**[MS-E911WS]:**

**Web Service for E911 Support Protocol**

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# Introduction

Web Service for E911 Support Protocol specifies the Web Service for E911 Support Protocol interface that is used by protocol clients to retrieve locations associated with network identifiers, or locations within a city. A location is a civic address with up to room-level granularity. The network identifiers that can be specified are the Wireless Access Point, Received Signal Strength Indication, Media Access Control Address, Chassis, Port, Subnet, and Internet Protocol Address.

Sections 1.5, 1.8, 1.9, 2, and 3 of this specification are normative. All other sections and examples in this specification are informative.

## Glossary

This document uses the following terms:

**authentication**: The act of proving an identity to a server while providing key material that binds the identity to subsequent communications.

**binary large object (BLOB)**: A discrete packet of data that is stored in a database and is treated as a sequence of uninterpreted bytes.

**certificate**: A certificate is a collection of attributes and extensions that can be stored persistently. The set of attributes in a certificate can vary depending on the intended usage of the certificate. A certificate securely binds a public key to the entity that holds the corresponding private key. A certificate is commonly used for [**authentication**](#gt_8e961bf0-95ba-4f58-9034-b67ccb27f317) and secure exchange of information on open networks, such as the Internet, extranets, and intranets. Certificates are digitally signed by the issuing certification authority (CA) and can be issued for a user, a computer, or a service. The most widely accepted format for certificates is defined by the ITU-T X.509 version 3 international standards. For more information about attributes and extensions, see [[RFC3280]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=90414) and [[X509]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=90590) sections 7 and 8.

**endpoint**: A device that is connected to a computer network.

**fully qualified domain name (FQDN)**: An unambiguous domain name that gives an absolute location in the Domain Name System's (DNS) hierarchy tree, as defined in [[RFC1035]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=90264) section 3.1 and [[RFC2181]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=127732) section 11.

**Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP)**: An application-level protocol for distributed, collaborative, hypermedia information systems (text, graphic images, sound, video, and other multimedia files) on the World Wide Web.

**Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure (HTTPS)**: An extension of HTTP that securely encrypts and decrypts web page requests. In some older protocols, "Hypertext Transfer Protocol over Secure Sockets Layer" is still used (Secure Sockets Layer has been deprecated). For more information, see [[SSL3]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=90534) and [[RFC5246]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=129803).

**Kerberos**: An [**authentication**](#gt_8e961bf0-95ba-4f58-9034-b67ccb27f317) system that enables two parties to exchange private information across an otherwise open network by assigning a unique key (called a ticket) to each user that logs on to the network and then embedding these tickets into messages sent by the users. For more information, see [[MS-KILE]](%5BMS-KILE%5D.pdf#Section_2a32282edd484ad9a542609804b02cc9).

**NT LAN Manager (NTLM) Authentication Protocol**: A protocol using a challenge-response mechanism for [**authentication**](#gt_8e961bf0-95ba-4f58-9034-b67ccb27f317) in which clients are able to verify their identities without sending a password to the server. It consists of three messages, commonly referred to as Type 1 (negotiation), Type 2 (challenge) and Type 3 (authentication).

**presence information**: A set of metadata for a client device, including IP address, port, and connection status.

**Presence Information Data Format (PIDF)**: A common data format defined in [[RFC3863]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=90446) to exchange presence information.

**public safety answering point (PSAP)**: A call center that is responsible for answering calls to a telephone number for an emergency service and, in some cases, dispatching that service.

**Secure Sockets Layer (SSL)**: A security protocol that supports confidentiality and integrity of messages in client and server applications that communicate over open networks. SSL supports server and, optionally, client [**authentication**](#gt_8e961bf0-95ba-4f58-9034-b67ccb27f317) using X.509 certificates [X509] and [[RFC5280]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=131034). SSL is superseded by [**Transport Layer Security (TLS)**](#gt_f2bc7fed-7e02-4fa5-91b3-97f5c978563a). TLS version 1.0 is based on SSL version 3.0 [SSL3].

**Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)**: An application-layer control (signaling) protocol for creating, modifying, and terminating sessions with one or more participants. [**SIP**](#gt_586971aa-3b65-4de3-be93-1a9756777d89) is defined in [[RFC3261]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=90410).

**SOAP**: A lightweight protocol for exchanging structured information in a decentralized, distributed environment. [**SOAP**](#gt_c1c313af-2310-4380-a6ea-c2cedc115958) uses XML technologies to define an extensible messaging framework, which provides a message construct that can be exchanged over a variety of underlying protocols. The framework has been designed to be independent of any particular programming model and other implementation-specific semantics. SOAP 1.2 supersedes SOAP 1.1. See [[SOAP1.2-1/2003]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=90521).

**SOAP body**: A container for the payload data being delivered by a [**SOAP message**](#gt_96185df3-4677-478c-b239-f72fcf514c59) to its recipient. See [[SOAP1.2-1/2007]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=94664) section 5.3 for more information.

**SOAP envelope**: A container for [**SOAP message**](#gt_96185df3-4677-478c-b239-f72fcf514c59) information and the root element of a [**SOAP**](#gt_c1c313af-2310-4380-a6ea-c2cedc115958) document. See [SOAP1.2-1/2007] section 5.1 for more information.

**SOAP message**: An XML document consisting of a mandatory [**SOAP envelope**](#gt_3cfba24a-8d9e-4cb3-8110-fc9147c76a0e), an optional SOAP header, and a mandatory [**SOAP body**](#gt_57cdf8ab-8d79-462d-a446-5d85632a7a04). See [SOAP1.2-1/2007] section 5 for more information.

**Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)**: A protocol used with the Internet Protocol (IP) to send data in the form of message units between computers over the Internet. TCP handles keeping track of the individual units of data (called packets) that a message is divided into for efficient routing through the Internet.

**Transport Layer Security (TLS)**: A security protocol that supports confidentiality and integrity of messages in client and server applications communicating over open networks. TLS supports server and, optionally, client authentication by using X.509 certificates (as specified in [X509]). TLS is standardized in the IETF TLS working group.

**type-length-value (TLV)**: A method of organizing data that involves a Type code (16-bit), a specified length of a Value field (16-bit), and the data in the Value field (variable).

**Uniform Resource Identifier (URI)**: A string that identifies a resource. The URI is an addressing mechanism defined in Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) Uniform Resource Identifier (URI): Generic Syntax [[RFC3986]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=90453).

**Uniform Resource Locator (URL)**: A string of characters in a standardized format that identifies a document or resource on the World Wide Web. The format is as specified in [[RFC1738]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=90287).

**Web Services Description Language (WSDL)**: An XML format for describing network services as a set of endpoints that operate on messages that contain either document-oriented or procedure-oriented information. The operations and messages are described abstractly and are bound to a concrete network protocol and message format in order to define an endpoint. Related concrete endpoints are combined into abstract endpoints, which describe a network service. WSDL is extensible, which allows the description of endpoints and their messages regardless of the message formats or network protocols that are used.

**WSDL message**: An abstract, typed definition of the data that is communicated during a WSDL operation [[WSDL]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=90577). Also, an element that describes the data being exchanged between web service providers and clients.

**XML namespace**: A collection of names that is used to identify elements, types, and attributes in XML documents identified in a URI reference [RFC3986]. A combination of XML namespace and local name allows XML documents to use elements, types, and attributes that have the same names but come from different sources. For more information, see [[XMLNS-2ED]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=90602).

**XML namespace prefix**: An abbreviated form of an [**XML namespace**](#gt_485f05b3-df3b-45ac-b8bf-d05f5d185a24), as described in [[XML]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=90598).

**XML schema**: A description of a type of XML document that is typically expressed in terms of constraints on the structure and content of documents of that type, in addition to the basic syntax constraints that are imposed by XML itself. An XML schema provides a view of a document type at a relatively high level of abstraction.

**MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT:** These terms (in all caps) are used as defined in [[RFC2119]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=90317). All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

## References

Links to a document in the Microsoft Open Specifications library point to the correct section in the most recently published version of the referenced document. However, because individual documents in the library are not updated at the same time, the section numbers in the documents may not match. You can confirm the correct section numbering by checking the [Errata](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?linkid=850906).

### Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact dochelp@microsoft.com. We will assist you in finding the relevant information.

[IEEE802.1AB] Congdon, P., Ed. and Lane, B., Ed., "Station and Media Access Control Connectivity Discovery", April 2005, [http://www.ieee802.org/1/pages/802.1ab.html](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=185266)

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[XMLSCHEMA1/2] Thompson, H., Beech, D., Maloney, M., and Mendelsohn, N., Eds., "XML Schema Part 1: Structures Second Edition", W3C Recommendation, October 2004, [http://www.w3.org/TR/2004/REC-xmlschema-1-20041028/](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=90607)

[XMLSCHEMA2/2] Biron, P., and Malhotra, A., Eds., "XML Schema Part 2: Datatypes Second Edition", W3C Recommendation, October 2004, [http://www.w3.org/TR/2004/REC-xmlschema-2-20041028/](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=90609)

### Informative References

[MS-NLMP] Microsoft Corporation, "[NT LAN Manager (NTLM) Authentication Protocol](%5BMS-NLMP%5D.pdf#Section_b38c36ed28044868a9ff8dd3182128e4)".

[MS-OCAUTHWS] Microsoft Corporation, "[OC Authentication Web Service Protocol](%5BMS-OCAUTHWS%5D.pdf#Section_63749828ab8d4b24941cb11985d854c5)".

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[RFC4559] Jaganathan, K., Zhu, L., and Brezak, J., "SPNEGO-based Kerberos and NTLM HTTP Authentication in Microsoft Windows", RFC 4559, June 2006, [http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc4559.txt](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=90483)

## Overview

This protocol is used to retrieve the locations based on network identifiers, or based on city.

This protocol specifies a request that contains the network identifiers for which locations need to be retrieved. The response contains the response status and, if the request is processed successfully, the locations that are most appropriate for the network identifiers specified. This protocol also specifies another request that contains the city, state, and country/region for which locations need to be retrieved. The response contains the response status and, if the request is processed successfully, the locations in that city, state, and country/region.

This protocol is defined as a Web service. This protocol specifies the structure of the schema used to construct the body in the request and response messages. This protocol uses [**Simple Object Access Protocol (SOAP)**](#gt_c1c313af-2310-4380-a6ea-c2cedc115958), as described in [[SOAP1.1]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=90520), and [**Web Services Description Language (WSDL)**](#gt_5a824664-0858-4b09-b852-83baf4584efa), as described in [[WSDL]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=90577) to describe the structure of the message body. The full WSDL is included in section [6](#Section_d0a4627af6b3453fa5cc0e526f13c3ed).

## Relationship to Other Protocols

This protocol uses [**SOAP**](#gt_c1c313af-2310-4380-a6ea-c2cedc115958) over [**Hypertext Transfer Protocol over Secure Sockets Layer (HTTPS)**](#gt_9239bd88-9747-44a6-83a6-473f53f175a7), as described in [[RFC2818]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=90383), as shown in the following layering diagram.



Figure 1: This protocol in relation to other protocols

## Prerequisites/Preconditions

For a protocol client that uses this protocol with a protocol server, it is assumed that the protocol server has an operational SOAP1.1/HTTP1.1 /TCP/IP stack. It is also assumed that the protocol client has the [**fully qualified domain name (FQDN)**](#gt_1769aec9-237e-44ed-9014-1abb3ec6de6e) of the protocol server to which the protocol client will connect. The protocol client can obtain the FQDN of the protocol server via a different channel, for example, the [**Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)**](#gt_586971aa-3b65-4de3-be93-1a9756777d89) signaling channel. The protocol server also requires that the protocol client be able to negotiate [**Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP)**](#gt_d72f1494-4917-4e9e-a9fd-b8f1b2758dcd) over [**Transport Layer Security (TLS)**](#gt_f2bc7fed-7e02-4fa5-91b3-97f5c978563a) to establish the connection.

## Applicability Statement

This protocol is designed so that a client can acquire the location that can be passed on with an E911(Enhanced 911 call with location information in it) call, so that a [**public safety answering point (PSAP)**](#gt_5f6ee723-68b9-402e-baa0-539acf58653a) can dispatch emergency help to the correct destination. The locations returned can also be used by the client to publish [**presence information**](#gt_24e7ee82-3319-47a4-ae7d-5b3607bf1604).

## Versioning and Capability Negotiation

None.

## Vendor-Extensible Fields

None.

## Standards Assignments

None.

# Messages

## Transport

This protocol uses [**SOAP**](#gt_c1c313af-2310-4380-a6ea-c2cedc115958), as specified in [[SOAP1.1]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=90520), over [**HTTPS**](#gt_9239bd88-9747-44a6-83a6-473f53f175a7) as specified in section [1.4](#Section_110aee7202484efb93269063cd76eb28). The protocol uses the security model described in section 5.[<1>](#Appendix_A_1" \o "Product behavior note 1)

## Common Message Syntax

This section contains common definitions that are used by this protocol. The syntax of the definitions uses [**XML schema**](#gt_bd0ce6f9-c350-4900-827e-951265294067), as specified in [[XMLSCHEMA1/2]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=90607) and [[XMLSCHEMA2/2]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=90609), and [**WSDL**](#gt_5a824664-0858-4b09-b852-83baf4584efa), as specified in [[WSDL]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=90577).

### Namespaces

This specification defines and references various [**XML namespaces**](#gt_485f05b3-df3b-45ac-b8bf-d05f5d185a24) using the mechanisms specified in [[XMLNS]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=191840). Although this specification associates a specific [**XML namespace prefix**](#gt_b9a20be7-31d9-4dcd-9cb9-ba72302857a2) for each XML namespace that is used, the choice of any particular XML namespace prefix is implementation-specific and not significant for interoperability.

| **Prefix** | **Namespace URI** | **Reference** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| soap | http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap | [[SOAP1.1]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=90520) |
| xsd | http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema | [[XMLSCHEMA1/2]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=90607), [[XMLSCHEMA2/2]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=90609) |
| http | http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/http | [[RFC2616]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=90372) |
| ca | urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:pidf:geopriv10:civicAddr | [[RFC5139]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=185259) |
| pidf | urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:pidf | [[RFC3863]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=90446) |
| wsaw | http://www.w3.org/2006/05/addressing/wsdl | [[WSA1.0]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=145131) |
| wsdl | http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl | [[WSDL]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=90577) |
| tns | urn:schema:Microsoft.Rtc.WebComponent.Lis.2010 |  |

### Messages

None.

### Elements

The following table summarizes the set of common [**XML schema**](#gt_bd0ce6f9-c350-4900-827e-951265294067) element definitions defined by this specification. XML schema element definitions that are specific to a particular operation are described with the operation.

| **Element** | **Description** |
| --- | --- |
| **Entity** | The [**Uniform Resource Identifier (URI)**](#gt_e18af8e8-01d7-4f91-8a1e-0fb21b191f95) that the Location Object returned in the [**Presence Information Data Format (PIDF)**](#gt_aa7ff161-0020-4087-a275-6439067cdbec) document references. |
| **ReturnCode** | The return code indicating whether the request succeeded or the reason for failure. |
| **presenceList** | List of **pidf:presence** elements each containing a **location** object. |

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#### Entity

The **Entity** element contains the [**Uniform Resource Identifier (URI)**](#gt_e18af8e8-01d7-4f91-8a1e-0fb21b191f95) that the Location Object returned in the [**Presence Information Data Format (PIDF)**](#gt_aa7ff161-0020-4087-a275-6439067cdbec) document references. It is expected to be the URI of the user making the Web service request.

The schema for this element is as follows:

1. <xsd:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="Entity" type="tns:restrictedAnyURI" />

#### ReturnCode

The **ReturnCode** element contains the return code in the response, indicating whether the request succeeded or the reason for failure.

The schema for this element is as follows:

1. <xsd:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="ReturnCode" type="tns:ReturnCodeType" />

The **ReturnCodeType** type and each of the values it can take are described in section 2.2.5.1.

#### presenceList

The **presenceList** element contains the list of **pidf:presence** elements in the response, each of which contains a **location** object.

The schema for this element is as follows:

1. <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="presenceList" type="tns:presenceListType" />

The **presenceListType** type is described in section 2.2.4.1.

### Complex Types

The following table summarizes the set of common [**XML schema**](#gt_bd0ce6f9-c350-4900-827e-951265294067) complex type definitions defined by this specification. XML schema complex type definitions that are specific to a particular operation are described with the operation.

| Complex type | Description |
| --- | --- |
| **presenceListType** | List of **pidf:presence** elements. |

#### presenceListType

The **presenceListType** complex type contains a list of **pidf:presence** elements. The **pidf:presence** element, as defined by [**PIDF**](#gt_aa7ff161-0020-4087-a275-6439067cdbec) [[RFC3863]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=90446), has a GEOPRIV Location Object, as defined in [[RFC4119]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=185258), extension for the status value embedded in it. The **location-info** element embedded in the **geopriv** element MUST conform to the Civic Location Format defined in [[RFC5139]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=185259). The client ignores all except the following elements returned in the Civic Address: **country/region**, **A1**, **A3**, **PRD**, **RD**, **STS**, **POD**, **HNO**, **HNS**, **LOC**, **NAM**, **PC**. If the address cannot be trusted to match the network identifiers specified in the location request, the **method** element embedded in the **geopriv** element MUST have the value "Manual".

The schema for this type is as follows:

1. <xsd:complexType name="presenceListType">
2. <xsd:sequence>
3. <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" ref="pidf:presence" />
4. </xsd:sequence>
5. </xsd:complexType>

### Simple Types

The following table summarizes the set of common [**XML schema**](#gt_bd0ce6f9-c350-4900-827e-951265294067) simple type definitions defined by this specification. XML schema simple type definitions that are specific to a particular operation are described with the operation.

| Simple type | Description |
| --- | --- |
| **ReturnCodeType** | The return code indicating whether the request succeeded or the reason for failure. |
| **restrictedAnyURI** | **s:anyURI** but bounded to length between 1 and 64. |

#### ReturnCodeType

The **ReturnCodeType** simple type contains the return code indicating whether the request succeeded or the reason for failure. The return code can be one of the following four values:

* 200=Success
* 400=Bad Request
* 404=Not Found
* 500=Internal Server Error

The schema for this type is as follows:

1. <xsd:simpleType name="ReturnCodeType">
2. <xsd:annotation>
3. <xsd:documentation>200=Success; 400=Bad Request; 404=Not Found; 500=Internal Server Error;</xsd:documentation>
4. </xsd:annotation>
5. <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
6. <xsd:enumeration value="200" />
7. <xsd:enumeration value="400" />
8. <xsd:enumeration value="404" />
9. <xsd:enumeration value="500" />
10. </xsd:restriction>
11. </xsd:simpleType>

#### restrictedAnyURI

The **restrictedAnyURI** simple type is the same as the **xsd:anyURI** simple type, except that the length of **restrictedAnyURI** is restricted to a value from 1 through 64[<2>](#Appendix_A_2" \o "Product behavior note 2).

The schema for this type is as follows:

<xsd:simpleType name="restrictedAnyURI">

 <xsd:annotation>

 <xsd:documentation>anyURI but bounded to length between 1 and 64.</xsd:documentation>

 </xsd:annotation>

 <xsd:restriction base="xsd:anyURI">

 <xsd:minLength value="1" />

 <xsd:maxLength value="64" />

 </xsd:restriction>

</xsd:simpleType>

### Attributes

This specification does not define any common [**XML schema**](#gt_bd0ce6f9-c350-4900-827e-951265294067) attribute definitions.

### Groups

This specification does not define any common [**XML schema**](#gt_bd0ce6f9-c350-4900-827e-951265294067) group definitions.

### Attribute Groups

This specification does not define any common [**XML schema**](#gt_bd0ce6f9-c350-4900-827e-951265294067) attribute group definitions.

### Common Data Structures

This specification does not define any common [**XML schema**](#gt_bd0ce6f9-c350-4900-827e-951265294067) data structures.

# Protocol Details

The client side of this protocol is simply a pass-through. That is, no additional timers or other state is required on the client side of this protocol. Calls made by the higher-layer protocol or application are passed directly to the transport, and the results returned by the transport are passed directly back to the higher-layer protocol or application.

## Server Details

The Location Information Service listens on a port type called ILIService. The interface exposes two operations called **GetLocations** and **GetLocationsInCity**.

### Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of how the protocol behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

The Location Information Service does not retain any state between requests, but conceptually has access to configuration that maps network identifiers such as the following:

* Wireless Access Point Basic Service Set Identifier—mapped as WAPBSSID
* Received Signal Strength Indication—mapped as RSSI
* Media Access Control Address—mapped as MAC
* Chassis—mapped as ChassisID, which is a [**binary large object (BLOB)**](#gt_ad861812-8cb0-497a-80bb-13c95aa4e425) representing the ChassisID [**type-length-value (TLV)**](#gt_de31a8dd-ff68-4dcf-9f27-d6b0944694ea), as defined by [[IEEE802.1AB]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=185266)
* Port—mapped as PortID, which is a BLOB representing the PortID type-length-value (TLV), as defined by [IEEE802.1AB]
* Subnet—mapped as SubnetID
* Internet Protocol Address to Locations—mapped as IP

### Timers

None.

### Initialization

As part of initialization, the server MUST start listening for incoming requests on an [**HTTPS**](#gt_9239bd88-9747-44a6-83a6-473f53f175a7) [**Uniform Resource Locator (URL)**](#gt_433a4fb7-ef84-46b0-ab65-905f5e3a80b1). The client MUST have access to this HTTPS URL and can obtain the URL by a channel that is separate from the HTTPS channel used for retrieving locations, for example, through [**SIP**](#gt_586971aa-3b65-4de3-be93-1a9756777d89).

### Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

The following table summarizes the list of WSDL operations as defined by this specification*:*

| Operation | Description |
| --- | --- |
| **GetLocations** | This operation retrieves the most appropriate locations that match the network identifiers specified in a location request. |
| **GetLocationsInCity** | This operation retrieves the locations in city, state, and country/region specified in the request. |

#### GetLocations

The following excerpt from this protocol's [**WSDL**](#gt_5a824664-0858-4b09-b852-83baf4584efa) specifies the messages that constitute this operation.

1. <wsdl:operation name="GetLocations">
2. <wsdl:input wsaw:Action="LIService/GetLocations" name="GetLocationsRequest" message="tns:GetLocationsRequest" />
3. <wsdl:output wsaw:Action="LIService/GetLocationsResponse" name="GetLocationsResponse" message="tns:GetLocationsResponse" />
4. </wsdl:operation>

When a client needs to request a location, a [**Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)**](#gt_b08d36f6-b5c6-4ce4-8d2d-6f2ab75ea4cb) connection MUST be made to the server and [**Secure Sockets Layer (SSL)**](#gt_d7ef66a9-f154-4d88-bda9-98bdf7235352) MUST be negotiated. The address of the server that makes the TCP connection can be obtained through a different channel, such as [**SIP**](#gt_586971aa-3b65-4de3-be93-1a9756777d89). After successful SSL negotiation, a [**SOAP**](#gt_c1c313af-2310-4380-a6ea-c2cedc115958) [**HTTP**](#gt_d72f1494-4917-4e9e-a9fd-b8f1b2758dcd) request, **GetLocationsRequest** message, MUST be constructed with a [**SOAP body**](#gt_57cdf8ab-8d79-462d-a446-5d85632a7a04) containing the **GetLocationsRequest** element.

On receiving a **GetLocationsRequest** request, the server queries its repository of locations to get all of the locations that match the network identifiers specified in the request. The order in which these locations are looked up by using the network identifiers is WAPBSSID, ChassisID+PortID, ChassisID, SubnetID, MAC. This order, however, is implementation-specific and depends on what is considered the most-appropriate location match by the server. After obtaining a location match, the server MUST construct the **GetLocationsResponse** message, containing the **GetLocationsResponse** element, and it MUST send the message in the SOAP HTTP response, which is a 2xx response to a SOAP HTTP request. In case of errors, the **GetLocationsResponse** message MUST specify the error that was encountered by the server, and the error MUST be sent in the 2xx SOAP HTTP response. The **GetLocationsResponse** message is specified in section [3.1.4.1.1.2](#Section_7de5adaaeb7d4705bde9705bac2f8b66). Errors in protocols and in the security model described in section [2.1](#Section_7ef1bde2865d42d2874fb18cc192f8cb) and section [1.4](#Section_110aee7202484efb93269063cd76eb28) SHOULD be handled per their own specifications.

##### Messages

The following table summarizes the set of [**WSDL**](#gt_5a824664-0858-4b09-b852-83baf4584efa) message definitions that are specific to this operation.

| Message | Definition |
| --- | --- |
| **GetLocationsRequest** | A request from a client to retrieve the locations of the [**endpoint**](#gt_b91c1e27-e8e0-499b-8c65-738006af72ee). |
| **GetLocationsResponse** | The response from a server after it executes a request to retrieve the locations of an endpoint. |

###### GetLocationsRequest

The **GetLocationsRequest** [**SOAP message**](#gt_96185df3-4677-478c-b239-f72fcf514c59) is a request that is sent from the client to retrieve the locations of the [**endpoint**](#gt_b91c1e27-e8e0-499b-8c65-738006af72ee). This message can be sent just after login and whenever the client endpoint connects to another wireless access point, but it is implementation-specific. The request information MUST be captured in the **GetLocationsRequest** element in the [**SOAP body**](#gt_57cdf8ab-8d79-462d-a446-5d85632a7a04) of the message. The **GetLocationsRequest** element is specified in section [3.1.4.1.2.1](#Section_eb2b15d048494949bd523c9dca63c435).[<3>](#Appendix_A_3" \o "Product behavior note 3)

###### GetLocationsResponse

The **GetLocationsResponse** [**SOAP message**](#gt_96185df3-4677-478c-b239-f72fcf514c59) is a response that is sent by the server after it executes a request to retrieve the locations of the [**endpoint**](#gt_b91c1e27-e8e0-499b-8c65-738006af72ee). This message contains the locations that match the network identifiers specified in the request. The result is represented in the **GetLocationsResponse** element, which MUST be in the [**SOAP body**](#gt_57cdf8ab-8d79-462d-a446-5d85632a7a04) of the SOAP message. The **GetLocationsResponse** element is specified in section [3.1.4.1.2.2](#Section_285cee59582648a789c786e79d0d3462). If the server is able to successfully match any locations for the network identifiers, the response element contains the locations matched and a **ReturnCodeType** indicating success. These locations are included in the complex type **presenceListType**, which is specified in section [2.2.4](#Section_8fd326005be142409a77d8f877c4888c). In case of an error, the response element MUST specify the reason for the failure to retrieve locations in the simple type **ReturnCodeType**, which is specified in section [2.2.5](#Section_c4b5f7df4ae9433fbac23f2581cd07a7). Because no location matches occur in the case of an error, the **presenceListType** complex type will not be present in such a case.

##### Elements

The following table summarizes the [**XML schema**](#gt_bd0ce6f9-c350-4900-827e-951265294067) element definitions that are specific to this operation.

| Element | Definition |
| --- | --- |
| **GetLocationsRequest** | Container in the request to retrieve the locations for network identifiers. |
| **GetLocationsResponse** | Container in the response to a request to retrieve the locations for network identifiers. |

###### GetLocationsRequest

The **GetLocationsRequest** element is the overall container of the information that is sent in the [**SOAP**](#gt_c1c313af-2310-4380-a6ea-c2cedc115958) request to retrieve locations for network identifiers. The schema of the request body within the [**SOAP envelope**](#gt_3cfba24a-8d9e-4cb3-8110-fc9147c76a0e) is as follows:[<4>](#Appendix_A_4" \o "Product behavior note 4)

<xsd:element name="GetLocationsRequest">

 <xsd:complexType>

 <xsd:sequence>

 <xsd:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="Entity" type="tns:restrictedAnyURI" />

 <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="WAPBSSID" type="tns:EnetMacAddressType" />

 <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="RSSI" type="xsd:unsignedByte" />

 <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="MAC" type="tns:EnetMacAddressType" />

 <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="ChassisID" type="tns:LLDPChassisIDOrPortIDTLVType" />

 <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="PortID" type="tns:LLDPChassisIDOrPortIDTLVType" />

 <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="SubnetID" type="tns:IPAddress" />

 <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="IP" type="tns:IPAddress" />

 </xsd:sequence>

 </xsd:complexType>

</xsd:element>

###### GetLocationsResponse

The **GetLocationsResponse** element is the overall container in the response to the **GetLocationsRequest** request. **GetLocationsResponse** encapsulates the results of the operation to retrieve locations for network identifiers. It contains an optional **presenceList** element of type **presenceListType**, and one **ReturnCode** element of type **ReturnCodeType**. The schema for this element within the [**SOAP envelope**](#gt_3cfba24a-8d9e-4cb3-8110-fc9147c76a0e) is as follows.

<xsd:element name="GetLocationsResponse">

 <xsd:complexType>

 <xsd:sequence>

 <xsd:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="ReturnCode" type="tns:ReturnCodeType" />

 <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="presenceList" type="tns:presenceListType" />

 </xsd:sequence>

 </xsd:complexType>

</xsd:element>

##### Complex Types

None.

##### Simple Types

None.

##### Attributes

None.

##### Groups

None.

##### Attribute Groups

None.

#### GetLocationsInCity

The following excerpt from the [**WSDL**](#gt_5a824664-0858-4b09-b852-83baf4584efa) for this protocol specifies the messages that constitute this operation.

1. <wsdl:operation name="GetLocationsInCity">
2. <wsdl:input wsaw:Action="LIService/GetLocationsInCity" name="GetLocationsInCityRequest" message="tns:GetLocationsInCityRequest" />
3. <wsdl:output wsaw:Action="LIService/GetLocationsInCityResponse" name="GetLocationsInCityResponse" message="tns:GetLocationsInCityResponse" />
4. </wsdl:operation>

When a client needs to request a location, a [**TCP**](#gt_b08d36f6-b5c6-4ce4-8d2d-6f2ab75ea4cb) connection MUST be made to the server and [**SSL**](#gt_d7ef66a9-f154-4d88-bda9-98bdf7235352) MUST be negotiated. The address of the server that makes the TCP connection can be obtained through a different channel, such as [**SIP**](#gt_586971aa-3b65-4de3-be93-1a9756777d89). After successful SSL negotiation, a [**SOAP**](#gt_c1c313af-2310-4380-a6ea-c2cedc115958) [**HTTP**](#gt_d72f1494-4917-4e9e-a9fd-b8f1b2758dcd) request, **GetLocationsInCityRequest** message, MUST be constructed with a [**SOAP body**](#gt_57cdf8ab-8d79-462d-a446-5d85632a7a04) containing the **GetLocationsInCityRequest** element.

On receiving a **GetLocationsInCityRequest** request, the server queries its repository of locations to get all of the locations that match the city, state, and country/region specified in the request. After obtaining the locations, the server MUST construct the **GetLocationsInCityResponse** message, containing the **GetLocationsInCityResponse** element, and it MUST send the message in the SOAP HTTP response, which is a 2xx response to a SOAP HTTP request. In case of errors, the **GetLocationsInCityResponse** message MUST specify the error that was encountered by the server, and the error MUST be sent in the 2xx SOAP HTTP response. The **GetLocationsInCityResponse** message is specified in section 3.1.4.2.1.2. Errors in protocols and in the security model described in section 2.1 and section 1.4 SHOULD be handled per their own specifications.

##### Messages

The following [**WSDL message**](#gt_d5ccdf11-3f53-4118-a845-dfaca61838fb) definitions are specific to this operation.

| Message | Definition |
| --- | --- |
| **GetLocationsInCityRequest** | A request from a client to retrieve the locations in a city. |
| **GetLocationsInCityResponse** | The response from a server after it executes a request to retrieve the locations in a city. |

###### GetLocationsInCityRequest

The **GetLocationsInCityRequest** [**SOAP message**](#gt_96185df3-4677-478c-b239-f72fcf514c59) is a request that is sent from the client, as a result of a user action to retrieve locations in a city. The request information MUST be captured in the **GetLocationsInCityRequest** element in the [**SOAP body**](#gt_57cdf8ab-8d79-462d-a446-5d85632a7a04) of the message. The **GetLocationsInCityRequest** element is specified in section [3.1.4.2.2.1](#Section_8b0d339e557d4628a86f8b12cd25fae5).

###### GetLocationsInCityResponse

The **GetLocationsInCityResponse** [**SOAP message**](#gt_96185df3-4677-478c-b239-f72fcf514c59) is a response that is sent by the server after it executes a request to retrieve locations in a city. This message contains the result of matching locations in the repository with the city, state, and country/region specified in the request. The result is represented in the **GetLocationsInCityResponse** element, which MUST be in the [**SOAP body**](#gt_57cdf8ab-8d79-462d-a446-5d85632a7a04) of the SOAP message. The **GetLocationsInCityResponse** element is specified in section [3.1.4.2.2.2](#Section_f396c796edcd4df0b8a62d0abdc0bb34). If the server is able to successfully match any locations for the city, state and country/region, the **response** element contains the locations matched and a **ReturnCodeType** indicating success. These locations are included in the complex type **presenceListType**, which is specified in section [2.2.4](#Section_8fd326005be142409a77d8f877c4888c). In case of an error, the response element MUST specify the reason for the failure to retrieve locations in the simple type **ReturnCodeType**, which is specified in section [2.2.5](#Section_c4b5f7df4ae9433fbac23f2581cd07a7). Because no location matches occur in the case of an error, the **presenceListType** complex type will not be present in such a case.

##### Elements

The following table summarizes the [**XML schema**](#gt_bd0ce6f9-c350-4900-827e-951265294067) element definitions that are specific to this operation.

| Element | Definition |
| --- | --- |
| **GetLocationsInCityRequest** | Container of the information in a request to retrieve locations in a city, state, and country/region. |
| **GetLocationsInCityResponse** | Container of the information in a response to a request to retrieve locations in a city, state, and country/region. |

###### GetLocationsInCityRequest

The **GetLocationsInCityRequest** element is the overall container of the information that is sent in the [**SOAP**](#gt_c1c313af-2310-4380-a6ea-c2cedc115958) request to retrieve locations for city, state, and country/region. The schema of the request body within the [**SOAP envelope**](#gt_3cfba24a-8d9e-4cb3-8110-fc9147c76a0e) is as follows.

<xsd:element name="GetLocationsInCityRequest">

 <xsd:complexType>

 <xsd:sequence>

 <xsd:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="Entity" type="tns:restrictedAnyURI" />

 <xsd:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="Country" type="ca:iso3166a2" />

 <xsd:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="State" type="tns:StateType" />

 <xsd:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="City" type="tns:CityType" />

 </xsd:sequence>

 </xsd:complexType>

</xsd:element>

###### GetLocationsInCityResponse

The **GetLocationsInCityResponse** element is the overall container in the response to the **GetLocationsInCityRequest** request. **GetLocationsInCityResponse** encapsulates the results of the operation to retrieve locations for city, state, and country/region. It contains an optional **presenceList** element of type **presenceListType**, and one **ReturnCode** element of type **ReturnCodeType**. The schema for this element within the [**SOAP envelope**](#gt_3cfba24a-8d9e-4cb3-8110-fc9147c76a0e) is as follows.

1. <xsd:element name="GetLocationsInCityResponse">
2. <xsd:complexType>
3. <xsd:sequence>
4. <xsd:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="ReturnCode" type="tns:ReturnCodeType" />
5. <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="presenceList" type="tns:presenceListType" />
6. </xsd:sequence>
7. </xsd:complexType>
8. </xsd:element>

##### Complex Types

None.

##### Simple Types

The following table summarizes the [**XML schema**](#gt_bd0ce6f9-c350-4900-827e-951265294067) simple type definitions that are specific to this operation.

| Simple type | Description |
| --- | --- |
| **CityType** | A string of length between 1 and 64 that represents the **City**. |
| **StateType** | A string of length 2 that represents the **State**. |

###### CityType

The **CityType** simple type is a string that has a length of from 1 through 64 and that represents the city.

The schema is as follows:

1. <xsd:simpleType name="CityType">
2. <xsd:annotation>
3. <xsd:documentation>any string of length between 1 and 64.</xsd:documentation>
4. </xsd:annotation>
5. <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
6. <xsd:minLength value="1" />
7. <xsd:maxLength value="64" />
8. </xsd:restriction>
9. </xsd:simpleType>

###### StateType

The **StateType** simple type is a string of length 2 that represents the state.

The schema is as follows:

1. <xsd:simpleType name="StateType">
2. <xsd:annotation>
3. <xsd:documentation>any string of length 2.</xsd:documentation>
4. </xsd:annotation>
5. <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
6. <xsd:minLength value="2" />
7. <xsd:maxLength value="2" />
8. </xsd:restriction>

</xsd:simpleType>

##### Attributes

None.

##### Groups

None.

##### Attribute Groups

None.

### Timer Events

None.

### Other Local Events

None.

# Protocol Examples

To retrieve the location for the network identifiers of a client, the protocol client constructs the following [**WSDL message**](#gt_d5ccdf11-3f53-4118-a845-dfaca61838fb).

1. <soap:Body>
2. <GetLocationsRequest xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
3. <Entity>sip:voip\_911\_user1@contoscovdomain.com</Entity>
4. <!-- <WAPBSSID>string</WAPBSSID> -->
5. <RSSI>0</RSSI>
6. <MAC>12-22-22-22-22-22</MAC>
7. <!-- <ChassisID>base64Binary</ChassisID> -->
8. <!-- <PortID>base64Binary</PortID> -->
9. <SubnetID>192.168.0.0</SubnetID>
10. <IP>192.168.0.244</IP>
11. </GetLocationsRequest>
12. </soap:Body>

The protocol server then responds with the following.[<5>](#Appendix_A_5" \o "Product behavior note 5)

1. <soap:Body>
2. <GetLocationsResponse xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
3. <ReturnCode>200</ReturnCode>
4. <presenceList>
5. <presence entity="sip:voip\_911\_user1@contoscovdomain.com" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:pidf">
6. <tuple id="\_LIS:0">
7. <status>
8. <geopriv xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:pidf:geopriv10">
9. <location-info>
10. <civicAddress xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:pidf:geopriv10:civicAddr">
11. <country>US</country>
12. <A1>WA</A1>
13. <A3>Redmond</A3>
14. <PRD />
15. <RD>163rd</RD>
16. <STS>Ave</STS>
17. <POD>NE</POD>
18. <HNO>3910</HNO>
19. <HNS />
20. <LOC>30/3351</LOC>
21. <NAM>Microsoft</NAM>
22. <PC>98052</PC>
23. </civicAddress>
24. </location-info>
25. </geopriv>
26. </status>
27. </tuple>
28. </presence>
29. </presenceList>
30. </GetLocationsResponse>
31. </soap:Body>

To retrieve the locations for the city, state, and country/region specified by a client, the protocol client constructs the following WSDL message.

1. <soap:Body>
2. <GetLocationsInCityRequest xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
3. <Entity>sip:voip\_911\_user1@vcontoscodomain.com</Entity>
4. <Country>US</Country>
5. <State>WA</State>
6. <City>San Francisco</City>
7. </GetLocationsInCityRequest>
8. </soap:Body>

The protocol server then responds with the following.

1. <soap:Body>
2. <GetLocationsInCityResponse xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
3. <ReturnCode>404</ReturnCode>
4. </GetLocationsInCityResponse>
5. </soap:Body>

# Security

## Security Considerations for Implementers

This protocol allows [**HTTP**](#gt_d72f1494-4917-4e9e-a9fd-b8f1b2758dcd) connections only over [**SSL**](#gt_d7ef66a9-f154-4d88-bda9-98bdf7235352). Users are authenticated using [**Kerberos**](#gt_d6a282ce-b1da-41e1-b05a-22f777a5c1fe) v5 and [**NT LAN Manager (NTLM) Authentication Protocol**](#gt_fff710f9-e3d1-4991-99a2-009768d57585) [**authentication**](#gt_8e961bf0-95ba-4f58-9034-b67ccb27f317) methods. NTLM is described in [[MS-NLMP]](%5BMS-NLMP%5D.pdf#Section_b38c36ed28044868a9ff8dd3182128e4). Clients can also be authenticated using the SPNEGO-based Kerberos and NTLM HTTP authentication, as described in [[RFC4559]](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=90483). Clients can also be authenticated using custom [**certificate**](#gt_7a0f4b71-23ba-434f-b781-28053ed64879)-based authentication, as described in [[MS-OCAUTHWS]](%5BMS-OCAUTHWS%5D.pdf#Section_63749828ab8d4b24941cb11985d854c5).

## Index of Security Parameters

None.

# Appendix A: Full WSDL

For ease of implementation, the full [**WSDL**](#gt_5a824664-0858-4b09-b852-83baf4584efa) and schema are provided in this appendix.

1. <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
2. <wsdl:definitions name="LIService"
3. targetNamespace="urn:schema:Microsoft.Rtc.WebComponent.Lis.2010"
4. xmlns:wsdl="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/"
5. xmlns:wsaw="http://www.w3.org/2006/05/addressing/wsdl"
6. xmlns:tns="urn:schema:Microsoft.Rtc.WebComponent.Lis.2010"
7. xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/"
8. xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
9. <wsdl:types>
10. <xsd:schema>
11. <xsd:import namespace= "urn:schema:Microsoft.Rtc.WebComponent.Lis.2010" schemaLocation="LIService.xsd" />
12. </xsd:schema>
13. </wsdl:types>
14. <wsdl:message name="GetLocationsRequest">
15. <wsdl:part name="parameters" element="tns:GetLocationsRequest" />
16. </wsdl:message>
17. <wsdl:message name="GetLocationsResponse">
18. <wsdl:part name="parameters" element="tns:GetLocationsResponse" />
19. </wsdl:message>
20. <wsdl:message name="GetLocationsInCityRequest">
21. <wsdl:part name="parameters" element="tns:GetLocationsInCityRequest" />
22. </wsdl:message>
23. <wsdl:message name="GetLocationsInCityResponse">
24. <wsdl:part name="parameters" element="tns:GetLocationsInCityResponse" />
25. </wsdl:message>
26. <wsdl:portType name="ILIService">
27. <wsdl:operation name="GetLocations">
28. <wsdl:input wsaw:Action="LIService/GetLocations" name="GetLocationsRequest" message="tns:GetLocationsRequest" />
29. <wsdl:output wsaw:Action="LIService/GetLocationsResponse" name="GetLocationsResponse" message="tns:GetLocationsResponse" />
30. </wsdl:operation>
31. <wsdl:operation name="GetLocationsInCity">
32. <wsdl:input wsaw:Action="LIService/GetLocationsInCity" name="GetLocationsInCityRequest" message="tns:GetLocationsInCityRequest" />
33. <wsdl:output wsaw:Action="LIService/GetLocationsInCityResponse" name="GetLocationsInCityResponse" message="tns:GetLocationsInCityResponse" />
34. </wsdl:operation>
35. </wsdl:portType>
36. <wsdl:binding name="LIServiceSoap" type="tns:ILIService">
37. <soap:binding transport="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/http" />
38. <wsdl:operation name="GetLocations">
39. <soap:operation soapAction="LIService/GetLocations" style="document" />
40. <wsdl:input name="GetLocationsRequest">
41. <soap:body use="literal" />
42. </wsdl:input>
43. <wsdl:output name="GetLocationsResponse">
44. <soap:body use="literal" />
45. </wsdl:output>
46. </wsdl:operation>
47. <wsdl:operation name="GetLocationsInCity">
48. <soap:operation soapAction="LIService/GetLocationsInCity" style="document" />
49. <wsdl:input name="GetLocationsInCityRequest">
50. <soap:body use="literal" />
51. </wsdl:input>
52. <wsdl:output name="GetLocationsInCityResponse">
53. <soap:body use="literal" />
54. </wsdl:output>
55. </wsdl:operation>
56. </wsdl:binding>
57. </wsdl:definitions>

**LIService.xsd** referenced in the preceding WSDL is as follows.

1. <?xml version="1.0"?>
2. <xsd:schema xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
3. xmlns:ca="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:pidf:geopriv10:civicAddr"
4. xmlns:pidf="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:pidf"
5. xmlns="urn:schema:Microsoft.Rtc.WebComponent.Lis.2010"
6. xmlns:tns="urn:schema:Microsoft.Rtc.WebComponent.Lis.2010"
7. targetNamespace="urn:schema:Microsoft.Rtc.WebComponent.Lis.2010"
8. elementFormDefault="qualified" attributeFormDefault="unqualified" version="1.1">
9. <xsd:import schemaLocation="CivicAddress.rfc5139.xsd" namespace="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:pidf:geopriv10:civicAddr" />
10. <xsd:import schemaLocation="Pidf\_LO.rfc3863.xsd" namespace="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:pidf" />
11. <xsd:element name="GetLocationsRequest">
12. <xsd:complexType>
13. <xsd:sequence>
14. <xsd:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="Entity" type="tns:restrictedAnyURI" />
15. <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="WAPBSSID" type="tns:EnetMacAddressType" />
16. <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="RSSI" type="xsd:unsignedByte" />
17. <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="MAC" type="tns:EnetMacAddressType" />
18. <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="ChassisID" type="tns:LLDPChassisIDOrPortIDTLVType" />
19. <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="PortID" type="tns:LLDPChassisIDOrPortIDTLVType" />
20. <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="SubnetID" type="tns:IPAddress" />
21. <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="IP" type="tns:IPAddress" />
22. </xsd:sequence>
23. </xsd:complexType>
24. </xsd:element>
25. <xsd:element name="GetLocationsResponse">
26. <xsd:complexType>
27. <xsd:sequence>
28. <xsd:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="ReturnCode" type="tns:ReturnCodeType" />
29. <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="presenceList" type="tns:presenceListType" />
30. </xsd:sequence>
31. </xsd:complexType>
32. </xsd:element>
33. <xsd:element name="GetLocationsInCityRequest">
34. <xsd:complexType>
35. <xsd:sequence>
36. <xsd:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="Entity" type="tns:restrictedAnyURI" />
37. <xsd:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="Country" type="ca:iso3166a2" />
38. <xsd:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="State" type="tns:StateType" />
39. <xsd:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="City" type="tns:CityType" />
40. </xsd:sequence>
41. </xsd:complexType>
42. </xsd:element>
43. <xsd:element name="GetLocationsInCityResponse">
44. <xsd:complexType>
45. <xsd:sequence>
46. <xsd:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="ReturnCode" type="tns:ReturnCodeType" />
47. <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="presenceList" type="tns:presenceListType" />
48. </xsd:sequence>
49. </xsd:complexType>
50. </xsd:element>
51. <xsd:simpleType name="restrictedAnyURI">
52. <xsd:annotation>
53. <xsd:documentation>anyURI but bounded to length between 1 and 64.</xsd:documentation>
54. </xsd:annotation>
55. <xsd:restriction base="xsd:anyURI">
56. <xsd:minLength value="1" />
57. <xsd:maxLength value="64" />
58. </xsd:restriction>
59. </xsd:simpleType>
60. <xsd:simpleType name="StateType">
61. <xsd:annotation>
62. <xsd:documentation>any string of length 2.</xsd:documentation>
63. </xsd:annotation>
64. <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
65. <xsd:minLength value="2" />
66. <xsd:maxLength value="2" />
67. </xsd:restriction>
68. </xsd:simpleType>
69. <xsd:simpleType name="CityType">
70. <xsd:annotation>
71. <xsd:documentation>any string of length between 1 and 64.</xsd:documentation>
72. </xsd:annotation>
73. <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
74. <xsd:minLength value="1" />
75. <xsd:maxLength value="64" />
76. </xsd:restriction>
77. </xsd:simpleType>
78. <xsd:simpleType name="EnetMacAddressType">
79. <xsd:annotation>
80. <xsd:documentation>an Ethernet MAC address in IEEE 802 standard format human-readable form. http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/MAC\_address</xsd:documentation>
81. </xsd:annotation>
82. <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
83. <xsd:pattern value="(([a-fA-F0-9]{1,2}-){5})([a-fA-F0-9]{1,2})" />
84. </xsd:restriction>
85. </xsd:simpleType>
86. <xsd:simpleType name="IPAddress">
87. <xsd:annotation>
88. <xsd:documentation>an IP (v4 or v6) address.</xsd:documentation>
89. </xsd:annotation>
90. <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
91. <xsd:minLength value="0" />
92. <xsd:maxLength value="39" />
93. <xsd:pattern value="((25[0-5]|2[0-4][0-9]|1[0-9][0-9]|[1-9][0-9]|[0-9])\.){3}(25[0-5]|2[0-4][0-9]|1[0-9][0-9]|[1-9][0-9]|[0-9])" />
94. <xsd:pattern value="(([0-9a-fA-F]{1,4}:){7})([0-9a-fA-F]{1,4})" />
95. <xsd:pattern value="(([0-9a-fA-F]{1,4}:){6})(([0-9]{1,3}\.[0-9]{1,3}\.[0-9]{1,3}\.[0-9]{1,3}))" />
96. <xsd:pattern value="(((?>[0-9a-fA-F]{1,4}):)\*((?>[0-9a-fA-F]{1,4})))\*(::)(((?>[0-9a-fA-F]{1,4}):)\*((?>[0-9a-fA-F]{1,4})))\*" />
97. <xsd:pattern value="(((?>[0-9a-fA-F]{1,4}):)\*((?>[0-9a-fA-F]{1,4})))\*(::)(((?>[0-9a-fA-F]{1,4}):)\*((?>[0-9a-fA-F]{1,4})))\*(([0-9]{1,3}\.[0-9]{1,3}\.[0-9]{1,3}\.[0-9]{1,3}))" />
98. </xsd:restriction>
99. </xsd:simpleType>
100. <xsd:simpleType name="LLDPChassisIDOrPortIDTLVType">
101. <xsd:annotation>
102. <xsd:documentation>a Link Layer Discovery Protocol TLV.</xsd:documentation>
103. </xsd:annotation>
104. <xsd:restriction base="xsd:base64Binary">
105. <xsd:minLength value="0" />
106. <xsd:maxLength value="258" />
107. </xsd:restriction>
108. </xsd:simpleType>
109. <xsd:complexType name="presenceListType">
110. <xsd:sequence>
111. <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" ref="pidf:presence" />
112. </xsd:sequence>
113. </xsd:complexType>
114. <xsd:simpleType name="ReturnCodeType">
115. <xsd:annotation>
116. <xsd:documentation>200=Success; 400=Bad Request; 404=Not Found; 500=Internal Server Error;</xsd:documentation>
117. </xsd:annotation>
118. <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
119. <xsd:enumeration value="200" />
120. <xsd:enumeration value="400" />
121. <xsd:enumeration value="404" />
122. <xsd:enumeration value="500" />
123. </xsd:restriction>
124. </xsd:simpleType>
125. </xsd:schema>

**CivicAddress.rfc5139..xsd** referenced in the **LIService.xsd** is as follows:

1. <?xml version="1.0"?>
2. <xsd:schema
3. targetNamespace="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:pidf:geopriv10:civicAddr"
4. xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
5. xmlns:ca="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:pidf:geopriv10:civicAddr"
6. xmlns:xml="http://www.w3.org/XML/1998/namespace"
7. elementFormDefault="qualified" attributeFormDefault="unqualified">
8. <xsd:import namespace="http://www.w3.org/XML/1998/namespace"
9. schemaLocation="http://www.w3.org/2001/xml.xsd"/>
10. <xsd:simpleType name="iso3166a2">
11. <xsd:restriction base="xsd:token">
12. <xsd:pattern value="[A-Z]{2}"/>
13. </xsd:restriction>
14. </xsd:simpleType>
15. <xsd:complexType name="caType">
16. <xsd:simpleContent>
17. <xsd:extension base="xsd:token">
18. <xsd:attribute ref="xml:lang" use="optional"/>
19. </xsd:extension>
20. </xsd:simpleContent>
21. </xsd:complexType>
22. <xsd:element name="civicAddress" type="ca:civicAddress"/>
23. <xsd:complexType name="civicAddress">
24. <xsd:sequence>
25. <xsd:element name="country" type="ca:iso3166a2" minOccurs="0"/>
26. <xsd:element name="A1" type="ca:caType" minOccurs="0"/>
27. <xsd:element name="A2" type="ca:caType" minOccurs="0"/>
28. <xsd:element name="A3" type="ca:caType" minOccurs="0"/>
29. <xsd:element name="A4" type="ca:caType" minOccurs="0"/>
30. <xsd:element name="A5" type="ca:caType" minOccurs="0"/>
31. <xsd:element name="A6" type="ca:caType" minOccurs="0"/>
32. <xsd:element name="PRM" type="ca:caType" minOccurs="0"/>
33. <xsd:element name="PRD" type="ca:caType" minOccurs="0"/>
34. <xsd:element name="RD" type="ca:caType" minOccurs="0"/>
35. <xsd:element name="STS" type="ca:caType" minOccurs="0"/>
36. <xsd:element name="POD" type="ca:caType" minOccurs="0"/>
37. <xsd:element name="POM" type="ca:caType" minOccurs="0"/>
38. <xsd:element name="RDSEC" type="ca:caType" minOccurs="0"/>
39. <xsd:element name="RDBR" type="ca:caType" minOccurs="0"/>
40. <xsd:element name="RDSUBBR" type="ca:caType" minOccurs="0"/>
41. <xsd:element name="HNO" type="ca:caType" minOccurs="0"/>
42. <xsd:element name="HNS" type="ca:caType" minOccurs="0"/>
43. <xsd:element name="LMK" type="ca:caType" minOccurs="0"/>
44. <xsd:element name="LOC" type="ca:caType" minOccurs="0"/>
45. <xsd:element name="FLR" type="ca:caType" minOccurs="0"/>
46. <xsd:element name="NAM" type="ca:caType" minOccurs="0"/>
47. <xsd:element name="PC" type="ca:caType" minOccurs="0"/>
48. <xsd:element name="BLD" type="ca:caType" minOccurs="0"/>
49. <xsd:element name="UNIT" type="ca:caType" minOccurs="0"/>
50. <xsd:element name="ROOM" type="ca:caType" minOccurs="0"/>
51. <xsd:element name="SEAT" type="ca:caType" minOccurs="0"/>
52. <xsd:element name="PLC" type="xsd:token" minOccurs="0"/>
53. <xsd:element name="PCN" type="ca:caType" minOccurs="0"/>
54. <xsd:element name="POBOX" type="ca:caType" minOccurs="0"/>
55. <xsd:element name="ADDCODE" type="ca:caType" minOccurs="0"/>
56. <xsd:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
57. </xsd:sequence>
58. <xsd:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
59. </xsd:complexType>
60. </xsd:schema>

**Pidf\_LO.rfc3863.xsd** referenced in the **LIService.xsd** is as follows[<6>](#Appendix_A_6" \o "Product behavior note 6):

1. <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
2. <!-- Created with Liquid XML Studio 0.9.7.0 (http://www.liquid-technologies.com) -->
3. <xsd:schema xmlns:tns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:pidf" attributeFormDefault="unqualified" elementFormDefault="qualified" targetNamespace="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:pidf" xmlns:gp="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:pidf:geopriv10" xmlns:ms="urn:schema:Rtc.LIS.msftE911PidfExtn.2008" xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
4. <xsd:import schemaLocation="http://www.w3.org/2001/xml.xsd" namespace="http://www.w3.org/XML/1998/namespace" />
5. <xsd:import schemaLocation="Geopriv\_CA.rfc4119.xsd" namespace="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:pidf:geopriv10" />
6. <xsd:import schemaLocation="MsftE911PidfExtn.2008.xsd" namespace="urn:schema:Rtc.LIS.msftE911PidfExtn.2008" />
7. <xsd:element name="presence" type="tns:presence" />
8. <xsd:complexType name="presence">
9. <xsd:sequence>
10. <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" name="tuple" type="tns:tuple" />
11. <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" name="note" type="tns:note" />
12. <xsd:any minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" namespace="##other" processContents="lax" />
13. </xsd:sequence>
14. <xsd:attribute name="entity" type="xsd:anyURI" use="required" />
15. </xsd:complexType>
16. <xsd:complexType name="tuple">
17. <xsd:sequence>
18. <xsd:element name="status" type="tns:status" />
19. <xsd:any minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" namespace="##other" processContents="lax" />
20. <xsd:element minOccurs="0" name="contact" type="tns:contact" />
21. <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" name="note" type="tns:note" />
22. <xsd:element minOccurs="0" name="timestamp" type="xsd:dateTime" />
23. </xsd:sequence>
24. <xsd:attribute name="id" type="xsd:ID" use="required" />
25. </xsd:complexType>
26. <xsd:complexType name="status">
27. <xsd:sequence>
28. <xsd:element minOccurs="0" name="basic" type="tns:basic" />
29. <!--We pass out the geopriv and msftE911PidfExtn elements as part of PIDF-LO. Added these explicitly to the schema for ease of use of generated code. We could add more in the future, so partners should continue to reference the original rfc3863 schema that allows extensibility-->
30. <xsd:element minOccurs="0" ref="gp:geopriv" />
31. <xsd:element minOccurs="0" ref="ms:msftE911PidfExtn" />
32. <!--xsd:any minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" namespace="##other" processContents="lax" /-->
33. </xsd:sequence>
34. </xsd:complexType>
35. <xsd:simpleType name="basic">
36. <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
37. <xsd:enumeration value="open" />
38. <xsd:enumeration value="closed" />
39. </xsd:restriction>
40. </xsd:simpleType>
41. <xsd:complexType name="contact">
42. <xsd:simpleContent>
43. <xsd:extension base="xsd:anyURI">
44. <xsd:attribute name="priority" type="tns:qvalue" />
45. </xsd:extension>
46. </xsd:simpleContent>
47. </xsd:complexType>
48. <xsd:complexType name="note">
49. <xsd:simpleContent>
50. <xsd:extension base="xsd:string">
51. <xsd:attribute ref="xml:lang" />
52. </xsd:extension>
53. </xsd:simpleContent>
54. </xsd:complexType>
55. <xsd:simpleType name="qvalue">
56. <xsd:restriction base="xsd:decimal">
57. <xsd:pattern value="0(.[0-9]{0,3})?" />
58. <xsd:pattern value="1(.0{0,3})?" />
59. </xsd:restriction>
60. </xsd:simpleType>
61. <xsd:attribute default="0" name="mustUnderstand" type="xsd:boolean">
62. <xsd:annotation>
63. <xsd:documentation>
64. This attribute may be used on any element within an optional
65. PIDF extension to indicate that the corresponding element must
66. be understood by the PIDF processor if the enclosing optional
67. element is to be handled.
68. </xsd:documentation>
69. </xsd:annotation>
70. </xsd:attribute>

</xsd:schema>

**MsftE911PidfExtn.2008.xsd** referenced in the **Pidf\_LO.rfc3863.xsd** is as follows:

1. <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
2. <!--Created with Liquid XML Studio 6.1.18.0 (http://www.liquid-technologies.com)-->
3. <xsd:schema xmlns:tns="urn:schema:Rtc.LIS.msftE911PidfExtn.2008" attributeFormDefault="unqualified" elementFormDefault="qualified" targetNamespace="urn:schema:Rtc.LIS.msftE911PidfExtn.2008" xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
4. <xsd:element name="msftE911PidfExtn" type="tns:msftE911PidfExtn" />
5. <xsd:complexType name="msftE911PidfExtn">
6. <xsd:sequence>
7. <xsd:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="ConferenceUri" type="xsd:anyURI" />
8. <xsd:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="ConferenceMode" type="tns:ConferenceModeEnum" />
9. <xsd:any minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" namespace="##other" processContents="lax" />
10. </xsd:sequence>
11. <xsd:anyAttribute namespace="##any" />
12. </xsd:complexType>
13. <xsd:simpleType name="ConferenceModeEnum">
14. <xsd:restriction base="xsd:token">
15. <xsd:enumeration value="oneway" />
16. <xsd:enumeration value="twoway" />
17. </xsd:restriction>
18. </xsd:simpleType>

</xsd:schema>

**Geopriv\_CA.rfc4119.xsd** referenced in the **Pidf\_LO.rfc3863.xsd** is as follows:

1. <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
2. <!-- Created with Liquid XML Studio 0.9.7.0 (http://www.liquid-technologies.com) -->
3. <xsd:schema xmlns:gbp="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:pidf:geopriv10:basicPolicy" xmlns:tns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:pidf:geopriv10" attributeFormDefault="unqualified" elementFormDefault="qualified" targetNamespace="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:pidf:geopriv10" xmlns:ca="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:pidf:geopriv10:civicAddr" xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
4. <xsd:import schemaLocation="BasicGeoprivPolicyTypes.rfc4119.xsd" namespace="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:pidf:geopriv10:basicPolicy" />
5. <xsd:import schemaLocation="CivicAddress.rfc5139.xsd" namespace="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:pidf:geopriv10:civicAddr" />
6. <xsd:import schemaLocation="http://www.w3.org/2001/xml.xsd" namespace="http://www.w3.org/XML/1998/namespace" />
7. <xsd:element name="geopriv" type="tns:geopriv" />
8. <xsd:complexType name="geopriv">
9. <xsd:sequence>
10. <xsd:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="location-info" type="tns:locInfoType" />
11. <xsd:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="usage-rules" type="gbp:locPolicyType" />
12. <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="method" type="tns:locMethod" />
13. <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="provided-by" type="tns:locProvidedBy" />
14. <xsd:any minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" namespace="##other" processContents="lax" />
15. </xsd:sequence>
16. </xsd:complexType>
17. <xsd:complexType name="locInfoType">
18. <xsd:sequence>
19. <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" ref="ca:civicAddress" />
20. </xsd:sequence>
21. </xsd:complexType>
22. <xsd:complexType name="locMethod">
23. <xsd:simpleContent>
24. <xsd:extension base="xsd:string">
25. <xsd:attribute ref="xml:lang" />
26. </xsd:extension>
27. </xsd:simpleContent>
28. </xsd:complexType>
29. <xsd:complexType name="locProvidedBy">
30. <xsd:sequence>
31. <xsd:any minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded" namespace="##other" processContents="skip" />
32. </xsd:sequence>
33. </xsd:complexType>

</xsd:schema>

**BasicGeoprivPolicyTypes.rfc4119.xsd** referenced in the **Geopriv\_CA.rfc4119.xsd** is as follows:

1. <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
2. <!-- Created with Liquid XML Studio 0.9.7.0 (http://www.liquid-technologies.com) -->
3. <xsd:schema xmlns:tns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:pidf:geopriv10:basicPolicy" attributeFormDefault="unqualified" elementFormDefault="qualified" targetNamespace="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:pidf:geopriv10:basicPolicy" xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
4. <xsd:import schemaLocation="http://www.w3.org/2001/xml.xsd" namespace="http://www.w3.org/XML/1998/namespace" />
5. <xsd:complexType name="locPolicyType">
6. <xsd:sequence>
7. <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="retransmission-allowed" type="xsd:boolean" />
8. <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="retention-expiry" type="xsd:dateTime" />
9. <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="external-ruleset" type="xsd:anyURI" />
10. <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="note-well" type="tns:notewell" />
11. <xsd:any minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" namespace="##other" processContents="lax" />
12. </xsd:sequence>
13. </xsd:complexType>
14. <xsd:complexType name="notewell">
15. <xsd:simpleContent>
16. <xsd:extension base="xsd:string">
17. <xsd:attribute ref="xml:lang" />
18. </xsd:extension>
19. </xsd:simpleContent>
20. </xsd:complexType>

</xsd:schema>

# Appendix B: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include updates to those products.

* Microsoft Lync Server 2010
* Microsoft Lync 2010
* Microsoft Lync Server 2013
* Microsoft Lync Client 2013/Skype for Business
* Microsoft Skype for Business 2016
* Microsoft Skype for Business Server 2015
* Microsoft Skype for Business 2019
* Microsoft Skype for Business Server 2019
* Microsoft Skype for Business 2021

Exceptions, if any, are noted in this section. If an update version, service pack or Knowledge Base (KB) number appears with a product name, the behavior changed in that update. The new behavior also applies to subsequent updates unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms "SHOULD" or "SHOULD NOT" implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term "MAY" implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

[<1> Section 2.1](#Appendix_A_Target_1): Lync Server 2010, Lync 2010: These product versions support only Internet Protocol version 4 (IPv4). They do not support Internet Protocol version 6 (IPv6).

[<2> Section 2.2.5.2](#Appendix_A_Target_2): Lync Server 2010, Lync 2010: The limit is 1 to 454 characters.

[<3> Section 3.1.4.1.1.1](#Appendix_A_Target_3): Lync 2010: Lync 2010 populates the elements of the **GetLocationsRequest** request out of order. To interoperate with this client, the server needs to support requests that have the elements out of order. The out-of-order element sequence is specified in the product behavior note in section [3.1.4.1.2.1](#Section_eb2b15d048494949bd523c9dca63c435).

[<4> Section 3.1.4.1.2.1](#Appendix_A_Target_4): Lync 2010: The Lync 2010 implementation differs from the given schema, in the sense that it sends the **GetLocationsRequest** with a different order sequence of IP and MAC elements. To enable interoperability with Lync 2010, the server needs to use the following schema to validate the request.

<xsd:element name="GetLocationsRequest">

 <xsd:complexType>

 <xsd:sequence>

 <xsd:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="Entity" type="tns:restrictedAnyURI" />

 <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="WAPBSSID" type="tns:EnetMacAddressType" />

 <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="RSSI" type="xsd:unsignedByte" />

 <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="IP" type="tns:IPAddress" />

 <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="MAC" type="tns:EnetMacAddressType" />

 <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="ChassisID" type="tns:LLDPChassisIDOrPortIDTLVType" />

 <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="PortID" type="tns:LLDPChassisIDOrPortIDTLVType" />

 <xsd:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="SubnetID" type="tns:IPAddress" />

 </xsd:sequence>

 </xsd:complexType>

</xsd:element>

[<5> Section 4](#Appendix_A_Target_5): Lync Server 2010: Though attribute id of the element tuple, has the type xsd:ID, the Lync Server implementation currently differs in a way that it has a colon (:) character in its value in the server response.

[<6> Section 6](#Appendix_A_Target_6): Lync Server 2010, Lync 2010: Though attribute **id** of the complex type **tuple** has the type **xsd:ID**, the current implementations differ in that they have a colon (:) character in the **id** value in the response.

# Change Tracking

This section identifies changes that were made to this document since the last release. Changes are classified as Major, Minor, or None.

The revision class **Major** means that the technical content in the document was significantly revised. Major changes affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of major changes are:

* A document revision that incorporates changes to interoperability requirements.
* A document revision that captures changes to protocol functionality.

The revision class **Minor** means that the meaning of the technical content was clarified. Minor changes do not affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of minor changes are updates to clarify ambiguity at the sentence, paragraph, or table level.

The revision class **None** means that no new technical changes were introduced. Minor editorial and formatting changes may have been made, but the relevant technical content is identical to the last released version.

The changes made to this document are listed in the following table. For more information, please contact dochelp@microsoft.com.

| Section | Description | Revision class |
| --- | --- | --- |
| [7](#Section_033141e9c8c844e3bf6d5fc011c4397e) Appendix B: Product Behavior | Updated list of supported products. | Major |

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