**MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT:** These terms (in all caps) are used as defined in [\[RFC2119\]](#). All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

## 1.2 References

### 1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact [dochelp@microsoft.com](mailto:dochelp@microsoft.com). We will assist you in finding the relevant information.

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt>

[RFC2616] Fielding, R., Gettys, J., Mogul, J., et al., "Hypertext Transfer Protocol -- HTTP/1.1", RFC 2616, June 1999, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2616.txt>

[RFC2818] Rescorla, E., "HTTP Over TLS", RFC 2818, May 2000, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2818.txt>

[XMLNS] Bray, T., Hollander, D., Layman, A., et al., Eds., "Namespaces in XML 1.0 (Third Edition)", W3C Recommendation, December 2009, <http://www.w3.org/TR/2009/REC-xml-names-20091208/>

[XMLSCHEMA1] Thompson, H., Beech, D., Maloney, M., and Mendelsohn, N., Eds., "XML Schema Part 1: Structures", W3C Recommendation, May 2001, <http://www.w3.org/TR/2001/REC-xmlschema-1-20010502/>

[XMLSCHEMA2] Biron, P.V., Ed. and Malhotra, A., Ed., "XML Schema Part 2: Datatypes", W3C Recommendation, May 2001, <http://www.w3.org/TR/2001/REC-xmlschema-2-20010502/>

### 1.2.2 Informative References

[MS-OAUTHWS] Microsoft Corporation, "[OC Authentication Web Service Protocol](#)".

[MS-OCDISCWS] Microsoft Corporation, "[Lync Autodiscover Web Service Protocol](#)".

[MS-OCSMP] Microsoft Corporation, "[Microsoft Online Conference Scheduling and Management Protocol](#)".

### 1.3 Overview

This protocol is used to receive events and other changes to resources that may happen even without any specific action taken by the web application. A typical scenario for this protocol is to detect new invitations to conversations, participants coming and going from conversations, and media being added or removed from a conversation.

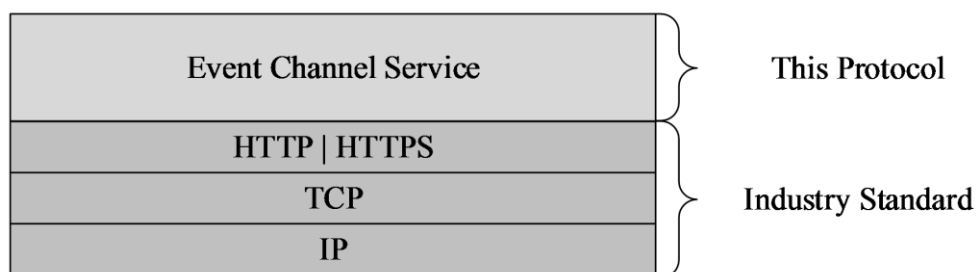
### 1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols

This protocol transmits request and response messages by using **HTTP**, as described in [\[RFC2616\]](#), or **Hypertext Transfer Protocol over Secure Sockets Layer (HTTPS)**, as described in [\[RFC2818\]](#).

Access to the Event Channel Web Service is discovered through the Lync Autodiscover Web Service. The discovery service protocol is described in the [\[MS-OCDISCWS\]](#) document.

This protocol is accessible to authenticated users, either directly via a client application or indirectly via a trusted server application. The authentication service protocols are described in the [\[MS-OAUTHWS\]](#) document.

The following diagram shows the underlying messaging and transport stack used by the protocol:



**Figure 1: This protocol in relation to other protocols**

## **1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions**

This protocol operates against a protocol server that is configured to listen for HTTP or HTTPS requests and a protocol client that knows the Request-URI of the protocol server.

## **1.6 Applicability Statement**

This protocol is applicable for the following scenarios:

- Using a UCWA API that has an asynchronous or non-blocking operation
- Working with conversations, participants, and media types within conversations
- Working with presence or other protocols that can produce events not caused by any specific action on behalf of the application.

## **1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation**

This document covers versioning issues in the area of supported transports. This protocol can use HTTP or HTTPS as a transport. For more information, see section [2.1](#).

## **1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields**

None.

## **1.9 Standards Assignments**

None.

## 2 Messages

### 2.1 Transport

The Event Channel protocol is like a RESTful protocol transported using HTTP, as specified in [\[RFC2616\]](#), or HTTPS, as specified in [\[RFC2818\]](#). The service SHOULD be served on ports 80 and 443 respectively, but MAY be served on other ports. For specific port information, please contact your service provider.

Protocol messages are text-based and MUST be UTF-8 encoded. Messages MUST NOT contain a **byte order mark**. The byte order mark is a Unicode character used to signal the byte order of a text file or stream.

### 2.2 Message Syntax

This section contains common definitions used by this protocol. The syntax of the definitions uses **XML schema** as defined in section [6](#).

#### 2.2.1 Namespaces

This specification defines and references various **XML namespaces** using the mechanisms specified in [\[XMLNS\]](#). Although this specification associates a specific **XML namespace prefix** for each XML namespace that is used, the choice of any particular XML namespace prefix is implementation-specific and not significant for interoperability.

Prefix	Namespace URI	Reference
xs	<a href="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema</a>	<a href="#">[XMLSCHEMA1]</a> <a href="#">[XMLSCHEMA2]</a>

#### 2.2.2 Common URI Parameters

The following table summarizes the set of common **URI** parameters defined by this specification.

URI Parameter	Description
ack	This parameter is added automatically to all URIs returned for the events service either by a GET on the application resource, or as the <b>next</b> link in an event response. The parameter and its value should be treated as opaque and should not be added or altered by the application.
timeout	The time in seconds that the HTTP GET request should block before timing out if no events are received. For desktop applications, a larger value such as 900 seconds may be appropriate.
medium	The aggregation interval for medium priority events in seconds. The default value is 5 seconds and is sufficient for most applications. Maximum value is 30 * 60 seconds.
low	The aggregation interval for low priority events in seconds. The default value is 15 seconds and is sufficient for most applications. Maximum value is 30 * 60 seconds.
priority	The priority of the request relative to other pending GET requests (P-GETS) with the same Ack ID. A higher priority requests replaces a lower priority request.



### 2.2.3 Complex Types

The following table summarizes the set of common XML schema complex type definitions defined by this specification. XML schema complex type definitions that are specific to a particular operation are described with the operation.

Complex Type	Description
EventsType	Contains event information being returned to the application.
EventType	A resource has been added, updated, deleted, started, or completed.

The complex types in this table reference the following types defined in [\[MS-OCSMP\]](#):

- ResourceType
- LinkType

#### 2.2.3.1 EventsType

The **EventsType** complex type is the top-level element that contains the event information returned on the event channel.

```
<xs:element name="events">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="link" type="tns:LinkType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
      <xs:element maxOccurs="unbounded" name="sender">
        <xs:complexType>
          <xs:sequence>
            <xs:choice maxOccurs="unbounded">
              <xs:element name="added" type="tns:EventType" />
              <xs:element name="updated" type="tns:EventType" />
              <xs:element name="deleted" type="tns:EventType" />
              <xs:element name="started" type="tns:EventType" />
              <xs:element name="completed" type="tns:EventType" />
            </xs:choice>
          </xs:sequence>
          <xs:attribute name="rel" type="xs:string" use="required" />
          <xs:attribute name="href" type="xs:string" use="required" />
        </xs:complexType>
      </xs:element>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:attribute name="href" type="xs:string" use="required" />
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
```

#### 2.2.3.2 EventType

The **EventType** complex type is included when a resource has been added, updated, deleted or an operation has started or completed.

```
<xs:complexType name="EventType">
  <xs:sequence minOccurs="0">
    <xs:element minOccurs="0" name="in">
      <xs:complexType>
```

```
        <xs:attribute name="rel" type="xs:string" use="required" />
        <xs:attribute name="href" type="xs:string" use="required" />
        <xs:attribute name="title" type="xs:string" use="required" />
    </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
<xs:element minOccurs="0" name="resource" type="tns:ResourceType">
</xs:element>
</xs:sequence>
<xs:attribute name="rel" type="xs:string" use="required" />
<xs:attribute name="href" type="xs:string" use="required" />
<xs:attribute name="title" type="xs:string" use="optional" />
<xs:attribute name="context" type="xs:string" use="optional" />

</xs:complexType>
```

#### 2.2.4 Attributes

This specification uses the "rel" and "href" attributes as specified in [\[MS-OCSMP\]](#).

#### 2.2.5 Common Data Structures

This specification uses the **ErrorType** data structure as specified in [\[MS-OCSMP\]](#).

## 3 Protocol Details

### 3.1 Server Details

The basic unit for operations in the Event Channel protocol is an Event. Applications will be able to discover changes to resources as well as the properties of a resource thus allowing applications to create a UI that is dynamically adjustable.

The entirety of the Event Channel will be accessible via the **HTTP** protocol. This protocol is exposed via the Unified Communications Web API (UCWA) web component of the protocol server.

#### 3.1.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to help explain how the protocol behaves. This specification does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this specification.

Web developers can use the Event Channel protocol to create web pages that react to changes to the communication and collaboration features of a protocol server.

##### 3.1.1.1 Introduction

An Event Channel Protocol client application first queries the autodiscovery service, as specified in [\[MS-OCDISCWS\]](#), to find the home server for the user that is associated with the application.

After the home server is located, an Event Channel client application interacts with the EventChannel server, using the **HTTP** protocol.

At the most basic level, an Event Channel client application communicates with the Event Channel server by sending HTTP requests (GET) to the service, which sends back HTTP responses. Each HTTP request that is sent to the Event Channel Protocol server includes the URL of a specific resource. The response typically includes links to related resources, in the form of URLs.

##### 3.1.1.2 Basic Concepts

The basic concepts described in [\[MS-OCSMP\]](#) apply to this protocol.

##### 3.1.2 Timers

None.

##### 3.1.3 Initialization

This protocol requires creating an application resource as a prerequisite to get the initial resource Uri.

##### 3.1.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

None.

### 3.1.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

Resource	Description
application	Represents one instance of an application that is run by a user on a specific device.
applications	Represents a factory in which individual application resources are created.
events	Represents a collection of event data for processing by the application.

#### 3.1.5.1 application

The application resource is described in [\[MS-OCSMP\]](#).

#### 3.1.5.2 applications

The applications resource is described in [\[MS-OCSMP\]](#).

#### 3.1.5.3 events

The events resource supports only the HTTP GET method to retrieve events waiting for the application.

Token	Media types	HTTP method
events	application/xml application/json	GET

Unlike other HTTP GET operations, a timeout can be specified and the GET will block until events are available or the timeout period is reached. For this reason, the event channel needs its own separate HTTP channel or queue because it needs to run independently of any other HTTP requests to change state at the server.

There should be at most one active GET request on the event channel at any time.

##### 3.1.5.3.1 Request Body

Request header	Usage	Value
Accept	Response content-type negotiation.	application/xml application/json

The request body SHOULD be empty.

##### 3.1.5.3.2 Response Body

Response header	Usage	Value
Content-type	Response content-type.	application/xml application/json

The response body will contain an **EventsType** data structure or an **ErrorType** data structure.

The response to this operation can result in the following status codes.

Status code	Description
400	Query parameters invalid or out of range.
401	Unauthorized
403	Forbidden
404	Subcode = ApplicationNotFound. The server application does not exist at all. The application should recreate the application using a POST request on the applications if it plans to continue running.
409	Subcode = PGet replaced. The client application submitted another HTTP GET with the same Uri causing the current one to be released. This may be an indication another instance of the application may be running if the application did not replace the request intentionally.
410	The requested resource is no longer available at the server and no forwarding address is known.
500	There is a general service failure at the http proxy or server.
502	There is an error routing the request or a dependent service is down.
503	Can be returned from the web proxy if the service is in maintenance mode.

### 3.1.5.3.3 Getting the next link

Upon receiving a successful response to the GET request, the application MUST extract the link given with **rel** attribute value equal to "next" for its next request to retrieve events. The Uri is to be treated as opaque and the ack uri parameter should be not interpreted or altered in any way. Additional query parameters can be appended however.

### 3.1.5.3.4 Basics of event processing

Events are grouped by the resource responsible for sending them. For example, the communication resource is responsible for sending updates for conversations, and conversations are responsible for sending conversation related events such as participants joining or leaving the conversation.

Events are guaranteed to arrive in an order that makes sense for processing organized by the same sender. You will not get a deleted event for a resource before you get the added event, and you won't get updated events for resources that haven't been added. Resources that contain others will be added first before their inner resources are added.

When receiving a deleted events for resources that contain other resources, the application should assume that the contained resources are also deleted. As an example, a deleted conversation means the participants are also deleted. You may not actually receive a delete event for each participant.

For each event type, you may receive a current snapshot of the resource that was updated embedded in the event information for common scenarios. This saves a network round trip to get the resource data by using an HTTP GET.

If you don't get the resource inline, you will get a link to the resource described by the event. The **rel** attribute can be used to find the resource as a link or an enclosed resource. Applications should be prepared for both cases.

For resources that are not always available, they will go through the sequence of being added, updated then deleted either explicitly or by its parent resource. Operations that are running are generally started, optionally updated, then at some point they complete either with success or failure. The events you get returned to the application are affected by aggregation algorithms at the server so you may not always see every event depending on the timing.

### **3.1.5.3.5 Event Aggregation**

Events are collected in a queue on the server as they arrive. However, to optimize processing and network traffic the server may consolidate two or events together in a process called aggregation. Events are generally aggregated when the net processing of the results of the single notification would be the same as the sequence that was aggregated.

Examples:

1. An added event followed by an updated event could be consolidated to a single added event with the current information about the resource.
2. Multiple updated events could be consolidated into one updated event with the most current information.
3. Started event followed by completed event happens on success, where on operation failure, only the completed event may be reported.

The aggregation behavior might lead to unexpected behaviors, such as apparently missing intermediate states of resources. You may see a resource transition from a "Disconnected" state to "Connected" without seeing "Connecting".

Similarly code that looks for a link only in an updated event may not work if it appears in the added event due to aggregation.

### **3.1.5.3.6 Posting another Event Channel request**

After processing, the data in the response to the GET request the application should post another GET to get the next batch of events using the next link from the most recent response potentially adding optional parameters other than ack to the URI as needed. The most common parameter to add to the Uri is the timeout parameter.

### **3.1.5.3.7 Detecting query synchronization issues**

If the server application is active and the client sends a request using a Uri that is out of order (lower than the earliest one that the server has, or higher than the latest one), the response will consist of a single link with rel="resync". Following the link will give the client the first unacknowledged event set.

Such a response usually indicates the presence of a client application bug, which should never occur in normal operation.

The client application should be prepared to see the resync link in any response. If the client application receives such a link, the correct action for it is to clear the caches for all transient data (including active conversations and subscriptions) and refetch the needed data.

## **3.1.6 Timer Events**

None.

## **3.1.7 Other Local Events**

None.

## 4 Protocol Examples

### 4.1 Creating application

Before using the Event Channel Protocol, it is necessary to create an application resource and get the events resource Uri in the response.

#### 4.1.1 HTTP Request

```
POST https://ext.vdomain.com:4443/ucwa/oauth/v1/applications HTTP/1.1
User-Agent: UcwaClient/1.0
Authorization: Bearer cwt=AAEBHAEFAAAAAAFAFFQAAAPmQRuRgha2wB2cEg...
Accept: application/xml
Content-Type: application/xml
Host: ext.vdomain.com:4443
Content-Length: 316
Expect: 100-continue
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<input xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/rtc/2012/03/ucwa">
<property name="culture">en-US</property>
<property name="endpointId">e80dc357-19bb-418d-93bf-1ecb5135d43f</property>
<property name="userAgent">UcwaClient/1.0</property>
<property name="type">Phone</property>
</input>
```

#### 4.1.2 HTTP Response

```
HTTP/1.1 201 Created
Cache-Control: private
Via: 1.1 accessproxy.vdomain.com RtcExt
Content-Length: 5063
Content-Type: application/xml; charset=utf-8
Expires: Thu, 22 Jan 2015 06:43:24 GMT
ETag: "766942815"
X-MS-Server-Fqdn: SERVER.vdomain.com
X-MS-Correlation-Id: 2147483652
client-request-id: 13efd9fe-d041-4729-af67-9f97abb81a18
X-MS-Correlation-Id: 2147483679
client-request-id: bfca11b-6cb2-44f2-9f56-6569e15c643b
Strict-Transport-Security: max-age=31536000; includeSubDomains
Date: Wed, 21 Jan 2015 22:43:23 GMT
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<resource rel="application" href="/ucwa/oauth/v1/applications/211177894191"
xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/rtc/2012/03/ucwa">
  <link rel="policies" href="/ucwa/oauth/v1/applications/211177894191/policies"
/><link rel="batch" href="/ucwa/oauth/v1/applications/211177894191/batch" />
  <link rel="events" href="/ucwa/oauth/v1/applications/211177894191/events?ack=1" />
  <property name="culture">en-US</property>
  <property name="userAgent">UcwaClient/1.0</property>
  <property name="type">Phone</property><property name="etag">766942815</property>
<!-- Other content removed for clarity -->
</resource>
```

### 4.2 Getting event data

In this example, a protocol client sends a request to the protocol server to make changes on the server, such as the status of some background operations it requested earlier.

## 4.2.1 HTTP Request

```
GET
https://ext.vdomain.com:4443/ucwa/oauth/v1/applications/211177894191/events?ack=1&time
out=900 HTTP/1.1
User-Agent: UcwaClient/1.0
Authorization: Bearer cwt=AAEBHAEFAAAAAAAFFQAAAPmQRuRgha2wB2cEg...
Accept: multipart/related; type="application/xml", multipart/related,
multipart/alternative, multipart/batching
Host: ext.vdomain.com:4443
```

## 4.2.2 HTTP Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Cache-Control: no-cache
Via: 1.1 accessproxy.vdomain.com RtcExt
Content-Length: 4145
Content-Type: multipart/related; type="application/xml"; charset=utf-8;
boundary=3c589cb8-79df-4104-a39c-f4e03d2f2993
X-MS-Server-Fqdn: SERVER.vdomain.com
X-MS-Correlation-Id: 2147483653
client-request-id: 270cdbcf-da3a-4230-ad44-e880cfe2f58a
X-MS-Correlation-Id: 2147483680
client-request-id: 4a98d3e3-a561-4a07-acf9-89289788f33d
Strict-Transport-Security: max-age=31536000; includeSubDomains
Date: Wed, 21 Jan 2015 22:43:25 GMT
--3c589cb8-79df-4104-a39c-f4e03d2f2993
Content-Type: application/xml; charset=utf-8
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<events href="/ucwa/oauth/v1/applications/211177894191/events?ack=1"
xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/rtc/2012/03/ucwa">
  <link rel="next" href="/ucwa/oauth/v1/applications/211177894191/events?ack=2" />
  <sender rel="communication"
href="/ucwa/oauth/v1/applications/211177894191/communication">
    <started rel="phoneAudioInvitation"
href="/ucwa/oauth/v1/applications/211177894191/communication/phoneAudioInvitations/aa9
1df7425864b94b25aaf1206f1e795">
      <resource rel="phoneAudioInvitation"
href="/ucwa/oauth/v1/applications/211177894191/communication/phoneAudioInvitations/aa9
1df7425864b94b25aaf1206f1e795">
        <link rel="from"
href="/ucwa/oauth/v1/applications/211177894191/communication/conversations/89938156-
c927-4f1c-ala2-e99178f0056f/participants/ucwaovbvtuser5@ucwatenant.com"
title="UcwaOVbvtUser5" />
        <link rel="to"
href="/ucwa/oauth/v1/applications/211177894191/people/ucwaovbvtuser2@ucwatenant.com"
/>
        <link rel="cancel"
href="/ucwa/oauth/v1/applications/211177894191/communication/conversations/89938156-
c927-4f1c-ala2-e99178f0056f/phoneAudio/terminate" />
        <link rel="conversation"
href="/ucwa/oauth/v1/applications/211177894191/communication/conversations/89938156-
c927-4f1c-ala2-e99178f0056f" />
        <link rel="phoneAudio"
href="/ucwa/oauth/v1/applications/211177894191/communication/conversations/89938156-
c927-4f1c-ala2-e99178f0056f/phoneAudio" />
        <property name="direction">Outgoing</property><property
name="importance">Normal</property>
        <property name="threadId">AdA1y6o9qIkpVdAlDE6j6U1YN46JpA==</property>
        <property name="state">Connecting</property>
        <property
name="operationId">8eb90e4aa1874134b89dac298d458d20</property>
```



```

        <property name="subject">OV Call</property>
      </resource>
    </started>

  </sender>

</events>
--3c589cb8-79df-4104-a39c-f4e03d2f2993--

```

### 4.3 Using resync Uri

If the server detects that an application may not be using the correct request URI to retrieve the event information, it will return URI that the application can use to get the most recent event information.

In normal operation, applications should not be receiving a response as shown in this example. It usually indicates a design issue in the protocol client. If the protocol client cannot retrieve event information using the URI in the response of this type, it should discontinue use of this protocol and report an error to the user so the protocol client can be updated.

The protocol client needs to prevent infinite loops retrying event information retrievals based on this response.

#### 4.3.1 HTTP Response

```

HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Cache-Control: no-cache
Via: 1.1 accessproxy.vdomain.com RtcExt
Content-Length: 397
Content-Type: multipart/related; type="application/xml"; charset=utf-8;
boundary=819a8d69-873f-4983-a053-761092a07fe5
X-MS-Server-Fqdn: SERVER.vdomain.com
X-MS-Correlation-Id: 2147494723
client-request-id: 095486ef-0b34-47bc-8508-dd1067c13182
X-MS-Correlation-Id: 2147488427
client-request-id: 71adb7b7-0939-4a7e-a4a7-alb9174ca373
Strict-Transport-Security: max-age=31536000; includeSubDomains
Date: Tue, 27 Jan 2015 21:26:41 GMT
--819a8d69-873f-4983-a053-761092a07fe5
Content-Type: application/xml; charset=utf-8
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<events href="/ucwa/oauth/v1/applications/211618385292/events?ack=999"
  xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/rtc/2012/03/ucwa">
  <link rel="resync" href="/ucwa/oauth/v1/applications/211618385292/events?ack=1" />
</events>
--819a8d69-873f-4983-a053-761092a07fe5--

```

### 4.4 Error information in event data

For operations requests by the application, errors can be returned through the event channel as shown in the protocol example in this section.

The **reason** element contains additional information about the failure. The **reason** element is an **ErrorType** complex type as described in [\[MS-OCSMP\]](#).

#### 4.4.1 HTTP Response

```

HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Cache-Control: no-cache
Via: 1.1 accessproxy.vdomain.com RtcExt
Content-Length: 2593

```

Content-Type: multipart/related; type="application/xml"; charset=utf-8;  
boundary=c22ef9f5-7d38-4738-b58c-33c0198092b8  
X-Ms-Namespace: internal  
X-MS-Server-Fqdn: SERVER.vdomain.com  
X-MS-Correlation-Id: 2147485978  
client-request-id: 2935cf79-4d47-452f-9353-3fa339c4ee23  
X-MS-Correlation-Id: 2147484766  
client-request-id: d3ae0ef7-bb53-4e02-81ab-d991ff2ae56e  
Strict-Transport-Security: max-age=31536000; includeSubDomains  
Date: Tue, 24 Mar 2015 15:18:25 GMT  
--c22ef9f5-7d38-4738-b58c-33c0198092b8  
Content-Type: application/xml; charset=utf-8  
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>  
<events href="/ucwa/v1/applications/211997960415/events?ack=2"  
xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/rtc/2012/03/ucwa">  
 <link rel="next" href="/ucwa/v1/applications/211997960415/events?ack=3" />  
 <sender rel="conversation"  
href="/ucwa/v1/applications/211997960415/communication/conversations/b91f0532-8753-4ac3-903b-bf348152941f">  
 <updated rel="phoneAudio"  
href="/ucwa/v1/applications/211997960415/communication/conversations/b91f0532-8753-4ac3-903b-bf348152941f/phoneAudio">  
 <resource rel="phoneAudio"  
href="/ucwa/v1/applications/211997960415/communication/conversations/b91f0532-8753-4ac3-903b-bf348152941f/phoneAudio">  
 <link rel="conversation"  
href="/ucwa/v1/applications/211997960415/communication/conversations/b91f0532-8753-4ac3-903b-bf348152941f" />  
 <property name="state">Disconnected</property>  
 </resource>  
 </updated>  
 </sender>  
 <sender rel="communication" href="/ucwa/v1/applications/211997960415/communication">  
 <completed rel="phoneAudioInvitation"  
href="/ucwa/v1/applications/211997960415/communication/phoneAudioInvitations/bb5bc96fa8ac4ae3b107458d43c9bab6">  
 <status>Failure</status>  
 <resource rel="phoneAudioInvitation"  
href="/ucwa/v1/applications/211997960415/communication/phoneAudioInvitations/bb5bc96fa8ac4ae3b107458d43c9bab6">  
 <link rel="from"  
href="/ucwa/v1/applications/211997960415/communication/conversations/b91f0532-8753-4ac3-903b-bf348152941f/participants/ucwavoicuser1@ucwatenant.com"  
title="UcwaVoiceUser1" />  
 <link rel="to"  
href="/ucwa/v1/applications/211997960415/people/ucwavoicuser2@ucwatenant.com" />  
 <link rel="conversation"  
href="/ucwa/v1/applications/211997960415/communication/conversations/b91f0532-8753-4ac3-903b-bf348152941f" />  
 <link rel="phoneAudio"  
href="/ucwa/v1/applications/211997960415/communication/conversations/b91f0532-8753-4ac3-903b-bf348152941f/phoneAudio" />  
 <property name="direction">Outgoing</property>  
 <property name="importance">Normal</property>  
 <property name="threadId">AdBmRcVtEWu8Cs/j9U2epOB9qD8W0w==</property>  
 <property name="state">Failed</property>  
 <property name="operationId">d7e16f11ea284661aee43202d3f6e0a</property>  
 </resource>  
 <reason xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"  
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">  
 <code>LocalFailure</code>  
 <subcode>PstnCallFailed</subcode>

```
<message>The call could not be completed. Please check your number and try
again.</message>
  <parameters />
</reason>
</completed>
</sender>
</events>
--c22ef9f5-7d38-4738-b58c-33c0198092b8--
```

## **5 Security**

### **5.1 Security Considerations for Implementers**

None.

### **5.2 Index of Security Parameters**

None.

## 6 Appendix A: Full XML Schema

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<xs:schema
  targetNamespace="http://schemas.microsoft.com/rtc/2012/03/ucwa"
  xmlns:tns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/rtc/2012/03/ucwa"
  xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  elementFormDefault="qualified"
  attributeFormDefault="unqualified">

  <xs:element name="input" type="tns:InputType" />
  <xs:element name="resource" type="tns:ResourceType" />
  <xs:element name="reason" type="tns:ErrorType" />
  <!-- REQUEST-type ELEMENT -->
  <xs:complexType name="InputType">
    <xs:choice minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
      <xs:element name="property" type="tns:PropertyType"/>
      <xs:element name="propertyList" type="tns:CollectionType"/>
    </xs:choice>
    <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##other" processContents="lax"/>
  </xs:complexType>
  <!-- RESPONSE-type ELEMENT -->
  <xs:complexType name="ResourceType">
    <xs:choice minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
      <xs:element name="link" type="tns:LinkType" />
      <xs:element name="property" type="tns:PropertyType" />
      <xs:element name="propertyList" type="tns:CollectionType" />
      <xs:element name="resource" type="tns:EmbeddedResourceType" />
    </xs:choice>
    <!-- The URI of the resource itself -->
    <xs:attribute name="href" type="xs:anyURI" use="required"/>
    <xs:attribute name="rel" type="xs:string" use="optional" />
    <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##other" processContents="lax"/>
  </xs:complexType>
  <!-- EMBEDDED-RESOURCE ELEMENT -->
  <xs:complexType name="EmbeddedResourceType">
    <xs:complexContent>
      <xs:extension base="tns:ResourceType">
        <!-- The rel of the embedded resource itself -->
        <xs:attribute name="rel" type="xs:string" use="required"/>
        <xs:attribute name="etag" type="xs:string" use="optional"/>
      </xs:extension>
    </xs:complexContent>
  </xs:complexType>
  <!-- LINK ELEMENT -->
  <xs:complexType name="LinkType">
    <!-- The relationship type of the related resource -->
    <xs:attribute name="rel" type="xs:string" use="required"/>
    <xs:attribute name="href" type="xs:anyURI" use="required"/>
    <xs:attribute name="etag" type="xs:anyURI" use="optional"/>
    <xs:attribute name="title" type="xs:anyURI" use="optional"/>
    <xs:attribute name="revision" type="xs:unsignedByte" use="optional" default="1"/>
    <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##other" processContents="lax"/>
  </xs:complexType>
  <!-- PROPERTY ELEMENT -->
  <xs:complexType name="PropertyType">
    <xs:simpleContent>
      <xs:extension base="xs:string">
        <!-- The name of the property -->
        <xs:attribute name="name" type="xs:string" use="required"/>
        <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##other" processContents="lax"/>
      </xs:extension>
    </xs:simpleContent>
  </xs:complexType>

```

```

    </xs:simpleContent>
</xs:complexType>
<!-- COLLECTION (ARRAY, VECTOR) ELEMENT -->
<xs:complexType name="CollectionType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="item" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
  </xs:sequence>
  <!-- The name of the property -->
  <xs:attribute name="name" type="xs:string" use="required"/>
  <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##other" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>
<!-- ERROR ELEMENT -->
<xs:complexType name="ErrorType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="link" type="tns:LinkType" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"
/>
    <xs:element name="code" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
    <xs:element name="subcode" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
    <xs:element name="message" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
    <xs:element name="debugInfo" type="tns:ErrorDebugInfoType" minOccurs="0"
maxOccurs="1" />
    <xs:element name="parameters" type="tns:ErrorParametersType" minOccurs="0"
maxOccurs="1" />
  </xs:sequence>
  <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##other" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>
<!-- ERROR PARAMETERS ELEMENT -->
<xs:complexType name="ErrorParametersType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="property" type="tns:PropertyType" minOccurs="0"
maxOccurs="unbounded" />
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<!-- ERROR DEBUG INFO ELEMENT -->
<xs:complexType name="ErrorDebugInfoType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="property" type="tns:PropertyType" minOccurs="0"
maxOccurs="unbounded" />
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="EventType">
  <xs:sequence minOccurs="0">
    <xs:element minOccurs="0" name="in">
      <xs:complexType>
        <xs:attribute name="rel" type="xs:string" use="required" />
        <xs:attribute name="href" type="xs:string" use="required" />
        <xs:attribute name="title" type="xs:string" use="required" />
      </xs:complexType>
    </xs:element>
    <xs:element minOccurs="0" name="resource" type="tns:ResourceType">
      </xs:element>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:attribute name="rel" type="xs:string" use="required" />
    <xs:attribute name="href" type="xs:string" use="required" />
    <xs:attribute name="title" type="xs:string" use="optional" />
    <xs:attribute name="context" type="xs:string" use="optional" />
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:element name="events">
    <xs:complexType>
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="link" type="tns:LinkType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />

```

```
<xs:element maxOccurs="unbounded" name="sender">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:choice maxOccurs="unbounded">
        <xs:element name="added" type="tns:EventType" />
        <xs:element name="updated" type="tns:EventType" />
        <xs:element name="deleted" type="tns:EventType" />
        <xs:element name="started" type="tns:EventType" />
        <xs:element name="completed" type="tns:EventType" />
      </xs:choice>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:attribute name="rel" type="xs:string" use="required" />
    <xs:attribute name="href" type="xs:string" use="required" />
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
<xs:attribute name="href" type="xs:string" use="required" />
</xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
</xs:schema>
```

## 7 Appendix B: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include released service packs.

- Skype for Business

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. If a service pack or Quick Fix Engineering (QFE) number appears with the product version, behavior changed in that service pack or QFE. The new behavior also applies to subsequent service packs of the product unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms SHOULD or SHOULD NOT implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term MAY implies that the product does not follow the prescription.



## 8 Change Tracking

No table of changes is available. The document is either new or has had no changes since its last release.

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